# RAILWAY <br> TBAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 




Western Electric Company, Incorporated

# Western Electric Railway Train Dispatching Telephone Systems 

A development of Bell Telephone Laboratories, Incorporated, The Rescarch Laboratories of the American Telephone \& Telegraph Company and the Western Electric Company



No. 60AP Selector

## INTRODUCTION

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AILWAY Train Dispatching Telephone Equipment has proved indispensable as a quick and reliable means of communication between the dispatcher and the various way station operators of a Train Dispatching System. The dispatcher can call selectively any one of a number of way stations on the same telephone line without producing a signal at any of the other stations.

The apparatus used in this equipment is the result of years of research and has back of it over half a century of telephone manufacturing experience. This equipment represents the highest standards of design, engineering and workmanship. Its efficiency and reliability has been proved under the most severe operating conditions.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

## General Description

MODERN railroads are separated into divisions for the purpose of efficient dispatching. A division may be from 30 to 150 miles in length for busy multiple track roads or from 100 to 300 miles for single track roads where the daily traffic is light. On each division there is a dispatcher who has control of all train movements on his division. There may be from 15 to 75 stations or signal towers with which the dispatcher will want to communicate. The dispatcher has a train sheet in front of him on which he keeps a record of the time of arrival and departure or passing at each station of all trains whether passenger, freight or extra. Also the train sheet shows the engine number, the make up of the train, and the names of the crew. Whenever there is any change from the regular schedule, it is necessary for him to issue a train order to the nearest station agents or signal men which in turn is given to the trainmen. The usual method of giving a train order by telephone is as follows: The dispatcher, as he gives the order over the telephone to the operator at the distant station, writes the order in a $\log$ book and at the same time the way station operator writes the order on duplicate forms for handing to the conductor and the engineer. As a check, the operator always reads the order back over the telephone to the dispatcher who underlines each word in the $\log$ book to indicate he has received the order back as originally given. Often the order is taken by three or more operators at the same time; if so, each reads it back in turn and the dispatcher underlines his original order each time. In giving an order, all important words and numbers are both pronounced and spelled out.

Although a train dispatching system is nothing more than a long and heavily loaded selective party line, there were many new problems that had to be considered that are not met with in the commercial telephone systems. It is necessary to operate a selective device at each of the twenty-five, fifty or seventy-five way stations over a pair of wires up to 300 miles in length without interfering in any way with the telephone transmission. Of course, each installation differs from every other one as to number of way stations and length of line. To function under these varying conditions the selector must operate on very little energy but on the other hand to warrant its use for this class of service the selector must be very positive and reliable in its operation. If the line wires become open at any point, the dispatcher must be able to call stations up to the open point even under the most severe weather conditions.

The most modern selector, the Western Electric No. 60 type, is the standard on all railroads in the United States and is used in nearly all countries of Europe and in Japan, China, India, Africa, Australia, Canada and South American countries. This selector is a polarized device somewhat similar in magnetic structure to a ringer and so arranged that the armature on each plus and minus impulse advances a ratchet wheel one step. Although very sensitive, the selector is rugged and will withstand rough handling.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

## CHAPTER I <br> LAYOUT OF SYSTEM


#### Abstract

A Railway Train Dispatching Telephone System consists of a Dispatcher's (sending) station and a number of Way or (receiving) stations.

The dispatcher's station is equipped with telephone apparatus for receiving and transmitting messages. This consists essentially of an apparatus case containing the various parts required for protection and operation and a key equipment for signalling each way station on the circuit.

Each way station is equipped with telephone apparatus for receiving and transmitting messages, and also a selector set for signalling and for receiving time signals.

For circuit arrangement of a Railway Train Dispatching Telephone System see pages 58 and 59.


## Dispatcher's Station Equipment

The following selector and telephone apparatus is recommended for the dispatcher's station. The selection of the proper equipment depends upon the total number of way stations to be installed and also the type of station selector sets and whether telephone apparatus with or without loud speaking telephone is required.

DISPATCHER'S SELECTOR APPARATUS

## Quantity

## Apparatus

One - No. 60B Selector Apparatus Case.
One- No. 61A Selector Key (17 Unit Code) or No. 61B Selector Key ( 27 Unit Code) or
One- No. 62A or No. 63A Selector Key (17 Unit Code) or No. 62B or No. 63B Selector Key (27 Unit Code) or
One - No. 60A Selector Key Case (capacity 24 stations) or No. 60B Selector Key Case (capacity 36 stations) or No. 60C Selector Key Case (capacity 48 stations) or No. 60D Selector Key Case (capacity 60 stations) or No. 60E Selector Key Case (capacity 12 stations).
One- No. 60A Selector Key installed in above key case for each No. 60AP Selector installed at any of the way stations.
One- No. 60B Selector Key installed in above key case for each No. 60BP Selector installed at the way stations.
NOTE: Where 60 Type Selector Keys are used, a 60B Selector Key is also required for each way station extension bell installed.

## DISPATCHER'S TELEPHONE APPARATUS-HEADSET OUTFIT

## Quantity

## Apparatus

One- No. 502A Subseriber Set.
One- No. 345A Jack Box.
Three-Each of the following:
No. 386 Transmitters equipped with No. 3A Transmitter Attachments.
No. 189 Receivers.
No. 565, $5^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ Cords equipped with No. 137 Plugs.
One- No. 1B Foot Switch with
One - No. 1A or No. 1B Foot Switch Attachment and
One- No. 2A Foot Switch Attachment (Conduit)

## DISPATCHER'S TELEPHONE APPARATUS LOUD SPEAKING

In addition to the telephone apparatus outlined in preceding paragraphs with the exception of the No. 1B Foot Switch, the following loud speaking telephone apparatus is recommended.

## Quantity

## Apparatus

DC CURRENT SUPPLY
One- No. 12A Loud Speaking Telephone Outfit.
One- No. 3B Foot Switch.
AC CURRENT SUPPLY
One - No. 6052A Amplifier (for 60 cycle, 110 volt) or, No. 6040 A Amplifier (for 25 cycle, 110 volt).
One- No. 579A Loud Speaking Telephone.
One - No. 147AC Transmitter Arm.

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# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS <br> Layout of System 

Dispatcher's Station Equipment<br>(Continued)

## DISPATCHER'S TIME SENDING APPARATUS

One- No. 60A Time Sending Set.

## DISPATCHER'S BATTERY REQUIREMENTS

One- No. 60B Vacuum Tube Rectifier, or Dry Cells, or Storage Cells, or Motor-Generator Set, as required for main battery source.
Dry Cells for Local Relay Battery, 12 or 24 volts.
No. 2B Battery Box for above dry cells.
Transmitter Battery Requirements- 4 to 5 volts.

## DISPATCHER'S HAND GENERATOR BOX

One- No. 299F Hand Generator Box (for use in calling magneto portable or siding sets).

## Way Station Equipment

[^1]
## WAY STATION PROTECTORS

As required-No. 58BP Protectors.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS Layout of System <br> Miscellaneous Equipment

Apparatus for miscellancous purposes on Railway Train Dispatching Systems is described more fully in the following pages. The most important of this type of equipment is as follows:

## REPEATING COIL AND TRANSFORMER

Circuits equipped with 60 Type Selectors may be operated through 341A Transformers or 70A Repeating Coils. The advantages are as follows:

1. To obtain a low resistance in the simplex telegraph leg.
2. To operate two or more simplex selector circuits with a common battery supply.
3. To operate one or more branch selector circuits from the main selector circuit without any metallic connection to it.
4. To allow two selector circuits to be used as side circuits for obtaining a composited or simplexed phantom with the physical and phantom telephone and the telegraph circuits terminated at the same or different points. The circuit on page 26 shows a general way of obtaining these conditions.

## SIDING TELEPHONE SETS

## Quantity

Apparatus
One- No. 1293BC Telephone set or, No. 1317BU or DU Telephone Set or, No. 1336F or H Telephone Set.

## PORTABLE TELEPHONE SETS

One- No. 1330E or F Telephone Set or, No. 1331E or F Telephone Set or, No. 1332A or E Telephone Set.
One No. 3 or 5 Line Pole.
TESTING APPARATUS
One- No. 60B Test Set.

RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

Schematic Wiring of No. 60B Selector Apparatus Case


# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

## CHAPTER II

## DESCRIPTION, ADJUSTMENTS AND OPERATION OF SETS

## GENERAL SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS

The sending circuit arrangement is shown on page 6.
The sequence of operation of the various parts of the system when a call is made is as follows: A selector key operated by the dispatcher causes three groups of impulses to be sent over the line in such a manner that only the sclector at the station called will be advanced to its ringing position. (Refer to page 6 for the sending circuit and page 16 for the receiving circuit.) On operating the selector key, contact K1 (B4)-K3 is closed continuously and the No. 221JB Relay is operated, connecting the main battery through the contacts of the No. 26A Relay and the two No. 152A Retardation Coils to the line wires L1 and L2; also, the key contact K1 (B4)-K2 is closed intermittently, operating the pole-changer relay (No. 26A) to send a sequence of reverse impulses to the line. This sequence of impulses, while operating all selectors on the line, will advance only the code wheel of the selector at the station called so as to close its local bell circuit. The bell at that station will ring for about two seconds, then another impulse from the calling key will release the selector and open the bell circuit. While the bell is ringing a tone or answer-back will be heard in the receiver notifying the dispatcher that the signal is operating.


No. 60B Selector Apparatus Case-Open
1-No. 2B Circuit Breaker
1-No. 221JB Relay.
1-No. 141A Conilenser.
1-No. 629A Mounting Plate.
4-No. 63C Resistances.

## 60B SELECTOR APPARATUS CASE

This case contains all the calling apparatus at the Dispatcher's Station except the selector keys in ordinary installations. It is a metal cabinet approximately $18^{\prime \prime}$ high by $16^{\prime \prime}$ wide by $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ deep arranged for wall moutiting. It is completely wired and provided with terminals for connecting the battery lines and selector keys as shown on page 6.

A short description of the apparatus contained in it follows:
1-No. 26A Telegraph Relay,
2-No. 152A Retardation Coils.
4-No. 138B Condensers.
1-No. 1384 Condenser.
1-No. 63F Resistance.
The No. 2B Circuit Breaker is to open the nain current supply lead if an excessive amount of current Hows from the main battery, such as is caused by a short on the line or in any part of the sending circuit. The resistance of the circuit breaker is 2 ohms and it is normally adjusted to operate on 0.6 ampere and to non-operate on 0.4 ampere. These values can be increased or decreased by adjusting the air gap between the armature and the magnet by means of a knurled nut at the extreme end of the magnet. The circuit breaker when operated closes a local contact C1-C2. Any local alarm circuit can be connected as desired to terminals C1-C2.

The No. 221JB Relay is to connect the sending circuit to the line at the beginning of the operation of the selector key, and to disconnect the sending circuit again at the end of the operation of the selector key. This relay remains operated during the whole operation of the selector key. This relay has a normally closed contact that may be used for connecting an extension bell across the line as indicated on page 6 . The resistance of the relay is 335 ohms and it should receive from .024 to .036 ampere of current for operation.

The No. 26A Telegraph Relay (pole changer) is to reverse the polarity of the main battery so that each succeeding impulse sent over the line is in the opposite direction to the preceding one. The resistance of the relay is 25 ohms. It should reccive from 0.32 to 0.48 ampere of current for operation.

The No. 152A Retardation Coils and the No. 138B ( $11 / 4 \mathrm{mf}$ ) Condensers are to smooth out the impulses of the current used for operating the selectors while calling, so as not to cause an objectionably sharp click in the receiver, but merely a dull thump that is not objectionable and does not interfere with the telephone transmission. The resistance of these coils is 20 ohms each, or a total of 40 ohms for the two coils. The No. 138A and No. 141A Condensers with resistances are for spark "take-up."

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

## Dispatcher's Selector Equipment (Continued)

The No. 58BP Protectors which are furnished with this apparatus case should be used to protect the inside apparatus against damage from high voltages by providing a shunt path from each side of the line through an air gap between the blocks to a ground connection. The spacing between the blocks of the protector is such that a breakdown will occur on an average of 700 volts, thus a low impedance path is provided to lead the high voltages off to ground rather than through the calling or telephone apparatus.

## Selector Keys



No. 60A Selector Key


No. 61A Selector Key

## GENERAL

The function of the selector key is to control the operation of the stick relay (No. 221JB) and the polcchanger relay (No. 26A), so that the necessary sequence of current impulses to operate the selector at the station desired will be transmitted to the main line wires, see page 6.

There are three typos of keys that may be used, (1) the 60 type selector key requiring an individual key for each selector, (2) the 61 type selector key provided with lever arms for setting the code as required when making a call, and (3) the 62 and 63 type selector keys provided with small button keys for setting the code as required when making a call.

## No. 60 TYPE SELECTOR KEYS

The 60 type are individual keys having a clock spring operating an impulse wheel through a train of gears, with the speed controlled by a governor.

The keys are mounted in oak cases (page 94) coded Nos. 60A, B, C, D and E Selector Key Cases for mounting 24, 36, 48, 60 or 12 No. 60A or 60B Selector Keys or No. 50A Selector Key Space, respectively.

The No. 60 'Type Selector Keys mount in the No. 60 Type Selector Key Case and can easily be removed with a screw driver by turning the screw under the handle counter clockwise. The keys, when mounted, make contact, with the springs in the back of the key case. When a key is operated by turning the handle one-quarter turn and then releasing, it should return automatically to its normal position. The speed at which it returns can be increased or decreased by bending in or out the springs which carry the weights of the regulating governor.

## No. 60A SELECTOR KEY

The No. 60A Selector Key is for use with the No. 60AP Selector when set for the code numbers given in T'able No. 1 (page 10). It may be set for any of the code numbers given in Table No. 1 by adjusting its segments as described in detail hereafter. In this series of settings the total number of current impulses for any code is seventeen. The governor springs for the No. 60A Selector Key is so adjusted that the impulse wheel will make one revolution in not less than $71 / 2$ scconds and not more than 8 seconds.

## No. 60B SELECTOR KEY

The No. 60B Selector Key is for use with the No. 60AP Selector when set for the code numbers in Table No. 2 (page 10), and with the No. 60BP Selector when set for the code numbers given in Table No. 1 for the No. 60BP Selector. It may be set for any of the code numbers given in Table No. 2 or 1, by the adjustment"of its segments in a manner similar to that explained in detail for the No. 60A Selector Key, with the exception'that the total number of impulses is increased by 10 for the 27 step code settings of the No. 60AP Selector and that a fiat segment is used to reduce the total number of impulses to 17, 19, 21 or 23 for the A, B, C and D contacts for the 17 step No. 60BP Selector. The governor springs for the No. 60B Selector Key are so adjusted that the impulse wheel will make one revolution in not less than 9 seconds and not more than $91 / 2$ seconds.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

Selector Keys (Continued)

## METHOD OF SETTING CODES FOR No. 60 TYPE KEYS

In setting the segments on the impulse wheel of the key, each closure and each opening of the contacts count one. Two styles of segments are provided, one a flat segment which closes the contacts while the inner spring passes over it; the other segment with a bent-up part which engages with the insulated piece on the outer spring, raising this spring sufficiently to keep the contacts open while the outer spring passes over.

Each key requires two segments to give the three sets of impulses. If the first number in the code is odd, a flat segment is required, while a segment with the bent-up part is required if the first number is even. If the last number in the code is even, a flat segment is required, while a segment with the bent-up part is required if the last number is odd. Thus two like segments or one of each kind may be required to give the code setting. The first segment is set so that the inner contact spring, in passing over the first set of teeth on the impulse wheel gives the number of closures and openings of the contacts represented by the first number in the code. The other segment is set so that the contact springs, in passing over the third set of teeth on the impulse wheel, give the number of closures and openings of the contacts as represented by the last number in the code. Since the total number of impulses for any three digit code combination is always the same in the same table, it follows that if the first and the last numbers are set the middle one will be automatically determined.

For example, to set the No. 60A Selector Key for selecting station 8- $\check{-}-4$, begin at the first tooth and count 8 (first number in code) in a clockwise direction, counting one for each tooth and one for each space, in this case 4 teeth and 4 spaces. As the last count was a space, take a segment with the bent-up part and place it so as to keep the contact in the same position while passing over the segment, as on the last count. This segment is set approximately flush with the edge of the next tooth, so that the outside contact spring will be off this segment before the inner contact spring strikes the next tooth.

To set the other segment, begin at the ringing position and count 4 (last number in code) in a counterclockwise direction, counting one for each space and one for each tooth, in this case two spaces and two teeth. As the last count was on a tooth, set the edge of a flat segment on the center of this tooth. The number of closures and openings of the contact while the inner contact spring passes between the two segments, is the middle number in the code ( 5 in this case).

## METHOD OF SETTING No. 60 TYPE KEYS FOR TIME SENDING

To set the No. 60A Selector Key so that all No. 60AP Selectors will be advanced to their time receiving position, place a flat segment bridging from the center of the first tooth to the center of the fourth tooth. This gives, after the first long impulse, 22 regular impulses in succession.

The No. 60B Selector Key is set in a similar manner except the total number of impulses is 27 for the station codes, Table No. 2, page 10, and 32 total impulses for time sending.

## No. 61A SELECTOR KEY

The No. 61A Selector Key is for use as a master key at test boards and switchboards; also at way stations on intercalling circuits. It may be set for any of the code numbers given in Table No. 1 for all selectors set for the 17 step code by moving the levers, extending through the cover, to the code desired. As in the case of the No. 60 Type Keys, the middle number of the code is automatically determined by setting the first and the third numbers.

The first lever on the left side is used only with the No. 60BP Selector and normally is placed for station "A" and should be left in this position when used in connection with the No. 60AP Selectors. When used with the No. 60BP Selectors it should be moved to the B, C and D position, corresponding with the code of the station desired.

To make a cail, the second lever is placed opposite the first number of the code of the selector desired. The third lever is placed opposite the last number of the code of the selector desired. The right lever is then moved down to the bottom of its slot and released. The key then operates to give the same sequence of impulses as the No. 60A Key.

The No. 61A Selector Key may be set to call all stations on the line equipped with No. 60AP Selectors ( 17 step) and all stations connected to the "A" contact of the No. 60BP Selectors (17 step by setting the second and third levers each on zero. The key then sends out 17 consecutive impulses to step all selectors to the first ringing contact.

The No. 61A Selector key makes one complete operation in $71 / 2$ to 8 seconds. The speed is changed by bending the governor springs, at the right end, in to increase and out to decrease the speed.

Three terminals on the bottom, designated K1, K2 and K3, connect to the corresponding terminals in the No. 60B Selector Apparatus Case shown on page 6.

## No. 61B SELECTOR KEY

The No. 61B Selector Key is similar to the No. 61A Selector Key except it is arranged for the code numbers given in Table No. 2 (page 10) for selectors set for the 27 step code. The key makes one complete operation in 9 to $91 / 2$ seconds.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## CODE SETTINGS FOR SELECTORS

TABLE No. 1

Total Steps in Each Code-17.
Total code seltings for the No. 60AP Selector-78.
Code settings for the No. GOBP Selector with No. GOAP Selectors on the same line are marked with a star-38. Additional code seltings for the No. GOBP Selector with no No, GOAP Selertors on thr same line are marked with a dot-18.

| 2-2-13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-3-12 | 3-2-12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-4-11 | 3-3-11 | 4-2-11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-5-10 | . $3-4-10$ | 4-3-10 | . 5-2-10 |  |  |  |  |
| 2-6-9 | .3-5-9 | 4-4-9 | . $5-3-9$ | 6-2-9 |  |  |  |
| 2-7-8 | .3-6-8 | 4-5-8 | . 5 -4-8 | 6-3-8 | *7-2-8 |  |  |
| 2-8-7 | .3-7-7 | 4-6-7 | . $5-5-7$ | 6-4-7 | *7-3-7 | *8-2-7 |  |
| 2-9-6 | . $3-8-6$ | 4-7-6 | .5-6-6 | 6-5-6 | *7-4-6 | *8-3-6 | *9-2-6 |
| 2-10-5 | .3-9-05 | 4-8-5 | . $5-7-5$ | 6-6-5 | *7-5-5 | *8-1-5 | *9-3-5 |
| 2-11-4 | .3-10-4 | 4-9-4 | . $51-8-4$ | 6-7-4 | +7-6-4 | *8-5-4 | *9-4-4 |
| 2-12-3 | .3-11-3 | 4-10-3 | .5-9-3 | 6-8-3 | *-7-3 | *8-6-3 | *9-5-3 |
| 2-13-2 | .3-12-2 | 4-11-2 | . $5-10-2$ | 6-9-2 | * $7-8-2$ | +8-7-2 | *9-6-2 |
| 10-2-5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *10-3-4 |  | ${ }^{3} 11-2-4$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| *10-4-3 |  | 11-3-3 |  | *12-2-3 |  |  |  |
| 510-5-2 |  | *1-4-2 |  | *12-3-2 |  | ${ }^{+13-2-2 ~}$ |  |

TABLE No. 2
Total Steps in Each Code-27.
Total Code settings for the No. 60AP Selector-341.
Code settings for the No. 60BP Selector with No. G0AP Selectors on the same line are marked with a star-147. Additional seltings for the No, GOBP Selector with no No. 60AP Selectors on the same line are marked with a dot- 38 .

| 2-5-20 | .3-4-20 | 4-3-20 | . $5-2-20$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-6-19 | .3-5-19 | 4-4-19 | - $2-3-19$ | 6-2-19 |  |  |
| 2-7-18 | .3-6-18 | 4-5-18 | . 5-4-18 | 6-3-18 | 7-2-18 |  |
| 2-8-17 | .3-7-17 | 4-6-17 | . $5-$ - -17 | 6-4-17 | +7-3-17 | 8-2-17 |
| 2-9-16 | .3-8-16 | 4-7-16 | 5-6-16 | 6-5-16 | 97-4-16 | 48-3-16 |
| 2-10-15 | .3-9-15 | 4-8-15 | . $5-7-15$ | 6-6-15 | *7-5-15 | -5-4-15 |
| 2-11-14 | ,3-10-14 | 4-9-14 | . $5-8-14$ | 6-7-14 | *-6-14 | 8-5-14 |
| 2-12-13 | .3-11-13 | 4-10-13 | . $5-9-13$ | 6-8-13 | -7-7-13 | *8-6-13 |
| 2-13-12 | .3-12-12 | 4-11-12 | 5-10-12 | 6-9-12 | -7-8-12 | -8-7-12 |
| 2-14-11 | . $3-13-11$ | 4-12-11 | . $5-11-11$ | 6-10-11 | * $7-9-11$ | +8-8-11 |
| 2-15-10 | . 3-1.4-10 | 4-13-10 | . 5-12-10 | 6-11-10 | +7-10-10 | 98-9-10 |
| 2-16-9 | .3-15-9 | 4-14-9 | -5-13-9 | 6-12-9 | -7-11-9 | -8-10-9 |
| 2-17-8 | .3-16-8 | 4-15-8 | . $5-14-8$ | 6-13-8 | -7-12-8 | +8-11-8 |
| 2-18-7 | .3-17-7 | 4-16-7 | . $5-15-7$ | 6-14-7 | *7-13-7 | \$8-12-7 |
| 2-19-6 | .3-18-6 | 4-17-6 | . $5-16-6$ | 6-15-6 | -7-14-6 | 48-13-6 |
| 2-20-5 | .3-19-5 | 4-18-5 | - $\mathrm{t}-17-5$ | 6-16-5 | * $7-15-5$ | 98-14-5 |
| 2-21-4 | .3-20-4 | 4-19-4 | . 3 -18-4 | 6-17-4 | -7-16-4 | *8-15-4 |
| 2-22-3 | .8-21-3 | 4-20-3 | . $5-19-3$ | 6-18-3 | * $7-17-3$ | *8-16-3 |
| 2-23-2 | .3-22-2 | 4-21-2 | . $5-20-2$ | 6-19-2 | *7-18-2 | 88-17-2 |
| *9-2-16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *9-3-15 | 210-2-15 |  |  |  |  |  |
| *9-4-14 | *10-3-14 | *11-2-14 |  |  |  |  |
| *9-5-13 | +10-4-13 | *11-3-13 | -12-2-13 |  |  |  |
| *9-6-12 | * 10-5-12 | *11-4-12 | 12-3-12 | 413-2-12 |  |  |
| *9-7-11 | * 10-6-11 | e11-5-11 | +12-4-11 | -13-3-11 | 14-2-11 |  |
| -9-8-10 | *10-7-10 | *11-6-10 | *12-5-10 | * $13-4-10$ | -14-3-10 | *15-2-10 |
| *9-9-9 | *10-8-9 | \% $11-7-9$ | *12-6-9 | *13-5-9 | *14-4-9 | *15-3-9 |
| *9-10-8 | * $10-9-8$ | 311-8-8 | *12-7-8 | *13-6-8 | -14-5-8 | *15-4-8 |
| *9-11-7 | *10-10-7 | ${ }^{111-9-7}$ | *12-8-7 | ¢13-7-7 | *14-6-7 | *15-5-7 |
| *9-12-6 | *10-11-6 | \$11-10-6 | 812-9-6 | -13-8-6 | 14-7-6 | *15-6-6 |
| *9-13-5 | 510-12-5 | * $11-11-5$ | * $12-10-5$ | *13-9-5 | *14-8-5 | *15-7-5 |
| *9-14-4 | *10-13-4 | ¢ $11-12-1$ | 12-11-4 | * $13-10-4$ | *14-9-4 | +15-8-4 |
| *9-15-3 | * $10-14-3$ | *11-13-3 | * $12-12-3$ | - $13-11-3$ | *14-10-3 | +15-9-3 |
| +9-16-2 | *10-15-2 | 11-14-2 | -9 2 -13-2 | +13-12-2 | +14-11-2 | +15-10-2 |
| 16-2-9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| +16-3-8 | *17-2-8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16-4-7 | *17-3-7 | +18-2-7 |  |  |  |  |
| *16-5-6 | *17-4-6 | 18-3-6 | 119-2-6 |  |  |  |
| 16-6-5 | *17-5-5 | ¢18-4-5 |  | -20-2-5 |  |  |
| -16-7-4 | *17-6-1 | * $18-5-4$ | 19-1-1 | +20-3-1 |  |  |
| -16-8-3 | +17-7-i3 | -18-6-3 | 419-5-3] | +20-4-3 |  |  |
| -16.9: | +17-8-2 | 18-7-2 | 119.fi*? | -20-6-3 |  |  |

RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Selector Keys (Continued)



No. 62A Selector Key


No. 63B Selector Key

## Nos. 62 AND 63 TYPE SELECTOR KEYS

These selector keys are master calling keys arranged to operate any or all selectors on a line to their ringing position by pushing one small locking key in each of the two groups of keys.

The Nos. 62A and 62B Selector Keys are arranged for desk or table mounting, and the main apparatus unit is arranged so that it can be removed from its base by means of a jack connection (see page 12). The overall dimensions are approximately $121 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ high, $1014^{\prime \prime}$ wide, $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ deep. The metal frame and cover are finished in black.

The Nos. 63A and 63B Selector Keys are arranged for mounting in the face equipment of a 604 PBX switchboard between the stiles ( $101 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ face mounting) and are arranged so that they may be removed from the face equipment of the switchboard either from the front or rear. The metal frame and cover are finished in aluminum. The overall dimensions of the keys are approximately $105 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ high, $9334^{\prime \prime}$ wide, $61 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ deep.

The Nos. 62A and 63A Selector Keys provide means for calling all selectors in the 17 step selector code as given in Table No. 1, page 10. These keys have two groups of 14 keys each and one group of 7 keys.

The Nos. 62B and 63B Selector Keys provide means for calling all selectors in the 27 step selector code as given in Table No. 2, page 10. These keys have two groups of 21 keys each and one group of 7 keys.

## Operation

The operating principle is the same for each type and capacity. With the manually operated selector keys, a separate key is used to call each selector. With the new key unit, it is possible to call every selector within the capacity of the unit by depressing combinations of push keys in the face of the key cabinet. The process of calling any given selector consists of depressing a button in the top (red) group of push keys corresponding to the first number in the desired code, and a second push key in the middle (white) group corresponding to the last number in the selector code. Upon depressing the second push key, circuits are set up which cause a motor-driven brush to sweep around a series of segments arranged in a circle. Page 12 shows this mechanism clearly. The operation of the push keys further establishes connections to certain segments so that as the brush revolves the correct sequence of impulses is sent out for operating the selector whose code number is being called.

A small lamp located behind the square space in the lower center of the designation card remains lighted while the key is in operation.

The black keys designated A, B, C and D in the bottom row of both capacities of the key unit make it possible to produce selective ringing at the called selector. In other words, by depressing one of the four "letter" keys in question, the called selector will ring independently one of four ammuciator bells local to the selector.

A schematic diagram of the smaller capacity key is shown on page 13.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 



No. 62A Selector Key-Rear View, cover removed

## Drive

Each selector key also has a distributor panel with a telechron motor driving a brush arm, carrying a brush which wipes over a commutator consisting of 70 small segments. On the front of this panel a designation card is provided for listing the keys to be operated to make the selector call for each station.

110-120 volts, $50-60$ cycles is required for the operation of the Telechron motor used in these selector keys. This current is connected directly to the terminals in the base of the Nos. 62A and 62B Selector Keys, and through a No. 335B Transformer for the Nos. 63A and 63B Selector Keys. For the Nos. 63A and 63B Selector Keys, the No. 335B Transformer must be ordered separately and is used to step down the voltage to 24 volts so as not to require special insulation in the wiring for the keys in the PBX switchboard. The selector keys are arranged to use either 12 or 24 volts D.C. for the local operation of the relays and lamp. When a 24 volt battery is used, the strap shunting the 45 ohm resistor must be removed.

## Features and Advantages

1. All selectors may be set for receiving time signals by depressing key No. 1 in the first (red) group and key No. 1 in the second (white) group.
2. All selectors may be operated for a master call by depressing key No. 0 in the first (red) group and key No. 0 in the second (white) group.
3. Selectors may be called in groups by depressing corresponding keys in the first and second groups of keys.
4. Since the keys used for calling are of the locking type, the last keys operated indicate the last call made.
5. If it is desired to repeat the call of any given selector, it may be accomplished by depressing the black key "S."
6. Should the operator for any reason wish to prolong the ringing of the bell at a station, this can be accomplished by holding the "L" and "R" keys in the operated position as soon as the "answer back" tone is heard.
7. If, after a call is started, it is desired to break it up, this may be done by pushing the " $R$ " key which will prevent the impulses from going out.
8. The new selector key unit is extremely flexible in that only one unit is necessary to call any number of selectors within the capacity of the unit. When, in the course of time, additional selectors, within the capacity of the unit, are added to the system they are handled by the original key without any changes or additions.
9. The new selector key is interchangeable with the present Western Electric Nos. 60 and 61 Type Selector Keys and may be connected in multiple by connecting like terminals together, or may be substituted entirely for them.
10. One dispatcher, from a given position using a single key unit, may operate two or more systems during light load since the same key need simply be switched from one system to another as desired.
11. Uniformity of impulse sending is insured by the use of a synchronous motor sweeping a brush arm over uniformly spaced contact segments.
12. The key is entirely self contained, all relays and other mechanism being mounted compactly within its housing.

RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS Selector Keys (Continued)


Schematic of No. 62A or 63A Selector Key

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

No. 60A Time Sending Set


Schematic of No. 60A Time Sending Set


No. 60A Time Sending Set

## No. 60A TIME SENDING SET

In addition to the operation of selecting a station as described for the No. 60AP selector, the selector is provided with a second or time ringing terminal for receiving time. For this purpose a time sending set is used with the No. 60B Selector Apparatus Case for sending the time signals over selector circuits. The set consists of a No. 149AN and an R1971 Relay, a switch, and four No. 63C Resistances mounted in a black finished steel case approximately $61 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 614^{\prime \prime} \times 61 / 4^{\prime \prime}$.

For normal operation of the circuit, the time switch is operated to the "calling position". When it is desired to send time signals, a Selector Key set to send 22 consecutive impulses for the 17 step code or 32 impulses for the 27 step code is operated. This steps all the code wheels of the No. 60AP Sclectors on the circuit up to the time receiving position (code wheel contact within one step of closing the second or time contact) where it is retained by an insulated "time arm". The time switch is then operated to the "time position". This completes the circuit between terminals K1 and K3 and connects K2 to the pulsing contact of the R1971 Relay. Closing circuit to terminals K1 and K3 operates the No. 221JB Relay which connects the main battery to the line. Then as a time-repeating relay in the telegraph circuit operates and completes the circuit between terminals T1 and T2, the R1971 Relay will operate and on the opening of the T1-T2 Circuit, the No. 149AN Relay will operate. On the second closure of the T1-T2 Circuit, the R1971 Relay will release and on the second opening of the T1-T2 Circuit the No. 149AN Relay will release.

Thus on the first closure of the T1-T2 Circuit the No. 26A Relay in the selector apparatus case will be operated by the closure of the pulsing contact of the R1971 Relay and send out a positive pulse on the line to advance all the No. 60 AP Selectors one step. This momentarily closes the time contacts on all selectors and causes all bells to tap. The selectors on the line then fall back to a position within one step of closing the time contact and are held there as before by the "time arm" engaging with the holding spring.

Then as the time-repeating relay operates a second time to close the T1-T2 Circuit the pulsing contact of the R1971 Relay will be opened and release the No. 26A Relay to send out an impulse of the opposite polarity over the line, operating all the No. 60AP Selectors and causing all bells to tap as before. This series of operations is repeated for each two operations of the time-repeating relay, thus causing the bell to tap once each time the time-repeating relay operates.

The No. 149AN Relay is sufficiently slow release to prevent the time sending set from pulsing fast enough to cause the No. 60AP Selectors on the line to step off the "time arm" if the time sending set is connected to the time-repeating relay when telegraph impulses are being sent.

After the time signals have been sent, the time switch is operated to the selector calling position. The selectors on the line are then stepped off the "time arm" by the sending of four impulses or the operation of any selector key. The circuit is then in condition for regular calling.

The time sending set functions on the local battery of either 12 or 24 volts. The "time arm" of the No. 60AP Selector is insulated from the bell circuit to open the answer-back circuit and thus prevent the tone from interfering with telephone conversation while time signals are being sent.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Dispatcher's Telephone Equipment



No. 502A Sub. Set


No. 502A SUBSCRIBER SET
The No. 502A Subscriber Set is a high efficiency set, designed with an anti-side tone feature arranged so that the dispatcher is at all times insulated from the line.
As the dispatcher wears his receiver continuonsly, his battery circuit is closed a large portion of the time. With the anti-side tone feature, the dispatcher's voice and other noises in the dispatcher's office are kept out of his receiver.
The two induction coils in the set insulate the dispatcher's telephone equipment from the line. These coils have a break-down test of approximately 1000 volts AC.
The arrangement of the condensers keeps down the thumps from signalling impulses, thus protecting the dispatcher's ears.

## No. 345A JACK BOX

The No. 345 A Jack Box permits the use of two operators' telephone sets in parallel.

> Way Station Selector Equipment


No. G0AP Selector


No. 60BP Selector

## SELECTOR SETS

No. 160C Selector Set.
No. 16012 Selector Set.
The No. 160C Selector Set replaces the Nos. 160AC and 160BC Selector Sets, and the No. 160R Selector Set replaces the Nos. 160AR and 160BR Selector Sets formerly furnished.

The sets are arranged to hold the selector and are completely wired and provided with terminals for connecting the line and local battery wires, as shown on page 16 , for the No. 160 C Selector Set when equipped with a No. 60AP Selector, and the 160R Selector Set when equipped with a No. 60BP Selector.

The Nos. 160C and 160R Selector Sets do not include the No. 60AP or No. 60BP Selector as part of the equipment. The selector desired must be ordered separately.

## No. 160C SELECTOR SET

The No. 160C Selector Set is for use on standard circuits where condensers are required in series with the No. 60AP or No. 60BP Selector.

## No. 160R SELECTOR SET

The No. 160R Selector Set is for use in a repeating coil circuit where no condenser is required in series with the selector. This set is the same as the No. 160C Selector Set except that the No. 138B Condenser is omitted.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

Way Station Selector Equipment (Continued)



Note: Selector not furnished with Sets

## No. 60CG RINGER

The function of the No. 60CG Ringer which is a part of the above selector sets is to signal the way station operator and also to give the time signals. This ringer is a vibrating direct current type, operating from the transmitter battery and is provided with contact springs for opening its own circuit intermittently.

The resistance of each ringer spool is 8 ohms and the ringer is adjusted to operate on the same battery as the telephone equipment.

## 60 TYPE SELECTORS

## General

The function of the selector is to provide a quick and reliable means to call selectively one of a large number of way stations on the same telephone line without producing a signal at the other stations.

The D.C. resistance of the 60 Type Selector is 21,000 ohms. The selector may be operated in series with a $11 / 4$ or $11 / 2 \mathrm{mf}$ condenser or through a No. 341A Transformer or No. 70A Repeating Coil without a condenser. The impedance of the selector and condenser at the operating frequency of $31 / 2$ cycles is approximately 35,000 ohms. The impedance of the selector at talking frequency, 800 cycles per second, is approximately 2 megohms. Thus the loss in telephone transmission due to the selector bridge on the line is neghigible.

## No. 60AP SELECTOR (Not included with selector sets)

The No. 60AP Selector, shown on page 15 , is of the step-by-step type and is operated by a definite code or sequence of alternating or reverse current impulses. It consists of a mechanism unit mounted on a magnet unit with a bakelite base and a glass cover.

The code wheels are set so that the same total number of steps is necessary to advance the code wheel to the ringing position on all selectors that are to be used on the same line. With the number of holes provided in the code wheel, this number of total steps may be any number from 8 to 32 , which number would give a total of 6 to 378 code settings, respectively. The No. 60AP Selector, however, is normally set for a total of 17 steps which number gives a total of 78 code settings. Unless selectors are ordered for some other code setting than those given in Table No. 1, page 10, the selector is not stepped up by 17 consecutive impulses when selecting a station but by 3 sets of successive impulses totalling 17 in number as indicated in Table No. 1. (This number of impulses, 17, does not count the restoring impulse.)

The code pins on each selector are located so that after the first set of impulses the code wheel will be in position for the holding spring to engage with the first code pin. The second code pin is located so that after the second set of impulses the code wheel will be in position for the holding spring to engage with the second code pin. The third set of impulses then advances the code wheel so that the permanent code pin is in position to engage with the holding spring and at the same time the contact spring is directly over and makes contact with the first ringing terminal thus completing the bell circuit. Each selector is capable of being set for any station number given in Table No. 1, page 10, without any change other than the location of the two code pins in the code wheel.

In order to take care of cases where a greater number of code settings are required than those given in Table No. 1, the code settings for a No. 60AP Selector for 27 total steps in each code are given in Table No. 2, page 10, which gives a total of 241 code settings.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Way Station Selector Equipment (Continued)

## No. 60BP SELECTOR (Not included with selector sets)

The No. 60BP Selector, page 15, is known as the multiple contact selector and differs from the No. 60AP Selector in that it is equipped with four selector ringing terminals instead of one so that any one of four local signal circuits can be closed by the same selector independently. Also, the selector is not equipped with a terminal for receiving time signals.

The method of setting the code numbers and the method of operation are the same as described for the No. 60AP Selector.

The terminals on the No. 60BP Selector are known by the letters A, B, C and D. Terminal A is the first terminal engaged by the contact spring on the code wheel as the code wheel is advanced. The last group of impulses in the code setting for selecting the first or A contact, is increased by two impulses to select the B contact, four impulses to select the C contact, and six impulses to select the D contact. The numbers marked on the code card on the selector indicate the code setting for the 1 contact. For example, a selector having a code setting of 8-5-4 for the first contact will be marked 8-5-4 and the contacts will be known as 8-5-4 A, 8-5-4 B, 8-5-4 C and 8-5-4 D.


## No. 127J EXTENSION BELL

This bell is used as an extension signal in conncetion with the No. 60BP Selector. The No. 60CG Ringor in the No. 160C or R. Selector Set in which the No. 60BP Selector is mounted, gives a signal for the first or A ringing terminal. One of these extension bells is required for each signal desired in addition to the one in the selector set.

The No. 127J Extension Bell consists of a No. 60CG Ringer and a condenser mounted in an oak box. These sets are arranged to be connected directly to the terminals in the No. 160C or R Selector Set as follows:

Terminal L2 of the extension bell to be connected to terminal L2 in the selector set. Terminal B2 of the extension bell to be connected to terminal B2 in the selector set. Terminal S of the extension bell to bo connected to terminal 3 or 4 or 5 on the base of the 60BP Selector as desired. These connections are shown on a circuit label furnished with the selector set and shown on page 16.

## Way Station Telephone Equipment

## No. 501 TYPE DESK SET BOXES

Thic Nos. 501A and B Desk Set Boxes are high efficiency sets designed for use on lines where a large number of sets are required. The secondary of the induction coil, in series with the condenser is permanently bridged across the line, so that the characteristics of the line do not materially change whether one or all of the stations are listening in at the same time. This also insulates the operator from the line as the telephone equipment is connected to the primary of the induction coil. The induction coil has a breakdown of approximately 1000 volts A.C. between the windings.

When the switch of the desk set box is closed to the transmitting position, the receiver is not cut out entirely, but is left across part of the coil so that the dispatcher can, in case of error, break in on an operator repeating an order.

In the No. 501. Set, the key for switching from listening to talking position is included in the box. The No. 501B Set is the same as the No. 501A, except that the key is omitted, the wiring being brought to terminals in the set so that a foot switch or separate key can be used.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Way Station Equipment (Continued)

## Protection of Way Station Equipment

The function of the protector is to protect the inside apparatus against damage from high voltages by providing a shunt path from each side of the line through an air gap between the blocks to a well established ground connection. It is important that this ground connection be well and permanently made. A fuse in each side of the line is also provided to guard the drop wires against abnormal currents. Seven ampere fuses are generally used.

The No. 58BP Protector connected between the 60B Selector Apparatus Case and the line wires consist of

1-No. 29B Protector Mounting-for Blacks
I-No. 16 Protector Mounting-for Fuses
1-No. 48 Protector Mounting-Asbestos Pad
2-No. 11C Fuses-7 ampere
2-No. 26 Protector Blocks-Hard Carbon
$2-$ No. 30 Protector Blocks-Porcelain with carbon insert


No. 58BP Protector

The spacing between the blocks is such that a break down will occur on an average of 700 volts. Thus a low impedance path is provided to lead the high voltages off to ground rather than through the calling or telephone apparatus. Damage to the apparatus is thereby avoided.

The fuses should always be connected on the line side and the blocks on the station side.

## Loud Speaking Telephone Equipment



No. 579A Loud Speaking Telephone


Schematic of Dispatcher's Loud Speaking Telephone Equipment

Dispatcher and Way Station
The loud speaking telephone amplifier is for use in Dispatcher's office, signal towers, and way stations to supplement the usual telephone outfit. It is designed to amplify the incoming conversation, so that the loud speaking telephone connected to it will produce sufficient volume to be heard at a distance of several feet, thus relieving the dispatcher or operator of the necessity of wearing a head set. The equipment is divided into two classes, that which is for use in dispatchers' offices and that which is for use at signal towers and way_stations.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

## Loud Speaking Telephone Equipment (Continued)

## DISPATCHER'S EQUIPMENT

The following loud speaking telephone equipment may be used in the Dispatcher's Office:

## D.C. CURRENT SUPPLY

1-No. 12A Loud Speaking Telephone Outfit
1-No. 345A Jack Box
1-No. 3B Foot Switch
A.C. CURRENT SUPPLY

1-No. 6052A Amplifier (for 60 cycle, 110 volt) or,
No. 6040A Amplifier (for 25 cycle, 110 volt).
1 -No. 579 A Loud Speaking Telephone.
1-No. 147AC Transmitter Arm.

1-No. 34G Resistance.
1-No. 3B Foot Switch.
1 -No. 6017B Key.
1-No. 345A Jack Box.

## WAY STATION EQUIPMENT

The following loud speaking telephone equipment may be used in Way stations:
1 -No. 6052A Amplifier ( 60 cycles, 110 volt) or, No. 6040A Amplifier ( 25 cycles, 110 volt).
1-No. 579A Loud Speaking Telephone.
1-No. 147AC Transmitter Arm.
1-No. 31) Foot Switch with
1-No. 1A or B Foot Switch Attachment, and
1-No. 2A Foot Switch Attachment.


Schematic of Way Station Loud Speaking Telephone Equipment
No. 12A LOUD SPEAKING TELEPHONE OUTFIT
The No. 12A Loud Speaking Telephone outfit consists of a No. 519A Subscribers Set, a No. 216A Vacuum Tube, and a No. 543W Loud Speaking Telephone. This Outfit is designed for use at Dispatchers' Stations and is operated on a direct current power supply.

Note: A No. 579 Loud Speaking Telephone or a KS-6368 Horn with a No. 549 Receiver may be used in place of the No. 543 W Receiver in this outfit.


No. 6040 A Amplifier
No. 6052A Amplifier

## No. 6052A AMPLIFIER

The No. 6052A Amplifier consists of a No. 52A Amplifier and two No. 205D Vacuum Tubes and may be used at either dispatcher or way stations. It is a single stage audio frequency amplifier with a self-contained current supply set operating from 110 volts 60 cycle AC supply. The power consumption is approximately 40 watts. No batteries are required for its operation.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

## Dispatcher \& Way Station Equipment (Continued)


#### Abstract

The apparatus is contained in a rectangular metal box approximately $11^{\prime \prime}$ long, $913 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wide and $9^{3} / 16^{\prime \prime}$ high and is provided with a carrying handle. A cord switch and plug are provided for connecting to the 110 volt 60 cycle $A C$ supply.

The amplification given by this amplifier is, in general, sufficient to give satisfactory loud speaking telephone operation where good volume is obtained from the head set and where the line and external noises are not excessive.

The input impedance of the amplifier is such that a relatively large number of amplifiers may be connected across the telephone hine without introducing excessive losses which might interfere with conversations carried on between stations at extreme ends of the line. Also, in view of the possible use of the line for selector operation, the input impedance of the amplifier has been so arranged that it will not offer any considerable shunting effect to the selector currents.

When working from an impedance of 900 ohms, the gain of the amplifier is approximately 25 db at . 1000 cycles. The output impedance is 4000 ohms.

The amplifier is designed for connecting across a telephone line where it will remain in operation at all times. When the operator desires to talk, the loud speaker may be made partially inoperative by means of a foot switch arranged to short circuit the output of the amplificr. The loud speaker and the foot switch are not a part of this amplifier.

The typical connection diagrams for this amplifier are shown on pages 18 and 19.


## No. 6040A AMPLIFIER

The No. 6040A Amplifier used for train dispatching operates on 110 volt 25 cycle AC power supply circuits. It is otherwise the same electrically as the No. 6052 A and may also be used at either dispatelier or way stations. It uses two No. 205D Vacuum Tubes as does the No. 6052 A and is enclosed in a brown japan finished metal box about $111 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 10^{\prime \prime} \times 91 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$.

## No. 579A LOUD SPEAKING TELEPHONE

The No. 579A Lond Speaking Telephone consists of a No. 570A Loud Speaking Telephone mounted in a black finished cone shaped metal case approximately $10^{\prime \prime}$ in diameter and $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ thick. It has a grilled front backed by a wire screen. Illustration page 18.

It is intended to mount on a No. 147 AC Transmitter Arm and is arranged to take any cord equipped with No. 80 Cord Tips.

## No. 543W LOUD SPEAKING TELEPHONE

The No. 543W Loud Speaking Telephone consists of a brass base similar to a desk stand base, equipped with a black finished fibre horn $20^{5} / 8^{\prime \prime}$ high.

The base is equipped with a felt cushion covering on the bottom, a hole is provided in the base for adjustment of the receiver unit. The No. 54.5 Receiver and the No. 762 Cord form parts of this loud speaking telephone.

## No. 3B AND No. 3D FOOT SWITCHES

The No. 3B Foot Switch at the dispatcher's station and the No. 3D Foot Switch at the way station, are for use in disconnecting the transmitter from the line, and also changes the value of the shunting resistance across the output of the amplifier, as described below. The switch must be depressed to talk and released to receive, although at the dispatcher's station reception for "break in" purposes at a reduced volume may be had while the switch is depressed.

## No. 34G RESISTANCE

The No. 34G Resistance at the dispatcher's station is for use in providing an adjustment for the loud speaker volume.

The connections to the No. 34G Resistance at the dispatcher's station are shown on page 18. The connections at " 1 " and " 2 " should be determined in the following manner:

With the power supply turned on, and the No. 6017B Key depressed, any talk on the line should be heard in the loud speaker, the volume of whieh can now be adjusted to a satisfactory level by placing connection No. 1 on a suitable tap. The proper tap will generally be one of the last two or threc or it may be that the full output of the amplifier is required, in which case this connection may be left off altogether.

The proper tap for connection No. 2 should be chosen with the foot switch depressed and a distant operator talking. This connection determines the loud speaker "break in" level and also is intended to prevent howling, which is caused by feed back from the loud speaker into the transmitter. This howling ordinarily occurs when the transmitter is in circuit unless the loud speaker volume is held below a certain critical value. The value of resistance which gives a satisfactory "break in" efficiency will usually be less than that required to prevent howling.

## No. 6017B KEY

The No. 6017B Key at the dispatcher's station is used for switching from the loud speaking telephone to the head set telephone and vice versa.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Battery Requirements

The current supply for this system consists of a main DC battery of 150 to 400 volts and a local battery of 12 or 24 volts at the dispatchers' stations and a 4 volt battery at each way station.

The main battery furnishes the current for operating the selectors at the way stations. The voltage required depends on the loop resistance of the line wires and the location and number of selector sets on the line. For standard circuits using No. 160 type Selector Sets with condensers in the sets, the voltage required for normal operation can be determined from the voltage line selector curves shown on page 21, figure 1. For transformer or repeating coil circuits the voltage required for normal operation can be determined from the curves shown on page 22, figures 2 or 3 . These curves show the voltage required for different length lines of No. 9 B. \& S. copper wires- 8.3 ohms per loop mile-equipped with selector sets uniformly distributed. The voltage specified for normal operation is higher than the minimum operating voltage required. This insures the operation of the selectors when the line insulation is low during wet weather and allows for a slight decrease in the potential for any reason. The potential should in no ease be allowed to decrease more than $15 \%$.

Dry cells, storage cells, a motor-generator set, or a Western Electric No. 60B Vacuum Tube Reetifier may be used for this main current source. When dry cells are used, frequent measurements should be made to determine the potential of the battery when the current is flowing under operating conditions. This is necessary because the gradual increase in internal resistance of the dry cells will lower the voltage available for operating the selectors.

## No. 60B VACUUM TUBE RECTIFIER



Open View

The No. 60B Vacuum Tube Rectifier is operated from a 110 volt, 60 cycle, alternating current source and may be used instead of dry cells, storage cells, or a motor-generator set, to furnish the main power for operating one or two selector circuits. It does away with the periodic tests of dry cells, the charging of storage cells or the continuous large power drain of the motor-generator sets.

The Rectifier consists of a fuse-and-switch block, No. 72.1 Repeating Coil, No. 1-11 Relay, eleven No. 138B Condensers, Vacuum Tube Socket for mounting the Western Electric No. 214 E Vacuum Tube, and a terminal block mounted in a black finished sheet steel box $18^{\prime \prime}$ ligh, $12^{\prime \prime}$ wide and $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ deep. It weighs approximately 60 pounds.

The 110 volt, 60 cycle, alternating current is connected through the switch block and the fuse ( 6 amperes) to the primary of the repeating coil shown below. The secondary of the repeating coil is provided with taps (terminals S1-S6) for supplying alternating eurrent of 60 to 540 volts potential in 60 volt steps to the plate circuit of the vacuum tube. To obtain these values the two flexible leads (black and green) to the No. $72 \Lambda$ Repeating Coils should be conmected to the following terminals:


The steps permit of adjusting the DC output of the rectifier to the needs of the circuit as determined from the voltage-line selector curves shown elsewhere in this catalog. The direct current voltage output of the set equals the alternating current input to the tube with a small load on terminals B1 and B2 and decreases from 10 to 3.5 per cent in proportion with a larger selector load. Under maximum load conditions, the maximum direct current output is approximately 0.300 ampere at 400 volts potential.

The tertiary winding of the repeating coil supplies current at 10 volts potential for lighting the vacuum tube filament, through the contacts of the F-11 Relay. The condensers tend to hold up the voltage of the rectified current during the interval between the rectified half-waves.



## VOLTAGE LINE SELECTOR CURVES

Fig. 1
Voltage-Line Selector Curves for No. 160 Type Selector Set

Fig. 2
Curves for No. 160 Type Selector Sets Operated through a No. 341A Transformer



Fig. 3
Voltage-Line Selector Curves for No. 160 Type Selector Sets Operated through No. 70A Repeating Coils

## Westerth Electric <br> RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

Vacuum Tube Rectifier-Battery Requirements (Continued)

The terminal block has five terminals for outside connection as follows: B1, B2 and B3 to be connected to B1, B2, B3 of one or two No. 60B Selector Apparatus Cases. One K3 to be connected to the K3 terminal of one No. 60B Selector Apparatus Case and a second K3 to be connected to the K3 terminal of the second No. 60B Selector Apparatus Case when used.

When using the No. 60B Rectifier as the line battery supply, and operating the selectors through a transformer the No. 221.JB Relay in the No. 60B Selector Apparatus Case is not required and its line contacts should be closed permanently. Also the lead to terminal K3 in the No. 60B Selector Apparatus Case should not be conneeted. This allows the condensers in the rectifier to become discharged at the end of a call and thus prevent the possibility of two preliminary pulses through the selectors on the next call.

The filament of the vacuum tube lights only when the No. F-11 Relay is energized as a selector key is operated to make a call. The filament circuit is elosed a second before calling impulses are sent out. This allows the filament to heat sufficiently to rectify a full potential impulse at the start. The average life of the No. 214E Vacuum Tube based on 200 to 300 calls per day, is approximately two years but this figure is not guaranteed. This life is with a filament current of 3.2 amperes. If the current is increased the life of the tube is shortened.

The set rectifies only when the filament of the tube is lighted. This decreases the drain on the alternating current source and lengthens the life of the tube. The drain during non-culling periods when the filament circuit is open is 8 watts and on the average selector circuit the drain is approximately 90 watts while calling. At the rate of 300 calls per day ( 8 seconds per call) the rectifier would require 250 watt-hours per day.

The No. F-11 Relay in the filament circuit is provided with two windings so that it may be operated by the selector keys of two selector circuits separately or at the same time.

## LOCAL BATTERY

The local battery at the dispatcher's station furnishes current for operating the No, 26 A and No. 221.JB Relays. Dry cells or sufficient storage cells to give a voltage of 12 or 24 volts should be used. In no case should the voltage of this battery be allowed to decrease to less than 8 volts.

## WAY STATION BATTERY

The way station battery furnishes current for operating the No. 60CG Ringer. It may consist of primary or secondary cells. The voltage of this battery should be from 3 to 5 volts. The transmitter battery of the way station telephone sets may be used as a common battery for the telephone transmitter and for the ringer of one or two selector sets.

## Operation of Selector Circuits through Transformers and Repeating Coils



No. 70A Repeating Coil


No. 341A Transformer

In many cases it is of advantage to operate train and message circuits with No. 60 type Selectors through transformers or repeating coils to:
(1) Obtain a low resistance in the simplex telegraph leg.
(2) Operate two or more simplexed selector circuits from the common battery supply.
(3) Operate one or more branch selector circuits from the main selector circuit without any metallic connection to it.
(4) Allow two selector circuits to be used as side circuits for obtaining a composited or simplexed phantom with the physical and phantom telephone and the telegraph circuits terminated at the same or different points.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

Operation of Selector Circuits Through Transformers and Repeating Coils (Continued)



Schematic of the Selector Circuit Operated through
Two No. 70A Repeating Coils in Series Aiding

## No. 341A TRANSFORMER

The No. 341A Transformer has a shell type silicon steel core elamped between angle iron brackets which also provide a mounting for the transformer and for the terminal connecting block. The transformer is approximately $6^{\prime \prime}$ long $\times 55 s^{\prime \prime}$ wide $\times 5^{3} 4^{\prime \prime}$ deep, and weighs approximately 20 pounds. It has four windings brought out to separate terminals. The primary windings (1-2 and 5-6) each have a resistance of approximately 90 ohms and the two secondary windings each have a resistance of approximately 175 ohms. The primary windings and the sceondary windings are each balanced from a resistance, inductance and capacity standpoint to within 200 crosstalk units to permit the coil to be used on simplexed telephone circuits arranged for duplex telegraph without interference from the telegraph on the side or phantom telephone circuits.

The fransformer is especially designed for repeating the low frequency ( $31 / 2$ cycles) selector impulses for long lines with a large number of selectors. The impedance at 900 cyeles of the two sceondary windings comected in series aiding is approximately 6,000 ohms, and of the two primary windings in series aiding is approximately 12,000 ohms. The loss of bridging the transformer on a line as a simplex bridge is, therefore, very small.

The loss in telephone transmission due to inserting a No. 341A Transformer in the center of a long line of No. 9 B. \& S. gauge non-loaded open copper wire is approximately 5 decibels.

## No. 70A REPEATING COIL

The No. 70A Repeating Coil is a torordal type coil mounted on a wood base. The complete coil is approximately $81 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide $\times 11^{\prime \prime}$ deep $\times 5^{\prime \prime}$ high, and weighs approximately 26 pounds.

The coil has four windings brought out to separate terminals. The two secondary windings (3-4 and 7-8) cach have a resistance of approximately 40 ohms, and the two primary windings (1-2 and 5-6) each have a resistance of approximately 45 ohms. The primary windings and the secondary windings are balanced from a resistance, inductance and capacity standpoint to within 200 crosstalk units to permit the coil to be used on simplexed telephone circuits arranged for duplex telegraph without interference from the telegraph.

The No. 70A Repeating Coil is also designed for repeating the low frequency ( $31 / 2$ cyeles) selector impulses and for telephone transmission frequencies. The loss in telephone transmission due to inserting a No. 70 A Repeating Coil in the center of a long line of No. 9 B. \&S. gauge non-loaded open copper wire is approximately $11 / 4$ decibels. The impedance at 900 cycles of either the two primary or the two secondary windings of the coil connected in series aiding is approximately 8000 ohms. The loss due to bridging the coil on the telephone line as a simplex bridge is, therefore, very small.

## TRANSFORMER AT DISPATCHER'S STATION

When the entire selector circuit is to be operated through a transformer, the No. 341A Transformer should be used and the connections should be as shown above. The telephone set should be conneeted to the line side of the transformer.

If it is desirable to talk through the transformer at the dispatcher's station and keep the transmission loss to a minimum, the No. 70.1 Repeating Coil may be used, connected as shown above.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

## Operation of Selector Circuits Through Transformers and Repeating Coils (Continued)

The capacity of the condenser shown at " C " in each case should be not less than 10 mf plus 1 mf for each selector on the circuit. A resistance of 2000 ohms (Ward-Leonard DM-2000) should be connected in parallel with the condensers to prevent oscillatory discharges of the condensers from interfering with the operation of the selectors.

When a No. 60B Rectifier is used as the battery supply with the circuit connections shown on page 24 , the contacts of the 221JB Relay in the No. 60B Selector Apparatus Case should be closed permanently and the lead to terminal K3 not connected. This allows the condensers in the rectifier set to become discharged at the end of a call and thus prevent two preliminary pulses through the selectors on the next call.

A No. 160B Condenser has been especially designed for use for the condenser at "C".
The No. 160B Condenser is a black metal box approximately $71 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ long $\mathrm{x} 6^{\prime \prime}$ wide $\times 5^{\prime \prime}$ deep, equipped with 16 No. 138B Condensers connected in parallel giving a normal capacity of 20 mf . As many of these condenser units comnected in parallel should be used as required to give the total capacity required at "C".

The voltage of the main battery required is somewhat greater when operating through a transformer than shown on page 22, Fig. 1, for a standard circuit. The curves, page 22, Fig. 2, show the normal voltage required when using the No. 341A Transformer with different length lines of No. 9 B. \& S. copper wires, 8.3 ohms per loop mile, and with selector sets uniformly distributed. Similarly, the curves, page 22, Fig. 3, show the normal voltage required when using one No. 70A Repeating Coil and when using two or three coils connected in series aiding as required.

It will be seen from the illustrations, page 22, Figs. 2 and 3, that the No. 341A Transformer is considerably more efficient than the No. 70A Repeating Coil in repeating the selector impulses to the lines. Even with very long lines only one coil will be required while with the No. 70A Coil two or three coils will be required.


Branch Line Operated Through Repeating Coil


No. 160B_Condenser

## INTERMEDIATE SIMPLEX TELEGRAPH STATION

When an intermediate simplex telegraph station is required, either the No. 341A Transformer or the No. 70A Repeating Coil may be connected in the line circuit as shown above, and the main sclector line at the dispatcher's station should be operated through a No. 341A Transformer as shown on page 24. As stated above, the No. 341A Transformer is more efficient for transmitting the selector impulses, while on the other hand it will cause more transmission loss than one or two No. 70A Repeating Coils.

## BRANCH LINE

When a branch circuit is required without any metallic connection to the main line and when the main line is not operated through a transformer, it should be connected as shown above. The capacity of the condenser at " C " should be not less than 10 mf plus 1 mf for each selector on the branch line. When the main line is operated through a transformer as shown on page 24 the primary of the No. 341A Transformer or the No. 70A Repeating Coil should be connected directly to the main line without any condensers or resistances in series. In this case, also, the No. 341A Transformer is more efficient for transmitting the selector impulses and not quite as good from the telephone transmission standpoint.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Operation of Selector Circuits Through Transformers and Repeating Coils (Continued)

## SIMPLEX BRIDGE

For a simplex bridge at the far end of a train or message line operated through a transformer, a No. 70A Repeating Coil or a No. 341 A Transformer should be connected as shown at the far end of each side circuit, note composite phantom circuit below.

When the selector circuit is not operated through a transformer at the dispatcher's station, a No. 34C Resistance connected to give 1000 to 2000 ohms should be connected between each side of the simplex coil and the line wires at both the near and far end of the line.

## COMPOSITED PHANTOM

A general arrangement for using a train and message line for side circuits of a composited phantom, to give two simplex telegraph circuits and a through telephone circuit in addition to the two selector circuits is shown below.


Composite Phantom Circuit

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

## Portable and Siding Telephone Sets

## GENERAL



No. 1330 Telephone Set

Portable and Siding telephone sets are intended for use of conductors and trainmen for calling dispatchers from various points on the railway train dispatching telephone system. The circuits of these sets are arranged similar to the telephone circuits of way stations. The sets are usually equipped with pushbuttons for use when talking. Described in detail under "Telephone Sets."

## SIDING TELEPHONE SETS

Siding telephone sets are wall type sets usually employing a head set receiver and equipped with or without a ringer or hand generator, depending upon whether one or two-way ringing service is required over the system.

## PORTABLE TELEPHONE SETS

Portable telephone sets are for use of conductors and trainmen for calling the dispatcher from any point on the train dispatehing system. These sets are equipped with hand set telephones. Line connections to the sets are usually made by means of line-poles which are furnished separately.

## Testing Equipment

## No. 60B TEST SET

The No. 60B Test Set is a small portable set suitable for testing selectors or selector sets for their electrical operation. The set consists of a relay for reversing the current through the selector, a potentiometer for varying the current through the selector, three small keys to give test conditions, a meter and a condenser, all mounted on a removable panel in a black finished sheet steel box $81 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ long, $71 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wide, and $53 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ deep. The box is equipped with a carrying handle.

The panel is arranged to mount a No. 60 type Selector Key for operating the selector under test and there is space in the bottom of the box for mounting three No. 768 Eveready batteries to be connected in series and to the B1 and B2 terminals. The complete set including batteries weighs 14 pounds.

The schematic circuit of the No. 60B Test Set is shown below.
Other test sets for various purposes can be furnished, depending upon the requirements. Refer to description of "Apparatus."



No. 60B Test Set

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## CHAPTER III

## DESCRIPTION OF APPARATUS



No. 1A Battery Box

Code No. 1A
2 A
2B

## BATTERY BOXES

The Nos. 1 and 2 Type Battery Boxes provide a neat and convenient means of mounting dry cells and protecting them from injury. They are made of sheet metal, finished with blaek japan and are lined with insulating material. Pear-shaped mounting slots are provided to facilitate mounting the boxes on vertical surfaces, and for readily removing them. This permits of their being located at the sides of or under desks, and in other places where they will be out of the way and yet be accessible and adjacent to the telephone or apparatus to which they are connected.

| Code | Dry Cell | Dimensions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. | Capacity | Ins. |
| 1A | 3 No. 6 cells | $31 / 1 \times 715 / 32 \times 97 / 16$ |
| $2 \Lambda$ | 4 No. 6 cells | $31 / 4 \times 73 \times 12 \% /-37 / 3 \times 73 / 8 \times 1219 / 64$ |
| 2B | 9 No. 6 cells | $523 \times 792 \times 76 \times 145 / 32$ |

## BELLS

Capacity
3 No. 6 cells
9 No. 6 cells
$31 / 4 \times 73 / 8 \times 12 \%-37 / 32 \times 73 / 8 \times 1219 / 6$
$523 / \sqrt{2} \times 79 / 16 \times 145 / 32$

No. 127 Type



No. 101402 Bell


No. 392 Type Loud Ringing Extension Bell

## Extension Type

These extension bells consist of a ringer mounted in an oak box with exposed gongs. The approximate overall dimensions are $61 / 2$ inches wide by $57 / 8$ inches high by $47 / 8$ inches deep. The standard finish is golden oak.

The Nos. 127 E, F and G Extension Bells will operate on telephone ringing current.
The No. 127H Extension Bell has a split wound ringer for use on simplex circuits. This ringer also performs the function of a split retardation coil for such services.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Bells (Continued)

The No. 127J Extension Bell contains a direct current type of ringer to operate from one or two dry cells for use in connection with selector apparatus equipment.

If different tone gongs are required, the extension bells should be ordered in accordance with D specifications as shown below opposite the code number listings. For example, if the No. 127E Extension Bell is required equipped with a No. 3 cow gong, order as follows: No. 127E Extension Bell D-5979.

Special Gongs (See note above)

| Code No. |  | Ringer No. | Resistance Ohms | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gong } \\ \text { No. } \end{gathered}$ | No. 21 Sleigh Gong | No. 3 Cow Gong | No. 10 Te Gong |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 127 E | Ext. Bell | 38.10 | 1020 | 26 A | D-25816 | D-5979 | D-19344 |
| 127F | Ext. Bell | 38BC: | 2500 | 26A | D-5980 | D-7000 | D-7009 |
| 127G | Ext. Bell | 38FG | 1620 | 26.1 |  |  |  |
| 127H | Ext. Bell | 43NG | 88 | 26 A |  |  |  |
| 127 J | Ext. Bell | 60 CG | .... | 26 A -( | quipped with a | 21 BA Con |  |

## BELLS-LOUD RINGING EXTENSION TYPES

These bells are equipped with galvanized gongs and with a black finished metal base. The cover is moisture proofed.

Code No.
392A Subscriber Set
392B Subseriber Set
392E Subseriber Set

BELLS-LOUD RINGING EXTENSION TYPES-WITH BACKBOARD
Code No.
342J Sub. Set 342K Sub. Set

Ext. Bell No.
No. 392A Sub. Set
No. 392B Sub. Set

Resistance
1000 ohms 2500 ohms

Backboard No.
152 A (replaces 149A)
152 A (replaces 149A)

## BELLS-VIBRATING TYPES

These are loud ringing vibrating bells for operation on direct current. The No. 101403 Bell differs from the No. 101402 Type in that it is equipped with an armature contact for operating a drop.

|  | Resistance | Diameter of | Used with Selector |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| List No. | Ohms | Gong | Sets |
| 101402 | 1100 | 4 in. | No. 101A, No. 101B |
| 101403 | 1100 | 4 in. | No. 101A, No. 101B |
| 101404 | 5.3 | 4 in. | No. 102A, No. 102B |

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

 BINDING POSTS

No. 1A
For Telephones


No. 2A


No. P-121382

No. 16A

No. 29A

No. 30A

No. 33D

No. 37A


No. 44A

| Code No. | Description | Finish |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 A | Thumbscrew connections, no soldering terminals | Brass |
| 2A | Lock nut connections, one back soldering terminal | Nickel |
| 2 C | Similar to No. 2A but with wing nut instead of lock | Nickel |
| 2 E | Lock nut connections, one front soldering terminal | Brass |
| 3A | Lock nut connections, one back soldering terminal. . . . . . . . | Nicke! |
| 3 B | Wing nut connection; used in 1314A Telephone Set. Screw Mounting | Nickel |
| 3 C | Wing nut connections; one back soldering terminal; used on the No. 1017 Test Set. Screw Mounting | Nickel |
| 16A | To take one tubular tip . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Nickel |
| 20A | Serew connections, one front soldering terminal. . . . . . . | Nickel |
| 29A | Used in No. 8 and No. 14 Cable Terminals when the original binding posts break off above the lower For 10-32 thread only. | Tinned |
| 30A | Screw connection, one soldering term | Tinned |
| 33 D | Insulated Binding Post, arranged to mount on $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ panel | Black |
| 37A | Line Type for miscellancous uses.... . . . . . . . . . . . . | Brass |
| 44A | Wing nut connections, one front soldering terminal | Nickel |
| P-121382 | Line Type for miscellaneous uses | Tinned |
| 9 | Cord fastener, Line Type for misceilaneous uses | Tinned |

## TERMINAL PUNCHINGS


Code No
3
3
6
8
9
13 A
$13 B$
14
$15 A$
$17 A$
$21 A$

Material
Nickel, silver
Brass, tinned ends
Brass, tinned ends
Brass, tinned ends
Brass, dip tin finish
Brass, dip tin finish
Brass, one end tinned
Brass, tinned ends
Brass, tinned ends
Brass, dip tin finish

Use
On fuse posts and fuse blocks
For the ground side of ringing leads
On double sided connecting racks
On No. 10 switchboards
()n double sided connecting racks

Similar to No. $13 A$, except $15^{\prime \prime}$ shorter
For serew connection on one end
()n one sided connecting racks

On induction coils and telephone coils
On repeating coils, induction coils, and retardation coil


## CABLES (INTERIOR) FOR WAY STATIONS

The following list of interior way station cables have tinned black enameled single silk served and cotton braided conductors and waxed cores and are covered with a cotton braid which is impregnated with fire proofing paint.

| Code No. | No. of Conductors | B. \& S. Gruge | Diameter |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1450 | 6 | No. 20 | 19 |
| 1451 | 12 | No. 20 | $19 G^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 1453 | 22 | No. 20 | $31 / 60^{\prime \prime}$ |

Note: For a general line of textile insulated cables see Telephone Apparatus and Cable Catalog.

## CABLES-LEAD COVERED AND SUBMARINE

Lead covered cables for aerial and underground use, also for submarine purposes are available. For further information refer to delalled description of these cables in Telephone Apparatus and Cable Catalog.

## EMERGENCY CABLES-"CIRCULAR LOOM"

These are emergency cables adapted for use in case of breaks in the telephone lines. The cables can be strung on poles, laid ${ }^{*}$ on the ground or through water and are easily handled as they are furnished on reels which are provided with stands for unwinding.

These circular loom cables are furnished with No. 19 B. \& S. gauge and No. 14 B. \& S. gauge solid copper wire as follows:
Description
CL Emergency Cable
CL Bridle Cable
$\left\{\begin{array}{rr}\text { Size } & \text { Lengths } \\ 7 \text { quads } & 1000 \text { foot } \\ 19 \text { quads } & 500 \text { foot } \\ 3 \text { quads } & \text { As desired } \\ 5 \text { quads } & \text { As desired }\end{array}\right.$

## TYPE "B" CABLE TERMINALS

The B26 (able Terminal will terminate both a 26 pair underground cable and a 26 pair aerial cable and provides for cros. connection. The other sizes have similar capacity ratings.

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Code | Capacity | Cable |
| No. | Pairs | Terminal |
| B26 | 26 | Box No. |
| B51 | 51 | B26 |



TYPE "BB" CABLE TERMINALS
This type Cable Terminal was designed |for use in crossconnecting long sections of aerial cable or at points where aerial cables branch. A splicing chamber is provided at the bottom of the box for housing splices.

| Code | Capacity | Cable Terminal | Binding |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| No. |  | Box No. | Left Side | Right Side |
| BB26 | 26 | BB26 | 1-B26A | 1-BB26A |
| BB51 | 51 | BB51 | $1-\mathrm{B} 51 \mathrm{~A}$ | 1-BB51A |
| BB76 | 76 | BB76 | 1-B76A | $1-\mathrm{BB} 76 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| BB101 | 101 | BB101 | 1-B101A | $1-\mathrm{BB} 101 \mathrm{~A}$ |
| BB152 | 152 | BB152 | 2-B76B | 2-BB76B |
| BB202 | 202 | BB202 | 2-B101B | 2-BB101B |
| BB304 | 304 | BB304 | $2-\mathrm{B76B}$ | 2-BB76B |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{2-\mathrm{B} 101 \mathrm{~B}}^{2-8}$ | ${ }_{2-\mathrm{BB} 101 \mathrm{~B}}^{\text {2-BB76C }}$ |
| BB404 | 404 | BB404 | 2-B101C | 2-BB101C |

## TYPE "C" CABLE TERMINALS

The "C" Type Cable Terminal was designed for terminating ead covered cables and is provided with a cable stub which i attached to a terminal plate and sealed with compound. It is equipped with a cast iron mounting bracket arranged to mount with four serews.

*Note: Two C16 Cable Terminals replace one No. 8D.
**Note: Two C26 Cable Terminals replace one No. 8E.

## No. 14 TYPE CABLE TERMINAL (Unprotected)

This terminal consists of a cast iron box with hinged cover, containing a porcelain terminal block with binding post for line connection. The back of the box is designed to permit mounting it on either a flat surface or a pole, by means of four screws.

The cover is arranged for charting the pairs on the inner surface.
This cable terminal can be ordered equipped with a $51 / 2,8,10$ or 12 ft . cable stub, as required. This stub will enter from the top, unless otherwise specified.

| Code | Capacity | Length | Width of Cover |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Pairs | Including Nipples | Inches |
| 14B | 11 | 103/22 | 71/2 |
| 14 C | 16 | $12^{21 / 32}$ | $915 / 16$ |
| 14D | 26 | $1723 / 32$ | $141 / 2$ |

No. 18 TYPE CABLE TERMINALS (with Protectors)
This is a protected terminal for open wire distribution from underground or aerial cable. It is enclosed in a round black finished iron cover approximately $89 / 16$ inches in diameter. The cover is equipped with a spring to hold it when raised to the top of the terminal and a safety chain fastening it to the base. The base is slotted at the back making the terminal suitable for either wall or pole mounting. Both cover and base are galvanized.

Terminals are equipped with:
No. 7A Fuses ( 7 ampere unless otherwise specified)
No. 1 Protector Blocks
No. 2 Protector Blocks
No. 3 Protector Micas

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Cable Terminals (Continued)

A six-foot No. 22 B. \& S. gauge cable stub is standard, and will be furnished attached to assembled terminal unless otherwise ordered.

| Code | Capacity | Length, | Code | Capacity | Length, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Pairs | Inches | No. | Pairs | Inches |
| 18A | 10 | $199 / 2$ | 18 D | 30 | $331 / 2$ |
| 18B | 15 | $221 / 22$ | 18 E | 50 | $46^{25 / 2}$ |
| 18C | 25 | $28 \frac{9}{32}$ | 18 F | $53^{21 / 23}$ |  |

No. 12 TYPE CABLE TERMINALS (Unprotected)
The No. 12 Type Cable Terminal is for interior distribution, and consists of a wooden base and a black finished metal cover. They are equipped with terminals having soldering connections at one end and screw connections at the other. Cable forms may be brought in from cither end.

| Code | Capacity |  | sions, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Pairs | Length | Width | Depth |
| 12A | 13 | $11^{15} / 16$ | 41/6 | $113 / 16$ |
| 12B | 23 | 1115/16 | 41/16 | 21315 |
| 12C | 33 | $11^{15 / 16}$ | 41/66 | $3^{19} 16$ |

## NO. 2B CIRCUIT BREAKER

The No. 2B Circuit Breaker is an overload circuit breaker, designed for use in the main battery circuit of train dispatching lines to protect the relays and associated apparatus from excess currents, due to short circuits. It consists of a coil, armature and circuit breaker arm mounted on a black phenol fibre base, the overall dimensions being approximately $334^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$, and extending out from the wall approximately $4^{\prime \prime}$, when the arm is in the open or operating position. The resistance of the circuit breaker is 2 ohms and it is normally adjusted to operate on 0.6 ampere and not to operate on 0.4 amperc. These values can be increased or decreased by adjusting the air gap between the armature and the magnet by means of a knurled nut at the extreme end of the magnet. The best setting for the circuit breaker will depend somewhat on the local conditions for each installation.

The No. 2B Circuit Breaker is similar to the No. 2A Circuit Breaker formerly furnished except that it has a black phenol fibre base instead of a slate base, coin silver contacts instead of platinum contacts, and is equipped with alarm contacts.


| Replacement Parts |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2B |  |  | 2B |
| Circuit |  |  | Circuit |
| Breaker | Letter | Subject | Breaker |
| P-95346 |  |  | * P-95326 |
| P-227865 | N | Armature | P-95327 |
| P-229128 | 0 | Coil | P-95316 |
| P-228895 | P | Adjusting Bracket | P-95330 |
| P-95320 | Q | Adjusting Nut | P-95333 |
| P-95336 | R | Tension Bracket | P-95331 |
| P-95337 | S | Bracket Screw | P-95832 |
| P-95335 | T | Alarm Stud | P-227868 |
| P-95334 |  |  |  |
| P-132717 |  | Spring Pileup |  |
| * $\mathrm{P}^{\text {P227867 }}$ |  | Screw | P-139981 |
| P-95338 |  | Insulator | P-133451 |
| P-95339 |  | Clamping Plate | P-107040 |
| P-95340 |  | Busbing | P-18549 |
| P-95321 |  | Upper Contact Spring | P-166669 |
| P-95322 |  | Lower Contact Spring | P-148240 |

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS CONDENSERS



CONDENSERS-UNMOUNTED TYPE

|  | Rated |  |  |  | Rated |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code No. | Capacity <br> Mierofarads | Tested On Voltage | Use | Code No. | Capacity Microfarads | Tested On Voltage | Use |
| 31A | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 0.05 \\ 0.05 \end{array}\right\}$ | 500 D.C. | General | 181A | $1\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Min. } \\ \text { Max. } 1.15 \\ \text { 相 }\end{array}\right\}$ | 2000 D.C. | Railway (Replaces 21 CB ) |

## CONDENSERS-MOUNTED TYPE

The following condensers are composed of standard units mounted upon wooden bases as illustrated. The No. 33 Type mounts on a coil rack. These condensers are tested to 500 volts, direct current, except Nos. 33BJ and 33BS, which are tested to 1000 volts alternating current.

| Code No. | Condensers Used | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rated } \\ & \text { Capacity } \\ & \text { Each } \end{aligned}$ | Overall Dimensions (Inches) | Code No. | Condensers Used | Rated Capacity Each | Overall <br> Dimensions <br> (Inches) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 33A | 2 No. 21L | 2 (ea.) | $1034 \times 17 / 8 \times 23 / 8$ | 33G | 2 No. 21AD | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1.0 \\ 10\end{array}\right\}$ (ea | $103 / 4 \times 17 / 8 \times 23 / 8$ |
| 33B | 1 No. 21L | 2 | $10^{3} / 4 \times 17 / 8 \times 23 / 8$ |  | 4 No. 21L |  |  |
| 33 C | 2 No. 21BW | 1 (ea.) | $103 / 4 \times 17 / 8 \times 111 / 16$ | 33L | 2 No. 214 AS | 0.5 (ea.) | $10 \%$ x $17 / 8 \times 1$ |
| 33 D | 1 No. 21BW | 1 | $10^{3 / 4} \times 17 / 8 \times 111 / 16$ |  | (1 No. 138. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ ) |  |  |
| 33 E | 2 No. 21 N | 0.5 \& 1.0(ea.) | $103 / 4 \times 17 / 8 \times 15 / 8$ | 128BA | 1 No. 27B | 1 Max. 1.25\} | $67 / 8 \times 17 / 8 \times 2$ |
| 33 F | 1 No. 21 AS | 0.5 | $103 / 4 \times 17 / 8 \times 15 / 16$ |  | Bracket |  |  |

The overall dimensions of the mounted condensers listed below are the same as those given for the No. 33E Condenser. Each condenser is wired to two separate terminals on one end of the base.

| Code No. | CondensersUsed | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Capacity-M.F. } \\ & \text { Each Unit } \end{aligned}$ |  | Code No. | Condensers Used | Capacity-M.F. Each Unit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Maximum |  |  |  | axim |
| *33BJ | 2 No. 138QA | 1.07 | 1.09 | 33QD | $2 \mathrm{No} .21 Q \mathrm{D}$ | 2.10 | 2.14 |
|  | 2 No. 27 B Brackets |  |  | 33QE | 2 No. 21 QE | 2.12 | 2.16 |
| **33BS | $4 \text { No. 138QA }$ | 1.07 | 1.09 |  | es No. 33 J | , ${ }^{\text {r }}$ |  |

RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS
Condensers (Continued)-Mounting Plate Type


The following condensers are for use on relay type mounting plates:
The No. 138 Type Condensers require No. 24 Type Brackets when mounted in place of No. 57 Type Condensers, and No. 27A Brackets when mounted in place of the No. 21AA Condenser. Furnished with two nuts and washers for mounting. Arranged to mount on $1^{3 / 4} 4^{\prime \prime}$ vertical and horizontal centers on mounting plates. Safe continuously applied voltage either DC or effective AC at 60 cycles or less and of an approximate sine wave, is 300 volts.

The No. 139 Type Condensers require No. 24 Type Brackets when mounted in place of No, 57 or similar Type Condensers. Furnished with two nuts and washers for mounting. Arranged to mount on $1^{\prime \prime}$ horizontal and $134^{\prime \prime}$ vertical centers. Safe continuously applied voltage, 200 DC or 180 effective AC at 60 cycles or less and of an approximate sine wave.

The No. 141 Type Condensers requirc No. 24 Type Brackets when mounted in place of No. 57 or similar Type Condensers. Arranged to mount on $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ horizontal and $13 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ vertical centers. Furnished with two nuts and washers for mounting. Safe contimuously applied voltage 200 DC or 180 effective AC at 60 cycles or less and of an approximate sine wave.

If the No. 141H Condenser must fill the space of the No. 21 Type Condensers, order should specify P-409556 Adapter.

If the No. 141 QF Condenser must mount in the same position as the No. 21AM Condenser, order should speciiy two P-127145 Adapters.

The No. 142 Type Condensers require one No. 27A Bracket when mounted in place of the No. 21 or similar Type Condensers. Arranged to mount on $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ horizontal and $13 / /^{\prime \prime}$ vertical centers. Furnished with two nuts and washers for mounting. Safe continuously applied voltage, either DC or effective AC at 60 cycles or less and of an approximate sine wave, is 300 volts.
 off or across two separate transmission circuits and
separate units will be detrimental to transmission.

## CONDENSERS-CABINET TYPE

## Code No. 160B

Description
Consists of 16 No. 130 AB Condensers mounted in a steel cabinet. Overall dimensions including mounting lugs, $81^{1 /}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ long $\times 6 \frac{1 / 4}{1 \prime \prime}$ wide $\times 5^{\prime \prime}$ deep. Has a capacity of $20 \mathrm{M} . \mathrm{F}$. For illustration, see above.

Use
In A.C. Train Dispatching Circuits when selectors are operated through a transformer or repeating coil and are connected in series with the primary winding of the repeating coil. Replaces the No. 160A Condenser.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

Condensers (Continued)-Unmounted

These condensers are of the tinfoil and paper type. The paper dielectric used in separating the tinfoil plates is prepared under rigid specifications from specially selected stock and its high and uniform quality contributes materially to the excellence of the product obtained.


Fig. 1
Bent Terminals


Fig. 2
Straight Terminals

No. 21 Type

| Code | Capacity | Fig. | Dimensions, Inches |  |  |  | Voltage |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |

The Nos. 147 and 149 Type Condensers are equipped with mounting tabs at lower edge of condenser and may be mounted by means of this tab and a mounting strap.

Safe continuously applied voltage either DC or effective AC at 60 cyeles or less and of an approximate sine wave, is 180 volts.

If No. 147 Type Condenser when substituted must fill space of No. 21 Type, order should specify P-409555 Adapter, and for the No. 149 Type Condenser, specify P-409556 Adapter.

"Values stamped at "A" are measured between terminals 1 and 2 , values stamped at " B " are measured between terminals 1 and 3 .

| Code | Capseity M.F. |  |  |  | Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stamped On <br> No. | Max. | Condenser | Min. | Tested On | Used in Sets |
| 149A | 1.25 | 1. | 1.0 |  | 500 D.C. | | General, 502, 1311A, 131, 1314, 1330, 1331, 1332 |
| :---: |
| Sets. Replaces Nos. 21F, K, W and BW Condensers |

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

## CONDENSER MOUNTINGS

## Condenser Adapters

P-127145 Galvanized iron, overall dimensions $11 / 52^{\prime \prime} \times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$.
P-409555-Wood, overall dimensions 47/6" $\times 111 / 6^{\prime \prime}$.
P-409556-Wood, overall dimensions $47 / 66^{\prime \prime} \times 11 / 15^{\prime \prime}$.

## Condenser Brackets



## Condenser Straps

P-43065-A straight galvanized iron strap, overall dimensions $415 / 6^{\prime \prime} \times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$.
P-43121-A galvanized iron clamp, overall dimensions $55 / 66^{\prime \prime} \times 9 / 6^{\prime \prime}$.
P-49022-A straight galvanized iron strap for mounting two condensers, overall dimensions $95 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## CONNECTING BLOCKS AND BRIDGING CONNECTORS



No. 1A


No. 11A




No. 30A


No. 12E

## CONNECTING BLOCKS

| Code | No. of |  | Size of Base, Inches |  | Material |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Connectors | Type of Connector |  | Tength | Width | Thickness |

The No. 11 B Connecting Block is the same as the No. 11A, except that it is equipped with a black finished metal cover.

| 12 E | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12 F |  |\(\quad\left\{\begin{array}{c}Two screw terminals on each con- <br>

nector electrically connected. <br>

Equipped with Cord Fasteners.\end{array}\right\}\)| $111 / 16$ | $15 / 32$ |
| :--- | :--- |

The No. 12E Connecting Block is the same as the No. 12F, except that it is equipped with a black finished metal cover.

| 30A | 12 | (Consists of sets of binding posts) | 43/16 | $11 / 2$ | 1/2 | Composition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 B | 22 | molded into the block arranged | $75 / 16$ | $11 / 2$ | $1 / 2$ | Composition |
| 30C | 32 | in $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ centers in two rows, $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 10716 | $11 / 2$ | $1 / 2$ | Composition |
| 30D | 52 | apart and staggered | $16^{11 / 16}$ | $11 / 2$ | 1/2 | Composition |

The No. 30 Type Connecting Blocks are equipped with nuts and washers for connecting distributing wires.
$\left.\begin{array}{ll|l|l|l|l}\text { 31A } & 12 & \text { Fach connector has one lock nut } \\ \text { 31B } & 22 & \text { binding post and one soldering } & 43 / 16 & 11 / 2 & 1 / 2\end{array}\right)$

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

CORDS


No. 541 Cord
Note: The length of receiver, desk stand and transmitter arm cord is measured between the points where the conductors emerge from the external braiding.

## Desk Stand and Transmitter Arm Connecting Cords

| Cord Tips |  |  |  |  | Tracer Colors | Standard Length | Desk Stand Used |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code No. | Type and Covering | Conduetors | Trans. or Rec. End | Set End |  |  |  | with Transmitter Arm |
| 409 | Moisture-proofed | 3 | 103 | 103 | Red. Yellow, Green | $6{ }^{\prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1020 \mathrm{AB}, 1120 \mathrm{AB} \\ & 1042 \mathrm{AB} \& 1142 \mathrm{AB} \end{aligned}$ | 1048DA, DB, DC \& DD, $1148 \mathrm{DA}, \mathrm{DB}$, DC \& DD, 1020C \& 1120 C |
| 416 | Moisture-proofed | 1 | 103 | 103 | Red, Green, Blue, Yellow | $6^{\prime}$ | 1020BR \& 1042BR | 1048GA, GB, GC \& GD |
| 423 | Moisture-proofed | 1 | 61 | 103 | Maroon | $91 / 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $1020 \& 1042 \mathrm{BR}$ | 1048 \& 1148 Type |
| 426 | Moisture-proofed | 1 | 98 | 103 | Yellow | $97 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1020 \mathrm{AB} \& \mathrm{BR}, \\ & 1120 \mathrm{AB}, 1042 \mathrm{AB} \\ & \& \text { BR\& } 1142 \mathrm{AB} \\ & \text { (Replaces } 330 \mathrm{cord} \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ | 1020 C \& E, 1120 C , 1048DA, DB, DC \& DD, $1148 \mathrm{DA}, \mathrm{DB}$, DC \& DD |
| 427 | Moisture-proofed | 1 | 98 | 103 | Black | $97 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1020 \mathrm{AB} \& \mathrm{BR}, \\ & 1042 \mathrm{AB} \& \mathrm{BR} \& \\ & 1120 \mathrm{AB} \& 1142 \mathrm{AB} \end{aligned}$ | $1048 \mathrm{DA}, \mathrm{DB}, \mathrm{DC}$ \& DD, $1020 \mathrm{E}, 1148 \mathrm{DA}$, DB, DC \& DD |
| 541 | Water-proofed | 3 | 105 | 105 | Red, Yellow, Green | $5^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | 1020 \& 1042 Type | 1048 \& 1148 Type |
| 550 | Tinsel Silk | 3 | 103 | 103 | Red, Yellow, | $5^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $1020 \mathrm{AL}, 1040 \mathrm{AL}$ | 1020 CC |
| 554 | Moisture-proofed | 2 | 69 | 103 | White, Green | $2^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1020 \mathrm{AB} \& \mathrm{BR}, \\ & 1042 \mathrm{AB} \& \mathrm{BR}, \\ & 1120 \mathrm{AB} \& 1142 \mathrm{AB} \end{aligned}$ | $1048 \mathrm{DA}, \mathrm{DB}, \mathrm{DC}$ \& DD, ${ }^{1148 D A, ~ D B, ~}$ DC \& DD using No. 186 \& 189 Receivers, 1020 C \& 1120 C |
| 571 | Tinsel Silk | 2 | 69 | 103 | White, Red | $5^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | 1020 or 1040 Type (using 190 Receiver) |  |
| 450 | Combination cord T1A Cords, $97 / 5$ in | use wit s. | 1020AL | d 10 | OAL Desk Stand | onsists of | of 550 cord $51 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. R2A | Cord 21/2 ft ., and two |

The following are new coded type cords. The first letter of the code number indicates the type of apparatus with which the cord is used and the middle number represents the number of conductors in the cord. For example, D4E is a desk stand cord having 4 conductors.

|  |  |  | Cord Tips |  | Tracer Colors | Standard Length | Desk Stand Used wi |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code No. | Type and Covering | Conductors | Trans. or Rec. End | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Set } \\ & \text { End } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | with Transmitter |  |
| D3A | Moisture-proofed | 3 | .. | 103 | Green, Red, Yellow | $5^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | 1020AL |  |  |
| D3D | Moisture-proofed | 3 | .. | 103 | Green, Red, Yellow | $6^{\prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1020 \mathrm{AB}, 1042 \mathrm{AB}, \\ & 1120 \mathrm{AL} \& 1220 \mathrm{PC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1020 \mathrm{C},{ }^{1120 \mathrm{C}}, \end{gathered}$ | and |
| D4E | Moisture-proofed | 4 | 103 | 103 | Green, Red, Yellow, Blue | $5^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | 1020 U \& 1040 U (Replaces 365 Cord) |  |  |
| D4G | Moisture-proofed | 4 | 103 | 103 | Green, Red, Yellow, Blue | 6 ' | 1020 BR \& 1042BR | 1020E |  |
| R2A | Tinsel Silk | 2 | 103 | 103 | Green, White | $2^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | 20 \& 40 Types (Replaces 549 Cord) | 1020 CC |  |
| R2U | Moisture-proofed | 2 | 69 | 103 | Green, White | $2^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1020 \mathrm{AB}, 1042 \mathrm{AB}, \\ & 1020 \mathrm{BR}, 1120 \mathrm{AB}, \\ & 1142 \mathrm{AB} \& 1042 \mathrm{BR} \end{aligned}$ | $1020 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{E}$, | 1120 C |
| R2Y | Tinsel Silk | 2 | 103 | 103 | Green, Red | $26^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1020 \mathrm{U} \& 1040 \mathrm{U} \\ & \text { (Replaces } 412 \text { Cord) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| T1A | Moisture-proofed | 1 | 98 | 103 | Yellow | $1 '$ | 1020U \& 1040 U (Replaces 547 Cord) | 1020CC |  |

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Telephone Set Cords (Continued)



No. 422 Cord

Note: The length of receiver, desk stand and transmitter arm cord is measured between the points where the conductors emerge from the external braiding.

## Wall Telephone Transmitter and Receiver Cords

| Cord Tips |  |  |  |  | Tracer Colors | Standard Length | Used with Telephone Sets |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code <br> No. | Type and Covering | Conduetors | Trans. or Rec. End | Set <br> End |  |  |  |
| 329 | Tinsel Silk | 1 | 98 | 103 | Brown | $978^{\prime \prime} 1$ | 1293 Type |
| 384 | Water-prooled | 2 | 105 | 105 | White, Green | $101 / 2^{\prime \prime} 1$ | 1336 F \& H, 1314A |
| 385 | Water-proofed | 1 | 36 | 105 | Black | $7^{\prime \prime} \quad 1$ | 1336 F \& H, 1305AC |
| 422 | Water-proofed | 3 | 62 | 62 | Yellow, Red, Green | $6^{\prime} \quad 12$ | 1278G \& H (for hand set) |
| 446 | Moisture-proofed | 2 | 29 \& 76 | 103 | White, Green | $101 /{ }^{\prime \prime} 1$ | 1317 W \& AD, 1305AC, 1293AD \& AK |
| 521 | Tinsel Worsted | 2 | 105 | 105 | White, Green | $2^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime} \quad 1$ | 1312A, $1317 \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{AH}, \mathrm{BK}, \mathrm{CN}, \mathrm{CR}, \mathrm{CP}$, CS \& CG |
| 540 | Stranded Cotton | 1 |  |  | Brown | $5^{\prime \prime} \quad 1$ | 1317 Types, 1336 F \& H, 1330 E \& F Battery Cord |
| 546 | M oisture-Proofed | 2 | 69 | 103 | White, Green | $2^{\prime} \quad 1$ | 1317 Type, 1293AE \& AL with 186 Receiver |
| T1A | M oisture-proofed | 1 | 98 | 103 | Yellow | $97 / 3^{\prime \prime} 1$ | 1375B \& 1398A (Replaces 547 Cord) |

Portable Telephone, Test Set and Hand Set Cords

| Cord Tips |  |  |  |  | Tracer Colors | Standard Length |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code No. | Type and Covering | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Conduc- } \\ & \text { tors } \end{aligned}$ | Rec. End | Set |  |  | Used with Telephone Sets |
| 243 | Tinsel Cotton | 1 | 103 | 103 | Brown | $8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 1375 B \& 1398A with 1001H Hand Sets |
| 366 | Water-proofed | 3 | 105 | 105 | Red, Yellow, Green | $6^{\prime}$ | 1330, $1331 \& 1332$ Types with 1001C Hand Set |
| 384 | Water-proofed | 2 | 105 | 105 | Green, White | 101/2" | 1336 F \& H, 1314 A |
| 422 | Water-proofed | 3 | 62 | 62 | Yellow, Red, Green | $6^{\prime}$ | 1278G \& H with 1001F Hand Set |
| 509 | Water-proofed | 2 | 105 | 22 | Black | $6^{\prime}$ | 1330 \& 1331 Types, using 146 Plug |
| 523 | Water-proofed | 2 | 30 | 30 | Red, White | $2^{\prime}$ | $1017 \mathrm{~B}, \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{E}$ and 1006D Teat Sets |
| 537 | Water-prooted | 2 | 30 | 30 | Red, White | $4^{\prime}$ | 19A Test Set |
| 545 | Tinsel Silk | 2 | 104 | 103 | Green, Red | $6^{\prime}$ | Portable Telephone with 148 Plug |
| 572 | Water-proofed | 2 | 78 | 30 | White, Red | $2^{\prime}$ | 1017 Test Set with 515 Receiver |
| 574 | Water-proofed | 1 | 105 | Spreial | Black | $5^{\prime}$ | 1375B, 1398A using 1001A Hand Set |
| M1A | Water-proofed | 1 | Special | 22 | Black | $100^{\prime}$ N | No. 4 Line Pole |
| M2J | Water-proofed | 2 | 62 | 22 | Black | $100^{\prime}$ | No. 3 Line Pole |
| M2K | Water-proofed | 2 | 62 | 22 | Black | $100^{\prime}$ | No. 5 Line Pole |

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Cords (Continued)



Note: The length of receiver, desk stand and transmitter arm cord is measured between the points where the conductors emerge from the external hraiding.

## Dispatchers' and Operators' Head Set Receiver Cords

|  |  |  |  | Tips |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code No. | Type and Covering | Conduetors | Trans. or Rec. End | Set or Plug End | Standard Length | Used with |
| 363 | Tinsel Cotton | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 29,106 \\ \& 98 \end{gathered}$ | 104 | 6 | 137 Plug on 147W or 153W Double Head Receiver and 283 W or 386 Transmitter, series connection (see 566) |
| 364 | Tinsel Silk | 2 | 29 | 103 | $6^{\prime}$ | 147 W Double Head Receivers in series, and 20 or 40 Type Desk Stand |
| 375 | Moisture-proofed | 4 | 29 \& 98 | 104 | $6^{\prime}$ | 137 Plug for dispatchers head receiver and chest transmitter (see 565) |
| 565 | Moisture-proofed | 4 | 69 \& 98 | 104 | $5^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | 137 Plug for dispatchers head receiver and chest transmitter where 189 receiver is used (see 375) |
| 566 | Moisture-proofed | 4 | 69 \& 98 | 104 | $5^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | 137 Plug on 190 Receiver and 283W Tranamitter, 1010A Head Set and 386 Transmitter (series connection; see 363) |
| L2B | M oisture-proofed | 2 | 69 | 104 \& 77 | $5^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | 189 or similar type receiver |
| L2C | Moisture-proofed | 2 | *98 | 104 \& 77 | $5^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | 386 or similar type transmitter |
| L6A | Tinsel Silk | 6 | 29 \& 98 | 38 \& 104 | $6^{\prime}$ | Operators parallel double head receiver and breast transmitter |

## Test Board and Switchboard Patching Cords

| Cord Tips |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code <br> No. | Type and Covering | Conduetors | Rec. <br> End | Set <br> End | Standard Length | Used with |
| *513 | Moisture-proofed | 1 | - | 103 | $2 '$ | 116 Plug with test boards. |
| *519 | Moisture-proofed | 1 | - | 103 | $3{ }^{\prime}$ | 116 Plug with Test Board 2A, 2B and 3A |
| 525 | Tinsel Cotton | 2 | - | - | $3^{\prime}$ | Double conductor patehing cord with W. U. 3A Plug |
| 526 | Tinsel Cotton | 2 | - | - | 5 | For joining two duplex sets terminated at switehboard jack for use as a repeater |
| 527 | Tinsel Cotton | 2 | - | - | $3{ }^{\prime}$ | "Y" patching cord to connect two loops or sets to one looping jack or to transfer a group of loops or sets from one eircuit to another |
| 537 | Water-proofed | 2 | 30 | 30 | $4^{\prime}$ | 19A Test Set using receiver |
| 584 | Water-proofed | 2 | 80 | 30 | $4^{\prime} 3^{\prime \prime}$ | Two 528 Receivers on 19A Test Set |
| 736 | Water-proofed | 2 | 62 | 62 \& 27 | 6 | 17 type Test Sets |
| 747 | Water-proofed | 2 | 80 | 30 | $4^{\prime}$ | 19 C Test Set for receiver. (528) |
| P1A | Moisture-proofed | 1 | 75 | 75 | 2 | 116 Plug for switchboard patching. (Replaces 510) |
| P1B | Moisture-proofed | 1 | 104 | 104 | $2 '$ | 47 Plug for switchboard patching. Tip connection only (Replaces 637) |
| P2A | Moisture-proofed | 2 | 104 | 104 | 3 ' | 47 Plug for switchboard patching. (Replaces 516) |
| P2B | Moisture-proofed | 2 | $\begin{gathered} 101 \& \\ 102 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 101 \& \\ 102 \end{gathered}$ | $3^{\prime}$ | 110 Plug for switchboard patching. (Replaces 515) |
| S1A | Moisture-proofed | 1 | 75 | $93 \& 45$ | $6^{\prime} 3^{\prime \prime}$ | 116 Plug for switchboard. (Replaces 511) |
| SIB | Moisture-proofed | 1 | 102 | 93\&45 | $6^{\prime} 3^{\prime \prime}$ | 110 Plug for switchboard. Tip connection only. (Replaces 723) |

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS CORD TIPS

All cord tips are made of brass


No. 22
Tinned

No. 29
Nickel Plated


$\xrightarrow{\text { No. } 47}$
Tinned

No. 55
Tinned
Tinned

No. 37
kel Plated


$\xrightarrow[\text { Nickel Plated }]{\text { No. } 61}$
(3)

No. 70
Tinned


$\underset{\text { Nickel Plated }}{\text { No }}$

$\xrightarrow{\text { No. } 74}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { No. } 75 \\
\text { Tinned }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$



No. 80
Nickel Plated


No. 78
Nickel Plated


## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

Cord Tips (Continued)



No. 100
Nickel Finished


No. 104 Nickel Finished


No. 93
Nickel Finished


No. 105
Tinned


No. 102
Nickel Finished


No. 109
Nickel Finished

## Cord Tips

## Code <br> No.

8 Tinned. For use on switchboard cords in connection with Nos. 8 and 9 cord fasteners. Replaces No. 42.
22 Flat, tinned for fastening under binding post or screw. Slotted for No. 12 screw. Replaces No. 43.
29 Nickel plated. Ordinarily used on silk covered cords in connection with drilled binding posts. Replaces No. 10. Recommended in place of No. 31.
30 Nickel plated. Ordinarily used on worsted or cotton covered cords in connection with drilled binding posts. Replaces Nos. 13 and 20. Recommended in place of No. 31.

35 Nickel plated. For use in connection with bracket transmitters. Slotted for No. 12 screw.
37 Nickel plated, nickel silver tip with nickel plated brass shank; for use in connection with bracket transmitters. Slotted for No. 8 screw. Replaces No. 25.
Tinned, eyelet tip; for use on plug end of switchboard cords. Replaces No. 41.

Eyelet tip; for use on stay cord end of switchboard cords.

## Code

No.
47 Tinned, eyelet tip; for use on plug end of switchboard cords. Replaces Nos. 23 and 27.
55 Tinned; for use with transmitter cords.
59 Nickel plated, brass spring tip with one-piece shank.
61 Nickel plated; for use with drilled binding posts where a short tip is required. Replaces No. 60.
62 Tinned. Slot beveled to admit either a No. 6 or No. 8 screw. Replaces Nos. 1, 53, 54 and 58.

70 Tinned; for use in connection with battery gauges.
72 Tinned; for fastening under binding post or screw. Ordinarily used on transposition leads in subscriber sets.
74 Open end tinned, with a soldering lug of semicircular section bent up at an angle of 45 degrees. Intended for use as a connection between the ends of the bridle wires and the upper ends of the No. 51A Fuse, both of which are a part of the No. 93A Protector.
75 Tinned; for fastening under No. 116 plug connecting screw.
76 Semi-hard rubber sleeve intended to cover the exposed portion of the No. 30 cord tip.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS Cord Tips (Continued) 

## Code

No.
Nickel plated; for drilled binding posts. Used on such cords as the No. 572.
Tinned; for fastening under binding post or screw.
Nickel plated; for use with high efficiency receivers.
Tinned; for fastening under binding post or screw. Slotted for Nos. 6 or 8 screw.
Timned; for fastening under binding post or screw. Slotted for Nos. 6 or 8 screw.
87 Tinned; for fastening under binding post or serew. Slotted for No. 4 screw.
91 Tinned. Slotted for No. 4 screw.
92 Solderless, nickel finished; having two tangs for making contact with conductors on cords having tinsel conductors. Slotted for Nos. 6 or 8 screw.
93 Solderless, nickel finished; having two tangs for making contact with conductors on switchboard cords having tinsel conductors. Used in connection with Nos. 8 and 9 cord fasteners.
97
Timned; for use on transmitter and hand set cords. Slotted for No. 4 screw. Partially replaces No. 56 .

## Code

No.
98 Solderless, nickel-finished; having two tangs for making contact with tinsel conductor. For use on transmitter cords. Slotted for No. 4 screw. Partially replaces No. 56.
100 Solderless, nickel-finished; having two tangs for making contact with tinsel conductor. For use on hand set cords. Slotted for No. 4 screw,
101 Solderless nickel-finished; having two tangs for making contact with tinsel conductor.
102 For use on ring and tip conductors respectively of cords arranged for Nos. 109 and 110 type plugs.
103 Solderless nickel-finished; having two tangs for making contact with tinsel conductors. Slotted for No. 6 screw.
104 Solderless nickel-finished; having two tangs for making contact with tinsel conductor. For use on cords arranged for Nos. 47 and 137 type plugs.
Tinned; for use on station cords. Slotted for No. 6 screw.
106 Semi-hard rubber sleeve intended to cover the exposed portion of the No. 29 cord tip.
109 Solderless nickel-finished; having two tangs for making contact with tinsel conductor.

## DESIGNATION STRIPS

No. 8G Designation Strip

These consist of a black finish metal retaining strip.
The No. 8 type has a transparent celluloid strip for protecting a strip of printed figures. Mounting screws are furnished.

The 43 type is arranged to mount a strip of printed figures. Furnished with mounting screws.
The Nos.90A and 90B have a transparent celluloid strip for protecting a strip of printed figures. Mounting screws are furnished.

The No. 90 A is intended to mount on Nos. 184, 185 and 194A Jack Mountings and No. 262 Lamp Socket Mountings. Is arranged to accommodate a designation card for each pair of jacks or lamps.

The No. 90B is intended to mount on Nos. 128 and 129 Jack Mountings and arranged to accommodate a designation card for each pair of jacks.

| Code No. | Width | Length | Code No. | Width | Length | Code No. | Width | Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 G | $7 / 6^{\prime \prime}$ | Specify | 8 P | $7 / 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $2213 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | 43 B | $394^{\prime \prime}$ | $11 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 8 H | $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Specify | 8 R | $7 / 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $27516^{\prime \prime}$ | 43 C | $394^{\prime \prime}$ | $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 8 K | $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | $61 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 8 S | $7 / 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $19474^{\prime \prime}$ | 43 D | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | $114^{\prime \prime}$ |
| ${ }^{\prime \prime} 8 \mathrm{~L}$ | $7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | Specify | "8U | $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Specify | 90 A | $7 / 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $151 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| ${ }^{\prime \prime} 8 \mathrm{M}$ | $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Specify | " 8 AB | $7 / 6^{\prime \prime}$ | Specify | 90 B | $58^{\prime \prime}$ | $63 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |

*Ends of metal retaining strip are turned up to prevent strips from slipping out.
${ }^{* *}$ Replaces No. 8 N .

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## DESK STANDS



No. 1042AB Desk Stand


No. 1020AL Desk Stand

## Desk Stands

The following Bower-Barff finished steel desk stands with the exception of the 1020AL which is a brass desk stand with a black japan finish, are for use with the various telephone circuits, as indicated. The entire terminal plate and switch hook assemblies of these stands may be withdrawn from the stem and base assembly for inspection without disconnecting the cords or interrupting the service in any way. This is accomplished by removing one screw from the bottom of the base plate.

The bottom and edge of the base plate is covered with felt. All current carrying parts are insulated from the frame.

The No. 1020AL Desk Stand is for local and central battery lines.
The No. 1040U Desk Stand is for railway composite service and replaces the No. 1020U Desk Stand.
The No. 1042AB Desk Stand is used in train dispatching circuits, where insulated transmitters and head receivers are required and where a foot switch or a No. 465 C Key is used. This desk stand replaces the No. 1020AB.

The No. 1042BR Desk Stand is used in train dispatching circuits where it is desired to insulate the primary circuit from the secondary to prevent noises from the ringing selector. Replaces 1020BR.

The No. 1142AB Desk Stand is for use with the Nos. 501A and B Desk Set Boxes at way stations of train dispatching lines. This desk stand replaces the No. 1120AB Desk Stand.

| Code No. | Transmitter No. | Receiver No. | Cords Receiver | Cords Transmitter | Cords Desk Stand |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1020AL | 323 | 144 | R2A-21/2 | 2-T1A-97/8' | D3A-5 $1 / 2^{\prime}$ |
| 1040U | 323 | 144 | R2Y-21/2' | 2-T1A-97/8' | D4E-51/2 |
| 1042AB | 349 | 186 | R2U-21/2' | 2-427-97/8' | D3D-51/2' |
| 1042BR | 349 | 186 | R2U-21/2' | 2-427-97/8" | D4G-8' |
| 1142AB | 349 | 189 | $\mathrm{R} 2 \mathrm{U}-21 / 2^{\prime}$ | 2-427-97/8' | D3D-51/2 |

RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS
Desk Stands (Continued)

*Replacement part numbers for the Handle and Base of the No. 1020AL Desk Stand are as follows. Handle P-98886, Base P-98891.


Contact Springs-Replacement Parts
Note: The receiver, transmitter, ete., are given in the code number listings of the desk stand. (Page 45.)
Note 1

Hook
P-9888:3
P-97343
P-97348
P-97348
P-97348

Note 2

Lugholder
P-98862
P-97372
P-97374
P-97842
P-97374

Note 3 Terminal Plate
Assembly P-98247

P-98247
P-9824

1020AL
1040 U
1042AB
1042BR
1142AB

Western Electric

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS DESK SET BOXES (Subscriber Sets)



No. 295AJ Desk Set Box


No. 300 Type Desk Set Box


No. 502A


No. 501A Desk Set Box Cover Removed

## Dispatchers' Stations Desk Set Boxes

The following desk set boxes are used on train dispatching circuits in dispatchers' telephone sets, with head set telephone equipments consisting of the No. 386 Transmitter and the No. 189 Receiver:

*When ordering this condenser to replace 21 type used in earlier equipment see notes under "Condensers" for type of bracket or adapter required.

## Way Station Desk Set Boxes

The following desk set boxes are used on train dispatching circuits in way station telephone sets with desk stand, Flexiphones or transmitter arm, equipped with No. 349 Transmitter and No. 189 Receiver.

The No. 501 B Desk Set Box, together with the No. 501A, replaces the No. 295 AK on new installations.

*When ordering this condenser to replace 21 type used in earlier equipment see notes under "Condensers" for type of bracket or adapter required.

## Composite Telephone Desk Set Box

The following desk set box is for use with the No. 1040U Desk Stand for desk type composite telephone set, for same class of service as the No. 1312A Telephone Set:

| Code | Retardation | Condenser | Induction | Interrupter | Howler |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Coil No. | No. | Coil No. | No. | No. |
| 311A | 12 G | $21 \mathrm{D}, \mathrm{H} \& \mathrm{U}$ | 5 | P-101594 | 1C |

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Desk Set Boxes (Continued)

## Magneto Telephone Desk Set Boxes

The following magneto telephone desk set boxes are for use where code ringing is employed, for the various line conditions as indicated.

The Nos. 300 M and N Desk Set Boxes are the same as the Nos. 300 K and L respectively, except having a condenser in series with the receivers.

| Code | Ringer | Resistance | Condenser | Induction | Hand <br> Generator | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| No. | No. |  | No. | No. | No. |  |
| 300K | $51 B G$ | 2500 ohms | $\ldots \ldots$. | 13 | 48 A | For heavily loaded lines |
| 300L | 51 FG | 1620 ohms | $\ldots 10 \ddot{2}$ | 13 | 48 A | For moderate loaded lines |
| 300M | 51 FG | 1620 ohms | F149 | 13 | 48 A | For moderate loaded lines |
| 300N | 51 BG | 2500 ohms | ${ }^{*} 149 \mathrm{~A}$ | 13 | 48 A | For heavily loaded lines |
| 315H | 51 AG | 1020 ohms | $\ldots .$. | 13 | 22 A | For light loaded lines |

*When ordering this condenser to replace 21 type used in earlier equipment see notes under "Condensers" for type of bracket or adapter required.

## FUSES



## Non-Alarm Type

These phenol fibre fuses will mount on one inch centers by means of Fuse Posts or individual porcelain mountings as in the No. 62D Protector. The overall dimensions are: length $113 / 2_{2}^{\prime \prime}$, width $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.

The current carrying capacities and operating current values are given in the table below. In ordering, it is necessary that both the code number and rated capacity be given.

| Code No. |  | Operates in Less Than One Minute on Amperes | Terminals |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Capacity |  |  | Slotted for |
|  |  |  | Finish | Screw No. |
|  | $\{1 / 2$ | 1 | Tinned | 10 |
| 24A | $11 / 3$ | 2 | Tinned | 10 |
|  | $1 / 2$ | 1 | Copper | 6 |
|  | $11 / 3$ | 2 | Copper | 6 |
| 24B | 2 | 3 | Copper | 6 |
|  | 3 | 4 | Copper | ${ }^{6}$ |
| 24C | 2 |  | Copper | 10 |

## Indicator Alarm Type


#### Abstract

These phenol fibre fuses have the fuse wire so mounted that one end is fastened to a coiled spring and the other to a flat spring on the opposite side of the base. The terminal ends have a copper tinned finish.

When the fuse operates, the coiled spring causes a glass bead to be brought into a prominent position where it acts as a visible indication of the blown fuse. The mounting of the fuse may be so arranged as to cause the flat spring on the bottom of the fuse to make contact with an alarm circuit when the fuse wire is broken.


## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

Fuses, Indicator-Alarm Type (Continued)

No. 35 Type Fuses may be mounted as in the No. 62C Protector or by means of Fuse Posts. They operate on currents fifty per cent in excess of those for which they are rated.

When ordering, both the code number and rated capacity should be specified.

| Code <br> No. | Rated <br> Amperes | Ampercs | In Less Than |  | Color <br> of Bead | Slotted <br> For Screw | Mounting <br> Center |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 35A | $11 / 3$ | 2 | $11 / 2 \mathrm{Min}$. |  | White | No. 10 | $114^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 35B | $11 / 3$ | 2 | $11 / 2 \mathrm{Min}$. |  | White | No. 6 | $11 /^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 35C | 2 | 3 | 3 | Min. | Yellow | No. 10 | $114^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 35F | $1 / 2$ | $3 / 4$ | $11 / 2 \mathrm{Min}$. | Red | No. 10 | $114^{\prime \prime}$ |  |
| 35G | 3 | $41 / 2$ | 5 | Min. | Blue | No. 6 | $114^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 35H | 5 | $61 / 2$ | 5 | Min. | Green | No. 6 | $114^{\prime \prime}$ |

Tubular Fuses


## 

No. 11 C
These fibre shell type fuses are carefully made from especially selected materials. The use of lead fuse wire prevents the possibility of overheating the shell. These fuses will carry their rated currents indefinitely without injury and will act reliably on one and one-half times their rated current values. Fuses of the same code number and rated capacity will give consistent performance as to rated and operating current values.

| Code No. | Rated Capacity Amperes | Used With |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 7A | 1 to 7 as specified | Nos. 61, 77, 1074A, 1075A and 1078A Protectors |
| 7T | 7 | "B" Cable Terminals and Fuse Chambers |
| 11C | 7 | Nos. 58AP and 1079AP Protectors |
| 11D | 7 | No. 25 Protector Mounting (No. 12 Type Protector) |

## PORCELAIN SHELL FUSES



No. 47A
In certain cases where lines are exposed to high potential crosses, it is advisable to insert a fuse in the drop wire near the cross arm in addition to the No. 60AP Protector installed at the telephone station. In such cases the No. 47 Type is recommended; the procelain shell used on this type of fuse will break upon the passage of a large current or upon the continued flow of smaller current. The wires in which the fuses are inserted will fall apart as the shells break, and the line end of the wire, being close to the cross arm, will not come in contact with objects on the ground. These fuses operate on one and one-half times their rated capacity.


## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS GENERATORS



No. 48A


Nos. 22A \& E


No. 29E

The following generators are used with desk set boxes and telephone sets as indicated. All of these generttors are open circuit type. For repair part information on these generators refer to Telephone Apparatus and Supplies Catalog.

| Code <br> No. <br> 22A | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Bars } \end{gathered}$ | Voltage and Current (6) AC |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Used With |
|  | 3 |  | No. 303A, No. 315H Desk Set Boxes, No. 1317AH, No. 1331E and F Telephone Sets |
| 29 E | 2 | 65 AC | No. 1375B and No. 1398. Telephone Sets |
| 29F | 2 | 60 AC | Nos. 1017D and E Test Sets |
| 48A | 5 | 80 AC | Nos. 300K, L, M, N Desk Set Boxes, Nos. 1317P, S, W, AD, AE, AW, BC, No. 1330E and F Telephone Sets |
| 48C | 5 | 80 AC | Nos. 1278G and II, No. 1336F and H Telephone Sets |
| 48R | 5 | 80 AC | No. 1317BK Telephone Set |
| 50A | 3 | 60 AC | Magneto Telephone Sets where a more efficient generator than the No. 22 Type is required |
| 50F | 3 | 60.10 | Nos. 1317CG, CN, CP, CS Telephone Sets |



Nos. 48A, C \& G


No. 299F


No. 29F

Hand Generator Box
A hand generator box consists of a gencrator mounted in an oak cabinet having a hinged cover. The leads from the generator are connected to terminals mounted close to the inside edge of the box.


## GONGS AND GONG MOUNTINGS



No. 3


No. 10


No. 31A


No. 3 Gong Mounting


No. 7 Gong Mounting

Code
No. Diameter Height

| 3 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | $15 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 10 | $2^{15} / \sqrt{\prime \prime}$ | $111 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |


| 20 | $3^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23A | $8^{\prime \prime}$ | $13 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 26A | $3^{\prime \prime}$ |  |
| 28A | $6{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $133 / 2{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 29A | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 31/4" |
| 31A | 21/2" | 316 |
| 32A | 21/2" | $51 / 61^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 33A | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 5161 |

Metal and lïnish
Metal, Nickel Plated Metal, Nickel Plated

Brass, Black Finish Steel, Galvanized Brass, Black Finish Steel, Galvanized
Brass, Black Finish
Brass, Black Finish
Brass, Black Finish

## Where Used

Cow gong
Tea gong. (A. \& M. Only, 31A, 32A and 33A Recommended)
1336 Telephone Set
292 Type Extension Bell
1317 Type Telephone Sets
392 Type Extension Bell
Telephone Sets
Differs from the 29.A, in that each has a different tone intended for use where a number of telephones are placed close to each other

33A $212^{\prime \prime} \quad 51 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ Bell Metal, Black Finish (Recommended in place of Nos. 3 and 10

## GONG MOUNTINGS

Each gong mounting consists of a pair of gong posts or gong post extenders together with the nevessary mounting screws.

| Code No. | Length of Post or Extender | Used With Gongs | Finish |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | $14 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | Nos. 3 and 10 | Nickel plated |
| 7 | $13 / 10^{\prime \prime}$ | Nos. 3 and 10 | Brass |

GONG NUTS

[^2]| Thread |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $10-32$ | Diameter |
| Dis | Height <br> $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |

Finish Nickel plated

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS HAND SETS, HEADSETS AND HOWLERS Hand Sets



No. 1001C Hand Set


No. 1004B Hand Set


No. 1C Howler


No. 1010A Headset

| Code No. 1001C | $\begin{gathered} \text { Transmitter } \\ 285 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Receiver } \\ & 131 \end{aligned}$ | Cords |  | Push Button Spring Combination 2 make | Principal Use <br> Used with Nos. 1330 and 1331 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Code <br> No. <br> 366 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Length } \\ 6^{\prime} \text { (water-proof) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Portable Magneto Telephone Sets |
| 1001H | 244 | 131 | 422 | $5^{\prime \prime} 2^{\prime \prime}$ (water-proof) | 2 make | Used with No. 1375B Portable Magneto Telephone Set |
| 1004B | 244 | 131 |  |  | 2 make | Train Dispatching Circuits |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { per } \\ & \text { D-51130 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { per } \\ \text { D-51129 } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |

## HEADSETS

| Code No. | Description |  | Use |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1010A |  |  |  | | Consists of two $565 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{Receivers} \mathrm{assembled} \mathrm{on} \mathrm{a} \mathrm{1C}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Headband. This headset replaces the 190 Receiver |$\quad$| For use in train dispatching way |
| :---: |
| stations |

## HOWLERS

Howlers consist of a special bipolar receiver with an adjustable diaphragm and a horn mounted on a wooden base. They are designed for use in calling in signal circuits.

| Code No. | Approximate Total Resistance | Approximate Overall Dimensions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 C | 1000 ohms | $315 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 65 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 61 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |

INDUCTION COILS AND INTERRUPTERS Induction Coils


No. 5 Induction Coil


No. 13 Induction Coil

Western Electric

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

Induction Coils and Interrupters (Continued)

| Code |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Size | Used In |
| 5 | $429521 \times 19 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | Nos. 1312A, 1314A, 6023A Telephone Sets and 311A Desk Set Box |
| 13 | $31 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1$ " | Nos. 300K, L, M, N and 315H Desk Set Boxes, 1317P, S, AH, BK, CN, CR, CP, CS and CG Telephone Sets, 1017B, C and E Test Sets |
| 29 | $31 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1^{\prime \prime}$ | Nos. 295AJ, AK and special 300H and K Desk Set Boxes, 1278G, H, 1293AD, $\mathrm{AE}, \mathrm{AK}, \mathrm{AL}, 1317 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{AD}, \mathrm{AE}, \mathrm{AW}, 1330 \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{F}, 1331 \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{F}$, and 1332A, and E Telephone Sets |
| 30 | $41 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 13 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | No. 1336H Telephone Set |
| 31 | $314^{\prime \prime} \times 1$ " | No. 1375B Telephone Sct. Moisture-proofed No. 13 Coil |
| 32 | $31 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1$ " | No. 1336F Telephone Set, and No. 1004B Hand Set. Moisture-proofed No. 29 Coil |
| 42 | $41 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 123 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ | No. 501 Desk Set Box for way stations, No. 1317 BU Telephone Set |
| 43 | $41 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 123 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | No. 502 Desk Set Box in transmitter circuits |
| 44 | $41 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1235^{\prime \prime}$ | No. 502 Desk Sct Box in receiver circuits |

## Interrupters



No. 62A Interrupter


No. $\mathbf{8 4 H}$ Interrupter


Open View

Code No.

## Description

62A An electrically operated interrupter for furnishing alternating current for Railway Telephone Service from a direct current source. Especially adapted for use in block towers, on yard lines, etc., where several telephones are connected to the same line. Operates on five cells of dry battery and only when battery key is closed.
An electrically operated automatic pole changer producing alternating current from a source of direct electromotive force for ringing purposes. Operates on one Edison Type S No. 502 Cell. Ringing battery varies according to line conditions.

84J Same as 84 H excepting that it will give pulsating currents. Ringing battery varies according to line conditions.
6000A A circuit interrupter attachment used in the No. 1017E Test Set. The attachment is associated with the generator to provide high frequency ringing current for signalling on composite lines and consists of:

> 1-Commutator with bracket and mounting screw
> 1-Switch with mounting screws
> 1-No. 21K Condenser with mounting strap and screws
> 1-No. 3 Binding Post with mounting screws
> 1-8-inch standard wire transposition lead
> 1-Diagram of connection

P-101495 High frequency interrupter used with No. 5 Induction Coil for signalling on composite circuits. Furnished with Nos. 1312A, 1314A and 6023A Telephone Sets.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS JACKS <br> Singly Mounted-Welded Frame Jacks

The following singly mounted, electrically welded frame type jacks replace the corresponding punched frame types as indicated in the code number listings. The terminals of the jacks are regularly arranged to accommodate two No. 19 B i\& S gange wires unless otherwise sperified. Mounting screws are furnished.


Fig. 1



Fig. C


Fig. D


Fig. B
Fig. A


No. 216呼 No. 217 220,235 $\cdots \underset{-0}{0}$ $\begin{array}{lr}\text { No. } 218 \\ 219 . & 231\end{array}$


## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Singly Mounted-Welded Frame Jacks (Continued)

Code letters A, B, C and D of the code numbers of jacks listed below indicate the number of mounting lugs (single or double) and their arrangement with respect to the plane of the springs (horizontal or vertical) as illustrated in figures $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ and D on the preceding page.
JACKS FOR USE WITH PLUGS Nos. 47, 116, 137, 144, 151, 153D, 154, 217, 220, 221, 241 AND 246

| Code | Dimensions Page 54 | Mounting Centers, Inches | $\begin{gathered} \text { Re- } \\ \text { places } \end{gathered}$ | Code | Dimen- sions Page 54 | Mounting Centers, Inches | Replaces |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | +ig. No. | Horizontal Vertical | ack No. | No. | Fig. No. | Horizontal Vertical | ack No. |
| (a) 215 A | 1 | $3 / 8 \quad 7 / 8$ | 215 | (h) 227 C | 2 | 5/8 | 20 |
| (a) 215B | 1 | $3 / 811 / 8$ | ... | (j) 233 A | 1 | 3/8 $\quad 7 / 8$ |  |
| (a) 215 C | 1 | 7/8 $\quad 3 / 8$ |  | (j) 230 C | 1 | 7/8 3/8 | 146 |
| (b) 216 A | 1 | $5 / 8 \quad 7 / 8$ | 216 | (j) 231A | 1 | $3 / 8 \quad 1 / 8$ |  |
| (b) 216 B | 1 | $5 / 8 \quad 11 / 8$ |  | (j) 231B | 1 | 3/8 11/8 |  |
| (b) 216 C | 1 | 7/8 $\quad 5 / 8$ | 204 | (j) 231 C | 1 | $7 / 8 \quad 5 / 8$ | 147 |
| (b) 217 A | 1 | $5 / 8 \quad 7 / 8$ | 217 | (j) 231 D | 1 | $11 / 8$ | 16 |
| (b) 217 C | 1 | 7/8 5/8 | 209 | 232A | 1 | 5/8 |  |
| (c) (b) 217 E | 1 | $51 / 8 \quad 7 / 8$ |  | 232B | 1 | $3 / 8 \quad 11 / 8$ |  |
| 218A | 1 | 5 | 218 | 232 C | 1 | 7/8 | 148 |
| 218B | 1 | $5 / 8 \quad 11 / 8$ |  | 232D | 1 | 11/8 | 169 |
| 218 C | 1 | 780 |  | (k) 232 E | 1 | 588 | ... |
| (d) 218 E | 1 | $5 / 8 \quad 78$ |  | 233A | 1 | $5 / 8 \quad 1 / 8$ | $\ldots$ |
| 219A | 1 | 53 | 219 | 233B | 1 | $5 / 8 \quad 11 / 8$ |  |
| 219B | 1 | $3 / 811 / 8$ |  | 233 C | 1 | $7 / 8 \quad 58$ | 149 |
| 219 C | 1 | 7/8 $\quad 5 / 8$ | 155 | 233D | 1 | $11 / 8 \quad 5 / 8$ | 170 |
| 219D | 1 | $11 / 8 \quad 5 / 8$ | 175 | (L) 234 A | 1 | 5/8 |  |
| 220A | 1 | 5/8 $7 / 8$ | 220 | (L) 234 C | 1 | $7 / 8 \quad 5 / 8$ | 151 |
| 220 C | 1 | 8 8 8 | 154 | (L) 234 D | 1 | $11 / 8$ | 172 |
| 220D | 1 | $11 / 8 \quad 5 / 8$ | 176 | (j) 235 A | 1 | 5/8 $7 / 8$ |  |
| 221A | 1 | $\begin{array}{ll}5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}$ | 221 | (j) 235 C | 1 | 7/8 | 153 |
| 221 B | 1 | 3/8 11/8 |  | (j) 235 D | 1 | 11/8 | 17.4 |
| 221 C | 1 | $7 / 8 \quad 3 / 8$ | 152 | 236A | 1 | $23 / 20$ | ... |
| 221D | 1 | $1 / 8 \quad 3 / 8$ | 173 | (m) 236B | 1 | $23 / 38 \quad 11 / 8$ |  |
| (e) 223 A | 1 | 188 $\quad 7 / 8$ | 223 | ${ }^{236} \mathrm{C}$ | 1 |  | 189 |
| (e) 223 B | 1 | $5 / 8 \quad 11 / 8$ |  | 236 D | 1 | $11 / 8$ | 188 |
| (f) 225 A | 1 | 58 | 225 | 237A | 1 | 58 |  |
| (f) 225 B | 1 | $5 / 811 / 8$ |  | 237C | 1 | 7/8 | 18 |
| (f) 225 C | 1 | 5/8 | 156 | (n) 281 A | 2 | 5/8 $\quad 7 / 8$ |  |
| (f) 225 D | 1 | $5 / 8 \quad 118$ | 177 | (n) 297 A | 1 | 5/8 |  |
| (g) (f) 2225 E | 1 | 5/8 | 229 A | 303A | 1 | 5/8 | $\ldots$ |
| (a) 226 A | 1 | 3/8 | 226 | (o) 303 AK | 1 | $5 / 8 \quad 78$ |  |
| (a) 226 C | 1 | 5/8 |  | 361C | 1 | 7/8 5/8 |  |
| (h) 227 A | 2 | 5/8 | 227 |  |  |  |  |
| (*) Vertical center $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ when mounted in donble horizontal rows with lugs in opposite directions and $78^{\prime \prime}$ when mounted in double horizontal rows with lugs in the same direction. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (a) The terminal of the tip springs is arranged to accommodate two No. 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The terminal of the tip spring and the terminal of the spring which makes contact with it are arranged to accommodate two No. 16 B \& S gauge wires. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (c) Same as No. 217A Jack except it has a nickel-silver sleeve. |  |  | nickel-si | sleeve. |  |  |  |
| (d) Same as the No. 218A Jack exeept equipped with platinum contacts. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (e) Same as the No. 221 type except the terminal of the tip spring is arranged to accommodate $B$ \& $S$ gauge wires. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (f) The terminals of all springs are arranged to accommodate two No. 16 B \& S gauge wires. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (g) Same as the No. 225A Jack except equipped with platinum contacts. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (h) The terminals of the tip and ring springs are arranged to acconumodate two No. 16 B \& S gauge wire |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (j) Local con | ntacts not | designed for use in | talking |  |  |  |  |
| (k) The same as the No. 232A Jack except equipped with platinum contacts. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (L) Normally closed contacts are not designed for use in talking circuits. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (m) Cannot be used with Nos. 137, 152, 154, 209, 217, 218, 220, 241, 246 and 249 Plugs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (n) Heavily insulated jacks. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (o) Same as No. 303A Jack except equipped with platinum contacts. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

## Singly Mounted-Welded Frame Jacks (Continued)

JACKS FOR USE WITH No. 109 TYPE PLUG

| Code <br> No. | Dimensions <br> Page 54 <br> Fig. No. | Mounting Centers, Inches- |  | Replaces <br> Jack No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Horizontal | Vertical |  |
| 246A | 3 | 5/8 | 7/8 | 126 |
| 246B | 3 | 5/8 | 11/8 | ... |
| (a) 246 E | 3 | 5/8 | 7/8 | ... |
| 248A | 3 | 5/8 | 7/8 | 134 |
| 248B | 3 | 5/8 | 11/8 | ... |
| 248D | 3 | $11 / 8$ | 5/8 | $\cdots$ |
| (b) 248 E | 3 | 5/8 | 7/8 |  |
| 249A | 3 | 5/8 | 7/8 | 143 |
| 249B | 3 | 5/8 | 11/8 | . . |

(a) Same as the No. 246A Jack except equipped with nickel-silver sleeve.
(b) Same as the No. 248A Jack except equipped with nickel-silver sleeve.

## JACKS FOR USE WITH Nos. 110, 150, 184, 202 AND 213 TYPE PLUGS

| Code No. | Dimen- <br> sions <br> Page 54 Mounting Centers, <br> InchesFig. No. Horizontal Vertical |  |  | Re- places Jack No. | Code <br> No. |  | Mounting Centers, Inches <br> Horizontal Vertical |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Re- } \\ \text { places } \\ \text { Jack No. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 238A | 2 | 3/8 | 7/8 | 159 | 243B | 2 | $3 / 4$ | 11/8 | 184 |
| 238B | 2 | 3/8 | 11/8 | 178 | 245A | 2 | 29/22 | 7/8 | ... |
| 238 C | 2 | 7/8 | 5/8 | 274 | 245B | 2 | $29 / 12$ | 11/8 | $\ldots$ |
| 238D | 2 | 11/8 | 5/8 | ... | 245C | 2 | 29/2 | 5/8 | ... |
| (a) 238 E | 2 | 5/8 | 11/s | $\cdots$ | (d) 267 A | 2 | $11 / 16$ | 5/8 | ... |
| 239A | 2 | 5/8 | 7/8 | 160 | 280A | 2 | 7/8 | 7/8 | $\ldots$ |
| 239B | 2 | 5/8 | 11/8 | 179 | 280B | 2 | 7/8 | $11 / 8$ | ... |
| 239C | 2 | 7/8 | 3/8 | 260 | 280C | 2 | 7/8 | 5/8 | ... |
| 239D | 2 | 11/8 | 5/8 | ... | 284A | 2 | 1 | 7/8 | ... |
| (b) 239 E | 2 | 5/8 | 7/8 | $\ldots$ | 284B | 2 | 1 | $11 / 8$ | $\ldots$ |
| 240A | 2 | $3 / 4$ | 7/8 | 161 | 285A | 2 | 13/16 | 7/8 | ... |
| 240B | 2 | $3 / 4$ | 11/8 | 180 | 285B | 2 | ${ }^{13 / 16}$ | $11 / 8$ | $\ldots$ |
| 240C | 2 | 7/8 | 5/8 | ... | 285C | 2 | 7/8 | 5/8 | ... |
| 241A | 2 | $3 / 4$ | 7/8 | 162 | 289B | 4 | 13/16 | 11/8 | ... |
| 241B | 2 | $3 / 4$ | 11/8 | 181 | 290B | 4 | 15/16 | 11/8 | ... |
| 241C | 2 | 7/8 | 3/8 | ... | 291B | 2 | 1 | 11/8 | ... |
| 241D | 2 | 11/8 | 5/8 | $\ldots$ | 293B | 2 | $15 / 6$ | 11/s | ... |
| 242A | 2 | 3/4 | 7/8 | 163 | 300A | 2 | 5/8 | 7/8 | 282 |
| 242B | 2 | $3 / 4$ | 11/8 | 182 | 360A | 2 | $23 / 32$ | 7/8 | ... |
| 242C | 2 | 7/8 | 5/8 | 259 | 387B | 2 | 13/16 | $11 / 8$ | . . |
| (c) 242 CK | 2 | 7/8 | 5/8 | ... | 387D | 2 | 11/8 | 5/8 | $\ldots$ |
| 243A | 2 | $3 / 4$ | 7/8 | 165 |  |  |  |  |  |

(a) Same as the No. 238B except equipped with a nickel-silver sleeve.
(b) Same as the No. 239A except equipped with a nickel-silver sleeve.
(c) Equipped with platinum contacts.
(d) Heavily insulated jack.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Jacks (Continued)

## Singly Mounted-Miscellaneous Types



No. 77 Jack


No. 77


No. 389A-3 Jack


No. 78


No. 389A-3

\section*{\section*{Code <br> <br> No. <br> <br> No. <br> Description}

77 Operator's telephone set. Makes one separate contact when a No. 148 Plug is inserted; has tip, ring and sleeve terminals.
78 Same as No. 77 Jack, except that the make contact is omitted. Diameter of mounting plate 17/16 inches.
389A-3 This jack is intended for use in locations where it is desirable to move a desk stand from place to place. The No. 273A-3 Plug is used with this jack; it is provided with tip, ring and sleeve connections. The cover is $111 / 16$ inches square and 1 inch deep, and is finished black. The base and cover are slotted to allow wires to be brought in from wire moulding.


No. 200 Jack


No. 224 Jack


No. 208


No. 224

The Nos. 200, 203, 208 and 224 are fibre insulated jacks having micanite bushings. They will mount on any thickness of wood from $3 / 4$ to $7 / 8$ inch, the jack shank being threaded and the jack held in place by means of a nickel finished nut.
Code
No.
200
203
208
224

| Mounting Centers, | Inches- |
| :---: | :---: |
| Horizontal | Vertical |
| $15 / 16$ | 1 |
| $15 / 16$ | $11 / 4$ |
| $15 / 16$ | $11 / 8$ |
| $15 / 16$ | $11 / 2$ |

Used with
Plugs
$1 \mathrm{~A}, 47 \& 116$
$1 \mathrm{~A}, 47 \& 116$
$1 \mathrm{~A}, 47 \& 116$
$1 \mathrm{~A}, 47 \& 116$

Used in Jack Boxes
. . . . . . . . . . . .
385, $386 \& 389$
385,386 \& 389

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS <br> Dispatcher's Station



1. No. 1601 Selector Apparatus Case
1.1 No. 221JB Relay
1.2 No. 152 A Retardation Coil
1.3 No. 63F Resistance
1.4 No. 138B Condensers (4)
1.5 No. 63C Resistance 1.6 No. 138A Condenser 1.7 No. 26A Telegraph Relay 1.8 No. 141A Condenser 1.9 No. 2B Circuit Breaker 1.10 No. 709 Trumbull Switch DPST
2. Nos. 60A, B, C, D or E Selector Key Cases
2.1 Nos. 60A or B Selector Keys and

No. 50A Selector Key Spaces, or Nos. 61A or B Selector Key, or Nos. 62A or 13 Selector Key, or Nos. 63A or B Selector Key
3. Use when Transformer Circuit is required by connecting the "T" Leads to the " $L$ " Leads 3.1 No. 341 Transformer or No. 70A Repeating Coil 3.2 DM-2000 Ward Leonard Resistance
3.3 No. 160B Condensers or No. 138B Condensers as required
4. No. 502A Desk Set Box 4.1 No. 43 Induction Coil
4.2 No. 44 Induction Coil 4.3 No. 140B Condenser 4.4 No. 141B Condenser 4.5 No. 141A Condenser
5. No. 345A Jack Box
6. Dispatcher Head Telephone Set 6.1 No. 137 Plug
6.2 No. 565 Cord
6.3 No. 386 Transmitter 6.4 No. 189 Receiver 6.5 No. 3A Transmitter Attachment
7. No. 6000A Key or No. 1B Foot Switch

RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS Way Station

8. No, 501A Desk Set Box
8. 1 No. 42 Induction Coil
8.2 No. 142B Condenser
8.3 No. 1014A Push Button
9. No. 501 B Desk Set Box
9.1 No. 42 Induction Coil
9.2 No. 142B Condenser
10. No, 3C Foot Switch
11. No. 1142AB Desk Stand
11.1 No. D3H-9 Cord
11.2 No. 189 Receiver
11.3 No. 349 Transmitter
12. No. 160C Selector Set or No. 160R Selector Set

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

Singly Mounted-Miscellaneous Type Jacks (Continued)


No. 200 Jack

No. 200 Jack

| Piece | No. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Part No. } \\ & \text { P128224 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Req. } \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | Material Brass | Name Sleeve Nut |
| P112770 | 1 | Brass | Washer |
| P112724 | 1 | Ger. Silver | Tip Spring |
| P112725 | 1 | Ger. Silver | Contact Spring |
| P112726 | 1 | Brass | Stop Spring |
| P112722 | 1 | Brass | Frame |
| P161576 | 6 \& | Phenol |  |
|  | As Req. | Fibre | Insulator |
| P112729 | 2 | Micanite | Bushing |
| P118460 | 2 | Brass | R.H.M. Screw |
| P112727 | 1 | Ger. Silver | Terminal |



No. 203 Jack

## Replacement Parts

No. 203 Jack

| Piece <br> Part No. | No. <br> Req. | Material | Name |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| P128224 | 1 | Brass | Sleeve Nut |
| P112770 | 1 | Brass | Washer |
| P112721 | 1 | Micanite | Bushing |
| P112720 | 1 | Ger. Silver | Contact Spring <br> Contact Spring |
| P112719 | 1 |  | \& Stud <br>  <br> P112724 |
|  | 1 | Ger. Silver | Tip Spring |
| P112725 | 1 | Ger. Silver | Contact Spring |
| P112726 | 1 | Brass | Stop Spring |
| P112722 | 1 | Brass | Frame |
| P118464 | 2 | Brass | R.H.M. Screw |
| P112717 | 2 | Micanite | Bushing |
| P112727 | 1 | Ger. Silver | Terminal |
| P161576 | 10 \& | Phenol | Insulator |
|  | As Req. | Fibre |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

Singly Mounted-Miscellaneous Type Jacks (Continued)


No. 208 Jack
No. 224 Jack
Replacement Parts

| Piece | No. | No. 208 Jack |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Part No. | Req. | Material |
| P124438 | 1 | Brass |
| P124439 | 1 | Brass |
| P124440 | 1 | Brass |
| P124435 | 1 |  |
| P124433 | 1 |  |
| P124601 | 1 | Hd. Rubber |
| P124436 | 1 | Nickel Silver |
| P112726 | 1 | Brass |
| P124454 | 2 | Micanite |
| P210776 | 2 | Steel |
| P131035 | 1 | Nickel Silver |
| P161576 | 9 \& | Phenol |
|  | As Req. | Fibre |
| P124437 | 2 | Brass |
| P129848 | 2 | Brass |
| P113883 | 2 | Brass |


| NameSleeve Nut | No. 224 Jack |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Piece Part No. | No. Req | Material | Name |
|  | P124438 | 1 | Brass | Sleeve Nut |
| Washer | P124439 | 1 | Brass | Washer |
| Frame | P124440 | 1 | Brass | Frame |
| Contact Spring | P129775 | 1 | Micanite | Bushing (Separator) |
| Contact Spring | P129782 | 1 |  | Contact Spring |
| Separator | P129780 | 1 |  | Contact Spring |
| Tip Spring | P129781 | 2 |  | Contact Spring |
| Stop Spring | P129779 | 1 |  | Tip Spring |
| Bushing | P129778 | 1 | Brass | Terminal |
| R.H.M. Screw | P129776 |  | Micanite | ${ }_{\text {Bushing }}^{\text {R H. M Scres }}$ |
| Terminal | P118469 <br> P112727 | , | Brass <br> Ger. Silver | R.H.M. Screw Terminal |
|  | P161576 | 13 | Phenol Fibre | Insulator |
| Insulator | P129777 | 1 | Brass | Terminal |
| Terminal | P124437 | 2 | Brass | Terminal |
| Washer Button H. M. | P113883 | 4 | Brass | Button H.M. |
| Screw | P129848 | 4 | Brass | Washer |

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

Singly Mounted-Miscellaneous Type Jacks (Continued)



No. 186 Jack


No. 186 Jack Wiring


No. 186 Jack (open)

## Code

No.

## Description

186 A jack designed for mounting on poles as a means of connecting a portable telephone to the line. Has a cast frame and cover; black rust-proof finish. The plug hole is protected against inseets by covering with spring flap; equipped with:

Two 500 volt, 1 ampere, Gem fuses
Two No. 1 Protector Blocks
Two No. 2 Protector Blocks
Two No. 3 Protector Micas
A lock will be supplied when specified as a separate item. This jack is used with the No. 146 Plug.

187 Same as No. 186 Jack except that it is not equipped with protective apparatus.

## JACK BOXES



No. 60A JACK BOX
The No. 60A Jack Box, as shown ahove, equipped with ten No. 60A or No. 60D Combined Jack and Signals is for use at way stations where it is desired to connect a single telephone set to one of several telephone lines. Incoming calls are indicated visually by means of drop signals and also, if desired, announced audibly by a buzzer.


Schematic of No. 60A Jack Box

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

No. 60A Jack Box (Continued)

The operator's telephone set is put into circuit by inserting a plug into the jack indicated by the fallen shutter. The signal is restored automatically to its original position by this operation.

In addition to the combined jack and signals, the jack box contains a ringing key, buzzer, termina plate, and a solid plug attached to the box by a cord.

The cabinet is made of brass finished in black and is $10^{\prime \prime}$ long, $71 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ high, and $71 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ deep.
The No. 60A Combined Jack and Signals have a low resistance of 82 ohms for use on train lines and the signals should be connected in multiple with the ringer in the selector set as shown for Signal 5 of the above schematic. Whenever the selector is operated to its local ringing position, the No. 60CG Ringer in the selector set and the associated signal in the jack box will both be operated.

The No. 60D Combined Jack and Signals have a resistance of 1000 ohms and should be connected directly to a local or block line as shown for Signal 1 in the above schematic. In this case the signal will be operated directly by a hand generator or a ringing interrupter over the line wires and the buzzer in the local circuit of the signal contact will follow the code ringing.

The winding of each signal is brought out to two separate terminals on the terminal plate in the top of the box so that the signals may be connected to the local circuit of the selector sets on train and message lines that are part of the phantom circuit. The connections from the train and message wires to the jack springs are open when the plug is not in the jack and thus cause no interference on the phantom circuits.

The ringing key has three positions. The normal position is for incoming calls and the talking position. When the key handle is operated down to the " $R$ " position, the outgoing ringing circuit is completed through the jack springs of the jack in which the plug is inserted to the corresponding line. Also the circuit to the operator's telephone set is opened. When the key handle is operated to the "C" position, the code ringing circuit to the buzzer is opened. The key is locking in the " C " position and non-locking in the " R " position.

Provision is made in the wiring so that on lines, where ringing is not desired, this may be accomplished by disconnecting the black wires from the bottom terminal in the jack spring pileup associated with that line.

When less than full capacity of ten combined jacks and signals is required, the unequipped positions are fitted with No. 70A Apparatus Blanks. However, in all cases, the jack box is furnished completely wired for ten combined jacks and signals.


## NO. 345A JACK BOX

Oak box primarily for use in train dispatching circuits at dispatcher's office and is so arranged that two headsets can be connected to the line at the same time.

Equipped with one No. 30 Jack Mounting, two No. 237C Jacks and two No. 221C Jacks.
Approximate dimensions, length $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$, width $434^{\prime \prime}$, height $2^{\prime \prime}$.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

Jack Boxes (Continued)

## Cordless Jack Boxes

Oak boxes with nickel trimming for miscellaneous purposes. Each box is equipped with hinge cover and a No. 1A Plug attached by means of a dummy cord. The No. 389 Type is split and hinged on a line midway between the upper and lower jack levels.

Telephone Jack Boxes Nos. 385A, B, 386A, B, C, and 389A are so arranged that one telephone line can be terminated in each jack. A telephone set can be connected to any of these lines by inserting the plug in the proper jack.

Telegraph Jack Boxes Nos. 385C, D, 386D, E, F, and 389B are so arranged that one telegraph line can be looped through each jack. Resonator set can be connected to any of these lines by inserting the plug in the proper jack. When this is done, the calling set is disconnected.
Code
No.
*385A
385B
*385C
385D
*386A
+386B
386C
386D
386E
386F
389A
389B

| Line <br> Equipment | Capacity <br> 2 | Equipped <br> with Jacks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 3 | 208 |
| 2 | 3 | 208 |
| 3 | 3 | 224 |
| 4 | 3 | 224 |
| 5 | 6 | 208 |
| 6 | 6 | 208 |
| 4 | 6 | 208 |
| 5 | 6 | 224 |
| 6 | 6 | 224 |
| 12 | 6 | 224 |
| 12 | 12 | 208 |
|  | 12 | 224 |

Service
Telephone
Telephone
Telegraph
Telegraph
Telephone
Telephone
Telephone
Telegraph
Telegraph
Telegraph
Telephone
Telegraph


* No. 17C Apparatus Blank, illustrated in the center jack position on the eut of the No. 385A Jack Box, is furnished in all unequipped positions.


## Combined Jacks and Signals SHUTTERETYPE



## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Combined Jacks and Signals (Continued)

Code

| No. | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
| 22C | 350 |
| 60A | 82 |
| 60D | 1000 |

Mounting<br>Single or 5 per strip.<br>Single or $\overline{5}$ per strip.<br>Single or 5 per strip.

Used With Special jack boxes. No. 60A jack box. No. 60 A jack box.


Replacing Jack Sleeve for Combined Jacks and Signals

The above illustration outlines the parts necessary for replacing the sleeve assembly of the Combined Jacks and Signals.


No. 30 Jack Mounting


No. 80 Jack Mounting


No. 22 Type Combined Jack and Signal


No. 22C Combined Jack and Signal


No. 60A and 60D Combined Jack and Signal

## Jack Mountings

| Code No. | Description | Dimensions, Inches | Used With |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | Composition mounting for 4 Nos. 99, 185, 220, 221 or 234 Jacks. | $33 / 4 \times 11 / 4 \times 5 / 8$ | Dispatcher's telephone equipment. In No. 345A Jack Box. |
| 80 | Composition mounting for 2 Nos. 99, 185, 220, 221 or 234 Jacks. | $23 / 8 \times 11 / 4 \times 5$ | Head Telephone Sets with No. 137 Plug |

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS KEYS 



No. 378A Key


No. 92B Key


No. 465 Type Key

Used
As a ringing key.

As a listening key.

To connect one telephone to any one of three lines. Part of the No. 6000B Key.

In Nos. 1A and 1B test boards.
272A Single mounted locking key. Makex two and breaks wo contacts. Key is operated by a turning movement of button. For 78 and $11 / 4$ inch shelf.

375A Push button ringing key; makes two and breaks two contacts and is non-locking.

377A* Plunger type key used with key lever. Makes two contacts.

378A* Plunger type key used with key lever. Makes two and breaks two contacts.

392A* Plunger type key used with key lever. Makes four and breaks four contacts.

393C Non-locking, push button key, makes three contacts, breaks two contacts.

465A Push button key mounted in an oak box. Makes three and breaks one contact. Dimensions: $4^{11} \mathrm{hn} \times 3^{3}$ ie $\times$ $1^{13}$ / inches.

Push button type key mounted in an oak box. Dimensions 411 /n $\times 3$ 饬 $\times 1^{11}$ in inches. Makes two and breaks one contact.

465D Push button key, similar to the No. 46ธ̌A, except that it makes one and breaks one contact.

465E Similar to No. 465C, except makes three and breaks two contacts.

## Description

Single mounted push button key. Non-locking. For \%. or $11 / 4$ inch shelf. Makes two and breaks two contacts.

92B Same as No. 92A except that it is a locking key.

136B A horizontal switching key with two sets of springs. Loeks in both positions.

In the No. 6003A Key.

In old type way station telephone circuits (noninsulated transmitter) and No. 6023A Telephone Set.

In train dispatching circuits for way-station operators to cut in transmitter.

With the No. 1317 Telephone Sets.

In train dispatching circuits for way stations with No. 501B Desk Set Boxes.

Note. When ordering keys Nos. $92 \mathrm{~A}, 92 \mathrm{~B}$, or 272 A unmounted, specify the thickness of the shelf or table top in which key is to be mounted
*Are either locking or non-locking, depending on the type of lever user.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS



## Description

Plunger type key. No. 377A with No. 6A Key Lever mounted in a box $43 / 4 \times 33 / 8 \times 13 / 6 \mathrm{ins}$.
Consists of No. 136B Key mounted in a No. 334 Key Mounting. Dimensions approximately $61 / 4 \times 3 / / 4 \times$ $211 / 6 \mathrm{in}$.
6017A

6017B

6017C

Consists of a 2BF Key Unit and connecting block mounted in a black finished metal box. Dimensions of box $61 / 8 \times 313 / 8 \times 13 / \sqrt{6}$. Spring combination lockinglocking.
Consists of a 2GP Key Unit and connecting block mounted in a black finished metal box. Dimensions same as 6017A. Spring combination locking.
Consists of a $2 F$ Key Unit and connecting block mounted in a black finished metal box. Dimensions same as 6017A. Spring combination non-locking.

Used
In dispatcher's telephone circuit.
Where it is desired to connect one telephone set to any one of three separate lines.

Intended for use as a awitching key to connect a telephone instrument on either one or both of two lines.

Intended for use as a switching key to connect a telephone instrument on either one or two lines.

Intended for use as a ringing key at sub-station.

## Key Levers

| Code | Operated Position |
| :--- | :---: |
| No. | of Lever |
| 6A | Vertical |
| 6B | Vertical |
| 14A | Horizontal |
| 23A | Horizontal |

[^3]RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS LINE POLES


The line poles here listed are intended primarily for connecting portable telephones to open wire lines. They are made of hardwood and are in three seetions, each approximately 6 feet in length. The joints are made of seamless brass tubing and are arranged so that the sections are securely locked together when the line pole is in use. The poles are so designed that the middle joint may be omitted if desired, thereby reducing the length of the line pole from 18 to 12 feet.

Contact with the line wires is made by means of a connecting clamp which consists of a metal hook equipped with a spring. When the hook engages the line wire the spring forces the wire into contact with the hook and at the same time scrapes the wire slightly so that a good contact is obtained.

Code


## Cord

100 feet of M2J two conductor cord For use with 1330E, $1331 \mathrm{E}, 1332 \mathrm{~A}$ \& E Telephones.

For Makng Coniact with t2 metallic conductors.

1 metallic conductor (grounded line)

5
2 metallic conductors.

100 feet of M1A two conductor cord. For use with 1314A Telephones.
100 feet of M2K two conductor cord. For use with 1330 E , $1331 \mathrm{E}, 1332 \mathrm{~A}$ \& E Telephones.

## Description

The top section is equipped with two arms hinged at the lower end. These are each equipped with a connecting clamp and are of such length that they will span wires spaced up to 2 feet horizontally.

The top section has one connecting clamp only.

The top section is equipped with two connecting clamps. One of these is fixed to the pole and the other free but under control of the user by means of a long cord. This is intended for making connections between two line wires spaced up to $51 / 2$ feet, either horizontally or vertically.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS PLUGS



[^4]
## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS



## Twin Plugs

When an operator's headset is to be used at a switchboard, it is convenient to wire two adjacent jacks for providing the necessary connections into the switchboard circuit and to use a twin plug in these two associated jacks in order that the necessity for the operator handling two separate plugs may be avoided. This practice is now standard and the Nos. 30, 78, and 80 Jack Mountings are designed for use with jacks so mounted that a twin plug may be inserted only in those jacks which are to be used together.

These plugs include a self-adjusting or flexible feature which allows sufficient movement of each plug in the shell to take up any slight off-eentering present in the jacks.

| Code No. |  | Dimensions |  |  |  | Used with Jack Nos. | Used with Cords | Used for | Replacement Parts (See Cut) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A | B | c | D |  |  |  | E | F | G |
| 137 | 2 | $3^{11}$ | ${ }^{17} 10$ | 98 | $13 / 4$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 99,215-237,281, \\ 1297 \end{array}\right.$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 87,371,555,562, \\ 565,745,78,749, \\ 848, \text { L2E, L3E, } \\ \text { L3F, P4C } \end{array}\right.$ | Standard operator's head telephone | P-124076 | P-124071 | P-82239 |
| 152 | 2 | $3^{3} 16$ | $1^{3} 6$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}33 \\ \text { to } \\ 114 \\ 4\end{array}\right\}$ | 11/4 | Same as 137 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 87,550,568, W 2 G . \\ 1674 \end{array}\right.$ | Same as No. 137 but has ridges in shell to identify one side from | P-142984 | P-124071 | P-82239 |
| 186 211 | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 123 / 2 \\ & 35 / 4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21 / 4 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{7} / 1 / 6$ | $159$ | No. 19C Tent Set | 747 | $\stackrel{\text { No.19C TestSet }}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{P}-205776 \\ & \mathrm{P}-163952 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P-158989 } \\ & \text { P-81299 } \end{aligned}$ | P-82341 |
| 213 | 3 | 37 2 | 17/4 | 11/6 | 13/60 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 49,50,70,141 \\ 259,260,274,275 \\ 295,238-245 \end{array}\right.$ |  |  | P-164090 | P- 81299 | P-82341 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{l}241 \mathrm{~A} \\ 241 \mathrm{~B} \\ 241 \mathrm{C}\end{array}\right\}$ | 2 | 317/2 | 1314 | $3 / 8$ | 1316 | $\begin{aligned} & 99,297 \text {, and } \\ & \text { similar types } \\ & \text { s. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 520, \text { W3D } \\ 855, \text { P2T } \\ \text { (See Note 1) } \end{array}\right.$ | Black Shell Red Shell Black Shell | $\left.\begin{array}{l} \text { P-206009 } \\ \text { P-206010 } \\ \text { P-206009 } \end{array}\right\}$ | P-229777 |  |
| 246A | 2 | 211/6 | 13/6 | 5/8 | 13 价 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1215 or similar } \\ & \text { itype } \end{aligned}$ | (See LAA | fOperator's telephone set | $\mathrm{P}-212688$ |  | P-82239 |

Note 1. No. 241 Type Plug has brass frames of the two plugs electrically connected to the two plug sleeves; the tips are separately insulated.


Note: *Two No. 60A Fuses and one No. 16 Protector Mounting may be used with the No. 58AP Protector as a sneak current arrester for private branch exchange protection.
**Four No. 60A Fuses and one No. 80 Protector Mounting may be used with the No. 1079AP Protector as a sneak current arrester for private branch exchange protection.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS PROTECTOR BLOCKS



## Code

No.

## Description

19 Plain copper block with two pins
20
25 Grooved copper block with two bushings Plain copper block with two pins and fuse metal

Used with Protectors
60B and 50A
60 B and 80 A
Used in place of No. 19 Protector
Block when fuse metal is desired.

## NOS. 26 AND 27 TYPES

The Nos. 26 and 27 Protector Blocks are of new design and embody several advances in construction which greatly reduce maintenance costs and provide better telephone service through fewer interruptions of operation. They are used together without a separator (protector mica) and form an open space cutout which will afford the highest grade of protection against. high potentials due to lightning. The two blocks differ in construction as follows:

The No. 26 Protector Block is a solid piece of hard non-dusting carbon. The face of the block is especially ground to present a smooth surface. The No. 26 Protector Block is mounted on the ground side of the protector mounting.

The No. 27 Protector Block consists of a porcelain frame with a countersunk hard carbon plug which is fastened in place with low temperature fusing cement. The surface of the frame which bears against the No. 26 Block, when assembled in a mounting, is finished by grinding. The air gap between the carbon insert in the No. 27 Block and the face of the No. 26 Block is held to close limits by this grinding process and the consistent operation of the cutouts at the proper voltage is thereby insured.

Ordinary lightning discharges will cause an are across the air gap between the carbon blocks but will not heat them sufficiently to melt the cement used for holding the carbon plug in place. A cross with an electric light or power line, however, will cause a discharge or repeated discharges, of such duration that the heating of the carbon insert of the No. 27 Blocks will melt the cement holding it in place and allow the mounting spring to push it into direct contact with the No. 26 Block, thus permanently grounding the line.

## Code No.

## Description

Carbon block
Porcelain frame with carbon insert Carbon block
Porcelain frame with carbon insert
Porcelain frame with carbon insert

## Used with Protectors

Nos. $12 \mathrm{AP}, 58 \mathrm{AP}, 60 \mathrm{AP}, 76 \mathrm{AP}, 1079 \mathrm{AP}, 1268 \mathrm{~A}$ and 1269A. No. 83A Protector Mounting.
Same as No. 26, except No. 83A Protector Mounting. For use with 29 Block.
Central Office protectors on $3 / 8$ inch centers.
83A Protector Mounting.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS Protector Blocks and Micas (Continued)

The Nos. 26 and 27 Protector Blocks are interchangeable with the old combinations of Nos. 1 and 2 Protector Blocks and No. 3 Protector Mica both at subscribers' stations and central offices, and are therefore available for improving protective equipment already in service. This practice will result in fewer visits of the trouble man. All orders for replacements of Nos. 1 and 2 Protector Blocks and No. 3 Protector Micas should specify the Nos. 26 and 27 Protector Blocks; no separator (protector micat) is needed for the new design of block.

In addition to the above replacements, tests on cable protection have shown that Nos. 26 and 30 Protector Blocks require less attention and replacement due to grounded blocks than the Nos. 19 and 20 Blocks with the regulation . 010 -inch mica separators; therefore, the Nos. 26 and 30 Protector Blocks can be used advantageously wherever metal (Nos. 19 and 20) blocks are now used.

## PROTECTOR MICAS

| Code No. | Lised with Protector Blocks | Vised with Protectors |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | Nos. 19 and 20 | Nos. 60 B and 80 A |
| ${ }^{10} 11$ | Nos. 19 and 20 | No. 17 B |

*No. 11 Miea is twiee as thick as the No. 10.

## VACUUM TUBE RECTIFIER



## 60B VACUUM TUBE RECTIFIER

The No. 60B Vacuum Tube Rectifier as shown above is operatel from a 110 volt 60 cycle alternating current source and may be used instead of dry cells, storage cells, or a motor generator set to furnish the main power for operating one or two selector circuits. It does away with the periodic tests of dry cells, the charging of storage eells, or the continuous large power drain of the motor generator set.

## Description

The No. 60B Vacuum Tube Rectifier consists of a fuse and switch block, one No. 72A Repeating Coil, one No. F11 Relay, eleven No. 138B Condensers, vacuum tube socket for mounting the Western Electric No. 214E Vacuum Tube, and a terminal block mounted in a black finish steel box $18^{\prime \prime}$ high, $12^{\prime \prime}$ wide, $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ deep. The weight is approximately 60 pounds.

For further information regarding the operation of this rectifier refer to pages 21 and 23 of this catalog.

RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## RELAYS

| Code <br> No. | Resistance <br> (Ohms) |
| :--- | :---: |
| F11 | windings <br> 55 ohms <br> cach |
| M3 | $\cdots$ |
| R323 | 3600 |
| R332 | 2250 |
| R1027 | 95 |
| R1971 | 100 |
| 26A | 25 |
| 27A | $\ldots$ |
| 122EW | 100 |
| 149AN | 167 |
| 221JB | 335 |
| 120281 | 50 |

## Description

Two "R" Lype relays mounted on an individual mounting.

Equipped with platinum contacts.
Code repeating relay.
Code repeating relay (replaces Relay List No. 100865). Holding relay
Holding relay.
Selector sending.


No. 26A Relay
No. 26A Relay Repair Parts


Subject
Sub-bas
Adjusting Nut
Coil Mounting Serew
Coil
Coil Shell
Stop Screw
Cheek Nut
Bearing
Bearing Serew
Armature
Contact Spring
Contact Spring
Bone Stud
Contact Screw
Binding Post
Binding Post Washer
Binding Post Screw
Clamp Plate
Pileup Screw
Bushing
Small Insulator
Large Insulator
Base Terminal
Coil Support

* To be assembled.


## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS



No. 131 Receiver

RECEIVERS


No. 186 Receiver (3B Headband)

## HEAD TYPE

Code
No.
186

189

Brass, black finish. Approximate resistance 45 ohms.

## Description

A metal case, black finish, single head receiver with a rubber ear piece, and No. 3B Headbands. Approximate resistance 400 ohms. Replaces No. 156 W .
Similar to the No. 186 except wound to a low resistance. Approximate resistance 45 ohms. Replaces No. 148 SW . ohms.
11A black finish, single head receiver with No. ohms.


No. 528 Receiver
(11A Headband)
HAND TYPE

With Nos. $1042 \mathrm{AB}, \mathrm{BR}$ Desk Stands, 1293AE, AK, 1317AW, AE Telephone Sets, 1020C, E, 1048DA, DB, DC, DD, GA, GB, GC, GD Arms. With Nos. 546 and 554 Cords.
With Nos. 1042AB Desk Stand, 1017B, C, E, 1020A Test Sets, 1120C, 1148DA, DB, DC, DD Telephone Arms, and 1317 BU Telephone Set. At way stations with No. 501 Type Desk Set Boxes. Also with No. 565 Cords.
With No. 1017 Type Test Sets.
With cords having No. 80 Cord Tips at receiver end. (See Test Board Cords, page 41.)

144, 508, Equipped with Cord
Used
With No. 1314A Telephone Set.
With Nos. 1040U, 1040AL deskstands, $1305 \mathrm{AC}, 1312 \mathrm{~A}, 1317 \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{AH}, \mathrm{BK}, \mathrm{CN}$, $\mathrm{CR}, \mathrm{CP}, \mathrm{CS}, \mathrm{CG}, 1336 \mathrm{H}$ and 6023 A Telephone Sets, and 1020CC Telephone Arm. With Nos. 1317W, AD, 1293AD, AK and 1336F Telephone Sets.


A concealed binding post hand receiver. Same as dance of approximately 2,000 ohms at 800 cycles.

## HAND SET TYPE

## Description

Insulated bipolar hand receiver with rubber case. Resistance 70 ohms.
A concealed binding post hand receiver. Hard rubber case. Approximate resistance 83 ohms.

## \section*{Description}

Black or nickel finish. Resistance 71 ohms.

Used
With No. 1001 Type Hand Sets.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Receivers (Continued)

Receiver Replacement Parts


Fig. 1


Fig. 2

| Sym- bol $\quad$ Name of Piece Part | Receiver $186,189,5$ (See Fig. 1) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Code Nos. } \\ & \text { (See Fig. 1) } \end{aligned}$ | Symbol | Name of Piece Part | $\begin{gathered} \text { Receiver Code } \\ \text { No. } 133 \\ \text { (See Fig. 2) } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Receiver Cap | $\mathrm{P}-94545$ | P-213314 | 1 | Receiver Cap | P-98947 |
| 2 Diaphragm... | P-95225 | P-98387 | 2 | Diaphragm. | P-95118 |
| $3\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Right Coil. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } \\ \text { Left Coil.............. }\end{array}\right.$ | *P-207460 | P-230412 | 3 | Case..... | P-95718 |
| 4 Case. | **P-215907 | P-98949 | 4 | Right Coil | P-80724 |
| 5 Case Screws. | P-97053 | P998. | 5 | Left Coil. . | P-80723 |
|  | P-97064 | P-99862 | 6 | Magnets. | P-87383 |
| 7 7 Magnet Machine Serews....... | P-97055 | P-99541 | 7 | Magnet Machine Screws | P-107062 |
| 8 Magnet Machine Screw Nuts. . | P-132958 | P-98752 | 8 | Magnet Machine Screw Nuts | P-87115 |
| 10 Receiver Block Assembly . . . . . . | P-98974 |  | 9 | Magnet Clamp............ | P-87410 |
| 11 Binding Posts........ . . . . . |  | P-98358 |  |  |  |
| 12 Terminal Lugs............. | P-97062 | P-229679 |  | Receiver Block Assembly |  |
| 13 Terminal Lug Machine Screws | P-93540 | P-99794 | 10 | Binding Post Block. | P-93592 |
| 14 Round Head Machine Serew Nut | 98975 $\mathrm{P}-92609$ | P-99540 P-99100 | 11 | Binding Post Serew. | P-87411 |
| Nut | P-92609 | $\begin{array}{r} \mathrm{P}-99100 \\ \ddagger \mathrm{P}-99101 \end{array}$ | 12 | Round Head Machine Screws |  |
| 15 Ring Pole Piece. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | P-97066 |  | 13 | Terminal Cap. | P-220225 |
| * P-207461 for the 189 and 515. <br> **) P-215906 for the 189 Receiver. <br> P-215905 for the 515 Receiver. <br> $\ddagger$ Locking Nut. |  |  |  |  |  |

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Receiver Replacement Parts (Continued)



Fig. 3


Fig. 4

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sym- } \\ & \text { bol } \end{aligned}$ | Name of Piece Part | Receiver Code Nos. 131 <br> (See Fig. 3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Cap. | P-81496 |
| 2 | Ring Nut. | P-98439 |
| 3 | Diaphragm. | P-81525 |
| ${ }_{5}^{4}$ | Right Coil. | P-95265 |
| ${ }_{6}$ | Core Screws | P-98336 |
| 7 | Case. | P-98956 |
| 8 | Magnets | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P-81488 (2) } \\ & \mathrm{P}-81489 \end{aligned}$ |
| 9 | Magnet Machine Screws. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P-68568 (2) } \\ & \mathrm{P}-82028 \text { (1) } \end{aligned}$ |
| 10 | Receiver Block. | P-81499 |


| Sym- <br> bol | Name of Piece Part | Receiver Code Nos. $131$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | Receiver Block (Continued) <br> Binding Post. | P-81497 |
| 12 | Washers. | P-132152 |
| 13 | Nuts | P-82275 |
| 14 | Terminal Lugs | P-81500 |
| 15 | Terminal Lug Machine Screws | P-82027 |
| 16 | Round Head Machine Screw.. | P-82029 |
|  |  | (See Fig. 4) (See Fig. 4) |
| 1 | Receiver Cap | P-98948 P-99073 |
| 2 | Diaphragm.. | P-95114 P-95114 |
| 3 | Case.... | P-220224 P-93518 |
| 4 | Machine Screw | P-93799 P-93799 |
| 5 | Inner Unit. | P-94436 P-99071 |

## HEAD BANDS (Receivers)

## Code

## Description

1B Consists of a wire head band with olive drab textile covering, equipped with adjustable yokes 1C Similar to No. 1B, except for use with two No. 128 Reccivers.
3B Wire head band covered with black sleeving; for use with 186 Receiver. Wire head band and head band pad; used as part of No. 528 Receiver.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS REPEATING COILS



The following coils are intended for use in phantom and simplex circuits.
The No. 70 A is for use in connection with A.C. selectors.
The No. 72 A is used in the No. 60B Rectifier. Is mounted on a wooden base $41 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 41 / 66^{\prime \prime}$.
The No. 76A has two coils mounted on a wood base.
The Nos. 77 A and 78 A are each equivalent to one-half of No. 76A.
The No. 78A also consists of two resistance units enclosed in shell, each unit is non-inductively wound and is adjusted to have approximately the same D.C. resistance as the corresponding repeating coil windings. Intended for use at intermediate stations on phantom lines where one side of phantom circuit is terminated, the phantom circuit and the other side circuit going through.

| Code No. | No. of Coils | No. of Windings Each Coil | Resistances, Ohms |  |  | ImpedanceRatio | Dimensions of Wood Base, Inches |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Primary | Secondary | Tertiary |  |  |
| 70A | 1 | 4 | 2 of 45 | 2 of 40 |  | 1 to 1 | $11 \times 85 / 8$ |
| 76A | 2 | 4 | 2 of 20 | 2 of 21 |  | 1 to 1 | $103 / 4 \times 4$ |
| 77A | 1 | 4 | 2 of 20 | 2 of 21 |  | 1 to 1 | $6 \times 4$ |
| *78A | . | 4 | 2 of 20 | 2 of 21 |  | 1 to 1 | $103 / 4 \times 4$ |

NO. 25 TYPE
The No. 25E Coil is intended for use in Nos. 1278 and 1302 Types of railway telephone sets. Base of coil provided with mounting lugs.

| Code <br> No. <br> 25E | No. of Coils 1 | No. of Windines | Resistances, Ohms |  |  | ImpedanceRatio1 to 1 | Dimensions of Wood Base, Inches |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Each Coil 2 | Primary | Secondary <br> 42 | Tertiary |  |  |

NO. 56 TYPE
The No. 56 Type Coils are intended for use in circuits designed for obtaining ringing current from central office storage batteries, in conjunction with No. 84 Type Interrupters.

| Code <br> No. <br> 56A <br> 56B | No. of Coils 1 | No. of Windings Each Coil | Resistances, Ohms |  |  | Impedance Ratio | Dimensions of Wood Base, Inches |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Primary | Secondary | Tertiary |  |  |
|  |  | 3 | 2 of 85 | 1 of 22.5 | ...... | ......... | $11 \times 85 / 8$ |
|  |  | 3 | 2 of 2.35 | 1 of 27.7 |  |  | $11 \times 85 / 8$ |

## NO. 121 TYPE

The No. 121A Repeating Coil is intended for protecting subscribers sets from high potential hazards when the telephone lines are located in the exposure area of high tension power lines.
121A Consists of toroidal type coil potted in a cast iron case arranged for panel and telephone pole mounting. Average D.C. resistance of the set winding 131 ohms and of the line winding 37 ohms. Optimum terminating impedance of the subscriber's set winding and the line winding is 600 ohms each. Case is furnished with $6^{\prime}$ leads. Height $143 / 4^{\prime \prime}$, width $131 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. Replaces the No. 50A Repeating Coil except for additions and maintenance purposes.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## RETARDATION COILS



No. 5AA


No. 5AF

,No.'51A

Code No.

## \section*{Description} <br> Toroidal type coil enclosed in a erosstalk-proof shell and mounted on a wooden base. It has two independent groups of windings; resistance of windings 74 ohms each. Base 11 x

 $8 \%$ inches.Torodial type coil, in crosstalk-proof shell. Equipped with mounting brackets and has wooden base with 3 terminals. It has 4 windings, conneeted series aiding with tap brought out from the middle point of the series arrangement. Total resistance 330 ohms, base $37 / 8 \times 37 / 8$ inches.
Consists of winding with a resistance of 2.3 ohms and is equipped with movable core for varying the impedance. Size 3 's/6 $x$ with movable co
$1 \times 1^{13} / 2$ inches.
Resistance 2.3 , similar to No. 12G but for portable sets. Base $3) \times 1$ inches.
Two toroidal coils, each enclosed in a crosstalk-proof shell and mounted on a single wooden base. :Each coil has 4 inductive windings connected permanently in series (inductive aiding); the maximum reaistance of the series arrangement ( $\mathrm{L}-1$ -$\mathrm{L}-2$ ) is 330 ohms, Fermirna arranged so protector blocks as two No. $5 A F$ coils on one base. Base $113 / 4 \times 43 / 6$ inches.

Retardation coil of one winding equipped with two brass terminals bent up to an angle of 90 degrees with the head of the coil. Resistance 520 ohms. Height $1 \frac{1}{8}$ inch, diameter $11 / 5$ inch.
Similar to No. 51 A excepting it is moisture-proof. Height $11 / 8$ inch, diameter $11 / 8$ inch.
A laminated steel core mounted between two split wooden spool heads. Resistance 525 ohms. Mounted by means of angle pieces. Size $5 \times 5 \times 10$ inches.
A shell type laminated silicon steel core provided with an air gap. Has an average effective inductance of approximately 2.7 henries with a superimposed direct current of .5 ampere. The DC resistance at 68 degrees Fahrenheit of the two windings in series is approximately 18.4 ohms. Size approximately $41 / 8 \times 43 / 6 \times 8$ inches.
Potted in a sheet steel case, arranged for stud mounting. Core and windings are divided in two parts and the winding parts so interconnected as to obtain two independent induetive windings having substantially the same electrical characteristics and very low mutual coupling. Average DC resistance of windings (1-2) and ( $3-4$ ) is 73 ohms cach. Effective inranges between 1.345 and 1.555 henries.

Used With
Composite circuits in place of two No. 5 K or two No. 5L Retardation Coils.

Simplexing telephone line. Replaces No. 5AC Coil.

Nos. 1312A and 6023A Telephone Sets.

No. 1314A Telephone Set
Used as phantom retardation coil; replaces No. 44 C .

Nos. $295 \Lambda \mathrm{~K}$, special 300 H and K Desk Set Boxes, Nos. 1293AD. AE, AK, AL and
$1317 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{AD}, \mathrm{AE}$, and AW Telephone Sets.

No. 1336F Telephone Set.
No. $61 \Lambda$ Selector Apparatus Case.

No. 60B Selector Apparatus Case. Entirely replaces the No. 5 AD Retardation Coil.

Intended for use in place of Nos. 5AA and 77 A Retardation Coils in stud mounter DC Telegraph Composite Sets.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

 RESISTANCES


No. 34A


No. 31A


No. 63

| Code No. | Resistance (Ohms) | Used, With |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 1F | 1,000 | Nos. 101A and 101B Selector Sets. |
| 18A | 37 | No. 52A Selector Apparatus Case. |
| 18G | 200 | No. 60A Selector Apparatus Case. |
| 18AK | 60 | Nos. 51A, 52A, 53A and 60A Selector Apparatus Cases. |
| 31A | 1,200 | Telegraph relays on composite circuits. Steel tube enameled resistance. |
| 34A | 200 to 30,000 | Nos. 101A, 101B, 102A and 102B Selector Sets. |
| 34B | 9 terminals |  |
|  | 100 to 3,100 | Nos. 51C, 51D and 53A Selector Keys on intercalling circuits. |
| 34C | 6 terminals |  |
| 34G | 9 to 3,124 | Simplexed train dispatching circuits. |
|  | 700 to 2,900 |  |
| 35D | 7 terminals | Dispatcher's Loud Speaking Telephone Circuit. |
| 38A | 250 | Nos. 51A and 53A Selector Apparatus Cases. Enameled resistance. |
| 63C | 48,000 | No. 160A Selector Sets. |
| 63F | 50 | No. 60B Selector Apparatus Case. |

Note-Reniatance units in No. 34 Type Resistances are arranged so that various values mny be obtained as follows:
No. 34 A values from 200 to 30,000 ohms in steps of 200 ohms each.
No. 34 B values from 100 to 3,100 ohms in steps of 100 ohms each.

No, 34 C values from 4 to 3,124 ohms in steps of from 4 to 64 ohms each.
No. 34 G values from 700 to 2,900 ohms in steps of from 200 to 500 ohms each.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## RINGERS



Nos. 4, 32, 38, 43, 45, 51, 53 and 60 Types

| Code | Resistance | Gong | Used in |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | in Ohms | No. |  |
| 4BG | 2500 | 29A | Nos. 1293AD and AE Telephone Sets. |
| 32BG | 2500 | 13 | Nos. 1330E and F Telephone Sets. |
| 38AG | 1020 | $26 \Lambda$ | Nos. 127E and 127 Special Extension Bells and No. 1317AH Telephone Set. |
| 38BG | 2500 | 26A | Nos. 127F Extension Bell, 1317P, S, W, AW and BK Telephone Sets. |
| 38FG | 1620 | 26A | No. 127G Extension Bell. |
| 43NG | 88 | 26 A | No. 128H Extension Bell. |
| 45BG | 2500 | 20 | Nos. 1336F, H and 1305AC Telephone Sets. Moisture-proofed. |
| *51AG | 1020 | 29A | Nos. 1278G, and H Telephone Sets and 315H Desk Set Box. |
| *51BG | 2500 | 29A | Telephone Sets and 300K and N Desk Set Boxes. |
| *51FG | 1620 | 29.4 | Telephone Sets and 300L and N Desk Set Boxes. |
| 53AG | 1000 | 29. | No. 1317CG Telephone Set. |
| 53BG | 2500 | 29A | Nos. 1317CP and CS Telephone Sets. |
| 53FG | 1600 | 29A | Nos. 1317CN and CR Telephone Sets. No. 127J Extension Bell and Nos. 160A, B, C, R and 161A Selector Sets. |
| 60CG | 16 | 26A | Nos. 160C, R, AC, AR, BC and BR Selector Sets. |

*The No. 51 Type Ringers have bent gong posts which permit of their use in woodwork drilled for ringers having three inch gongs; for example, drilled for the No. 38 Type Ringer.

RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS


## Repair Parts of Ringers

Repair parts for the Nos. $38,51,53$ and 55 Type Ringers are the same as shown above with the following exceptions:


Note 3-Gongs for various type ringers are listed with the code numbers on the preceding page.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS



|  | REPLACEMENT PARTS |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Piece | No. <br> Part | Required |  |  |

RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS
Ringers (Continued)


No. 60 Type Ringer

REPLACEMENT PARTS FOR No. 60CG RINGER

| A | P-140855 | Armature Adjuster | M | P-140847 | Contact Terminal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | P-108454 | Adjusting Screw | N | P-101697 | Eccentric |
| C | P-101698 | Pivot Screw | 0 | P-112962 | R.H. Machine Screw |
| c | P-101699 | Set Nut | P | P-140850 | Heel Iron |
| D | P-140835 | Spring | Q | P-205284 | Gong Post |
| E | P-145539 | Contact Arm | R | P-107918 | Gong Mounting Screw |
| F | P-145541 | Clapper and Armature | S | P-124456 | Gong |
| G | P-140849 | Clamping Plate | T | P-140894 | Clamping Plate |
| H | P-140859 | Coil Assembly | T | [P-140862 | Pile-up Screw |
| I | P- 40837 | Coil Mounting Screw | U | P-140852 | Terminal |
| J | P-140844 | Contact Spring |  | [P-92956 | Terminal Screw |
| K | P-140845 | Contact Spring | V | P-140851 | Bushing |
| L | P-140848 | Rubber Separator |  | P-140857 | Insulator |

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## SELECTIVE APPARATUS



No. 50B Selector


No. 60AP Selector

## Selectors

Code
No.
*50A Bridging selector mounted on a porcelain base and protected by a glass cover. Capacity 48 stations.

50B Group selector, first selects a group and then from this group the particular station desired. Capacity 65 stations.
*50C Same as No. 50A except it is of low resistance and operates from a local battery in the set. Capacity 48 stations.

60AP Alternating selector, mounted on phenol base and supplied with a glass cover. Operates on $17 \mathrm{im}-$ pulses which give a total of 78 code settings. Also equipped for receiving time signals.

60BP Similar to No. 60AP except it is equipped with 4 ringing terminals so that four bells in the same station can be rung by the same selector. Not equipped for receiving time signal. Regularly set to operate on a total of 17 impulses to the first ringing terminal. Total code settings 28 .

Resistance in Ohms Used

3750 At way stations on train dispatching circuits in Nos. 101A and 102A Selector Sets.

16000 At way stations on train dispatching circuits in Nos. 101A and 102A Selector Sets.
9.4 At way stations in No. 102C Selector Sets.

21000 At way stations in No. 160 C or R Selector Sets.

21000 At way stations in No. 160 C or R Selector Sets.
*Specify on order the number of stations for which the selectors are desired. In the No. 50 B Selector specify the group number and number of stations.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

Selective Apparatus (Continued)


## Symbol Subject

A Felt Washer Clamping Stud Code Pin Code Nut Code Wheel Code Wheel Screw Insulator Bushing Clamping Plate Clamping Plate Screw Insulator Holding Spring Upper Plate Upper Plate Screw Adjusting Screw Hexagon Nut Armature Middle Plate Holding Pawl Holding Pawl Spring Rocker Arm Rocker Arm Spring Stepping Pawl

Replacement Parts for No. 60 Type Selectors

| 60 AP | 60 BP |
| :---: | :---: |
| Selector | Selector |
| P-91966 | P-91966 |
| P-207899 | P-207899 |
| P-137652 | P-137652 |
| P-137651 | P-137651 |
| P-146196 | P-146199 |
| P-137650 | P-137650 |
| P-207896 | P-207896 |
| P-146610 | P-146610 |
| P-93833 | P-93833 |
| P-137632 | P-137632 |
| P-137636 | P-137636 |
| P-146308 | P-146308 |
| P-147796 | P-147796 |
| P-92642 | P-92642 |
| P-137686 | P-137686 |
| P-146148 | P-146148 |
| P-146306 | P-146306 |
| P-137643 | P-137643 |
| P-137648 | P-137648 |
| P-146152 | P-146152 |
| P-137692 | P-137692 |
| P-146149 | P-146149 |


| Symbol | Subject |
| :--- | :--- |
| W | Stepping Pawl Spring |
| X | Ratchet |
| Y | Terminal Plate |
| Z | Terminal Bridge Screw |
| AA | Terminal Plate Screw |
| AB | Spiral Spring |
| AC | Base |
| AD | Base Terminal |
| AE | Terminal Screw |
| AF | Core Lock Nut |
| AG | Coil |
| AH | Frame |
| AI | Frame Screw |
| AJ | Magnet |
| AK | Core |
| AL | End Play Washer |
|  | Card |
| AM | Card Holder |
|  | Face Strip |
|  | Retaining Screw |
|  | Glass Cover |


| 60AP <br> Selector | C0BP |
| :--- | :--- |
| Selector |  |
| P-93202 | P-93202 |
| P-137678 | P-137678 |
| P-137658 | P-137658 |
| P-94505 | P-94505 |
| P-93836 | P-93836 |
| P-137649 | P-137649 |
| P-207797 | P-207898 |
| P-137683 | P-137683 |
| P-137685 | P-137685 |
| P-121772 | P-121772 |
| P-228520 | P-228520 |
| P-146145 | P-146145 |
| P-121770 | P-121770 |
| P-145918 | P-145918 |
| P-147431 | P-147431 |
| P-137641 | P-137641 |
| P-92152 | P-92152 |
| P-101963 | P-101963 |
| P-101964 | P-101964 |
| P-223064 | P-223064 |
| P-162258 | P-162258 |

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS




Photograph 60B Selector Apparatus Case

## Selector Apparatus Cases



## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Selector Keys



No, 50A Selector Key


No. 61A Selector Key


No, 60A Selector Key

NOS. 50, 53, 60 AND 61 TYPES

| Code No. |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{*} 50 \mathrm{~A}$ | Individual key. from 1 to 35 . | Can be adjusted to select any station |

*50A Individual key. Can be adjusted to select any station from 1 to 35.
*50B Individual key. Can be adjusted to select any station from 1 to 48 .
*50C Individual key. Can be adjusted to select any station from 6-1 to $12-5$.
"50D Individual key. Can be adjusted to select any station from 13-1 to 18-5.
*50F Individual key. Can be adjusted to select any station from 1-3 to 21-1.

53A Master calling key. Capacity 55 stations. Mounts 2 No. 34B Resistances.

60A Individual key. Can be adjusted to select any station from 1 to 78 and advancing all selectors to the time receiving position.
60B Individual key. Can be adjusted for calling any of the code settings given for the No. 60B Selectors.

Master key to control the sequence of calling impulses for all codes totalling 17 steps. Consists of a driving mechanism and impulse wheel mounted on a shaft and control springs mounted on the base. It is furnished with a slotted cover through which levers extend allowing changes to be made in the code settings to correspond with the codes of the Nos. 60AP and BP Selectors.
Master key. Same as 61A except arranged to control the scquence of calling impulses for all codes for the No. 60A Selector when set for a total of 27 impulses and for the 60B Selector when set for a total of 27 impulses to the first or A terminal.

Used In
Nos. $50 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~B}$ or C Selector Key Cases. At dispatcher's office. With No. 50A Selectors.
Nos. 50. A, B or C Selector Key Cases. At dispatcher's office. With No. 50A Selectors.
Nos. 50A, B or C Selector Key Cases. At dispatcher's office. With No. 50 B Selectors.
Nos. 50A, B or C Selector Key Cases. At dispatcher's office. With No. 50 B Selectors.
Nos. 50A, B or C Selector Key Cases. At dispateher's office. With No. 50F Selectors.
Test boards in connection with No. 50B Selectors. Also at way stations on inter-calling circuits.
Nos. 60A, B, C, D or E Selector Key Cases. At dispatcher's office. With No. 60AP Selectors.
Nos. 60A, B, C, D or E Selector Key Cases. At dispatcher's office. With No. 60BP Selectors.
Circuits equipped with the Nos. 60AP and BP Selectors when set for a total of 17 steps to the first or A terminal. Also used on the inter-call circuits.

On circuits equipped with 60 AP and BP Selectors when set for a total of 27 steps to the first or a terminal. Also used on inter-call circuits.
*These selector keys are of the older type and are listed for convenience in ordering for maintenance purposes and for extensions to existing circuits.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

Selector Keys (Continued)


No. 60 Type

| Symbol | 1 Subject |
| :---: | :---: |
| A | Impulse Wheel |
| B | Bent Up Segment |
| C | Flat Segment |
| D | Segment Screw |
| E | Contact Spring |
| F | Contact Spring |
| C | Insulator Bushing |
| H | Insulator |
| 1 | Pileup Screw |
| J | Governor Pivot |
| K | Governor Pivot |
| L | Pivot Lock Nut |
| M | Main Spring |
| N | Stop |
| 0 | Stop Serew |
| P | Handle |
| Q | Governor |
| R | Governor Shaft \| |
| S | Governor Worm ) |
| T | Governor Cup |
| U | Mounting Screw |
| V | Ratchet Gear |
| W | Gear and Pinion |
| $\mathbf{X}$ | Gear and Pinion |
| Y | Face Plate |
| Z | Worm Wheel |
| AA | Screw |
| AB | Card |
| AC | Card Holder |
| AD | Face Strip |
| AE | Retaining Screw |
|  | Large Flat Segment |

## Symbol

Impuise Wheel Bent Up Segment Segegment Contact Spring Contact Spring Insulator Bushing Pileup Screw
Governor Pivot Pivot Loek Nut Main Spring
Stop Sere
Handle
Governor Shaft
Governor Worm
Mountin Cup
Rounting Screw
Gear and Pinion
Gear and Pinion
Face Plate
Screw
Card
Card Holder
Retaining Screw

* To be assembled

No. 61 Type

| Symbol | Subject |
| :--- | :--- |
| A | Code Lever |
| B | Code Lever |
| C | Interlock Arm |
| D | Governor |
| E | Governor Screw |

61 A Selector Key
Det. 49, A-121562
Det. 34, A-121560
det. 61, A-121563
Det. 2 \& $4, \mathrm{~A}-1215$ ลू
P-115577


No. 61 Type (Continued)

| Symbol | 1 Subject | 61A Selector Key |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $F \quad \mathrm{~F}$ | Pivot Scrow | Det. 55A, A-121562 |
| G P | Pivot Screw | Det. $55.4-121562$ |
| $\mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{P}$ | Pivot Nut | P-95329 |
| 1 I | Locking Spring | Det. 47, A-121561 |
| $J$ C | Contaet Spring | 2Det. 39 \& 46, A-121561 |
| K | Contact Spring | ${ }^{6}$ Det. 40A, A-121561 |
| L C | Contact Spring | Det. 38, A-121561 |
| M I | Insulator | Det. 41, A-121561 |
| $\mathrm{N} \quad \mathrm{B}$ | Bushing | Det. 43, A-121561 |
| O P | Pileup Screw | P-116861 |
| $\mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{P}$ | Pawl Assembly | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \$Det. } 28,29,30,32, \\ & \text { A-121559 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Q P | Pawl Spring | P-93204 |
| R I | Impulse and Ratehet Wheels | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Det. 34, 35, 36, 37, } \\ & \text { A-121560 } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\mathrm{S} \quad \mathrm{M}$ | Main Spring | Det. 21, A-121558 |
| T S | Spring Holder and Ratchet | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Det. } 19,20,22,23,25, \\ & \text { A-121558 } \end{aligned}$ |
| U | Governor Gear | $\begin{aligned} & \text { *Det, } 8,9,10,11,10 \mathrm{~A}, \\ & \text { A-121556 } \end{aligned}$ |
| $V$ F | Ratehet Spring | P-93030 |
| W I | Hub Screw | .138 ${ }^{\prime \prime}-32 \times 36^{\prime \prime}$, A-121569 |
| X E | Base | Det. 1, A-124869 |
| Y H | Handle | P-101504 |
| Z I | Handle Screw | P-101482 |
| AA O | Operating Lever | *Det, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18 . 19, A-121557 |
| AB I | Latch Spring | P-93203 |
| AC P | Position Spring | Det. 50, A-121562 |
| AD F | Fixed Segment | Det. 51, A-121562 |
| AE S | Spring Screw Cover | P-115578 <br> Det. 1-A, A-124867 |
| Symbol | I Subject | * $\rightarrow 618$ Selector Key |
| A C | Code Lever | Det 49, A-121566 |
| B C | Code Lever | Det. 34, A-121565 |
| R I | Impulse and Ratchet Wheels | *Det. 34, 35, 36, 37 , A-121565 |
| AD F | Fixed Segment Cover | Det. 51 A-121566 <br> Det. 1-A, A-124868 |

## Other parts same as for 61 A Selector Key.

* To be assembled as per drawing A-121569.
se Parta same as for No. 61A Selector Key except as noted above.

RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS
Selector Keys (Continued)
Nos. 62 and 63 Type


No. 62A Selector Key


No. 63B Selector Key

The Nos. 62 and 63 Type Selector Keys are master calling keys arranged to operate any or all selectors on a line to their ringing position by pushing one small locking key in each of the two groups of keys.

The Nos. 62A and 62B Selector Keys are arranged for desk or table mounting and the main apparatus unit is arranged so that it can be removed from its base by means of a jack connection.

The Nos. 63A and 63B Selector Keys are arranged for mounting in the face equipment of a No. 604 P.B.X. switchboard between the stiles ( $101 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ face mounting). They are arranged so that they may be removed from the switchboard either from the front or rear.

## Code No.

## Description

62A Arranged for desk or table mounting. Provides means for calling all selectors in the 17 step selector code as given in Table No. 1, page 10. These keys have two groups of 14 keys each and one group of 7 keys.

63A Switchboard mounting. Provides means for calling all selectors in the 17 step selector code as given in Table No. 1, page 10. These keys have two groups of 14 keys each and one group of 7 keys.

63B
Desk or table mounting. Provides means for calling all selectors in the 27 step selector code as given in Table No. 2, page 10. These keys have two groups of 21 keys each and one group of 7 keys.

Switchboard mounting. Provides means for calling all selectors in the 27 step selector code as given in Table No. 2, page 10. These keys have two groups of 21 keys each and one group of 7 keys.

## Remarks

The overall dimensions are approximately $121 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ high, $101_{4}^{\prime \prime}$ wide and $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ deep. The metal frame and cover are finished in black.

The overall dimensions are approximately $121 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ high, $101 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wide and $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ deep. The metal frame and cover are finished in black.

The overall dimensions are approximately $105 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ high, $93 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wide and $61 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ deep. The metal frame and cover are finished in aluminum.

The overall dimensions are approximately $105 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ high, $93 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wide and $61 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ deep. The metal frame and cover are finished in aluminum.

Note: For further information regarding the operation of these keys, refer to page 11.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

Selector Keys (Continued)


62 Type Selector Key

| Symbol | Subject |
| :--- | :--- |
| A | Distributor Panel, Complete |
| B | Terminal Plate, Complete |
| C | Inner Segment |
| D | Outer Segment |
| E | Segment Screw |
| F | Contact Arm |
| C | Contact Spring |
| H | Contact Spring Screw |
| I | Gear |
| J | Gear Mounting Screw |
| K | Pinion Mounting Serew |
| L | Pinion |
| M | Designation Card |
| N | Window |
| O | Terminal |


| 62A | 62B |
| :---: | :---: |
| Selector Key | Selector Key |
| P-235881 | P-235881 |
| P-235864 | P-235864 |
| P-235866 | P-235866 |
| P-235865 | P-235865 |
| P-115586 | P-115586 |
| P-235868 | P-235868 |
| P-235869 | P-235869 |
| P-114485 | P-114485 |
| P-235867 | P-235867 |
| P-119251 | P-119251 |
| P-157519 | P-157519 |
| P-235870 | P-235870 |
| P-244445 | P-244445 |
| P-235883 | P-235883 |
| P-124619 | P-124619 |


| Symbol | Subject |
| :--- | :--- |
| P | Resistance-Ward Leonard |
| Q | Relay-Start |
| R | Relay-Stop |
| S | Telechron Motor- |
| Type B3, 1 RPS |  |
| T | Lamp |
| U | Lamp Socket |
| V | Base Terminal Spring |
| X | Key Panel-Red Buttons |
| Y | Key Panel-White Buttons |
| Z | Key Panel-Black Buttons |
| AA | Base Complete |
|  | Cover |
|  | Circuit Label |


| 62A |
| :--- |
| Selector |
| Key |
| Type O- |
| 45 Ohms |
| R-1027 |
| R-332 |
| 60 eycles |
| 110 volts |
| No. 2F |
| No. 13A |
| P-235856 |
| 542AKey |
| 542BKey |
| 541AKey |
| P-235859 |
| P-235843 |
| P-244441 |

62B
Selecto Selector
Key Type O45 Ohms R-1027 R-382 60 cycles
110 volts 110 volts
No. 2 F No. 2 F
No. 13 A No. 13 A P-235856 543BKey 541AKey P-235859 $\mathrm{P}-235843$ P-244442

Western Electric

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Selector Keys (Continued)



63 Type Selector Key

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Symbol | Subject |
| A | Distributor Panel, Complete |
| B | Terminal Plate, Complete |
| C | Inner Segment |
| D | Outer Segment |
| D | Segment Screw |
| E | Contact Arm |
| G | Contact Spring |
| H | Contaet Spring Screw |
| H | Gear |
| J | Gear Mounting Screw |
| K | Pinion Mounting Screw |
| L | Pinion |
| M | Designation Card |
| N | Window |
| O | Terminal |


| 63A Selector Key | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 63B } \\ & \begin{array}{c} \text { Selector } \\ \text { Key } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| P-235880 | P-235880 |
| P-235864 | P-235864 |
| P-235866 | P-235866 |
| P-235865 | P-235865 |
| P-115586 | P-115586 |
| P-235868 | P-235868 |
| P-235869 | P-235869 |
| P-114485 | P-114485 |
| P-235867 | P-235867 |
| P-119251 | P-119251 |
| P-157519 | P-157519 |
| P-235870 | P-235870 |
| P-244445 | P-244445 |
| P-235883 | P-235883 |
| P-124619 | P-124619 |


| Symbol | 1 Subject | 63A Selector Key |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{P}$ | Resistance-Ward Leonard | Typeo- |
| Q | Relay-Start | R-1027 |
| R | Relay - Stop | R-332 |
| S | Telechron Motor- | 60 cycles |
|  | Type B3, 1 RPS | 22 volts |
| T | Lamp | No. 2 F |
| U | Lamp Socket | No. 13A |
| V | Cover Support | P-235850 |
| X | Key Panel-Red Buttons | 542 AKey |
| Y | Key Panel-White Buttons | 542BKey |
| z | Key Panel-Black Buttons | 541AKey |
|  | Cover | P-235842 |
|  | Circuit Label | P-244443 |

[^5]
## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Selector Key Cases



No. 60E Selector KeyCase


No. 60A Selector Key Case

Code Capacity

No. Key
60A 24

60B $\quad 36$
60 C 48
60D 60
60 E

## Description

Cabinet for mounting No. 60 Type Selector Keys. Four rows of six keys per row. Woodwork golden oak finish.
Cabinet for mounting No. 60 Type Selector Keys. Four rows of nine keys per row. Woodwork golden oak finish.
Cabinet for mounting No. 60 Type Selector Keys. Four rows of twelve keys per row. Woodwork golden oak finish.
Cabinet for mounting No. 60 Type Selector Keys. Four rows of fifteen keys per row. Woodwork golden oak finish.
Cabinet for mounting No. 60 Type Selector Keys. Three rows of four keys per row. Woodwork golden oak finish.

Dimensions
1239/4 in. $\times 151 / 4 \mathrm{in} . x$ $55 / 8$ in.
$1239 \mathrm{in} . \times 211 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x}$ $5 \frac{5}{8} \mathrm{in}$.
$123 / 64$ in. $x 271 / 4$ in. $x$
$55 / 8 \mathrm{in}$.
$123 \% / 4 \mathrm{in} . \times 331 / 4 \mathrm{in} . x$ $55 / 8 \mathrm{in}$.
1239 Gin . $\times 55 / 8 \mathrm{in} . \times$ $55 / 8 \mathrm{in}$.

## Selector Key Spaces

Code No.
50A

## Description

Used In
Key spaces, black finish. Nos. 50A, B and C, and Nos. 60A, B, C, D and E Selector Key Cases in spaces not equipped with keys.

## Selector Sets

The following selectors and associated apparatus are the older type DC and are listed for convenience in ordering sets for maintenance and extensions to existing circuits:

| Code No. *101A | Equipment | Dimensions | Used At <br> Way stations on train dispatching circuits operated on central energy basis. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Box equipped with: | $133 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \times 91 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \times 61 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. |  |
|  | 1 No. 101402 Bell. |  |  |
|  | 2 No. 51 F Retardation Coils. |  |  |
|  | 1 No. 21U Condenser. |  |  |
|  | 1 No. 1F Resistance. |  |  |
|  | Same as No. 101A, except equipped with No. 50B Selector. |  |  |
| **102A | Box equipped with: | 193/4 in. x $91 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \times 61 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. | Way stations on train dispatching circuits operated on local battery basis. |
|  | 1 No. 101404 Bell. |  |  |
|  | 2 No. 51 F Retardation Coils |  |  |
|  | 1 No. 5G Resistance. |  |  |
|  | 1 No. 50A Selector. |  |  |
|  | Arranged for, but not equipped |  |  |

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

## Selector Sets (Continued)

## Equipment

**102C Similar to No. 102A
${ }^{* *}$ 102C Similar to No. 102Z.
1 No. 50 C Selector.
1 No. 101404 Bell.
1 No. 190M Relay.
1 No. 5G Resistance.
2 No. 51 F Retardation Coils.
1 Special No. 43 Retardation Coil.
*Nos. 101A and 101B Sets are arranged for, but not equipped with, two No. 34A Resistances
**Nos. 102A and 102C Sets are arranged for but not equipped with, one No. 34A Resistance. These resistances are ordered separately in accordance with the circuit requirements.

## AC Selector Sets

recommended for all. new installations

$193 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \times 91 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \times 61 / 4 \mathrm{in}$.

Used At
Way stations on train dispatching circuits operated on local battery basis.

No. 160C Selector Set Equipped with No. 60 Type Selector

## Code No.

160 C

Equipment
Metal Box equipped with:

160 i No. 60CG Ringer.
I No. 138B Condenser.
1 No. 141H Condenser.

160R Metal Box equipped with:
1 No. 60CG Ringer.
1 No. 141H Condenser.

## Dimensions

13 in. $\times 7$ in. $\times 51 / 2$ in.

13 in. $\times 7$ in. $x 5^{1 / 2}$ in.

Used At
Way stations on AC train dispatching and message circuits when condensers are desired in the selector circuit. For use with No. 60AP or BP Selector. Replaces Nos. 160 AC and BC Selector Sets.
Same as No. 160C except it is used when selectors are operated through repeating coils. For use with No. 60AP or BP Selector. Replaces Nos. 160AR and BR Selector Sets.

Note: The Nos. 160 C and 160 R Selector Sets consist of a housing and the necessary associated apparatus and wiring for mounting a No. 60AP or BP Selector. The selector, however, is not furnished as a part of the set and must be ordered separately.

Wooden Box equipped with: $\quad 61 / 2 \mathrm{in} . \times 91 / 4 \mathrm{in} . \times 17 \mathrm{in}$. 1 No. 60AP Selector
1 No. 47A Repeating Coil.
2 No. 21AB Condensers.
1 No. 21U Condenser.
2 No. 51 F Retardation Coils.
1 No. 60 C Ringer.
2 No. 26A Gongs.

Way stations in intercall circuits with No. 61A Selector Apparatus Case and No. 61A Selector Key.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS SWITCHES



No. 1B Foot Switeh


No. 1A Foot Switch Attachment


No. 1A Booth Switch

Booth Switch

## Description

## Code No.

1A For disconnecting siding telephones from the line when the telephone is located in a locked booth. Operates when hasp is placed over the staple and held in place by padlock.

## Foot Switches

Code No.
1B
3B
3 C
3D

Springs
Makes one contact.
Makes two and breaks one contact.
Makes three and breaks two contacts.
Makes four and breaks two contacts.

Used
In dispatcher's telephone set.
In way station telephone sets.
In way station telephone sets with No. 501B Desk Set Boxes.
In towers with No. 501B Desk Set Boxes and No. 6052A Amplifier.

## Foot Switch Attachments <br> Use and Description

| Code Length <br> No. Inches |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1A | 12 |
| 1B | 24 |
| 2A | 23 |

With all types foot switches.
With all types foot switches.
A $3 / 4$ inch black enameled conduit equipped with a $3 / 4$ inch T. \& B. bushing (List No. 97760) at one end also includes pipe strap No. 97295 and two wooden screws for mounting. Used to protect wires entering foot switches.

## Switchhooks

SPRING ARRANGEMENTS


No. 140AG Nos. 143AA \& AC Switchhooks

Nos. $140 \mathrm{~S}, 143 \mathrm{~J}$, Nos. 140 W and $Y$ and $A E \quad 143 A B$ Switchhooks


Y and AE


No. 140S Switchhook


No. 143Y Switchhook

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

Switches (Continued)

## Code No.

## Description

140S Black finished, self contained switchhook. Sce illustration for spring arraugement.
140W Black finished. Similar in design to No. 140S. See illustration for spring arrangement.
140AG Black finished. Similar in design to No. 140S. See illustration for spring arrangement.
143J Black finished, self contained switchhook. All parts treated to effectively resist the action of moisture and fumes. See illustration for spring arrangement.

143Y Same as No. 143J except not moisture-proofed.
143AA Black finished, self contained switchhook. Similar in design to No. 143Y. See illustration for spring arrangement.
143AB Black finished. Similar in design to No. 143Y. See illustration for spring arrangement.
143AC Black finished, self contained switchhook. For use with the head band type of receiver. See illustration for spring arrangement.
143AE Black finished. Similar in design to No. 143AC. See illustration for spring arrangement.

## Push Button

Code
No.
1003A

1006A Breaks one and makes one contact.
1013A One break before make and one brcak before two make contacts are operated.

1014A One set of break before make-make contacts and one set of break before make contacts.

## Used In

Nos. 1293AD, AE, AK, AL, $1317 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{AD}$, AE, AW and 1336F Telephone Sets.
No. 1317BA Telephone Set.
No. 1317BU Telephone Set.

No. 501A Subscriber Set.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS TELEPHONE SETS



No. 1278G Telephone Set
No. 1293AD Telephone Set
No. 1305AC Telephone Set
NOTE: Batteries are not supplied with telephone sets and should be ordered separately.
Code No.

## Description

1278G Weatherproof metal set particularly adapted for street railway service. Five bar AC generator and 1000 ohm unbiased ringer. Includes:
No. 48 C Generator 2300 volt, 1 ampere Fuses,
No. 25 E Repeating Coil.
1 No. 5B Lock.
No. 29 Induction Coil.
1 No. 5B Lock.
No. 1 Protector Blocks.
1 Door Switch for opening circuit when door is closed.
No. 2 Protector Blocks.
Special No. DAAG Ring
No. 1001 H Hand Set.
2 Dry Cells furnished only when ordered.
1293AD Small wall kelephone set, having the battery mounted separately. Provided with high efficiency transmission eircuit For use as siding telephone on train dispatching circuits. Employs push buttons for use when talking. Contains:
1 No. 4BG Ringer.
1 No. 143AA Switeh Hook for ${ }^{14} / 6 \mathrm{in}$. mounting.
No. 21 AA Condenser.
1 No. 3E Transmitter Bracket.
No. 29 Induction Coil.
No. 51 A Retardation Coil.
1 No. 508 Receiver with 2 ft . No. 446 Cord.
${ }_{2}$ No. 349 Transmitter.
No. 1003A Push Button for $5 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. mounting

Code No.
1293AE


No. 1312A Telephone Set

For use on sidings. Contains: 1 No. 349 Transmitter No. 186 Receiver. No. 546 Cord, 2 ft . long. No. 4BG Ringer.
No. 21AA Condenser.
1 No. 143AC Switchhook.

## Description

1293AK Same as the No. 1293AD, less ringer.
1293 AL Same as the No. 1293AE, leas ringer.
1293 AL Same as the No. 1293AE, less ringer.
1293BC A high efficiency wall type central battery telephone set designed for use on lines where a large number of sets are required. Black finished. Contains: 1 No. 3E Transmitter Bracket.
No. 21 AL Condenser.
No. 42 Induction Coil.
No. 42 Induction Coil.
No. 1013A Push Button.
1305AC Code ringing, insulated magneto set intended to be used on railroads in block and other miscellaneous circuits. Arranged so that a condenser can be connected in the receiver circuit if dexired. Consists of:
1 No. 45BG Ringer.
No. 48 S Generator
No. 3 B Transmitter
Bracket per D-6169.
1 No. 144 Receiver.
Arranged for but not equipped with Noecial Induction C standard wall type composite telephone set. Contains:

6023A Desk type composite telephone. Consists of:

2 No. T1A Cords, 6 in.

1 No. 359 Transmitter.
1 No. 446 Cord, $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.

No. 12G Retardation Coil.
No. 21 D Condenser.
No. 21 H Condenser.
No. 143 AB Switchhook.
Special No. 390B Key.
No. 1C Howler.
No. $\overline{5}$ Induction Coil.
Interrupter P-101495.
$21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. No. 521 Receiver Cord.
No. 604 A Transmitter.
1 No. 144 Receiver.
1 No. 29 Induction Coil.
2 No. 329 Transmitter Cords, 6 in . long.
1 No. 1003A Push Button.
1 No. 51 A Retardation Coil.
1 No. 3E Transmitter Bracket.

No. 311A Desk Set Box

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS



No. 1317 Telephone Set (Closed)

## Telephone Sets (Continued)



No. 1317 Telephone Set (Open)

## Code No. <br> 1317P

Description
Local battery wall telephone for heavily loaded lines where code ringing is employed. Contains:

1 No. 323 Transmitter.
1 No. 144 Receiver.
1 No. 521 Receiver Cord, $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
2 No. T1A Cords, 6 in.

1 No. 38BG Ringer.
1 No. 48 A Generator.
1 No. 143 Y Switeh
1 No. 8A Transmitter Bracket.

1317 S Same as No. 1317P, excepting that a No. 21W Condenser is wired in series with the receiver.
1317 W Wall type telephone set for use on standard railway dispatcher's telephone circuits at sidings and similar places for use of conductors and trainmen. Provided with high efficiency transmission circuit. Employs push button for use when talking. Five bar AC generator and 2500 ohm unbiased ringer. Contains:
1 No. 48A Generator.
1 No. 143AA Switchhook.
No. 38BG Ringer.
No. 21AA Condenser. No. 29 Induction Coil
No. 51 A Retardation Coil.
1 No. 8A Transmitter Bracket.
1 No. 1003A Push Button for 3 If in. woodwork.
1 No. 446 Receiver Cord, 2 ft .
1 No. 349 Transmitter.
No. 508 Recoiver.
2 No. T1A Cords, 6 in.
2 No. 540 Cords.
1317AD Same as No. 1317W Telephone Set, excepting No. 38BG Ringer is omitted. Can be equipped with No. 38 Type Ringer if desired.
1317AE Same as No. 1317W Telephone Set, excepting No. 38BG Ringer is omitted and set is equipped with head receiver.
1317AH Wall type local battery telephone for moderately loaded lines where code ringing is employed. Three bar AC generator and 1000 ohm unbiased ringer. Contains:
1 No. 22A Generator.
No. 38AG Ringer.
1 No. 143 Y Switchhook.
1 No. 8A Transmitter Bracket.
1 No. 521 Cord, $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
1 No. 323 Transmitter.
ame as No. 1317 W , excepting that it is equipped with:
1 No. 143 AC Switchhook for $1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. mounting.
1 No. 186 Head Receiver.
2 No. 546 Receiver Oords.
1317BK For use on telephone lines exposed to high tension wire. Ringer is omitted and generator handle is insulated. All metal parts arranged for grounding. Contains:
1 No. 359 Transmitter.
1 No. 13 Induetion Coil.
No. 144 Receiver.
No. 521 Cord, $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. No. 540 Cords.
No. T1A Cords, 6 in.
No. 21 W Condenser.
1 Special No. 48R Generator
per D13730.
1 Switchhook D19513 for
$1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. woodwork.
1 No. 8A Transmitter Bracket.
1317BU A highly efficient telephone set designed for use on lines where a large number of seta are required. For use primarily in railroad work and employs a head band receiver. Contains:


## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Telephone Sets (Continued)

```
Code No.
1317CN For use on medium loaded code ringing lines. Arranged for two cells of dry batteries. Contains:
l No. 143Y Switchhook
        Bracket.
        1 Special No. 53FG Ringer.
```


## Description

```
317 CN For use on medium loaded code ringing lines. Arranged for two cells of dry batteries. Contains:
\begin{tabular}{ll}
1 No. 143 Y Switehhook & 1 No. 323 Transmitter. \\
for \(1 / 2\) in. woodwork. & 1 No. 144 Receiver. \\
1 No. 13 Induction Coil. & 1 No. 521 Cord, \(21 / 2\) ft. \\
1 No. 8 A Transmitter. & 1 No. 540 Cord. \\
Bracket. & 2 No. T1A Cords, 6 in. \\
1 Special No. \(53 F G\) Ringer. & 1 Special No. 50 F Generator.
\end{tabular}
1317CG Same as No. 1317CN, exeept furnished with No. 33 AG Ringer. For use on lighty loaded lines, code ringing.
1317 CP Same as No. 1317CN, except furnished with a Special No. 53BG Ringer ( 2500 opms). For use on heavily loaded lines. code ringing.
1317CR Same as No. 1317 CN , except equipped with a Special No. 40 F Generator and a Special No. 21W Condenser in the receiver circuit.
1317CS Same as No. 1317CP, except equipped with No. 21W Condenser in receiver circuit.
1317DU Same as No. 1317BU, except No. 48 type Generator is omitted.
```

Portable Telephone Sets


No. 1314A Portable Set

Code No.
1314A

Portable composite telephone set. Contains:
No. 12M Retardation Coil.
1 No. 140F Switchhook.
Special No. 390 Key per D11567.
No. 21D Condenser.
No. 21 U Condenser.
No. 21 H Condenser.
No. 1B Howler.
1 No. 3B Binding Post.


No. 1314A Set Open front view)

## Description

Arranged for but not equipped with four standard dry batteries unless specified in order. The weight of the set com plete is about 26 lbs . Approximate dimensions $111 / 2 \times 12 \times 71 / 2$ inches. No. 4 Line Pole used but should be ordered separately.

3 Special No. 3C Binding Posts per D51199
1 No. 384 Cord, 3 ft .
No. 179 Cord, $81 / 2$ in.
No. 267 Cord with rail clamp, 10 ft .
No. 5 Induction Coil.
Interrupter P101495.
1 No. 606 A Transmitter
1 No. 133 Receiver.


No. 1330E Telephone Set


No. 1330F Portable Set

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Portable Telephone Sets (Continued)




Code No. 1332A Poles on train dispatching circuits. Contains:

| 1 | No. 29 Induction Coil. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 | No. 21 No. 1001 C Hand Sendenser. |$\quad 2$ No. 792 Eveready dry batteries furnished only 1 No. 21BW Condenser.

2 No. 792 Eveready dry batteries furnished only when ordered
The complete set weighs approximately 6 lbs . The size is $9^{3} / \mathrm{in} \times 71 / 8 \times 4$ inches.
1332E
1375B Same as No. 1332A, excopting that it is equipped with a No. 3B 2500 ohm Buzzer.
Telephone Set in portable leather case with adjustable hand or shoulder carrying strap. Apparatus moisture-prooted and mounted on an aluminum frame. Contains:
No. 1001H Hand Set. Special No. 31 Induction Coil (D17624). No. 29E Generator.
Complete set weighs approximately $101 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. The size is $9 \frac{3}{6}$ inches high, $3 \frac{3}{4}$ inches deep and $63 /$ inches wide. This telephone set can be equipped with the No. 1001G Hand Set where a lighter weight is desired.

1398A

Local battory, portable, moisture-proof, magneto telephone set enclosed in wooden case and equipped with a handle or shoulder strap. Contains:
No. 29E Generator.
1 No. 31 Induetion Coil (1)17624).
1 Buzzer (D21141).

[^6]
## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Telephone Sets (Continued)

## Weatherproof Telephone Sets



No. 1336F Closed


No. 1336F Open

Code No.
1336F

## Description

An iron box, local battery telephone set for heavily loaded lines for use out of doors on train dispatching circuits. Provided with high efficiency transmission circuit. All parts treated to effectively resist the action of moisture and fumes. Employs push button for use when talking. Five bar AC generator and 2500 ohm unbiased ringer. Contains:

1 No. 48C Generator.
1 No. 143K Switchhook.
1 No. 45BG Ringer.
1 No. 32 Induction Coil.
1 No. 51B Retardation Coil.
1 No. 601 A Transmitter.
1 No. 21AA Condenser.

1 Special No. 1002A Push Button.
1 No. 508 Receiver.
2 No. 385 Transmitter Cords.
1 No. 384 Receiver Cord, $101 / 2 \mathrm{in}$.
1 No. 540 Cord.
$31 / 2 \times 3 / 8 \times 21 / 4$ inch leather cable holders.
2 Dry cells (when specified in the order).

1 No. 144 Receiver.
1 No. 601A Transmitter.
1 No. 640 Cord.
1 No. 384 Cord, $101 / 2 \mathrm{in}$.
No. 385 Cords, 7 in.

1 No. 48 C Generator.
1 No. 45BG Ringer.
1 No. 21AA Condenser.
1 Special No. 30 Induction Coil.
1 No. 143AA Switchhook.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

 TELEPHONE OUTFITS
## LOUD SPEAKING

## No. 12A Loud Speaking Telephone Outfit

The No. 12A Loud Speaking Telephone Outfit is intended for use in train dispatching circnita at Dispatchers' Stations and consists of:

1 No. 519A Subscribers Set.
1 No. 543 W Receiver.
1 No. 216A Vacuum Tube.
Note: A No. 579.4 Loud Speaking Telephone or a KS6368 Horn with a No. 549 Receiver may be used in place of the No. 513W Receiver in this outfit.

## No. 519A SUBSCRIBERS SET

The No. $519 . \mathrm{A}$ Subscribers Set consists of an oak cabinet $91 / 4$ inches wide, $16 \frac{3}{4}$ inches high and 63 if inches deep in which is mounted the following apparatus:

1 No. 100L Vacuum Tube Socket.
1 No. 19DP Resistance.
1 No. 19DR Resistance.
1 No. 19DN Resistance.
1 No. 34 H Resistance.
1 No. 100A Retardation Coil.

1 No. 43 Induction Coil.
1 No. 44 Induction Coil.
1 No. 218 F Input Transformer.
2 No. 21AK Condensers.
2 No. 21F Condensers.
1 No. 21D Condenser.
1 No. 272A Key.

The No. 519A Subscribers Set functions similarly to the No. 502A Subscribers Set and in addition is equipped with one stage of amplification which is operated on a direct current power supply. This set operates with a No. 543W Loud Speaking Receiver.

The set is provided with a key to switch in either the loud speaker or a regular dispatcher's head receiver. The amplification is such that satisfactory volume may be obtained over a 200 or 300 mile line (open wire).

## DIRECTIONS



## No. 6052A AMPLIFIER.

The No. 6052A Amplifier is used in conjunction with a No. 501 B Desk Set Box at Way Stations and with a No. 502A Desk Set Box at Dispatchers' Stations.

## No. 6040A AMPLIFIER.

The No. 6040 A Amplifier being electrically the same as the No. 6052 A except for the frequeney of the power source required for its operation, may be used under otherwise identical conditions.

Note: For further information regarding Loud Speaking Telephone Equipment see Page 18.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS TIME SENDING SET

No. 60A TIME SENDING SET



No. 60A Set

The 60A Time Sending Set is intended for use in conjunction with the 6013 Selector Apparatus Case and the time repeating relay at the dispatcher's station, to transmit time impulses over the system so that the bell in each of the way station sets will tap and give a signal corresponding to each closure of the local contact of the time repeating relay.

Consists of a black finished metal surface cabinet containing a black phenol fibre mounting plate on which is mounted the following equipment:
1 No. R1971 Relay.
1 DPDT Rotary Snap Switch.
1 No. 149AN Relay.
4 No. 63C Resistances.

Approximate overall dimensions are $6^{5} 3^{\prime \prime}$ " wide $\times 78^{5 \prime}$ high $\times 614^{\prime \prime}$ deep.
Entirely replaces the D14386 Time Sending Set.
For further information regarding the operation of this equipment refer to Page 14.
NO. 341A TRANSFORMER


No. 341A
The No. 341A Transformer has a shell type silicon steel core clamped between angle iron brackets which also provide a mounting for the transformer and for the terminal connecting block.
$\left.\begin{array}{ccccccc}\text { Code } & \text { No. of } & \text { No. of Wind- } & \text { Resistance, Ohms } & \text { Approx. } & \text { Approx. } \\ \text { No. } & \text { Coils } & \text { ings Each Coil } & \text { Primary } & \text { Secondary } & \text { Dimensions } & \text { Weight } \\ \text { 341A } & 1 & 4\left\{\begin{array}{l}2 \\ 2\end{array} \text { Primary }\right.\end{array}\right\}$

The primary windings and the secondary windings are each balanced from a resistance, inductance and capacity standpoint to within 200 crosstalk units to permit the coil to be used on simplexed telephone circuits arranged for duplex telegraph without interference from the telegraph on the side or phantom telephone circuits.

Note: The No. 341 A Transformer is especially designed for repeating the low frequency ( $31 / 2$ cycles) selector impulses for long lines with a large number of selectors. The impedance at 900 cycles of the two secondary windings connected in series aiding is approximately $6,000 \mathrm{ohms}$ and of the two primary windings in series aiding is approximately 12,000 ohms. The loss from bridging the transformer on a line as a simplex bridge is, therefore, very small. The loss in telephone transmission due to inserting
transformer in the center of an electrically long line of No. $9 \mathrm{~B} \& \mathrm{~S}$ non-loaded open copper wire is approximately 5 decibeis.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

TRANSMITTER ARMS


No. 1020CC Trans. Arm


No. 1048DD Trans. Arm

## Code

 No. 1020CCFor regular local or central battery serviee. Used on flat top desks. Includes:
1 No. 20CC Transmitter Arm.
1 No. D3A Cord, 8 ft .
1 No. 323 Transmitter.
1 No. R2A Cord, $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
1 No. 144 Receiver.
2 No. T1A Cords, 12 ins.
1020C For way station use on train dispatching circuits, Includes:

1 No. 20C Transmitter Arm.
1 No. 409 Cord, 8 ft .

1020E

1048DA

1048DB

1048DC
1048DD

1048GA

1048GB
1048GC
1048GD
1120C

1148DA
1148DB
1148DC
1148DD

1 No. 349 Transmitter.
1 No. 186 Receiver.
Includes:
1 No. 20E Transmitter Arm.
1 No. 349 Transmitter.
1 No. 186 Receiver.
1 No. 554 Cord, $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
1 No. 426 Cord, 12 in.
1 No. 427 Cord, 12 in.
1 No. R2U Cord, $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
1 No. 416 Cord, 8 ft .
2 No. 427 Cords, 12 in.

Adjustable folding arm, having telephone set incorporated in it. Mounts on side of a roll top desk. Includes:
1 No. 148DA Transmitter Arm. 1 No. 186 Receiver.
1 No. 349 Transmitter.
1 No. 409 Cord, 8 ft .
1 No. 554 Cord, $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
Adjustable folding arm, having telephone set incorporated in it. Mounts on sides of flat top desk or on wall. Includes:
1 No. 148DB Transmitter Arm. 1 No. 186 Receiver.
1 No. 349 Transmitter. 2 No. 427 Cords, $97 / 8$ in
Same as No. 1048 DA, except mounts on top of flat top desk.
Same as No. 1048DA except mounts on wall in way stations where it is desired to place a flat top desk against the wall.
Equipped with a No. 349 Transmitter, No. 186 Receiver, No. 416 Cord, 8 ft ., No. 554 Cord, $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$., No. 330 Cord, $97 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. long. Mounts on side of roll top desk.
Same as No. 1048GA except mounts on wall or side of flat top desk.
Same as No. 1048 GA except mounts on top of flat top desk.
Same as No. 1048GA except mounts on wall in way stations where it is desired to place a flat top desk against the wall.)
Transmitter arm same as the No. 1020C except that the 189 Receiver is used instead of the No. 186.

Same as No. 1048DA except that it is equipped with low wound No. 189 Receiver.
Same as No. 1048DB except that it is equipped with low wound No. 189 Receiver.
Same as No. 1048DC except that it is equipped with low wound No. 189 Receiver.
Same as No. 1048 DD except that it is equipped with low wound No. 189 Receiver.

Train dispatching at way stations with a desk set box employing a four conductor cord and an induction coil having the primary and secondary windings insulated from each other.

Used at way stations with the Nos. 501 A and B Desk Set Boxes.
Used with Nos. 501 A and B Desk Set Boxes.
Used with Nos. 501 A and B Desk Set Boxes.
Used with No. 501A and B Desk Set Boxes.
Used with Nos. 501A and B Desk Set Boxes.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS TRANSMITTER ARM BRACKETS



| Code No. | Description | Dimens Length of Rod | Inches Overall Length | Use |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2A | Consists of an iron base equipped with a steel rod about which the arm rotates | 71/16 | $10^{25 / 32}$ | Mounts on the side of roll top desks. |
| 2B | Same as the No. 2 A except equipped with a collar assembled on the rod for the purpose of stopping the rotation of the transmitter arm in any one of the four predetermined positions. | 71/6 | 15\% ${ }^{\frac{1}{2} \text { 2 }}$ | Mounts on wall or side of flat top desks. |
| 2 C | Similar to the No. 2A. | 71/16 | $1025 / 32$ | Mounts on the top of a flat top desk. |

## TRANSMITTER BRACKETS

## Code <br> No.

3E
8A

## Description

For mounting insulated transmitters.
Black finish bracket, for mounting transmitters on wooden telephone sets.

Use
Nos. 1293AD, AE, AK, AL and 1305AC Telephone Sets.
Nos. $1317 \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{W}, \mathrm{AD}, \mathrm{AH}, \mathrm{AW}, \mathrm{AE}$, $B U, C N, C P, C R, C S$ and CG Telephone Sets.

## TOOLS



No. 48 Too


No. 115 Too

No. 144 Tool


No. 145 Tool


## Description

Used for adjusting Nos. 50A and 50B Selectors. Consists of a wrench and screw driver. Will fit $1 / 4$ inch and $7 / 22$ inch nuts.

Used for changing Nos. 50A and 50B Selectors to call different stations. It is a small double ended tool, one end consisting of a wrench for $1 / 4$ inch hexagonal nut; the other end a small wire hook.
Used for changing Nos. 60A, 60B, 60AP and 60BP Selectors to call different stations. Consists of a socket wrench and screw driver.
Used for changing Nos. 60A and 60B Selectors to call different stations. Sinall double ended tool, one end consisting of a wrench for $1 / 8$ inch hexagonal nut; the other end a small wire hook.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS TESTING APPARATUS 

Test Sets


No. 60B Test Set

Code
No. 60B

Intended for use in the field for electrically testing No. 60 type Selectors and No. 160 type Selector Sets. Consists of a black finished metal box having a hinged cover and a carrying handle. Contains a fibre panel on which are mounted the following:

1 Weston No. 506 Milliammeter.
1 Polynet Type VC 1946 Wire Wound Volume Control.
3 No. 92 Type Keys.
1 No. R323 Relay.
1 No. 138B Condenser.
3 No. 768 Eveready Batteries required (must be ordered separately).
8 Terminal Punchings.
The terminal punchings are provided for use in making external connections to the Nos. 60, 61 or 62 type Selector Keys. An opening in the panel and other means are provided for internally connecting in the test circuit, a No. 60 type Selector Key when it is desired to use this key in this manner for operating the selector under test.
Approximate overall dimensions of the No. 60B Test Set with cover closed, are $81 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ long, $6^{\prime \prime}$ deep and $9^{\prime \prime}$ high. Approximate weight including batteries 14 lbs .
NO. 1017C TEST SET consists of a wooden box telephone set equipped with a regular battery talking circuit consisting of a standard transmitter, induction coil, receiver and a special three cell dry battery unit. It can be used either on magneto or central battery lines. Will ring through 5,000 ohms. Contains:

## Code No.

1 No. 2D Buzzer.
1 No. 29F Generator.
1 No. 572 Cord.
1 No. 13 Induction Coil.
1 No. 515 Receiver.
1 No. 266 Transmitter.

Description
1 No. 703 Eveready Battery
(must be ordered separately) 1 Special Switch.
3 No. 3C Binding Posts.

THE NO. 1017E TEST SET is similar to the No. 1017C except it is equipped for use on either composited or straight telephone lines. Contains:
1017E $\quad{ }^{*} 1$ No. 29F Generator.
1 No. 714 Eveready Battery (must be ordered separately).
1 No. 2E Buzzer.
1 No. 515 Receiver.
1 No. 572 Cord, 2 ft .
1 No. 13 Induction Coil.
1 No. 6000A Interrupter.
1 No. 266 Transmitter.

* This generator will operate a No. 56 A Drop through 11,500 ohms resistance.

The above sets have a birch mahogany finish. Size of case, length $63 / 22^{\prime \prime}$, width $4^{27 / 32^{\prime \prime}}$ and height $727 / 32^{\prime \prime}$. Weight 7 lbs.
D86418 Similar to a No. 1017E Test Set except that it includes an exploring coil, special switching device, and a modified circuit for controlling the test tone for the exploring coil. This set is intended to fulfill the standard uses for the No. 1017 Type Test Sets and in addition includes a fault direction locating feature for use in testing open wire lines. The No. 515 Receiver and No. 266 Transmitter are required for operation but must be ordered separately.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS



CABLEMAN'S TEST SET

Code No.
43A
Splicer's Portable Test Set. Intended for use in connection with the installation and maintenance of cable in manual or dial telephone areas. Consists of a buzzer circuit which provides tone for identifying wires for balance testing and for running down resistance faults on short non-loaded cable by the exploring coil method; together with auxiliary circuits which provide for a battery for detecting defective pairs by receiver battery tests or for energizing the transmitter of a talking set and a ringer buzzer by means of which the splicer may be called from a central office when communication with him is desired. Woodwork birch, finish olive-green. Contains:

10 Binding Posts.
1 No. 21 F Condenser.
1 No. 21R Condenser.
1 No. 2D Buzzer.
2 SPST Snap Switches.
2 No. 1AG Resistances.

1 No. 15 Lungen Buzzer, Size No. 2, wound to 40 ohms.
2 No. 771 Eveready Batteries required (must be ordered separately).
1 No. 13 Induction Coil.

1020C Designed for use by cable repairmen as a portable test set for locating shorts, grounds, crosses, split pairs and wet spots in cables. The case has a birch mahogany finish and weighs $121 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. without batteries. Size $121 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wide, $67 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ deep and $107 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ high. Consists of the Nos. 20 C and 1019C Test Sets, the latter being contained in the case of the former:

THE NO. 1019C TEST SET consists of the No. 19C Test Set equipped with one No. 747 Cord, one No. 186 Plug and one No. 528 Receiver.
THE NO. 19C TEST SET consists of an exploring coil, a condenser and three jacks enclosed in a nickel silver case.
THE NO. 20C TEST SET consists of the following apparatus:
3 No. 540 Cords 1 Interrupter.
1 No. 18AC Resistance. 12 2-Point Switch.
1 No. 21K Condenser. 4 Dry Cells (must be ordered separately).
1 Vibrator.
1120C This Test Set is the same as the No. 1020C Test Set except that it contains a No. 1119C Test Set instead of a No. 1019C.

THE NO. 1119C TEST SET consists of a No. 19C Test Set equipped with one No. 584 Cord, one No. 186 Plug, one No. 1A Headband and two No. 502 Receivers.

## SWITCHING AND TESTING PANELS

We are prepared to furnish switching and testing panels to take care of any requirements. These panels are equipped with switches and are used for testing and patching purposes on train dispatching and simplexed block circuits.

Prices furnished on request.

RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## TRANSMITTERS



No. 323 Transmitter


Head Telephone Set with No. 386 Transmitter


No. 285 Transmitter


No. 353 Transmitter

## Code No.

244

349 An insulated black finished transmitter similar to the No. 323 except that it is equipped with a low resistance button. Replaces No. 280 W , also No. 284 W except for repiacement purposes.

A high resistance insulated bracket type transmitter. Equipped with two T1A Cords, $97 / 3$ inches. Case, bracket and arm finished in black. Replaces No. 350 Transmitter.

## Description

An insulated high resistance nickel finish transmitter. Consists of a cylindrical brass case with a perforated metal mouth piece and an inner case. Provided with No. 16 Button.
An insulated high resistance nickel finish transmitter, provided with aluminum punch cover, but without a mouth piece so that it can be mounted inside of a box. Cords enter through brass bushing on the lower side. Equipped with No. 9 Button.
An insulated low resistance transmitter similar to the No. 244. Uses a special No. 16 Button. Nickel.

A high resistance insulated black finished transmitter, provided with mounting lug and clamping bolt. Replaces Nos. 291 W 317 W and 329 W Transmitters.

A centrally damped transmitter similar to No. 323 except it is equipped with a reinforced mouthpiece.
A low resistance insulated aluminum centrally damped local battery chest transmitter. Replaces No. 283 Transmitter.
An insulated, low resistance, centrally darnped, granular carbon transmitter equipped with a reinforced composition mouth piece and a black finished bell having a flat back arranged to monnt on a transmitter bracket in the No. 336 Type Sub
A black finished, centrally damped, insulated, low resistance, granular earbon transmitter unit mounted on a sbort black inished hollow transmitter arm which is in turn pivoted to a bracket in such a manner that the transmitter may be swung in a vertical plane. The transmitter unit is equipped with a reinforced mouth piece. Two No. 323 Cords, $8^{\prime \prime}$ long are connected to the transmitter terminals. Replaces No. 282 W Transmitter.


No. 3A Transmitter Attachment

## Used

With No. 1001H Hand Set, Nos. 1278G, H and 1375B Telephone Sets.

Used in Nos. 1017C and E Tests Sets.

On No. 1001 C Hand Set, Nos, 1330E, F, $1331 \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{F}, 1332 \mathrm{~A}$, and E Portable Telephone Sets.
On Nos. $1317 \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{AH}, \mathrm{AW}, \mathrm{BK}, \mathrm{CG}, \mathrm{CN}$, CP, CR, CS, DU and 6023A Telephone Desk Stands; and No. 1020CC Transmitter Arm.
With Nos. 1293AD, AE, AK, AL, BC, $1317 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{AD}, \mathrm{AE}$ and BU' Telephone Sets; Nos. $1020 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{E}, 1048 \mathrm{DA}, \mathrm{DB}, \mathrm{DC}, \mathrm{DD}$, GA, GB, GC. GD, $1120 \mathrm{C}, 1148 \mathrm{DA}, \mathrm{DB}$, 1049 AB DD Transmitter Arms; Nos. $1042 \mathrm{AB}, \mathrm{BR}$ and 1142 AB Desk Stands.
Magneto and central battery wall telephones, requiring insulated bracket type transmitter such as No. 1317BK Telephone Set.
With No. 1305AC Telephone Set.
With No. 375 Cord in dispatcher telephone sets.
With the Nos. 1336F and H Telephone Sets.

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Transmitters (Continued)

| Code No. | Description | Used |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 604 A | Consists of a No. 354 type high resistance Transmitter mounted on a black finished hollow transmitter arm which is in turn pivoted to a bracket in such a manner that the transmitter can be swung in a vertical plane. Two No. 356 Cords pass through the transmitter arm with the cord tip ends connected to the transmitter terminals and the other end soldered to terminals in the back of the bracket. Replaces No. 286W Transmitter. | With No. 1312A Telephone Sets. |
| 605A | A centrally damped, insulated, low reaistance, granular carbon tranmitter, having a nickel finished brass bell and a face plate of polished aluminum. Horn mouth piece. Arranged to mount on transmitter arms. Replaces No. 287W Transmitter. | Railway train dispatching systems. |
| 606A | A black finished, centrally damped, insulated, high resistance. granular carbon transmitter. Equipped with a reinforced mouth piece and a bell having no lug and arranged to mount on transmitter arms. Replaces No. 228W Transmitter. | With the No. 1314A Telephone Set and Railway Train Dispatching Systems. |
| 607A | Consists of a No, 606 type Transmitter mounted on a black finished transmitter arm, which is in turn pivoted to a bracket in such a manner that the transmitter may be swung in a vertical plane. A No. 13 Induction Coil is mounted in the bracket on which four insulated terminals and one grounded terminal are mounted. Leads from the four terminals of the induction coil are connected to the four insulated terminala on the bracket. Replaces No. 259 w Transmitter. | Railway Train Dispatching Systems. |

## TRANSMITTER ATTACHMENTS

## Used for supporting chest type transmitter

Code
No.
2A
3A

## Description

Buckle only
Buckles and slate colored tape.

## Code

No.
3B

## Description

Buckles and black colored tape. Buckles and white colored tape.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS BATTERIES AND SUPPLIES 



Gray Label

## Dry Batteries for Telephone Service

COLUMBIA GRAY LABEL DRY CELLS
This battery is specially designed for telephone work. It is noted for its long life and satisfaction on light-drain service. A patented Eveready feature - the new metal top protects against leakage, bulging and breakage. Made in 6 inch size only. Fahnestock Spring Binding Posts are furnished without extra charge when requested.

## EVEREADY EXTRA LONG LIFE TELEPHONE CELLS

It is the longest lasting battery manufactured for telephone work. The many hours of extra service obtained from this battery more than compensates for its slight extra cost. It has the new metal seal top-all armored construction. Made in 6 inch size only.

DESCRIPTION

| DESCRIPTION |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Type } \\ & \text { Columbia Gray Label } \\ & \text { Eveready Long Life } \\ & \text { Telephione } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | Approx. Weight | Quantity |
|  | Voltage | Diameter | Height | of Standard Packages lbs. | in Standard Package |
|  | $11 / 2$ | $21 / 2$ | 6 | ¢6 | $25^{\circ}$ |
|  | 1/2 | 21/2 | 6 | 57 | 2.5 |
| EVEREADY COLUMBIA DRY CELLS |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eveready Columbia No. 6 Dry Cell with the new Metal |  |  |  |  |  |
| Top-a patented Eveready feature-protects against leak- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| excellent service for all Dry Cell uses. Its exceptionally long |  |  |  |  |  |
| life and quick recuperation have made the Eveready No. 6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dry Cell famous for ignition, radio and other heavy duty |  |  |  |  |  |
| service. It is the best general purpose dry cell. Made in 6 |  |  |  |  |  |

## EVEREADY COLUMBIA DRY CELLS

Eveready Columbia No. 6 Dry Cell with the new Metal Top-a patented Eveready feature-protects against leakage, bulging and breakage. Renowned for its long life and excellent service for all Dry Cell uses. Its exceptionally long life and quick recuperation have made the Eveready No. 6 Dry Cell famous for ignition, radio and other heavy duty service. It is the best general purpose dry cell. Made in 6 inch size only.


Long Life


DESCRIPTION


OVAL COLUMBIA BATTERIES FOR PORTABLE TELEPHONES
For Use With Portable Telephones
This Cell is equipped with Screw Binding Posts Weight Per Cell

Ozs.


Size of Zinc Cans
Inches
$11 / 4$
EVEREADY FLASHLIGHT BATTERIES
Size Overall

| List | No. of | Height | Width | Depth | Standard | Used |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Cells | Ins. | Ins. | Ins. | Package |  |
| 703 | , | 2193 | 276 | 27/32 | 10 | In the Nos. 1017B, C, E Test Sets and |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | No. 1375B Telephone Set. |
| 790 | 2 | 413 侑 | 11152 | - | 120 | In the Nos. $1330 \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{F}, 1331 \mathrm{E}$ and F |
| 792 | 2 | $221 / 2$ | $121 / 2$ | 27\% | 1 | In the Nos. 1332A and E Telephone |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Sets. |

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

## Batteries and Supplies (Continued)



Complete Cell


Cell in Tray


Complete Renewal

## EDISON PRIMARY BATTERIES AND RENEWALS

## GENERAL

Edison Primary Batteries are furnished in capacities ranging from 75 to 1000 ampere hours. The 75 , 250 and 500 ampere hour cells are the sizes best adapted to telephone work.

The characteristics of this battery, which make it particularly well suited for telephone service, are: uniform voltage under continuous discharge; extremely low and constant internal resistance; freedom from depreciation when the circuit is open; long life, with no attention between renewals; indicator panels in plates, which accurately show the approach of exhaustion, thus making it possible to maintain a circuit indefinitely without battery failure; immunity from polarization when continually discharged at or below recommended rates. Each cell consists of the following:

## Permanent Parts

Jar, heat resisting glass.
Porcelain cover.
Set of terminal nuts and washers.

## Active Materials

Assembled Element (Electrodes).
Can of Caustic Soda.
Bottle of special battery oil.

For initial installations, complete cells are ordered which include all of the parts listed above. When a cell exhausts, the active materials (elements, caustic soda and oil) only are required, the permanent parts being continued in service indefinitely. The active materials are designated as a renewal by means of which an exhausted cell is restored to its original capacity.

Special heat resisting glass jars are used with Edison Primary Cells. These jars, which were developed for use with this form of battery, withstand the variations in temperatures to which they are subjected when the electrolyte is being mixed and are not atfiected by the solution. They make for convenience in checking the condition of the elements and solution lines.

The open circuit voltage of all Edison Primary Cells when new is 0.9 . The closed circuit voltage is very constant and ranges from 0.6 to 0.65 depending on the rate of discharge and the degree of exhaustion.


## Type S-75 Cell

The type 75 cell meets the demand for a small cell of dependable capucity, capable of delivering comparatively strong eurrents, practically free from shelf depreciation and selling at a low price. Inexpensive jars of ordinary glass are used and the entire cell is disearded at exhanstion. The overall dimensions are 3 inches in diameter by $71 / 2$ inches high.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

## Batteries and Supplies (Continued)

## Type S-75

The maximum recommended continuous current is 0.65 ampere. Maximum recommended intermittent current, 1 ampere. The type 75 is a highly efficient telephone cell and is also suitable for any service where the current requirements come within the recommended discharge limits. For voltage see general descriptive matter.

## Type S-252 Cell

This cell is used extensively in railway telephone service for dispatehers and way station trunsmitters; in many cases the way station transmitter battery also supplies the eurrent for selective ringing. It is a particularly well balanced cell, as regards relation of electrodes to electrolyte, with the element carried high in the jar and clear of the dense solution at the bottom of the cell.

The maxinum recommended current is as follows: continuous 1 ampere, infermittent 1.5 amperes. For voltage see general descriptive matter.

Capacity 250 ampere hours.
Rectangular heat resisting glass jar. Size overall, $33 / 8 \times 57 / 8 \times 12$ inches. Jar only, inside, $27 / 8 \times 51 / 4 \times 10$ inches.

## Description

Type S-252 Cell Complete.
Type S-250 Renewal Complete.

## Separate Parts

Type 252 Jar.
Type 252 Cover.
Wing Nuts and Washers per set.
Type S-250 Element.
Type 250 Caustic Soda, per can.
Type 250 Oil, per bottle.

## Type S-502 and S-504 Cells

These cells have a capacity of 500 ampere hours and are furnished with either rectangular shaped jars (S-502) or barrel shaped jars (S-504). They are recommended for the dispatcher's and busy way station transmitters, the operators transmitter on magneto switchboards, interrupters and pole-changers, private branch exchanges, inter-communicating systems, et.c. They provide the most economical battery for circuits that consume 500 ampere hours in two years or less, the cost of active materials, per unit of energy, being extremely low.

The maximum recommended continuous current is 2 amperes. Maximum recommended intermittent current is 3 amperes. For voltage see general descriptive matter.

## Type S-502 Cell

Capacity 500 ampere hours. Rectangular heat resisting glass jar. Size overall, $53 / 4 \times 63 / 4 \times 121 / 4$ inches. Jar only, inside dimensions $5 \times 6 \times 10$ inches.

## Description

Type S-502 Cell.
Type S-500 Renewal.
Type S-504 Cell
Capacity 500 ampere hours.
Barrel Shaped heat resisting glass jar. Size overall, $7 \times 115 / 8$ inches. Jar only, inside dimensions $6 \times 91 / 2$ inches.

## Description

Type S-504 Cell.
Type S-500 Renewal.

## Separate Parts

Type 502 Jar .
Type 502 Cover.
Wing nuts and washers, per set.
Type S-500 Element.
Type 500 Caustic Soda, per can.
Type 500 Oil, per bottle.

## Separate Parts

Type 504 Jar
Type 504 Cover.
Wing nuts and washers, per set.
Type S-500 Element.
Type 500 Caustic Soda, per can.
Type 500 Oil, per bottle.

# RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS 

## Batteries and Supplies (Continued)

Exide-Chloride Storage Batteries
In Sealed Glass


5 Cell BTMH2 Unit

## RATED CAPACITIES

|  | In Ampere Hours |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | At | At | At |
|  | 72-Hour | 8-Hour | 3-Hour |
| Type | Rate to | Rate to | Rate to |
| Cell | 1.85 Volts | 1.75 Volts | 1.75 Volts |
| BTMH-2 | 8.4 | 6 | 4.4 |
| CTMH-2 | 16.8 | 12 | 8.7 |
| PTMH-2 | 33.6 | 24 | 16.8 |
| ETMH-2 | 50.4 | 36 | 24.0 |

This type of Exide-Chloride is especially suitable for service where a small capacity is required. The positive plate is the well known Manchester type and the negative plate is the familiar Box Negative type. Units are assembled, sealed and charged and filled with electrolyte and include the necessary bolt connectors on the terminal cells of each unit. The PTMH-2 and ETMH-2 units are equipped with chest handles on the crates.

TABLE OF DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

| Number of Cells in Crates | BTMH-2 UNITS |  |  |  |  | CTMH-2 UNITS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Overall Dimensions in Inches |  |  | Approximate Weight in Pounds |  | Overall Dimensionsin Inches |  |  | Approximate Weight in Pounds |  |
|  |  |  |  | Complete Unit <br> A.S. \& C. Unpacked | Packed for L.C.L. Shipment |  |  |  | Complete Unit A.S. \& C. Unpacked | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Packed } \\ & \text { for } \\ & \text { Sh.C.L. } \\ & \text { Shipment } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Length | Width | Height |  |  | Length | Width | Height |  |  |
| 2 Cells-1 Row | 81/2 | 4136 | $97 / 8$ | 11.0 | 15 | $61 / 8$ | $71 / 2$ | $111 / 8$ | 25.0 | 33 |
| 3 Cells-1 Row | $7{ }^{7}$ | 4156 | $97 / 8$ | 16.0 | 23 |  | $71 / 2$ |  | 36.0 | 45 |
| 4 Cells-1 Row | 1030 | $4{ }^{15} 56$ | 978 | 21.0 | 30 | 1136 | $71 / 2$ | $11 \%$ | 47.0 | 59 |
| 5 Cells-1 Row 6 Cells-1 Row | $123 / 70$ | 413 | 978 | 26.0 31.0 | 37 44 | $161 / 8$ | $71 / 2$ | $111 / 8$ | 58.0 69.0 | 73 87 |
| 7 Cells-1 Row | $173 \%$ | 41116 | 978 | 36.0 | 53 | 19116 | $71 / 2$ | $11 \%$ | 80.0 | 102 |
| 8 Cells-1 Row | $199 \%$ | 415 | 97 | 42.0 | 61 | $21^{116}$ | $71 / 2$ | $111 / 8$ | 91.0 | 115 |
| ${ }^{9}$ Cells-1 Row | 21156 | 415 | $97 / 5$ | 46.0 | 67 | $241 / 4$ | $71 / 7$ | $117 \%$ | 102.0 | 129 |
| 10 Cells-1 Row | 241 | 41316 | $97 \%$ | 51.0 | 74 |  | $71 / 3$ | 117 | 113.0 | 143 |
| 11 Cells-1 Row | 2688 | 415 | $97 \%$ | 56.0 61.0 | 818 | 2936 | 71/2 | $111 \%$ | 124.0 135.0 | 156 170 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 12 \text { Cells-1 } \\ & 6 \text { Cells-2 } \\ & \text { Rows }\end{aligned}$ | $2813 / 6$ | 415 936 | 9 | 61.0 32.0 | 88 | 3216 | 141/2 | $111 \%$ | 135.0 70.0 | ${ }^{170}$ |
| 8 Cells-2 Rows | 10.15 | 93 | $9 \%$ | 42.0 | 61 | $11^{3} 96$ | $141 / 2$ | 118 | 92.0 | 116 |
| 9 Cells-2 Rows | $12 \%$ | 93 | $97 / 8$ | 46.0 | 70 | 13 | $143 / 2$ | 11.78 | 103.0 | 133 |
| 10 Cells-2 Rows | $129 / 6$ | 93 | 978 | 52.0 | 75 | 137 | 141/3 | $111 \%$ | 114.0 | 144 |
| 11 Cells-2 Rows |  | 99 | 978 | 56.0 61.0 | 88 | $161 / 2$ $161 / 2$ | $141 / 2$ | 1113 | 125.0 135.0 | 160 171 |
| ${ }_{\text {Single Cell-No Crate }}$ | 14, $23 / 8$ |  | ${ }_{8}^{9} 5$ | ${ }_{4.5}^{61.0}$ | 88 6 | 21/6 | 14\%\% | $101 / 8$ | 10.4 | 13 |

## RAILWAY TRAIN DISPATCHING TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

Exide-Chloride Storage Batteries (Continued)
TABLE OF DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

| Numher of Cells in Crates | PTMH-2 UNITS |  |  |  |  | ETMH-2 UNITS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Overall Dimensionk in Inches |  |  | Approximate Weight in Pounds |  | Overall Dimensions in Inches |  |  | Approximate Weight in Pounds |  |
|  |  |  |  | Complete Unit A.S. \& C . Unpacked | Packed for L.C.L. Shipment |  |  |  | Complete Unit A.S. \& C. Unpacked | Packed for L.C.L. Shipment |
|  | Length | Width | Height |  |  | Length | Width | Height |  |  |
| 2 Cells-1 Row | $611 / 6$ 976 | 8 | ${ }_{165}{ }^{165}$ | ${ }_{60}^{42}$ | 52 | $7{ }^{7} 10$ | 103/3 | $163 / 8$ | 63 | 75 |
| 3 Celis-1 Row | 1213/6 | 8 | 165 | 60 78 | 73 95 |  | 103/3 | $163 / 8$ 163 | 91 118 | 105 137 |
| ${ }_{5}$ Cells-1 Row | $153 / 4$ | 8 | $165 \%$ | 97 | 117 | $173 \%$ | $10^{9} 16$ | $16 \%$ | 146 | 168 |
| 6 Cells-1 Row | $1813 / 16$ | 8 | 165 | 115 | 140 |  | 10316 | $16 \%$ | 173 | 201 |
| ${ }^{7}$ Cells-1 Row | 215\% | 8 | $165 / 8$ 165 | 133 152 15 | 162 181 | 2313/66 | 1096\% | $168 \%$ | 201 230 | 233 |
| 8 Cells-1 Row 9 Cells-1 Row | 24\%動 | 8 | $16 \%$ | 152 170 | 184 | $271 / 16$ 303 | $103 / 6$ $103 / 6$ | $163 \%$ | 230 258 | 266 297 |
| 10 Cells-1 Row | 30\%76 | 8 | 165 | 188 | 228 | 33\%\%6 | 10\% | $16 \frac{3}{8}$ | 286 | 329 |
| 11 Cells-1 Row | 33 3 \%/8 | 8 | $165 \%$ 165 | 206 | 249 | .... | , |  | ... | ... |
| $\begin{aligned} & 12 \text { Cells-1 } \\ & 6 \\ & \text { Cells- } 2 \text { Row } \\ & \text { Rows }\end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{363} 97 / 8$ | ${ }_{15}^{8}$ | 163 | 225 118 | 271 143 | 10.0\% | 2016 |  | i7\% | 206 |
| 8 Cells-2 Rows | $12^{13 / 6}$ | 153/88 | 165\% | 118 | 143 | $141 / 16$ | 201/2 | 163 | ${ }_{2}^{178}$ | 206 270 |
| 9 Cells-2 Rows | $153 / 4$ | 153 | 165 | 174 | 215 | 17.6 | $201 / 3$ | 163 | 263 | 306 |
| 10 Cells-2 Rows | 153 | 15 \% | $16 \%$ | 192 | 232 | 17310 | $201 / 3$ | 163 | 290 | 333 |
| 11 Cells-2 Rows | $1811 / 6$ | $153 / 8$ | $16 \%$ | 211 | 258 | $200 \%$ | $201 / 3$ | 163 | 318 | 368 |
| ${ }_{\text {SingleCell }} 12$ No No Crate | 18, 18.168 | 15\%\% | $16415 / 16$ | 229 17 | 275 21 | 209\% ${ }_{2}$ | 201/2 | $163 / 8$ | 345 26 | 395 31 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 31 |

Electrolyte per PTMH-2 Cells, $4^{3 / 4}$ pounds.
Electrolyte per ETMH-2 Cell-7\% pounds.

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# Distributorin_the United States <br> $\mathrm{Gray} b \mathrm{a}$ <br> ELECTRICCOMPANY 

Akron
Albany Asheville itlanta Baltimore Beaumont Birmingham Boston
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Columbus

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Seattle
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Syracuse
Tacoma
Tampa
Toledo
Washington
Wichita
Worcester
Yonmystown

## A National Electric Service

## Distributorfor Canada and Newfoundland

## Northern (E) Electric <br> General Sales offices: 1261 Shearer Street, Montreal, P. Q.

# International Standand Electric Corporation 67 Broad Street <br> New York, U.S. A. 




[^0]:    One- No. 34G Resistance.
    One- No. 3B Foot Switch.
    One- No. 6017B Key.

[^1]:    The following Selector and Telephone Apparatus is recommended for each way station. The solection of the proper equipment depends upon whether the selectors are to be used for regular line circuits or to be operated through a repeating coil or transformer with or without extension sets; also, whether Loud Speaking Telephones are required.

    ## WAY STATION SELECTOR APPARATUS

    Quantity
    Apparatus
    One- No. 160C Selector Set for use without repeating coil or transformer, or, No. 160R Selector Set for use with repeating coil or transformer.
    One- No. 60AP Selector for use where extension bells are not required.
    One- No. 60BP Selector for use where two- to four-party way station extension bells are required.
    One- No. 127J Extension Bell for each way station extension, and when using the No. 60BP Selector.
    WAY STATION TELEPHONE APPARATUS (Without Loud Speaking Telephones)
    One- No. 501A Desk Set Box (sub-set-equipped with key) or,
    No. 501B Desk Set Box (sub-set-arranged for foot switch).
    One- No. 1142AB Desk Stand, or, No. 1120C Transmitter Arm, or, No. $1148 \mathrm{DA}, \mathrm{DB}, \mathrm{DC}$ or DD Transmitter Arm, as required.
    One- No. 3C Foot Switch with (for No. 501 B Desk Set Box).
    One- No. 1A or B Foot Switch Attachment, and
    One- No. 2A Foot Switch Attachment (Conduit).

    ## WAY STATION TELEPHONE APPARATUS (With Loud Speaking Telephones)

    One- No. 501B Desk Set Box (sub-set).
    One- No. 1142AB Desk Stand or 1148 Type Transmitter Arm.
    One- No. 6052A Amplifier ( 60 cycles, 110 volt) or, No. 6040A Amplifier ( 25 cycles, 110 volt)!
    One- No. 579 A Loud Speaking Telephone.
    One- No. 147AC Transmitter Arm.
    One- No. 3D Foot Switch with
    One- No. 1A or B Foot Switch Attachment, and
    One- No. 2A Foot Switch Attachment.

    ## WAY STATION EXTENSION BELL

    One- No. 127J Extension Bell, for each way station extension.

    ## WAY STATION BATTERY REQUIREMENTS

    Three-Dry Cells.
    One- No. 1A Battery Box (for three dry cells).

[^2]:    Code No.
    P19097

    Description
    Knuried thumb nut used with No. 3 Gong Mounting

[^3]:    Description
    Used with lever type keys. Black handle. Locking.
    Same as No. 6A, except red handle.
    Otherwise same as No. 6A.
    Switch key. Locks in all positions. Normally all contacts are open. When thrown to the left the inner contacts are closed; when thrown to the right, the outer contacts are closed.

[^4]:    Note 1. The No. 153 Type Plug has a resistance unit connected so that when the plug is inserted in a jack the resistance unit is bridged across the tip and sleeve spring. The resistance unit will carry ${ }^{2} / 10$ ampere continuously without injury. The values are as follows: No. 153A Plug, 400 ohms. No. 153B Plug, 600 ohms. No. 153 C Plug, 800 ohms. Used in Morse circuits for limiting the amount of battery current.

    Note 2. No. 165 is a wooden dummy for opening jacks which use the Nos, 47 or 116 Plug.
    *The following shells can be furnished for the Nos. 109, 110, 116 Plugs when specified on order:

    | Plug No. | Gray Shell | Black Shell |
    | :---: | :---: | :---: |
    | 109 | P- 90065 | P- 91143 |
    | 110 | P-107882 | P-107872 |
    | 116 | $\ldots . .$. | P-110576 |

[^5]:    $\xrightarrow[\text { Selector }]{\text { 63B }}$
    Key
    Type O-
    45 Ohms
    R-1027
    R-332
    60 cycles
    22 volts
    No. 2 F
    No. 13A
    P-235850
    543AKey
    543BKey
    541AKey
    P-235842

[^6]:    1 No. 21 K Condenser.
    No. 703 Eveready Battery.
    i No. 1001 H Hand Set.

