# STROMBERG-CARLSON 

## TELEPHONES

## SWITCHBOARDS

## ACCESSORIES

CODED PARTS

## CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS

STROMBERG-CARLSON COMPANY IOO CARLSON ROAD - ROCHESTER 3, N. Y. - TEL. CULVER 0260

## NATION-WIDE SERVICE

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## Foreword

OLD FRIENDS will recognize the main entrance to the Stromberg-Carlson plant-a doorway dedicated to service for the industry. This catalogue, like the door, is an invitation to look inside at the products which have made the name Stromberg-Carlson stand for the finest in telephone equipment.

This new catalogue is different in appearance and arrangement from the old, but it retains the same, or similar, factual information on Telephones, Switchboards, Accessories, Coded Parts, and Construction Materials, that made the former catalogue such $\alpha$ helpful reference book. Changes have been made with the expectation that it will be easier to use, and consequently of more value to you. It is your door to Stromberg-Carlson's advanced engineering and time proven, dependable, economical telephone equipment.

Users of this book will find information on all products which meet the requirements of the industry at large. A selection from these standard products will insure more rapid delivery and tangible economies for the purchaser. The accompanying map shows the warehouses in strategic locations for carrying on nation-wide service. Here are kept supplies of telephones and maintenance parts of all types; also selected construction materials

which conform to the high standard of StrombergCarlson's own products.

The book has two principal divisions. In the first are those items manufactured by Stromberg-Carlson and such others as are necessary for the modern plant. These are grouped into convenient sections. The second division covers construction materials and supplies, also divided into sections, thus making it an easy matter to locate the desired items. Colored thumb-index tabs on the sectional sheets, and a complete alphabetical cross index at the center of the book, give further assistance, and will enable you to locate in a minimum of time the technical or ordering information desired. Price information has been conveniently placed on separate sheets interleaved through the catalogue so that complete data is available quickly and easily.

## For your

## Information



OUR WARRANTY - For more than half a century Stromberg Carlson's high quality production standards have been well known to the telephone industry and an enviable record for excellence in manufacture has earned for the Company many friends and satisfied customers. Because of this record, all material properly installed and operated is fully guaranteed against defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of shipment.

WHEN ORDERING - In order to assure prompt handling and shipment of your order please include the name or description of each article and its Stock Number and Code Number. When requesting information please use $\alpha$ separate sheet from the order blanks.

SHIPPING INFORMATION - Shipment can be expedited and better service obtained if complete shipping information is given, such as rail freight, express, truck or parcel post. If by rail freight or truck, give the routing, otherwise we shall use our judgment to assure you of the best service.
Unless otherwise agreed upon, all goods are sold f.o.b. Rochester, N. Y., or f.o.b. Branch Offices, and transportation charges will therefore be collected by the carriers upon arrival of the goods at destination.

ALL AGREEMENTS - Are made contingent upon strikes, fires, accidents or causes beyond our control.

TERMS - Are net 10 days E. O. M. (End of Month) billing.
NEW ACCOUNTS - Are welcomed on a credit basis. When you are not rated by commercial credit agencies shipment can be handled more quickly if references and credit information are sent with the order. Special references or information will be immediately acted upon, and the result held in strict confidence for our sole use.
In order to avoid delay incidental to checking references you may prefer to have an initial order shipped C.O.D. by express or parcel post (insured if so instructed), or by freight subject to sight draft through $\alpha$ local bank against bill of lading. C.O.D. or sight draft orders receive the same prompt handling as other orders.

REMITTANCES - May be made by bank draft, postoffice or express money orders. Cash should be sent only by registered mail. Unless accompanied by orders all remittances should be addressed to our General Offices at Rochester 3, New York.

CLAIMS AGAINST TRANSPORTATION COMPANIES - Should be made immediately by you upon receipt of the shipment when evidence of the breakage or shortage is discovered. We will gladly assist you in presenting these claims.

RETURN SHIPMENTS - In the event that it is necessary to return material to the factory please write us for shipping instructions. This will enable us to make proper adjustment without delay, and to provide for the most efficient handling of the returned material.

SUBSTITUTIONS - In some instances it may be necessary to depart from the specifications covering materials listed in this catalog. Substitutions will be made only when regular materials are not obtainable. They will be chosen carefully in order to assure you of the dependability and excellent service you expect of Stromberg-Carlson equipment.

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## STROMBERG-CARLSON

## Telephones



For over sixty years the Independent industry has relied on Stromberg-Carlson Telephones. They are found in modern skyscrapers and underground mines; in city apartments and scattered farms. The complete line includes common battery dial or manual instruments for either desk or wall; multi-line telephones for better office communication. Magneto and Ironclad sets for companies using this service.

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## STROMBERG-CARLSON TELEPHONES

## Eye Appeal

Colorful, graceful, modern. Short, light handset. Extended dial number plate.

## Dependability

High fidelity on extended loops. Matched ringers and capacitors. Water proofed networks.

Wide Assortment
Desk type or wall type instruments. Single line, two-line or multi-line telephones, dial or manual.


## THE 1500 SERIES TELEPHONES

The Stromberg-Carlson 1500 Series Telephones offer the operating company today's most advanced telephone instruments: in outward appearance, mechanical design, and operating efficiency.

The 1500 Series Telephones feature a short graceful handset. The ringing capacitor is now mounted on the ringer base, thus making it an integral part of the ringer assembly.
Features include: dual use of the same instrument as a desk or wall type telephone; the extended number plate which makes it easier to dial; the well-known Stromberg-Carlson dial, the pioneer with the plastic dust cover and service door; and the sturdy housing made from Tenite II.

## 1543 and 1543-W Telephones



## 1543 Telephone

The 1543 Telephones are the standard models in the 1500 Series. They are available for either manual or dial, and can be mounted on either a desk or a wall. Standard telephones are furnished with the plungers used for desk installation; however, plungers for wall operation are available in Package Assembly 211650-000. This package assembly consists of two plungers, and four mounting screws. Dial blanks and adapters are furnished as standard equipment unless the instruments are ordered equipped with dials. The 1543 Telephones may be equipped with tuned frequency or straight line ringers. When desired, the 1543 Telephone will be furnished with a two-step hookswitch. Provision is made for including ringing tubes when desired.

THE HOUSING-The housing for the 1500 Series Telephones is made from $\alpha$ tough thermoplastic, Tenite II. This material has been chosen because of its light weight, its great strength, and its ability to retain its lustre. All operating components of the telephone are conveniently mounted on the base, thereby allowing the housing to serve its proper function-that of a cover only.

THE HANDSET-The handset accentuates the flowing lines of the housing to achieve the perfect combination in modern design. Transmission is improved by the simple expedient of bringing the mouthpiece closer to the subscriber's lips.

The transmitter capsule has a long life brought about by the use of new age stabilized carbon in the capsule. As in the previous models, the transmitter capsule is non-positional; connection is established through precious metal spring contacts. Once dropped into place, it is held firmly by the mouthpiece.

The receiver capsule in the 1500 Series is connected by screws to the spade terminals of two cords running through the handle of the handset. After connection, the receiver is held rigidly by the earcap.

THE DIAL-The dial and extended number plate add beauty and practicality to the 1500 Series Telephones. On the extended number plate, the letters and digits are located outside the periphery of the fingerwheel. This provides greater visibility and, at the same time, keeps the letters and digits from being scratched or marred during dialing.

The time-tested Stromberg-Carlson dial, with the original dust cover, affords the best protection to delicate working parts and the assurance of long, trouble-free service.

THE RINGER-The 1543 Telephones use single coil, high impedance ringers which are advantageous on heavily loaded lines. The ringing capacitor is mounted on the ringer base, thus making it an integral part of the ringer assembly. Perfectly mated ringers and capacitors can be replaced as a unit.

Ringers are available in four groups-Straight Line, Harmonic, Synchromonic, and Decimonic. Provision is made for including standard ringing tubes, employed in superimposed ringing systems.

THE HOOKSWITCH-The hookswitch in the 1500 Series Telephones operates without any complicated linkages and is completely independent of the housing. The precious metal twin contacts are protected by a transparent dust cover. A separate coil spring restores the hookswitch. The design of the plungers prevents $\alpha$ cord under the handset from interfering with the proper operation of the hookswitch.

TWO-STEP HOOKSWITCH-The two-step hookswitch is also available in the 1543 Telephones. Known as the "Farmer's Friend," this arrangement allows a subscriber to monitor his own line to determine if it is busy, without connecting his transmitter to the line. This has the further advantage in dial systems of permitting $\alpha$ party line subscriber to determine if the line is free without mutilating the dial pulses of a call already in progress.

## 1543 TELEPHONES (Cont.)

COIL-CAPACITOR UNIT-The coil-capacitor unit, in the 1500 Series Telephones, consists of a plastic housing in which the induction coil, resistor, and talking capacitor are embedded in Mitchell Rand No. 3738, a dense tar-like compound. This design protects the apparatus from mechanical injury as well as excessive humidity, and is therefore particularly desirable in hot, damp climates. Tests conducted under water have demonstrated the reliability of this unit. Terminals, plainly marked, show proper connections for the line and handset cords as well as the hookswitch, ringer, and dial.

THE CONNECTING BLOCK-The No. 17A connecting block is used on all but the multi-line telephones. Designations " R ," " G ," "Y," and " $B$ " are clearly marked on the base. Openings are provided for interconnecting the line and stations, for bringing line cord and station wires through the cover, and for bringing station wires through the back of the block. Mounting screws are included in the assembly.

CORDS-Both the handset cords and the line cord on the 1500 Series Telephones have natural rubber insulated tinsel conductors with an exterior jacket of Neoprene. The construction of the conductors and the Neoprene jacket give these cords greatly increased life, with less tendency to kink.

CONVERSION FROM DESK TYPE TO WALL TYPE TELEPHONE-It is easy to convert the 1500 Series Telephone from a desk type to $\alpha$ wall type with a screwdriver as the only tool and Package Assembly 211650-000 as the only parts necessary. The package assembly consists of two wall type plungers, one restoring spring and four mounting screws for attaching the instrument to the wall. The following steps make this simple conversion.

1. Remove the housing
2. Install wall type plungers and spring
3. Rotate dial $180^{\circ}$, using other set of holes in bracket when mounting
4. Fasten base to the wall
5. Replace the housing.

The 1500 Series Telephone thus affords a real saving in both time and
 inventory; one instrument in the storeroom, one instrument in the installer's truck. Greatly improved customer relations are a natural outgrowth of this choice of mounting made possible in the design of the 1500 Series Telephones.

## 1543-W TELEPHONES



The $1543-\mathrm{W}$ is a full range telephone featuring a fully automatic equalization network, thus providing one instrument which is self-regulating for highest efficiency under different loop conditions. The 1543-W Telephone provides transmission characteristics equivalent to the best high efficiency instrument now available. New transmitter and receiver units provide $\alpha 10 \mathrm{db}$ overall gain for $\alpha$ connection involving long loops at both ends of the connection when using the $1543-\mathrm{W}$ sets in place of the 1543 (or comparable) standard instruments at both subscriber stations. The full efficiency of these transmitter and receiver capsule units is realized in the handset design, provided on both the 1543-W and the standard 1543 Telephone.

The 10 db gain in the transmitter and receiver units would result in an equal gain in sidetone level-interfering with intelligibility of the voice signal-unless steps were taken to sub-
stantially reduce sidetone noise. In the 1543-W Telephone, capacitors are added to the balancing impedance in the network, providing this essential reduction in the sidetone path throughout the transmitter voice frequency range. The desirability of greater efficiency and improved sidetone balance is easily demonstrated on long loops - particularly those where, with a given type of line facility, standard instruments would be unsatisfactory. However, if a set incorporating these gains only were to be used on short loops, the output level from the receiver would be too high, and cross-talk and line noise would be more critical due to the higher instrument efficiencies. To make the 1543-W Telephone truly a FULL RANGE instrument, usable anywhere without zoning, a fully automatic equalization feature has been included in the network. This is, in effect, $\alpha$ "volume stabilizer" which permits the higher efficiencies to be effective when long loop conditions obtain, and successively reduce this gain as the loop becomes shorter. Varistors and associated resistors in the circuit, in addition to creating an equalization of transmission efficiency, are also beneficial in maintaining proper sidetone balance for any given loop condition. This equalization is entirely controlled by the relative magnitude of direct current received over the loop at any given subscriber station; it does not require selection, zoning, or adjustment.

## Network

In addition to the normal induction coil and capacitors provided in all telephones, the 1543 -W network contains fully automatic equalization elements acting as a progressively variable volume limiter-balancing the level in accordance with changes in loop. Electronic semi-conductors whose resistance varies in proportion to the direct current voltage received over differing loop resistances make the network self-adjusting. Thus the 1543-W is truly $\alpha$ FULL RANGE telephone.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

## Complete Telephones



The 1544 Telephone


The 1544 Telephone is sometimes used to make a two-piece set, comprised of a telephone and a desk set box. The telephone is the same as the 1543, but without the ringer and coil-capacitor unit. Like the 1543, the 1544 Telephone may be used in either dial or manual systems. The telephone may be used on a desk or installed on $\alpha$ wall. A more common use of the 1544 Telephone is as an extension set. Another use is as a PBX Operator's telephone. (See 1544-P and 1544-C.)

## The 1544 and 1544-B Telephones for Magneto Service

The 1544 Telephone is used with magneto desk set boxes which contain an induction coil, ringer and hand generator. The 1544-B Telephone which includes an induction coil is provided for use with magneto desk set boxes which contain a ringer and hand generator, but no induction coil.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

| Stock No. | Code No. | Description and Use |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 211749-000 | (1544) | Complete telephone, less coil-capacitor and ringer. |
| 211750-000 | (1544-B) | Same as 1544 with a 46-B Induction Coil. |
| 211751-000 | (1544-P) | Operator's phone without coil capacitor unit. Six conductor line cord with separate leads for transmitter, receiver and dial impulse springs. |
| *211758-000 | (1544-C) | Operator's phone with coil-capacitor unit. Four conductor line cord with separate leads for dial impulse springs. |
| *211759-000 | (1544-K) <br> ock numb | Same as 1544P except dial shunt springs wired to shunt receiver. ese two telephones includes DE-212 Dial. |

STROMBERG-CARLSON

## 1553-W WALL telephone



1553-W Wall Telephone

Modern in design, the 1553-W Wall Type Telephone can be quickly installed on any wall. Only two screws are needed to mount this instrument.

Besides black and white, this telephone instrument is available in the following colors, with matching Koiled Kords:

| Canary Yellow | Antique Ivory |
| :--- | :--- |
| Desert Beige | Dove Gray |
| Chinese Red | Rose Pink |
| Olive Green | Aqua Blue |

## Features

HOUSING-Miade of a durable, color fast thermoplastic, the housing will withstand abuse without chipping or cracking. Because the color is made into the housing, it will not fade nor peel away. The housing is held securely in place by means of a metal hook, located on the top underside of the housing, that links the housing to the baseplate, and a captive screw through the bottom front of the housing into the baseplate. Removal and replacement of the housing is thereby simplified.
HANDSET-Made of the same material as the housing, this handset features the high efficiency "W" type transmission network that has been so widely acclaimed in other Stromberg-Carlson telephones. All handsets are furnished with Koiled Kords in matching color.
HOOKSWITCH AND CRADLE-The cradle has been conveniently placed in the center of the instrument making the handset easily accessible to both right handed and left handed persons.

The hookswitch has $\alpha$ unique feature of being able to operate either as a single step hookswitch or as a two-step hookswitch. The shifting of a coil spring from one side of the hookswitch


| No. | Part Name |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1 | Baseplate |
| 2 | Dial |
| 3 | Coil-capacitor assembly |
| 4 | Dial and gong bracket |
| 5 | Hookswitch assembly |

bracket to the other side and the addition of a capacitor (Stock No. 211439-000) to terminals on the coil-capacitor unit will convert the standard arrangement to a two-step operation.
DIAL-The Stromberg-Carlson dial has a new face, adding to its present attraction and to ease of operation. Its finger wheel is of clear plastic and features tapered finger holes for comfort while dialing. The extended number plate is of metal with a ceramic coating to protect the numbers from scratches and wear.

Dial blanks are made from thermoplastic and are available in the same selection of colors as are the housings. RINGERS-Like the other 1500 Series Telephones, the 1553-W Telephones use the same ringers. When a 1553-W Telephone is shipped, the ringer is packaged separately. This permits $\alpha$ smaller inventory on instruments with respect to ringers.

ORDERING INFORMATION Complete Telephones

Code 1553-W Less dial (specify color)
DIALS-When dial is required, the DE-212 Metropolitan type Dial is normally furnished unless otherwise specified. Refer to Section $F$ for complete list of available dials.
RINGERS-Available in all standard frequencies. Specify type of ringer required. Refer to Section $F$ for complete list of available ringers.
TWO-STEP CONVERSION - Order Package Assembly 204785-090 if this feature is desired.

## 1573 TWO-LINE TELEPHONE



1573-WA Two-Line Telephone

The Stromberg-Carlson 1573-W Telephone is a two-line telephone equipped with a holding feature on both of its lines. The same telephone instrument provides intercommunication or local PX service over a third line. This telephone will be useful in all applications where $\alpha$ single instrument is desired with connection to two outside lines and with or without a third line for local intercommunicating service. Outside calls can be originated, answered, or held while maintaining connection on another line.

## Optional Feature

It is now possible to use the 1573-W Telephone as a three-line instrument with the Hold feature on all three lines.
The mechanism to provide this holding feature to the third (white button) line is contained in one plunger. A kit is available consisting of the aforementioned plunger, a resistor, which is wired to the plunger, and necessary hardware and instructions for mounting this kit. This arrangement provides the user with the same holding facility as are on the other two lines.

To hold a call on the third line, simply lift the button on the left hookswitch plunger. In resuming conversation on the third line, depress the button to its normal position.

There is no possibility of a call being left in a held condition because the line will be restored upon replacement of the handset.

## Stock No. <br> 204785-023 <br> 204785-034

202131-406
202131-516

Description
Package assembly, gray
Package assembly, black
Contains the Following
Plunger switch assembly, gray
Plunger switch assembly, black

## General Design

The 1573-W Telephone is an adaptation of the 1543-W Telephone, modified to provide line selection and hold keys. The handset and coil-capacitor unit are identical to those of the 1500-W Series Telephones. The standard housing and base have been slightly modified so that the entire switching mechanism can be mounted on the base-plate of the telephone. One line selecting and two hold keys extend through the front of the telephone housing. Two other buttons are mounted on the housing: the red button is a recall button used to signal an operator or regain access to dial central office equipment when one line is on hold. The white button is used to establish a path for intercommunication over line three.
The 1573-W Telephone may be used with either a dial or manual central office or PBX system. No ringers are provided inside the telephone. Signaling is provided by using the new 1561 Bell Box, or similar bell, chime or buzzer apparatus.

The Stromberg-Carlson 2-10 or 4-20 Dial System is available for connection to the third line when $\alpha$ selective signaling and secret conversation system is desired for intercommunication.

## Color

All 1573-W Telephones are available in the same decorator colors as the 1543-W and 1553-W instruments.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

| ORDERING |  |  |  | INFORMATION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code No. | Description |  |  |
| $218462-000$ | (1573-WA) | Manual (High Eff.) |  |  |
| $218463-000$ | (1573-WA) | With DE-212 Dial (High Eff.) |  |  |
| $218464-000$ | (G1573-WA) | Manual (High Eff.) |  |  |
| $218465-000$ | (G1573-WA) | With DE-315 Dial (Gray) <br> (High Eff.) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |



THE 1575 SERIES MULTI-LINE TELEPHONE


The 1575 Series Multi-Line Telephone is the station equipment for use with the Stromberg-Carlson 6 K and $6 \mathrm{~K}-1$ System. In this desk instrument, similar in size and general appearance to all the 1500 Series Telephones, is the equivalent of a small switchboard. Each subscriber, with or without assistance from an operator, can originate and receive calls on from one to five central office, PBX, intercommunicating, or private lines. The subscriber will also be able to hold calls on from one to five central office or PBX lines. In addition each user can, if the instrument is so
equipped, signal and talk over local or intercommunicating lines while holding central office calls. The user may then tell the called party that he should pick up the held incoming call, or obtain information from within the plant to relay back to the caller on the held outside line.
The many possibilities for the 1575 Series Telephones as a component of the 6K-1 System are described in more detail under Interior Systems in Section C of this catalog.

## General Design

The 1575 Series Telephones may be used with either a manual or dial central office or PBX. Its general design is similar to the 1543 Standard Telephone and the 1573 Two-Line Telephone. Five line keys, each with its associated lamp for visual indication, are arranged across the front of the housing.

The No. 96 Terminal Box is part of the 1575 Series Telephones and provides convenient terminals for connection to the distribution cable.
The handset is the same as that used on the 1543 Telephone. The same dials that are available for the 1543 can be used with the 1575 telephones.

The six keys on the 1575 telephones can be arranged to furnish many combinations of service. The maximum number of lines to central office or PBX is five. When holding, intercommunication, or signaling keys are desired, the number of line keys are correspondingly reduced. This telephone replaces the cumbersome method of providing multi-line service with key boxes or push buttons with ordinary telephones.

## Color

All 1575-WA1 and -WB1 Telephones are available in the same decorator colors as the 1543-W and the 1553-W instruments.



ORDERING INFORMATION

Stock No. 211117-000 211118-000 211120-000 211143-000 211144-000 211146-000 218589-000

- $218590-000$ 218591-000 218592-000

Code No.
(1575-A)
(1575-A)
(1575-A)
(1575-B)
(1575-B)
(1575-B)
(G1575-WA1)
(G1575-WA1)
(G1575-WB1)
(G1575-WB1)

Systems used by
6-K No
$6-K$
$6-K$
$6-K$
$6-K$

None

Dial Uses
DE-210 Dial
DE-212 Dial

## None

DE-210 Dial
DE-212 Dial
None
DE-315 Dial
None
DE-315 Dial

## Description

Complete with $96-\AA$ terminal box Complete with $96-\AA$ terminal box Complete with 96-A terminal box Complete with 96-B terminal box Complete with 96-B terminal box Complete with 96-B terminal box Complete with G96-C terminal box Complete with G96-C terminal box Complete with G96-C terminal box Complete with G96-C terminal box

## Suspended Type Telephones with Hookswitch Boxes

THE 1532, $1533,1533-M K$, AND 1534 TYPE SUSPENDED HANDSET TELEPHONES are convenient instruments where space is at $\alpha$ premium. The 1532 Telephone is designed and arranged for service as an extension and requires only two conductors for connection to its associated main line telephone. The main telephone bell serves as the signal for this instrument.


The 1533 Telephone is a complete instrument that uses an A.C. buzzer to provide a signal. The 1534 Telephones are arranged to be used with standard desk set boxes and therefore do not have induction coil, capacitor or buzzer. The letter " M " affixed to the code number indicates telephone for manual operation. The plain code number, less suffix, denotes telephone arranged for dial.

MOUNTING-The 1532, 1533, and 1534 Telephones may be readily mounted on a side of a desk, on a column, or in a restricted wall space. Holes are drilled through the mounting bracket to permit these instruments to be mounted with the broad portion at the front or the narrow portion (as shown in the illustration). The dial may be turned to any convenient angle by loosening one screw under the dial mounting bracket.

SIGNAL-The 1533 Telephones are equipped with 1000 ohm buzzers that respond to straight line ringing current only. This is particularly desirable when there are a number of telephones in one office. The 1534 Telephones are arranged to be used with desk set boxes (1560) and therefore have no induction coil capacitor units or buzzers.
THE 1533-MK TELEPHONE makes $\alpha$ very neat and efficient wall installation, particularly useful for schools, hospitals, dormitories, and apartments. The $1533-\mathrm{MK}$ Telephone is flush mounted on a wall, therefore these instruments should preferably be installed while building is being constructed in order to provide wiring and proper casing for the telephone. Only the handset and hook protrude from the wall. The rest of the telephone is behind the wall plate inside the wall. This telephone is equipped with an A.C. buzzer that responds to straight line ringing current only.

The $1533-\mathrm{MK}$ Telephone can be mounted in any standard electrical outlet box with cover set in a wall. This telephone was designed to mount on a Steel City $4^{11 / 16 "}$ square outlet box No. $721711 / 2$ or equivalent, with $\alpha$ Steel City $4^{11 / 16 " ~ c o v e r ~ N o . ~ 72-C-18 ~}$ or equivalent.

## STOCK and CODE NUMBERS

| Dial Instruments |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| with Dial Mounting-Less Dial |  |  |
| Stock No. | Code No. | Description |
| 210957-000 | (1532) | For extension (less D.S. Box) |
| 210959-000 | (1533) | Complete Telephone with |
| *210961-000 | (1534) | Telephone, requires D.S. Box |
| Manual Instruments |  |  |
| 210958-000 | (1532-M) | For extension (less D.S. Box) |
| 210960-000 | (1533-M) | Complete Telephone with |
| $\dagger$ †10962-000 | (1534-M) | Telephone, requires D.S. Box |
| 210952-000 | (1533-MK) | Flush mounted telephone |
| *Desk Set Box <br> $\dagger$ Desk Set Box | or Common <br> or Magneto | Battery service is 1560 . ervice is $1268-\mathrm{W}$. |

## Hands-free Telephone



The "Hands-Free" Telephone is a new type of instrument that permits the user to initiate or receive calls without removing the handset from its cradle. This telephone is ideal for conferences, where a group of people sit around a table, for all can hear and take part in the conversation with the party on the other end of the line. It is possible for the user to leave his desk, go to $\alpha$ filing cabinet or other places within the room and still carry on a conversation.

The telephone instrument is the Stromberg-Carlson 1500 Series Telephone, gray in color, to which $\alpha$ sub-base and separate
microphone has been attached. This telephone can be used exactly as any other standard telephone. In addition, it may be utilized to provide two-way conversation even though the handset remains on the housing.

The sub-base contains controls that permit operation of the telephone as a loud speaking system. The left hand button is the "On" button. The one next to it is the "Off" button. A light indicates when the loud speaking system is in use. The "MCO" button cuts off the microphone. Volume is controlled by the knob on the right hand side.
To initiate a call, simply depress the "On" button, listen for the operator or dial tone, on the speaker, and either state the desired number or dial it - all without lifting the handset. To terminate a call, depress the "Off" button. If it is desired to cut down interfering noises or other conversations within the room, depress the "MCO" button which temporarily kills the microphone.

Volume level of the speaker is controlled by a volume control knob. The speaker and microphone are immediately cut off when the handset is lifted. To return to the speaker, depress the "On" button and replace the handset.

To install this telephone connect the line cord to a terminal box in the same way as a standard telephone. Connect power cord to any 110 -volt A.C. outlet and connect microphone cord to $\alpha$ jack on the instrument.

Cat. No. 1583-A
Stock No. 895826

## Gai-Phone

The Gai-Phone is a telephone subset designed expressly for use in high noise level areas. The instrument eliminates the need for noise-proof booths or other means of acoustic protection.

Installation and operation is simple. The instrument is connected to an existing telephone circuit and can be provided for either dial or manual operation; for desk or wall mounting. It is operated in the same manner as a standard telephone. A source of $110 \mathrm{v}, 60$ cycles AC is required for each instrument.

Sidetone can be varied from normal to below audibility. In areas of high noise level, the noise picked up on the transmitter and fed to the receiver can be eliminated or reduced to a comfortable level. This permits the user to hear clearly the voice signal coming into that area. A concealed control adjusts sidetone level at the time of installation.

The Gai-Phone provides control of incoming (receiver) volume level and outgoing (transmitter) level. This feature allows its use as a terminal repeater station on relatively long lines.

The electronic tubes used in this instrument have been chosen for their ruggedness and long life. The voltages at which the tubes operate are approximately $50 \%$ of the values normally used. This feature promotes long, trouble-free use.

The power used by the Gai-Phone is so low that it can be operated satisfactorily with $\alpha$ small D.C. inverter (the type normally used to operate an electric shaver from the cigarette lighter socket of an automobile). This feature, coupled with the instrument's built-in repeater characteristics, provides an ideal solution to temporary and other long line problems where reliable communication is difficult.


To convert the desk type Gai-Phone to wall type, $\alpha$ wall mounting conversion assembly is available. Order Package Assembly Stock No. 212833-000.

## MAGNETO TELEPHONES

In appearance, efficiency, adaptability and long life, Stromberg-Carlson Magneto Telephones offer everything you would expect from one of the industry's oldest, most experienced companies.
This modern Magneto series includes a self-contained desk type handset telephone (1248-W), a selfcontained wall type handset telephone (1258-W), and a Magneto desk set box (1268-W).
The base assemblies of all three instruments are interchangeable for service economy.


1248-W Handset Desk Telephone
THE 1248-W is a modern, self-contained desk type magneto telephone in a die-cast zinc housing which includes the handset cradle. A sub-base provides mounting space for the generator; in converting to common battery, this is removed. Four rubber feet grip any surface on which the telephone is placed.

The base plate is attached to the housing by screws which may be easily removed for inspection and testing of all component parts. Components are so designed and mounted on the base that it is an easy matter to change from magneto to common battery operation with either manual or dial service.
INDUCTION COIL AND CAPACITOR ASSEMBLY (200595-000) consists of a plastic housing in which the coil and capacitors are embedded in Mitchell Rand \#3738. This design protects the apparatus from mechanical injury as well as excessive humidity.
THE NO. 61 and 65 RINGERS are specially designed for Magneto service with standard resistances of 2040, 3100 and 4850 ohms. Because the impedance of the No. 65 and the older type ringers is matched, resistances of 1600 ohms and 3100 ohms may be satisfactorily used on the same line. In the same way ringers of 2500 ohms and 4850


No. 61-A Ringer ohms may be used together. (See Ringers on later pages in this section.) THE HOOKSWITCH ASSEMBLY with twin contacts of precious metal, provides a reliable method of controlling the circuit. THE NO. 23-R HANDSET presents an evenly balanced appearance. Capsule units are used for both receiver and transmitter;
long-wearing nylon braid increases cord life. Pressure spring contacts assure good transmission.
THE NO. 28 TRANSMITTER (210279-000) is a non-positional capsule type, affording high fidelity voice transmission.
THE CAPSULE RECEIVER (34230-000) unit has an equalized response frequency characteristic. Contact is made through pressure spring contacts when the earcap is tightened.
THE NO. 64 HAND GENERATOR using Alnico magnets, generates as much power as the older, more bulky types.
NON-INTERFERING PUSH BUTTON can be supplied on any magneto telephone when ordered. It is used for signaling the operator over one side of a metallic circuit and ground, without ring. ing the bells of the other telephones on the line.
SURE-RING CONDENSER. Standard equipment includes a l.mf capacitor in the talking circuit making it possible to ring past telephones on party lines when a receiver is not on the hook.
MAGNETO TELEPHONE WITH STRAIGHT LINE BIASED RINGER. Stromberg-Carlson also offers the Magneto Telephones 1248-A, $1248-B, 1248-S$. Four-party fully selective ringing is possible with the 1248-A; eight-party semi-selective ringing with the $1248-\mathrm{B}$; eight-ringers for semi-selective ringing with extensions if desired with the 1248-S.
1258-W WALL TYPE HANDSET TELEPHONE has a removable subbase that houses the generator, ringer and coil-capacitor unit. The handset rests in a cradle that is part of the molded case.
EASY TO CONVERT. This wall set, like the 1248 desk telephone, can be changed from magneto to common battery service for either manual or dial operation. Thus these telephones become an investment for the future.


# STOCK AND CODE NUMBERS OF TELEPHONES 

| 1248-W Handset Desk Type |  |  |  |  | 1258-W Handset Wall Type |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Telephone |  |  | Ringer |  | Telephone |  |  | Ringer |  |
| Straight Line |  |  |  |  | Straight Line |  |  |  |  |
| Stock No. | Code | Stock No. | Code | Resistance | Stock No. | Code | Stock No. | Code | Resistance |
| 201804-000 | (1248-WI) | 201754-000 | (65-C) | 3100 Ohms | 201808-000 | (1258-WI) | 201754-000 | (65-C) | 3100 Ohms |
| 201805-000 | (1248-WL) | 201755-000 | (65-F) | 4850 Ohms | 201809-000 | (1258-WL) | 201755-000 | (65-F) | 4850 Ohms |
| *201806-000 | (1248-WIP) | 201754-000 | (65-C) | 3100 Ohms | *201810-000 | (1258-WIP) | 201754-000 | (65-C) | 3100 Ohms |
| *201807-000 | (1248-WLP) | 201755-000 | (65-F) | 4850 Ohms | *201811-000 | (1258-WLP) | 201755-000 | (65-F) | 4850 Ohms |
|  | Straig | Line Biase |  |  |  | Strai | Line Biased |  |  |
| 203071-000 | (1248-WA) | 801911-000 | (61-A) | 2040 Ohms | 209279-000 | (1258-WA) | 801911-000 | (61-A) | 2040 Ohms |
| 203035-000 | (1248-WB) | 202880-000 | (65-B) | 3100 Ohms | 209280-000 | (1258-WB) | 202880-000 | (65-B) | 3100 Ohms |
| 203069-000 | (1248-WS) | 801912-000 | (61-S) | 4850 Ohms | 209281-000 | (1258-WS) | 801912-000 | (61-5) | 4850 Ohms |

*The letter "P" indicates Stock No. $49299-000$ Push Button mounted on Dial Blank. All 1248-W and 1258-W Telephones are equipped with Sure-Ring Condensers (1.mf) in the talking circuit.

Dimensions:
1248-W $71 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ high with handset in cradle, $53 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 81 / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$ base
1258-W $83 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ high with handset in cradle, $53 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 81 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ base

Weight:
1248-W Net 10 lbs . Packed for domestic shipment 13 lbs .
1258-W Net 8 lbs. Packed for domestic shipment 11 lbs .

## 1268-W Magneto Desk Set Box



1268-W Desk Set Box
The 1268-W Desk Set Box is a companion set of the $1248-\mathrm{W}$ and 1258-W Handset Telephones. It may be used with the 1544 Desk Type or $1534-\mathrm{M}$ Suspended Handset Telephone to make a twopiece set.

The base plates of the 1268-W Desk Set Box and the 1248 and 1258 Telephones are interchangeable and the same ringer, generator, and sealed coil-capacitor unit are used, together with identical parts for mounting this apparatus.

All No. 1268-W Desk Set Boxes are equipped, in the talking circuit, with a l.mf sure-ring capacitor which is part of the coilcapacitor unit.

## Optional Feature

Stock No. 49299-000 Push Button is furnished when the letter "P" is added to the code number. Its use should be confined to full metallic (two-wire) lines. With this feature it is possible to signal the operator without ringing other bells on the line.

## STOCK and CODE NUMBERS

| Desk Set Box |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code |
| $201812-000$ | $(1268-$ WI) |
| $201813-000$ | $(1268-$ WL) |
| *201814-000 | $(1268-$ WIP) |
| *201815-000 | $(1268$-WLP) |


| Ringer |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Resist. |
| Ohms |  |  |

*Desk Set Boxes with suffix letter "P" are equipped with Stock No. 49299-000 Non-Interfering Push Button.

## Telephones for Two-Piece Sets

The 1544 Handset Telephone is ideally suited for magneto service when used with the 1268 Desk Set Box. The 1544 Telephone can readily and economically be converted to common battery service at a later date, if desired. Parts and ordering information for the 1544 Telephone will be found with the complete description of the 1544 Telephones on a previous page.

The 1544-B Telephone may be used with older type desk set boxes that do not contain an induction coil, such as the No. 327. The 1544-B Telephone is similar in all respects to the 1544 except that a No. 46-B induction coil has been included.

The 1534-M Suspended Type Telephone can also be adapted to magneto service when used with the 1268 Desk Set Box. Parts and ordering information for suspended type sets may be found with the general description of the 1532, 1533, 1534 and 1533-MK Telephones on a previous page.

## Handset Telephone

| Stock No. | Code |
| :---: | :---: |
| $211749-000$ | $(1544)$ |
| $211750-000$ | $(1544-\mathrm{B})$ |

## Used With

Desk Set Box No. 1268 No. 327

## IRONCLAD WEATHERPROOF TELEPHONES

THE STROMBERG-CARLSON IRONCLAD TELEPHONE is moisture proof, concussion proof, and weatherproof, built especially for use out-of-doors or in underground localities which require extra high insulation and dependable service. This telephone is available in Common Battery or Magneto models.
Dials can be mounted on the 950 Ironclad Telephone set. Space is provided on the inner door for dials of the type DE-207, 208 , and 209 (small dials). Inner door Stock No. 207659-000 is planned for dial, either presently equipped with dial or prepared for future installation. Parts for the dial will be found under "Dials" elsewhere in this section.

THE CASE is of heavy cast-iron, provided with outer door, inner door, and gong hood. All parts are heavily coated with rust resisting paint.

When these telephones are to be locked so that only designated persons may use them, the 11563-000 Plunger Lock may be replaced with a No. 8468-000 Key Snap Lock installed at factory.

THE OUTER DOOR is equipped with a rubber gasket and compression lever catch, arranged for either key or plunger type lock. Opening the outer door permits the use of the instrument for either signalling or talking.

THE INNER DOOR is hinged for opening during repairs, and is held securely closed by machine screws and a felt gasket. The inner door mounts the transmitter and receiver.

THE TRANSMITTER is a capsule unit, similar to those used in handset telephones, with a black, phenol compound mouthpiece.

THE RECEIVER consists of an outside plastic receiver shell and earcap and $\alpha$ capsule type receiver unit. The capsule may be changed by removing the earcap. A cord take-up device prevents the receiver cord being caught when the outer door is closed, following a conversation

RINGER is equipped with loud, clear toned gongs concealed beneath the gong hood. The ringer, clapper rod, and armature are operated by magnetic induction through a tight brass plate. This design permits mounting the ringer coils in a protected position behind the inner door, entirely free from fumes and moisture.

THE HOOKSWITCH is of pressure, plunger construction, positive in operation and not dependent on gravity.

TERMINAL BOX is mounted on the under side of the telephone, containing two line terminals and a ground terminal, which pass through watertight bushings to the interior of the telephone so that it is unnecessary to open the instrument when making connections. Entrance hole is threaded for $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ conduit.

Parts common to the 950-C and 890-I and L Telephones Hookswitch<br>Description<br>Switch Hook Assembly only<br>Spring Assembly<br>Plunger<br>Screws (2) (Mounting Hook on Door)

Stock No.
10818-000
8457-000
8465-000
505303-000


Replacement Parts for the 950-C Telephone Only Stock No. Code Description
801825-000 (35-A) Ringer-less gongs (1000 ohms)
12271-000 Coil (2)-500 ohms (For 801825 Ringer)
207658-000 Box Assembly
8871-000 Induction Coil and Condenser Assembly
16321-000 Adapter (Dial) (Order with dial)
13870-000 Blank (Dial)
525200-000 Nuts (2) Dial Blank
503620-000 Terminal Screw
29961-000 Terminal Block
Replacement Parts for the $890-1$ and $-L$ Telephone
Stock No. Code Description

801826-000 (35-B) Ringer-less gongs ( 1600 ohms)
801827-000 (35-E) Ringer-less gongs (2500 ohms)
12272-000 Coil (2) -800 ohms
12273-000 Coil (2) - 1250 ohms
8416-000 Box Assembly
8636-000 Induction Coil (Mounted)
800424-000 Induction Coil (only)
800526-000 $\quad 1 / 2$ MF Condenser (Receiver circuit)
201678-000 (64) Generator
For other parts see Generator in Coded Parts Section.
Parts for Replacing the No. 62-A Generator with the No. 64 Generator
Stock No. 208830-000

Generator Assembly (Mounting)
(Includes No. 64 Generator, one 208832-000
Block, and four 508052-000 screws)
208834-000 Package Assembly
(Includes two $512700-000$ screws, one
204859-000 Crank Assembly, one 207595-000
Gland, one 207596-000 Gland, one 207601-000 washer, two 504052-000 screws and Instruction Sheet 208836-000)

TELEPHONES• 150

## DESK SET BOX AND RINGERS



1560 Desk Set Box

## 1560 Desk Set Box

This desk set box is used in combination with the 1544 Telephone or earlier models to make a two-piece set. All components are mounted on the base, which can be fastened to a wall. The trim black cover is then attached, using tapped holes in the base plate. The over-all size is $91 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ high, $53 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wide, with a $27 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ projection from mounting surface. Choice of straight line or tuned frequency ringers are available for the desk set box. With the exception of the parts listed below, all others are the same as those shown for the 1543 telephone.

Parts designed for use with 1560 Desk Set Box
Stock No.
$208589-000$
$208614-000$
$209218-000$
$32955-000$
$505172-000$
$\quad$ Description
Bell Box Housing Assembly
Base
Bracket (Tube)
Grommet
\#8-32X $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ B.H.I.M. Screw

## 1561 Extension Bell Box

This bell box is used as an extension ringer or signal, employing either a straight line or tuned frequency ringer, or $\alpha$ buzzer. The over-all dimensions have purposely been kept small: approximately $6^{\prime \prime}$ high, $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide and projecting $23 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ from mounting surface. Commonly used with the 1573 or 1575 Telephone, the 1561 Extension Bell Box provides a completely satisfactory method of signaling on dual or multi-line systems. As with the 1560 Desk Set Box, many parts used in the 1561 Extension Bell Box are identical with those used in the 1543 Telephone.

The extension bell box may be equipped with $\alpha \mathrm{Hi}$ and $\alpha$ Lo Gong, both Hi Gongs, or both Lo Gongs. This arrangement makes it easier for all parties to distinguish which line is being signaled.

## Parts designed for use with 1561 Extension Ringer

| Stock No. | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 210244-000 | Bell Box Housing Assembly |
| 210378-000 | Base Assembly |
| * 45304-000 | Buzzer (2A) |
| * 34917-000 | Capacitor (1.85 MF) |
| 37204-000 | Terminal Strip |
| 44161-000 | T-1-E Cord Assembly ( $3^{\prime \prime}$ ) |
| * 44163-000 | T-1-E Cord Assembly (4") |
| $\dagger$ 210916-000 | Bracket (W.E. 426-A) |
| §210917-000 | Bracket (W.E. 333-A) |
| \$149402-000 | Resistor, 1 watt, 10,000 ohms |
| *Used on 1561-C only |  |
| $\dagger$ Used on 1561-BT3 only |  |
| §Used on 1561-BT only |  |
| $\ddagger$ Used only wh | A Ringer is specified. |


| Desk Set Box |  | Ringer |  | Extension Bell Box |  | Desk Set Box |  | Ringer |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. $210883-000$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Code } \\ \text { No. } \\ (1560) \end{gathered}$ | Code None | Freq. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Stock } \\ \text { No. } \\ 209959-000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Code } \\ \text { No. } \\ (1561) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Stock } \\ \text { No. } \\ 214510-000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Code } \\ \text { No. } \\ \text { (G1561) } \end{gathered}$ | Code None | Freq. <br> None |
| 210897-000 | (1560-A) | (74-A) | SL | 209973-000 | (1561-A) | 214511-000 | (G1561-I) | (73-1) | 20 |
| 210885-000 | (1560-E) | (73-E) | 162/3 | 209961-000 | (1561-E) | 214512-000 | (G1561-E) | (73-E) | $162 / 3$ |
| 210890-000 | (1560-N) | (73-N) | 25 | 209966-000 | (1561-N) | 214513-000 | (G1561-F) | (73-F) | $331 / 3$ |
| 210886-000 | (1560-F) | (73-F) | $331 / 3$ | 209962-000 | (1561-F) | 214514-000 | (G1561-G) | (73-G) | 50 |
| 210887-000 | (1560-G) | (73-G) | 50 | 209963-000 | (1561-G) | 214515-000 | (G1561-J) | (73-J) | 60 |
| 210889-000 | (1560-H) | (73-H) | $662 / 3$ | 209965-000 | (1561-H) | 214516-000 | (G1561-H) | (73-H) | $662 / 3$ |
| 210895-000 | (1560-R) | (73-R) | 16 | 209971-000 | (1561-R) | 214517-000 | (G1561-N) | (73-N) | 25 |
| 210891-000 | (1560-K) | (73-K) | 30 | 209967-000 | (1561-K) | 214518-000 | (G1561-K) | (73-K) | 30 |
| 210892-000 | (1560-L) | (73-L) | 42 | 209968-000 | (1561-L) | 214519-000 | (G1561-L) | (73-L) | 42 |
| 210893-000 | (1560-M) | (73-M) | 54 | 209969-000 | (1561-M) | 214520-000 | (G1561-M) | (73-M) | 54 |
| 210894-000 | (1560-P) | (73-P) | 66 | 209970-000 | (1561-P) | 214521-000 | (G1561-P) | (73-P) | 66 |
| 210884-000 | (1560-1) | (73-1) | 20 | 209960-000 | (1561-1) | 214522-000 | (G1561-R) | (73-R) | 16 |
| 210896-000 | (1560-Q) | (73-Q) | 40 | 209972-000 | (1561-Q) | 214523-000 | (G1561-Q) | (73-Q) | 40 |
| 210888-000 | (1560-J) | (73-J) | 60 | 209964-000 | (1561-J) | 214524-000 | (G1561-A) | (74-A) | SL |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 214526-000 | (G1561-AH) | (74-A) | SL |
|  |  | (74-A) |  | 210900-000 | (1561-AH) |  |  | (High Gongs) |  |
|  |  | (High G | ongs) |  |  | 214527-000 | (G1561-AL) | (71-A) | SL |
|  |  | (Low G | SL | 210901-000 | (1561-AL) | 214528-000 | (G1561-C) | (Low Gongs) <br> (2-A Buzzer) |  |



1573-A Two-Line Telephone

The Stromberg-Carlson 1573 Telephone is a two-line telephone equipped with $\alpha$ holding feature on both of its lines. The same telephone instrument provides intercommunication or local PX service over a third line. This telephone will be useful in all applications where $a$ single instrument is desired with connection to two outside lines and with or without a third line for local intercommunicating service. Outside calls can be originated, answered, or held while maintaining connection on another line.

## General Design

The 1573 Telephone is an adaptation of the 1543 Telephone, modified to provide line selection and hold keys. The handset and coil-capacitor unit are identical to those of the 1500 Series Telephones. The standard housing and base have been slightly modified so that the entire switching mechanism can be mounted on the base-plate of the telephone. One line selecting and two hold keys extend through the front of the telephone housing. Two other buttons are mounted on the housing: the red button is a recall button used to signal an operator or regain access to dial central office equipment when one line is on hold. The white button is used to establish a path for intercommunication over line three.

The 1573 Telephone may be used with either a dial or manual central office or PBX system. No ringers are provided inside the telephone. Signaling is provided by using the new 1561 Bell Box, or similar bell, chime or buzzer apparatus.

The Stromberg-Carlson 2-10 or 4-20 Dial System is available for connection to the third line when a selective signaling and secret conversation system is desired for intercommunication.

| ORDERING |  | INFORMATION |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Stock No. | Code No. | Description |
| $216531-000$ | $(1573-A)$ | Manual |
| $216532-000$ | $(1573-A)$ | With DE-210 Dial |
| $216533-000$ | (1573-A) | With DE-212 Dial |
| $218462-000$ | $(1573-W A)$ | Manual (High Eff.) |
| $218463-000$ | (1573-WA) | With DE-212 Dial (High Eff.) |
| $216529-000$ | (G1573-A) | Manual |
| $216530-000$ | (G1573-A) | With DE-315 Dial (Gray) |
| $218464-000$ | (G1573-WA) | Manual (High Eff.) |
| $218465-000$ | (G1573-WA) | With DE-315 Dial (Gray) |
|  |  | (High Eff.) |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |



## Parts List For 1573 Telephones Telephone Assembly

Stock No. 209712-000 $214190-000$ 209731-000 209720-000 214186-000 209721-000 214188-000 210334-000 214208-000 214207-000 210558-000 210640-000 213090-000 213092-000 212862-000 208137-000 212450-000 208122-000 212448-000 216536-000 217064-000 213980-000 209744-000 209956-000 207687-000 209952-000 213921-000

Base
Housing
Housing
Knob Assembly (Line Selector Key)
Knob Assembly (Line Selector Key)
Knob Assembly (Hold Key)
Knob Assembly (Hold Key)
Card
Nut
Designation Holder
Coil Capacitor Assembly
Coil Capacitor Assembly
DE-210 Dial
DE-212 Dial
DE-315 Dial (grey)
Dial Blank Assembly (black)
Dial Blank Assembly (grey)
Adapter, Dial Blank (black)
Adapter, Dial Blank (grey)
Hookswitch Assembly (black)
Hookswitch Assembly (grey)
Key Assembly
Lens
Designation
Cable (dial) 4 cond.
Cord (WDN-6G)
Cord (WDN-6GG)

Telephone Used On
1573-A, 1573-WA, G1573-A, G1573-WA
G1573-A, G1573-WA
1573-A, 1573-WA
1573-A, 1573-WA
G1573-A, G1573-WA
1573-A, 1573-WA
G1573-A, G1573-WA
1573-A, 1573-WA, G1573-A, G1573-WA
1573-A, 1573-WA, G1573-A, G1573-WA
1573-A, 1573-WA, G1573-A, G1573-WA
1573-A, G1573-A
1573-WA, G1573-WA
1573-A
1573-A, 1573-WA
G1573-A, G1573-WA
1573-A, 1573-WA
G1573-A, G1573-WA
1573-A, 1573-WA
G1573-A, G1573-WA
1573-A, 1573-WA
G1573-A, G1573-WA
1573-A, 1573-WA, G1573-A, G1573-WA
1573-A, 1573-WA, G1573-A, G1573-WA
1573-A, 1573-WA, G1573-A, G1573-WA
1573-A, 1573-WA, G1573-A, G1573-WA
1573-A, 1573-WA
G1573-A, G1573-WA

Stock No. 209725-000 209726-000 209687-000 209691-000 209696-000 209684-000 209723-000 209949-000 209697-000 209698-000 209727-000 209728-000
12656-000 213951-000 209735-000 209724-000
213952-000

## Key Assembly

Part Name
Lever Assembly (Left Hand) Lever Assembly (Right Hand) Lever (Center)
Cam
Shaft
Terminal Board Assembly
Spring Assembly
Resistor Assembly
Spring (Plate)
Spring (Lock)
Spring Assembly (Contact)
Spring Assembly (Contact Pusher)
Spring Plate
Lever
Lever, Trip
Spring Assembly
Cam

Stock No.
207670-000
207672-000
208552-000 208071-000
32957-000
13820-000
207753-000
207704-000
208492-000
209709-000
211121-000
$212118-000$
211153-000

Clamp Plate
Bracket, Mounting
Spring Assembly
Spring Assembly
Stiffener
Insulation
Bushing
Hi-Tensile Screws
Dust Cover
Plunger (black)
Plunger (grey)
Plunger Retaining Spring

A button and buzzer assembly is available for use in inter-office signaling, so that one party on a line may signal another party on the same line. There are three standard button and buzzer assemblies. The first is equipped with one button and two blank caps, the second is equipped with two buttons and one blank cap, and the third with three buttons. One assembly can be converted to the other by substituting buttons in place of caps, or vice versa, and rewiring slightly.

| Stock No. | Name | Stock No. | Name |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | :--- |
| $211194-000$ | 3 Button Assembly | $\mathbf{2 1 3 5 0 2 - 0 0 0}$ | Base |
| $211193-000$ | 2 Buttons and 1 | $45304-000$ | Buzzer |
|  | Cap Assembly | $200387-000$ | Push Button |
| $211041-000$ | 1 Button and 2 | $\mathbf{1 2 6 0 4 2 - 0 0 0}$ | Cap |
|  | Caps Assembly | $205106-000$ | Terminal Block |
| $213501-000$ | Cover |  | Assembly |

## THE 1575 SERIES MULTI-LINE TELEPHONE



1575 Multi-Line Telephone

The 1575 Series Multi-Line Telephone is the station equipment for use with the Stromberg-Carlson 6 K and 6K-1 System. In this desk instrument, similar in size and general appearance to all the 1500 Series Telephones, is the equivalent of a small switchboard. Each subscriber, with or without assistance from an operator, can originate and receive calls on from one to five central office, PBX, intercommunicating, or private lines. The subscriber will also be able to hold calls on from one to five central office or PBX lines. In addition each user can, if the instrument is so equipped, signal and talk over local or intercommunicating lines while holding central office calls. The user may then tell the called party that he should pick up the held incoming call, or obtain information from within the plant to relay back to the caller on the held outside line.

The many possibilities for the 1575 Series Telephones as a component of the 6K-1 System are described in more detail under Interior Systems in Section C of this catalog.

## General Design

The 1575 Series Telephones may be used with either a manual or dial central office or PBX. Its general design is similar to the 1543 Standard Telephone and the 1573 Two-Line Telephone. Five line keys, each with its associated lamp for visual indication, are arranged across the front of the housing.

The No. 96 Terminal Box is part of the 1575 Series Telephones and provides convenient terminals for connection to the distribution cable.

The handset is the same as that used on the 1543 Telephone. The same dials that are available for the 1543 can be used with the 1575 telephones.

The six keys on the 1575 telephones can be arranged to furnish many combinations of service. The maximum number of lines to central office or PBX is five. When holding, intercommunication, or signaling keys are desired, the number of line keys are correspondingly reduced. This telephone replaces the cumbersome method of providing multi-line service with key boxes or push buttons with ordinary telephones.

## Parts List for 1575 Series Multi-Line Telephones

## Telephone Assembly

| Stock No. | Part Name | Telephones Used On |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 209712-000 | Base | All |
| 209944-000 | Housing (Blk) | - A and - B |
| 214193-000 | Housing (Gy) | G-A1, -B1, -WA1, -WB1 |
| 208122-000 | Adapter, dial blank (Blk) | $-A$ and $-B$ |
| 212448-000 | Adapter, dial blank (Gy) | G-A1, -B1, -WA1, -WB1 |
| 207673-000 | Dial Bracket | All |
| 208137-000 | Dial Blank Assem. (Blk) | - $A$ and - $B$ |
| 212450-000 | Dial Blank Assem. (Gy) | G-A1, -B1, -WA1, -WB1 |
| 207677-000 | Gasket Assembly | All |
| 211155-000 | Coil Capacitor Assem. | -A, -B, G-Al, and -B1 |
| 218498-000 | Coil Capacitor Assem. | G-WAl and WB1 |
| 209721-000 | Knob Assembly (Black) | - A and - B |
| 214188-000 | Knob Assembly (Gray) | G-A1, -B1, -WA1, -WB1 |
| 209744-000 | Lens | All |
| 209956-000 | Designation (Hold) | All |
| 211106-000 | Designation (Signal) | -B, G-B1, and -WB1 |
| 211107-000 | Designation (Blank) | All |
| 211130-000 | Designation (Intercom) | All |
| 213983-000 | Key Assembly | -A |
| 213984-000 | Key Assembly | -B |
| 216661-000 | Key Assembly | G-Al and -WAl |
| 216662-000 | Key Assembly | G-Bl and -WB1 |
| 211859-000 | Sleeve, lamp | All |
| 211108-000 | Lamp | All |
| 209713-000 | Deflector, lamp | All |
| 213092-000 | Dial (DE-212) | -A and - B |
| 213094-000 | Dial (DE-315) | G-A1, -B1, -WA1, -WB1 |
| 207687-000 | Dial Cable | All |
| 203052-000 | Clamp, dial cable | All |
| 213240-000 | Handset ( 26 H ) | - $A$ and - $B$ |
| 216747-000 | Handset (26J) | G-A1, and -B1 |
| 213767-000 | Handset (27D) | G-WAl and -WB1 |
| 210730-000 | Terminal Box (96-A) | -A |
| 211156-000 | Terminal Box (96-B) | -B |
| 216608-000 | Terminal Box (G96-C) | G-A1, -B1, -WA1, -WB1 |
| 211211-000 | Cord (WDN-36A) | - $A$ and - $B$ |
| 213920-000 | Cord (WDN-36AG) | G-A1, -B1, -WA1, -WB1 |
| 214055-000 | Hookswitch Assem. (Blk) | - A and - B |
| 217065-000 | Hookswitch Assem. (Gy) | G-A1, -B1, -WA1, -WB1 |

Stock No.
209772-000
216685-000
211121-000
212118-000
211153-000
207681-000
207672-000
207674-000
207679-000
211152-000
32957-000
13820-000
207704-000
208552-000
208071-000
209773-000
28248-000
211111-000
216682-000
201703-000

## Hookswitch Assemblies

| $\quad$Description | Hookswitch <br> Assem. Used On |
| :--- | :---: |
| Clamp Plate | $214055-000$ |
| Clamp Plate | $217065-000$ |
| Plunger (Black) | $214055-000$ |
| Plunger (Gray) | $217065-000$ |
| Plunger Retaining Spring | Both Types |
| Restoring Spring | Both Types |
| Bracket (Hookswitch) | Both Types |
| Lever (Hookswitch) | Both Types |
| Bearing Pin (Hookswitch) | Both TYpes |
| Bearing Pin (Plungers) | Both Types |
| Stiffener | Both Types |
| Insulation | Both Types |
| Pusher | Both Types |
| Spring Assembly | Both Types |
| Spring Assembly | Both Types |
| Spring Assembly | $217065-000$ |
| Spring Assembly | $214055-000$ |
| Spring Assembly | $214055-000$ |
| Spring Assembly | $217065-000$ |
| Terminal | Both Types |

The 1575 Series Multi-Line Telephone (Cont.)

|  |  | ORDERING | INFORMATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RECEIVER-AMPLIFIER <br> (RA-1000)



Stromberg-Carlson offers the new RA-1000 Receiver Amplifier to improve telephone service for the hard-of-hearing and to boost voice signal strength in noisy areas or on conference hook-ups. All the advantages of precision design, transistorization and printed circuitry have been incorporated into this unit.

Because it is transistorized, the RA-1000 rarely needs maintenance. Its small power demands are easily met by your central office battery. This makes modification of central office equipment unnecessary.
Its simple 4 -wire cable makes the RA-1000 Receiver-Amplifier quick and easy to install.

The RA-1000 is equipped with a volume control which permits the user to adjust the listening levels to his own preference, taking into account the different levels of speech transmission. The quality of amplified speech is extremely high. The range over which the unit's output level can be varied is sufficient to provide this high quality reception for all individual require-

ments. When the volume indicator is adjusted to its lowest point, the output level is the same as the requirement for standard telephone hearing levels.

## Features

Use: With any standard telephone.
Power Source: Central office battery or local battery.
Variable Output Level: Standard telephone ( 0 db ) to +16 db (depending upon line condition).
Frequency Response: 300 to 3600.
Percent Distortion: 3 to $8 \%$ (depending upon volume level).
Size: $23 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wide; $4^{\prime \prime}$ long; $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ high.
Color: Black.
Mounting: Desk or wall.

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 897161 | (RA-1000) | Receiver-Amplifier |

## HANDS-FREE TELEPHONE



The "Hands-Free" Telephone is a new type of instrument that permits the user to initiate or receive calls without removing the handset from its cradle. This telephone is ideal for conferences, where $\alpha$ group of people sit around a table, for all can hear and take part in the conversation with the party on the other end of the line. It is possible for the user to leave his desk, go to a filing cabinet or other places within the room and still carry on a conversation.

The telephone instrument is the Stromberg-Carlson 1500 Series Telephone, gray in color, to which a sub-base and separate
microphone has been attached. This telephone can be used exactly as any other standard telephone. In addition, it may be utilized to provide two-way conversation even though the handset remains on the housing.

The sub-base contains controls that permit operation of the telephone as a loud speaking system. The left hand button is the "On" button. The one next to it is the "Off" button. A light indicates when the loud speaking system is in use. The "MCO" button cuts off the microphore. Volume is controlled by the knob on the right hand side.

To initiate a call, simply depress the "On" button, listen for the operator or dial tone, on the speaker, and either state the desired number or dial it - all without lifting the handset. To terminate a call, depress the "Off" button. If it is desired to cut down interfering noises or other conversations within the room, depress the "MCO" button which temporarily kills the microphone.

Volume level of the speaker is controlled by a volume control knob. The speaker and microphone are immediately cut off when the handset is lifted. To return to the speaker, depress the "On" button and replace the handset.

To install this telephone connect the line cord to a terminal box in the same way as a standard telephone. Connect power cord to any 110 -volt A.C. outlet and connect microphone cord to $\alpha$ jack on the instrument.

Cat. No. 1583-A
Stock No. 895826

## GAI-PHONE

The Gai-Phone is a telephone subset designed expressly for use in high noise level areas. The instrument eliminates the need for noise-proof booths or other means of acoustic protection.

Installation and operation is simple. The instrument is connected to an existing telephone circuit and can be provided for either dial or manual operation; for desk or wall mounting. It is operated in the same manner as a standard telephone. A source of $110 \mathrm{v}, 60$ cycles $A C$ is required for each instrument.
Sidetone can be varied from normal to below audibility. In areas of high noise level, the noise picked up on the transmitter and fed to the receiver can be eliminated or reduced to a comfortable level. This permits the user to hear clearly the voice signal coming into that area. A concealed control adjusts sidetone level at the time of installation.
The,Gai-Phone provides control of incoming (receiver) volume level and outgoing (transmitter) level. This feature allows its use as a terminal repeater station on relatively long lines.

The electronic tubes used in this instrument have been chosen for their ruggedness and long life. The voltages at which the tubes operate are approximately $50 \%$ of the values normally used. This feature promotes long, trouble-free use.

The power used by the Gai-Phone is so low that it can be operated satisfactorily with a small D.C. inverter (the type normally used to operate an electric shaver from the cigarette lighter socket of an automobile). This feature, coupled with the instrument's built-in repeater characteristics, provides an ideal solution to temporary and other long line problems where reliable communication is difficult.


To convert the desk type Gai-Phone to wall type, a wall mounting conversion assembly is available. Order Package Assembly Stock No. 212833-000.

## MAGNETO TELEPHONES

In appearance, efficiency, adaptability and long life, Stromberg-Carlson Magneto Telephones offer everything you would expect from one of the industry's oldest, most experienced companies.

This modern Magneto series includes a self-contained desk type handset telephone (1248-W), a selfcontained wall type handset telephone (1258-W), and a Magneto desk set box (1268-W).

The base assemblies of all three instruments are interchangeable for service economy.


1248-W Handset Desk Telephone

THE $\mathbf{1 2 4 8}-\mathrm{W}$ is a modern, self-contained desk type magneto telephone in $\alpha$ die-cast zinc housing which includes the handset cradle. A sub-base provides mounting space for the generator; in converting to common battery, this is removed. Four rubber feet grip any surface on which the telephone is placed.

The base plate is attached to the housing by screws which may be easily removed for inspection and testing of all component parts. Components are so designed and mounted on the base that it is an easy matter to change from magneto to common battery operation with either manual or dial service.

INDUCTION COIL AND CAPACITOR ASSEMBLY (200595-000) consists of a plastic housing in which the coil and capacitors are embedded in Mitchell Rand \#3738. This design protects the apparatus from mechanical injury as well as excessive humidity.

THE NO. 61 and 65 RINGERS are specially designed for Magneto service with standard resistances of 2040, 3100 and 4850 ohms. Because the impedance of the No. 65 and the older type ringers is matched, resistances of 1600 ohms and 3100 ohms may be satisfactorily used on the same line. In the same way ringers of 2500 ohms and 4850 ohms may be used to-


No. 61-A Ringer gether. (See Ringers on later pages in this section.) THE HOOKSWITCH ASSEMBLY with twin contacts of precious metal, provides a reliable method of controlling the circuit.

THE NO. 23-R HANDSET presents an evenly balanced appearance. Capsule units are used for both receiver and transmitter; long-wearing nylon braid increases cord life. Pressure spring contacts assure good transmission.

THE NO. 28 TRANSMITTER (210279-000) is a non-positional capsule type, affording high fidelity voice transmission.

THE CAPSULE RECEIVER (34230-000) unit has an equalized response frequency characteristic. Contact is made through pressure spring contacts when the earcap is tightened.

THE NO. 64 HAND GENERATOR using Alnico magnets, generates as much power as the older, more bulky types.

NON-INTERFERING PUSH BUTTON can be supplied on any magneto telephone when ordered. It is used for signaling the operator over one side of a metallic circuit and ground, without ringing the bells of the other telephones on the line.

SURE-RING CONDENSER. Standard equipment includes a l.mf capacitor in the talking circuit which makes it possible to ring past telephones on party lines when $\alpha$ receiver is not on the hook.

MAGNETO TELEPHONE WITH STRAIGHT LINE BIASED RINGER. Stromberg-Carlson also offers the Magneto Telephones $1248-A$, $1248-\mathrm{B}, 1248-\mathrm{S}$. Four-party fully selective ringing is possible with the $1248-\mathrm{A}$ : eight-party semi-selective ringing with the $1248-\mathrm{B}$; eight-ringers for semi-selective ringing with extensions if desired with the $1248-\mathrm{S}$.


1258-W Wall Telephone

## MAGNETO TELEPHONES (Cont.)

1258-W WALL TYPE HANDSET TELEPHONE has $\alpha$ removable subbase that houses the generator, ringer and coil-capacitor unit. The handset rests in a cradle that is part of the molded case.

EASY TO CONVERT. This wall set, like the 1248 desk telephone, can be changed from magneto to common battery service for either manual or dial operation. Thus these telephones become an investment for the future.

## Parts of 1248-W (Desk) and 1258-W (Wall) Types <br> Telephone Parts

201797-000 Housing (1248-W only)
201796-000 Housing (1258-W only)
201798-000 Sub-Base (Die-cast housing adapter)
508753-000 Screws (2) (Sub-Base)
205671-000 Base Plate (Metal)
35808-000 Feet (4)
32889-000 Rod (Handle)
33234-000 Screws (Bracket)
35860-000 Cable (Hookswitch)
35814-000 Connector
200595-000 Ind. Coil and Capacitor Unit in Plastic case
201794-000 Plate (Coil-Capacitor mounting)
35824-000 Screws (3) (Case to Plate)
208073-000 Plungers (2)

## Generator Parts

201678-000 (No. 64) Generator, Alnico
204859-000 Generator Crank
507423-000 Screws (4), Generator Mtg.
526294-000 Lockwashers (4), Generator Mtg.
For other parts see Generator in Coded Parts Section

## Handset Parts

216945-000 (No. 23-R) Handset with black cord (Complete) 211305-000 Cord (WCR-3J) 4'6"
203397-000 Molded Handle (3 Conductor) Complete with contact springs
210279-000 Transmitter
34230-000 Receiver
32863-000 Mouthpiece (Transmitter)
32864-000 Earcap (Receiver)
Hookswitch
42158-000 Complete Spring Comb. (Hookswitch)
Ringer Parts
See ringers in another portion of this section
Line Cord (Black)
211746-000 Line Cord (WDR-4J) $6^{\prime}$ (1248-W only)
Terminal Block
205106-000 For Line Cord (1248-W only)
Dial Blank
Telephones not using push button are equipped with...
35709-000 Dial Blank
23766-000 Cap
25404-000 Protector
28479-000 Card
Push Button
Telephones using push button are equipped with...
49299-000 Push Button
200846-000 Dial Blank

## STOCK AND CODE NUMBERS OF TELEPHONES

| 1248-W Handset Desk Type |  |  |  |  | 1258-W Handset Wall Type |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Telephone |  |  | Ringer |  | Telephone |  |  | Ringer |  |
| Straight Line |  |  |  |  | Straight Line |  |  |  |  |
| Stock No. | Code | Stock No. | Code | Resistance | Stock No. | Code | Stock No. | Code | Resistance |
| 201804-000 | (1248-WI) | 201754-000 | (65-C) | 3100 Ohms | 201808-000 | (1258-WI) | 201754-000 | (65-C) | 3100 Ohms |
| 201805-000 | (1248-WL) | 201755-000 | (65-F) | 4850 Ohms | 201809-000 | (1258-WL) | 201755-000 | (65-F) | 4850 Ohms |
| *201806-000 | (1248-WIP) | 201754-000 | (65-C) | 3100 Ohms | *201810-000 | (1258-WIP) | 201754-000 | (65-C) | 3100 Ohms |
| *201807-000 | (1248-WLP) | 201755-000 | (65-F) | 4850 Ohms | *201811-000 | (1258-WLP) | 201755-000 | (65-F) | 4850 Ohms |
| Straight Line Biased |  |  |  |  | Straight Line Biased |  |  |  |  |
| 203071-000 | (1248-WA) | 801911-000 | (61-A) | 2040 Ohms | 209279-000 | (1258-WA) | 801911-000 | (61-A) | 2040 Ohms |
| 203035-000 | (1248-WB) | 202880-000 | (65-B) | 3100 Ohms | 209280-000 | (1258-WB) | 202880-000 | (65-B) | 3100 Ohms |
| 203069-000 | (1248-WS) | 801912-000 | (61-S) | 4850 Ohms | 209281-000 | (1258-WS) | 801912-000 | (61-S) | 4850 Ohms |
| *The letter "P" indicates Stock No. 49299-000 Push Button mounted on Dial Blank. All 1248-W and 1258-W Telephones are equipped with Sure-Ring Condensers (l.mf) in the talking circuit. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Dimensions:
1248-W $71 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ high with handset in cradle, $53 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 81 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ base
1258-W $83 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ high with handset in cradle, $53 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 81 / 3^{\prime \prime}$ base

Weight:
1248-W Net 10 lbs . Packed for domestic shipment 13 lbs .
1258-W Net 8 lbs . Packed for domestic shipment 11 lbs .

# MAGNETO TELEPHONES (Cont.) 1268-W Magneto Desk Set Box and Two-Piece Telephones 

Parts of 1268-W Desk Set Box

Stock No.
201795-000
41710-000
525033-000
201798-000
205671-000
41563-000
41685-000
35808-000
200595-000

## Description

Plastic Housing
Retaining Screw (Front)
Hex Nut (Retaining Screw)
Sub-Base (Die-Cast Housing Adapter)
Base Plate (Flat Metal)
Screws (2) (Housing to base)
Bracket (Base Plate)
Feet (4)
Ind. Coil and Capacitor unit in plastic case

## Generator Parts

201678-000
204859-000
507423-000
526294-000
(No. 64) Generator, Alnico
Generator Crank
Screws (4), Generator Mtg. Lock Washers (4), Generator Mtg.

For other parts see Generator in Coded Parts Section

## Ringer Parts

See Ringers in another portion of this section.

## STOCK and CODE NUMBERS

| Desk Set Box | Ringer |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. Code | Stock No. | Code | Resist. Ohms |
| 201812-000 (1268-WI) | 201754-000 | (65-C) | 3100 |
| 201813-000 (1268-WL) | 201755-000 | (65-F) | 4850 |
| *201814-000 (1268-WIP) | 201754-000 | (65-C) | 3100 |
| *201815-000 (1268-WLP) | 201755-000 | (65-F) | 4850 |
| *Desk Set Boxes with suffix Stock No. 49299-000 Non-I | tter "P" are rfering Push | quippe utton. | d with |

## Telephones for Two-Piece Sets

The 1544 Handset Telephone is ideally suited for magneto service when used with the 1268 Desk Set Box. The 1544 Telephone can readily and economically be converted to common battery service at a later date, if desired. Parts and ordering information for the 1544 Telephone will be found with the complete description of the 1544 Telephones on a previous page.

The 1544-B Telephone may be used with older type desk set boxes that do not contain an induction coil, such as the No. 327. The 1544-B Telephone is similar in all respects to the 1544 except that a No. 46-B induction coil has been included.

The 1534-M Suspended Type Telephone can also be adapted to magneto service when used with the 1268 Desk Set Box. Parts and ordering information for suspended type sets may be found with the general description of the 1532, 1533, 1534 and 1533-MK Telephones on a previous page.

## Handset Telephone

| Stock No. | Code |
| :---: | :---: |
| $211749-000$ | $(1544)$ |
| $211750-000$ | $(1544-B)$ |

## Used With

Desk Set Box
No. 1268
No. 327

[^0]The 1268-W Desk Set Box is a companion set of the 1248-W and 1258-W Handset Telephones. It may be used with the 1544 Desk Type or 1534 -M Suspended Handset Telephone to make a twopiece set.

The base plates of the 1268-W Desk Set Box and the 1248 and 1258 Telephones are interchangeable and the same ringer, generator, and sealed coil-capacitor unit are used, together with identical parts for mounting this apparatus.

All No. 1268-W Desk Set Boxes are equipped, in the talking circuit, with a l.mf sure-ring capacitor which is part of the coilcapacitor unit.

## Optional Feature

Stock No. 49299-000 Push Button is furnished when the letter "P" is added to the code number. Its use should be confined to full metallic (two-wire) lines. With this feature it is possible to signal the operator without ringing other bells on the line.


## IRONCLAD WEATHERPROOF TELEPHONES

THE STROMBERG-CARLSON IRONCLAD TELEPHONE is moisture proof, concussion proof, and weatherproof, built especially for use out-of-doors or in underground localities which require extra high insulation and dependable service. This telephone is available in Common Battery or Magneto models.

Dials can be mounted on the 950 Ironclad Telephone set. Space is provided on the inner door for dials of the type DE-207, 208 , and 209 (small dials). Inner door Stock No. 207659-000 is planned for dial, either presently equipped with dial or prepared for future installation. Parts for the dial will be found under "Dials" elsewhere in this section.

THE CASE is of heavy cast-iron, provided with outer door, inner door, and gong hood. All parts are heavily coated with rust resisting paint.

When these telephones are to be locked so that only desig. nated persons may use them, the 11563-000 Plunger Lock may be replaced with a No. 8468-000 Key Snap Lock installed at factory.

THE OUTER DOOR is equipped with a rubber gasket and compression lever catch, arranged for either key or plunger type lock. Opening the outer door permits the use of the instrument for either signalling or talking.

THE INNER DOOR is hinged for opening during repairs, and is held securely closed by machine screws and a felt gasket. The inner door mounts the transmitter and receiver.

THE TRANSMITTER is a capsule unit, similar to those used in handset telephones, with a black, phenol compound mouthpiece.
THE RECEIVER consists of an outside plastic receiver shell and earcap and a capsule type receiver unit. The capsule may be changed by removing the earcap. A cord take-up device prevents the receiver cord being caught when the outer door is closed, following a conversation.
RINGER is equipped with loud, clear toned gongs concealed beneath the gong hood. The ringer, clapper rod, and armature are operated by magnetic induction through a tight brass plate. This design permits mounting the ringer coils in a protected position behind the inner door, entirely free from fumes and moisture.

THE HOOKSWITCH is of pressure, plunger construction, positive in operation and not dependent on gravity.

TERMINAL BOX is mounted on the under side of the telephone, containing two line terminals and a ground terminal, which pass through watertight bushings to the interior of the telephone so that it is unnecessary to open the instrument when making connections. Entrance hole is threaded for $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ conduit.

Parts common to the 950-C and 890-1 and L. Telephones

Hookswitch
Stock No.
10818-000
8457-000
8465-000
505303-000

Description
Switch Hook Assembly only
Spring Assembly
Plunger
Screws (2) (Mounting Hook on Door)


## Transmitter

*209624-000
205784-000
209623-000
25608-000
25892-000
209631-000
15577-000
503500-000 Transmitter Assembly, including
*Note: Telephones manufactured before $1 / 21 / 53$ cannot use the Stock No. 209624-000 transmitter assembly. Instead order Stock No. 35434-000.
Replacement Parts for the 950-C Telephone Only
Stock No. Code Description

801825-000 (35-A) Ringer-less gongs (1000 ohms)
12271-000 Coil (2)-500 ohms (For 801825 Ringer)
207658-000 Box Assembly
8871-000 Induction Coil and Condenser Assembly
16321-000 Adapter (Dial) (Order with dial)
13870-000 Blank (Dial)
525200-000 Nuts (2) Dial Blank
503620-000 Terminal Screw
29961-000 Terminal Block
Replacement Parts for the 890-1 and -L Telephone
Stock No. Code Description

801826-000 (35-B) Ringer-less gongs (1600 ohms)
801827-000 (35-E) Ringer-less gongs (2500 ohms)
12272-000 Coil (2) -800 ohms
12273-000 Coil (2) - 1250 ohms
8416-000 Box Assembly
8636-000 Induction Coil (Mounted)
800424-000 Induction Coil (only)
800526-000 $\quad 1 / 2$ MF Condenser (Receiver circuit)
201678-000 (64) Generator
For other parts see Generator in Coded Parts Section.

\left.| Parts for Replacing the No. 62-A Generator |
| :--- | :--- |
| with the No. 64 Generator |
| Description |\(\right\left.\} \begin{array}{l}Stock No. <br>

Generator Assembly (Mounting) <br>
(Includes No. 64 Generator, one 208832-000\end{array}\right\}\)

STROMBERG-CARLSON

## DIALS



Stromberg-Carlson Dial with Extended Number Plate

The Stromberg-Carlson Dial with the extended number plate is used on the 1500 Series Telephone and the earlier 1400 Series. The extended-style number plate marks the dial of the future, with its distinctive numbers and letters in white on a black or colored background. The location of the letters and numerals outside of the finger wheel together with the new baked-on Vitreous Enamel finish, offers greater clarity, no glare and unmatched durability.

The new Stromberg-Carlson dial offers seven distinct features of design that result in longer life, lower maintenance cost, and pleasing operation for the subscriber.

1. The dial mechanism is mounted on a rigid die-cast aluminum housing and encased in a transparent plastic cover. The moving parts are thus always in perfect alignment, and are protected from dirt and grime.
2. The gears and other rotating parts are precision machined, or molded, to insure a smooth movement and to reduce wear.
3. The wind-up operation produces motion only in the main and secondary shafts, with the result that the other moving parts are in action for impulsing only. This gives additional quietness and decreases wear.
4. Quiet operation is further insured by using for the impulse cam drive two thin flat springs operating in conjunction with slots in their associated parts, a simple and dependable device that assures positive and uniform impulsing.
5. The digit number plate is locked into the housing rim for smoother contour and tighter fit, yet it is easily changed by removing the finger plate and only one screw.
6. Another feature is the simplified terminal arrangement whereby the terminal screws extend directly through the dust cover, avoiding cable, soldered connections and terminal block, thereby simplifying maintenance.
7. All necessary field adjustments can be made without removing the dust cover from the dial. The opening in the dust cover (closed by a snap-on lid) gives ready access to the working parts. Speed adjustment, cleaning of contacts, etc., can be done without disturbing any connection or mounting screws.

## Spring Combinations

Shown below are the spring combinations most commonly used. Shunt springs are illustrated in off-normal positions.


SPRING COMBINATIONS shown are "E," and "C." Other types of spring combinations can be furnished when desired. The " E " or " C " is the second letter of the dial code number. When the second letter is followed by the letter " X " it indicates that the tie is omitted.

## Finger Plate

The finger plate is metal with $\alpha$ black enamel finish. In the code number this finger plate is indicated by " 12. ."


DIALS (Cont.)


## Standard Dial-DE-212-45

The above picture shows the standard metropolitan number plate.

The second character of the dial code indicates type of spring used (i.e.-DE-212-45 has "E" type shunt springs). The standard dial contains the " $E$ " type shunt springs that are combined with impulse springs. Other type shunt springs are available.
C. - A break-make type of shunt spring.
L.-A separate single make and single break shunt spring.
"D" Series
Code
(DE-207)
(DE-208)
(DE-209)
(DEX-207)
(DEX-209)
(DC-207)
(DC-208)
(DCX-207) (DCX-209) (FDE-207)
(DL-207)
(DL-208)
(DL-209)
(DE-210)
(DE-212)
(DC-209)
(FDCX-209)
(FDE-212)
(DE-315)
(DE-316)
(DE-317)
(DE-318)
(DE-3,19)
(DE-320)
(DE-321)
(DE-322)

Stock No.
213075-000 213081-000 213084-000 213076-000 213085-000 213077-000 213082-000 213078-000 213086-000 $213079-000$ $213080-000$ 213083-000 213087-000 213090-000 213092-000 213088-000 $213089-000$ 213093-000 213094-000 $213095-000$ 213096-000 213097-000 213098-000 213099-000 213100-000 213101-000

Example of Correct Order:

| Present Series | Spring Combination | Finger Plate | Number Plate | Dash | Cable | Station Card | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D | E |  |  |  |  |  | Double-Make Combination |
|  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | Black Enamel Finger Plate |
|  |  |  | 12 |  |  |  | Metropolitan Number Plate |
|  |  |  |  | - |  |  | Dash |
|  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  | 4 Conductor Cable |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | Std. Station Card |

So that the ordering code of the above dial is DE-212-45


Front View of Small Dial

## Standard Small Dial-DE-209-45

The above picture shows a small dial containing a number plate coded No. 7. Other number plates are available as follows:

No. 8-contains numbers 1-0, and the word "Operator" over the number " 0 ."
No. 9-contains numbers and letters (Metropolitan).
Shunt springs for the small dial are coded in the same way as those for the large dial.

An attractive new booklet covering in detail the parts, construction, and maintenance of the Stromberg-Carlson Dial has been prepared and may be obtained from your nearest branch office.

HANDSETS


No. 26
There are two series of handsets available to fit the 1500 Series Telephones, the No. 26 and 27. In outward appearances these two handsets look alike - short, lightweight, and are made of thermosetting plastic. The difference between the two series lies in the transmitter and receiver.
TRANSMITTERS. The No. 26 Series Handsets employ the 210279-000 transmitter which is a capsule type transmitter. Silver-plated contact springs in the transmitter cavity provide reliable connections when the mouthpiece is screwed down tight.

The No. 27 Series Handsets feature the new high efficiency "W" type transmitters which provide transmission characteristics equivalent to the best high efficiency instrument available. This Transmitter (211969-000) is a capsule type also.
RECEIVERS. Both series use capsule type receivers that must be attached to two terminal cords and locked into position by tightening the threaded earcap. The $210278-000$ receiver is used in the 26 Series Handsets while the $211881-000$ receiver is used in the high efficiency 27 Series Handsets. Ordering information and pertinent parts are listed below for both handsets.



Parts for the No. 26 and No. 27

## Series Handsets

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 211305-000 | (WCR-3J) | Neoprene Cord for No. $26 \mathrm{C}-4^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ (3 conductor) |
| 211300-000 | (WCK-3J) | Neoprene Cord for No. 26D-4'6" ( 3 conductor) |
| 211745-000 | (WCK-4J) | Neoprene Cord for No. 26E-4'6" (4 conductor) |
| 211745-000 | (WCR-4J) | Neoprene Cord for No. 26G-4'6" ( 4 conductor) |
| 211300-000 | (WCK-3J) | Neoprene Cord for No. $26 \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ (3 conductor) |
| 213117-000 | (WCK-3J) | Neoprene Cord for No. 26I-4'6" (3 conductor-Grey) |
| 213117-000 | (WCK-3J) | Neoprene Cord for No. $26 \mathrm{~J}-4^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ (3 conductor-Grey) |
| 210279-000 |  | Transmitter Assembly for No. 26C, 26D, 26E, 26G, 26H, 26I, 26J |
| 210278-000 |  | Receiver Assembly for No. 26C. 26D, 26E, 26G, 26H, 26I, 26J |
| 210276-000 |  | Ear Cap for No. 26C, 26D, 26E, 26H |
| 212115-000 |  | Ear Cap (Grey) for No. 26G, 26I, 26J |
| 210277-000 |  | Mouthpiece No. 26C, 26D, 26E, 26H |
| 212116-000 |  | Mouthpiece (Grey) No. 26G, 26I, 26J |
| 211275-000 |  | Handle Assembly (Replacement for No. 26E Handset) |
| 211233-000 |  | Handle Assembly (Replacement for 26C, 26D, Handsets complete with wiring and contact springs) |
| 211373-000 | (WCR-3K) | Neoprene Cord for No. 27C-4'6" ( 3 conductor) |
| 211375-000 | (WCK-3K) | Neoprene Cord for No. 27D-4'6" (3 conductor) |
| 211884-000 | (WCR-4K) | Neoprene Cord for No. 27E-4'6" (4 conductor) |
| 211969-000 |  | Transmitter Assembly for No. 27C, 27D, 27E |
| 211881-000 |  | Receiver Assembly for No. 27C, 27D, 27E |
| 210283-000 |  | Ear Cap for No. 27C, 27D, 27E |
| 210284-000 |  | Mouthpiece for No. 27C, 27D, 27E |

STROMBERG-CARLSON

## RINGERS

## Used on Stromberg-Carlson 1200, 1400 and 1500 Series Common Battery Telephones and 1248-58-68 Magneto Telephones.

The 1500 and 1400 Series Telephones use $\alpha$ single coil, high impedance ringer which is particularly advantageous on heavily loaded or noisy lines. The ringer unit is separate from the gongs which have their own mounting; thus individual ringers may be easily shifted to take care of changed number assignments. The 1248-58-68 Magneto Telephones continue to use the two-coil ringers with the gong mounting as part of the ringer assembly. Gongs are not furnished unless specified on the order.

The two-toned (Hi-Lo) bells furnish a clear and pleasing tone which compels attention without being objectionable. All ringers are designed for ease in mounting; the only tool needed is a screwdriver.
Listed below are the ringers which are described in this section of the catalog. For older type ringers, used in earlier model telephones, see Section F-Coded Parts.

| Ringer |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code | Style | Handset Telephones | Desk Set Boxes |
| 73 | Tuned Frequency | 1543 | 1560, 1561 |
| 74 | Straight Line | 1543 | 1560, 1561 |
| 71 | Straight Line | 1443A, 1447A, 1543BT | 1560BT, 1561BT |
| 72 | Tuned Frequency | 1443 |  |
| 61 | Straight Line | 1243, 1247, 1248, |  |
|  |  | 1250, 1258 | 1260, 1268 |
| 62 | Tuned Frequency | 1243, 1247, 1250 | 1260 |
| 65 | Straight Line | 1248, 1258 | 1268 |

## Gongs and Mounting Hardware

Stock No.
207745-000
207744-000
207683-000

38569-000
28570-000
28433-000
526281-000

Description Ringer Code
Gong (Lo) 71, 72, 73, 74
Gong (Hi)
Screw and Lockwasher
Assembly
Gong (Hi)
Gong (Lo)
Screw
Washers
71, 72, 73, 74
71, 72, 73, 74
61, 62, 65
61, 62, 65
61,62,65
61,62,65


No. 73 Ringer used in 1543 Telephone

## No. 74-A and -B Straight Line Ringer

These Ringers are used on Stromberg-Carlson 1543-A Telephones and $1560-\AA$ and 1561-A Desk Set Boxes.

| Stock No. | Code No. | D.C. Resistance of <br> Ringer Winding | Ringer Pkg. <br> Assem. No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 210684-000 | (74-A) | 5900 Ohms, Straight Line | 202100-188 |
| $\mathbf{2 1 0 7 1 8 - 0 0 0}$ | (74-B) | 2050 Ohms, Straight Line | $202100-117$ |

Ringer Package Assembly includes No. $6-32 \times 3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ B.H.I.M. screws, coin envelope, sleeve and detail.

Stock No. 207684-000 207668-000 207754-000 207766-000 210720-000
210723-000
44154-000
441156-000
216978-000

## Miscellaneous Parts

Description
Coil Assembly (74-A)
Coil Assembly (74-B)
Armature \& Pivot Assembly (74-A \& -B)
Spring (74-A \& -B)
Capacitor Assembly (74-A)
Capacitor Assembly (74-B)
Cord (T.1.D) Black (74-A \& -B)
Cord (T.1.D) Red (74-A \& -B)
Conductor, Red (74-A \& -B)

## No. 73 Tuned Frequency Ringers

The No. 73 Ringers are used on the Stromberg-Carlson 1500 Series Telephones and Desk Set Boxes.

| Stock No. | Code No. | D.C. Resist. of Ringer Winding | Frequency | Ringer Pkg. Assem. Stock No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 210676-000 | (73-R) | 5900 Ohms | 16 | 202100-116 |
| 210671-000 | (73-E) | 5900 Ohms | $162 / 3$ | 202100-117 |
| 210681-000 | (73-1) | 5900 Ohms | 20 | 202100-120 |
| 210672-000 | (73-N) | 5900 Ohms | 25 | 202100-125 |
| 210677-000 | (73-K) | 5900 Ohms | 30 | 202100-130 |
| 210673-000 | (73-F) | 5900 Ohms | $331 / 3$ | 202100-133 |
| 210682-000 | (73-Q) | 5900 Ohms | 40 | 202100-140 |
| 210678-000 | (73-L) | 5900 Ohms | 42 | 202100-142 |
| 210674-000 | (73-G) | 3670 Ohms | 50 | 202100-150 |
| 210679-000 | (73-M) | 3670 Ohms | 54 | 202100-154 |
| 210683-000 | (73-J) | 2050 Ohms | 60 | 202100-160 |
| 210680-000 | (73-P) | 2050 Ohms | 66 | 202100-166 |
| 210675-000 | (73-H) | 2050 Ohms | $662 / 3$ | 202100-167 |

Ringer Package Assembly includes No. 6-32 x 3/16" B.H.I.M.
screws, coin envelope, sleeve and detail.

Stock No.
*207747-000
Reed Armature Assembly (25, 331/3, 30, 40, 42)
*207749-000 Reed Armature Assembly (50, 54, 60)
*211252-000 Reed Armature Assembly ( $662 / 3,66$ )
*207684-000 Coil Assembly ( $662 / 3,25,331 / 3,16,30,42,20,40$ )
*207668-000 Coil Assembly ( $662 / 3,66,60$ )
*209546-000 Coil Assembly (50, 54)
$\dagger$ 210720-000 Capacitor Assembly . 47 ( 25 cycles)
$\dagger$ 210721-000 Capacitor Assembly 22 (331/3, 30)
$\dagger$ 210722-000 Capacitor Assembly . 15 (50, 662/3, 42, 54, 66. 40, 60)
$\dagger$ 210723-000 Capacitor Assembly 94 ( $162 / 3,16,20$ )
44154-000 Cord (T.1.D) Black
44156-000 Cord (T.1.D) Red
216978-000 Conductor (Red)
*We do not recommend any disassembly for repair of these ringers unless adequate facilities are available for remagnetization. The high efficiency Alnico magnets used in StrombergCarlson ringers must be remagnetized for optimum performance if the magnetic circuit is disturbed in disassembly.
$\doteqdot$ See chart for ordering information.

CODE AND ORDERING INFORMATION FOR CAPACITOR ASSEMBLIES,


## No. 72 Tuned Frequency Ringers

The No. 72 Tuned Frequency Ringers are used exclusively with the 1400 Series Telephones.

| No. 72 Ringers |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. 207728-000 | Code No. (72E) | D.C. Resistance of Ringer Winding 5900 Ohms | $\begin{gathered} \text { Frequency } \\ 162 / 3 \end{gathered}$ |
| 207729-000 | (72N) | 5900 Ohms | 25 |
| 207730-000 | (72F) | 5900 Ohms | $331 / 3$ |
| 207731-000 | (72G) | 3670 Ohms | 50 |
| 207732-000 | (72H) | 2050 Ohms | $662 / 3$ |
| 207733-000 | (72R) | 5900 Ohms | 16 |
| 207734-000 | (72K) | 5900 Ohms | 30 |
| 207735-000 | (72L) | 5900 Ohms | 42 |
| 207736-000 | (72M) | 3670 Ohms | 54 |
| 207737-000 | (72P) | 2050 Ohms | 66 |
| 207738-000 | (721) | 5900 Ohms | 20 |
| 207739-000 | (72Q) | 5900 Ohms | 40 |
| 207740-000 | (72J) | 2050 Ohms | 60 |

## Miscellaneous Parts

Stock No.
Dascription
*207684-000 Coil Assembly ( $162 / 3,25,331 / 3,16,30,42,20,40$ )
*207668-000 Coil Assembly ( $662 / 3,66,60$ )
*209546-000 Coil Assembly $(50,54)$
*207747-000 Reed Armature Assembly ( $162 / 3,16,20$ )
*207748-000 Reed Armature Assembly (25, $331 / 3,30,42,40$ )
*211252-000 Reed Armature Assembly (50, 54, 60, $662 / 3$ )
44154-000 Cord (T.1.D) Black
44156-000 Cord (T.1.D) Red
*We do not recommend any disassembly for repair of these ringers unless adequate facilities are available for remagnetization. The high efficiency Alnico magnets used in StrombergCarlson ringers must be remagnetized for optimum performance if the magnetic circuit is disturbed in disassembly.


## No. 71A and 71B Straight Line Ringers

These ringers are used on the Stromberg-Carlson 1400 and 1500 Series Telephones. They are of the Straight Line type and are used on common battery telephones.

$$
\begin{array}{cccc}
\begin{array}{c}
\text { Stock No. }
\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}
\text { Code } \\
\text { D.C. Resistance of }
\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}
\text { Relephone Used }
\end{array} \\
\mathbf{2 0 7 6 9 0 - 0 0 0} & \text { (71-A) } & 5900 \text { ohms, Straight Line } & 1443,1447,1460 \\
208722-000 & \text { (71-B) } & 2050 \text { ohms, Straight Line } & 1543,1560,1561 \\
& & & 1443,1447,1460
\end{array}
$$

Ringer package assembly Stock No. 202100-122, includes (1) 71-B Ringer, (3) No. $6-32 \times 3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ B.H.I.M. screws, (1) coin envelope, and (1) sleeve and detail.

| Stock No. | Miscellaneous Parls |
| :---: | :--- |
| Description |  |

## RINGERS (Cont.)



No. 61A and No. 61S Biased Type Ringer
The Nos. 61A ad 61S ringers are of a straight line biased type and used principally on both magneto and common battery telephones and their allied desk set box.

| Stock No. | Code | D.C. Resistance of <br> Ringer Winding | Telephone or <br> D.S. Box Used |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $801911-000$ | $(61-A)$ | 1800 ohms | $1248,1258,1268$ |
| $801912-000$ | $(61-$ S $)$ | 4850 ohms | $1248,1258,1268$ |

No. 61 Biased Type Straight Line Ringer Miscellaneous Parts

| No. 61 Biased Type Straight Line Ringer |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Miscellaneous Parts |  |  |
| Stock No. | Item | Name |
| * 34785-000 | A | Armature Assembly |
| 34668-000 | AD | Adjusting Stud |
| * 27980-000 | C | Coils (61-A Ringer) |
| * 34950-000 |  | Coils (61-S Ringer) |
| 44154-000 | CO | Cord (Black) |
| 28569-000 | CR | Cord (Red) |
| * 62997-000 | M | Magnet |
| 503520-000 | SB | Screws (Gong adjusting) |
| 16060-000 | SP | Spring (Biasing) |

Gongs and mounting hardware shown on previous page.
*See footnote at bottom of adjacent column.

No. 62 Ringer


No. 62 Type Ringers-Tuned Frequencies

| Stock No. | Code | D.C. Resistance of Ringer Winding | Frequency |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 803475-000 | (62-E) | 4320 | $162 / 3$ cycles |
| 803476-000 | (62-F) | 780 | $33^{1 / 3}$ cycles |
| 803477-000 | (62-G) | 780 | 50 cycles |
| 803479-000 | (62-H) | 780 | $662 / 3$ cycles |
| 803480-000 | (62-N) | 4320 | 25 cycles |
| 803481-000 | (62-K) | 780 | 30 cycles |
| 803482-000 | (62-L) | 780 | 42 cycles |
| 803483-000 | (62-M) | 780 | 54 cycles |
| 803484-000 | (62-P) | 780 | 66 cycles |
| 803485-000 | (62-R) | 4320 | 16 cycles |
| 803474-000 | (62-1) | 4320 | 20 cycles |
| 803478-000 | (62-J) | 780 | 60 cycles |
| 205984-000 | (62-Q) | 780 | 40 cycles |

No. 62 Tuned Frequency Ringer
(Miscellaneous Parts)
*We do not recommend any disassembly for repair of these ringers unless adequate facilities are available for remagnetization. The high efficiency Alnico magnets used in Stromberg. Carlson ringers must be remagnetized for optimum performance if the magnetic circuit is disturbed in disassembly.

## RINGERS (Cont.)

No. 65-C, 65-F Straight Line (Magneto) Type

| Stock No. | Code | D.C. Resistance of <br> Ringer Winding | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 201754-000 | $(65-$ C) | 3100 ohms | Straight Line |
| $201755-000$ | $(65-$ F) | 4850 ohms | Straight Line |



No. 65 Ringer With Biasing Spring

| Miscellaneous Parts of Nos. 65-C, and 65-F Ringers <br> Stock No. |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name |  |
| 503520-000 | Screws (2) Gong Adjustment |
| 62997-000 | Magnet |
| 27973-000 | Armature Assembly |
| *201751-000 | Coil (2) 65-C Ringer |
| * $34950-000$ | Coil (2) 65-F Ringer |
| $44154-000$ | Cord (T.1.D) $9^{\prime \prime}$ Black |
| $44156-000$ | Cord (T.1.D) $9^{\prime \prime}$ Red |

Gongs and mounting hardware shown on previous page.
*See footnote at bottom of adjacent column.

| Stock No. | Code | D.C. Resistance of Ringer Winding | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 202880-000 | (65-B) | 3100 ohms | Biased Type |

No. 65-B Biased Ringer
(Miscellaneous Parts)
Stock No.

* 34785-000
*201751-000
16060-000
Armature Assembly
Coils (2) 65-B Ringer
Biasing Spring

Gongs and mounting hardware shown on previous page.
Other parts of the No. 65-B Ringer are the same as in the Nos. 65-C, and 65-F Ringers.
*We do not recommend any disassembly for repair of these ringers unless adequate facilities are available for remagnetization. The high efficiency Alnico magnets used in Stromberg. Carlson ringers must be remagnetized for optimum performance if the magnetic circuit is disturbed in disassembly.

These pages have listed the Ringers currently in use on Stromberg-Carlson Telephones. Complete ringers and ringer parts are available for replacement in models preceding the 1243-1248 series. For descriptions, see Coded Parts (Section F) under Ringers.

Revised 7-15-57

## FORMER MODELS OF HANDSET TELEPHONES

## (These models are no longer manufactured: parts only are available)

## The 1400 Series Telephone

Parts for the 1443, 2-1443, 1444, 1444-P, 1447 and the 1460 Desk Box are available for replacement. The 1400 Series in most respects is the same as the 1500 Series. The most apparent difference is in the handset; the other variation is in the ringer assembly and associated coil-capacitor unit. Because of the almost complete similarity of the two series, manufacture of the 1400 Series as such has been discontinued. All necessary ordering information for replacements is given below.

## Parts of The 1400 Series

Only those parts which differ from corresponding components of the 1500 Series are listed here. Reference should be made to preceding pages for the parts common to both series.

Handset


The 1443 Desk Telephone with Extended Number Plate and Metropolitan style dial.

| Stock No. 216945-000 | Code $(23-R)$ | Description <br> 3 Conductor Handset (complete with Neoprene cord) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 216946-000 | (24-R) | 4 Conductor Handset (complete with Neoprene cord) |
| 203397-000 |  | Molded Handle, 3 conductor, complete with contact springs |
| 203398-000 |  | Molded Handle, 4 conductor, complete with contact springs |
| 211305-000 | (WCR-3J) | Handset Cord $4^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}, 3$ conductor |
| 211745-000 | (WCR-4J) | Handset Cord $4^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}, 4$ conductor |
| 206424-000 |  | Transmitter Capsule Unit |
| 34230-000 |  | Receiver Capsule Unit |
| 32863-000 |  | Mouthpiece |
| 32864-000 |  | Earcap |
| 208359-000 |  | Induction Coil and Capacitor Assembly |
| 208358-000 |  | Station Number Card Package Assembly |
| 208675-000 |  | Induction Coil and Conductor Assembly |
|  |  | (1447 Telephone only) Ringers as required (No. 71 or No. 72) |



The $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ Series Telephones

Parts for the $1243,1244,1247,1250$ Telephones and the 1260 Desk Set Box are available for replacements. The 1243 is the standard desk telephone of this series, complete with ringers and coil-capacitor unit. The 1244 is a telephone, without ringers, that can be used as an extension telephone, or as part of a two-piece set. The 1247 Telephone has a common battery signaling and local battery talking circuit for greater efficiency on
long common battery rural lines. The 1250 Telephone is the equivalent of the 1243 series except that it is designed for wall installation. The 1260 Desk Set Box is the companion piece to the 1244 Telephone.
Small type dials, previously described, are used on these instruments.

Ringers appear on preceding pages.


1243 Telephone with Dial


1244 Telephone for Manual Operation

## FORMER MODELS (Cont.)

Parts of 1243-W, 1244-W and 1247-W

Telephone Parts
Used Commonly Unless Otherwise Specified

| Stock No. | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 32883-000 | Housing |
| 205670-000 | Base Plate |
| 41563-000 | Screws (2) (Housing to plate) |
| 35808-000 | Feet (4) |
| 35709-000 | Dial Blank |
| 28479-000 | Card |
| 25404-000 | Protector |
| 23766-000 | Cap |
|  | Line Cords and Terminal Block |
| Stock No. | Description |
| 211304-000 | (WDR-3J), 6' Cord (1243-W, 1247) |
| 211747-000 | (WDR-4K), 6'0" Cord (1244-W) |
| 205106-000 | Terminal Block |
|  | Handset Parts |
| Stock No. | Description |
| 216945-000 | (23-R) Handset with Waterproof Cord (1243-W-1244-W) |
| 216946-000 | (24-R) Handset with Waterproof Cord (1247-W) |
| 211305-000 | WCR-3J, Cord (Blk), 3 Cond. Used with 23-R Handset |
| 211745-000 | WCR-4J, Cord (Blk), 4 Cond. Used with 24-R Handset |
| 203397-000 | Handle Replacement Assembly (3 Cond.) |
| 203398-000 | Handle Replacement Assembly (4 Cond.) |
| 206424-000 | Transmitter (Capsule) |
| 34230-000 | Receiver (Capsule) |
| 32863-000 | Mouthpiece |
| 32864-000 | Ear Cap |

Ringer Parts (1243-W and 1247 Only)
Stock No. Description
801911-000 (61-A) Ringer-1800 Ohms Less Gongs (S. L. Biased)

801912-000 (61-S) Ringer-4850 Ohms Less Gongs
(S. L. Biased) (optional on all telephones)

No. 62 Type Ringer-(Tuned Frequency)
$\left.\begin{array}{ll}\text { 25869-000 } & \text { Gong } \\ \text { 25870-000 } & \text { Gong }\end{array}\right\}$ Pair
25870-000 Gong
526281-000 Washers (2)
For other ringer parts see No. 61 and 62 Ringers on preceding pages in this section.

## Induction Coil and Capacitor

Stock No.
200595-000 Ind. Coil-Cap Unit (In casing) 1243-W, 1247
35824-000 Screws (4) To mount casing (1243-W, 1247)
200604-000 Induction Coil (1247 Only)
(In local battery talking circuit)
Rare Gas Relay and Ringing Tube
Stock No. Description
35825-000 Package Assembly (Vincent Relay)
35827-000 Package Assembly (W. E. No. 333-A Tube)
*208120-000 Package Assembly (W. E. No. 426-A Tube)
*On all reference to tube package assembly W. E. 426-A ask for 214159-000.

## Dial Cables

Stock No.
Description
35861-000 Dial Cable (1243-W, 1247-W, 1250-W)
37002-000 Dial Cable (1244)
207037-000 Dial Cable (5 Conductor)
NOTE-These telephones use small dials, described before.

Parts of the 1250-W Wall Type Telephone


1250 Wall Telephone


## Telephone Parts

Description
Housing (Plastic)
Base Plate
Feet (4)
Hookswitch Parts

Stock No.
42158-000 35860-000

Stock No.
801911-000
801912-000
25869-000 Gong
28433-000 Screws
526281-000 Washers (2)
Type Ringers on preceding pages of this section.

## FORMER MODELS (Cont.)

## Parts of the 1250-W Wall Type Telephone (Cont.)

| Induction Coil and Capacitor |  | Dial and Dial Blank Parts |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. 200595-000 | Description <br> Ind. Coil-Cap. Unit (In plastic casing) | Stock No. 35709-000 | Description Dial Blank |
| 35824-000 | Screws (4) to mount casing | 28479-000 | Card |
|  |  | 25404-000 | Protector |
|  |  | 23766-000 | Cap |
|  |  | 35861-000 | Dial Cable |
|  |  | 515423-000 | Screw (Dial) |
|  | Handset Parts | NOTE-See d | escription of small dials used with these telephones eceding pages. |
| Stock No. | Description | Optional Features |  |
| 216945-000 | (23-R) Handset complete, with waterproof Cord |  |  |
| 211305-000 | Cord (Black) WCR-3J, 4'6" | Stock No. | Description |
| 203397-000 | Handle Replacement Assembly (3 Cond.) | 35825-000 | Package Assembly (Vincent Rare Gas Relay) |
| 206424-000 | Transmitter (Capsule) | 35827-000 | Package Assembly (W. E. No. 333-A Tube) |
| 32863-000 | Mouthpiece | *208120-000 | Package Assembly (W. E. No. 426-A Tube) |
| 34230-000 | Receiver (Capsule) | *On all refe | ence to tube package assembly W. E. No. $426-\AA$ |
| 32864-000 | Ear Cap | ask for 2141 | 59-000. |

Parts of 1260 Desk Set Box

## Housing Assembly Parts

```
    Stock No.
    41562-000
    41710-000
    35809-000
    35808-000
200595-000
    35814-000
    41566-000
    Stock No.
801911-000
801912-000
25869-000
25870-000
28433-000
526281-000
526281-000 Washers (2)
For harmonic frequencies and additional parts see No. 61 and 62
Type Ringers on preceding pages of this section.
```



1260 Desk Set Box

## FORMER TELEPHONE MODELS (Cont.)

## No. 1211 Handset Wall Telephone

All Telephones shown on this page are no longer manufactured and all stocks have been exhausted. They are shown here for the convenience of present users in order to buy parts as needed for service. In ordering please specify the model, as well as the name and number of the part, in case a substitution is necessary.

The old No. 1210 Wall Telephone has been replaced by No. 1211-M. This series was for manual service and had a blank which covered the dial case mounting holes. Cases ordered for manual service should so state in the order. To convert from manual to dial, order Package Assembly 29617.

| Stock No. | Description | Stock No. | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 19140 | Term. Strip | 28505 | Dial Case Cover |
| $\mathbf{2 3 1 2 4}$ | Ind. Coil | 28518 | Case (1211) |
| $\mathbf{3 5 0 1 0}$ | Comp. Hooksw. Asm. | 28569 | Gong |
| $\mathbf{2 8 0 8 6}$ | Holder | 28570 | Gong |
| 28108 | Lever | 28542 | Cord with Plug |
| 28373 | Plug | 29503 | Plug |
| 28476 | Dial Case |  |  |



Parts of No. 1182 and No. 1208 Desk Stand Telephones Formerly Used with No. 1156 Desk Set Boxes

| Stock No. | Code | Description | Stock No. |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 2 3 2 2}$ |  | Cover, Base | Code |

No. 1155 and 1157 Steel Wall Telephones


## FORMER TELEPHONE MODELS (Cont.)

## No. 1230 Steel Desk Set Box

(No longer manufactured-Parts only are obtainable)

The No. 1230 Desk Set Box is replaced by the No. 1260 Desk Set Box which is standard for use with all current two-piece telephones for manual or dial service.

| No. 1230 Steel Desk Set Box <br> (Anti-Sidetone Circuit) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Replaced by No. 1260 Type |  |  |  |
| (1230-C) | Str. Line Bias | 801911 | 61-A |
| *(1230-5) | Str. Line Bias | 801912 | 61 - |
| (1230-E) | $162 / 3$ Harmon | 801891 |  |
| (1230-F) | $331 / 3 \mathrm{Ham}$ | 801892 |  |
| (1230-6) | 50 Cyc. Harmonic | 801893 | 59-G |
| (1230-H) | $662 / 3$ Harmonic | 801894 | 59-H |
| (1230-N) | 25 Cyc . Tuned | 801898 | 59-N |

- Has 4850 Ohm ringer for use on long rural common battery lines. The No. $1230-\mathrm{C}$ is equipped with 1800 Ohm ringer.

No. 1230 Part Numbers

| Stock No. | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 33396 | Base Assembly |
| 34977 | Cover Assembly |
| 32943 (46-A) | Induction Coil |
| 33970 (48) | Condenser |
| 801911 (61-A) | Ringer - See Above |
| $\begin{array}{r} 801912 \text { (61-5) } \\ \text { (59) } \end{array}$ | Ringer - See Above <br> Ringer - See Above |
| 28569 | Gong \} one ringer |
| 28570 | Gong $\}$ one |
| 28433 | Screws (2) For Gongs |
| 526281 | Washers (2) For gongs |
| * 34534 | Mounting Bracket |
| * 33967 | Screw (Mtg. Bracket) |
| * 21099 | Screw (Mtg. Bracket) |
| * 1210 (526293) | Washer (Mtg. Bracket) |

- These items should be specified for mounting when ringers are replaced.

No. 1156 Steel Desk Set Box
The No. 1156 Desk Set Box is also replaced by the No. 1260 which is standard.

| Metallic Ringing |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Booster Code No. | Anti-Side Tone Description | D | No. of Stock | nger Code |
| 1156-BY | 1156-ADB | Straight Line | 801830 | 46-A |
| 1156-BYZ | 1156-ADBZ | Straight - Bias | 801856 | 49-A |
| 1156-EY | 1156-ADEY | $162 / 3$ Harmonic | 801845 | 47-E |
| 1156-FY | 1156-ADFY | $331 / 3$ Harmonic | 801846 | 47-F |
| 1156-GY | 1156-ADGY | 50 Cyc. Harmonic | 801847 | 47-G |
| 1156-HY | 1156-ADHY | $662 / 3$ Harmonic | 801848 | 47-H |
| 1156-NY | 1156-ADNY | 25 Cyc. Tuned | 801854 | 47 |

## Parts of No. 1156 Desk Set Box

The ringers, induction coils, condensers, terminal blocks and their parts are the same as for No. 1155 and No. 1157 Telephones.


## No. 1158 Steel Desk Set Box

This desk set box does not have an induction coil but in other respects it is the same as No. 1156.

|  |  | No. of Ringer |  |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Code No. | Description | Stock | Code |
| *1158-B | Straight Line | 801830 | $(46-\mathrm{A})$ |
| *1158-BZ | Straight Line Biased | 801856 | $(49-\mathrm{A})$ |
| $1158-\mathrm{E}$ | Harmonic-162/3 Cycle | 801845 | $(47-\mathrm{E})$ |
| 1158-F | Harmonic-331/3 Cycle | 801846 | $(47-\mathrm{F})$ |
| $1158-\mathrm{G}$ | Harmonic-50 Cycle | 801847 | $(47-\mathrm{G})$ |
| $1158-\mathrm{H}$ | Harmonic-662/3 Cycle | 801848 | $(47-\mathrm{H})$ |

Parts: - No induction coil, but otherwise the parts of the No. 1158 are the same as No. 1156 Desk Set Box.

- Replaced by No. 1261-B and No. 1261-BZ respectively.

| Divided Ringing - Booster Circuit |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Booster Code No. | Description | No. of Stock | inger Code |
| 1167-BY | Straight Line | 801830 | (46-A) |
| 1167-EY | $162 / 3$ Cyc. Harmonic | 801845 | (47-E) |
| 1167-FY | $331 / 3$ Cyc. Harmonic | 801846 | (47-F) |
| 1167-GY | 50 Cyc. Harmonic | 801847 | (47-G) |
| 1167-HY | $662 / 3$ Cyc. Harmonic | 801848 | (47-H) |
| 1167-NY | 25 Cyc. Harmonic | 801854 | (47-N) |

The ringers, induction coils, condensers, terminal blocks and their parts are the same as for No. 1155 and No. 1157 Telephones.

## STROMEERG-CARLSON

## Central Office Equipment



XY Dial Systems offer the most versatile and easily expanded method of modern dial telephony for city or village. XY Toll Ticketing makes short-haul toll operation profitable. No. 3 Toll Switchboards are geared to nationwide service.

## CENTRAL OFFICE EQUIPMENT

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## STROMBERG-CARLSON <br> CENTRAL OFFICE EQUIPMENT

## Flexibility

XY Dial Systems employ $\alpha$ universal switching mechanism serving in any capacity-line finder, selector or connector. Both switches and circuit plates are ready-for-use, jack-in-place units.

## Economy

Twin wiper contacts engage smooth wire banks, eliminating customary replacement due to wear. Wire bank units save hundreds of costly soldering operations, lowering installation and service costs.

## Reliability

Dual precious metal contacts on all switch wipers and relay springs extend life-make connections doubly sure. Vertical wire banks do not collect dust, improve transmission.


## XY ${ }^{\circledR}$ DIAL SYSTEMS

To meet today's increasing demand for speedy, dependable dial service, Stromberg-Carlson offers a modern and extremely versatile switch-operated system which has fully met the test of service under a variety of operating conditions in the many installations all over the country.
The basic principle of XY* Dial Systems has been proven in operation over the years. It is suited to the demands of the multi-office exchanges, where its inherent economies are multiplied; yet so simple in its basic design that it is equally practical for the small operating company. The "know-how" which Stromberg-Carlson has accumulated since it began serving the telephone industry in 1894, skilled workmanship and the best materials result in a dial system which is as trouble-free as can be devised.


Typical XY Installation in a Large City


#### Abstract

Older types of automatic telephone systems require $\alpha$ considerable field maintenance program and frequent repairs and adjustments are necessary to keep the exchange in first class working order. Most of this "after-installation" adjustment has been eliminated in the XY step-by-step system.

Some of the outstanding features incorporated in the XY system of dial telephony are shown below: 1. XY TYPE OF SWITCHING IS MORE ECONOMICAL for the customer than any other type of switching now developed. 2. XY UNIVERSAL SWITCH SYSTEMS ARE MORE READILY ADAPTABLE to large installations than an all-relay system. " 'XY" is a registered United States trade mark. Wherever it appears in this catalog, the term is used in the trade mark sense.


3. MULTIPLE USE OF THE XY UNIVERSAL SWITCH. The same switch can be used as a linefinder, selector or connector.
4. XY UNIVERSAL SWITCH IS THE SMALLEST AND LIGHTEST available, permitting space economy within the exchange building.
5. XY SYSTEM INTERCHANGEABILITY lends itself to unit-type construction of frames and circuit plates.
6. XY UNIVERSAL SWITCHES AND RELAY STRIPS PLUG IN.
7. BARE WIRE MULTIPLE BANKS are removable as individual units; save countless soldered joints.
8. READILY ADAPTABLE for terminal per line or terminal per station systems.

## XY DIAL SYSTEMS (Cont.)

## Versatility of XY System

The XY Dial Telephone System includes refinements for which the need has only become apparent in the industry in the last few years. Systems which were adequate for the conditions which existed many years ago are not always adaptable to the needs of today, with the trend toward nation-wide toll dialing, toll ticketing and similar developments.

Modern methods incorporated in the design of the XY system include the general use of plug-in units, both switches and circuit plates. Other important features can be had with no additional expense. For example, the operator of several exchanges of $\alpha$ similar pattern can easily and quickly move switching units from one exchange to another, or from a central store to an exchange, to cater to sudden traffic changes; and additions to and rearrangements of equipment are likewise quickly effected. Thus again has the viewpoint of the exchange operator been kept uppermost in mind during design of the XY system.

Regarding operating and circuit features, all modern requirements are provided for in the most economical manner. The problems of both local and toll switching have been exhaustively studied and solutions to all of these problems are readily available in the various XY systems. In particular, methods to meet the requirements of the recently developed system of nation-wide toll dialing have been incorporated in all XY exchanges. Even if the necessity for toll dialing is not present at the time of the initial installation of an exchange, such toll dialing features can be added at any future date without complicated or extensive additions or rearrangements.
For local switching, various types of line conditions can be easily met, and many restrictions can be made for local or inter-exchange dialing, where such restrictions are desirable. All types of well-known party line services are available and various types of ringing are included; bridged or divided ringers - harmonic, synchromonic, decimonic code or superimposed. Trunking facilities are designed for adaptability, because it is often necessary to work into other exchanges of various types of manufacture, but all of these requirements can be fulfilled with one or two way loop or composite trunks. In addition, special services including intercept, paystation, information and various other special facilities are available.

## Basic XY Switching Scheme

The XY Universal Switch operates on the order of 25 steps per second- $\alpha$ complete cycle of $X$ and $Y$ motion is finished before the mind can register the start. This makes the operation of hunting both practical and low in cost. When the calling subscriber lifts his handset, the switches find the calling party's line and connect him through to an associated idle first selector or, in connector systems, an idle connector. This connection causes dial tone to be heard by the subscriber who now proceeds to dial the desired number.

Dialing of the first digit sets the wipers of the first selector opposite the level ( X motion) of the digit dialed, whereupon a hunting action (Y motion) takes place to locate a trunk to an idle second selector or to the next unit in the switch train. This procedure is repeated as the second digit is dialed and continues until all digits of the directory number have been selected except those of the individual line (and his ringing code if a party line).

Since the XY Universal Switch is 100 -point ( 10 positions in both $X$ and $Y$ directions), the first two digits dialed into the connector in a terminal per line system are the means of connecting through to the called line. An additional digit is dialed to select the proper ringing frequency or code to cause the proper station bell to be rung.

In the Stromberg-Carlson terminal per station system this additional digit is not required and only two digits are dialed into the connector. With this system any frequency may be assigned to any terminal, and consequently any terminals may be combined to form a party line. This provides for maximum efficiency in loading party lines and in the number of connector terminals required. This arrangement is possible in StrombergCarlson equipment without any extra cost because of the Fourth Wire.

By means of the Fourth Wire an operating company can effect real economies by maintaining 100 per cent fill on all lines without the expense of changing directory numbers. When a subscriber moves to $a$ different line, where $\alpha$ different frequency is open, his former directory number can be reassigned without change and the new frequency taken care of by changing the jumper to the Fourth Wire.

Wipers (1) (2) (3) are Tip. Ring, and Sleeve Conductor.


Wiper (4), Hunt Sleeve, is the famous Fourth Wire which solves party-line and many other problems. Wipers (5) and (6) are XX and $X$ respectively.

## XY DIAL SYSTEMS (Cont.)

## Basic Shelf Equipment

XY systems are built with the equipment arranged as shelf units, which in turn will mount on standard frames. In general there are the following types of shelf units:

## Linefinder and Line Relay Shelf Units

These units mount 100 line circuits either lock-out or non lock-out and the associated line finder relays and switches. These shelf units are normally wired for 14 or 18 linefinders per shelf and equipped as required to carry the traffic. Any specified percentage of lines can be arranged for lock-out.

The finder switches are in one common group, and any finder may be assigned from either of two allotters depending on whether the call comes from odd or even level lines. This arrangement provides for more even distribution of originating traffic over all finders and associated selectors in a particular group.

## Selector Shelf Units

These units are normally arranged for mounting 20 selectors with their associated switches and wire banks. The wire banks are normally split into 2 groups in order to provide flexibility in trunking. On equipment for smaller offices the wire banks will be wired to terminal blocks on the shelf, and on larger installations the wire banks will be wired directly to terminals on the grading bay. There is one grading bay located between each of two selector bays and serving both. In either case, the selector shelf will have its own common equipment and be a complete unit. These shelves mount all types of selectors (local, incoming or toll).

Multiple digit adding selector circuits have been designed for use in XY Dial offices to provide for $2-5$ numbering without the addition of any ranks of selectors to meet the requirements of nationwide intertoll dialing. These selectors make use of the XY Universal Switch with its auxiliary wipers and banks used for level marking.

Each shelf has its own fuse panel, signal equipment and alarm lamps.

## Connector Shelf Units

These units are arranged for mounting either 11,16 , or 21 connectors, one of which is the test connector. There is space for mounting 10, 15, or 20 local connectors on a shelf, depending on the trunking requirements. These shelves are also complete units in that each shelf has its own fuse panel, common alarm circuit and alarm lamps. The connector wire banks are wired to a terminal block mounted on the shelf. Peg Count meters are connected to the shelf when desired. The Shelf Supervisory Circuit can be mounted directly beneath the regular connectors.

## Trunk Shelves

Trunk circuits, reverting call circuits and all miscellaneous circuits (pay station, information, intercepting, etc.) not requiring switches will be mounted on trunk shelves. These shelves are made in two standard sizes, one with a capacity for 20 mounting plates, and the other for 10 mounting plates. The number of circuits which will mount on these shelves will depend on the amount of equipment required for each circuit. These shelves are also complete units in that fuses, alarm cir cuits, and alarm lamps, are all individual to each shelf.


## THE XY UNIVERSAL SWITCH

The XY Universal Switch is the heart of the Stromberg-Carlson dial telephone system. The Switch is $\alpha$ masterpiece of mechanical and electrical design, providing fast and accurate stepping in two directions to find and connect to any one of 100 circuits.


## Outstanding Features

1. Switches interchangeable for use as Line Finders, Selectors, and Connectors.
2. "Plug-In" construction facilitates routine inspection and tests.
3. Flat Plate construction facilitates cleaning and adjusting.
4. All parts subject to wear are of case-hardened steel.
5. Positive action interrupters are built into the Switch.
6. High speed operation.
7. Off-normal and overflow contacts are built in.
8. Release magnet is self-holding until Switch returns to "normal."
9. Operating principles thoroughly proven in many progressive exchanges operating for many years.
10. Occupies 20 sq. ins. of mounting space on equipment frame per Switch ( $121 / 2 \times 19 / 16$ cell dimensions).
11. 100 point Switch.
12. Not sensitive to reasonable voltage fluctuations.
13. Can operate at temperatures from $0^{\circ}$ to $120^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
14. Twin contacts used throughout on spring pile-ups and wipers.
15. Tip, Ring, Sleeve, and Hunting Sleeve are all separate wipers.

## Description and Operation

This Switch is manufactured in a modern factory by skilled workmen using the finest modern production tools and gages. Each Switch is subjected to rigid inspection and must pass exacting performance tests before it is approved for shipment.

It is the function of this Switch to step contact wipers into an associated wire bank, establishing connection with the circuit selected, in response to the supervisory circuits, or to the subscriber's dial impulses. Wipers are provided for the usual Tip, Ring, Sleeve and Hunting Sleeve circuits, and also for two additional circuits used for supervisory purposes and known as the ' X ' and ' XX ' circuits.

The Switch carriage bearing the T, R, S, and HS wipers moves first across in front of the wire bank, and then steps into the wire bank. The Switch performs this stepping rapidly, accurately and reliably. Stepping speeds of 25 pulses per second and higher are realized when the Switch is trunk-hunting.

In the assembly of the XY Universal Switch we see the carriage bearing the wipers on the upper right hand side. There are two pairs of bifurcated wipers, for the T, R, S, HS functions, mounted on the carriage. The carriage is controlled by the cog roller, which slides on the tubular shaft, (extending across the mechanism plate), and rotates with it. As the cog roller slides along the tubular shaft, the carriage is moved in the ' X ' direction, and as the cog roller rotates, the carriage is stepped forward in the ' Y ' direction.

Sliding of the cog roller in the ' X ' direction is effected by rotation of the ' $X$ ' Gear Assembly, whose sprocket engages annular rings in the cog roller. The ' X ' Gear Assembly is advanced by the driving pawl of the ' X ' Magnet which appears at the upper left in illustration. The ' $X$ ' Gear is prevented from over-running by the tip of the ' X ' Magnet armature which engages the adjacent sprocket tooth at the end of the armature stroke. After the stroke of the armature the ' X ' Gear is held in position by ' X ' Retaining Pawl which drops into mesh with the ratchet wheel. As a positive assurance that the armature driving pawl will not interfere with the release function, an ejector is mounted on the 'X' Gear Assembly.

The ' X ' Gear Assembly also controls the ' XX ' carriage which meshes by rack and pinion directly with it. The ' XX ' carriage carries the ' XX ' and ' X ' wipers previously mentioned.

The ' X ' and ' Y ' magnet frames are built of the highest quality magnetic iron. The coils are wound to exacting standards with close tolerances on resistance and the number of turns. Armature bearings are case hardened for long service. The magnets are normally wound to operate on 48 volts D.C.

Mounted on the ' X ' and ' Y ' Magnets, and operated directly by the armature is the Stromberg-Carlson type of integral Interrupter switch. Adjustments are provided for setting and for timing the switch to its best performance.

The rotation of the cog roller in the ' $Y$ ' direction is effected by engagement of the driving pawl on the Y Magnet armature with the cog roller teeth.

## Revised 1-1-61

## THE XY UNIVERSAL SWITCH (Cont.)

The ' $Y$ ' Magnet appears in the lower center of illustration. Overrunning is prevented by the stop bar (which appears just below the cog roller) moving in to engage the teeth of the ratchet on the left hand end of the cog roller. The stop bar is positively operated by a cam on the ' $Y$ ' Magnet armature. An ejector is provided to positively disengage the driving pawl from the $\operatorname{cog}$ roller upon release.

The cog roller is held firmly in position by the ' Y ' Retaining Pawl at the conclusion of each stroke of armature.

The release magnet appears just to the left of the ' Y ' Magnet. The release magnet disengages the X and Y retaining pawls and also operates the release spring pile-up. A circuit is provided in conjunction with the off-normal contacts to operate a release magnet once it has been actuated until the cog roller has completely returned to the normal position. The release spring pileup is usually used to busy out the Switch, preventing its seizure until it is restored to normal.

The spring combination appearing to the left of the release magnet provides three functions; the ' X ' off-normal, the overflow and the ' $Y$ ' off-normal contact positions. The ' $X$ ' off-normal spring pile-up appearing just to the left of the release pile-up is actuated by $\alpha$ toggle which derives its motion from $\alpha$ switching lever underneath the $\operatorname{cog}$ roller. The contacts of this pile-up are used as previously mentioned to provide $\alpha$ path to operate the release magnet and also for supervisory circuit functions.

At the center appears the overflow pile-up which is actuated from two sources. Should the $\operatorname{cog}$ roller run into ' $X$ ' overflow,
the switching lever is moved to the right hand limit of its travel, operating the toggle previously mentioned. This depresses the pusher spring of the overflow pile-up. This pusher spring may also be actuated by the cam mounted on the tubular shaft in event that the $\operatorname{cog}$ roller rotates to the ' $Y$ ' overflow position. The contacts of the overflow pile-up are used to interrupt the battery feed to the ' X ' and ' Y ' magnets and also for supervisory purposes.

On the left hand side of the spring combination appears the ' Y ' off-normal pile-up. This pile-up is actuated by the cam mounted at the left hand end of the tubular shaft. The contacts of this pile-up have similar functions to those of the ' X ' off-normal pile-up.
Electrical connection to the XY Universal Switch is made by means of the cable attached at the lower left hand corner. This cable terminates in a multi-point plug in which 36 terminals are mounted in $\alpha$ minimum of space. This terminal plug is arranged to lock into $\alpha$ mating piece on the equipment frame providing quick and positive connection.
As an aid in adjusting and checking the Switch, a numbered drum is mounted at the right hand end of the tubular shaft, providing ready indication of the ' $Y$ ' position of the Switch. The guide rule mounted under the tubular shaft on the right hand side is numbered to indicate the ' X ' positions on the carriage.

Any dial system is only as efficient as its switching element. The Stromberg-Carlson XY Universal Switch offers a reliable, versatile, thoroughly tested instrument which the company is proud to include in its established line of the finest telephone products.


XY Universal Switch Assembly


A Typical Power and Supervisory Panel

## LEGEND

1. Group Supervisory Panel
2. Common Supervisory Panel
3. Miscellaneous Supervisory Panel
4. Mark \& Common Alarm Panel
5. A-C Interrupter Control and Machine
6. D-C Interrupter Control and Machine
7. \#1 Tone Generator Panel
8. \#2 Tone Generator Panel
9. P.B.X. Ringing Panel
10. Battery Distribution Panel
11. Battery Distribution Panel
12. Vibrator Panel
13. Coin Control Panel
14. Ring \& Relay Panel
15. Ringing Control Panel
16. Frequency Indicator Panel
17. Ring \& Relay Panel
18. Frequency Marking Panel

## POWER AND SUPERVISORY EQUIPMENT

Stromberg-Carlson Power Boards match the switching equipment in appearance and complete flexibility. All controls are placed where they can be easily identified and operated. Panel wiring separates outside power source from local power. All connections between panels are by means of cable.

The essentially new feature of the Stromberg-Carlson Power Board is its flexibility. In assembly, in operation and in future expansion, changes and enlargement of service are not a problem of complete rebuilding, but a simple matter of sliding out one unit and sliding in another. Units can be provided to fit any type of dial equipment, method of charging or type of ringing.

## Outstanding Features

1. Frame construction, with identical uprights arranged for mounting any basic unit in any position.
2. The "Unit Control Panel" of functional operations will be selected for individual needs; other panels will then be built up around basic control unit.
3. Motor-Generator or dry disc rectifier for charging batteries may be used.
4. End cell or counter cell battery control may be used.
5. The interrupter machine provides "jacked in" springs and motor. These parts can be readily removed from face of machine without disturbing any wiring.
6. Tone Generator panel provides basic tones for Dial, Busy and Tick. Provision is made for adding the second tone panel when needed.
7. Common Supervisory control panel provides common alarm signals in one location.
8. Locates and types service interruptions.

## A AND C TYPE RELAYS



Stromberg-Carlson A Type Relay

The Stromberg-Carlson " $A$ " Type Relay was designed to meet the exacting requirements of dial switching systems. This relay, because of its construction and carefully selected materials, will give reliable service under adverse conditions where many other relays fail. An outstanding feature of this relay is the use of twin precious metal contacts - positive insurance for reliable operation and long life.

The adjustable armature support simplifies adjusting the armature travel when necessary. Residual Screws or welded residual discs furnished as required. A continuous single piece pusher


Stromberg-Carlson C Type Relay
permits each moving spring to operate individually, assuring long life with very little spring adjustment. The spring combination can be unscrewed as a unit. Coils, with integral terminals, are easily removed.

The Twin "C" Relay (actually two relays on one frame) is designed to mount in the same space and on same mounting as one standard " $A$ " Relay. Developed for use in line circuits where space limitations were a major factor, it may be used wherever the economy of small size is an advantage and where extremely high resistance coils are not required.

THE XY "B" SYSTEM 100-LINE C.D.O.


There has been an increasing demand for XY dial equipment designed expressly for the small community office, not initially requiring selectors. The "B" System 100-Line XY C.D.O. is the answer to this demand.

The inherent flexibility of the XY dial system permits the same features which have given larger XY installations the enthusiastic approval of the industry, to be built into these smaller systems. In addition, the design incorporates several new features which simplify installation and ease of maintenance:

The main distributing frame is normally mounted directly on the end of the equipment frame, shown on right side of the illustration above. Thus all wiring between the M.D.F. and the equipment frame can be completed prior to shipment; the installer has only to connect the leads to outside plant, greatly reducing installation costs.
The power board, shown at left in illustration, is built up in standard size demountable panel sections - each a complete working unit which can be selected to meet individual requirements, yet all match each other. Mounting and appearance duplicate the switching equipment.

Services which in other systems are provided as extras conversation timing, line lock-out, restricted service, pay station service, PBX or consecutive line hunting, reverting calls and national intertoll service - are all included in standard equipment and can be utilized as required.

This system is designed for an ultimate capacity of 100 lines, including trunks and 14 finder-connectors. Unused line facilities in a line group that is used for non-restricted trunks, may be used for local lines. One terminal between the trunk group and the local lines must be left vacant. A maximum of 10 interoffice trunks can be provided.

Operating power for the "B" System is obtained from a storage battery and associated battery charging equipment which operates from a commercial electrical power source.

This system is arranged so that it can be used as a tributary office out of a terminating toll center in an inter-toll dialing network. Stop and start-dialing signals are provided as well as 60 IPM tone and flash-busy indications for line busy as required in the general plan for Nation-Wide Inter-toll Dialing. This system is also adaptable to Toll-Ticketing when desired.

COMPAK I


The Compak I is a low cost, universal package - an assembled and fully wired "off the shelf" XY System. You order equipment according to desired requirements.
This "off the shelf" system offers full C.D.O. features:

1. $2-5$ numbering.
2. Normal access to outgoing toll.
3. Universal numbering with E.A.S. (Extended Area Service) exchanges.
4. No "stop-dial" necessary on incoming toll calls.
5. No "second-dial tone" necessary on incoming E.A.S. calls.
6. Multi-frequency ringing.
7. Intercept service.
8. Transistorized ringer source.
9. Integrated power and switching equipment.
10. "A type" frame included.

## Capacity:

This switchboard provides facilities for 100 lines, 15 links including a maximum of 10 trunk lines. The maximum number of trunk groups is two (2) and unused line facilities in a line group used for trunks may be used for local lines.

## Operating Range:

a. Battery voltage $-44-54$ volts.
b. Dial Speed - 8-12 pulses per second.
c. Ringing Voltage - The ringing voltage does not drop below a minimum value of 65 volts with maximum ringing load.
d. Subscriber Lines -
(1) Loop Resistance - 1200 ohms maximum.
(2) Insulation Resistance - 15,000 ohms minimum.
(3) Ringer Load - Not to exceed 10 bridged low-impedance ringers per line.
e. Inter-Office Trunks -
(1) Loop Operation -
(a) Loop Resistance -2000 ohms maximum with battery and ground pulsing.
(b) Insulation Resistance $-30,000$ ohms min.
(2) Composite or Simplex Operation with Polar Duplex Signaling and Supervision. For this type of operation, polar duplex signaling equipment is used, and trunk limits are determined by the signaling set used.

## Power:

The common power equipment (with the exception of the secondary cells and charging equipment) is an integral part of the switchboard.
a. Batteries - Power for the switching equipment and the transmission circuits is supplied from a $100 \mathrm{AH}, 23$-cell storage battery.
b. Charging Equipment - Charging equipment for charging the battery is supplied for operation from 110 V 60 cps commercial power. It is of the constant-voltage type for charging batteries on a full float basis. Charger capacity is 6 amps. Charge failure alarm is provided.
c. Metering and Control - A 20 amp circuit breaker distributes the switchboard current drain via a 50 amp interval shunt ammeter to $\alpha$ series of alarm type fuses feeding the individual circuits. The voltage is monitored with a 100 V 1000 ohm/volt meter.

## Ringing and Interrupter:

a. Ringing - The ringing source is a five-frequency transistorized ringing machine with an output of 25 watts per frequency. It is DC operated, therefore a standby machine is not necessary.
b. Interrupter $-\AA$ relay type interrupter, comprising standard fast operate, fast release " $A$ " type relays driven from a transistorized $1 / 4$ second pulse source is used to supply ringing interruption cycles, PU, ECP, 60 and 120 IPM pulses.

## Physical Features:

The over-all dimensions of the switchboard are:
a. Height -5 ft .2 in .
b. Width -7 ft .
c. Depth -1 ft .6 in.

All supervisory, power distribution, interruption and metering equipment is built into the basic unit.

## XY TOLL TICKETING

XY Toll Ticketing is tailored to the specific problems of convenience and finance, and engineered for each specific application so as to yield the maximum operating economies. XY Toll Ticketing is automatic not only in its recording function, but also in the subsequent steps necessary to arrive at a permanent record of the toll calls.

The Stromberg-Carlson Toll Ticketing System is compatible with any direct response dialing system. It will also conform with the 2-5 numbering scheme used by the telephone operating companies to facilitate Nationwide Direct Distance Dialing. In the Stromberg-Carlson Toll Ticketing System, line identification is automatically accomplished and it is not limited as to the type of permanent record that can be printed or punched.

XY Toll Ticketing is high speed in operation, thus eliminating the need for duplication of many pieces of equipment. The recording, identification, playback and ticketing equipment are completely flexible and can be arranged for the most economical means of equipping remote or central offices.


Typical XY Toll Ticketing Installation

## Nationwide Direct Distance Dialing

The XY Toll Ticketing system is arranged to be compatible with the Nationwide Direct Distance Dialing plan. It conforms to all requirements of pulsing and supervision. Common registersenders are standard equipment. Register-senders provide the necessary route interpretations and code conversions, provide for alternative routing and stop and start dial features.

## Modern Techniques

Electronic techniques involving the use of transistors, cold cathode gas tubes, hot cathode vacuum tubes and solid state and neon diodes have been used wherever feasible to achieve high speed, high reliability and low maintenance. Electronic equipment does not have to be adjusted, lubricated or cleaned.

## XY TOLL TICKETING (Cont.)

## The Long Play Magnetic Tape Recorder

One of the important functions which must be performed automatically is the recording of pertinent called data so that charges can be made. The XY recorder shown below is the mechanism which records this information. The recorder is similar in appearance to the XY Universal Switch, mounts in similar cells and uses some of the same parts.

The data is recorded on a magnetic tape which is in the form of an endless reel capable of storing the information for many calls. Magnetic storage has been chosen as being preferable to other means of temporary storage because it provides the unique facility of erasing and reusing the tape. Thus the operation becomes truly automatic for unlimited periods.

The tape passes over a twin-track head which is used for both recording and playback. This is followed by a double width erase head which erases both tracks simultaneously on play. back.
The upper half of the twin-track head transforms electrical impulses, that are fed into it, into magnetic impressions (called "Mark" pulses) indicating the subscriber's telephone number, the called station, time, date and conversation time.

Magnetic impressions are made on the lower half of the tape by the lower half of the same head, serving to separate the groups of "Mark" pulses. These impressions are called "Space" pulses.

The end of the call, whether it is completed or not, is indicated by $a$ third signal, consisting of a simultaneous "Mark" and "Space" pulses, which is followed by several advances of the tape to provide a blank section between calls.


Long Play Recorder

## Identification of Calling Party

After dialing a code to gain access to the Toll Ticketing Equipment, the subscriber dials his party digit and then the required station number. Later, when the call is answered, identification takes place and the pulses representing the calling number are recorded on the magnetic tape.

## The Playback Operation

It is unnecessary to produce a ticket individually as each call is completed because of the large storage capacity of the XY recorder. Under normal circumstances, the playback process will be initiated automatically at a time when toll traffic is low. Convenient strapping on the Clock-Calendar circuit can start the playback process at any of the 24 hours in the day.

When initiated the Playback Control Circuit will seize each idle recorder in rotation until a complete cycle of the circuits in the office has been made. A second and third cycle is then made to pick up those circuits which were busy during the previous cycles.

The tapes are advanced by a motor which is common to all recorders on one bay side. The tape is driven at a continuous rate of speed and the information stored on the tape for each call is converted into $\alpha$ permanent record, under the direction of the Readout Control circuitry. Pulses representing digits of the call are counted by chains of cold cathode gas tubes that have been chosen for their reliability and economy. When the "end-of-call" signal is received, the tape becomes stationary until the tube information has been interpreted and printed. Rate interpreting and computing equipment can be provided to produce the charges, in dollars and cents, for approximately $95 \%$ or more of the total toll traffic. With the tubes cleared, the tape advances and the process is repeated until all information on the tape is used. The tape is erased as the data is being converted to permanent record so that, when cleared, the recorder is immediately ready to accept and record more call data.


The Stromberg-Carlson XY Toll Ticketing system is arranged to produce permanent records in the form of 5 channel, common language perforated paper tape; IBM 80 column punched cards and Remington Rand 90 column punched cards. The type of output device desired must be specified at the time of ordering.

## Remote Operation

The XY recorder is admirably suited to remote operation in unattended offices. Its ability to store a large number of calls makes it unnecessary to tie up a trunk facility permanently for playback purposes if the ticketing of the information is to be done at a central point. Any number of remote offices can be served by a single ticketing point at which most of the common equipment and printer would be located. If the recorders are located in the remote offices, the recorded pulses can be carried over any existing voice frequency channel on $\alpha$ data link. Carrier and/or microwave transmission may be used where conditions warrant.

If the system trunking permits all recorders to be located in a central tandem point, the remote offices need contain only the identifying equipment. All the recorders and other recording common equipment are located in the central tandem point.

## TOLL SWITCHBOARDS

Stromberg-Carlson Toll Switchboards are designed to meet the exacting requirements of local and long distance toll service. Every toll board is custom-engineered to meet individual requirements in the best manner consistent with the nation-wide character of long distance operation. Stromberg-Carlson switchboards are now serving the toll needs of scattered agricultural areas, growing suburban communities, and busy metropolitan centers. Talk with your Stromberg-Carlson representative about the many new developments in toll switchboard engineering. He will be glad to cooperate in developing a layout which is suited to your needs, both for the present and for the foreseeable future.


80 Positions of Stromberg-Carlson No. 3 Toll Switchboard in a large toll center.

The entire arrangement of the No. 3 Toll Switchboard reduces the cost per position, which is an important factor in modern toll offices where the number of cords often exceeds the number of lines and trunks by $60 \%$ or even more.

Stromberg-Carlson engineers are giving continuous study to the problems of toll operation, both present and anticipated. As new problems arise and the method for handling them has been devised and thoroughly tested, these additions will be incorporated into the No. 3 Toll board.

## Features of the No. 3 Toll Switchboard

The Stromberg-Carlson No. 3 Toll Switchboard is the best answer to meet the exacting requirements of operator intertoll dialing over long distances. This board is also used to supply service to local subscribers.

Some of the more important features of this switchboard are listed below.

1. Supervisory and signaling functions are in the line or trunk circuits instead of in the cord circuit. This is more economical when there is a large number of cords in respect to trunks, and provides better means of adjusting to individual line conditions.
2. The cord circuit has zero loss.
3. This board can be supplied with keysenders for use with dial type equipment. Keysenders greatly increase the sending rate, giving higher operating efficiency.
4. No signaling generator is carried into the section.
5. AC operation is available for line and/or busy lamps.
6. Idle lamp indications may be used for trunk groups.
7. No auxiliary contacts are used on jacks. This simplifies maintenance.
8. Jack sleeves can be removed from the front without disturbing operation of the switchboard.
9. All equipment for cord circuits, position circuit, operator circuit, etc., is mounted in the switchboard and has been wired and thoroughly tested at the factory.
10. Line and trunk circuit relay equipment is assembled on circuit plates which have been wired and tested before shipment.
11. This board is easily adaptable to CLR, Inward and TX operator positions where services are normally used in large central offices.

## TOLL SWITCHBOARDS (Cont.)

## Circuit Features of No. 3 Toll Switchboard CORD AND POSITION CIRCUITS

1. Cord and Position circuits have zero loss.
2. Intentional overlap is possible so as to permit monitoring one cord and listening on the other. However, it is impossible to accidentally connect two toll calls by false operation of the talk keys.
3. Splitting and control features such as dialing and coin control are always associated with the talk key, never the monitor key.
4. Ringing control-Ringing is under direct control of the operator. She can delay ringing when desired. If the board is equipped with a Non-Ring (NR) key, delayed ringing is accomplished by depressing this key during dialing or keysending. If the board is equipped with a Ring key, automatic ringing is accomplished by depressing this key during dialing or keysending.

## TRUNK CIRCUITS

1. Trunks are designed to fit into the latest intertoll requirements established by telephone operating companies to facilitate nation-wide toll dialing.
2. Trunks will work into manual as well as into dial type exchanges.
3. Trunks are available for many types of special services.
4. Trunks include all signaling and supervisory functions, so that individual line conditions can be met by making an adjustment within the trunk instead of making an adjustment to each individual cord circuit.
Adjustable cable pins are provided supporting the switchboard multiple.

## Keyboard Features

The key shelves are low, with the top only $30^{\prime \prime}$ from the floor. This allows the operator to rest her feet comfortably on the

floor. Keyboards are extra wide with removable glass bulletin holders. Each keyboard is arranged for mounting both a dial and a key sender set. It has a capacity of fourteen cord circuits, with common keys for splitting, coin control, dial, "wipe out" and "send rear."

An unusual feature which has met with great favor is the provision for mounting individual ticket slots associated with each cord circuit.

## Terminal Power Equipment

Switchboard multiple cables are terminated on the horizontal side of the IDF and the relay equipments are terminated on the vertical side, so that all circuit assignments are made with jumpers at the frame. Jack circuits and composite equipments for toll testing are terminated at the IDF, thus providing maximum flexibility.

A separate bay is available for mounting power panel, fuse panels, generator lamp panels, and auxiliary control equipment. Other power equipment, such as power control panel, emergency converters, and emergency switching circuits are available. Operating current is supplied from 24 cells of storage battery.

## Description of No. 200 Type Section

The No. 203 or 204 Section is of steel frame construction with removable end panels, roof, front and rear doors.

The sections are of single position, two panel type for easy handling. A single panel calculagraph section of the same construction is furnished with each two operating sections for use of both operators. Cable turning sections are available for either right or left end, depending on the direction of growth. Dimensions of a standard section (less end panels) are: height $51^{\prime \prime}$. (or $56^{\prime \prime}$ ), width $231 / 2^{\prime \prime}$, depth at floor $20^{\prime \prime}$. depth at keyboard $381 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. The calculagraph section is the same except for the width which is $125 / 16^{\prime \prime}$. The jack opening in the face of the switchboard is $15^{\prime \prime}$ high (or $20^{\prime \prime}$ on the higher section).


## INFORMATION AND SPECIAL SERVICE DESKS

With the advance of telephony in the direction of customer dialing the need for Information and Special Service Desks becomes more apparent. Stromberg-Carlson offers three designs, each having its own advantages in application: the Turret Type, the Flat-Top Type, and the Sloping-Front Type Information Desks. The type of desk necessary for your office depends upon the size and traffic conditions.

## The Turret Type Information Desk

The simplest of the Information Desks, this type is ideal for small dial exchanges. Using a standard Model 121 PBX cabinet, the Turret desk provides for terminating 20 Information, Intercept or other Special Service Trunks. The desk provides all the facilities required in small offices and can be mounted on any convenient desk or table which will permit the operator to perform other duties when traffic warrants.

Features of the Turret Type Information Desk:

1. INTERCEPT, local and toll information, rate and route, repair and other special answering services can be accomplished through the use of the Turret Type Information Desk.
2. HOLDING. It is possible for the operator to hold an incoming call in order to look up information, verify the line, or perform other duties relative to the incoming call.
3. SWITCHING POSITION. Ideal for small offices during light duty hours. The operator can transfer all incoming calls to $\alpha$ toll board. This feature will not reduce the number of possible trunks that can be assigned to this turret.
4. VERIFICATION. By using the dial, the operator can verify an incoming local call.
5. TRUNK LINES can be directed from the turret to a toll board and to a test board if desired.

## Flat-Top Type Information Desk

Larger offices prefer more complete desk facilities such as found in the Flat-Top Type Information Desks. These desks provide space for terminating more trunks and also offer $\alpha$ table surface for using information or other files. If more than one position is required, they are normally placed in a staggered line with adjacent operators facing in opposite directions.

A maximum of 36 Information, Intercept, or other Special Service trunks together with Supervisor's, Verification and Miscellaneous trunks can be equipped. Any number of positions can be multipled together.

Originally designed for use in XY Dial equipment, the FlatTop Type Information Desk is also adaptable to work with other types of dial equipment. In this desk, the trunk relay equipment is mounted on racks outside the desk. The relays used are the same twin contact relays used in XY Dial Systems.
FEATURES. All features are identical with those of the Turret Type Information Desk; the principal difference, other than the physical construction is in the larger capacity.


Flat-top information desks (3 positions shown here).

## Sloping-Front Type Information Desk

This type of information desk is a recent development of Stromberg-Carlson. The Sloping Front model is intended for use with book type Information files, whereas its companion model, the Flat-Top type, is intended for use with rotary files. Equipment and operation is the same for either type desk.

This desk has a capacity of 100 Special Service Trunks and up to 20 operator positions may be installed in one group. It is intended for use in large offices or multi-office areas.

Special Features of this Sloping-Front Information Desk:

1. LINK CIRCUITS. Two such circuits are provided for each position. The operator can hold one call, and answer a second call while looking up information on the first call.
2. RELEASE KEY. Permits release of $\alpha$ call by the operator when call is completed.
3. CALL FINDER. Utilizing standard XY Universal Switches, this arrangement "finds" an incoming call and connects it to an idle Information Desk operator. A spurt of tone signals the operator that she is connected to a calling party. A row of lamps indicate the type of call, such as Toll Information, Local Information, Intercept, etc., and she answers accordingly.
4. LOCAL CALLS can be made by the operator when necessary.
5. FLASHING DISTANT OPERATORS, verification, transferring calls to supervisor, and "Call Splitting" can be accomplished

CLASSIFICATION OF CALLS. As many as ten different classes of service may be provided on these Information and Special Service Desks. The preferential classes of calls are picked up first. The rest are held until used. To guard against excessive waiting time for the less preferential calls during busy periods, a simple "gate" system is used which filters the calls without harrying the operator. This insures that all calls are answered within a reasonable period of time.

## COMMON BATTERY SWITCHBOARDS

Stromberg-Carlson continues to make a diversified line of common battery switchboards, both for additions to present manual offices and for new installations where local conditions will indicate use of this type of service. New developments in the industry at large have been carefully studied, and modifications to the equipment made as a result of these findings. The manual switchboards shown here provide simplified circuits giving faster, more economical and accurate service than was heretofore possible.


Keyshelf showing Non-Multiple Switchboard, Drop Signal Magneto and Signal Common Battery Lines.

## THE NON-MULTIPLE SWITCHBOARD

The Stromberg-Carlson Non-Multiple Switchboard compares favorably in price and simplicity of circuits with a good magneto switchboard. It is often furnished with drop-ended magneto jack strips for rural lines, and with common battery operation on town lines, making an easy transition from $\alpha$ single wire to $a$ fully metallic system.

The Non-Multiple Switchboard is placed in stock wired for 200 local lines, 30 drop or lamp ended toll or rural lines, 16 manual ringing cord circuits, and 5 dial trunks either jack or key ended. Common battery lines should always be ordered in groups of 20, and ringdown lines in groups of 10.

## THE MULTIPLE SWITCHBOARD

Multiple switchboards for additions to manual central offices or for attendant's cabinets in hotels or large business offices where operator assistance is desired will be furnished to specification on an engineered basis. Larger boards are built up in sections, using standard welded steel frames. Two-level plug boards, making it easier to select the correct cord, are a feature of these sections. When sections are placed together the installation has a continuous-face appearance.

The No. 17 Section is $22^{\prime 1} / 32^{\prime \prime}$ wide, $5^{\prime}-4 \frac{1}{2} 2^{\prime \prime}$ high, $3^{\prime}-63 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ deep. $2^{\prime}-107 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ from floor to keyshelf, and has a $20^{\prime \prime}$ jack face opening. The No. 18 Section is wider- $251 / 8^{\prime \prime}$, higher $-5^{\prime} \cdot 109 / 16^{\prime \prime}$, and has a larger jack face opening- $241 / 16$ "; other dimensions and all construction features are the same.


Recent installation of Multiple Switchboard.

## NO. 125 MAGNETO SWITCHBOARD

The Stromberg-Carlson No. 125 Magneto Switchboards, designed for dependable and reliable service in Magneto Exchanges, are still available. For further information contact your nearest Stromberg-Carlson representative.

## STROMBERG-CARLSON

## PBX and Interior Systems



To meet the varied requirements of interior communication, Stromberg-Carlson presents PBX Switchboards, Convenience Systems, Multiple Line Key Turrets, and Inter-communicating Telephones for modern and efficient personal service.

## PBX AND INTERIOR SYSTEMS

| PBX Switchboards Page |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| No. 121 Cordless | . 4 d |
| No. 120 Floor Type | .6d |
| No. 104 Cordless |  |
| No. 102 Floor Type | 10d |
| No. 106 Floor Type | .10d |
| Convenience Systems . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 15 d |  |
| Multiple Line Key Turret Systems | .21d |

Inter-Communicating Systems ..... 23d

## SYSTEMS FOR INDIVIDUAL CONVENIENCE

Service to the community is but one of the requisites of good telephone operation. The individual, with his many varying needs, must have available the special type of equipment which fits his own requirements. With this in mind, Stromberg-Carlson has long pioneered in the development of the smaller systems featured in this section.

PBX SWITCHBOARDS In both cordless and floor models, Strom-berg-Carlson has a switchboard which is up to the minute in operation and styling. This equipment is admirably suited to the medium-sized office, with operator-receptionist in attendance during office hours.

CONVENIENCE SYSTEMS " Too large for a single trunk? . . . too small for PBX?" The Stromberg-Carlson convenience systems provide both intercommunicating and central office service 24 hours a day without requiring an operator in attendance. Matching the latest desk telephones in style.

MULTIPLE LINE KEY TURRET The small office with several extension telephones is amply served by the Stromberg-Carlson Multiple-Line Key Turret. Calls can be held while answering or originating others. "Now I can answer 9 telephones and never move from my desk!"

INTER-COMMUNICATING TELEPHONES To relieve your present switchboard and telephone facilities of the burden of strictly inter-office or inter-plant calls, install a Stromberg-Carlson Inter-Communicating system. Privacy when necessary, multiple conversations if desired, speed and efficiency at all times.


THIS $\uparrow$ OR THIS $\downarrow$


## PBX SWITCHBOARDS

In keeping with its long established policy of making telephone apparatus which is not only most serviceable, but also most attractive, Stromberg-Carlson offers the companion PBX switchboards No. 120 and No. 121. Subscribers will appreciate the styling, which complements the appearance of the finest, most modern office. Operating companies will welcome the many circuit advancements which are outlined in the general description.

NO. 121 CORDLESS SWITCHBOARD


No. 121 Cordless Switchboard

Appearance, utility and fine operating qualities make this board ideal for business offices or locations where the switchboard is installed open to public view.

Here are some of the reasons why the No. 121 Switchboard is the outstanding cordless PBX for both today and tomorrow:

1. Beauty which is a source of pride.
2. Manual or dial service for the present needs.
3. Through or non-through supervision.
4. "Instanteous busy" indications on trunks from central office when toll operator takes up trunk.
5. Operator or station dialing.
6. Wired for relay lamp lines and relay (std.) or repeating coil type trunks (for longer loops)
7. Night through-service.
8. Bridged or divided-circuit ringing from central office.
9. "Common-talking" feature that enables Stromberg-Carlson PBX operator to answer another call when all five connecting circuits are in use.
10. Inclined key panel to improve visibility and operating ease.
The finish used is walnut. Correct application of overstain produces artistic banding of light and dark, so that the finish harmonizes with modern office furniture and room decoration. Key mountings are made of Sun Tan phenol fibre veneers, while the key handles are of plastic, colored in pleasing shades. Chassis construction is provided for mounting the apparatus, so that the cabinet cover can be removed and still maintain switchboard operation.

The armatures of the relays are at the rear of the board to allow for easy servicing.

The dimensions of the No. 121 Switchboard are:
Length- $2^{\prime} 23 / 4^{\prime \prime} \quad$ Height-1 $2^{\prime \prime}$
Depth-1 ${ }^{\prime} 23 / 4^{\prime \prime}$
Approximate Shipping Weight 150 lbs .

|  | Capacity <br> Wired for |  |  | Equipped with |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lines | Trunks | Conn. | Lines |  | Trunks |  |
| 16 | 5 | 5 | 12 | 3 | 5 |  |
| 16 | 5 | 5 | 16 | 5 | 5 |  |
|  | Local Cable |  |  |  |  |  |

The cable and all other wiring consists of copper conductors insulated with a $50 \%$ to $60 \%$ overlapped serving of cellulose acetate Butyrate clear tape. Over this an outside serving of cotton is applied to the cable conductors, battery leads, and pilot circuit wiring, and a cotton braid to generator leads.

## Line Equipment

Each line circuit includes:

| Stock No. | . Code | cription | Stock No. Code | Dos |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 802755 | (343-EZ) | Keys (2) | 801420 (12) | Lamp Sock |
|  |  | (connecting) | 801392 (27A) | Lamp Cap |
| 802713 | (342-CXZ | Key (connect- | $801369(24-B-2)$ | Lamp |
|  |  | and ringing) | 802777 (195-A) | Relay (when |
| 801331 | (131) | Key Mtg. |  | equipped) |
|  |  | Connecting | quipment |  |

Stromberg-Carlson No. 121 Cordless Switchboards are equipped with the single lamp supervisory type of connecting circuit.

Each connecting circuit includes:
Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Code Description
802755 (343-EZ)Key
801369 (24-B-2) Lamp
801610 (25) Relay
802888 (2222-B) Rasing

## NO. 121 SWITCHBOARD (Cont.)

The features of these connecting circuits are as follows: KEY CONTROL-All connections between either PBX stations or trunks and PBX stations are made by means of keys.
BALANCED TRANSMISSION-Both the tip and the ring battery transmission coils to each station are placed on the same relay, and are carefully balanced for resistance and inductance.
BATTERY ECONOMY-The transmission battery not only supplies talking current, but also furnishes energy to operate the supervisory relays.
SIMPLICITY-The superviso ${ }^{2} T$ relays each have only one break contact; that contact controls the supervisory lamps. There are no other electrically controlled contacts in the connecting circuit. TRANSMISSION EFFICIENCY-Both the tip and the ring talking conductors are entirely free from either series resistances or series retardation coils that contribute undesirable and appreciable losses.

## Trunk Equipment

The series-relay type trunks for central office connections include: Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Code Description 802749 (343-CZ)Keys $801420 \quad$ (12) Lamp Sockets (2) (connecting) (2) 202463 (66) Condenser ( $1 / 2$ ) 802750 (342-DZ)Key 201981 (298ZW- Relay (connect and dial) AYCY)
801331 (131) Key Mtg. 201980 (279Z-MN) Relay 201121 - Key $201978(277 Z-L M N) R e l a y$ 201243 Key (266Z-CY) Relay 801369 (24-B-2) Lamps (2) 201982 (254-1-AY) Relay 801392 (27-A) Lamp Cap 201979 (278Z-A) Relay 801394 (27-C) Lamp Cap 801610 (25) Relay Casing

These trunks have the following characteristics:
THREE LAMP SUPERVISION - A white call lamp indicates that the Central Office operator is calling the PBX, a green hold lamp indicates that the trunk is being held by the PBX operator, and a red disconnect lamp indicates when the connected PBX subscriber hangs up. This disconnect lamp is associated with the connecting circuit equipment.
KEY CONTROL-All connections between PBX stations or between trunks and PBX stations are made by means of keys.
CONVERTIBLE-Provision for connecting with a Dial Central Office is already in the board. All that is necessary is to install one dial common to all the converted trunks. Switchboards are wired so that repeating coil (long line) trunks or magneto trunks may be installed readily when the proper equipment is ordered.

## Operator's Telephone Equipment

The No. 1244-T (201139) Handset Telephone is used for operator's telephone equipment in the No. 121 PBX Switchboard (see catalogue pages describing Common Battery Telephones.)
This telephone takes an MD-6-D $5^{\prime} 3^{\prime \prime}$ Cord. Other equipmentmounted in the switchboard-includes:

$$
\begin{array}{lccl}
\text { Stock No. Code } & \text { Description } & \text { Stock No. Code } & \text { Description } \\
800433 & \text { (47-A) Induction Coil } & 48346 & \text { (57) }
\end{array} \text { Condenser } ~(21-A) \text { Impedance Coil } 129636 \text { (6A) } \begin{aligned}
& \text { Terminal } \\
& 800281 \\
& 202464 \\
& \text { (67) Condenser }
\end{aligned}
$$

The use of the desk handset type of telephone assures uniform efficiency, as the relative position of transmitter and receiver is fixed. It also relieves the operator by eliminating the headband, and assures economical operation as no battery is used when the handset is replaced.

## Battery Switch Equipment

A switch is provided to cut the battery from the switchboard when no operator is in attendance. This equipment is:

$$
201120
$$

Key (Bat)

## Generator Equipment

REGULAR RINGING is accomplished by means of 20 -cycle current which is brought into the PBX switchboard either from the main exchange or from a Stromberg-Carlson No. 5 Converter, which is of the vibrating type (see Accessories). This converter when connected with the No. 121 Cordless Switchboard runs only during the periods in which it is required for ringing.
EMERGENCY RINGING is accomplished by means of the hand generator. A key (Gen) is provided for switching from the hand generator to the power generator or vice versa. Terminals also are provided for connecting to the outside source of power ringing current.

The operator's facilities for emergency ringing of station instruments includes:

| Stock No. | Description | Stock No. Code | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2011119 | Key (White) | 201678 | (64) |
| Generator |  |  |  |
| 33761 | Crank |  |  |
|  |  | Night Alarm Equipment |  |

Each No. 121 Cordless PBX Switchboard is furnished with a night alarm. The apparatus for this purpose includes:

| Stock | iption | Stock N | Code | Descrip |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801861 (50-LL) | Buzzer | 803103 | (381-A) | Relay |
| 201119 | Key (NA) | 801610 | (25) | Relay Casing |
| 42376 (62) | Condenser | 800289 | (202) | Imp. Coil |

The night alarm buzzer sounds not only on the incoming line calls and the incoming trunk calls, but also on the connecting circuit's disconnect signals.

The operation of the night alarm is controlled by a switch. Two types of night alarm circuits are available:
THE REGULAR NIGHT ALARM EQUIPMENT operates off direct current from the battery terminals within the switchboard, and includes noise-suppressing components to prevent disturbances being carried into the talking circuit.
AC OPERATION OF NIGHT ALARMS is possible by relocating two terminal straps and disconnecting the No. 62 Condenser and the No. 202 Impedance Coil.

## Common Listening Key

This is also known as Common Talking Circuit. When all five connecting circuits are busy, the attendant can answer further calls with the lower listening key in the "down" position. Equipment for this feature:
802755 (343-EZ) Key (Same key as in Connecting Circuit 5) 800289 (202) Impedance Coil


No. 121 Cordless Switchboard with cabinet removedshowing accessibility of wiring and equipment

## NO. 120 TYPE SWITCHBOARD



No. 120 Switchboard, front perspective

This switchboard is $\alpha$ companion piece to the No. 121 Cordless Switchboard just described. With its large capacity, adaptability, and striking beauty, it is the choice for those installations where the finest in PBX equipment is expected.

Some of the exceptional circuit features and operating facilities are summarized below.

Connects with any Central Energy Exchange-either manual or dial-through jack-ended trunks without change or addition.
PBX station after hanging-up is protected against direct re-rings from the central operator.
Cord splitting makes it possible to talk on the back cord and not be heard on the front cord, or vice versa.
Instantaneous Busy feature warns the PBX operator that a given trunk has been taken up by the central office to call the PBX or to hold for toll service.
Each cord circuit is equipped with ringing key, ring-back key, listening key, dialing key when required, through dialing and night connection key.
Reverting Ringing Tone informs the calling party that the operator is ringing.
Individual jacks are used in all line and trunk circuits.
Keyboard is hinged at the left end so as to permit full operation while raised.
Coils, relays and capacitors are on a relay gate which swings horizontally from $\alpha$ rigid self-supported steel frame. Operator's Breast Telephone is employed, with concealed jack.

## Cabinet

The equipment is mounted on steel frame members housed in an attractive veneered walnut cabinet so designed that it is in keeping with any type of office furniture, and therefore, requires only one kind of finish. Judicious use of stain, overstain and varnish provides a pleasing two-tone banded effect. The sun tan finish of the face mounting, contrasted with the dark brown plugboard and polished brass fittings, adds to the overall appearance. The surfaces are all smooth with rounded corners so that cleaning is a rapid and simple matter and the possibility of damage to wearing apparel is remote. The rear door is flush and is removed by means of a finger notch.

Light colored paint covers the inside of the cabinet, harmonizing with the apparatus and providing a brighter background when servicing. The operator's plug is recessed and concealed while ample knee and foot room is found beneath the key pocket.

The dimensions of the No. 120 Switchboard are:
Width-2'1 $1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \quad$ Height- $3^{\prime} 958^{\prime \prime} \quad$ Depth-2'8"
Circuits
The circuits for the No. 120 Switchboard have been designed to provide fundamental wiring for all normal operating conditions. This means that $\alpha$ variety of exchange requirements can be met with little or no change.

The circuits will operate satisfactorily under the following conditions:

1. When the operating voltage does not drop below 16 volts or rise above 26 volts.
2. When the wire circuit loop resistance is 700 ohms or less in an eleven cell system.
3. When the wire circuit loop resistance is 1500 ohms or less in a twenty-two cell system.
4. When the minimum line insulation resistance is 10,000 ohms.
The local cable form is arranged so that by making simple wiring shifts in the cord circuit, the following classes of supervision and battery source become available.
A. Through Supervision, with talking battery fed from the Central Office Trunk, with Trunk Splitting.
B. Through Supervision, with talking battery fed from the PBX cord circuit, with Trunk Splitting.
C. Non-through Supervision, with no Trunk Splitting.
D. Non-through Supervision, with talking battery fed from the PBX cord circuit, with no Trunk Splitting.
The choice of Supervision is usually governed by the following general telephone practices:
If $\alpha$ PBX is connected to a Central Office, working from an eleven cell battery, talking battery is fed from the PBX cord circuit.

When the PBX is connected to $\alpha$ Central Office, working from $\alpha$ twenty-two cell battery, talking battery is fed from the trunk, provided the trunk line loop does not exceed 350 ohms and provided the longest PBX station line does not exceed the loop resistance of the trunk. In cases when the trunk line loop exceeds 350 ohms, transmitter battery should be fed from the PBX cord circuit.

If it is desirable to transfer trunk calls from one PBX station to another, or when the Conference Circuit is used, Non-through Supervision is essential.

## NO. 120 TYPE SWITCHBOARD (Cont.)

## Circuit Features

Wiring of the No. 120 Switchboard permits four combinations of Supervision, Battery Control and Trunk Splitting as described previously.
CLASS "A"-Standard stock boards are wired for this condition, in which the PBX station, upon hanging up after a trunk connection, gives $\alpha$ disconnect signal to the Central Office and also lights the PBX supervisory back cord light, at the same time "splitting" the trunk.

In case another call is made by the Central Office operator or Dial Exchange before the PBX operator has removed her plugs, the signal will appear on the trunk line lamp. As the trunk is "split" the connected PBX station telephone bells will not be rung. To answer this type of recall, the operator simply needs to operate the listening key of the cord circuit associated with the trunk.

If the PBX station should recall before the PBX operator has removed the plugs on a previous connection, the calling party will again signal the Central Office.
CLASS " $B$ "-Under wiring condition " $B$ ", through supervision or Central Office disconnect on trunk connections is controlled by the PBX station to which the trunk is connected. The signals to the PBX and Central Office Operator are in all respects similar to those under wiring conditions " $A$ ".
CLASS "C"-When the cord circuit is wired for "C" condition, the supervisory signals operate as follow: When the PBX station hangs up, the back supervisory lamp is lighted at the PBX. However, the Central Office does not receive $\alpha$ disconnect until the front cord at the PBX is removed from the trunk jack. This arrangement is particularly adaptable to Central Office service wherein subscribers find it necessary to transfer calls.

If a trunk is connected to a Dial Office, the trunk is held busy until the front cord is removed.

If the PBX operator is slow in taking down $\alpha$ connection, the station concerned can signal on the back cord supervisory lamp as it will flash in unison with the movement of the telephone hookswitch.
CLASS " $D$ "-Under set-up " $D$ ", supervision is similar to that described under "C".
DOUBLE LAMP SUPERVISION gives the operator definite information as to the condition of connections between local stations.
FRONT CORD TRUNK CONNECTION requires all trunk calls to be answered or connected by means of the front cord. Supervision is maintained on the back cord supervisory lamp only when the back cord is plugged into the local line.
BRIDGED LISTENING KEY enables operator to listen across cord circuit. An attendant answers an incoming call from a PBX station using an idle cord.
COMBINED INDIVIDUAL DIALING AND LISTENING KEY enables operator to dial over the front cord of any cord circuit. During dialing, the operator's circuit is opened, but returns to normal immediately afterward for further conversation.
THROUGH DIAL AND NIGHT SWITCHING KEY enables the PBX subscriber to dial or signal a central office over the trunk direct, when the cord pair is set up for this type of service. It is used principally for through night service, when the battery is cut off the board or for through service during the day when a party wishes to make a series of consecutive calls.


No. 120 Switchboard, rear perspective, with open relay gate

SEPARATE RINGING KEYS enable operator to ring over either front or back cord without taking the connection down.

REVERTING RINGING TONE-Listening party hears reverting tone when either front or back ringing keys are operated.

TOLL RECALL (furnished only when specified) provides recall on front cord supervisory lamp, when front cord is plugged in on $\alpha$ trunk being held for toll service.
BOOSTER BATTERY SUPPLY may readily be applied to the battery feed coils of the cord circuits for long PBX lines by means of $a$ simple battery terminal arrangement. This feature provides adequate transmission current for those zones beyond the limitations of the standard battery supply.
CONFERENCE CIRCUIT-When this feature is installed, as many as five lines may be set up for simultaneous conversation connections between PBX stations or as many as four simultaneous conversations between PBX stations and trunks.
FULL-TALK CIRCUIT-See Trunk Equipment.

## Capacities

Standard No. 120 Switchboards are carried in stock with the following wiring and equipment:

| Description | No. |  | 120-B | No. 122-A |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wired | Equip'd | Wired | Equip'd |  |  |
| Relay line Cct. less relays | 80 | 20 | 40 | 10 |  |
| Jack ended Trunks | 15 | 3 | 10 | 2 |  |
| Cord Circuit | 15 | 5 | 10 | 5 |  |
| Dial Circuit, less dial | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| Operator's Circuit | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| Generator Circuit | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| Battery Switch | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| Night Alarm Cct. A.C. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| Conference Circuit | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |
| Insulated Generator | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |

## NO. 120 TYPE SWITCHBOARD (Cont.)

## Line Equipment

Stock switchboards are wired for line relays, although relays are provided only when specified. Standard equipment consists of series lamp signals.

Each line circuit includes:

| Stock No. | Code | Description | Stock No. Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 802600 | $(160)$ | Jack | 801369 (24-B-2) | Lamp |
| $\mathbf{8 0 1 4 2 1}$ | (13) | Lamp Socket | 802775 (194-A) Relay |  |
| 801412 | (31-A) | Lamp Cap | (in relay line only) |  |

Balanced talking conditions prevail as both battery and ground are cut off the line jack when the operator plugs in to answer. Reliable signals and battery economy are assured by the use of high grade line lamps and high wound efficient relays.

## Cord Equipment—B-37950

Each Cord Circuit contains the following standardized equip. ment.

| Stock No. | Code Description | ck N | Code | n |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 202080 | X) Plugs (2) | 939 |  |  |
| 35298 | Shell only (Gray) | 802996 | (254Z-NO) | Relay |
| 202226 | (S-32P) Cords (2) | 424871 | 293Z-MYNY) | Y) Relay |
| 800707 | (6) Cord Weights (2) | 802890 | (222Z-AB) | Relay |
| 801421 | (13) Lamp Sockets (2) | 802888 | (222Z-B) | Relay |
| 801413 | (31-B) Lamp Caps (2) | 802945 | (243-1-GG) | Relay |
| 801369 | (24-B-2) Lamps (2) | 38308 | (WEB-42) | Relay |
| 42375 | (61) Condenser | 28177 |  | Resistors (4) |
| 8027371 | (342-AAXZ) Key | For | Toll Recall, | , add- |
| 802738 | (342-CCXZ) Key | 4259812 | 251-1-AYAY | Y)Relay |
| 801329 | (129) Key Mounting | 42372 | (58) | Condenser |
|  | Trunk E | ipme |  |  |

The trunk circuits are of the jack and lamp ended type. Each trunk circuit used in connection with a common battery central office, or dial office, includes the following equipment:
Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Code Description 802601 (161) Jack 802937 (241-1-DBG) Relay 801421 (13) Lamp Socket 803009 (2572W-AA) Relay 801412 (31-A) Lamp Cap 28153 (61) Resistor 801369 (24-B-2) Lamp 42375 (61) Condenser

When the PBX is connected for twenty-four hours $\alpha$ day or part time leased toll service (known as Full-Talk Circuit) the following equipment is connected between the PBX trunk terminals and the leased Toll Line and installed outside the PBX cabinet.
The same equipment is used and installed outside the cabinet when the PBX is connected to magneto exchange.

## Trunk Equipment Added for Full Talk Circuit or for Magneto Service <br> Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Code Description 800300 (222) Impedance Coil 42375 (611 Condenser 800453 (18-AL) Repeating Coil

## Dial Circuit Equipment

The common dial circuit is completely equipped with the exception of the dial and dial mounting. It contains:

| Stock No.$42375$ |  | Description | Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (61) | Condenser | 801328 | $(128)$ | Key Mtg. |
| 42376 | (62) | Condenser | 800300 | (222) | Imp. Coil |
| 802695 (341-AZ) |  | Key with Red | 42597 (252Z-HC) |  | Relay |
|  |  | Handle | *S-C E104-01 |  | Dial |
| 11052 | (4-A) | Terminal Block | *202527 | (1-E) | Dial Mtg. |
| 800436 (11-AL) |  | Repeating Coil | *34572 | Dial Mtg. Block |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 803032 \\ & 800471 \end{aligned}$ | (263Z-BL) | ) Relay (2) |  | for No. 120 Swbd. |  |
|  | (10-H) | Resistance | *34571 |  | Mtg. Block |
|  |  | Coil |  | for | 122 Swb |
|  |  | urnished only | hen spe | ecified |  |

## Operator's Telephone Equipment

The operator's telephone equipment that is regularly furnished with the No. 120 Type Switchboard is of the breast plate type and includes:
Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Code Description 800433 (47-A) Induction Coil 42370 (55) Condenser
800292 (205) Impedance Coil 801082 (93) Jack
42374 (60) Condenser 66241 (3-A) Varistor
42376 (62) Condenser 801453 (4) Op'ator's Tel. set
Anti-Side tone qualities are provided wherein outgoing transmission, including the effect of local noises, is prevented from reaching the operator's receiver, but does not affect high quality incoming transmission.

## Generator

The operator's facilities for the emergency ringing of station instruments consist of a generator circuit which includes:
Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Description
201678 (64) Generator 201119 Key (White)
33759 Shaft 42792 Lamp (lloV, 40 Watt) 33760 Crank (ox. bronze) 42798 Socket
REGULAR RINGING is accomplished by means of a 20 cycle alternating current derived from some type of power generator such as the Sub-Cycle, or Rotary Converter.
EMERGENCY RINGING is accomplished by means of the hand generator furnished with the switchboard. A key is provided to switch from hand to power generator or the opposite.

## Night Alarm Equipment

To assist the operator in performing her duties, each switchboard is provided with $\alpha$ night alarm. The apparatus for this purpose includes:
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Stock No. Code } \\ 201119 & \text { Description } \\ \text { Key (White) } & 801861 \text { (50-1L) Buzzer }\end{array}$ 201119 Key (White) 801861 (50-LL) Buzzer 803103 (381-A) Relay (Line) *800289 (202) Impedance Coil 803103 (381-A) Relay (Supv.) $\$ 42376$ (62) Condenser
*Used when D.C. specified
The night alarm is controlled by the Push Button Key. When this key is operated the night alarm sounds simultaneously with incoming line calls, incoming trunk calls and on cord circuit supervision.
CONVERTIBLE-Regular night alarm equipment is furnished to operate from the generator current source of supply, but wiring is arranged so that the night alarm may readily be operated from direct current when this method of operation is desired.

## Batłery Switch

A switch is provided to cut the battery from the switchboard when no operator is at the switchboard. The equipment provided is: 201120 Key (red) 800751 (1-A) Distributing Bar (3)

## Conference Circuit Equipment

When the conference circuit is equipped, the following apparatus is required:

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 0 2 6 0 0}$ | $(160)$ | Jack For trunk or originating line |
| 802600 | $(160)$ | Jack For each conference station |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 6 8}$ | (95) | Mounting For above Jacks |
| 800293 | $(206)$ | Impedance Coil |
| $41578(206 Z-A A)$ | Relay For each conference station |  |
| 42375 | $(61)$ | Condenser For each conference station |
| Insulated Generator |  |  |

Insulated generator is provided when magneto or toll trunks are installed in the switchboard. The following equipment is required:

42372 (58) Condensers (5)

## NO. 104-C CORDLESS-10 LINES CAPACITY



Front View of No. 104-C Cordless Switchboard
This Switchboard is recommended for Private Exchange Systems of not more than 10 lines; also for Private Branch Exchange Systems of not more than 10 local lines and three trunk lines to the main exchange.

Both the apparatus and the circuits are arranged to operate either as an isolated system independennt of any commercial telephone exchange or as a branch system in conjunction with any commercial type of telephone exchange. The standard equipment is provided with trunking facilities for connecting with a common battery central office, but is arranged so that it requires only slight changes to adapt it for connecting with $\alpha$ Dial System. Such changes are made without sacrificing any of the essential operating features.
The compact design of the No. 104-C Cordless Switchboard makes it particularly desirable for office use. It may be placed on a desk or table for ease of operation by a clerk, stenographer, or any other person who has other office duties.

The routine of operations for these switchboards is similar to the routine of the No. 102 and the No. 106 types of PBX Switchboards. The exception of course is, that the connections on this switchboard are made by means of keys instead of by means of the plugs and cords that are used on the No. 102 and the No. 106 PBX Switchboards. Obviously, this standardization of operating routine is another important advantage to every telephone company that uses PBX equipment-it means maximum efficiency of the operating force with minimum schooling.

## Cabinet Design

The cabinet for the No. 104-C PBX Switchboard is of a more conventional type than the No. 121 Switchboard, and is very compact. The principal overall dimensions are as follows: Height-16 inches. Width-16inches. Depth at base- $12 \frac{1}{4}$ inches. Depth at top- $131 / 8$ inches. Shipping weight- 105 lbs .

Standard woodwork is quarter-sawed oak, finished in dull golden oak, or birch with walnut finish. In ordering specify type required.

The front panel is hinged and the rear panel is entirely removable. This construction provides for the quick inspecting and testing of all apparatus and circuits. A terminal board is
furnished in the upper portion of the cabinet, accessible from the rear. The terminal board carries all line, trunk, battery and generator terminals. Each group of these terminals is plainly designated so as to avoid mistakes when installing the apparatus.

## General Operation and Equipment

The general operation of the No. 104 Switchboard is the same as that described for the No. 121 Switchboard, but without the feature which allows the operator to answer a call when all connecting circuits are busy. The equipment is listed below:

## Line Equipment

Each line circuit includes:
Stock No. Code Description
802777 (195-A) Relay
801421 (13) Lamp Socket 802713 (342-GZ) Ring and Listening Key

Stock No. Code Description 802755 (343-EZ) Connecting Keys (2)

The line circuit features for this 80136 (24-B-2) Lamp to those described in the catalogue pages for No. 102 and the No. 106 types of PBX Switchboards.

## Connecting Equipment

Stromberg-Carlson No. 104-C Cordless Switchboards are equipped with the single lamp supervisory type of connecting circuit. Each connecting circuit includes:

| Stock No. Code | Description | Stock No. Code | Description |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 0 2 8 8 8}$ | (222Z-B) Relay | $\mathbf{8 0 2 6 8 5}$ | $(\mathbf{3 4 0}$-C) | Listening |  |
| $\mathbf{8 0 1 4 2 1}$ | (13) | Lamp Socket |  | Key |  |
| $\mathbf{8 0 1 4 1 3}$ | (31-B) | Lamp Cap | $\mathbf{8 0 1 3 6 9}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 4 - B - 2 )}$ | Lamp |

## Trunk Equipment

Each main trunk line for connection with a common battery manual exchange includes the following apparatus:
Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Code Description 803088 (306-X) Relay 41239 (34-D) Key, "RL" 201033 (263Z-X-CBC) Relay (3) 802749 (343-CZ)Keys (2) 201032 (263Z-BBC) Relay (4) 802750(343-DZ)Key (266Z-AY) Relay 801421 (13) Lamp Sockets (2) 800293 (206) Imp. Coil 801412 (31-A) Lamp Cap
42371 (56) Condenser 801414 (31-C) Lamp Cap 801369 (24-B-2) Lamp 800522 (22) Condenser (3)

## Operator's Telephone Equipment

The No. 1244-T (201139) Handset Telephone is used for operator's telephone equipment in the No. 104-C PBX Switchboard (see catalogue pages describing common battery telephones). This telephone takes an MD-6-D $5^{\prime} 3^{\prime \prime}$ Cord. Other equipmentmounted in the switchboard-includes:

| Stock No. | Code | Dascription | Stock No. Code Description |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 800433 | $(47-A)$ | Induction Coil | 42370 | $(55)$ |
| 800281 | $(21-A)$ | Impedance Coil | 48346 | $(57)$ Condenser |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Generator Equipment |  |  |

Regular ringing is provided in the same manner as for the No. 121 PBX Switchboard previously described.

The operator's facilities for emergency ringing of station instruments include:

| Stock No. Code | Description | Stock No. Code | Description |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11730 |  | Crank | 201975 |
| 201678 | (64) | Generator |  |

## Night Alarm Equipment

Each No. 104-C Cordless PBX Switchboard is furnished with $\alpha$ night alarm. The apparatus for this purpose includes:
Stock No. Code Dascription Stock No. Code Description
801861 (50-LL) Buzzer 201973 (334-C) Key,
803103 (381-A) Relay Engraved N A

## NOS. 102 AND 106 PBX SWITCHBOARDS



Front Perspective of No. 102 Switchboard

Many telephone companies have adopted Stromberg-Carlson Standard PBX Switchboards with plug-ended trunks because they have met the practical requirements of general service. They are designed for connecting with common battery, magneto, or dial exchanges up to capacities above which Multiple PBX Switchboards would be more economical.

## Capacity

No. 102
100 lines
180 lines (10 Jacks per strip)
300 lines ( 20 Jacks per strip)

## Cabinet Design

Since its introduction by Stromberg-Carlson several years ago, this cabinet design has provided a combination of those features most desired by the users:

The operator appreciates being able to look over the top of the cabinet; the low keyboard means that she can rest her feet comfortably on the floor; the dull black keyboard and plugboard combining excellent visibility with long wear.

Maintenance men approve the removeable front and rear panels; the full length keyboard hinge; the horizontally swinging relay gate making all relays, condensers and coils readily accessible.

The manager likes the straight-forward lines of the woodwork in oak or birch, finished in golden or limed oak, walnut, or mahogany to match office furnishings; the flush sides which give a continuous face to matched sections; the well-constructed cable forms which eliminate danger of cross-talk or cross-ringing within the switchboard.

The cabinets of these Switchboards are of two panel construction. They are compact but have large capacities. The height of the No. 102 is $451 / 2^{\prime \prime}$; width $251 / 4^{\prime \prime}$; depth over keyboard $35^{\prime \prime}$ and depth at base $243 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. The height of the No. 106 is $51^{\prime \prime}$; other dimensions are the same.

## Identical Characteristics

The No. 102 and No. 106 Switchboards with plug-ended trunks have identical operating characteristics-the same circuits are used in both. This means that an operator who is accustomed to handling one of these boards can readily handle the other. These boards also have identical apparatus, such as: relays, jacks, lamp sockets, lamps, plugs, cords, receivers and keys. Therefore, the parts are interchangeable and this enables an operating company to stock a minimum of apparatus parts for extensions or repairs.

## Line Equipment

Line equipment is furnished in either the relay or lamp series type.
Each line circuit in either the No. 102 or No. 106 Switchboard includes:
Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Code Description 801161 (135) Jack, 80 Mounting 801369 (24-B-2) Lamp 801424 (121) Lamp Socket, on 801392 (27-A) Lamp Cap 80 Mounting $\quad * 802775$ (194-A) Relay
*Used in relay type only
Some of the line equipment features are:
BALANCED TALKING CONDITIONS-both battery and ground are cut off the line jack when the operator plugs up to answer.
UNIFORM SIGNAL ON RELAY LINES-the line lamp is in a local relay-controlled circuit; therefore, line length does not affect signal strength.
BATTERY ECONOMY-the high winding of the line relay requires a minimum of current on relay lines.

RELIABLE SIGNAL-the line lamps are equipped with highly evacuated, tipless bulbs, rugged filaments and bakelite bases.

## Cord Equipment

The PBX cord circuits are of the double lamp supervisory type with three conductor plugs and three conductor cords. Each cord circuit includes:
Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Code Description
202080 (65-X) Plugs (2)
202226 (S-32-P) Cords 5 ft . (2)
801369 (24-B-2) Lamps (2)
802705 (342-BX) Key
800707 (6) Cord Weights (2) 802888 (222Z-B) Relays (2) 801421 (13) LampSockets (2) 42375 (61) Condenser 801413 (31-B) Lamp Caps (2)
The following equipment and circuit features are found in the PBX cord circuits:

CORRECT BATTERY FEED - the cord circuit is of the condenser type, thereby assuring both answering and calling stations their proper proportion of current.
BALANCED TRANSMISSION AND ECONOMY-the double-wound transmission coils provide a balanced circuit. They not only supply the talking circuit, but also supply the energy for the supervisory relays.

SIMPLICITY-each supervisory relay has only one break contact for controlling the supervisory lamp.
NEAT AND SERVICEABLE KEYBOARD EQUIPMENT-the keys mount flush and are neatly covered with a dull black insulating material. The lamp caps are of the non-breakable type without guards.

TRANSMISSION EFFICIENCY-both tip and ring talking conductors are free from series resistance or impedance coils.

## NOS. 102 AND 106 PBX SWITCHBOARDS (Cont.)

## Trunk Equipment

The trunks furnished in the No. 102 and No. 106 PBX Switchboards are provided with basic wiring, so that it is unnecessary to modify the key cable when adapting the PBX trunking apparatus to connect with any of the following types of central offices:
A. Common battery manual office through a normal loop resistance.
B. Common battery manual office though an abnormally high loop resistance.
C. Automatic central office through a normal loop resistance.
D. Automatic central office through an abnormally high loop resistance.
E. Magneto central office through any practical loop resistance.
Stromberg-Carlson PBX Switchboards will be furnished equipped with trunks for service in accordance with paragraph ( $A$ ) unless modifications are requested to conform with the requirements as outlined in paragraphs (B), (C), (D), and (E).
(A) MANUAL EXCHANGE STANDARD-Each common battery manual exchange circuit, which is arranged for operating through a normal loop resistance includes at the PBX Switchboards:

Stock No. Code Description
202080 (65-X) Plug
202226 (S-32-P) 5 ft . Cord 800707 (6) Cord Weight
801421 (13) LampSockets (3)
802698 (342-H) Key
801412 (31-A) Lamp Cap 800249 (16-L) Trunk Circuit 801413 (31-B) Lamp Cap Plate

These trunks have the following characteristics:
PLUG TERMINATION AT THE SWITCHBOARD permits the use of all the cord circuits on the PBX switchboard for local to local service, the convenient connection of local lines to trunk lines for through-night service and the simplification of apparatus in the PBX cord circuits. The plug ending of the PBX trunks also has the advantage that the central office and the PBX operators simultaneously receive disconnect signals.
TRIPLE SUPERVISION-facilitates fast and accurate operating. A white calling lamp lights when the central office operator rings out on a PBX trunk line. A green hold lamp lights when the PBX operator throws her listening key to answer a call coming through the central office operator. The presence of this signal always indicates that the trunk is being held by some act of the operator and signifies an off-normal condition, for example: it relights when the PBX party hangs up provided that the trunk listening key is accidentally left in the operated position; it also will flash under the same conditions if the PBX party moves the plunger switch of his telephone up and down, but it will not light when the operator monitors a connection.

A red disconnect lamp lights when the PBX party hangs up after completing a connection.
A FLASHING KEY provides an effective means for signaling the central office operator by flashing either the line or the answering supervisory signal before that operator.
THE TRUNK CIRCUIT PLATES furnish facilities for quickly changing trunks as necessary to connect with any type of central office [see paragraphs (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E).] The ease with which trunks may be added, omitted or modified by means of these trunk circuit plates makes it possible to hold PBX investment to $\alpha$ minimum. This economy of investment may be accom-
plished not only by carrying just one type of PBX switchboard in stock for connecting with any type of central office, but also by equipping each switchboard as it goes into service with only the exact number of trunks needed for present traffic.
(B) MANUAL EXCHANGE, ABNORMALLY HIGH RESISTANCESame as standard apparatus (A) except that No. 17-L Circuit Plate replaces No. 16-L.

Night Switching Keys are recommended with this type of trunk -to cut the repeating coils and the associated apparatus in the No. 17-L Trunk Circuit Plate out of circuit for night service.
(C) DIAL EXCHANGE, NORMAL RESISTANCE-Same as standard apparatus (A), except that 802742 (343-D) Key replaces 802698 (342-H) Key.

Common to all these trunks on each PBX switchboard, there will be required one dial.
(D) DIAL EXCHANGE, ABNORMALLY HIGH RESISTANCE-Same as (C) above, except that No. 17-L Circuit Plate replaces No. 16-L. Night Switching Keys are standard with this type of trunk- to cut the repeating coil and the associated apparatus in the No. 17-L Trunk Circuit Plate out of the circuit for night service.
(E) MAGNETO EXCHANGE-Same as standard apparatus (A) except that 802716 (342-JX) Key replaces 802698 (342-H) Key, and No. 17-L Circuit Plate replaces No. 16-L.

## Circuit Plate Parts

| No. 16-L |  |  | No. 17-L |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Description | Stock No. | Code |
| 800249 | (16-L) | Circuit Plate | 800250 | (17-L) |
| 801700 | (119-L) | Relay Mtg. Strip | 801700 | (119-L) |
| 802839 | (207Z-BC) | Relay | 802839 | (207Z-BC) |
| 803039 | (263Z-XCAC) | Relay | 803039 (2 | 263Z-XCAC) |
| 803088 | (306-X) | Relay | 803088 | (306-X) |
| 12706 |  | Terminal Strip | 12706 |  |
| 27053 |  | Shell Asm. (Casing) | 27053 |  |
| 42371 | (56) | Condenser | 42375 | (61) |
| 800293 | (206) | Impedance Coil |  |  |
|  |  | Repeating Coil | 800436 | (11-AL) |
| 802857 | (212Z-CY) | Relay | 802798 | (204Z-CY) |



Rear Perspective of No. 102 Switchboard

NOS. 102 AND 106 PBX SWITCHBOARDS (Cont.)


Front Perspective No. 106 Switchboard

## Generator Equipment

REGULAR RINGING is accomplished by means of 20 cycles alternating current which is brought into the PBX switchboard from a power generator. However, the greatest ringing economy is accomplished by using a Stromberg-Carlson No. 9 Converter, which is of the vibrating type (see Accessories). This converter, when connected with a Stromberg-Carlson PBX switchboard, runs only during the periods in which it is required for ringing, such as from the moment when a calling cord is plugged up until the called subscriber answers; also from the moment when a trunk listening key is thrown until the called PBX subscriber answers. Each switchboard which will receive its ringing current from the No. 9 Converter requires one 803103 (381-A) Relay. This relay is known as the converter-starting relay. It is provided for in the wiring of the No. 102 and No. 106 PBX Switchboards.
EMERGENCY RINGING is accomplished by means of a hand generator. A Key is furnished for switching from hand to power generator or vice versa.
The operator's facilities for the emergency ringing of station instruments consists of a generator circuit which includes:
Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Code Dascription
*201678 (64) Generator 41868 Crank
201740 (334-C) Key, En- 13968 Crank Shaft graved Gen. 801822 (28-H) Ringer
*If used to replace a No. 53 Generator, also order No. 202517 Adapter and an Extension Shaft of appropriate length.
SIGNALLING INDICATION is one of the features of StrombergCarlson PBX Switchboards. This is a great help to operators because through its use the operator knows with reasonable certainty, not only when she is ringing out on a line, but also whether the line is in proper condition for signalling purposes. This "signalling indication" is accomplished by means of a ringer in the generator circuit which responds to the flow of signalling current.

Operator's Telephone Equipment
The operator's telephone equipment that is regularly furnished with either the No. 102 or the No. 106 PBX Switchboard is of the suspended transmitter type and includes:

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stock No. } \\ & \mathbf{8 0 2 5 2 7} \end{aligned}$ | Code(15) |  | Stock |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Tran | 80 |  |  |  |
|  |  | Arm | 800281 | (21-A) | Im | Coil |
| 802525 | (22) | Transmitter | 42370 | (55) | Condenser |  |
| 800632 | MO-1- | 5' Cords (2) | 48346 | (57) | Con |  |
| 801592 | (29) | Receiver | 42375 | (61) | on |  |
| 201839 | (66) | Plug | 801082 | (93) |  |  |
| 202 |  | $4^{\prime}$ Cor | 66241 | (3-A) | Varistor |  |

This operator' 4 Cord 1
NOISELESS-Flexible cords are used to suspend the transmitter so that it will not render the operator's circuit noisy by picking up floor vibrations. As a further means of protecting the operator from the influence of extraneous noises an anti-side-tone induction coil is provided. Sharp clicks and the effect of ringing current are prevented from reaching the operator's ear without reducing the reception level.
SANITARY-The operator's receiver is provided with a wire head band which is not only light in weight, but free from either dust-collecting or moisture-absorbing surfaces. The transmitter is provided with $\alpha$ non-porous, removeable mouth-piece.
FOOLPROOF-Condensers in the operator's leads to the trunk circuits make it impossible to cross central office battery with that of the cord circuits by an overlapping operation of the listening keys in those circuits.
CONVENIENT-The suspended type of transmitter as regularly furnished, with its quickly removed head receiver, is convenient for the attendant who has various duties to perform other than those of a PBX operator and who frequently has occasion to leave the switchboard.
CONVERTIBLE-It is $\alpha$ simple matter to change from suspended type transmitter to breast plate type or vice versa-the wiring is all in place for either type of transmitter. If a breast plate type transmitter is desired, the 801453 (No. 4) Operator's Telephone Set will be furnished in place of the regular suspended transmitter.

## Night Alarm Equipment

To assist the operator in performing her duties each StrombergCarlson PBX Switchboard is provided with a night alarm. The apparatus for this purpose includes:

## Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Code Description

 803103 (381-A) Relay 201738 (334-C) Key, 801861 (50-LL) Buzzer Engraved N. A.The night alarm is controlled by the Push Button Key, which is mounted near the top of the switchboard. When this key is fully operated the night alarm sounds simultaneously with incoming line calls, with incoming trunk calls, with the answering cord's disconnect signals and with the trunks's disconnect signals.

The following two types of night alarm circuits are available: THE REGULAR NIGHT ALARM EQUIPMENT which is arranged to operate from the switchboard's source of power ringing current. This type of night alarm will be furnished unless the Special Night Alarm Equipment is requested.
SPECIAL NIGHT ALARM EQUIPMENT. This is necessary when the power ringing current is derived from an intermittently operated Stromberg-Carlson No. 5 Converter. This type of night alarm is arranged to operate from the switchboard's source of battery supply and requires the following additional apparatus: Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Code Description 800289 (202) Impedance Coil 42376 (62) Condenser

NOS. 102 AND 106 PBX SWITCHBOARDS (Cont.)


Face and Keyboard Equipment-No. 102 PBX Switchboard

No. 102 Type PBX

| Line Jacks 10 per Strip with Associated Designation |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UltimateWiring | Code Letter | Lines Equip'd | Cords Equip'd | Trunks Equip'd | Shipping Weight |
|  | A | 10 | 4 | 2 | 390 lbs . |
|  | B | 20 | 4 | 3 | 400 lbs . |
|  | C | 30 | 5 | 3 | 410 lbs . |
| 100 lines | D | 40 | 6 | 3 | 420 lbs . |
| 10 Cord Prs. | E | 50 | 8 | 3 | 430 lbs . |
| 10 Trunks | F | 60 | 8 | 3 | 440 lbs. |
|  | G | 70 | 8 | 4 | 450 lbs . |
|  | H | 80 | 10 | 4 | 460 lbs . |
|  | I | 90 | 10 | 4 | 470 lbs. |
|  | J | 100 | 10 | 5 | 480 lbs. |

No. 106 Type PBX
Line Jacks 10 per Strip with Associated Designation

| Ultimate Wiring | Code <br> Letter | Lines Equip'd | Cords Equip'd | Trunks Equip'd | Shipping Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 180 Lines | A | 100 | 8 | 5 | 500 lbs . |
| 8 Cord Prs. | B | 150 | 8 | 6 | 550 lbs . |
| 11 Trunks | C | 180 | 8 | 7 | 580 lbs . |
| Line Jacks 20 per Strip with Associated Designation-Hotel Type |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ulitimate | Code Letter | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lines } \\ & \text { Equip'd } \end{aligned}$ | Cords Equip'd | Trunks Equip'd | Shipping Weight |
| 300 Lines | D | 200 | 6 | 5 | 560 lbs . |
| 8 Cord Prs. | E | 240 | 7 | 6 | 600 lbs . |
| 7 Trunks | F | 280 | 8 | 7 | 675 lbs . |

NOTE-On Hotel Type boards more or fewer trunks and cords may be figured to meet requirements but the sum total of such cords and trunks must never exceed the ultimate of 19 circuits.

## NOS. 102 AND 106 PBX SWITCHBOARDS (Cont.)

In the operation of series lamp line circuits the proper performance of night alarm relay equipment, due to line leakage conditions is an important factor. If the amount of line leakage exceeds the operating value of the night alarm relay it will result in the false operation of the night alarm circuit.

It is also important that the line leakage should not exceed the release value of the night alarm relay, since it will be held operated after it is once energized by an incoming signal.

In a system in which all lines are confined to an interior wiring installation, one night alarm relay, not to exceed 100 lines, will operate satisfactorily under the average normal conditions.

For systems with outside line construction it is recommended that the line circuit should be of the line relay control type, or if series lamp line circuits are employed to equip one night alarm relay circuit equipment for each group of twenty lines furnished.


Rear Equipment No. 102 PBX Switchboard

## CONVENIENCE SYSTEMS

Stromberg-Carlson Convenience Systems make ideal installations for small business or professional offices. They offer trunk and inter-communicating service day and night, without the service of an attendant. Banks, architect's offices, clubs, large residences, country estates, and especially the large modern farm can use this type of service with great convenience to themselves and bring an additional source of revenue to the operating company. Stromberg-Carlson will be glad to help introduce this system in your community.

## No. 2-6 Telephone System

The Stromberg-Carlson No. 2-6 System meets the demand for efficient telephone service in places where the requirements are not great enough for use of a PBX Switchboard and too large for a single city trunk with one or two extension telephones.
The 2-6 System provides common talking, selective ringing service for an ultimate of six local lines and has a capacity of two trunk lines. These trunks are available to all telephones for connection to any central office exchange, manual or dial, without the services of regular operator.

Central office calls can be originated, answered, held and transferred to any station of the system.

One station can be arranged for secret service on both central office trunks, or two stations can be arranged with secret service on one trunk each. Standard No. 2-6 Systems as they leave the factory have station No. 1 arranged for secret service on Trunk 1. All other central office trunk conversations are common to all telephones. The equipment is designed to operate from 22 volts D.C.

## Capacity

The maximum capacity is 2 central office trunks and 6 local stations. Secret service may be applied to both trunks. Any station may be arranged for code call. If desired, any station can be restricted to local inter-communication only.


[^1] Finished in olive green to match office furniture.


No. 1270 Telephone for Convenience Systems

## Telephones

The new 1270 Series Telephones used with Convenience Systems are the latest self-contained desk type, matching the No. 1243 common battery instruments in appearance and in essential components. The same rugged zinc die-cast housing with its simple flowing lines, and the same No. 23-W Handset with capsule transmitter and receiver units is used; also the 200595 Induction Coil-Capacitor unit embedded in a moisture-proof plastic case with terminals for the necessary wiring connections. All telephones are equipped with a high grade buzzer for local intercommunication signalling.
Each telephone is equipped with non-locking push buttons for selectively ringing any local telephone and for answering, holding and transferring, or originating central office calls.

The different telephones in this series are:
Telephone Replaces Buttons Line Cord Used with
No. 1270 No. 11958 WD-14C 2-6 Type Systems
No. 1271 No. $1215 \quad 12$ WD-18C 2-10 Type Systems
No. 1272 No. $1216 \quad 12$ WD-18C 3-9 Type Systems
They are described in more detail in connection with the various systems where they are used.

## Relay Cabinet

The relay switching and terminal equipment used is housed in a surface-mounting steel wall cabinet. Dimensions are approximately: Height $187 / 16^{\prime \prime}$, width $103 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ and depth $65 / 16^{\prime \prime}$. The relays are arranged so that they may be easily inspected for adjustment or tests. The terminals are of the standard telephone type making use of soldered connections.

CONVENIENCE SYSTEMS (Cont.)


No. 1261-B Desk Set Box Shown at right

No. 90-A Terminal Box Shown at left


NO. 90-A TERMINAL BOX is used with the current 1270 series telephones for Convenience Systems. This also matches the common battery instruments. The cover is similar to the black plastic box which houses the No. 1260 Desk Set Box. It has a removable base of cadmium plated steel on which screw type terminals are mounted for making all necessary connections.
The No. 90-A Terminal Box replaces the No. $89-A$ and $89-B$ Terminal Boxes which were used with the old style Nos. 1195, 1196, 1215 and 1216 Telephones for Convenience Systems.

NO. 1261-B DESK SET BOX is recommended for the trunk signalling device in Convenience Systems. These boxes are the same in outward appearance as the No. 90-A Terminal Box and the No. 1260 Desk Set Box. The same interchangeable base is used for mounting the ringer and other components. They may be placed at any point within the hearing of the persons designated to take incoming trunk calls. Desk set boxes with chime tones may be ordered if this type of signal is preferred.

The No. 1261-BZ is the same instrument with biased ringer.

## Local Calls-Inter-Communication

Local inter-communicating calls are made by removing the receiver and pushing the non-locking push button opposite the name or number of the person desired, thereby ringing the station call bell. All local conversations are common talking. When the called station answers, no push button operation is necessary.


Close-up of Push Buttons-No. 1270 Telephone

## Central Office Calls-Incoming

Incoming central office calls are signalled by a bell operated from the central office ringing equipment. To answer an incoming call remove the receiver of any telephone and operate the blue or green non-locking push button to complete the connection. The incoming central office signalling bells should be of two different tones, one associated with the blue and the other with the green trunk push buttons; the tone of the signal bell signifies which trunk is to be answered.

## Code Call

Code ringing service, when specified, can be furnished as an extra feature with either 2-6 or 2-10 Convenience Systems without any change in system equipment or wiring. Any station can be arranged for originating code call signals by the installation of a Stromberg-Carlson 53350 Code Call Key Box. A cord of proper size and length is furnished with each key box.

A separate bell is necessary at each station that is equipped for code call service. This call bell rings at the station originating the signal so that a means of checking the code is provided.

## CONVENIENCE SYSTEMS (Cont.)

## No. 2-6 Telephone System (Cont.) Operation (Cont.)

## Holding and Transferring Central Office Calls

In a telephone system of this kind, in which any station can answer incoming central office calls, it is obvious that a call being answered by a certain station is not always for the party that does the answering. In this case the central office call must be held at the answering station by operating the non-locking red hold button. This operation causes the station circuit to connect with the common talking circuit.

By means of the proper ringing button, the answering station now calls the desired local station. When this local station responds, instructions are given to cut in on the proper trunk line and the outside call is completed. Should this party desire later to transfer the central office call to some other station, the same procedure as above should be followed.

To discontinue the use of any station that is cut in on central office trunk, that station's receiver is hung up. This releases the station trunk cut-in equipment. In event that a trunk held by a station is to be released, operate the cut-in button and hang up the receiver.

## Central Office Calls-Outgoing

Outgoing calls to the central office are made by pressing either the blue or green trunk button which makes connections with the central office. To flash the central office operator, press the button associated with the trunk that has been selected and operate the hookswitch.
The equipment is so arranged that if more than one trunk button is pressed at one time, only one trunk to the central office will be selected. This is accomplished by electrical interlocking arrangement of the trunk cut-in relays.

No inter-communicating equipment is used when making or receiving central office calls.

## Variations of the No. 2-6 <br> Telephone System

## No. 1-7 Telephone System

The Stromberg-Carlson No. 1-7 Telephone System is a modification of the No. 2-6 to serve those places where only one trunk is required but where more inter-communicating service is needed. This system resembles the 2-6 System in appearance and operation, but uses only one button for central office trunk and seven buttons for local and hold connections. It makes use of the same telephone, No. 1270, and the No. 2-6 Relay Cabinet, to which is added one No. 252-MM Line Relay and one No. 25 Relay Casing. The local cable is wired for either a No. 2-6 or a No. 1-7 System. No. 1-7 Relay Cabinets are not carried in stock, therefore the purchaser is required to modify the No. 2-6 Cabinet for this service.

## No. 3-5 Telephone System

This system operates similarly to the No. 2-6 System. It fits requirements when three central office trunks are necessary and when five local stations suffice. The same telephone (No. 1270) is used. A No. 3-5 Relay Cabinet is available for this system.


Operation of Push Buttons to Transfer a Call
Buttons 1-5 Operate Station Signals for Inter-Communicating Buttons 6-7 Connect Telephone with an Outside Line Button 8 Holds an Outside Call while Ringing Another Station

## No. 7-6 Telephone System

The No. 7-6 Telephone System provides a specialized type of service; it is a satellite system working into $\alpha$ PBX Switchboard. The eight buttons on each telephone have the following functions: one button which controls an individual private trunk from each local station to the PBX; one button that controls a trunk which is common to all six stations also terminating at the PBX; one hold button to hold either trunk; and five buttons controlling the individual six stations for inter-communication between themselves, wholly independent of the PBX Switchboard. The No. 1270 Telephone is used in this system. This arrangement requires a steel relay cabinet with dimensions approximately as follows: height $247 / 16^{\prime \prime}$. width $153 / 16^{\prime \prime}$, depth $61 / 4^{\prime \prime}$.

## No. 2-M-6 Telephone Systems (For Magneto Exchange)

These systems have the same general appearance and the same operating characteristics as the No. 2-6 System, but are designed to operate in connection with magneto central offices.

The relay cabinet is somewhat larger than the one used in the Siandard No. 2-6, having the following approximate dimensions: height $247 / 16^{\prime \prime}$, width $213 / 16^{\prime \prime}$, and depth $65 / 16^{\prime \prime}$.
When a subscriber wishes to call the magneto exchange, he removes his telephone from the hookswitch and presses one of the trunk buttons. This causes a momentary flow of direct current to operate the magneto signal at the magneto switchboard. This current is furnished from the eleven cells of storage battery ordinarily provided for the operation of the system.

When the telephone is returned to the hookswitch, a disconnect signal is produced in $\alpha$ manner similar to that previously described. The uses of the hold, trunk and inter-communicating buttons are the same as in the No. 2-6 System. The same No. 1270 Telephone is employed.

## CONVENIENCE SYSTEMS (Cont.)

## Nos. 2-10, 1-11 and 3-9 Telephone Systems

These systems have the same general operating characteristics


No. 1271 Telephone for Convenience Systems as the No. 2-6 System. They are arranged for secret service on one or more trunks, and may be used with dial or manual exchange connections. The systems differ in the number of trunks and local connecting circuits. In the case of the No. 2-10 System, There are two central office trunks and capacity for ten local stations; in the No. 1-11 there is one trunk and eleven local stations, while in the No. 3-9 there are three trunks and nine local stations. The No. 2-10 and No. 1-11 use the same relay cabinet; $\alpha$ different cabinet is provided for the 3-9 System. The dimensions of the cabinets are approximately: height $24^{\prime \prime}$, width $15^{\prime \prime}$ and depth $6^{\prime \prime}$.
With these systems a telephone with a larger key or button capacity is necessary. The No. 1271 Handset Telephone equipped with 12 push buttons is used with the No. 2-10 System, and the No. 1272 is used with the No. 3-9 System. In other respects these telephones are the same as the No. 1270 which is used with the No. 2-6 Systems.

## No. 2-M-10 Telephone Systems

These systems operate and have the same general use as the No. 2-M-6 type for magneto central office exchanges, but with increased capacity. The No. 1271 Telephone is employed.

## SELECTIVE TALKING CONVENIENCE SYSTEMS

## No. 2-10 ST and No. 3-9 ST Telephone Systems

The No. 2-10 ST and No. 3-9 ST Systems operate from the subscriber's standpoint much the same as the No. 2-10 and the No. 3-9 Systems. The chief point of difference is that the No. 2-10 ST and No. 3-9 ST Systems provide selective talking, as well as selective ringing for local connections. Other refinements are also added to make these systems function with speed and accuracy.

Relay, condenser and coil equipment is mounted on steel frame work approximately $30^{\prime \prime}$ high, $321 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide, and $12^{\prime \prime}$ deep. As this type of equipment is usually mounted in basements or closets, the outside casing is made of plain sheet steel $.050^{\prime \prime}$ with readily removable panels. Case dimensions are approximately $3011 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ high, $3211 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ wide, and $121 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ deep.

## Operation

The following features and facilities are afforded:
LOCAL CALLS-STATION TO STATION are made by removing the handset from the cradle and depressing the button designated. as the party wanted. The called party only is signalled as long as the button is depressed. A tone indication is heard if the called station is not busy. If the station is busy, no tone will be heard. When the called station answers, no push button operation is necessary. Simply removing the handset from the cradle completes the connection and the conversation takes place over a selected talking pair-not common talking. Other local telephones are barred from this line, so that a secret talking circuit is provided.
LOCAL TO TRUNK CALL-OUTGOING. Removing the handset from the cradle and then depressing one of the trunk buttons is the first step to secure the PBX or central office operator. When the trunk button is released after being depressed, a tone will be heard if the trunk is not busy. This indicates that the call has been completed. If no tone is heard the trunk is busy. It is then necessary to press another trunk button until a non-busy trunk is found. If the subscriber accidentally presses more than one button at once, the action will not tie up more than one trunk.

TRUNK TO LOCAL-INCOMING. When the incoming trunk signal is heard the party receiving the call depresses the trunk button corresponding with the tone associated with its particular signal. This connects the answering party with the party calling over the trunk line.

TRANSFER OF TRUNK CALL TO ANOTHER LOCAL STATION. After answering a trunk call, it may become necessary to transfer it to another local party. This is accomplished by operating the (Red) hold button, which holds the line so that the connection will not be taken down at the PBX or central office. Then the station desired is called in the usual manner and told it is wanted on (for example) trunk No. 1. In order for the desired party to cut in on Trunk No. 1, it will be necessary for him to depress the trunk button No. 1 twice. After the party originally answering the trunk has given the instructions to the party desired, the telephone is returned to the cradle in the usual manner. A trunk call may be transferred back and forth as many times as required if the hold button is operated in the prescribed manner. It is highly important to operate the hold button before replacing the handset.

REGAINING OPERATOR'S ATTENTION. On trunk calls to PBX or central office operator, when the subscriber wishes to regain the operator's attention, it may be accomplished by holding the trunk button down and operating the hookswitch plunger in the telephone cradle. It is necessary to remember that the handset should be removed from the cradle before the trunk button is released.

SECRET SERVICE. When used with dial central offices, all trunk wiring is arranged for secret service, so that an established trunk call cannot be mutilated by another station if it attempts to use the same trunk. A slight change in wiring, however, allows systems used with manually operated central offices to have certain stations arranged for secret service and others open to all stations. One station may also be arranged to take all

## CONVENIENCE SYSTEMS (Cont.)

## Selective Talking Systems (Cont.)

incoming calls and to supervise such connections after they have been established.

The Nos. 1271 and 1272 Telephones are used in connection with these systems in a manner similar to the No. 2-10 and No. 3-9 Systems.


View into Housing-No. 1271 Telephone

No. 2-M-10 ST and No. 3-M-9 ST Telephone Systems
These systems operate and have the same general functions as the No. 2-M-6 Systems except they provide selective talking as well as selective ringing features. They make use of the No. 1271 and No. 1272 Handset Telephones. Prices on relay cabinets quoted upon application.


Parts for Convenience System Apparatus

Parts of Telephones
(Used commonly unless otherwise specified)
Stock No.
803486
35808
200595
35824
202301
503703
12456
801757
501203
202304
202305
202306
202321
202309
41563
202310
502433
202311
202312
202313
202314
202315
202316
202318
25829
42158
32882
45410
202319
202325
202326

Description
No. 23-W Handset (3 Cond.)
Rubber Foot
Coil and Capacitor Unit
Screw, Coil and Capacitor mtg.
Terminal Block Assembly
Screw, Terminal Block mtg.
Nut, Terminal Block mtg.
Edwards Lungen Buzzer
Screw, Buzzer mtg.
Push Button Spring Group (1270)
Push Button Spring Group (1271)
Push Button Spring Group (1272)
Housing, 8 Button (1270)
Housing, 12 Button (1271, 1272)
Screw, Housing to Base
Retaining Plate, Push Button
Screw, Retaining Plate to Housing
Spacer, Retaining Plate
Push Button, Black
Push Button, Red
Push Button, Green
Push Button, White (1271)
Push Button, Blue
Holder, Station Designation Strip
Screw, Holder to Housing
Complete Hookswitch Spring Comb.
Plunger, Hookswitch
Screen, Base Plate
Base Plate
Cord, WD-14C 14 Cond. (1270)
Cord, WD-18C 18 Cond. (1271, 1272)

Parts of No. 90-A Terminal Box

| Stock No. | Description |
| ---: | :--- |
| 201985 | Housing, Black Plastic |
| 201986 | Base Plate |
| 201987 | Terminal Block Assembly |
| 17024 | Spacer, Terminal Block mtg. |
| 503823 | Screw, Terminal Block mtg. |
| 35808 | Rubber Foot |
| 41685 | Bracket, Housing to Base |
| 41710 | Screw, Housing to Base |
| 521431 | Screw, wall mounting |
| 200787 | Washer, wall mounting |

Parts of No. 1261 Desk Set Box

Stock No.
41562
35809
35808
41685
41710
41560
201753
801911
32949
35547
201942
521431
200787

## Description

Housing, Black Plastic
Base Plate
Rubber Foot
Bracket, Housing to Base
Screw, Housing to Base
Cover, Ringer window
No. 65-A Ringer, Used on No. 1261-B
No.61-ARinger (Biased) Used on No. 1261-BZ
Terminal Strip Assembly
Spacer, Terminal Strip mtg.
Capacitor Assembly
Screw, wall mounting
Washer, wall mounting

See next page for ordering information on major elements of Convenience Systems and necessary Accessories.

## CONVENIENCE SYSTEMS (Cont.)


*In using the 2-10 Cabinet with the 1-11 System, it is necessary to add 1 No. 206-CMQ Relay with No. 25 Casing.

## GENERAL INDEX

A complete alphabetical index with cross references for all the products shown in this section or any of the other sections will be found in the center of this catalog.

## Accessories <br> Used with No. 2-6 Type Systems <br> Cable

The No. 102 Type Cable is used for the installation of the 2-6 System and its variations.

This cable has a total of 22 Conductors consisting of 9 pairs and one spare pair of No. 22 AWG wires and 2 single wires of No. 18 AWG. Either moisture-treated external cotton braid or lead sheath can be furnished. The lead sheath is recommended in all cases, however, because it not only prevents trouble from moisture or unexpected leaks but it also is a safeguard against mechanical injury.

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800203 | $(102-L)$ | Lead Cover |
| 800201 | $(102-B)$ | Cotton Braid Cover |
| $\mathbf{2 0 3 1 5 5}$ | $(102-\mathrm{P})$ | Plastic Cover |
|  | Power | Equipment |

These systems operate on 22 volt direct current which can be supplied in any of the following ways:

Dry Cells-Eighteen $11 / 2$ volt cells in series.
Battery Current-From the Central Office.
Storage Battery-ll cells of Exide type BTMH-2 with . 5 ampere trickle charger.
Rectifilter-No. 1027-R Raytheon, 5 amp. capacity.

## Code Call Equipment

A small metal Key Box equipped with a cam type key and an eight conductor cord, $5^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ long, comprises the equipment necessary to install a code call service on a No. 2-6 System. With this arrangement it is possible to ring all local stations at one time and thus a system of code calling may be instituted to locate people who are in the habit of leaving their particular telephone location. Size of box: $41 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 37 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 17 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.

## Used with No. 2-10 Type Systems Cable

The No. 103 Type Cable is used for the installation of 2-10, 3-9 and variations of these systems.

This cable has a total of 26 conductors consisting of 11 pairs and one spare pair of No. 22 AWG wires and 2 single wires of No. 18 AWG. Either moisture-treated external cotton braid or lead sheath can be furnished. The lead sheath is recommended in all cases, however, because it not only prevents trouble from moisture or unexpected leaks, but it also is a safeguard against mechanical injury.

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 2 0 4}$ | $(103-L)$ | Lead Covered |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 2 0 2}$ | $(103-B)$ | Cotton Braid Cover |
| $\mathbf{2 0 3 1 5 4}$ | $(103-\mathrm{P})$ | Plastic Cover |
|  | Power | Equipment |

These systems operate on a 22 volt direct current which can be supplied in any of the following ways:

Dry Cells-Eightee: $11 / 2$ volt cells in series.
Battery Current--From the Central Office.
Storage Battery-11 Cells of CTMH-2 with .5 ampere trickle charger.
Rectifilter-No. 1027-R Raytheon, 5 amp. capacity.
Code Call Equipment
A small metal Key Box equipped with a cam type key and a twelve conductor cord, $5^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ long, comprise the equipment necessary to install a code call service on No. 2-10 Type Systems. Key Box Size: $41 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 37 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 17 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.

## MULTIPLE LINE KEY TURRET

There are many business and professional establishments that are not large enough to warrant a special "Order Board" for handling incoming calls. On the other hand, traffic in such places is too heavy to be handled by individual telephones answered by one or more of the office personnel. Careful and satisfactory attention to telephones calls often means the difference between profit and loss.
The perfect solution is the Stromberg-Carlson Multiple Line Key Turret-an investment that will soon pay for itself by eliminating delays in handling incoming calls that could not be given proper attention without service of this kind. Ask your Stromberg-Carlson representative for attractive booklet.

Multiple Line Key Turrets make it possible for an incoming call to be handled by more than one person or operator. For example, in a department store, when customers call in over one of the telephone trunks to place an order or to secure information, the message can be handled promptly, as more than one operator can take the call. In other cases, the system may be used to extend the trunks to $\alpha$ number of offices so that when one person is out, another may answer; or it may be used to permit one person to answer all calls and signal the party desired by the push button signal system, at which time the party wanted takes over the call. All turret stations may also originate outgoing calls.

As many as nine key-and-lamp-ended lines may be handled at a single turret position, and with these turrets multiplied, prompt response to incoming calls is assured. It retains the essential features for holding, signalling and busy supervision.

## Construction and Arrangement

The cabinet turret woodwork is walnut and consists of three basic units: the base, the key section and the top. The base, No. 24809, contains the terminal equipment, telephone and night alarm equipment, common talking key and indicator lamp. Above the base, the key sections, No. 24808, are mounted. One, two or three sections may be so installed. Each key section contains three keys, three line lamps and three busy lamps, or an ultimate of nine circuits. To finish the turret $\alpha$ No. 24807 Top covers the assembled equipment.

In cases where signalling between turret operators is desired the No. 26004 Top equipped with five push buttons is substituted for the No. 24807.

The relar equipment for the system is housed in a sheet metal cabinet finished in green to blend with office furniture, arranged for wall mounting. Relays, condensers, fuses and time release element are mounted accessibly on the door of the cabinet while the terminals are mounted in the stationary portion. The terminal capacity is for six key turrets of three key sections each. This provides a total ultimate of nine trunk lines per turret. The circuits of the turrets are multiplied on the terminal strip, so that as many as six attendants have access to any or all of the nine telephones.

The Standard No. 1 Relay Cabinet Assembly is wired for the ultimate but is carried in stock with three trunk lines equipped. Dimensions of relay cabinet are: height, $247 / 16^{\prime \prime}$, width, $153 / 16^{\prime \prime}$, depth, $65 / 16^{\prime \prime}$.

Telephone equipment for the operator may be provided in three types, breast plate type, handset desk type, or suspended type.

## Standard Equipments

All parts-bases, key sections and tops-are carried in stock and shipped separately. The key sections and the bases are completely wired with local cable forms, permitting the customer to assemble and connect the turret assemblies to meet installation requirements.


No. 1 Stromberg-Carlson Key Turret



Base Section, No. 24809, Multiple Line Key Turret

## MULTIPLE LINE KEY TURRET (Cont.)

## Telephone Equipment

Attendant's station telephones may be selected from the following types:

> Stock No. Code 201377 48046 $(1244-W)$ $(1234-M)$ Handset Telephone (Desk Type) 801453 (4) Operator's Telephenene Set (Breast-plate) NOTE: No station bell is required with these instruments. Dials may be used when operating into a dial central office.

## Turret Signalling Top

The No. 26004 Top is used when it is desired to have common talking and selective ringing between turrets. The common talking key is furnished with all bases.

No. 26004 Top provides 5 Push Buttons and 1 Miniature Buzzer.

When specified, $\alpha$ six-foot eight conductor cord and an eightpoint terminal block are furnished. This provides a finished appearance to the wiring for the separate inter-communicating circuit and also provides suitable terminals for readily making the required connections.

When No. 24807 Top is replaced by No. 26004 Top, add the Letter " $D$ " to the equipment code number. Thus 1-A Equipment becomes 1-AD Equipment.


Under Side of Push Button Top, No. 26004

## Noise Killer Equipment

When the No. 26004 Push Button Top is used, it becomes necessary to provide noise eliminating equipment, which is common to all turrets. This equipment is mounted in one unit known as:

Stock No. Description Noise Killer Assembly

## Installation

The Multiple Key Turret System requires separate machinemade cable between each individual turret and the central relay cabinet. No. 800156 ( $65-\mathrm{BE}$ ) braided cable ( 20 triple No. 22 AWG) is suitable in dry places but No. 201393 (65-L) with lead sheath, should be used where runs are exposed to moisture or mechanical injury and in the case of conduit installations.

It is good practice to connect the wiring to all terminals of the turret base as this will simplify any later installation of additional key sections. Turret base cables are not soldered at the factory.

Sometimes, when leaded cable is used, it may not be desirable to bring the runs all the way to the turret base. In these cases a splicing terminal is recommended such as Type "E" Reliable Building Terminal Box with a Type T " 20 " triple terminal strip.

When signalling tops are included in the installation No. 164-B (braided) or No. 164-BS (leaded) cable can be used which provides sufficient wiring ( 6 pairs) for a full complement of six turrets.

## Relay Cabinet Equipment

The standard No. 1 Relay Cabinet Assemblies (Stock No. 24726) are wired for nine telephone lines and equipped for 3 lines. This includes wiring for intercepting line equipment. All additional line equipment apparatus and intercept relay apparatus is shipped separately to be mounted and connected for installation requirements.
Each additional line equipment requires the following:
Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Code Description
803084 (298ZW-AYAY) Relay 801610 (25) Relay Casing 802993 (253Z-BYCY) Relay 28158 Resistor, 37193 Condenser, 1 mf . 1000 ohms
Intercepting service requires the following per line:
Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Code Description
801610 (25) Relay Casing 802871 (215Z-AY) Relay
When it is known at the time equipment is originally ordered that talking between turrets is desired, order Noise Killer Equipment per Stock List B-7134 for mounting in No. 1 Relay Cabinet.


No. 1 Relay Cabinet for Stromberg-Carlson Key Turret Equipment

## Power Supply

This system is designed to operate off 22 volts D.C. and the current can be supplied in any one of the three following methods:
A. Battery Supply over cable pairs from the central office main battery or special battery at the central office.
B. Storage Battery located on premises and charged from $\alpha$ dry plate rectifier such as 11 cells CTMH-2 Battery with 842028 Rectox Charger.
C. Recti-Filter Battery Supply Unit. Either No. 1040 (3 Amp.) or No. 1043 ( 1.5 Amp .) depending on requirements.
When figuring any of the above battery supply methods the maximum current drain to be used is approximately 4 amperes at 22 volts. This current figure takes care of an instantaneous load when the system is fully equipped; this extreme condition is seldom met in actual operation.

## INTER-COMMUNICATING SYSTEMS

## (LESS EXCHANGE TRUNKS)

Inter-Communicating Systems have gained universal recognition for providing reliable telephone communication in installations requiring limited local service and not requiring outside or city connections. Offices, factories, stores, schools, apartments, and institutions find these systems efficient and convenient. In addition to providing greater effectiveness within the organization, the switchboard will be relieved of much of its burden, permitting better service for calls coming in.

Executive System (No. 1-A)


No. 6240-C24 Wall Mounting
Selective Talking-Selective Ringing
This System features selective talking and selective ringing service and provides as many separate simultaneous conversations as there are pairs of telephones installed. The total number of stations which may be connected is 25 .

The No. 6240-C is sold as a desk type telephone. If the subscriber wishes to convert to wall mounting this can be done very simply- $\alpha$ screw-driver alone is necessary to affect this change.

| Stock No. | Code | No. of <br> Buttons | Station <br> Capacity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{4 3 5 3 1}$ | $(6240-$ C6) | 6 | 7 |
| 43532 | $(6240-$ C12) | 12 | 13 |
| 43533 | $(6240-$-16) | 16 | 17 |
| 43535 | $(6240-\mathbf{C 2 4 )}$ | 24 | 25 |



No. 6240-C12 on Desk
Accessories
The Executive System requires the following material for completing an installation:
A. CABLE with suitable conductors, (2 pairs No. 18 gauge for battery supply, and 1 pair No. 22 gauge, for each station in the system). Lead or plastic covered cable is recommended for all locations where moisture is present or where cable may be exposed to mechanical injury.
B. STRANDED FLEXIBLE CABLE is used where it is necessary to move the desk telephone about on $\alpha$ desk. Conductors required depend upon number of buttons in the key box.
C. CABLE TERMINALS should be provided wherever there is $\alpha$ junction betwen cables and at desk mountings.
D. A RECTIFILTER is recommended in place of dry cells wherever reliable 110 volt AC is available.
Accessories are described in further detail following System descriptions.

## Master System (No. 11)

Common Talking-Selective Ringing System With this system only one conversation may be carried on at a time. Any station may call any other station in the system without operating the remaining bells. This type of service is extensively used in banks, stores, warehouses and residences.

## No. 2527 Telephone

The No. 2527-C is a wall type telephone suitable for surface wall mounting. The No. 2539-C, a flush type wall telephone, is no longer manufactured.

| Stock No. | Code | No. of <br> Buttons | Station <br> Capacity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 9 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 5 2 7}-\mathbf{C 2 )}$ | 2 | 3 |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 9 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 5 2 7}-$ C4) | 4 | 5 |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 9 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 5 2 7 - C 8 )}$ | 8 | 9 |



No. 2527-C8 Wall Telephone

## INTER-COMMUNICATING SYSTEMS (Cont.)

Master System (Cont.)



No. 6347-C8 Wall Telephone
No. 6347-C Telephone
The No. 6347-C Telephone is a surface mounting wall type instrument. The housing is of molded phenol compound with the push button unit mounted at the top. The transmitter and receiver are made up in the form of $\alpha$ handset.

| Stock No. | Code | No. of <br> Buttons | Station <br> Capacity |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 43561 | $(6347-$ C4) | 4 | 5 |
| 43562 | $(6347-$ C8) | 8 | 9 |



No. 6345-C8 and Apparatus Box

## No. 6345-C Telephone

The No. 6345-C Telephone consists of a handset desk telephone with push buttons mounted in the base together with an apparatus box containing $\alpha$ bell and connecting block.

| Stock No. | Code | No. of <br> Buttons | Station <br> Capacity |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 43553 | $(6345-C 4)$ | 4 | 5 |
| 43554 | $(6345-C 8)$ | 8 | 9 |

## Accessories

The following material is necessary to complete the installation of a Master Common Talking-Selective Ringing System.
A. 1 NO. 51-H RETARD COIL, to be installed near the battery of each system.
B. CABLE-3 Common Wires, No. 18 Gauge, and one individual wire, No. 22 Gauge, for each station.
C. DRY CELLS-5 cells required. If 110 volt A.C. current is available, a No. 1024 Rectifilter may be employed.

## Standard System (No. 12)

## Master Station (Common Talking)

This system provides for communication from $\alpha$ central point, the Master Station, to several outlying stations. The master station is equipped with push buttons, one for each outlying station. By operating these buttons each outlying station may be rung separately. The outlying stations are each equipped with one ringing button only, by which they are able to signal the master station. However, outlying stations can converse with each other by first asking the master station to ring the desired station. Only one conversation can be carried on at one time. The capacity of this system permits the operation of one master station and from two to sixteen outlying stations.

Instruments for Master Station System
MASTER STATIONS-Any telephone for the common talking, selective ringing system previously described may be used as a master station instrument in this system. If larger capacities are required, more stations may be added by using code ringing.


No. 2527-C8 Wall Telephone
This is one of the telephones recommended for use at the master station. Other suitable telephones are the No. 6347 and the No. 6345 shown above on this page.

## INTER-COMMUNICATING SYSTEMS (Cont.)



OUTLYING STATIONS-These are the Nos. 2527, 6339, 6345 or 6347 type telephones already described, except that they are equipped with one button only for signalling the master station.


Stock No. Code Type Stock No. Code Type
800905 (2527-C1) Surface Wall 46747(6345-BC1)Desk Handset 43559 (6347-C1) Wall Handset 46744(6339-BC1)Suspended

## Accessories*

The following material is required for completing a Standard System.
A. 1 NO. 51-H RETARD COIL, to be installed near the battery of each system.
B. WIRE-Three common wires are required throughout the System, No. 18 or No. 19 gauge. In addition one individual wire between each outlying station and the Master Station, No. 22 Gauge. It will be found economi-
cal to use cable when there are long runs or a large number of wires.
C. CABLE TERMINALS-Terminals are desirable at junction points and distribution centers.
D. DRY CELLS-Five cells are required. If 110 volt A.C. current is available a No. 1024 Rectifilter may be used.
*Accessories are described in further detail following system descriptions.

## Duo-Private System

## Two-Station Private Line

Two-Station Private Line Telephones are used extensively for communication between rooms in a residence, between offices, between shipping room and warehouse and to fill other similar requirements.
This system requires three wires for connecting the two telephones and one set of three to five dry cells connected at one station only. One No. $51-\mathrm{H}$ Retard Coil is also required.

One station can ring the other simply by depressing the button n the set. Wall or desk sets may be used interchangeably.


No. 6339-BC-1 Suspended Telephone
No. 2527-C1 Wall Telephone

| Two-Station Private Line Telephones |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Stock No. | Code | No. of <br> Buttons | Description <br> Description <br> 800905 |
| $\mathbf{4 6 7 4 7}$ | $(2527-$ C1) | 1 | Surface Wall |
| 46744 | $(6339-$ BC-1) | 1 | Handset Desk |
| 43559 | $(6347-C 1)$ | 1 | Suspended Wall |
|  |  | 1 | Wall Handset |

## Accessories*

Installing Material as follows is required for the Duo-Private System.
A. 1 NO. 51-H RETARD COIL to be installed near the battery of each system.
B. THREE WIRES are required for connecting the Interphones.
C. DRY CELLS-No more than five (5) dry cells connected in series are used for this system.
*Accessories are described in further detail following system description.


6345-BC-1 Desk Telephone

# INTER-COMMUNICATING SYSTEMS (Cont.) COMMONLY USED ACCESSORIES 

## Interphone Cable with Thermo-Plastic Insulation

| Stock No. | Code |
| :---: | ---: |
| 45886 | IC-112 |
| 45914 | IC-212 |
| 45882 | IC-122 |
| 45910 | IC-222 |
| 45883 | IC-134 |
| 45911 | IC-234 |
| 45884 | IC-142 |
| 45885 | IC-158 |
| 45913 | IC-258 |


| No. 22 | No. 18 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 6 Single | 2 Pair |
| 6 Single | 2 Pair |
| 8 Pair | 2 Pair |
| 8 Pair | 2 Pair |
| 14 Pair | 2 Pair |
| 14 Pair | 2 Pair |
| 18 Pair | 2 Pair |
| 26 Pair | 2 Pair |
| 26 Pair | 2 Pair |


| Spare |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Wire |
| 2 | Wire |
| 1 | Pair |
| 1 | Pair |
| 1 | Pair |
| 1 | Pair |
| 1 | Pair |
| 1 | Pair |
| 1 | Pair |


| Covering | Approx. O.D. | LB. per $100^{\prime}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Braid |  | 5.9 |
| Plastic | $.349^{\prime \prime}$ | 8.2 |
| Braid |  | 9.8 |
| Plastic | $.554^{\prime \prime}$ | 13.3 |
| Braid |  | 13.3 |
| Plastic | $.579^{\prime \prime}$ | 19.0 |
| Braid |  | 15.9 |
| Braid |  | 21.2 |
| Plastic | $.710^{\prime \prime}$ | 25.5 |

These conductors are tinned copper with .012 " wall of thermoplastic (polyvinal chloride) insulation. Conductors are twisted into pairs; cabled with full twist each 9 "; and finished with
flame-proof saturated gray cotton braid, or braidad and then molded with a black polyvinal chloride jacket of .047" thickness for all-weather protection.

## Raytheon Rectifilters

These power filters with dry plate rectifying units are used extensively to replace dry cells in the operation of various Inter-Communicating Systems. They not only supply a quiet source of talking battery, but also supply ringing current as indicated in the following table:

| Catalogue No. | Volts | Amps. | A.C. <br> Freq. | A.C. <br> Volts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RFR-1024 | 6 | 0.5 | $50 / 60$ | 115 |
| RFR-1026 | 12 | 0.5 | $50 / 60$ | 115 |

## Standard Flexible Cable

Used principally with the Executive System, between cable terminal and key-box, when it is necessary to move the keybox and telephone about on the desk. Conductors have plastic insulation and black outer braid.

## Flexible Cable

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :--- | ---: |
| 43595 | IC-18 | 9 Pair Cable, No. 22 Stranded |
| 43596 | IC-30 | 15 Pair Cable, No. 22 Stranded |
| 43597 | IC-42 | 21 Pair Cable, No. 22 Stranded |
| 43598 | IC-54 | 27 Pair Cable, No. 22 Stranded |
| Batteries |  |  |

See Construction Division of Catalogue for prices and descriptions of Gray Label and other primary cells.

See Accessories Section of Telephone Catalogue for Storage Batteries.

## Battery Boxes

Code No. 2 3

Dry Cell Capacity
2 See Construction
Terminal Boxes
Terminals are numbered and mounted on hard wood blocks with sheet metal covers.

| Stock No. | Code | No. of <br> Circuits | Terminals <br> Per Circuit | Box <br> Dimensions |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800777 | 19AC | 15 | 2 | $8 \times 57 / 8 \times 21 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. |
| 800778 | $19 B C$ | 27 | 2 | $14 \times 57 / 8 \times 21 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. |
| 46769 | IB-30 | 15 | 2 | $93 / 4 \times 51 / 2 \times 11 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. |
| 46770 | IB-45 | 22 | 2 | $93 / 4 \times 51 / 2 \times 11 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. |
|  | Terminal | Strips and | Blocks |  |

See Construction Division of the Catalogue which shows the many different types of strips and blocks as well as boxes civailable for connecting purposes.

## Relays for Loud Ringing Bells

Type 1-HXX Relay provides a means by which loud powerful signals may be applied to Inter-Communicating Stations when 110 direct or alternating current is available. The contacts of the relay are rated to carry 6 amperes, 110 volts A.C. or 1 ampere 115 volts D.C.

The l-HXX Relay is installed in the circuit in place of the bell or buzzer in the set. The loud signal circuit is carried through the relay contacts which close when the station is rung.

## Loud Ringing Bells

The No. 17 Economy Bell, equipped with a 6" gong, may be wired directly in place of the signal in an Inter-Communicating set. Specify gong size ( $6^{\prime \prime}$ ) and ringing voltage used. The bell is finished black and weighs 5 lbs .

When 110 volt A.C. is available the No. 560 Weatherproof Bell, used in connection with the l-HXX Relay is recommended.

For other loud signal equipment see Construction Division of the Catalogue.

## Retard Coils

The No. 51-H Retard Coil is required when the same battery is used for both talking and ringing current.

## Wire and Miscellaneous Equipment

Single, Twisted Pair and Twisted Triple Interior Telephone Wire is available for installation work, as well as Insulated Staples, Telephone Wiring Nails, Pipe Straps and Bridle Rings. Prices furnished upon request. See Construction Division of Catalogue.

Inter-Phone Systems suitable for operation with annunciator panels and switchboards are available. Prices and descriptions will be furnished upon application.

## STROMBERG-CARLSON

## PBX and Interior Systems



To meet the varied requirements of interior communication, Stromberg-Carlson presents PBX Switchboards, the 6K-1 MultiLine System, Convenience Systems, and Multiple Line Key

Turrets for modern and efficient personal service.

## PBX AND INTERIOR SYSTEMS

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## STROMBERG-CARLSON PBX and INTERIOR SYSTEMS

## Appearance is Important

PBX type equipment-more often than not-is right up front in the modern office. Stromberg-Carlson has specialized in equipment which brings prestige to the user.

## Breadth of Services

Your customer will find, among the several types of systems described in this section, a solution for his individual communication problem-dial or manual, attended or unattended.

## Trouble-free Operation

Unexcelled records for low-cost maintenance are the result of over sixty years experience in this field.


## SYSTEMS FOR INDIVIDUAL CONVENIENCE

Service to the community is but one of the requisites of good telephone operation. The individual, with his many varying needs, must have available the special type of equipment which fits his own requirements. With this in mind, Stromberg-Carlson has long pioneered in the development of the smaller systems featured in this section.

1. DIAL PBX SYSTEMS are available for all types and sizes of business establishments. These attended switchboards are up to the minute in operation and styling. Included are FinderConnector Type Systems such as the F-40 and Selector Type System for larger installations that feature regular shelf-type equipment.
2. COMBINATION SYSTEMS feature the unattended XY-PX and relay PX's. Stromberg-Carlson has produced telephones that will conveniently tie into XY-PX equipment to afford a combination Exterior-Interior System. The Stromberg-Carlson No. 1573 Telephone, commonly referred to as a two-line telephone, works well with any manual, dial, or relay PX system.
3. INTERIOR SYSTEMS include a self-contained system, the Stromberg-Carlson 6K-1 System, as well as the Convenience Systems, such as the 2-6 and 2-10 systems, and the Multiple Line Key Turret. Intercommunicating and central office services can be served 24 hours a day without requiring an operator in attendance.
4. MANUAL PBX SYSTEMS feature the conventional PBX Switchboard - the No. 121 Cordless Switchboard, the No. 120 Floortype PBX switchboard, the Nos. 127 \& 128 PBX Switchboards and the No. 106 Hotel Type PBX Switchboard. All boards have been designed with the operator in mind, resulting in easier operating functions and more reliable service.


STROMBERG-CARLSON

## DIAL PBX SYSTEMS

The following XY step-by-step switching systems are primarily for attended operation. In effect, these systems are miniature XY Dial Systems - appropriate for use in industry, large office buildings, hospitals, etc., where there is a need for internal as well as external communication.

The F-40A, XY-PBX


Equipment for 40 -line XY Dial PBX is housed in this attractive cabinet, with attractive neutral gray finish.

This is a single party finder-connector system that has an ultimate capacity of 40 lines, 8 combination central office trunks and 2 information trunks. All equipment is mounted on a single bay frame, enclosed by an acoustically treated cabinet to minimize normal equipment noise. The dimensions are approximately $6^{\prime} 4^{\prime \prime}$ high, $4^{\prime} 1^{\prime \prime}$ wide and $2^{\prime}$ deep. Because of its small size, acoustical treatment and roller mounting, it may be placed anywhere in an office in the same manner as filing cabinets or office machines.


The F-40A, XY-PBX has many applications including hospitals.


Cordless Attendant's Turret
ATTENDANT'S TURRET - A cordless type attendant's turret is provided. Modern and compact in design, attractively trimmed in colors which make the various parts self-identifying, this turret is arranged and equipped for 8 central office trunks - of which the first five are equipped for night switching - and 2 information trunks.
Incoming calls from the central office are answered by the attendant and passed on to a desired extension by dialing the assigned number of the extension. Information calls cannot be extended by the operator. Night switching keys are provided for connecting the central office trunks to predetermined extensions when the attendant is not on duty. An audible night alarm and a fuse alarm aro provided, together with keys to cut off either alarm.
The dimensions of this turret are approximately $6^{\prime \prime}$ high, $141 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide, and $14^{1 / 22^{\prime \prime}}$ deep.


Turret with cover removed showing accessibility to all parts.

## F-40A, XY-PBX (Cont.)

## Features

SINGLE PARTY LINES-provide fast service.
RESTRICTED SERVICE - provided on a per line basis so that, if desired, certain lines can be blocked from calling central office trunks. Such lines will receive busy tone when attempting to use these trunks.
DIRECTORY NUMBERS - are simple, two-digit numbers (51-80) for stations and single digits for trunks ( 9 for CO trunks and 0 for Information).
CALL DISTRIBUTION - distributes calls over the finder-connector links by a single rotary switch type allotter circuit.
NIGHT SWITCHING - permits predetermined stations to be connected with central office trunks.
EMERGENCY OPERATION - provides emergency service to central office by switching to the night trunk connection in the event of an A.C. power failure. Provision is made to mount a 45 -volt dry battery which is switched by a change of source relay to operate the relays of the trunk circuits. This will provide service on the lines normally used for night answering. There will be no local service during an emergency.

EASY TO INSTALL - Circuit Plates jack into position on the shelf and the unit is simply plugged into a conveniently located wall socket - just like plugging in a toaster or other household appliances.
GENERAL FEATURES such as dial tone, busy tone, machine ringing, immediate ring trip and ringback tone are normally supplied.

SPECIAL FEATURES - These consist of code call and executive right-of-way service and are supplied at extra cost when ordered. Code call equipment, when used, can be mounted on the switchboard proper, using two local service terminals.
When executive right-of-way is used, a special connector circuit, directly associated with this feature, must be ordered. This connector will mount in place of one of the regular finderconnector links.

POWER - A 48 -volt D.C. power is supplied from a 6-ampere battery eliminator. Ringing power is furnished by a 20 -cycle Sub-Cycle with tones supplied by a static generator. All power equipment is mounted within the switchboard cabinet.

This Finder-Connector System is similar in principle and operation to the F40-A, XY-PBX. The major differences between the two are that the F-80 has larger capacity, maximum of 80 lines, 10 central office trunks and 4 information trunks, and is mounted on a frame.

Like the F-40A, this system is a single party finder-connector type of system. All equipment except power supply is mounted on a bay frame, $6^{\prime} 4^{\prime \prime}$ high, $6^{\prime} l^{\prime \prime}$ wide and $1^{\prime} 7^{\prime \prime}$ wide.

## Attendants Switchboard

A cord type switchboard with jack ended trunks is provided with each F-80 PBX system. In over-all appearance, this switchboard resembles the 120 type switchboard. It features an attractively veneered walnut cabinet with sun tanned finished face panels to give a pleasing contrast in colors. All surfaces are smooth with rounded corners which makes this board a modern piece of furniture that will blend well with its surroundings.

## Features

SINGLE PARTY LINES-provide fast, private, dependable service. RESTRICTED SERVICE-provided on a per line basis so that, if desired, certain lines can be blocked from calling central office
trunks. Such line will receive busy tone when attempting to use these trunks.
DIRECTORY NUMBERS-are simple two-digit numbers for local extensions and single digits for trunks ('" 9 " for central office and " 0 " for information).
CALL DISTRIBUTION-distributes calls over the finder-connector links by a rotary switch type allotter circuit. Dual allotter is available at extra cost.
EXECUTIVE RIGHT-OF-WAY-is provided on a per line basis by optional wiring on the line circuit. Such lines cannot be restricted.
TRUNK HUNTING AND SWITCH THRU-is provided on trunk levels. NIGHT THRU SWITCHING-to a central office is provided for a maximum of five stations at any one time. Any station may be connected for this service.
CONFERENCE SERVICE-is available which will handle up to 5 conferring parties at any one time. A conference must be set up by an operator at the attendant's switchboard.
CODE CALL-can be provided by arranging the connector circuit to tie into the code call equipment. Two of the connector terminals for local service will be used when this feature is provided. POWER-is supplied by 48 V DC batteries.

## Type H, XY-PBX (Selector) System

This type of PBX is a one- or two-party Finder-Selector system having a capacity which is limited only by the amount of floor space available for the equipment. It uses the same type of separate factory-wired Linefinder, Selector, Connector and Trunk Shelf units which have been placed in XY CDO and MDO installations throughout the country.

## Features

PROVISION FOR GROWTH - This system cannot be outgrown. Ready-to-use circuit plates and their associated XY switches can be inserted as new lines are added without any wiring change. The only limitation to growth is space in which to add new equipment.
PROVISION FOR EQUALIZING TRAFFIC - Heavy traffic loads can be equalized by reversing the multiple, slipping the multiple between groups, or introducing a grading panel.

CIRCUIT FEATURES - Conference Service, Executive Right-ofWay, Night Answering Service, Restricted Service, Code Call, Alarm, Two-Party Service, Consecutive Number Hunting, Watchman's Recording Service, as well as other standard operational circuits may be supplied as required.
UNIT TYPE POWER BOARDS - These are built up to customer specifications from standard panels mounted on multiple-drilled frames which match the equipment bays. Changes or additions to either supervisory or power equipment can be made quickly and easily by sliding out one standard unit or blank and inserting another.
BAY FRAMES - All switching and circuit plates are mounted on multiple-drilled bay frames that vary in height from $8^{\prime}$, for systems of smaller capacity to either $9^{\prime}$ or $111 / 2^{\prime}$ for the larger systems. The depth of the frame is approximately $1^{\prime} 4^{\prime \prime}$ with the shelves mounted front and rear to save space and cable.

## COMBINATION SYSTEMS

The Stromberg-Carlson No. 1573 Two-Line Telephones and the No. 1575 Multi-Line Telephones can be used with step-by-step XY-PX, XY-PBX, or with the No. 2-10, or 4-20 Relay PX to make a PBX system.


No. 1573-A
Two-Line Telephone

## The 1573 Telephone

This instrument is our adaptation of the present No. 1543 Telephone modified to provide line selection and hold keys for two lines. A third line may be used as an additional line to an internal PX or PBX. The entire switching mechanism is mounted on the base of the telephone and is encased by the housing. An outside call can be originated, answered, or held while maintaining connection to another line.

## XY-PX, XY-PBX and the No. 1573 Telephone

This telephone may be used effectively with XY-PX's or XYPBX's. When used in conjunction with $\alpha$ PBX, the two lines normally are terminated at the switchboard with the push button third line being used for special services. When $\alpha$ PX is involved, the telephone is usually arranged to have two lines for use as trunks to the central office and the push button is used as a third line to the PX for selective ringing and talking to other stations within the PX system.

## Stromberg-Carlson 2-10, or 4-20 Relay PX and the No. 1573 Telephones

As many variations as are available on the No. 1573 Telephone XY-PBX's, there are the same number that can be made with Stromberg-Carlson 2-10, or 4-20 Relay PX's. It is normal to have two lines used as trunks to a central office and the push button third line used as a local line to the PX for intercommunicating service. This arrangement provides holding features on both trunk lines as well as selective signaling and secret talking on the intercommunicating line.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

To order complete telephone instruments and component parts, refer to the No. 1573 Telephone in Section A of this catalog. See the following page for ordering information on the Types 2-10, 4-20 Systems.


No. 1575 Multi-Line Telephone

## The Stromberg-Carlson 6K-1 System

The No. 1575 Telephone is the station equipment for use with the Stromberg-Carlson 6K-1 dial system. This instrument is a modification of the present No. 1543. Each station, with or without the assistance of an attendant, can originate, receive, hold, and transfer calls from one to five central offices, PBX, intercommunicating or private lines. Other parts of the 6K-1 System consist of a Terminal Box, distributing boxes, connecting cables, a relay cabinet, and a power pack unit.

## XY-PX, XY-PBX and the $6 \mathrm{~K}-1$ System

When the $6 \mathrm{~K}-1$ System is used with an XY-PBX, all lines terminate on the PBX switchboard. Intercommunication could be arranged within the $6 \mathrm{~K}-1$ station telephones, complete with $\alpha$ separate signaling device. This would then permit a maximum of three lines that could be terminated on the PBX switchboard. The intercom line is usually terminated in the PX System when this telephone is used with XY-PX's.

## Stromberg-Carlson 2-10, or 4-20 Relay PX and 6K-1 System

With this arrangement, intercommunication can be made with selective ringing and talking between parties that are tied to the PX as well as those that are tied to the 6K-1 system. Also, only one line is needed to terminate in the PX, leaving a maximum of four other lines to be used as trunks to the central office.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

Description and ordering information for the No. 1575 Telephone will be found in Section A of this catalog. Information of like character concerning the remaining elements of the 6K-1 System will be found later in this section. See following page for 2-10, 4-20 Systems.

A DIAL PBX SYSTEM<br>lusing the 2-10 or 4-20 Relay Dial PX<br>with No. 1573 or 6K-1 System with No. 1575 Telephones)



Type 2-10 System
The Stromberg-Carlson Type 2-10 Relay Dial PX provides two simultaneous talking paths for intercommunication in offices or factories. When connected with either the No. 1573 Telephone or the No. 6K-1 System 1575 Telephone, the 210 system becomes the internal portion of a dial PBX system.

## Features

1. When used as a PBX, calls are completed without the aid of an operator.
2. Offers selective ringing and talking, instantaneous ring trip, ringing and busy tones.
3. Has an internal capacity of 10 lines; with extensions, this capacity may be increased to a maximum of 30 stations.
4. Two simultaneous talking paths.

## Operation

This system utilizes the finder principle, employing relays for linefinders and connectors to select an idle intercommunicating path automatically. When a party originates a call, the lockout circuit of the common allotter marks the calling line and selects an idle link. The idle link is marked for the calling line and, when connected to the calling line, sends back dial tone. The calling party need only dial two digits to be connected to the called party.

Intercommunicating connections are released when the last party releases. Trunk connections by-pass this system when the appropriate trunk key is thrown on either the No. 1573 or the $6 \mathrm{~K}-1$ station equipment.

## Equipment

The cabinet - contains all relays used for line finding and connecting. It is of rugged construction and is permanently finished in office gray. Outside dimensions are: $261 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ high, $18^{1 / 4^{\prime \prime}}$ wide and $101 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ deep.
The floor stand - is used for rack mounting the cabinet and the Battery Eliminator (if used) on the floor. It is constructed with angle irons and surrounded by sturdy sheet metal, painted office gray. Dimensional limits of this stand are: $27^{\prime \prime}$ high, $18^{1 / 4^{\prime \prime}}$ wide and $20^{\prime \prime}$ deep.

The telephones - used to make a PBX out of this Relay Dial PX System are the No. 1573 Two-Line Telephone and No. 1575 Multi-Line Telephone (6K-1 System). Standard No. 1543 Telephones may be used within the PX System.

Power Supply - is furnished either through the use of a Battery Eliminator or through the use of four 3 -cell, 24 -volt storage batteries. When the storage batteries are used, the cabinet containing the switching equipment may be wall mounted but should never be more than 25 feet away from the batteries.


## Type 4-20 System

The 4-20 PX is similar in purpose and operation to the 2-10 System. The larger capacity - four simultaneous talking paths and provision for a maximum of 60 telephones (including extensions) - is suitable for internal communication in a large office or factory. This system, when used with No. 1573 Telephone or the 6K-1 System for trunk connections, becomes a PBX.

## Features

This system has the same features as the 2-10 System with the exception that there are more lines (20) and talking paths (4) in the 4-20 System than in the 2-10 System.

## Operation and Equipment

The method and principle of operation are the same in this system as in the 2-10 System.

Due to increased capacity, the cabinet and power unit is larger, having dimensions of $271 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ high, $321 / 3^{\prime \prime}$ wide, and $101 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ deep for the power pack unit (if used in place of storage batteries), and $321 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ high, $321 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wide and $101 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ deep for the relay cabinct. This unit cannot be wall mounted due to size and weight.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

## Stock No. Description

484862-000 Relay Dial System (2-10 System)
485794-000 Mounting stand and cabinet (2-10 System) 893721-000 Raytheon Rectifilter (2-10 System) 485832-000 Mounting stand and cabinet (4-20 System) 485650-000 Relay Dial System (4-20 System) 485833-000 Raytheon Rectifilter (4-20 System)

DIAL SELECTIVE PBX
Revised 9-1-57


Stromberg-Carlson now offers a new type of PBX service to the small businessman who wants dial-selective PBX service tailored to his budget. A simple combination of the StrombergCarlson two-line telephone (the 1573) and a ten station dial selective intercom unit will provide a highly effective PBX capable of handling ten stations.

## Features

INTERCOM UNIT-is the same Dial Selective Unit that may be used with the 6 K System having dial selective intercommunication. This unit provides fast, positive intercom service since only one digit need be dialed to call a desired party. Only $73 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ $\times 65 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 69 / 16^{\prime \prime}$, the Dial Selector Unit may be conveniently mounted on a wall.
THE 1573 TELEPHONE-is a two-line instrument that also has a provision for an intercom line. For use in this system, two-lines would terminate in a central office and the intercom line would terminate in the Intercom Unit, in essence, making each station a small PBX. A central office call on one line may be held and another call may be initiated or answered on either the remaining trunk line or the intercom line in strictest privacy.
SIGNALING DEVICES-are simple individual buzzers which must be placed at each station. These buzzers are wired to the dial selective unit and will operate when their specific digits are dialed.
CABLING REQUIREMENTS-vary as to the arrangements of the stations. A 17 conductor cable should be specified when all stations are served from one cable, otherwise an 8 conductor cable will suffice if each station is wired directly to a distribution box which in turn is connected to the Dial Selective Unit. POWER SUPPLY-24 volts, 0.5 amperes Lorain T3 unit or equivalent is all that is necessary to operate the Dial Selective Intercom Unit.


## INTERIOR SYSTEMS

Stromberg-Carlson manufactures three types of interior systems-the new 6K-1 System, the Convenience Systems, and the Multiple Line Key Turret. These types of systems are for use where requirements are too small for a PBX switchboard and too large for a single trunk with one or two extensions.

Such systems can completely replace the type of PBX switchboard usually found in professional or sales offices and in small manufacturing plants, since answering, originating, holding and transferring of calls may be accomplished at the user's desk.

## THE 6K-1 SYSTEM

The Stromberg-Carlson 6K-1 System will furnish a number of telephones with $\alpha$ means of efficiently sharing several trunk connections to a central office. The cumbersome method of providing multi-line service with key boxes, push-buttons and standard telephones has been discarded in this system for now each station may answer or receive calls on one to five trunk PBX, intercommunicating or private lines. The standard system is equipped with G1575A-1 Telephones (one per station), a relay equipment cabinet, a power pack unit and a line terminal box for each station.


## Features

1. COMPLETE FLEXIBILITY-The 6K-1 Telephone System can be arranged in a multitude of ways. There can be a maximum of five trunks available to a central office. If intercommunication is desired the number of trunks are correspondingly reduced. Code signaling can be arranged either as part of this system or as a separate unit. Dial signaling is an optional feature that is also available in this system.
Once installed, a 6K-1 System can be added to or modified as desired. This system may tie into a PX system or other $6 \mathrm{~K}-1$ systems.
2. DIAL SELECTIVE INTERCOM-This feature is available in both the ten station and the fifteen station series. To use this type of intercom, the subscriber simply lifts the handset, depresses the intercom key and dials one digit in the 10 station series or two digits in the 15 station series.
3. FLASHING SIGNAL-Appearing only on dial intercom systems, flashing signaling is available that will flash only on the station dialed. All other stations will have a steady light above the intercom key.
4. MANUAL EXCLUSION-This optional feature is on a per station basis. It may be applied on any one line in a station that is wired for manual exclusion. Unless the exclusion button is elevated, a line wired for this feature is accessible to all stations. When the button is raised, such a line becomes inaccessible to all other stations.
Replacing the handset on the cradle releases the line to other people immediately and automatically.
5. POWER FAILURE-Should there be an A.C. power failure, $a$ Power Failure circuit is available as an optional feature which will permit outgoing and intercom calls and continuance of calls in existence at the time of power failure.
6. "WINK" LAMP SIGNALS-This is a standard feature in the $6 \mathrm{~K}-1$ system. It permits differentiation between $\alpha$ held line and a busy line. A circuit is provided that will darken the line lamp once every second for a period of 50 milliseconds and occurs during the time the line is in a held condition.
7. AUTOMATIC TIE LINES-With this circuit it is possible to tie two $6 \mathrm{~K}-1$ systems or $\alpha 6 \mathrm{~K}-1$ and a 6 K system together. This circuit is available in two packages; one circuit plate mounted for use only in the 6K-1 systems, the other mounted in a small box about the size of that used to house the Dial Selective Intercom for use with the 6 K systems.

The use of $\alpha$ tie-line circuit reduces the number of available lines by one. This circuit enables $\alpha$ person in one system to gain access to another system by depressing the TieLine Key. It does not, however, mean that a person in one system can utilize the facilities of the other system.

## Station Telephones

The G1575 Series Multi-Line Telephones are available in gray only and are shipped without the manual exclusion button. This button is put in at the time of installation. The G1575-A1 telephone is equipped with five line keys each having an associated lamp, a hold key which is used to hold calls during transfer, and a terminal box. The lamps have a two-fold purpose, that of signaling the called party and the other to indicate a busy line. This instrument is used when Dial Selective Intercom is installed. It should be noted, however, that when Dial Selective Intercom or any of the other features are used the number of lines are reduced correspondingly.

The G1575-B1 is similar to the A1, except it is equipped with a signal key for use with intercom which does not have the dial selective feature.

THE 6K-1 SYSTEM (Cont.)


## ORDERING INFORMATION

Once installed, a 6K-l system can be added to or modified as desired. For this purpose ordering information on parts and assemblies is given below. All additions must be made by the purchaser, such equipment cannot be ordered or wired in.
The relay cabinet is initially equipped with one common circuit, three line circuits and one local cable. When ordering. specify Relay Cabinet, Stock No. 489679-000.

Stock No. 489687-000

Stock No. 358029-000 358028-000 354522-000 358046-000 358030-000 47376-000 39504-000 202833-000

## One Complete Line Circuit

Description Line Relay Circuit Plate Assembly

## Parts List of Line Circuit

Description
Relay (LR)
Relay (HD)
Relay (RU)
Relay (SG)
Relay (PF), Power failure if desired Condenser, (C-1), 1 MF
Thermistor Rectifier (RF)

## Parts List of Common Circuit

Stock No.
358027-000 359421-000 358026-000 359766-000 205363-000 210968-000 36272-000 206436-000

## Description

Relay (WS)
Relay (FS)
Relay (FL)
Relay (WK) flasher, "C" Type
Relay (IC), manual intercom only
Relay (GV) Thermal, RM-120
Resistor, 200 ohms
Condenser (C-1), 200 MF

Parts List of 10-Station Dial Selective Unit

Stock No.
489685-000
216597-000 354232-000 359422-000 359423-000 359424-000
36315-000
203850-000
216754-000
216586-000

Description
Complete Dial Selective Intercom
Unit (10 station)
Terminal Strip
Relay (PL)
Relay (RD)
Relay (XD)
Relay (XD-1)
Resistor, 300 ohms, 5W (R-1)
Condenser, 1 MF x 200 ohms (C-2 \& R-2)
Condenser, 500 MF (C-1)
XY Deca Switch

Parts List of 15 Station Dial Selective Unit
Stock No. 489678-000

358034-000
359425-000
359423-000
359422-000
354232-000
359918-000
216586-000
216754-000
485530-000
212854-000
36315-000

Parts List of Automatic Tie-Line Circuit
Stock No. 493120-000

493121-000
216596-000 485530-000 358041-000 361632-000 358068-000 359431-000 358067-000 358040-000 206502-000
42375-000
216754-000 489774-000 205369-000

## Description

Complete Auto-Tie Line Circuit (mtd. internally in 6K-1 cabinet) Complete Auto-Tie Line Circuit (mtd. externally)
Terminal Strip (used on 489683-000)
Terminal Strip (used on 489684-000)
Relay (CB)
Relay (BZ)
Relay (ST)
Relay (SR)
Relay (AB)
Relay (CBA)
Resistor, 68 ohms
Condenser, 2MF x 2 MF (C-1 \& C-2)
Condenser, 500 MF (C3)
Cable (used on 489684-000)
Impedance Coil (RE)

## Parts List of Signal Flashing Unit

Stock No.
216719-000
$214213-000$
212849-000
359917-000
216716-000
216717-000
Description
Complete Signal Flashing Unit
Terminal Box Housing Assembly
Base
Relay (LR-FL)
Terminal Strip
Marker Strip

Parts List Manual Exclusion Circuit

Stock No.
216721-000
214213-000
212849-000
358035-000
358036-000
160627-000
216722-000
216583-000

Description
Complete Manual Exclusion Unit
Terminal Box Housing Assembly
Base
Relay (CL)
Relay (CD)
Terminal Strip
Marker Strip
Plunger Assembly

THE 6K-1 SYSTEM (Cont.)
6K-1 SYSTEM
Feature Selection Chart

$\Delta$ Telephones are not equipped with Com. Line Sig. Buzzer. If Buzzers are required, order one Package Assembly No. 212764-000 for each Buzzer required.
$\dagger$ The 15 station Dial Selective Intercom must be unit mounted.

## Notes

(a) Maximum number of stations -15 .
(b) Provision is made for use of an extension bell. The power supply provides 75-95 V.A.C. 60 cycles for this purpose. For each extension ringer required order one No. 214515-000.


Relay Equipment Cabinet


15 Station Dial Selective Intercom Unit

## CONVENIENCE SYSTEMS

Stromberg-Carlson Convenience Systems make ideal installations for small businesses or professional offices. They offer trunk and intercommunicating service day and night without the service of an attendant. There are two basic systems available: the No. 2-6 System and the No. 2-10 System. Each of these basic systems has several variations.

## The No. 2-6 System

THE NO. 2-6 SYSTEM provides common talking, selective ringing service for an ultimate of six local lines and is furnished with two central office trunks. Central office calls can be originated, answered, held and transferred to any station in the system. All equipment is designed to operate from 22 volts D.C.


No. 1270 Telephone for Convenience Systems

## Features

CAPACITY - maximum capacity of 2 central office trunks and 6 local stations.
SECRET SERVICE - may be applied to both trunks for one station, or one trunk for two stations. Standard No. 2.6 Systems have trunk 1 arranged for secret service; the other trunk is common. CODE CALLING - Any station can be arranged for code calling by addition of a code call key box.
THE TELEPHONE - used in the No. 2-6 System is the No. 1270 Telephone. It is equipped with a buzzer for intercom signaling


Close-up of Push Buttons-No. 1270 Telephone
and with 8 non-locking push buttons. Five of these buttons are used for selectively signaling any local telephone within the system, two are for answering or originating central office calls and one for holding central office calls.
THE RELAY CABINET - is equipped to fit the trunking require ments. The cabinet consists of relay switching and terminal equipment housed in a surface mounting steel cabinet whose dimensions are approximately $18^{\prime \prime}$ high, $10^{\prime \prime}$ wide and $6^{\prime \prime}$ deep. The relays are arranged for easy inspection, adjustment, or testing.


90-A Terminal Box
THE TERMINAL BOX - is used to make connection with each station telephone and can be mounted on a desk or nearby wall. The terminals are screw-type for easy installation.
THE BELL BOX - is the No. 1561 type equipped with gongs: one Hi and one Lo tone gong, two Hi tone gongs, or two Lo tone gongs. A Bell Box is supplied for each trunk. This makes it easier for answering parties to distinguish which central office line is signaling.


No. 1561 Bell Box, Compact and Efficient

## CONVENIENCE SYSTEMS (Cont.)

## Variations of the No. 2-6 System

THE NO. 1-7 SYSTEM - This is a modification of the No. 2-6 System and is used to serve those establishments where there is a need for only one central office trunk and a greater need for intercommunication. It uses similar equipment to the No. 2-6 System.
THE NO. 3-5 SYSTEM - When three central office trunks are necessary and five local stations suffice, this is the system to order. With the exception of the relay cabinet, all other equipment is the same as the basic No. 2-6 System. A No. 3-5 Relay Cabinet is furnished, which is larger to accommodate more relays.
THE NO. 7-6 SYSTEM - This type of system provides a specialized type of service that works through a PBX Switchboard. One button on the No. 1270 Telephone controls an individual trunk from each station to the PBX. Another button controls a trunk common to all six stations and terminates in the PBX. One hold button is provided, and the remaining five buttons control intercommunication for each of the six stations which are wholly independent of the PBX.
THE 2-M-6 SYSTEM - This has the same general appearance and operating characteristics as the No. 2-6 System, but is designed to operate with magneto central offices. As a result, the relay cabinet is larger than those used in previously mentioned systems. The rest of the equipment remains the same.

## The No. 2-10 System

THE NO. 2-10 SYSTEM - This is very similar to the No. 2-6 System but affords greater capacity in the number of local stations. In this system there is a maximum of ten local stations as well as the two central office trunks. All equipment is similar in operation and design to that used in the No. 2-6 System.


No. 1271 Telephone for Convenience Systems

## Features

EASE OF OPERATION - The No. 1271 Telephone is equipped with twelve push buttons - one for each trunk, one for holding, and one for each station. However, there is one different operation that distinguishes the No. 2-10 System from the No. 2-6 System: to regain access to a held trunk, it will be necessary to depress that trunk button twice. All other functions are identical.

SECRET SERVICE is provided on both trunks to prevent interference on a busy trunk by another person desiring to use the same trunk.
CODE CALLING may be arranged in a manner identical to that used in the No. 2-6 System.

## Varictions of the No. 2-10 System

THE NO. 1-11 SYSTEM - Features one central office trunk and eleven local stations. Operation and equipment is identical to the No. 2-10 System.
THE NO. 3-9 SYSTEM - It is arranged for three central office trunks and nine local stations. All three trunks have secret service and provision is made for a conference control key on each of the trunks if desired. Operation is the same as the basic No. 2-10 System. This system uses the No. 1272 Telephone which differs from the No. 1271 Telephone in the spring combinations. THE NO. 2-M-10 SYSTEM - This is similar to the No. 2-M-6 System in that it is equipped to work in conjunction with a magneto central office. This system operates in the very same manner as the No. 2-10 System and is also arranged for secret service. A larger relay cabinet is used, but the remainder of the equipment is the same.
SELECTIVE TALKING SYSTEMS are available in the No. 2-10 Systems and are designated as No. 2-10-ST and No. 3-9-ST. These have the same characteristics and operation as the standard No. 2-10 System, but differ in that these systems provide selective talking as well as selective ringing between local stations.

When this system is used with a dial central office, all trunks are arranged for secret service. This feature is optional when connected to a manual exchange.

The No. 2-10-ST and No. 3-9-ST Systems are available for operation with a magneto central office and are designated by the codes: No. 2-M-10-ST and No. 3-M-9-ST, respectively.


Steel Relay Cabinet for relays, fuses, and terminals. Finished in olive green to match office furniture.

CONVENIENCE SYSTEMS (Cont.)


View into Housing-No. 1271 Telephone

## Replacement Parts for Convenience System Apparatus

Telephones
(used commonly unless otherwise specified)

Stock No.
208247-000
35808-000
200595-000
205842-000
801757-000
202304-000
202305-000
202306-000
202321-000
202309-000
202310-000 202311-000 202312-000 202313-000 202314-000 202315-000 202316-000 202318-000 42158-000 208073-000 205672-000

Stock No.
41562-000
205674-000 201987-000 17024-000
35808-000
4185-000

Stock No.
210244-000
210378-000
37204-000
41161-000
149402-000
210684-000

Description
No. 23-N Handset (3 cond.)
Rubber Foot
Coil and Capacitor Unit
Terminal Block Assembly
Edwards Lungen Buzzer
Push Button Spring Group (1270)
Push Button Spring Group (1271)
Push Button Spring Group (1272)
Housing, 8 Button (1270)
Housing, 12 Button $(1271,1272)$
Retaining Plate, Push Button
Spacer, Retaining Plate
Push Button, Black
Push Button, Red
Push Button, Green
Push Button, White (1271)
Push Button, Blue
Holder, Station Designation Strip Complete Hookswitch Spring Combination Plunger, Hookswitch
Base Plate
No. 90-A Terminal Box
Description
Housing, Black Plastic
Base Plate
Terminal Block Assembly
Spacer, Terminal Block Mtg.
Rubber Foot
Bracket, Housing to Base
No. 1561-A Extension Bell Box
Bell Box Housing Assembly
Base Assembly
Terminal Strip
T-I-E Cord Assembly ( $3^{\prime \prime}$ )
Resistor 1 watt, 10,000 ohms
Ringer (74-A) Straight Line, 5,900 ohms


View into Base-No. 1271 Telephone
ORDERING INFORMATION

## No. 2-6 Type Systems

Stock No.
*801714-000 801715-000 801716-000 801717-000 202298-000 202325-000 209973-000 201983-000 53350-000 800203-000 800201-000 203155-000

Code
(2-6 (1-7)
(2-M-6)
(3-5)
(7-6) (1270)
(WD-14-C
(1561-A) (90-A)
(102-L) Cable, Lead Cover
(102-B) Cable, Cotton Braid Cover (102-P) Cable, Plastic Cover
*In using the 2-6 Cabinet with 1-7 System, add 1 No. 252-MM Relay with a No. 25 Casing.

## No. 2-10 Type Systems

Stock No.
*801718-000 49700-000
*801719-000
202299-000

202300-000
202326-000
209973-000
201983-000
2056
800204-000
(103-L) Cable, Lead Covered
800202-000 (103-B) Cable, Cotton Braid Cover
203154-000 (103-P) Cable, Plastic Cover
*In using the 2-10 Cabinet with the 1-11 System, add 1 No. 206-CMQ Relay with a No. 25 Relay Casing.

## MULTIPLE LINE KEY TURRET

There are many business and professional establishments that are not large enough to warrant $\alpha$ special "Order Board" for handling incoming calls. On the other hand, traffic in such places is too heavy to be handled by individual telephones answered by one or more of the office personnel. Careful and satisfactory attention to telephones calls often means the difference between profit and loss.
The perfect solution is the Stromberg-Carlson Multiple Line Key Turret-an investment that will soon pay for itself by eliminating delays in handling incoming calls that could not be given proper attention without service of this kind. Ask your Stromberg-Carlson representative for attractive booklet.

Multiple Line Key Turrets make it possible for an incoming call to be handled by more than one person or operator. For example, in a department store, when customers call in over one of the telephone trunks to place an order or to secure information, the message can be handled promptly, as more than one operator can take the call. In other cases, the system may be used to extend the trunks to $\alpha$ number of offices so that when one person is out, another may answer; or it may be used to permit one person to answer all calls and signal the party desired by the push button signal system, at which time the party wanted takes over the call. All turret stations may also originate outgoing calls.

As many as nine key-and-lamp-ended lines may be handled at a single turret position, and with these turrets multiplied, prompt response to incoming calls is assured. It retains the essential features for holding, signalling and busy supervision.

## Construction and Arrangement

The cabinet turret woodwork is walnut and consists of three basic units: the base, the key section and the top. The base, No. 24809-000, contains the terminal equipment, telephone and night alarm equipment, common talking key and indicator lamp. Above the base, the key sections, No. 24808-000, are mounted. One, two or three sections may be so installed. Each key section contains three keys, three line lamps and three busy lamps, or an ultimate of nine circuits. To finish the turret $\alpha$ No. 24807-000 Top covers the assembled equipment.
In cases where signalling between turret operators is desired the No. 26004-000 Top equipped with five push buttons is substituted for the No. 24807-000.

The relay equipment for the system is housed in a sheet metal cabinet finished in green to blend with office furniture, arranged for wall mounting. Relays, condensers, fuses and time release element are mounted accessibly on the door of the cabinet while the terminals are mounted in the stationary portion. The terminal capacity is for six key turrets of three key sections each. This provides a total ultimate of nine trunk lines per turret. The circuits of the turrets are multiplied on the terminal strip, so that as many as six attendants have access to any or all of the nine telephones.
The Standard No. 1 Relay Cabinet Assembly is wired for the ultimate but is carried in stock with three trunk lines equipped. Dimensions of relay cabinet are: height, $24 / 16^{\prime \prime}$, width, $15^{3 / 16}$ ", depth, $65 / 16^{\prime \prime}$.
Telephone equipment for the operator may be provided in three types, breast plate type, handset desk type, or suspended type.

## Standard Equipments

All parts-bases, key sections and tops-are carried in stock and shipped separately. The key sections and the bases are completely wired with local cable forms, permitting the customer to assemble and connect the turret assemblies to meet installation requirements.


No. 1-BD Key Turret features optional top

## Standard Turret Equipments



[^2]
## MULTIPLE LINE KEY TURRET (Cont.)

## Telephone Equipment

Attendant's station telephones may be selected from the following types:
Stock No. Code Description 211749-000 (1544) Handset Telephone (Desk Type) 210962-000 (1534-M) Handset Telephone (Suspended Type) 801453-000 (4) Operator's Telephone Set (Breast-plate) NOTE: No station bell is required with these instruments. Dials may be used when operating into a dial central office.

## Turret Signalling Top

The Nos. 26004-000 and 54576-000 Top is used when it is desired to have common talking and selective ringing between turrets. The common talking key is furnished with all bases.

No. 26004-000 Top provides 5 Push Buttons and 1 Buzzer. The No. 54576-000 Top provides 10 Push Buttons and 1 Buzzer.

When specified, a six-foot eight conductor cord and an eightpoint terminal block are furnished. This provides a finished appearance to the wiring for the separate inter-communicating circuit and also provides suitable terminals for readily making the required connections.

When No. 24807-000 Top is replaced by No. 26004-000 Top, add the letter " $D$ " to the equipment code number. Thus 1-A Equipment becomes 1-AD Equipment.


Under Side of Push Button Top, No. 26004-000

## Noise Killer Equipment

When the No. 26004 Push Button Top is used, it becomes necessary to provide noise eliminating equipment, which is common to all turrets. This equipment is mounted in one unit known as:
Stock No.

Description
26060-000
Noise Killer Assembly

## Installation

The Multiple Key Turret System requires separate machinemade cable between each individual turret and the central relay cabinet. No. 800156-000 (65-BE) braided cable ( 20 triple No. 22 AWG) is suitable in dry places but No. 201393-000 (65-L) with lead sheath, should be used where runs are exposed to moisture or mechanical injury and in the case of conduit installations.

It is good practice to connect the wiring to all terminals of the turret base as this will simplify any later installation of additional key sections. Turret base cables are not soldered at the factory.

Sometimes, when leaded cable is used, it may not be desirable to bring the runs all the way to the turret base. In these cases a splicing terminal is recommended such as Type " $E$ " Reliable Building Terminal Box with a Type T " 20 " triple terminal strip.
When signalling tops are included in the installation No. 164-B (braided) or No. 164-BS (leaded) cable can be used which provides sufficient wiring ( 6 pairs) for a full complement of six turrets.

## Relay Cabinet Equipment

The standard No. 1 Relay Cabinet Assemblies (Stock No. 24726-000) are wired for nine telephone lines and equipped for 3 lines. This includes wiring for intercepting line equipment. All additional line equipment apparatus and intercept relay apparatus is shipped separately to be mounted and connected for installation requirements.
Each additional line equipment requires the following:

| Stock No. | Code | Description | Stock No. | Code Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | (255SYQY) | Relay | $801610-000$ | (25) Relay Casing |

Intercepting service requires the following per line:
Stock No. Code Description Stock No. Code Description 801610-000 (25) Relay Casing (215-AY) Relay

When it is known at the time equipment is originally ordered that talking between turrets is desired, order Noise Killer Equipment per Stock List B-1321Y for mounting in No. 1 Relay Cabinet.


No. 1 Relay Cabinet for Stromberg-Carlson Key Turret Equipment

## Power Supply

This system is designed to operate off 22 volts D.C. and the current can be supplied in any one of the three following methods:
A. Battery Supply over cable pairs from the central office main battery or special battery at the central office.
B. Storage Battery located on premises and charged from a dry plate rectifier such as 11 cells CTMH-2 Battery with 842028-000 Rectox Charger.
C. Recti-Filter Battery Supply Unit. Either No. 1040 (3 Amp.) or No. 1043 ( 1.5 Amp .) depending on requirements.
When figuring any of the above battery supply methods the maximum current drain to be used is approximately 4 amperes at 22 volts. This current figure takes care of an instantaneous load when the system is fully equipped; this extreme condition is seldom met in actual operation.

## MANUAL PBX SWITCHBOARDS

## (Turret and Floor Models)

In keeping with its long established policy of making telephone apparatus which is not only most serviceable, but also most attractive, Stromberg-Carlson offers PBX switchboards No. 120 and No. 12l. Subscribers will appreciate the styling, which complements the appearance of the finest, most modern office. Operating companies will welcome the many circuit advancements, which are outlined in the general description, that make these switchboards ideal for today and tomorrow.

STROMBERG-CARLSON P.B. X. SWITCHBOARDS

|  |  | CORDLES | SS TYP |  |  |  |  |  |  | FLOOR | TYPE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No. | 121 |  |  | No. | 106 |  | No. 1 | 20-FJ | No. 1 | 20-FP | No. | 27-F | No. | 128-F |
|  |  | 3093 | 208 | 095 |  |  |  |  |  | 208 | 486 | 218 |  | 572 |  | 294 |
|  | Wire | Eqpd | Wire | Eqpd | Wire | *Eqpd | Wire | *Eqpd | Wire | *Eqpd | Wire | Eqpd | Wire | *Eqpd | Wire | ${ }^{*}$ Eqpd |
| Lines | 16 | 12 | 16 | 16 | ${ }^{\text {® } 180}$ |  | $\dagger 300$ |  | $\ddagger 80$ | 20 | $\ddagger 80$ | 20 | ${ }^{\oplus} 100$ | 20 | ${ }^{+1} 100$ | 40 |
| $\text { Trunks }\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Key Ended } \\ \text { Jack } \\ \text { Plug } \end{array}\right.$ | 5 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 11 |  | 7 |  | 15 | 3 | 10 | 3 | 10 | 3 | 15 | 5 |
| Cords |  |  |  |  | 8 |  | 8 |  | 15 | 5 | 10 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 15 | 10 |
| Dial ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Operator | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Com. List Key | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Generator | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Insulated Gen. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 |
| Night Alarm | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Bat. Switch | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Conv. Start | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
| Conference |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 0 |
| Connectors | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grounding§ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Toll Recall |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |

*Equipped as indicated
${ }^{\Delta}$ Dial and Dial Mtg. Accessories not furnished unless specified
$\dagger$ Jacks 20 per strip
${ }^{\oplus}$ Jacks 10 per strip
$\ddagger$ Individual Jacks
§When specified

1. THE NO. 121 CORDLESS SWITCHBOARD - The hand-rubbed cabinet of two-toned walnut with sun tanned key panel is ideally suited to the reception area in a fine office requiring no more than five central office lines and sixteen local stations.
2. THE NO. 120 PBX SWITCHBOARD - Employs the same beautiful cabinet treatment in a floor model of larger capacity. The standard No. 120 PBX switchboard has a capacity of 80 lines and either 15 jack-ended trunks or 10 plug-ended trunks. Connects with any common battery exchange, either manual or dial.
3. THE NOS. 127-F and 128-F PBX SWITCHBOARDS - Larger than the No. 120, these more traditional switchboards have a capacity of 100 lines. The No. 127-F board has plug-ended trunks and the No. 128-F board has jack-ended trunks.
4. THE NO. 106 HOTEL TYPE PBX SWITCHBOARD - is the practical switchboard for situations where a larger number of lines in proportion to trunks is essential, such as found in hotel service. There are two standard No. 106 Switchboards; one with 180 lines, the other with 300 lines.

## PBX AND INTERIOR SYSTEMS.

## NO. 121 CORDLESS SWITCHBOARD

Modern offices and smaller business establishments demand a communication system as modern as their other tools and accessories needed to carry on business. The Stromberg-Carlson No. 121 Cordless Switchboard fills this need. Good looking, practical, easy to use, this switchboard will provide the best in efficient service and be a compliment to any business or professional office.


No. 121 Cordless Switchboard

What the No. 121 Cordless Switchboard Offers

1. Complete PBX Service for sixteen stations and five trunks.
2. Five connecting circuits for answering, holding, transferring and extending calls.
3. The cabinet is finished in two-toned walnut veneers, suitable for the reception room or front office.
4. Operation is simple and quick due to contrasting front panel and keys of different colors.
5. All parts are accessible for easy maintenance.
6. Common Talking and Instantaneous Busy are standard circuit features.

## Capacity

Refer to tables on previous page

## Dimensions and Weight

The dimensions of the No. 121 Switchboard are:

$$
\text { Length }-2^{\prime} 2^{3} 4^{\prime \prime} \quad \text { Height- } 1^{\prime} 2^{\prime \prime}
$$

Depth-1 $1^{3} 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$
Approximate Shipping Weight 150 lbs .

## Material and Finish

The finish used is walnut. Correct application of overstain produces artistic banding of light and dark, so that the finish harmonizes with modern office furniture and room decoration. Key mountings are made of Sun Tan phenol fibre veneers, while the key handles are of plastic, colored in pleasing shades.

## NO. 121 SWITCHBOARD (Cont.)

## Construction

Chassis construction is provided for mounting the apparatus, so that the cabinet cover can be removed and still maintain switchboard operation.

The armatures of the relays are at the rear of the board to allow for easy servicing.

## Local Cable

The cable and all other wiring consists of copper conductors insulated with $\alpha 60 \%$ overlap serving of Mylar* Polyester film. Over this an outside serving of cotton is applied to the cable conductors, battery leads, and pilot circuit wiring, and a cotton braid to generator leads.

## Connecting Equipment

The features of these connecting circuits are as follows:
KEY CONTROL-All connections between either PBX stations or trunks and PBX stations are made by means of keys.
BALANCED TRANSMISSION-Both the tip and the ring battery transmission coils to each station are placed on the same relay, and are carefully balanced for resistance and inductance.
BATTERY ECONOMY-The transmission battery not only supplies talking current, but also furnishes energy to operate the supervisory relays.
SIMPLICITY-The supervisory relays each have only one break contact; that contact controls the supervisory lamps. There are no other electrically controlled contacts in the connecting circuit. TRANSMISSION EFFICIENCY-Both the tip and the ring talking conductors are entirely free from either series resistances or series retardation coils that contribute undesirable and appreciable losses.

## Trunk Equipment

These trunks have the following characteristics:
THREE LAMP SUPERVISION-A white call lamp indicates that the Central Office operator is calling the PBX, a green hold lamp indicates that the trunk is being held by the PBX operator, and $\alpha$ red disconnect lamp indicates when the connected PBX subscriber hangs up. This disconnect lamp is associated with the connecting circuit equipment.
KEY CONTROL-All connections between PBX stations or between trunks and PBX stations are made by means of keys.
CONVERTIBLE-Provision for connecting with a Dial Central Office is already in the board. All that is necessary is to install one dial common to all the converted trunks. Switchboards are wired so that repeating coil (long line) trunks or magneto trunks may be installed readily when the proper equipment is ordered.

## Operator's Telephone Equipment

The No. 1544-P (211757-000) Handset Telephone is used for operator's telephone equipment in the No. 121 PBX Switchboard (see catalogue pages describing Common Battery Telephones.)

This telephone takes a WDN-6-K Cord.
The use of the desk handset type of telephone assures uniform efficiency, as the relative position of transmitter and receiver is fixed. It also relieves the operator by eliminating the headband, and assures economical operation as no battery is used when the handset is replaced.
*Dupont's registered trademark.

## Battery Switch Equipment

A switch is provided to cut the battery from the switchboard when no operator is in attendance.

## Generator Equipment

REGULAR RINGING is accomplished by means of 20 -cycle current which is brought into the PBX switchboard either from the main exchange or from $\alpha$ Stromberg-Carlson No. 5 Converter, which is of the vibrating type (see Accessories). This converter when connected with the No. 121 Cordless Switchboard runs only during the periods in which it is required for ringing.
EMERGENCY RINGING is accomplished by means of the hand generator. A key (Gen) is provided for switching from the hand generator to the power generator or vice versa. Terminals also are provided for connecting to the outside source of power ringing current.

## Night Alarm Equipment

Each No. 121 Cordless PBX Switchboard is furnished with a night alarm. The apparatus for this purpose includes a buzzer, night alarm key, condenser, relay, and an impedance coil.
The night alarm buzzer sounds not only on the incoming line calls and the incoming trunk calls, but also on the connecting circuit's disconnect signals.
The operation of the night alarm is controlled by a switch. Two types of night alarm circuits are available:
THE REGULAR NIGHT ALARM EQUIPMENT operates off direct current from the battery terminals within the switchboard, and includes noise-suppressing components to prevent disturbances being carried into the talking circuit.
AC OPERATION OF NIGHT ALARMS is possible by relocating two terminal straps and disconnecting the No. 62 Condenser and the No. 202 Impedance Coil.

## Common Listening Key

This is also known as Common Talking Circuit. When all five connecting circuits are busy, the attendant can answer further calls with the lower listening key in the "down" position.


No. 121 Cordless Switchboard with cabinet removedshowing accessibility of wiring and equipment

## NOS. 120-FJ and 120-FP PBX SWITCHBOARDS

These switchboards are the companion pieces to the No. 121 Cordless Switchboard just described. These boards have larger capacity ( 80 lines maximum) and carry over into the floor cabinet the striking beauty found in the cordless type switchboard.

The No. 120-FJ board has jack-ended trunks, while the No. 120-FP has plug-ended trunks. However, the circuits and features of both are similar.


The No. 120-FJ PBX Switchboard Enhances the Larger Office

## No. 120-FJ PBX Switchboard

This board has a larger capacity than the 121 ( 80 lines maximum) and carries over in the floor cabinet the striking beauty found in the cordless type switchboard.
The No. 120-FJ Switchboard has jack-ended trunks which permits the operator to use the same cord for answering local stations and extending such calls to trunks.

## What the No. 120-FJ PBX Switchboard Offers

1. Connects with any Central Energy Exchange-either manual or dial.
2. Jack-ended trunks.
3. PBX station is protected against re-rings.
4. Cord splitting is possible.
5. Instantaneous Busy feature on trunks.
6. Individual cord ringing keys, ring-back key, listening key, and dialing key when required.
7. Reverting Ringing Tone.
8. Coils, relays and capacitors are on a relay gate which swings horizontally.
9. Equipped to use Western Electric type headset.

## Capacity of Stock Boards

Refer to the table on page 17C.

## Dimensions and Weight

The dimensions of the No. 120 Switchboard are: Width- $2^{\prime} 11 / 8^{\prime \prime} \quad$ Height- $3^{\prime} 95 / 8^{\prime \prime} \quad$ Depth- $2^{\prime} 8^{\prime \prime}$
Approximate shipping weight is 475 pounds

## Cabinet

The equipment is mounted on steel frame members housed in an attractive veneered walnut cabinet that is in keeping with any type of office furniture. The sun tan finish of the face mounting, contrasted with the dark brown plugboard and polished brass fittings, adds to the over-all appearance. The surfaces are all smooth with rounded corners. The rear door is flush and is removed by means of a finger notch.

## NO. 120-FJ TYPE SWITCHBOARD (Cont.)

## Circuit Features

## Provisions for Different Wiring

Wiring of the No. 120 Switchboard permits four combinations of Supervision.

CLASS " $A$ "-All standard stock boards are wired for class " $A$ " supervision. This type of supervision provides the following facilities upon release of a trunk by a PBX station: (1) Central office receives $\alpha$ disconnect signal, (2) The rear cord PBX supervisory cord lamp is lighted, thereby splitting the trunk.
However, should another call be initiated by the Central Office operator or Dial Exchange before the PBX operator has removed her plugs, the signal will appear on the trunk line lamp.

Because the trunk is split, the connected PBX station telephone bells will not be rung. To answer this type of call, the operator need only operate the listening key of the cord circuit associated with the trunk.

If the PBX station should recall before the PBX operator has removed the plugs on $\alpha$ previous connection, the calling party will again signal the Central Office.

CLASS " $B$ "-Under wiring condition " $B$," Through Supervision or Central Office disconnect on trunk connections is controlled by the PBX station to which the trunk is connected. The signals to the PBX and Central Office Operator are, in all respects, similar to those under wiring conditions "A."
CLASS "C" - When the cord circuit is wired for "C" conditions, the supervisory signals operate as follows: When the PBX station hangs up, the back supervisory lamp is lighted at the PBX. However, the Central Office does not receive a disconnect until the front cord at the PBX is removed from the trunk jack. This arrangement is particularly adaptable to Central Office service wherein subscribers find it necessary to transfer calls.

If a trunk is connected to a Dial Office, the trunk is held busy until the front cord is removed.

If the PBX operator is slow in taking down a connection, the station concerned can signal on the back cord supervisory lamp as it will flash in unison with the movement of the telephone hookswitch.

CLASS "D"-Under set-up "D" supervision is the same as that described under "C" except talking battery is derived from the cord circuit.

DOUBLE LAMP SUPERVISION gives the operator definite information as to the condition of connections between local stations.

FRONT CORD TRUNK CONNECTION requires all trunk calls to be answered or connected by means of the front cord. Supervision is maintained on the back cord supervisory lamp only when the back cord is plugged into the local line.

BRIDGED LISTENING KEY enables operator to listen across cord circuit. An attendant answers an incoming call from a PBX station using an idle cord.

COMBINED INDIVIDUAL DIALING AND LISTENING KEY enables operator to dial over the front cord of any cord circuit. During dialing, the operator's circuit is opened, but returns to normal immediately afterward for further conversation.

THROUGH DIAL AND NIGHT SWITCHING KEY enables the PBX subscriber to dial or signal a central office over the trunk direct, when the cord pair is set up for this type of service. It is used principally for through night service, when the battery is cut off the board or for through service during the day when a party wishes to make a series of consecutive calls.

SEPARATE RINGING KEYS enables operator to ring over either front or back cord without taking the connection down.

REVERTING RINGING TONE-Listening party hears reverting tone when either front or back ringing keys are operated.

TOLL RECALL (furnished only when specified) provides recall on front cord supervisory lamp, when front cord is plugged in on $\alpha$ trunk being held for toll service.

BOOSTER BATTERY SUPPLY may readily be applied to the battery feed coils of the cord circuits for long PBX lines by means of a simple battery terminal arrangement. This feature provides adequate transmission current for those zones beyond the limitations of the standard battery supply.

CONFERENCE CIRCUIT-When this feature is installed, as many as five lines may be set up for simultaneous conversation connections between PBX stations or as many as four simultaneous conversations between PBX stations and trunks.

FULL-TALK CIRCUIT-See Trunk Equipment.


No. 120 Switchboard, rear perspective, with open relay gate

## NO. 120-FJ PBX SWITCHBOARD (Cont.)



Close-up of Keyboard

## Circuits

The circuits for the No. 120-FJ Switchboard have been designed to provide fundamental wiring for all normal operating conditions. This means that a variety of exchange requirements can be met with little or no change.
The circuits will operate satisfactorily under the following conditions:

1. When the operating voltage does not drop below 16 volts or rise above 26 volts.
2. When the wire circuit loop resistance is 700 ohms or less in an eleven cell system.
3. When the wire circuit loop resistance is 1500 ohms or less in a twenty-two cell system.
4. When the minimum line insulation resistance is 10,000 ohms.
The local cable form is arranged so that by making simple wiring shifts in the cord circuit, the following classes of supervision and battery source become available.
A. Through Supervision, with talking battery fed from the Central Office Trunk, with Trunk Splitting.
B. Through Supervision, with talking battery fed from the PBX cord circuit, with Trunk Splitting.
C. Non-through Supervision, with no Trunk Splitting.
D. Non-through Supervision, with talking battery fed from the PBX cord circuit, with no Trunk Splitting.
The choice of Supervision is usually governed by the following:
If a PBX is connected to a Central Office, working from an eleven cell battery, talking battery is fed from the PBX cord circuit.

When the PBX is connecied to a Central Office, working from $\alpha$ twenty-two cell battery, talking battery is fed from the trunk, provided the trunk line loop does not exceed 350 ohms and the longest PBX station line does not exceed the loop resistance of the trunk. In case the trunk line loop exceeds 350 ohms, transmitter battery should be fed from the PBX cord circuit.

If it is desirable to transfer trunk calls from one PBX station to another, or when the Conference Circuit is used, Non-through Supervision is essential.

## Line Equipment

Stock switchboards are wired for line relays, although relays are provided only when specified. Standard equipment consists of series lamp signals.

Balanced talking conditions prevail as both battery and ground are cut off the line jack when the operator plugs in to answer. Reliable signals and battery economy are assured by the use of high grade line lamps and high wound efficient relays.

## Trunk Equipment

The trunk circuits are of the jack and lamp ended type. Each trunk circuit used in connection with a common battery central office, or dial office.

When the PBX is connected for twenty-four hours a day or part time leased toll service (known as Full-Talk Circuit) the following equipment is connected between the PBX trunk terminals and the leased Toll Line and installed outside the PBX cabinet.

The same equipment is used and installed outside the cabinet when the PBX is connected to magneto exchange.

## Dial Circuit Equipment

The common dial circuit is completely equipped with the exception of the dial and dial mounting.

## Operator's Telephone Equipment

A Western Electric type headset is normally furnished with the No. 120 Type Switchboard.

Anti-Side tone qualities are provided wherein outgoing transmission, including the effect of local noises, is prevented from reaching the operator's receiver, but does not affect high quality incoming transmission.

## Generator

REGULAR RINGING is accomplished by means of a 20 cycle alternating current derived from some type of power generator such as the Sub-Cycle, or Rotary Converter.
EMERGENCY RINGING is accomplished by means of the hand generator furnished with the switchboard. A key is provided to switch from hand to power generator or the opposite.

## Night Alarm Equipment

To assist the operator in performing her duties, each switchboard is provided with $\alpha$ night alarm.

The night alarm is controlled by the Push Button Key. When this key is operated the night alarm sounds simultaneously with incoming line calls, incoming trunk calls and on cord circuit supervision.
CONVERTIBLE-Regular night alarm equipment is furnished to operate from the generator current source of supply, but wiring is arranged so that the night alarm may readily be operated from direct current when this method of operation is desired.

## Battery Switch

A switch is provided to cut the battery from the switchboard when no operator is at the switchboard.

## Insulated Generator

Insulated generator is provided when magneto or toll trunks are installed in the switchboard.

## THE NO. 120-FP PBX SWITCHBOARD

The No. 120-FP Switchboard uses the same two-toned walnut cabinet as the No. 120-FJ Switchboard. This type of switchboard is wired and equipped with plug-ended trunks to make answering and extending incoming trunk calls easier for the operator.


No. 120-FP PBX Switchboard

## Features of the No. 120-FP Switchboard

1. Like the No. $120-\mathrm{FJ}$, this board connects with any type of central office.
2. Instantaneous busy feature on all trunks.
3. Beautifully styled cabinet gives switchboard front office appeal.
4. Cord splitting is possible.
5. Trunks are of the plug-ended type.
6. Bridged or divided ringing.

Stock Switchboards are wired and equipped as follows:

| Circuits | Wired | Equipped |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Line | 80 | 20 |
| Trunks | 10 | 3 |
| Cords | 10 | 4 |
| Dial | 1 | 0 |
| Operator | 1 | 1 |
| Generator | 1 | 1 |
| Night Alarm | 1 | 1 |
| Battery Switch | 1 | 1 |
| Converter Start | 1 | 0 |
| Grounding | 1 | 1 |

## Circuit Features and Equipment

LINE CIRCUIT-Balanced talking conditions prevail as both battery and ground are cut off the line jack when operator plugs in to answer. These circuits are equipped with line relays which provide uniform signaling on all lines.

TRUNK CIRCUITS-These circuits are of the plug-ended type and have the advantage that incoming central office calls are answered by simply operating the listening key associated with the trunk. Equipment for each trunk includes a listening key, a ringing key, a night and thru-dial key and an operator's dial key.
CORD CIRCUITS-are of the condenser type which furnishes $\alpha$ separate battery supply to both answering and calling stations, and provides double lamp supervision. Each cord circuit is equipped with $\alpha$ listening key and $\alpha$ calling cord ringing key. DIAL CIRCUIT-is wired into the switchboard but is not equipped unless desired. When specified, order the following equipment: a No. 62 Condenser, a No. 222 Impedance Coil, a No. 336-B Key (engraved "WO"), a dial coded DCX-209, and a No. 3 Dial Mounting.
OPERATOR'S CIRCUIT-unless otherwise specified, is normally equipped with a Western Electric type headset. The transmitter on either set features anti-side tone qualities that reduce the effect of local noises being transmitted over the line.
GENERATOR CIRCUIT-Normal ringing current is supplied by some type of power generator such as a sub-cycle unit that furnishes 20 -cycle A.C. Emergency ringing is accomplished by $\alpha$ hand generator that is furnished on every stock board. A key is also provided to switch from power to hand generator.
NIGHT ALARM CIRCUIT-The stock switchboard is wired and equipped with this circuit to assist the operator in performing her duties. This alarm is controlled by a push-button key that, when operated, sounds an alarm with every incoming call, either local stations or trunks.

Standard Night Alarm equipment operates from the generator current source of supply. The wiring of this alarm is so arranged as to be readily adaptable to operate from direct current.
BATTERY SWITCHING CIRCUIT-A push-button key is provided to cut off battery from the switchboard when no operator is in attendance.
OTHER FEATURES-such as the Connector Start and Grounding Circuit are wired into this stock board; however only the Grounding Circuit is equipped. The other may be ordered when desired.


Close-up of Keyshelf No. 120-FP Switchboard

# PBXAND INTERIOR SYSTEMS• C 

Revised 9-1-57
NOS. 127-F and 128-F PBX SWITCHBOARDS
The Nos. 127-F and 128-F PBX Switchboards have a greater line capacity than the No. 120 switchboard, with a maximum of 100 lines. The No. 127-F employs plug-ended trunks and the No. 128-F uses jack-ended trunks. Both boards incorporate the latest circuit principles so as to provide all customary services for many years to come. Both boards can work into dial, manual or magneto central offices.


The No. 128 PBX Switchboard

## What Do These Switchboards Offer?

1. Will work into any type of exchange-manual or dial, common battery or magneto.
2. Cabinets are dark walnut and have dark face panels to lessen eye-strain while searching for signals.
3. A choice between jack-ended or plug-ended trunks.
4. Cord splitting is possible on both boards.
5. Instantaneous-busy feature is supplied on all trunk lines.
6. Arranged to use Western Electric type headset.
7. Coils, relays, capacitors are all mounted on a relay gate which swings outward for easy maintenance.

## Cabinets

The cabinets for both boards are of dark walnut with a lasting hand-rubbed finish. The smooth, flush sidings and rounded corners make these boards most acceptable as furniture. The rear door is flush mounted and can be removed easily. The dull black panel makes it easy for the operator to catch line, trunk and supervisory signals as they appear.

Stock Switchboards are wired and Equipped as follows:

| Circuit | No. 127-F |  | No. 128-F |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Wired | Equipped | Wired | Equipped |
| Line | 100 | 20 | 100 | 40 |
| Trunk |  | 3 |  | 5 |
| Cord | 10 | 4 | 15 | 10 |
| Dial | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Operator | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Generator | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Night Alarm | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Battery Switch | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Converter Start Relay | Y 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Grounding | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

## Circuits

Circuits used on these boards have been designed to provide fundamental wiring for all normal operating conditions. Additions or variations of exchange requirements can be met simply, easily and quickly.

## Line Circuits

Both stock boards are wired for 100 lines. The line circuits are equipped with line relays to provide uniform signaling on all lines. This circuit is so designed that several cases of line leakage will not cause the Night Alarm signal to sound thereby lighting line lamps.


Rear View of No. 128-F PBX Switchboard

## NOS. 127 AND 128 PBX SWITCHBOARDS (Cont.)

## Trunk Circuits

The No. 127-F Switchboard is wired and equipped with plugended trunks. The advantage of such trunks is that the operator answers incoming central office calls by simply operating the listening key associated with the trunk. Each trunk is provided with $\alpha$ listening key, $\alpha$ ringing key, $\alpha$ Night and Thru-Dial Key and an operator's dial key.

The No. 128 -F Switchboard is wired and equipped with jackended trunks. The advantage of this type is that when extending outgoing calls from local stations, the operator may use the same cord for both answering and extending the call.

## Conference Circuit

This feature is wired but not equipped in the No. 128-F PBX Switchboard. When this feature is desired, as many as five local stations may be arranged for conference purposes or as many as four conversations may take place between the PBX Stations and a trunk line.

## Dial Circuit

The common dial circuit is furnished in the No. 128-F Switchboard; it is wired but not equipped in the stock No. 127-F. When such equipment is desired, order a No. 62 Condenser, a No. 222 Impedance Coil, a No. 336-B Key (engraved "WO"), $\alpha$ dial coded DCX-209, and a No. 3 Dial Mounting.

## Operator's Telephone Circuit

These boards are arranged to work with the Western Electric
type headset. All headsets use transmitters with anti-side tone qualities to reduce effect of local noises transmitted over the line.

## Generator Circuit

Normal ringing current is supplied by some type of power generator such as a Sub-Cycle unit, furnishing 20 -cycle alternating current.
Emergency ringing is supplied by $\alpha$ hand generator furnished on both boards. A key is provided to switch from power to hand generator.

## Night Alarm Circuit

Both boards are wired and equipped with Night Alarms. The operation of the alarm is controlled by a push-button key on the No. 127-F board, and a twist type key on the No. 128-F board. When these keys are operated, the alarm is sounded with every incoming call, local stations or trunks, and on cord supervision.
The night alarm equipment operates from the generator current source of supply. The wiring of the alarm can be readily arranged to operate from direct current if such power is supplied.

## Battery Switch

Both types of boards are equipped with keys to cut off battery from the switchboard when no operator is present. The No. 127-F board employs a push-button key for battery switching while the No. 128-F board uses a twist-type key.


A small business is as efficient as its PBX service

## THE NO. 106 PBX SWITCHBOARD

The No. 106 PBX Switchboard has been adopted by many telephone companies to meet the practical requirements of general service. Available with plug-ended trunks, this switchboard can operate into dial or manual common battery or magneto central offices. Designed primarily to maximize the number of lines with respect to trunks, it is offered in a capacity of 180 lines or 300 lines. If a 180 line board is desired, the jacks are larger and are mounted 10 per strip; whereas if 300 lines are desired, the jacks are mounted 20 per strip and are slightly smaller so as to keep them within comfortable reach of the operator.

## Features of the No. 106 PBX Switchboard

PLUG ENDED TRUNKS permit the use of all cord circuits on the board for local to local and local to trunk service and have the advantage that both central office and local operators receive disconnect signals simultaneously.
LINE CIRCUIT EQUIPMENT may be furnished in either relay or line lamp types.
BALANCED TALKING CONDITIONS - both battery and ground are cut off the line jack when the operator plugs up to answer.
TRIPLE SUPERVISION facilitates fast and accurate operation.
NEAT SERVICEABLE KEYBOARD EQUIPMENT - the key mountings are flush with the keyboard and are neatly covered with a dull black insulating material. The lamp caps are of the unbreakable type without guards.

## Line Circuit Equipment

The line capacity of this switchboard is either 180 or 300 , depending upon type of line jacks used. If there is no foreseeable need to order a board over 180 lines, then when specifying the line equipment order jacks mounted 10 per strip. If the need for this type of board is over 180 lines but less than 300 , order line jacks mounted 20 per strip.
In the No. 106 stock PBX Switchboard, the maximum number of lines are wired, but are not equipped. To order equipment for each line circuit, specify the following:

| Stock No. <br> $200724-000$ | Code <br> $135 / 100-A$ | Dack and Mounting Assembly <br> (20 per strip) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $48368-000$ | $135 / 99$ | Jack and Mounting Assembly <br> (10 per strip) |
| $801425-000$ | $121 / 81$ | Lamp and Mounting Assembly <br> (20 per strip) |
| $801392-000$ | $27 A$ | Lamp Cap |
| $801369-000$ | $24-B-2$ | Lamp <br> $800718-000$ |
| $801424-000$ | $121 / 80$ | Designation Strip (each 20 lines) <br> Lamp and Mounting Assembly <br> (10 per strip) |

Trunk Circuit Equipment
The trunks are wired but not equipped. This arrangement makes it unnecessary to modify the key cable when adapting the PBX trunking apparatus to connect with any type of central office: dial or manual, common battery or magneto.
The stock switchboard is wired for 111 trunks (on a 180 line maximum board) or 7 trunks (on a 300 line maximum board). Basic equipment is as follows:

| Stock No. <br> $42936-000$ | Code | Description <br> $800707-000$ |
| ---: | :---: | :--- |
| $801421-000$ | 6 | Cord and Plug Assembly |
| $801412-000$ | $31-A$ | Lamp Socket |
| $801413-000$ | $31-B$ | Lamp Cap |
| $801414-000$ | $31-\mathrm{C}$ | Lamp Cap Cap |
| $801369-000$ | $24-\mathrm{B-2}$ | Lamp |
| $207169-000$ | $176-\mathrm{N}$ | Key (Ring and Listen) |
| $205052-000$ | $173-\mathrm{M}$ | Key (Dial and Night Thru Dial) |
| $205653-000$ | 160 | Key Mounting |
| $201763-000$ | 20 | Circuit Plate or |


| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| ---: | :---: | :--- |
| $201764-000$ | 21 | Circuit Plate |
| $28177-000$ |  | Resistors |
| $17193-000$ |  | Terminal Strip |

## Cord Circuit Equipment

The PBX cords are of the double lamp supervisory type with three conductor plugs and three conductor cords. There are eight cord circuits wired into the No. 106 stock Switchboard. Equipment for each cord circuit is as follows:

| Stock No. | Code | Description <br> $42936-000$ |
| ---: | :---: | :--- |
| $800707-000$ | 6 | Cord and Plug Assembly |
| $802622-000$ | $172-$ F | Cord Weight |
| $205652-000$ | 159 | Key |
| $200769-000$ | $222-B$ | Key Mounting |

## Operator's Circuit Equipment

The most up-to-date operator's equipment is used in the No. 106 PBX Switchboard. Anti-side tone qualities have been incorporated in every operator's head set to reduce the effect of local noises from being sent out over the transmitter. Each Operator's Circuit contains the following equipment:

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| ---: | :---: | :--- |
| $212463-000$ | $50-A$ | Induction Coil |
| $800281-000$ | $21-A$ | Impedance Coil |
| $48346-000$ | 57 | Condenser |
| $42370-000$ | 55 | Condenser |
| $42375-000$ | 61 | Condensers (2) |
| $801179-000$ | 144 | Jack |
| $14074-000$ | 87 | Jack Mounting |
| $205701-000$ |  | Operator's Set |

## Night Alarm Equipment

Each PBX switchboard contains a night alarm to assist the operator in performing her duties. The apparatus for this purpose includes the following:

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 49508-000 | $334-C$ | Key (N.A.) |
| $803103-000$ | $381-A$ | Relays (2) |
| $801861-000$ | $50 L L$ | Ringer |

## Generator Equipment

Regular ringing current is supplied by a sub-cycle unit that is provided with each No. 106 PBX switchboard. Emergency ringing is accomplished by means of a hand generator. A key is furnished for switching from power to hand generator.
Operator's equipment for emergency ringing is as follows:

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| ---: | :---: | :--- |
| $201678-000$ | 64 | Generator |
| $\mathbf{2 0 3 5 5 5 - 0 0 0}$ |  | Generator Shaft |
| $\mathbf{2 0 4 8 5 9 - 0 0 0}$ |  | Generator Crank |
| $\mathbf{4 9 5 0 8 - 0 0 0}$ | $334-\mathrm{C}$ | Key (Gen.) |
| $\mathbf{4 2 7 9 2 - 0 0 0}$ |  | Lamp, 40w., 110 v. |
| $\mathbf{4 2 7 9 8 - 0 0 0}$ |  | Lamp Socket |

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## STROMBERG-CARLSON

## Carrier and Microwave Systems



The Stromberg-Carlson Carrier and Microwave Systems are comprised of matched components designed and built to operate together providing the ultimate in Carrier and Microwave Transmission.
545 Compandors
Page
Carrier Telegraph
531 AM Carrier Telegraph Terminal ..... 12
Loop Control Panel ..... 13
535 Frequency Shift Carrier Telegraph ..... 13
Multiplex Equipment
511 Multiplex Terminal ..... 8
511A-100 Service Channel Unit ..... 9
512 Crystal Controlled Oscillator ..... 10
513 Translators ..... 10
514 Translator Oscillator Synchronizer ..... 11
556All Broadbond Amplifier ..... 11
556A21 and 556A31 Jack and Amplifier ..... 11
Power Supply Units ..... 17
Tone Units ..... 15
Voice Frequency Repeaters
541 Negative Impedance ..... 14
551 Hybrid ..... 14
Wire Line Carrier
Systems ..... 4
501 Carrier Terminal ..... 5
502 Line Filters ..... 6
506 Carrier Repeaters ..... 6
507 Pilot Regular ..... 7
561 Subscriber Carrier ..... 7

## STROMBERG-CARLSON <br> CARRIER and MICROWAVE SYSTEMS

## Low Cost Additions

Carrier affords the most practical method for making additions to open wire toll or inter-office trunks, particularly where existing wire line facilities span rugged terrain or cover long distances.

## Maintenance Economies

Standard commercial tubes used throughout: Normal routine adjustments are made

$$
=
$$



## WIRE LINE CARRIER

## 501 Carrier Systems

features

- Economical and Compact
- Simple Installation and Maintenance
- Stackable or Integrated Systems
- Two-Wire and Four-Wire Operation
- Dial or Ringdown
- Front Door Maintenance

The Stromberg-Carlson 501 Carrier Systems solve a problem for the ever expanding telephone industry, providing equipment to superimpose up to 4 high quality channels on an open-wire circuit.
As a result of recent research and development, combined with advanced engineering, the Stromberg-Carlson 501 Carrier Systems provide economical operation, simplified installation and maintenance.
The equipment incorporates a flexibility of design, characterized by two distinct applications, a 3 -channel Integrated System and a 4 -channel Stackable System. Each system is advantageous in its own application. The 3-channel Integrated System is more practical for repeatered systems since the three high frequencies are transmitted in one direction while the three low frequencies are transmitted in the opposite direction. The Stackable System is advantageous to installations not requiring repeaters since up to 4 channels can be installed on any existing transmis. sion path. These channels can be installed individually as the need arises, proving a definite advantage to a growing concern.
The Stromberg-Carlson 501 Carrier Systems are designed to meet today's operational requirements in the telephone industry. With the Stromberg-Carlson 501 Carrier Systems, making additions to openwire toll or extended area service trunks between central offices ceases to be a problem.

Typical Bay of a 501 Carrier 3-Channel Integrated System


## Transistorized Subscriber Carrier Systems

 features- Transistorized
- Printed Circuit
- Plug-in Circuit Cards
- Economical and Compact
- Simple Installation
- Front Door Maintenance

The Stromberg-Carlson Transistorized Subscriber Carrier System is engineered to provide Subscriber dialing and central office ringing from either tip or ring to ground of the transmission pair. Facilities for fully selective multi-frequency, bridged or divided ringing can be obtained without circuit modifications. In this way, up to 10 party lines per channel can be served, increasing the capacity of the existing line by 50 subscribers. The mechanical design of the Stromberg-Carlson Transistorized Subscriber Carrier is directed toward simplified installatoin and maintenance procedures. The terminal is enclosed in an aluminum cabinet. Within the cabinet, the circuits are broken down into functional units. Each functional unit is in the form of a plug-in printed circuit card which is held in place by aluminum slides.
The Stromberg-Carlson Transistorized Subscriber Carrier System includes 5 channels in addition to the existing physical circuit. These 5 channels operate within a frequency band between 24 KC and 138 KC and are stackable, meaning that individual channels can be installed, disconnected or replaced without affecting the other operating channels.


Transistorized 561 Subscriber Carrier Terminal with Protective Housing

## WIRE LINE CARRIER (Cont.)

## 501 Carrier Terminal




The Stromberg-Carlson Carrier Equipment is designed to provide up to 4 high quality voice channels in addition to the physical on an open-wire circuit. It is not necessary to run more wire over rugged terrain, and the operation and maintenance cost are generally lower than equivalent wire circuit.

The mechanical design of the 501 Carrier Terminal provides maximum serviceability, minimum rack space, and proper ventilation for continuous operation over a long period.

Each 501 Carrier Channel unit requires $83 / 4$ inches of 19 -inch rack space. Line filters, voice channeling equipment, and signaling apparatus are all provided within the basic 501 channel unit.

Mechanically the 501 Carrier Terminal consists of a steel chassis with a hinged gate type front panel, a design which expresses consideration for both the repairman and the operating company. The front can cover extends $31 / 2$ inches in front of the rack and the rear of the unit extends $83 / 4$ inches behind the front surface of the relay rack. The 501 Carrier Terminal weighs approximately 50 pounds. All filters, the main terminal strip, and jacks which are used frequently are accessible by opening the front panel gate. Incoming cables enter the unit through knockouts on either side of the main chassis.

The hinged front panel is equipped with six subpanel units. Each subpanel is designed to perform a specific function in the
terminal. These functional units are:

1. 4-Wire Terminating Set and Signal Send Unit.
2. Modulator Unit.
3. Modulator Amplifier Unit.
4. Demodulator Unit.
5. Demodulator Amplifier Unit.
6. Signal Receive Unit.

The use of subpanels, each designed to perform a specific function, provides a high degree of electrical isolation between the various parts of a complete terminal and facilitates repairs and replacements which may be necessary.

Each subpanel is provided with test sockets on the front of the panel to measure tube voltages. Tubes are located at the extreme outer edges of the subpanels and a slip-on front can cover, common to the complete 501 Channel Terminal covers the center part of the unit. This provides a "Chimney" type of heat dissipation which eliminates overheating of other components and, while protecting controls from inadvertent misadjustment, allows easy access to the control. All control shafts are arranged for screwdriver adjustment and are variable to allow for optimum adjustment of carrier terminal circuits.

The power required per terminal is 40 watts which is supplied by the 505 or 518 Power Units. These units operate on 115 volt, $50-60$ cycle AC line to furnish the necessary 6.3 AC heater voltage and the plus 250 DC plate volatge.


## WIRE LINE CARRIER (Cont.)

## 502 Line Filters

A filter is used in $\alpha$ frequency circuit to exclude unwanted frequencies and to keep channels separaied. It is also $\alpha$ device to suppress interference which would appear as distortion. The 502 Line Filter associated with the 501 Carriers are listed below and are supplied at a nominal charge.


Office Mounted
Description
Code
$502-11$
L. F. Panel W/3KC LP/4KC HP Line Filter Non-Phantom
502-112 L. F. Panel W/12KC LP/12KC HP Line Filter Non-Phantom
502-113 L. F. Panel W/22KC LP/22KC Line Filter Non-Phantom
502-114 L. F. Panel W/33.5KC LP/33.5KC HP Line Filter Non-Phantom
502-115 L. F. Panel 2-3KC LP/2-4KC HP Line Filter Non-Phantom
$502-116$ L. F. Panel 2-13KC LP $/ 2-12 \mathrm{KC}$ HP Line Filter Non-Phantom
502-117 L. F. Panel 2-22KC LP/2-22KC HP Line Filter Non-Phantom
502-118 L. F. Panel $2-33$ KC LP/ $2-33.5 \mathrm{KC}$ LP Line Filter Non-Phantom
502-119 L. F. Panel 1-135-600 Impedance Matching XFMR
502-120 L. F. Panel 2-135-600 Impedance Matching XFMR
502-121 L. F. Panel 2-3KC LP Bal. \& 2-4KC HP-Composite
502-122 L. F. Panel 1-3KC LP W LFB \& 1-4KC HP-Composite

## Pole Mounted <br> Description

Code
502-151 L. F. Panel W/3KC LP/4KC HP Non-Phantom
502-152 L. F. Panel W/12KC LP/12KC HP Non-Phantom
502-153 L. F. Panel W/22KC LP/22KC HP Non-Phantom
502-154 L. F. Panel W/33.5KC LP/33.5 KC HP Non-Phantom
502-155 L. F. Panel W/2.3KC LP/2.4KC HP Non-Phantom
502-156 L. F. Panel W/2-12KC LP/2-12KC HP Non-Phantom
502-157 L. F. Panel W/2-22KC LP/2-22KC HP Non-Phantom
502-158 L. F. Panel W/2-33KC LP/2-36KC HP Non-Phantom
502-159 L. F. Panel 1 Impedance Matching Transformer
502-160 L. F. Panel 2 Impedance Matching Transformer
502-161 L. F. Panel 2-3KC LP Bal. \& 2-4KC HP W/600-135 XFMR
502-162 L. F. Panel l-3KC LP \& LFB \& 1-4KC HP W/600-135 XFMR

## 506 Carrier Repeater

The 506 Carrier Repeater is available for the 3 -channel Integrated System only. It is a bi-directional unit consisting of two identical groups of amplifiers; one group serving East to West signal and pilot frequencies, and the other group serving West to East signal and pilot frequencies.

Two sets of standard 3 KC LP/4KC HP filters are used to allow voice frequency transmission on the physical circuit to by-pass the repeater. Two sets of 18 KC HP and LP filters are used for separating the two directions of carrier frequency transmission.

Each amplifier group consists of a 12AU7 twin triode, one section of which is used as a voltage amplifier, and the second section as a paraphase inverter. A push-pull amplifier, utilizing two 6CL6 power pentodes, comprises the final stage.

The 506 Carrier Repeater requires $83 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ of vertical space on $\alpha$ $19^{\prime \prime}$ rack and is complete within itself except for power supply.

The electrical characteristics are as follows:

| Input Impedance . . . . . . . . . . . . . 600 ohms balanced |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Output Impedance . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 600 ohms balanced |  |
| Frequency Range | Flat to 100 KC |
| Frequency Response . . . . . . . . . . . $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ |  |
| Recommended Input Level. . . . . . . . . 13 db |  |
| Recommended Transmit Level to Line. $+18 \mathrm{dbm} /$ channel |  |
| Nominal Gain . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 31 db |  |
| \% Distortion . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Less than 0.1 of $1 \%$ |  |
| Power Requirements ............. 95 ma @ 250 volts DC |  |
|  | 1.6 amp @ 6.3 volts AC |
| Power Source | S. C. 505 or 518 |
|  | Power Supply |



## CARRIER MICROWAVE EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS

In order to achieve the finest system for you, our sales representatives and engineers are always available to work closely with you on your problems.

We suggest that you contact your nearest StrombergCarlson representative for further ordering information.

## WIRE LINE CARRIER (Cont.)

## 507 Pilot Regulator

The Stromberg-Carlson 507 Pilot Regulator is designed for use with the 501 Integrated Carrier Terminal Equipment and with the 501 Line Repeater Amplifier.

The Pilot Regulator works on the principle that variations in transmission losses will alter the level of a pilot frequency as well as carrier frequency level; and that these changes applied to a receiving amplifier can be made to affect the gain to compensate for the variations in transmission attenuation.

The regulator system will work directly between two carrier stations or over a carrier system using repeaters. Where repeaters are used, one receiving regulator section is required for both directions of transmission.

At the terminal equipment, the pilot regulator includes $\alpha$ crystal controlled pilot frequency oscillator to provide pilot signal for regulator control at the distant terminal. These same pilot oscillators furnish pilot signal for control of the line regulators. Consequently no pilot oscillators are included with the line repeater regulators.

The electrical characteristics are as follows:
Input Impedance $\ldots \ldots . \ldots \ldots . . .600$ ohms unbalanced
Output Impedance $\ldots \ldots \ldots . .600$ ohms unbalanced

## Transistorized 561 Subscriber Carrier

The Transistorized 561 Subscriber Carrier is designed to function with presently designed central offices and station equipment. The system includes five channels in addition to the existing physical circuit. These five channels operate within a frequency band of 24 KC to 138 KC and are stackable, meaning that individual channels can be installed, disconnected or replaced without affecting the other operating channels.

High quality transmission and a reliable ringing and dialing circuit are obtained with line losses running up to 35 db .

In offering this system to telephone companies and others with similar communication problems it is believed that objectives of low initial cost, minimum line rearrangement, maximum reliability and efficient maintenance have been met.

The operating characteristics are as follows:

Transistorized 561 Central Office Terminal

> Power Source $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ 117V AC $60 \mathrm{cps} . \pm 10 \%$ or 48 V DC $\pm 4 \mathrm{~V}$



|  | Double Sideband, Amplitude Modulated |
| :---: | :---: |
| Channel Bandwidth ... | 250 to $2,500 \mathrm{cps}$. at 3 db points |
| Maximum Loss at |  |
| Nominal V.F. Input Power. | 0 dbm |
| End to End Level Stability. | $\pm 1 \mathrm{db}$ Non Compandor |
| Line Impedance | 600 ohms or 150 ohm balanced |
| Transmit Carrier Power | +5 dbm Nominal |
| Receiver Section Gain . . . . . . . . 27 db |  |
| Nominal V.F. Receiving Power. . . -4 dbm |  |
| Regulator Range | +5 dbm to -10 dbm (about nominal) |
| Nominal Receive Level | $-20 \mathrm{dbm}$ |
| Compandor | Optional (depending upon noise and crosstalk levels) |
| Noise (Maximum) | In terminals without compandors only 28 dba |
| Talking Battery | 47 V through $200-200$ ohm balanced relay |
| Subscriber Loop Resistance | 1.200 ohm maximum |
| Subscriber Loop Leakage | 15,000 ohms |
| Signaling, Dialing and |  |
| Ringing | On-off Carrier, with tone for tip to ground ringing and no tone for ring to ground ringing |
| Operating Ambient Temper | $-35^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+130^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ (with protective housing) |

## 545 COMPANDORS

Stromberg-Carlson now offers Compandors for use in Carrier and Multiplex Equipment. A Compandor is a device, made up of an expandor and a compressor, used to improve the signal or voice-to-noise ratio that appears on physical lines in such systems. Each Compandor serves one channel or link (talking
path).
These units are transistorized and feature printed circuit plug-in type cards. They fit into receptacles much like the 541 Voice Frequency Repeaters do. A Compandor occupies an area approximately $11 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 31 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 71 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.

## MULTIPLEX EQUIPMENT

Stromberg-Carlson offers multiplexing equipment that is compatible with any microwave system. Multiplexing equipment provides facilities to superimpose up to 90 high quality voice and signal channels on broadband radio circuits, using the frequency spectrum between 4 and 432 kilocycles. The basic building blocks are groups of 10 channels with super groups of 30 channels. Single sideband suppressed carrier operation is employed for this frequency division type of multiplexing.

There are 10 basic channel terminals using carrier frequencies spaced at 4 kilocycle intervals utilizing the lower sideband in each case. These fundamental channels occupy the frequency spectrum from 4 to 44 kilocycles to provide channels 1 to 10.

Then a second group of 10 fundamental channels may be operated through a group modulator-demodulator using the lower sideband of 96 kilocycles to position these channels (11


Typical Microwave Installation using Multiplex Equipment
to 20) in the frequency spectrum between 52 and 92 kilocycles.
A third group of 10 fundamental channels may be operated through a second group modulator using the upper sideband of 96 kilocycles to position these channels ( 21 to 30 ) in the frequency spectrum between 100 and 140 kilocycles. Thus 30 channels occupy the range from 4 to 140 kilocycles.

For additional channels, 30 channel groups as described above may be operated through a group modulator-demodulator operating on the lower sideband of 292 kilocycles to position these channels ( 31 to 60 ) in the frequency range extending from 152 to 288 kilocycles. Channels 61 to 90 are obtained by using a group modulator-demodulator operating on the upper sideband of 292 KC to position them in the 296 to 432 kilocycle range.
By this process, using only 10 types of fundamental channel terminal types and only 4 types of group modulator-demodulators, or translators, it is possible to obtain up to 90 voice channels in the frequency range between 4 to 432 kilocycles.

Multiplexing equipment consists of the 511 Multiplex Terminal, the 511-A 100 Service Channel Unit, the 512 Crystal Oscillator, the 513 Translators, the 514 Oscillator Synchronizers, and the 556 Broadband Amplifiers. All of this equipment is discussed on the following pages.

## 511 Multiplex Terminals



The hinged front panel of the 511 is equipped with four subpanels. Each subpanel is complete within itself to perform a specific function in the terminal. These functions are:

1. 4-Wire Terminating Set and Signal Sending Unit
2. Modulator Unit
3. Demodulator and Receiving Amplifier Unit
4. Signal Receiving Unit

The use of subpanels, each designed to perform a specific function, provides $\alpha$ high degree of electrical isolation between the various parts of a complete terminal and facilitates any necessary repairs.

Each subpanel is provided with test points on the front of the panel to measure all tube voltages, and controls to standardize

## MULTIPLEX EQUIPMENT (Cont.)

levels and gains in the unit. Tubes are located at the extreme outer edges of the subpanels and a slip-on front can cover, common to the complete 511 Multiplexing Terminal, covers the center part of the unit. This provides a "chimney" type of heat dissipation which eliminates overheating of other components and, while protecting controls from inadvertent misadjustment, allows easy access to the controls. All control shafts are arranged for screwdriver adjustment and are continuously variable, balancing controls are provided for each varistor. Tip-and-ring type jacks are located clear of the can cover to provide access to the channel drop, the switchboard, and both the E and M signaling leads.

The send and receive relays are Stromberg-Carlson Type $A$ relays specially designed for this service and provide long, trouble-free operation with a minimum of adjustment.

The transmitting relay is $\alpha$ double-wound $200 / 200$ ohm resistance relay suitable for connection directly into the M lead of the switchboard trunk circuit for dial service.

A bridge-type rectifier is provided which may be connected by straps on the 4 -Wire Terminating Set terminal strip to provide
for ringdown service. The receive relay contacts are available for connection directly in the E lead of the switchboard trunk circuit or may be strapped on the main terminal strip to provide for ringdown service. It is not necessary to change any components to transfer from dial to ringdown signaling, and all relays are permanently connected in the circuit.
By using a low resistance balanced double-wound sending relay it is possible to use this as a battery supply relay when the voice frequency circuit is to be extended via a physical pair to serve outlying common battery telephones rather than terminating in a switchboard.

The 511 Multiplexing Terminal Unit occupies 7 inches of vertical rack space on a $19^{\prime \prime}$ rack, and is complete within itself except for power supply. Voice Channeling Equipment and Signaling Apparatus are all provided within the basic 511 Channel Unit. The total heater power necessary is 1.65 amps at $6.3 \pm 5 \mathrm{~V}$, or 10.4 watts. The total $+B$ power required is 50 ma at 250 V $\pm 20 \mathrm{~V}$, when the signal receive relay is not operated, or 12.5 watts. When the signal receive relay is operated the +B drain is 65 ma at $250 \mathrm{~V} \pm 20 \mathrm{~V}$ or 16.25 watts.

4. WIRE TERMINATING SET AND SIGNAL SENDING UNIT

511 Multiplex Terminal, front view, Cover removed

## 511A-100 Service Channel Unit

The Stromberg-Carlson Service Channel Unit is designed to provide $\alpha$ service channel and additional channel facilities in conjunction with the 511 Multiplex Equipment. This rack-mounted self-contained unit operates in the 0 to 4 KC range which is not used in the 511 Multiplex Equipment. The main circuits that comprise the unit are: 3.3 KC low-pass filters, amplifiers, signal send and receive circuits, a resistance type hybrid and the power supply. This power supply will also provide power for one additional 511 Multiplex Terminal. The switchboard drop can be arranged for either 2 -wire or 4 -wire operation.


## ORDERING INFORMATION

In order to achieve the finest system for you, our sales representatives and engineers are always available to work closely with you on your problems.

We suggest that you contact your nearest StrombergCarlson representative for further ordering information.

## MULTIPLEX EQUIPMENT (Cont.)

## 512 Crystal Controlled Oscillator

The 512 Crystal Controlled Oscillator is used to provide a highly stable voltage source of a specific carrier frequency to each channel modulator and demodulator in the basic 10 channel
group of the 511 Multiplex Terminal; or to each channel modulator and demodulator within each channel group comprising a 90 -channel system. The Crystal Controlled Oscillator is also used to generate a specific carrier frequency for the modulator and demodulator systems of the 513 Translator. The table of operating characteristics are as follows:

| Nominal Output Voltage. . . . . . . 8 8KC through 44 KC units |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  | 96 KC and 292 KC units |
|  | 1.5 V AC, $-0.5 \mathrm{~V}+1 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Frequency Stability (Non-oven)... $\pm 1.5$ cycles |  |
| Frequency Stability (Oven)...... $\pm 0.25$ cycles |  |
| Frequency Adjustment Range . . . . 8KC through 44KC units |  |
|  | $\pm 0.3$ cycles, 96 KC units |
|  | $\pm 0.7$ cycles, 292 KC units |
|  | $\pm 2$ cycles |

513 Translators, 96H,96L, 292H and 292L

The 513 Translators, $96 \mathrm{H}, 96 \mathrm{~L}$, 292 H and 292L provide a means of translating signals of a basic 10 -channel group of 511 Multiplex Terminal Units to higher frequency ranges so that 9 groups or 90 channels, may be used over one system. They are also used to provide $\alpha$ means of translating signals of higher frequency channel groups to the lower frequency range of the basic 10 -channel group. Power requirements: 2.7 amps at $6.3 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}, 80 \mathrm{ma}$ at 250 V DC and crystal oven -0.6 amp at 117 V AC.


| Modulator Input Impedance | 600 ohms unbalanced |
| :---: | :---: |
| Modulator Output Impedance | 600 ohms unbalanced |
| Demodulator Input Impedance | 600 ohms unbalanced |
| Demodulator Output Impedance | 600 ohms unbalanced |
| Recommended Input to Modulator | -26 dbm/channel |
| Recommended Output to Radio |  |
| Transmitter | -20 dbm/channel |
| Recommended Input to Demodulator | -20 dbm/channel |
| Recommended Output to Basic |  |
| Terminals | -20 dbm/channel |
| Oscillator Frequency | 96KC |
| Oscillator Stability (with crystal oven) | $\pm .5$ cycle |

## OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS: 292KC

Modulator Input Impedance. . . . . . . . . 600 ohms unbalanced
Modulator Output Impedance . . . . . . . 135 ohms unbalanced
Demodulator Input Impedance ...... 135 ohms unbalanced
Demodulator Output Impedance . . . . . 600 ohms unbalanced
Recommended Input to Modulator ... $-26 \mathrm{dbm} /$ channel
Recommended Output to Radio
Transmitter. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $-20 \mathrm{dbm} /$ channel
Recommended Input to Demodulator. . $-20 \mathrm{dbm} /$ channel
Recommended Output to Basic
Terminals . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $-20 \mathrm{dbm} /$ channel
Oscillator Frequency . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 292KC
Oscillator Stability (with crystal oven) $\pm .5$ cycle

## MULTIPLEX EQUIPMENT (Cont.)

## 514 Translator Oscillator Synchronizer

The normal deviation in frequency (less than 10 cps ) between the translator crystal oscillators in a multiplex system causes no noticeable effect on voice transmission. However, when tone operated telemetering equipment is used on the multiplex chan-

## TRANSMITTER:


nels, a slight deviation may cause erroneous readings. Any drift in oscillator frequency between two translators (local and distant) can be held to a zero value by use of the 514 Translator Synchronizer.

The Synchronizer Transmitter contains two 512 Crystal Oscillator units ( 96 KC and 292 KC ). Through variable pads the oscillator outputs are fed to the local translators and to the distant translators via the SEND line.

Two Synchronizer Receivers are connected across the RECEIVE line at the distant terminal. By using a crystal filter, one receiver responds only to the incoming 96 KC synchronizing sig. nal while the other receiver responds only to the 292 KC signal.

## RECEIVER:



The amplified and limited synchronizer signals are fed to the respective $(96 \mathrm{KC}$ or 292 KC ) translators. At either terminal the translator oscillator will be enslaved or held to the frequency of the synchronizing signal.

| Code No. | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $514 \mathrm{Al1}$ | Synchronizer Receiver-96KC |
| $514 \mathrm{Al2}$ | Synchronizer Receiver-292KC |
| $514 \mathrm{Al3}$ | Synchronizer Receiver-96KC and 292KC |
| 514 A 14 | Synchronizer Transmitter-96KC and 292KC |

## 556B11 Broadband Amplifier

The 556B11 Broadband Amplifier is designed as a general purpose broadband amplifier to increase the level of signals up to 500 kilocycles. Except for power supply, the 556 B 11 is a completely self-contained unit.

Test points are provided on the hinged gate-type front panel for making tube voltage measurements.

The variable gain control, for adjusting the level of incoming signals, is easily accessible at the right front of the panel. Connections to the amplifier are made at the hinged side of the assembly assuring a neat and orderly installation. Detailed instructions for installation and line-up are provided with each purchased order.


```
OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS:
    Input and Output Impedance.. }600\mathrm{ ohms unbalanced
    Frequency Range . . . . . . . . . . . }300\mathrm{ cycles to 500 kilocycles
    Frequency Response . ....... }\pm0.5\textrm{db
    Maximum Input Level ........ +5 dbm
    Maximum Output Level....... . dbm
    Maximum Gain .............. }25\textrm{db
    Minimum Gain . ............. - 8 db
    Distortion at Maximum
        Output Level . .............. 0.15%
    Space Requirement ........... 111/16" vertical rack space
    Power Requirements .........l.05 amperes @ 6.3V AC
    45 milliamperes @ 250V DC
```


## 556A21 and 556A31 Jack and Amplifier

The Jack and Amplifier Panel is used in conjunction with the Type 511 Multiplex Carrier Terminal to provide an increased receiving level for a 10 -channel group in the 90 -channel system.

The center portion of the panel contains the input control to the amplifier which is continuously variable and arranged for screwdriver adjustment. Several banks of tip-and-ring type jacks are also provided which afford access to send and receive lines as well as amplifier input and output for purposes of bridging, monitoring, or testing.


The panel occupies $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ of vertical rack space on a $19^{\prime \prime}$ rack and is complete within itself except for power supply.
OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS:


## features

- Electronic Keying
- Stackable and Compact
- Flexible System Arrangement
- Two- and Four-Wire Operation
- Easy Access to Components
- Loop Options
- Simple Installations and Maintenance


Stromberg-Carlson now offers an all-electronic Carrier Telegraph system employing frequency shift method of transmission. This is in addition to the "conventional" amplitude modulated, or "On-Off," equipment which has long been in manufacture. The decision to broaden the offering of carrier telegraph channel equipment is primarily because of the increased usage and more exacting requirements for this gear today. No less important, however, is the recognized fact that each of the two types has its own advantages and limitations, and the choice between them will be dictated by application for which they are intended.
The frequency shift method of carrier telegraphy can best be understood by explaining briefly how it differs from the more conventional amplitude modulated or "On-Off" type. The essential difference is the method by which transmission of Mark and Space signals is accomplished. In an AM carrier telegraph system, these signals are formed by sending intervals of carrier current for Marks and interrupting transmission (absence of carrier current) for Spaces-or vice versa. In a frequency shift system the Marks consist of periods of carrier of one frequency and the Spaces of similar periods of carrier of another frequency, above or below the mid-band nominal frequency. During signal transmission periods, the amplitude of current on the
carrier line is maintained constant whether in the marking or spacing condition; only the frequency changes. The frequency shift is accomplished by means of the channel oscillator, up or down.

Because AM systems are basically less expensive in first cost, one answer would be to say they will "prove in" wherever their operation is satisfactory. Against this must be balanced the operating and maintenance economies, and lower power requirements, of an all-electronic system such as present frequency shift units.

The AM system is less seriously affected by carrier frequency drift. In order to mitigate these variations, it has been found necessary to add DC elimination devices to frequency shift systems to make them comparable to AM systems in resistance to drift. Most present-day frequency shift equipment provides these corrective elements.

The AM or "On-Off" system has another unique advantage in that it may be used for "party-line" telegraph service. The term "party-line" refers to the shared use of a common carrier frequency by several telegraph terminals, within the system but geographically separated. The purpose of the party-line arrangement is to permit any one party (terminal) to transmit to all of the other parties (terminals) simultaneously. "Party-line" telegraphy is generally restricted to microwave communication networks, where transmit and receive levels are confined within fairly narrow limits.

Frequency shift telegraph terminals are not adaptable to "party-line" use, since each terminal is always transmitting one or the other of the two carrier frequencies. Thus if a "party-line" arrangement were attempted, transmission by any one party would not find a clear line, and the receivers of all the other parties would only be confused by the presence of both frequencies on the line simultaneously.

## 531 AM Carrier Telegraph Terminal

The 531 Carrier Telegraph is designed to provide high quality, amplitude modulated telegraph channels over any voice circuit with proper transmission characteristics. In AM Telegraph Transmission, signals are formed by sending intervals of carrier current for marks, and interrupting transmission (no carrier current) for spaces; or vice versa.

The 531 Carrier Telegraph Terminals can be applied to either physical or carrier voice channels because they will operate through $\alpha$ wide range of transmitting and receiving levels.


# CARRIER-MICROWAVE. 

## CARRIER TELEGRAPH (Cont.)

## 531 AM Carrier Telegraph Terminal (Cont.)

The 531 Carrier Telegraph Terminal is complete and compact in that the tone transmitter, tone receiver, and switching panels are all mounted on a single panel, using only $7^{\prime \prime}$ of vertical rack space. The units operate independently permitting partially equipped systems to expand merely by adding new channels.

Operating characteristics are as follows:

## OVERALL

Operating Frequency: 595 to $10,750 \mathrm{cps}$. and 11.5 KC to 32.8 KC

## TRANSMITTER

Output Impedance at Operating
Frequency . ....................... 600 ohms unbalanced Output Level: Adjusted from....... -36 dbm to +1 dbm Telegraph Send Loop Current:...... Adjustable to 30 ma for full duplex or polar operation. Adjustable to 70 ma for half duplex operation.

## RECEIVER

Input Impedance at Operating
Frequency ........................ 600 ohms unbalanced
Recommended Minimum Input Level
at Maximum Gain . ............... 20 dbm
Receive Loop Current . . .............. Adjustable to 70 ma for full duplex or polar operation

## Loop Control Panel

The Loop Control panel provides the facilities for connecting up to 3 send and receive loops to the same number of 535 Telegraph Carrier Terminals.

Three identical send and receive loop circuit facilities are provided on the control panel. Each one of these circuits contains terminal connections to accommodate send and receive teletypewriter loops, +130 or +48 volt battery, ground or 130 volt battery and 535 Telegraph Carrier equipment.


Two rheostats are associated with each circuit. One (SEND LP. ADJ.) permits adjustment of the current in the send loop. The other, (REC. LP. ADJ.) performs the same function for the receive loop. A double pole, double-throw switch FDX-HDX, permits the DC loops to be operated on a full duplex (FDX) or a half duplex (HDX) basis, as required. In addition, a bank of 4 jacks associated with each circuit provides the facilities for measurement of voltage and current in the send and receive loops. These jacks are designated as J-1 (SEND LP. CUR.), J-2 (SEND LP. Voltage), J-3 (REC. LP. CUR.), and J-4 (REC. LP. Voltage).

## 535 Frequency Shift Carrier Telegraph



The 535 Carrier Telegraph provides terminal facilities for transmission and reception of telegraph signals in the voice frequency range over 2 -wire or 4 -wire circuits.
The type of transmission employed is frequency shift. The formation of Mark and Space signal is derived by shifting a carrier frequency between 35 to 50 cycles above and below the nominal mid-band frequency of a channel. Supervisory signals are established by turning the carrier on and off. Over a 2 -wire circuit of conventional bandwidth, six 2 way channels may be accommodated; and over a 4 -wire circuit, twelve 2 -way channels may be accommodated. In addition, three 2 -way high frequency channels (utilizing the frequency spectrum between the voice and $C$ carrier range) may be accommodated over a 2 -wire circuit.
The signal circuits which constitute the basic channel terminal assembly are identical for all channels, and are comprised of $\alpha$ frequency-shift carrier transmission circuit, $\alpha$ frequency selective receiving circuit and a supervisory circuit. Two plug-in frequency determining units, one for the transmitting side and one for the receiving side, establish the operating frequencies of a particular channel terminal.
The equipment may be patched into telegraph loops in accordance with the commonly used transmitting and receiving options.

The 535 Carrier Channel Terminal is a plug-in unit approximately $10 \frac{1}{2} 2^{\prime \prime}$ high and $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ wide. Three channel terminals may be accommodated on a frame panel suitable for mounting on a $19^{\prime \prime}$ rack.

The operating characteristics are as follows:
TRANSMITTER
Line Impedance $\ldots \ldots . .600$ ohms nominal, unbalanced
Output Level $\ldots \ldots \ldots$ Adjustable from +6 dbm continu-
ously downward

RECEIVER
Line Impedance . . . . . . 600 ohms nominal, unbalanced
Input Level. ........... -45 dbm to 0 dbm
Receive Loop Circuit. . . . Adjustable up to 62.5 ma for duplex or half duplex. Local circuit may be operated neutral or inverse neutral

POWER REQUIREMENTS. . 25 ma at +130V DC (not including send and receive loop powered by teletype battery) 2.2 amp at 6.3 V AC, -24 V or 48 V bias potential

# VOICE FREQUENCY REPEATERS 

541 Negative Impedance


Series type - Shunt type 541 Negative Impedance Repeaters

Stromberg-Carlson introduces the 541 (series) and 541 (shunt) type Transistorized Voice Frequency Repeaters. These compact economy repeaters provide vastly improved voice frequency transmission on trunks and long lines where older methods of transmission loss compensation have proved to be economically infeasible. The use of these repeaters lessens the need for expensive cable loading, and, where cable loading is already in use, the addition of repeaters affords still greater improvement in transmission. Considerable savings are realized on new installations where, with the use of repeaters, smaller gauge cable or wire can be installed. The 541 is available in both the series and shunt type negative impedance repeater. On nonloaded cable lines, the 541 series type finds its ideal application as a single unit when its afforded gain is adequate. When the 541 series and the 541 shunt types are used as a repeater combination, the quality of transmission is improved, and maximum gain is possible when used at the electrical midpoint of the line. Slightly lower gain possibilities are obtainable when the combination is used as a terminal repeater.

A $19^{\prime \prime}$ mounting shelf mounts 8 repeaters and occupies only $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ of vertical rack mounting space.


Mounting shelf for 541 Negative Impedance Repeaters

## 551 Hybrid

2-WIRE TERMINAL REPEATER-The 551 Hybrid 2-wire Terminal Repeater is a voice frequency repeater arranged for operation at the ends of transmission circuits. Essentially the repeater is comprised of two directional one-way amplifiers with the line and terminal equipment physically separated from these amplifying units.

The line equipment includes two separate and identical No. 24 type repeating coils designated as A and B. By proper interconnections, these two coils function as a combined repeating coil and hybrid coil. One such combination is used on the line side of the repeater. An equalizer (when used), a receiving filter and balancing network comprise the remaining line equipment.

A 2-coil hybrid is not used on the drop side of the repeater at the circuit terminals. Instead, a four-branch, balanced latticetype resistance hybrid functions as the terminating network.


2-WIRE THRU OPERATION-The 551 Hybrid 2-wire Thru Repeater is $\alpha$ voice frequency repeater arranged for intermediate 2 -wire operation. Essentially the repeater is comprised of two identical one-way amplifiers with the line equipment physically separated from these amplifying units.

The line equipment includes two separate and identical No. 24 type repeating coils designated as A. and B. By proper interconnections, these two coils function as a combined repeater coil and hybrid coil. One such combination is used on each side of the repeater. Equalizers (when used), low-pass filters and balancing networks comprise the remaining line equipment. Facilities are also provided for connection of 20 cps . signaling equipment when required.

## TONE UNITS

The Stromberg-Carlson Tone Units fill the growing need for amplitude modulated tone transmitting and receiving equipment suitable for the transmission of High (H), Medium (M), and Low (L) speed impulses for purposes of carrier telegraphy, telemetering remote control and other related applications between two or more points. These tone units have been designed for use with or without voice multiplexing equipment.

Normal production sets provide 41 channels for direct wire line, carrier or radio application within the assigned frequency allocations ranging from 425 cps . to $10,750 \mathrm{cps}$. Narrow bandpass filters at the transmitting and receiving ends provide bandwidths of from 60 to 400 cycles depending upon frequency, and approximately 50 db discrimination between adjacent channels. Units for higher frequencies, built on special order.

| 521 | Low Speed Transmitter |
| :--- | :--- |
| 522 | Low Speed Receiver |
| 523 | Medium Speed Transmitter |
| 524 | Medium Speed Receiver |
| 525 | High Speed Transmitter |
| 527 | High Speed Transmitter |
| 528 | High Speed Receiver |



521 Low Speed Transmitter


522 Low Speed Receiver


The Low Speed Amplitude Modulated Transmitter (Type 521 Tone Unit) is used for the transmission of low speed impulses (up to 15 pps .). It is used in conjunction with a receiver unit of the same frequency; to constitute $\alpha$ tone channel for the purpose of telemetering, remote control and other low speed applications between two points. The power requirements are 5.5 ma at 250 V DC, 0.6 amp at 6.3 V AC. The operating characteristics are as follows:


Transmit Impedance ......... 600 ohms (Frequencies at $10,750 \mathrm{cps}$ and below are unbalanced. All others are balanced input and output).
Output Level (Maximum) ..... 1 dbm
Maximum Pulsing Rate ....... 15 pulses per second
Space Requirement . . . . . . . . 37/16" of $19^{\prime \prime}$ rack
The Low Speed Amplitude Modulated Receiver (Type 522 Tone Unit) is used for the reception of low speed impulses (up to 15 pps ), and the conversion of these signals to power form. It is used in conjunction with a transmitter unit of the same frequency to constitute a tone channel for purposes of telemetering, remote control and other low speed applications between two points. The power requirements are $35 \mathrm{ma} \alpha \mathrm{at} 250 \mathrm{~V}$ DC, 1.2 amps

## TONE UNITS (Cont.)


at 6.3 V AC. The operating characteristics are as follows:
Input Impedance . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 600 ohms
Input Level (Minimum). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . -30 dbm
Input Level (Minimum for full power output). -28 dbm Input Level (Maximum Recommended)...... +5 dbm
Maximum Pulsing Rate..................... 15 pps
Space Requirement. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $3^{7 / 16^{\prime \prime}}$ of $19^{\prime \prime}$ rack
The Medium Speed Amplitude Modulated Transmitter (Type 523 Tone Unit) is used for the transmission of medium speed impulses (up to 25 pps ). It is used in conjunction with a receiver unit of the same frequency; to constitute $\alpha$ tone channel for the purposes of carrier telegraph, remote control and other medium speed applications between two points. The power requirements are 5.5 ma at 250 V DC, 0.6 amp at 6.3 V AC. Operating characteristics: Transmit Impedance is 600 ohms, Frequencies at 10,750 cycles per second and below are unbalanced. All others are balanced input and output. Space requirement is the same as for the 522 Tone Unit.

The Medium Speed Amplitude Modulated Receiver (Type 524 Tone Unit) used for the reception of medium speed impulses (up to 25 pps ) and the conversion of these signals to power form. It is used in conjunction with $\alpha$ transmitter unit of the same frequency to constitute $\alpha$ tone channel for purposes of carrier telegraphy, remote control and other medium speed applications between two points. Power requirements are 35 ma at 250 V DC, 1.2 amp at 6.3 V AC. Operating characteristics are as follows:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Input Impedance . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 600 \text { ohms } \\
& \text { Input Level (Minimum operating) .......... }-30 \mathrm{dbm} \\
& \text { Input Level (Minimum for limiting action)... }-28 \mathrm{dbm} \\
& \text { Input Level (Maximum recommended)...... }+5 \mathrm{dbm} \\
& \text { Maximum Pulsing Rate.................... } 25 \text { pps } \\
& \text { Space Requirement. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 37 / 16^{\prime \prime} \text { of } 19^{\prime \prime} \text { rack }
\end{aligned}
$$

The High Speed Amplitude Modulated Transmitter (Type 525 Tone Unit) is used for the transmission of high speed pulses. It is used in conjunction with a receiver unit of the same frequency to constitute $\alpha$ tone channel for purposes of carrier telegraph, telemetering, remote control and other high speed applications between two points. Power requirements are $5.5 \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{\alpha}$ at 250 V DC, 0.6 amp at 6.3 V AC. Operating characteristics are as follows:

[^3]

The High Speed Amplitude Modulated Transmitter (Type 527 Tone Unit) is the same as the Type 525 Tone Unit except that its primary purpose is for telemetering, remote control, and related application.

The High Speed Amplitude Modulated Receiver (Type 528 Tone Unit) is used for the reception of high speed impulses (up to 25 pps ); and the conversion of these signals to the proper form. It is used in conjunction with a transmitter unit of the same frequency to constitute a tone channel for purposes of frequency-type telemetering, remote control, and other high speed applications between two points. Power requirements are 35 ma at 250 V DC, 1.2 amps at 6.3 V AC. The operating characteristics are as follows:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Input Impedance . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 600 \text { ohms } \\
& \text { Input Level (Minimum operating). . . . . . . . }-30 \mathrm{dbm} \\
& \text { Input Level (Minimum for limiting action)... }-28 \mathrm{dbm} \\
& \text { Pulsing Rate (Maximum). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 25 \mathrm{pps} \\
& \text { Input Level (Maximum recommended) ...... }+5 \mathrm{dbm} \\
& \text { Space Requirement. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 37 / 16^{\prime \prime} \text { of } 19^{\prime \prime} \text { rack }
\end{aligned}
$$



## ORDERING INFORMATION CARRIER MICROWAVE EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS

In order to achieve the finest system for you, our sales representatives and engineers are always available to work closely with you on your problems.

We suggest that you contact your nearest StrombergCarlson representative for further ordering information.

## POWER SUPPLY UNITS

There are six power supply units offered by Stromberg-Carlson; type 505, 509, 515, 517, 518 and 519.

The 505 Power Supply converts $110-120 \mathrm{~V}, 50-60$ cycles AC line voltage to 6.3 V AC, 5 amp filament voltage and 250 V DC, 160 ma plate voltage.


505 Power Unit

The 509 Emergency Power Supply provides $110 \mathrm{~V}, 60$ cycles AC power to a load consuming up to 150 watts. This emergency power source is derived from 48 volts central office battery by automatic switching when regular $110 \mathrm{~V}, 60$ cycle AC power line fails or is interrupted.


509 Emergency Power Supply, Rear View

The 515 Pawer Supply is the same as the 505 except that $110-120 \mathrm{~V}, 50-60$ cycle line voltage is available at terminals 5 and 6 of the output receptacle. Thus, permitting the line voltage to be supplied through the plug-in power cable to external units requiring its use.
The 517, 130V Power Supply, is designed to meet the power requirements of carrier and multiplex equipment; and it is also adaptable as a general purpose power supply for equipment requiring plus $B$ voltage supply of 130 V DC, 1 amp and filament supply of 6.3 V AC, 20 amp .

The 518 Power Supply is the same as the 517 except that the plus B supply is 1 amp at 250 V DC and filament supply of 6.3 V at 28 amps . The 519 Stand-by Power Supply can be used with the 518 Power Supply to provide an emergency source of power for supplying the requirements of carrier and multiplex equipment should the primary power source fail or become interrupted. A fuse and alarm panel for individual terminal unit protection is recommended as optional equipment and is used with the 505 and 515 Power Units. Fuse and alarm circuits are included in the 517 and 518 Power Units.


518 Power Supply Unit with fuse Cover removed

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## STROMBERG-CARLSON

## Accessories



Stromberg-Carlson has checked and approved the accessories which are listed here for your convenience in ordering.

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## ACCESSORIES

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## CENTRAL OFFICE ACCESSORIES

The use of such modern equipment as sealed type batteries, trickle chargers, interrupters operating from induction motors, automatic switching circuits, etc., has tended to revise many of the older methods of power switching and control. Except in the larger exchanges, large multiple-panel power switchboards have been replaced by small compact and easily operated control units.

## POWER EQUIPMENT FOR MANUAL OFFICES

As shown in the illustrations of the Power Terminal Unit, the power board is now regularly mounted in the terminal room frame line-up. This not only conserves space, but also places the equipment in one of the most convenient places to operate, directly associated with the apparatus it controls and supplies. The modern layout provides meters, instrument switches and $\alpha$ few controls all mounted on a panel approximately $251 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ high by $261 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wide.

The panel itself is faced with black formica at front and rear providing a mounting with high insulation characteristics entirely free from metallic veins and unaffected by chemicals. The finish is durable, not easily scratched or marred. Standard meters are used, serving to indicate accurately the condition of


BLACK FORMICA FACED FRONT AND REAR
Typical Power Switchboard used with Power-Terminal Unit
the circuits in use.
Large exchanges having line capacities which require the control of considerable amounts of current are best served by separate power control switchboards. They are designed by Stromberg-Carlson engineers to meet the particular requirements of the exchanges in which they are installed. Switches, bus bars, and circuit wiring are figured on a basis to handle all circuits without undue resistance and designed to meet ultimate growths without expensive additions. For special power switchboards our company offers you the services of its engineers in making layouts and estimates. Consult our nearest branch office.


Typical Large Stromberg-Carlson Power Board Installation for Telephone Exchange

## Storage Batteries

> Stromberg-Carlson recommends the use of storage batteries for three main purposes:
> MAIN BATTERY which is required to provide the main or standby current supply for transmission, signalling and general operation of circuit apparatus.
> BOOSTER BATTERY which is required to increase the voltage for toll transmission when the main battery is 11 or 12 cells. When machine ringing is employed this battery is generally used for tripping the ringing.

CONVERTER BATTERY is required to operate the ringing converter. When used separately, this battery maintains the voltage within narrow limits thereby keeping the ringing voltages steady. It also prevents ringing induction from noising the main talking battery. This battery is usually 12 cells of the couple type.

The desirable size for the main battery is dependent upon the number of lines, the calling rate, the answering time, conversation period, time of restoring cords and the reliability of local commercial power supply.

POWER EQUIPMENT (Cont.)

## Storage Batteries (Cont.)

Modern methods applied to the use of storage batteries for telephone exchanges, employ charging equipment of a noiseless character and usually of a type which is automatic or semiautomatic in operation. By these methods the battery is kept constantly charged and the load is taken directly off the charg ing machine. Thus the battery, bridged across the load, acts as a "standby" source of power when the city current is interrupted or when a sudden surge in the load demands more current than the charging equipment can supply. The usual method of estimating capacity is to select a battery that will supply the normal load over a period of twenty-four hours.
Booster and Converter Batteries are usually the enclosed couple type group of cells. Main exchange batteries require greater capacity and are chosen from the multiple plate groups. Exide and Gould are standard makes of high grade batteries suitable for use in telephone exchange service. In the listings which follow, Exide types are indicated as typical of the various sizes and capacities which may be furnished.

## Two-Plate Types

BTMH-2, CTMH-2, FTMH-2, ETMH-2
These are Exide Two-plate Batteries that are used in cases where current requirements are small such as single-position non-multiple boards (ETMH-2) PBX Switchboards (PTMH-2 or (CTMH-2) and smaller installations where the BTMH-2 Type will provide sufficient current.

For convenience in handling and installation these four types are assembled in wooden crates of from 2 to 12 units, arranged in either single or double rows. The two larger size crates for PTMH-2 and ETMH-2 Batteries are equipped with chest handles.

When shipped these cells are sealed, charged and filled with electrolyte and have bolt connectors on the terminal cell of each unit. Each cell has one manchester positive and one negative plate with an intervening wooden separator. The plates are burned to straps with cylindrical posts that are sealed to the covers with rubber gaskets and grove ring seal nuts. Vent plugs of hard rubber are furnished as standard equipment.


Type CTMH-2

Although Exide Batteries are described in this section, batteries of either Gould or Electric Storage Battery Company's manufacture will satisfactorily meet the requirements for which the various types are recommended.

Information from our Engineering Department is always available in cases where there are any questions about the type of battery that can be used to best advantages.


## Multiple Plate Type DMGO

These are Exide multiple plate batteries in sealed glass jars for supplying current in exchanges operating from approximately 300 to 1000 lines. These types also have manchester positive and negative plates with necessary bolt connectors. When shipped these batteries are assembled and sealed; also charged and filled with electrolyte-all ready to put into service.

## DMGO Multiple Plate Type Cells

| Specifications | Cat. Nos. | DMGO-5 <br> 22282 | DMGO-7 <br> 22283 | DMGO-9 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Cmp. Hr. Cap. at 72 Hr. rate | 58 | 87 | 116 |
| Amp | 40 | 60 | 80 |  |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at | 8 Hr. rate | 40 | 47 | 62 |

Overall Dimensions per Cell in Inches

|  | DMGO-5 | DMGO-7 | DMGO-9 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length | $411 / 16$ | $515 / 16$ | 7 |
| Width | $81 / 16$ | $81 / 16$ | $81 / 16$ |
| Height | $143 / 8$ | $143 / 8$ | $143 / 8$ |
| Plate size, approximate | $6 \times 6$ | $6 \times 6$ | $6 \times 6$ |
| LCL Shipping Weight (lbs.) | 40 | 50 | 62 |
| Electrolyte per cell in lbs. | 9.0 | 12.75 | 14.75 |

# ACCESSORIES.SE 

## POWER EQUIPMENT (Cont.)

## Storage Batteries (Cont.)


#### Abstract

Multiple Plate Type EM


The multiple plate batteries below are similar to the Type DMGO previously described. Batteries shipped assembled, sealed and charged ready for service.

|  | EM Multiple Plate Type Cells |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Specifications |  | EM-5 | EM-7 | EM-9 |
|  | Cat. Nos. | 26689 | 26690 | 26691 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at 72 Hr. rate | 116 | 174 | 232 |  |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at 8 Hr. rate | 80 | 120 | 160 |  |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at | 3 Hr. rate | 62 | 93 | 125 |

Overall Dimensions per Cell in Inches

|  | EM-5 | EM-7 | EM-9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length | 53/4 | $65 / 8$ | 81/8 |
| Width | 103/4 | 103/4 | 103/4 |
| Height | 173/8 | 173/8 | 173/8 |
| Plate size, approximate | $73 / 4 \times 73 / 4$ | $73 / 4 \times 73 / 4$ | $73 / 4 \times 73 / 4$ |
| LCL Shipping Weight (lbs.) | 72 | 91 | 119 |
| Electrolyte per cell in lbs. | 23 | 24 | 31 |
| EM Multiple Plate Type Cells (Cont.) |  |  |  |
| Specifications | EM-11 | EM-13 | EM-15 |
| Cat. Nos. | 26692 | 26693 | 26694 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at 72 Hr . rate | 290 | 348 | 406 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at 8 Hr . rate | 200 | 240 | 280 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at 3 Hr . rate | 156 | 187 | 218 |

Overall Dimensions per Cell in Inches

|  | EM-11 | EM-13 | EM-15 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length | $93 / 4$ | 11 | $125 / 8$ |
| Width | $103 / 4$ | $103 / 4$ | $103 / 4$ |
| Height | $173 / 8$ | $173 / 8$ | $173 / 8$ |
| Plate size, approximate | $73 / 4 \times 73 / 4$ | $73 / 4 \times 73 / 4$ | $73 / 4 \times 73 / 4$ |
| LCL Shipping Weight (lbs.) | 143 | 163 | 182 |
| Electrolyte per cell in lbs. | 35 | 42 | 45 |

Type FM
These cells are in sealed glass and have double post construction. They are of the same general design as the DMGO, and EM Types except the capacities which are larger.

| Specifications |  | FM-9 | FM-11 | FM-13 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Cat. Nos. | 26695 | 26696 | 26697 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at 72 Hr. rate | 448 | 560 | 672 |  |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at 8 Hr. rate | 320 | 400 | 480 |  |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at | 3 Hr. rate | 249 | 312 | 372 |

Overall Dimensions per Cell in Inches

|  | FM-9 | FM-11 | FM-13 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Length | $91 / 4$ | $1011 / 16$ | $1215 / 16$ |
| Width | $147 / 32$ | $147 / 32$ | $147 / 32$ |
| Height | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| Plate size, approximate | $11 \times 101 / 2$ | $11 \times 101 / 2$ | $11 \times 101 / 2$ |
| Weight packed LCL in Lbs. | 220 | 250 | 291 |
| Electrolyte per cell in lbs. | 60 | 65 | 75 |


| Type FM (Cont.) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specifications | FM-15 | FM-17 |
| Cat. Nos. | 26698 | 26699 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at 72 Hr , rate | 784 | 896 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at 8 Hr . rate | 560 | 640 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at 3 Hr . rate | 435 | 498 |
| Overall Dimensions per Cell in Inches |  |  |
|  | FM-15 | FM-17 |
| Length | 133/4 | $145 / 8$ |
| Width | 147/32 | 147/32 |
| Height | 22 | 22 |
| Plate size, approximate | $11 \times 101 / 2$ | $11 \times 101 / 2$ |
| Weight packed LCL in Lbs. | 324 | 356 |
| Electrolyte per cell in lbs. | 86 |  |

## Type LXGH

The LXGH is a sealed Exide battery assembled in two and three compartment glass containers. Each container has a cell equipped with pilot balls to give an approximate indication of the state of the charge. Chemically treated grooved wood separators and slotted rubber plate protectors provide double insulation against internal short circuits and vent plugs are spray-proof. When shipped these cells are sealed charged and filled with electrolyte and have bolt connectors on the terminal end of each unit.

The cells are used to advantage with trickle charging or constant protential charging outfits in which most of the switchboard current supply is taken directly from the rectified current of the charging equipment.


Type LXGH-3-Cell Unit

| Specifications | 2-LXGH-7 3-LXGH-7 2-LXGH-9 |  |  |  | LXGH-9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 Compartments | Cat. Nos. 23 | 723 | 23725 |  |  |
| 3 Compartments | Cat. Nos. |  | 61 | - | 22370 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at | 72 Hr . rate | 61 | 50 | - | 78 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap, at | 8 Hr . rate | 50 | 44 |  | 60 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at | 5 Hr . rate | 44 | 38 |  | 55 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at | 3 Hr . rate | 38 |  | - | 48 |

## Type LXGH (Cont.)

| Specifications | $\stackrel{2-}{\text { LXGH-13 }}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3- \\ \text { LXGH-13 } \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{2-}{\text { LXGH-15 }}$ | $\stackrel{3-}{\text { LXGH-15 }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 Compartments | Cat. Nos. 23724 |  | 22371 |  |
| 3 Compartments | Cat. Nos. | 23726 |  | 22372 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at | 72 Hr . rate 122 | 122 | 136 | 136 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at | 8 Hr . rate 100 | 100 | 105 | 105 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at | 5 Hr . rate 88 | 88 | 96 | 96 |
| Amp. Hr. Cap. at | 3 Hr , rate 76 | 76 | 85 | 85 |

Overall Dimensions per Cell in Inches

| TYpe Cell | Length | Width | Height | Weight <br> Packed <br> Lbs. | Electrolyte <br> Per Cell <br> Lbs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-LXGH-7 | $63 / 8$ | $71 / 2$ | $101 / 4$ | 40 | 6.5 |
| 3-LXGH-7 | $97 / 32$ | $71 / 2$ | $101 / 4$ | 58 | 9.75 |
| 2-LXGH-9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 3-LXGH-9 | $97 / 32$ | $71 / 2$ | $101 / 4$ | 72 | 9 |
| 2-LXGH-13 | $93 / 4$ | $71 / 2$ | $101 / 4$ | 68 | 10 |
| 3-LXGH-13 | $1413 / 32$ | $71 / 2$ | $101 / 4$ | 102 | 15 |
| 2-LXGH-15 | $93 / 4$ | $71 / 2$ | $101 / 4$ | 70 | 9.75 |
| 3-LXGH-15 | $1413 / 32$ | $71 / 2$ | $101 / 4$ | 104 | 14.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## POWER EQUIPMENT (Cont.)

## Storage Batteries (Cont.)

Types EB, FB, HB

Many distinctive features have been built into these new Exide Batteries which assure economies in both installation and maintenance.

\author{

1. Gas Escape Vent <br> 7. Heavy Positive Plates <br> 2. Indicator of Electrolyte Level <br> 3. Heavy Post with Seal Nut <br> 4. Gas Collector Hood <br> 5. Slotted Rubber Separators <br> 6. Grooved Wood Separators <br> 8. Balanced Negative Plate <br> 9. Rib Supports for Plates <br> 10. Thick -Walled Hard Rubber Jars <br> 11. Deep Cover Seal <br> 12. Filling Funnel
}


Typical Rubber-Jar Cell

The elements are assembled in thick-walled hard rubber jars which effect a saving in space up to $50 \%$ in comparison with lead-lined wood tanks of the same capacity. The design and construction of these batteries also assure freedom from trouble and long life. As an example of this, the shedding of active material has been greatly reduced by the snug fit of the elements within the jar and consequent pressure of the slotted-rubber and wood separators against the plate surfaces.

These batteries are also explosion proof which is an entirely new feature. This is accomplished by a specially designed hood, below the electrolyte level, which collects the gas bubbles before they reach the surface and then guides them to $\alpha$ vent in the cover. The small amount of gas that accumulates at this point ignites with only a "pop" even though the cells may be gassing violently.


Type V-2-F Hydrometer Syringe

## Capacities ( 8 -Hour Rate)

Type EB From 180 to 660 Ampere Hours Type FB From 840 to 1680 Ampere Hours Type HB From 4000 to 7000 Ampere Hours

## FB and HB Type Batteries

These batteries are recommended in place of the old type with lead lined wood tanks because the installation cost is very much lower and because there are no damaging effects from acid spray when other electrical equipment is set up in the same room. There is also a great saving in space as against leadlined wood tanks of equal capacity and the further advantage of a neater, safer and more attractive installation.

Summary of EB, FB and HB Batteries


Tell Rated Amp. Hr. Capacity

| Type Rated Amp. Hr. Capacity |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| and | 72 Hr. | 8 Hr. | 3 Hr . | Electrolyte |
| Size | Rate | Rate | Rate | Per Cell |

length Width Height

| FB-19 | 1620 | 1080 | 783 | $511 / 4$ | Lbs. | $108 / 16$ | $145 / 8$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| FB-23 | 1980 | 1320 | 957 | $621 / 4$ | Lbs. | $127 / 16$ | 145 |


| FB-23 | 1980 | 1320 | 957 | $621 / 4$ | Lbs. | $127 / 16$ | $145 / 8$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| FB-29 | 2520 | 1680 | 1218 | 70 | Lbs | $15 / 4$ |  |


| FB-29 | 2520 | 1680 | 1218 | 70 | Lbs. | 15 | $1 / 4$ | $145 / 8$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |$\quad 233 / 4$ $\begin{array}{lllllllllll}\text { HB-21 } & 6475 & 4000 & 2950 & 260 \text { Lbs. } 15 & 7 / 16 & 18 & 3 / 16 & 56 & 13 / 16\end{array}$ $\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { HB-25 } & 7775 & 5000 & 3525 & 300 & \text { Lbs. } 18 & 18 & 3 / 16 & 56 & 13 / 16\end{array}$ HB-29 907560004125 350 Lbs. $209 / 16 \quad 183 / 16 \quad 5613 / 16$ HB-36 $11000 \quad 70005000 \quad 480$ Lbs. 25 3/16 $\quad 18$ 3/16 $56613 / 16$

Estimates will be prepared by our nearest office on Exide or Gould batteries to meet all telephone requirements.

## Storage Battery Accessories

21154 Thermometer- $30^{\circ}$ to $120^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$-with hard rubber vent plug. For CTMH-2 and PTMH-2 Cells.
22783 Thermometer- $30^{\circ}$ to $120^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$-with hard rubber vent plug and two soft rubber bushings. For DMGO-7 and 9; also EM and FM Cells.
24186 Thermometer- $30^{\circ}$ to $120^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$-with hard rubber vent plug and two soft rubber bushings. For ETMH-2 and DMGO-5 Cells.
19396 Hydrometer Syringe-Type V-2-F, complete. (1.170 to 1.230 Sp. Gr.) Has Single-point scale divisions.


Vent Hole Thermometer with vent plug.

## BATTERY CHARGING EQUIPMENT

There are several approved methods of charging storage batteries and for this purpose a satisfactory selection may be made from the following equipment:

1. Motor-Generator Sets

Diverter Pole Motor-Generator
2. Rectifiers

Recticharger
Rectox Charger
3. Illuminating Gas or Gasoline Engine

Used as an emergency charging set.
Information will be furnished upon application.
4. Mercury Arc Rectifier

This method has been replaced by the use of motorgenerator sets or rectifiers.
5. Direct Charge from D.C. Power Mains

This is not an economical method and is not recommended from a safety standpoint.

## Diverter Pole Motor-Generators

Ordinary generating equipment with "semi-constant" voltage characteristics, although considered satisfactory for many applications, cannot successfully meet the exacting requirements of modern communication systems. Load fluctuation of the modern exchange demands charging equipment which can instantly compensate for varying current demands. The time interval between zero and peak load demand is often measured in seconds which requires a correspondingly quick adjustment of the D.C. Power supply voltage to keep it constant.

The Diverter Pole Motor-Generator not only compensates for varying exchange demands by supplying a constant voltage at the generator terminals but also maintains this constant voltage in spite of variations in power source to the driving motor within commercial limits.
The use of these motor-generators as a power source in the floating charge of storage batteries provides a constant, dependable voltage in the conversion of A.C. to D.C. communication requirements.

Since the batteries are kept in fully-charged condition at all times, they are ready to furnish power at peak current demands beyond the capacity of the generator or in case of commercial power failures.

The following advantages are assured to the users of Diverter Pole Motor-Generator Sets:

DECREASE IN RELAY MAINTENANCE. Stable and low-cost operation of the sensitive exchange relays is assured by maintaining the D.C. voltage within close limits. This minimizes weak coil action and consequent service disruption from low voltages and also the pitting and burning of contacts due to voltages that are too high.

INCREASED BATTERY LIFE. This is accomplished by eliminating the dangers of both low and high voltages. Low voltages cause dim lights which are hazardous and high voltages lead to high battery temperatures, excessive gassing and undue breaking down of the active cell materials.


Typical Diverter Pole Motor-Generator


Typical voltage curve under load

## BATTERY CHARGING EQUIPMENT (Cont.)

## Diverter Pole Motor Generators (Cont.)

IMPROVEMENT IN VOICE TRANSMISSION. Assured constant value of the output voltage means efficient transmission. Excessively high voltages not only make transmitters noisy but exposes them to permanent damage while low voltages reduce their efficiency.
PROTECTION OF SIGNAL LIGHTS. Signals that are not dependable are almost worse than none at all. Low voltages cause dim lights which can easily disrupt exchange operation. On the other hand high voltages necessitate frequent replacements due to burnouts.


Typical Open-Type Board

## Automatic Control

Automatic control of Diverter Pole Motor-Generators may be obtained either in dead-front panels or in open-type. The standard size of the dead-front type is $24^{\prime \prime}$ by $90^{\prime \prime}$ while the open type is designed to fit its particular application. The equipment mounted on each type of board is basically the same.

1. Generator Ammeter.
2. Voltmeter with suppressed zero for accurate setting of the floating charge voltage.

## Automatic Control (Cont.)

3. Voltmeter Plug to permit reading either the generator or the voltage.
4. Generator Field Rheostat is vernier type which provides exceedingly close adjustment of the generator voltage. Has a $10 \%$ tap for field forcing.
5. Motor Starter Control Switch.
6. D-C Contactor Control Switch.
7. Generator Fuse. (Mounted on back of dead-front design.)
8. Three-Pole A-C Magnetic Contactor for motor starting is equipped with thermal overload protection. (Mounted on back of dead-front design.)
9. One D-C Contactor, interlocked with the A-C Contactor, disconnects the generator during a power interruption, thereby conserving battery capacity. Upon restoration of power, the D-C Contactor closes automatically. (Mounted on back of dead-front design.) Auxiliary contact for field forcing control.
10. Every panel is painted with a rust-proof primer and then given an attractive exterior finishing coat.

## Parallel Operated Sets with Remote Control

For highest efficiency, the ideal installation is two or more Diverter-Pole Motor-Generators operating in parallel with completely automatic control.

Not only is efficiency maintained at the maximum, but also a safety factor is positively assured. Wear is minimized. All manual attention is eliminated.

The inherent characteristics of the Diverter-Pole Generator permits the utmost economy in power consumption by using only one generator at very light loads. For heavier loads, the second generator starts automatically to share the load and shuts down automatically when the load decreases.


Two 100-ampere, 23 -cell Diverter-Pole Chargers with completely automatic controls

## BATTERY CHARGING EQUIPMENT (Cont.)

## Raytheon Rectichargers

Raytheon Rectichargers are complete charging units employing dry disc rectifier elements with no moving parts used for the development of direct current from the AC city mains.

Codes RCR-2013-A, 2013-B and 2016-A, 2016-B are constructed with an electronic control circuit for the stabilization of varying line voltage whereas the other models employ a magnetic control circuit. The electronic circuits are used to conserve space and give closer control in the higher amperage ratings.
The following description and claims of the manufacturer indicate the application of the Recticharger to modern methods of supplying power for small exchanges and PBX's.
The Raytheon Reclicharger carries the normal current demand, and it is usually possible to use smaller batteries, particularly when compared to cycle charging. The Recticharger's constant potential method of charging these batteries lengthens their life and fewer renewals are necessary.
A small storage battery is floated across the terminals of the Recticharger and the combination of the two makes a complete AC to DC telephone power unit.
When the load current demand is less than the Recticharger rating, the Recticharger supplies all the current required and, at the same time, delivers to the battery a trickle charge of the right amount to make up for internal battery losses and to prevent destructive chemical action. If the current demand exceeds the rating, the excess is supplied by the battery. When the load drops back to a value below the Recticharger rating, the Recticharger output remains at its rated value. The difference between the Recticharger rating and the load current is thus supplied to the battery until it is fully charged. The principal cause of the failure of batteries to reach their maximum life expectancy is due to the under-charging and over-charging that results from the use of non-automatic battery chargers.
The principal components of a Recticharger are:

1. Dry Disc Rectifying Units
2. A.C. Stabilizer
3. D.C. Stabilizer
4. Trickle Rate Adjuster
5. Overcharge Switch
6. D.C. Voltmeter

With either line or load change, the Recticharger holds the DC output voltage within the close limits required for best operction of PBX switchboards.

## Advantages

NO RECTICHARGER MAINTENANCE and battery maintenance reduced to the occasional addition of water to replace evaporation. SMALLER BATTERIES REQUIRED. Saving in battery cost may pay for the Recticharger.
BATTERY LIFE LENGTHENED by reducing its activity to a minimum and preventing overcharging.
THE RECTICHARGER COMES COMPLETE with instruments and all controls so there is no extra equipment to purchase.
TRICKLE RATE can be manually adjusted to meet the battery manufacturer's specifications for longest battery life.
A FRESHENING CHARGE for the battery is possible.
NO SURGING of the Recticharger output. This prevents increased battery activity through what in effect would be a cyclic charge. DC OUTPUT VOLTAGE automatically held practically constant at

any output current and with as much as plus or minus $15 \%$ change in AC line voltage.
RECTICHARGER PROTECTED against overload by automatically limiting the maximum current output to $\alpha$ safe value.

| Available Rectichargers |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Magnetically Controlled Models |  |  |  |  |  |
| Code No. | Batt. Cells. | D.C. Amp. Output | Width | Size in Inches Depth | Height |
| RCR-1066 | 11-12 | 1.0 | $141 / 2$ | 75/8 | $141 / 8$ |
| RCR-1073 | 11-12 | 2.0 | $141 / 2$ | $91 / 2$ | $141 / 8$ |
| RCR-1058 | 11-12 | 3.0 | 19 | 11 | 21 |
| RCR-1067 | 11-12 | 6.0 | 19 | $151 / 4$ | 28 |
| RCR-1068 | 22-24 | 1.0 | $141 / 2$ | $91 / 2$ | $141 / 8$ |
| RCR-1076 | 22-24 | 2.0 | 19 | 11 | 21 |
| RCR-1069 | 22-24 | 3.0 | 19 | 151/4 | 28 |
| RCR-1070-B | 22-24 | 6.0 | 19 | 151/4 | 28 |
| Electronically Controlled Models |  |  |  |  |  |
| Code No. | Batt. Cells. | D.C. Amp. Output | Length | Size in Inches Width | Height |
| RCR-2013-A | 11-12 | 12.0 | 207/8 | $1629 / 32$ | 15 3/16 |
| RCR-2016-A | 11-12 | 24.0 | 277/8 | 16 29/32 | $153 / 16$ |
| RCR-2013-B | 22-24 | 6.0 | 207/8 | 16 29/32 | $153 / 16$ |
| RCR-2016-B | 22-24 | 12.0 | 27\% | 16 29/32 | $153 / 16$ |

NOTE: Electronically controlled Rectichargers may be operated on an input voltage of 115 or 230 volts, 50 or 60 cycles, onephase.

## Rectichargers for XY Systems

The following Rectichargers should be specified for use with Stromberg-Carlson XY Systems:

| Code No. | Type |  | Output |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :---: |
| W-6158 | Constant Voltage Charger | 48 V | 6 Amp |  |
| W-6166 | Constant Voltage Charger | 48 V | 12 Amp |  |
| W-6156 | Constant Current Charger | 48 V | 6 Amp |  |
| W-6156 | Modified Constant Charger | 48 V | 6 Amp |  |
| W-6157 | Recticharger (For Converter) | 24 V | 2 Amp |  |

The above Constant Voltage Chargers and Constant Current Chargers which mount on XY System frames may be combined as follows:

| Output <br> Required | Constant <br> Voltage Charger |
| :---: | :---: |
| 12 Amperes | W-6158 |
| 18 Amperes | W-6166 |

Constant Current Charger with W-6156 with W-6156 Modified


The Rectox Battery Charger is a completely dry, non-chemical, metallic oxide rectifier, consisting of copper discs which have been oxidized on one side, so that current can pass through in one direction, only. This permits their use in converting alternating current to direct current, suitable for many applications requiring $\alpha$ relatively small amount of power. The use of $\alpha$ Rectox Battery Charger offers the following advantages:
trouble-free operation. Rectox Battery Chargers contain no liquids, no bulbs, nor moving parts. Life tests over six years show no limitation in the rectifying elements. The absence of moving parts eliminates maintenance and replacement problems. Rectox Rectifiers cause no radio interference.

CONSERVATIVE CAPACITY. Rectox Rectifiers have at least $35 \%$ extra capacity to take care of any deterioration due to sustained and abnormal operating conditions. They will deliver their rated output years after they have retired their investment.

OPERATION. Rectox chargers are designed to have what approaches a constant-current characteristic; i.e. for any given adjustment the charging current will not vary greatly as the battery voltage changes. This is to minimize the effect of the charging rate of fluctuation in line voltage. In operation the charger is set to deliver a rate that approximates the average load on the battery, plus the amount necessary to take care of the battery losses. It is then only necessary to check the battery occasionally to see whether the rate chosen is correct and is maintaining the battery at proper voltage.

ECONOMICAL OPERATION. Overall efficiency of the complete outfit varies from $30 \%$ to $50 \%$ depending upon the type and rating.

CONSTRUCTION. In general a Rectox battery charger consists of a full-wave Rectox rectifying unit, an insulating transformer, $\alpha$ rheostat or dial switch, terminal board and fuses, all mounted in a ventilated sheet steel case in crackle finish.

## Standard Rectox Battery Chargers

Standard Type Chargers-May be used successfully with separate converter batteries, tripping batteries or wherever "charging hum" is not objectionable or where their use does not produce noise in the main battery of the exchange.

Cat. No. Description
842028 Rectifier with rheostat current adjustment. Height14 inches, Width $-103 / 8$ inches, Depth $-81 / 8$ inches. Approximate net weight-28 lbs. Charges 12 cells from .05 to 1 ampere. Operates on 115 volts A.C., $50-60$ cycles. Equipped with Ammeter.

899754 Rectifier with dial switch current adjustment. Height $-201 / 4$ inches, Width $105 / 16$ inches, Depth- $12 \frac{1}{8}$ inches. Approximate net weight-74 lbs. Charges 12 cells from .1 to 3 amperes. Operates on 115 volts A.C., $50-60$ cycles. Equipped with ammeter.

TELEPHONE TYPE CHARGERS. For the application of Rectox Chargers to telephone use a suitable reactor in the DC output circuit has been added. This reduces the amount of the ripple in the charging current to a value that will assure quiet operation of the telephone system.

## Telephone Type Chargers

Cat. No.
842034
Telephone Rectifier with rheostat current adjustment. Height-14 inches, Width $-103 / 8$ inches, Depth $-81 / 8$ inches. Approximate net weight-28 lbs. Charges 12 cells from .05 to .5 amperes. Operates on 115 volts A.C., 50-60 cycles.
This Rectifier is used for charging CTMH-2 cells, supplying switchboards up to 100 lines capacity.

899753 Telephone Rectifier with dial switch current adjustment. Height - $201 / 4$ inches, Width $-105 / 16$ inches, Depth-12 78 inches. Approximate net weight -82 lbs . Charges 12 cells from .1 to 3.0 amperes, Operates on 115 volts A.C., $50-60$ cycles. Equipped with ammeter.
This rectifier is used for charging PTMH-2 cells, supplying No. 106 PBX's or No. 106 Non-Multiple Switchboards.

## BATTERY ELIMINATORS

## Raytheon Rectifilters

Ratheon Rectifilters furnish a desirable method of obtaining direct current telephone power directly from an alternating current source of supply. The manufacturers' claims and descriptions which follow show the economies and service which this modern way of supplying telephone power provides.
A. Outlasts many sets of batteries.
B. Eliminates the trouble and expense of routine service for battery inspection.
C. Releases conductors carrying charging current or supplying power between central office and PBX Switchboards, for revenue producing purposes.
D. Minimizes power cost because of high efficiency in converting AC to DC.

Many large telephone companies have found it desirable to replace their present PBX power installations with Raytheon Rectifilters and to equip new installations with this modern means of supplying power.
Output power ratings indicated in the following table are conservative and it will not be necessary to derate any of them by adding a safety factor. Ratings are based upon two assumptions: first, the Rectifilters must be installed in live air and second, they must be placed where the maximum ambient temperature does not exceed $95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. If higher temperature conditions normally exist, write for suggestions before making your selection of the proper unit.

Change of source relays may be added to any model and this is indicated by adding " R " to the code in cases where this designation is not already shown. This relay automatically disconnects the Rectifilter and connects an outside source of power such as dry cells or storage batteries in its place whenever there is a power failure. When the AC power returns, the Rectifilter is automatically switched back into service. StrombergCarlson recommends the use of Rectifilters equipped with change of source relays for all telephone switchboard installations.

Rectifilter No. 1044-E and all larger sizes are equipped with DC stabilizing circuits requiring no adjustment nor maintenance.


No. 1044-E Rectifilter with Cover Removed


No. 1057-R Rectifilter

Complete Specifications of Rectifilters using Dry Plate Rectifing Units Input 110-125 volts AC Single Phase

| Catalogue Number | DC Output for Talking |  |  | FullLoadOutputVolts | $\begin{gathered} \text { AC } \\ \text { Supply } \end{gathered}$ | 60 Cycle Output for Ringing |  | Cabinet Size in inches |  |  | Ship'ng Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Volts | Amps. |  |  |  | Volts | Amps. | Wide | Deep | High |  |
| *RFR-1057-R | 4 | 0.23 | - | 4 | 50/60 | None |  | 7 | 61/4 | $101 / 2$ | 13 |
| RFR-1024 | 6 | 0.5 | 8.5 | 5.5 | 50/60 | 6-12-18-24AC | 4.0 | 7 | 61/4 | 101/2 | 12 |
| RFR-1028-A | 6 | 1.0 | 8.5 | 5.5 | 50/60 | 6-12-18-24AC | 4.0 | 7 | 61/4 | $101 / 2$ | 14 |
| RFR-1026 | 12 | 0.5 | 15.5 | 11.5 | 50/60 | 6-12-18-24AC | 4.0 | 7 | 61/4 | $101 / 2$ | 14 |
| RFR-1027 | 24 | 0.5 | 28 | 20 | 50/60 | 6-12-18-24AC | 4.0 | 7 | 61/4 | $101 / 2$ | 19 |
| RFR-1027-R 2 | 24 | 0.5 | 28 | 20 | 50/60 | 6-12-18-24AC |  | with | ge of sour | lay | 19 |
| RFR-1044-E | 24 | 1.0 | 26 | 24 | 60 | 6-12-18-24 | 4.0 | $141 / 2$ | 75/8 | $141 / 8$ | 63 |
| RFR-1044-ER | 24 | 1.5 | 26 | 24 | 60 | 75-100AC |  | with | ge of sour | elay | 63 |
| RFR-1043-R | 24 | 1.5 | 26 | 24 | 60 |  |  | with | ge of sour | lay | 69 |
| RFR-1040-R | 24 | 3.0 | 26 | 24 | 60 | 24vDC |  | with | e of sour | lay | 81 |
| RFR-1041 | 24 | 4.5 | 26 | 24 | 60 | 24 vDC | - | 19 | 12 | $141 / 8$ | 142 |
| RFR-1042 | 24 | 6.0 | 26 | 24 | 60 | 24 vDC | -- | 19 | 12 | $211 / 2$ | 179 |
| RFR-1082 | 48 | 3.0 | 52 | 48 | 60 | 48 vDC | -- | 19 | 12 | $211 / 2$ | 170 |
| RFR-1079 | 48 | 4.0 | 52 | 48 | 60 | 48 vDC | - | 19 | $153 / 16$ | 28 | 169 |
| RFR-1080 | 48 | 6.0 | 52 | 48 | 60 | 48 vDC | - | 19 | $153 / 16$ | 28 | 180 |

Change of source relays can be supplied on all models. When not listed, order by adding suffix "R". Example, RFR-1041-R. *RFR-1057-R Rectifilter, with change of source relay, supplies current for one or two magneto switchboard operator's sets and takes the place of dry cell batteries.

## RINGING MACHINES



Holtzer-Cabot
MG-125 Magneto Ringing Set

This compact two-bearing motor-generator set contains a squirrel cage motor and a magneto type generator with permanent magnet rotor. The design completely eliminates all brushes, commutators and slip rings and insures continuous operation over long periods of time without attention. Operation is quiet, causes no interference with radio reception and has close voltage regulation. All terminals are mounted on insulating blocks recessed in the base with facilities for direct conduit connection. An insulating transformer is furnished with each set to prevent accidental demagnetization of the rotor.

The set operates on 115 -volt, 60 -cycle, single phase supply and delivers 80 volts, 19 cycles at 15 watts maximum output. Required floor space is $115 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 71 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ for the ringing set and $5^{\prime \prime}$ $\times 5^{\prime \prime}$ for the transformer. Shipping weight is 75 lbs . Where standby supply is required, a ringing dynamotor may be employed.


Holtzer-Cabot HD-13 Ringing Dynamotor

Ringing dynamotors operate from 48 -volt battery supply and deliver 19 cycles at 115 volts, no load, and 80 volts at rated load. They are useful as standby sets for AC driven magneto ringers or as a principal source of ringing current where voltage variations are not excessive and where space and cost are important. Where tone and interrupter equipment are required, a separately driven interrupter should be employed or a motorgenerator ringing set should be used. Time limit automatic starters are provided on sets of 75 -watt output and above.

| Cat. No. | Watt Output | Floor Space |  | Shipping Weight |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HD-1430 | 30 | $111 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 70 Lbs. |  |
| HD-13 | 50 | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | $\times 9^{\prime \prime}$ | 150 Lbs. |
| HD-12 | 75 | $181 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $\times 93 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 175 Lbs. |
| HD-1 | 150 | $20^{\prime \prime}$ | $\times 101 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 225 Lbs. |
| HD-2 | 300 | $24^{\prime \prime}$ | $\times 14^{\prime \prime}$ | 300 Lbs. |

## Four and Five Frequency Harmonic Ringing Motor-Generator Sets 25 Watt Output

These ringing motor-generator sets supply constant frequency ringing current for harmonic party line installations, and are trouble-free in operation. A speed governor is used for both AC and DC motor driven sets, holding the ringing frequencies constant.

The generator rotors consist of Alnico castings eliminating brushes and slip rings. One generator supplies four frequencies and together with the motor and accessories is mounted on a channel iron base. See cut. The generator outputs are $162 / 3$, $331 / 3,50$ and $662 / 3$ cycles, 25 watts at each frequency, at voltages of $75,100,135$ and 175 volts (at no load) respectively. When a fifth frequency ( 25 cycles, at 100 volts) is required, it is added in the form of a separate unit, and mounted on a long base with the four-frequency set. For AC supply, the fifth frequency set consists of a synchronous motor belted to a 25 -watt, 25 -cycle generator having an Alnico rotor. For DC supply, the fifth frequency is furnished by a 25 -watt, 25 -cycle dynamotor equipped with a speed governor.

An insulating transformer is needed for each frequency except the fifth frequency supplied by the dynamotor. These transformers are mounted on the channel iron base and are protected by a steel enclosing cover.

A shaft extension is provided on the generator. This may be used for mounting a tone commutator and for driving a slow speed spring type interrupter when either of the latter is specified. Limit, eight circuits.

| Cat. Listing | Motor |  | Floor Space Weight Lbs. |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Item 1 | 115 V.,. 60 cycle, single phase | $62^{\prime \prime}$ | $\times 10^{\prime \prime}$ | 325 |
| Item 2 | 24 V., DC | $60^{\prime \prime}$ | $\times 10^{\prime \prime}$ | 325 |
| Item 3 | 48 V., DC | $60^{\prime \prime}$ | $\times 10^{\prime \prime}$ | 325 |
| Subscript F Fifth Frequency, 25 cycles | $82^{\prime \prime}$ | $\times 10^{\prime \prime}$ | 550 |  |

Subscript F Fifth Frequency, 25 cycles $82^{\prime \prime} \times 10^{\prime \prime} \quad 550$
Subscript I Interrupter-Specify circuits No Change Add 20 Lbs. and timing
Subscript T Tone Commutator (133-400C) No Change Add 5 lbs .


Holtzer-Cabot 5-Frequency Harmonic Ringing Motor-Generator 25 Watt, AC Driven

## 50 and 150 Watt Output

These motor-generator sets are the accepted standard for harmonic ringing. The design inherently produces a wave form free from harmonics within the ringing range, but with sufficient harmonics in the higher range to provide audible ringing. Frequencies are held within $\pm 1 \%$ under all normal operating conditions. Tone and interrupter equipment may be furnished as an integral part of the sets.

Standard frequencies are $162 / 3,331 / 3,50$ and $662 / 3$ cycles at $100,125,150$ and 160 volts, no load, respectively. Where the fifth frequency is required, this is provided at 25 cycles at 125 volts. Special voltages may be obtained by the use of transformers which will be provided on order.

## RINGING MACHINES (Cont.)



Holtzer-Cabot 4-Frequency Harmonic
Ringing Motor-Generator 50 Watt, AC Driven
This equipment is available as companion sets, one for normal AC power operation and a DC standby operating from the main battery. The alternating current sets consist of two induction motors with magnetic coupling governors insuring a shaft speed of 1000 rpm . and four or five generators for the specified frequencies. One of these generators provides 230 -volt exciter current for all generators and governors and coin collect current. One transformer with center tap for coin collect is supplied on all sets. Plus and minus 115 volts is supplied at .25 amperes in 50 watt and .5 amperes in 150 -watt sets. This improved method eliminates all drain from the exchange battery for normal power operation. All of the units are connected in line on a heavy reinforced welded base. The DC standby set consists of one motor and field control governor, four generators for the harmonic frequencies, one of which provides exciter and coin collect current as above. Where the fifth frequency is required, $\alpha$ dynamotor with field control governor is provided. A time limit automatic starter is provided for each DC set and an across-the-line starter is provided for the 150 -watt AC set.


## Four and Five Frequency Synchromonic Motor-Generator Ringing Sets 25, 50 and 150 Watt Output

Each set consists of one motor belted to four or five separate generators. Four-frequency sets produce $30,42,54$, and 66 cycles at $125,125,150$ and 160 volts, no load, respectively. Where a fifth frequency is required, it may be either 16 or 20 cycles at 100 volts. Item 9F, 150 -watt, five frequency set is illustrated.

These are available as companion sets for either AC or DC drive. DC drive motors are supplied with governors. The 25 -watt sets use Alnico rotors and an insulating transformer is provided for each frequency. 50 - and 150 -watt sets have one generator which provides exciter current for all generator fields, and one transformer, center tapped for coin collect voltages. Time limit automatic starters are furnished for the 50 - and 150 -watt DC driven sets. Starters are provided for 150 -watt AC driven sets.

Where tone and interrupter equipment is required, a separate motor driven interrupter, independently mounted, should be specified.


| Holtzer-Cabot 5-Frequency Synchromonic Motor-Generator 150 Watt, AC Driven |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cat. <br> Listing | Watts Output | $t$ Motor | Floor Space | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Weight } \\ & \text { Lbs. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Item 1 | 2524 | 4 V. , DC | $48^{\prime \prime} \times 18^{\prime \prime} \times 14^{\prime \prime}$ | 0 |
| Item 2 | 2548 | $8 \mathrm{~V} . \mathrm{D}$, DC | $48^{\prime \prime} \times 18^{\prime \prime} \times 14^{\prime \prime}$ | 500 |
| Item 3 | 2511 | 15 V., 60 cycle, single phase | $48^{\prime \prime} \times 18^{\prime \prime} \times 14^{\prime \prime}$ | 500 |
| Subscript F $\begin{aligned} & \text { Same as above plus } \\ & \text { Specify whether } 16 \text { or } 20 \text { cycles. }\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Item 5 | 5011 | 15-230 V., 60 C., single phase | $68^{\prime \prime} \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ | 1000 |
| Item 6 | 5022 | 220-440 V., 60 C., three phase | $68^{\prime \prime} \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ | 1000 |
| Subscript $F$ Same as above plus 5 th frequen. Specify whether 16 or 20 cycles. |  |  | $68^{\prime \prime} \times 36^{\prime \prime}$ | 1050 |
| Item 7 | 15048 | $8 \mathrm{~V} . . \mathrm{DC}$ | $841 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 28^{\prime \prime}$ | 1400 |
| Item 8 | 15011 | 15-230 V., 60 C., single phase | $841 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 28^{\prime \prime}$ | 1400 |
| Item 9 | 15022 | 20-440 V., 60 C., three phase | $841 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 28^{\prime \prime}$ | 1400 |
| Subscr | ipt F So | ame as above plus 5 th frequen. Specify whether 16 or 20 cycles. | $841 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 28^{\prime \prime}$ | 1450 |

## A.C. VOLTAGE STABILIZERS

The Raytheon Voltage Stabilizers find a direct application wherever it is desirable to keep voltage outputs constant within a small degree of variation. They are used successfully with telephone apparatus which operates best with a constant voltage output. Other equipment such as laboratory apparatus, sound recorders and amplifiers find a definite application for stabilized voltages.

Raytheon Stabilizers hold their output voltages to within plus or minus $1 / 2 \%$. For instance variations of input A.C. voltages from 95 to 130 are held to 115 volts plus or minus $1 / 2 \%$.

This stabilizer consists of two transformers with primaries in series. Like all magnetic stabilizers, one transformer operates at high magnetic density. The transformer with the higher saturation is partially resonated by means of a condenser. The secondaries of the two transformers are connected in series opposed. By proper design this results in the various voltages adding up vectorially to give the desired output changes which compensate for differences of individual voltages and result in constant output.

Following is typical table of stabilizers which can be provided. Other voltage and frequency input stabilizers can be furnished upon application.

## Input 95-130 Volts 60 Cycles

 Output 115 Volts plus or minus $1 / 2 \%$| Code No. |  | Watts | Net Weight |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | ---: |
| VR-1 | with case | 30 | 8 lbs. |
| VR-1-A* | with case | 30 | 8 lbs. |
| VR-2 | with case | 60 | 18 lbs. |
| VR-3 | with case | 120 | 26 lbs. |
| VR-4 | with case | 250 | 46 lbs |
| VR-5 | with case | 500 | 70 lbs |
| VR-6 | with case | 1000 | 140 lbs |
| VR-7 | with case | 2000 | 200 lbs |
| VR-107 | less case | 30 | 6 lbs |
| VR-107-A* | less case | 30 | 6 lbs |
| VR-207 | less case | 60 | 16 lbs |
| VR-307 | less case | 120 | 22 lbs |
| VR-407 | less case | 36 lbs. |  |
| *Output of VR-1-A | and VR-107-A is 6.0 or 7.5 volts plus or minus |  |  |

*Output of VR-1-A and VR-107-A is 6.0 or 7.5 volts plus or minus $1 / 2 \%$.

## SUB-CYCLE RINGING CONVERTER <br> MODEL "BX"-60 SUB-CYCLE

The Sub-Cycle Converter is a static type ringing generator designed to start and operate directly from the commercial 105-125 volt 60 cycle AC circuits. Other models are available for operation on 50 cycle supply. The Sub-Cycle Frequency Converters operate without moving parts, and supply an output frequency which is a fixed fraction of the input frequency. In the regular models that are here shown the output frequency is $1 / 3$ the input frequency. Thus, 20 cycle current is supplied from a 60 cycle source depending upon the model selected. When a 50 cycle unit is used, $162 / 3$ cycle ringing current is supplied from the 50 cycle source.


Model "BX"-60 Sub-Cycle

Because the frequency is changed without moving parts of any kind, the Sub-Cycle is the ideal ringing converter for all types of exchanges. These converters are guaranteed to be non-interfering to radio reception. All parts are housed in metal.

The most popular sizes of Sub-Cycles are: Model M7.5 for PBX use, Model S and BX for regular service and the Model CC for heavy duty service. The Model SP is used when pulsating ringing is required.

## Outstanding Sub-Cycle Features

Provides Ample power
No routine maintenance required
Cannot interfere with radio reception
Economical in service
Quiet operation
Output voltage regulation very close between no load and full load

Sub-Cycle Converters contain:
No moving parts
No vibrators
No vibrating contacts
No Bearings to lubricate
No Brushes nor commutators
No Vacuum Tubes nor lamps
No filters
Accessories for Sub-Cycle Ringing Converters
T-2259 Auxiliary Transformer
This transformer is used with Models "BX"-60 or "S"-60 input to provide a DC path for superimposed ringing.
Supplies two voltages, 95 or 130, at no load.
T-155. An autotransformer to step down 230 volts $50 / 60$ cycle. May be used with $105-125$ Volts. Will operate Models M, S or BX from 230 Volt Supply.

Sub-Cycles for Operation from 60 Cycle Single Phase Supply

| Model | Number of Stations | Duty Ringing | Input <br> Voltage | 20 Cycle Output <br> RMS Values-unless stated |  |  | High Wide Long | Shipping Weight in Lbs. | Finish |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | No load | Full load | Watts |  |  |  |
| M-7.5-60 | 100 | Light | 105-125 | 90 | 75 | $71 / 2$ | $65 / 8 \times 51 / 8 \times 111 / 4$ | 18 | Black Wrinkle |
| 5-60 | 1600 / | Regular | 105-125 | 90 | 75 | 15-20 | $53 / 4 \times 95 / 8 \times 141 / 8$ | 35 | Black Wrinkle |
| SP-60 | 1600 | Pulsating | 105-125 | 110 peak | - peak | 15-20 | $53 / 4 \times 95 / 8 \times 141 / 8$ | 36 | Black Wrinkle |
| BX-60 | 1600 | Regular | 105-125 | 90 | 75 | 15-20 | $53 / 4 \times 95 / 8 \times 141 / 8$ | 36 | Gray Enamel |
| SP-LB-60 | 1600 | Pulsating-tubes in series with ringers | 105-125 | 135 peak | --peak | 15-20 | $53 / 4 \times 95 / 8 \times 141 / 8$ | 42 | Black Wrinkle |
| CC-60 | 4000 | Heavy | $\begin{gathered} 105-125 \\ \text { or } \\ 210-250 \\ 105-125 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 90 \\ 130 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 75 \\ 100 \end{array}$ | 45 | $61 / 8 \times 101 / 8 \times 163 / 8$ | 68 | Black Wrinkle |
| CCP-60 | 4000 | Pulsating | $\begin{gathered} \text { or } \\ 210-250 \end{gathered}$ | 160 peak | --peak | 45 | $61 / 8 \times 101 / 8 \times 163 / 8$ | 70 | Black Wrinkle |
| CB-60 | 4000 | Pulsating | 105-125 | $\begin{array}{r} 90 \\ 115 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 75 \\ 100 \end{array}$ | 45 | $53 / 4$ front, $51 / 2$ rear $127 / 32 \times \uparrow \times 231 / 16$ | 115 | Gray Lacquer |
| Sub-Cycles for Operation from 50 Cycle Single Phase Supply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| M 7.5-50 | 100 | Light | 105-125 | 90 | 75 | $71 / 2$ | $65 / 8 \times 51 / 8 \times 111 / 4$ | 20 | Black Wrinkle |
| M GB-50 | 100 | Light | 210-250 | 90 | 75 | $71 / 2$ | $65 / 8 \times 51 / 8 \times 111 / 4$ | 20 | Black Wrinkle |
| S-50 | 1600 | Regular | 105-125 | 90 | 75 | 15-20 | $53 / 4 \times 95 / 8 \times 141 / 8$ | 40 | Black Wrinkle |
| SP-50 | 1600 | Regular Pulsating | 105-125 | 110 peak | - peak | 15-20 | $53 / 4 \times 95 / 8 \times 141 / 8$ | 40 | Black Wrinkle |
| BX-50 | 1600 | Regular | 105-125 | 90 | 75 | 15-20 | $53 / 4 \times 95 / 8 \times 141 / 8$ | 41 | Gray Lacquer |
| SGB-50 | 1600 | Regular | 210-250 | 90 | 75 | 15-20 | $53 / 4 \times 95 / 8 \times 141 / 8$ | 40 | Black Wrinkle |
| CC-50 | 4000 | Heavy | 105-125 | 90 | 75 100 | 45 | $61 / 8 \times 101 / 8 \times 163 / 8$ | 75 | Black Wrinkle |
| CCP-50 | 4000 | Heavy Pulsating | $\begin{aligned} & 105-125 \\ & 210-250 \end{aligned}$ | 160 peak | -- peak | 45 | $61 / 8 \times 101 / 8 \times 163 / 8$ | 75 | Black Wrinkle |

STROMBERG-CARLSON

## CONVERTERS

## Multi-Frequency Ringing

These converters transform direct current obtained from 12 cells of storage battery, to ringing frequencies for use with tuned frequency signaling systems. They are of the vibrating type.


No. 6-A Converter, four frequency, with vibrator compartment shown open

Each standard converter is equipped with duplicate sets of both vibrators and transformers, so that a complete double ringing machine is included in each assembly. They are also provided with radio interference eliminators. All equipment including transformers, vibrators, fuses and terminals are mounted on a steel rack. The converter assembly has the following dimensions: Length $3^{\prime} 11^{\prime \prime}$, Depth $1^{\prime} 5^{\prime \prime}$, Height $3^{\prime} 7 \frac{1}{s^{\prime \prime}}$.

The standard multi-frequency converters are listed below:

| Stock No. | Code | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | No. of Party

Although it is not standard practice, any of the above converters may be equipped with $\alpha$ single set of transformers.

When this arrangement is desired, specify the code number, and one set of transformers.

The above listed converters are used to provide party line ringing service for the larger exchanges and operate indefinitely with the maximum degree of efficiency. Only occasional replacement of contact springs and screws are necessary, together with the usual check-up of frequencies and voltages.

## Converter Battery and Charging Equipment

In operating harmonic converters with telephone systems, $\alpha$ separate converter battery is recommended, associated with a trickle charge rectifier or other charging machine.

The use of the separate battery has many distinct advantages, among them are the following:

1. Absolute elimination of ringing noise in main battery.
2. Voltage at converter remains constant.
3. No voltage fluctuation in primary, steadies ringing output voltages.
4. Tone potentials from converter induce no noise in main battery.
5. Eliminates necessity for automatic switching equipment.

## Battery and Rectifier Requirements for Converter Installations

4 Party, No. 6-A or No. 6-B Converters
24 Hour reserve battery capacity

| No. of Lines | Type of Battery | Type of Charger | Charging Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100-1000 | PTMH-2 | No. 842028 | .05-1.0 Amp. |
| 1000-2000 | ETMH-2 | No. 899754 | $0.1-3.0$ Amp. |
| 2000-2500 | DMGO-5 | No. 899754 | 0.1 -3.0 Amp. |
|  | 12 Hour reserv | battery capacity |  |
| 100- 500 | CTMH-2 | No. 842028 | .05-1.0 Amp. |
| 500-1400 | PTMH-2 | No. 842028 | .05-1.0 Amp. |
| 1400-2000 | ETMH-2 | No. 899754 | $0.1-3.0$ Amp. |
| 2000-2500 | DMGO-5 | No. 899754 | 0.1 -3.0 Amp. |

5 Party, No. 7-A or No. 7-B Converters
24 Hour reserve battery capacity
No. of Lines Type of Battery Type of Charger
100-500
500-2000
ETMH-2 No. $899754 \quad 0.1$-3.0 Amp.

|  | 12 Hour reserve battery capacity |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100-500 | PTMH-2 | No. 842028 | $.05-1.0 \mathrm{Amp}$. |  |  |
| $500-1300$ | PTMH-2 | No. 842028 | $.05-1.0 \mathrm{Amp}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 3 0 0 - 2 0 0 0}$ | ETMH-2 | No. 899754 | $0.1-3.0 \mathrm{Amp}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0 - 2 5 0 0}$ | DMGO-5 | No. 899754 | $0.1-3.0 \mathrm{Amp}$. |  |  |

Battery chargers specified are Westinghouse "Rectox" typeoperate from 115 volt, 50-60 cycle A.C. supply circuits. Raytheon Rectichargers of equal capacity are highly recommended where initial cost is not a deciding factor. They are self regulating and automatically adjustable to the load, whereas straight rectifiers are hand regulated and require the attention of the maintenance man.

## Converter Accessories and Parts

Vibrators
The following numbers apply to complete vibrating units.

| Stock No. | Code | Coil <br> Stock No. <br> $\mathbf{8 0 2 5 4 4}$ | Armature <br> Stock No. | Description |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{( 1 - F )}$ | 12261 | 13771 | $331 / 3$ CYcle |  |  |
| $\mathbf{8 0 2 5 4 5}$ | $(1-G)$ | 12262 | 13772 | 50 | CYcle |
| $\mathbf{8 0 2 5 4 6}$ | $(1-\mathrm{H})$ | 12263 | 13737 | $662 / 3$ CYcle |  |
| $\mathbf{8 0 2 5 4 3}$ | $(1-\mathrm{E})$ | 12264 | 13773 | $162 / 3$ CYcle |  |
| $\mathbf{8 0 2 5 4 7}$ | $(1-1)$ | 12264 | 13773 | 20 | CYcle |
| 802548 | $(1-J)$ | 12263 | 13737 | 60 | CYcle |
| $\mathbf{8 0 2 5 4 9}$ | $(1-K)$ | 12261 | 13771 | 30 | CYcle |
| $\mathbf{8 0 2 5 5 0}$ | $(1-\mathrm{L})$ | 12262 | 13772 | 42 | CYcle |
| $\mathbf{8 0 2 5 5 1}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 - M )}$ | 12262 | 13772 | 54 | CYcle |
| $\mathbf{8 0 2 5 5 2}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 - N )}$ | 12261 | 16706 | 25 | CYcle |

Code numbers given below are used in all new converters and replace old Stromberg-Carlson and Garford codes.

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 802506 | $(6-E)$ | 16 Cycle |
| 802507 | $(6-F)$ | $30,33,42$ Cycle |
| 802508 | $(6-G)$ | 50,54 Cycle |
| 802509 | $(6-H)$ | $60-66$ CYcle |

## CONVERTERS (Cont.)

| Miscellaneous Parts |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Multi-Frequency Ringing |  |
| Mescription |  |
| Stock No. | Contact Screw |
| 13031 | Contact Spring (Old Style) |
| 13032 | Contact Spring (New Style) |
| 13717 | Motor Spring |
| 13033 | Spring Stop, Single |
| 13034 | Spring Stop, Double |
| 13035 | Cocking screw |
| 13036 | Condenser (5 mf) |
| 800527 | Impedance (No. 18-A) |
| 800277 |  |

Single Frequency Ringing


No. 1 Single Frequency Converter

The No. 1 Type Converter is a single frequency ringing machine and operates from storage batteries only. The vibrating and transformer units are constructed similarly to the No. 6 and No. 7 Converters described in more detail on accompanying pages. It is suitable for exchanges up to 2000 subscribers. Size: $12^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{x}$ $12^{\prime \prime}$ and stands $141 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ high.

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 800559 | $(1-A)$ | Single frequency converter 16 cycle |
| 800560 | $(1-B)$ | Single frequency converter 20 cycle |
| 800561 | $(1-C)$ | Single frequency converter 25 cycle |

Noise Killer equipment normally provided when converter operates off main exchange battery; consists of 1 No. 18 Impedance Coil, 1 Fansteel FT-10 Condenser, 2 five amp. fuses and fuse blocks.

## Power Converters

The general construction of the No. 8 Power Converter is similar to the Nos. 6 and 7 Vibrating Ringing Converters. Instead of being arranged to furnish generator current for ringing purposes, it is a single frequency type designed to furnish emergency power at 110 volts, 60 cycles for the operation of Strom-berg-Carlson ringing interrupter machines and electrically operated calculagraphs.


No. 8 Power Converter with dust cover removed
The power circuit in which the No. 8 Converter usually operates is designed so that the converter starts automatically in case of power failure and ceases operation when city power is restored. The No. 8 Converter operates from twelve (12) cells of storage battery and delivers approximately twenty (20) watts of power at 110 volts, 60 cycle.

This is sufficient to drive a maximum of two Stromberg-Carlson A.C. operated interrupters and five Calculagraphs. It provides $\alpha$ very satisfactory source of power for emergencies and insures continuous service by its instantaneous operation.

As this converter is generally used with the standardized power terminal unit, it is arranged for relay bay mounting. The panel is 26 inches long, finished in dull black, and mounts on $251 / 2$ inch centers. Width is $119 / 16$ inches. The vibrator, which extends 7 inches from the front of the panel, is encased in a sheet steel light finished cover. The equipment is fused and terminated for ready connection to the power circuit.

| Stock No. | Code | Description | Vibrator Transformer <br> Used Used |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800571 | (8-A) | Power converter | 1-H 6-H |

## No. 9 Type PBX Ringing Converter

This unit is designed to convert 48 or 24 volt battery current to $18-22$ cycle ringing current for PBX service. The equipment includes a vibrator, transformer, impedance coil and a network to prevent radio interference.
Used in PBX Circuits that include a converter starting relay such as No. 381-A.

| Stock No. | Code | Description | Frequency <br> Cycles | Battery <br> used |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800572 | $(9-A)$ | Converter (less housing) | $18-22$ | 48 Volt |

800573

NOTE: The above converters, without housings will mount directly on a standard relay rack.

When furnished with $\alpha$ housing consisting of a metal box and cover the following stock numbers should be specified:

| Stock No. | Code | Description | Frequency <br> Cycles | Battery <br> used |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 4 5}$ | $(9-A)$ | Includes box | $18-22$ | 48 Volt |
| 200746 | $(9-B)$ | Includes box | $18-22$ | 24 Volt |

Parts of No. 9-A and No. 9-B Converters

|  | No. 9-A |  | No. 9-B |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | Stock No. | Code | Stock No. | Code |
| Vibrator | 803471 | (3-A) | 803472 | (3-B) |
| Coil (Vibrator) | 35525 |  | 35524 |  |
| Transformer | 34436 |  | 34436 |  |
| Impedance Coil | 800320 | (501) | 800320 | (501) |
| Condenser Assembly | 800537 | (40-A) | 800537 | (40-A) |
| Terminal Strip | 33965 |  | 33965 |  |
| Box assembled | 34901 |  | 34901 |  |

## STROMBERG-CARLSON INTERRUPTER MACHINE

New Multiple-Use, High-Low Motor Driven Unit



The Stromberg-Carlson Motor-Driven Interrupter machine - designed by telephone engineers for telephone use, answers a long-felt need in the industry. The engineers' problem was to design a machine that was versatile, easily powered, inexpensive in first cost and easily maintained. Their objective has been accomplished; the Interrupter now stands with the XY Switch and other fine products which have made the name Stromberg-Carlson a symbol for quality with the telephone industry.

## Versatility

The need for accurately timing and interrupting a circuit has grown apace with each new substitution of electrical power for the slower, less accurate hand operation. New needs are continually arising, as more manually controlled functions are converted to automatic service. The Stromberg-Carlson Interrupter recognizes the many known uses in telephony: harmonic, superimposed or code ringing, busy signal, alarm, conversation timing, warning tone, automatic cut-off and lock-out. It is adapted for timing sequences in many other industries: laundries, foundries, plastic centers, bakeries. A growing use is with intermittent electric displays.


## Construction Features

The unusual feature of the Stromberg-Carlson Interrupter which multiplies its value, is the complete interchangeability of all the working parts.

THE MOTOR, a standard purchased item with specially built-in reduction gearing, can be removed and replaced in 30 seconds. This can be supplied for D.C., or for 50 or 60 cycle, 115 Volt A.C. The two precision-cut couplings mesh securely without adding to motor load.


# PROTECTORS—CENTRAL OFFICE 

## Cook Type

Telephone lines require protection against high potentials and sneak currents. Central office protectors are mounted on main distributing frames in the terminal room of the exchange to afford convenience in testing and maintenance.

When operated, the modern protector opens the circuit, grounds the line and operates an alarm signal. To reset, the operating spring is relatched over the heat coil ratchet. No coil to change, turn or resolder.

Line connections are provided on one side of the protectors, and switchboard connections are provided on the other side. Current carrying parts are insulated with hard rubber and terminals are held in place rigidly by bakelite.

Low resistance heat coils, approximately $31 / 2$ ohms, will carry .35 amperes for three hours, and will operate within 210 seconds on .5 ampere in an ambient temperature of $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.


## No. 3800 Protector

The protector pairs mount on $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ centers. The mounting plate is cadmium plated steel and arranged to fasten directly to the main frame shelf channels. Springs are nickel silver of ample strength to give positive operation and permanent pressure between lightning arrester and ground plate. Unit dischargers are standard in these lightning arresters. They are made of two carbons separated by an acetate dielectric and cemented to-gether-air gap .003". They will permanently ground under continuous discharge and can be easily installed or removed.

Temporary disconnects can be made by opening the circuit with $\alpha$ thin insulator inserted between the outside spring and the spring holding the heat coil. The No. 3800 Test Plug is used for testing the outside lines, the heat coils and the switchboard circuit.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } 3800 \text { Type } \\ & \text { Cat. No. } \end{aligned}$ | Cook Protector Description | Dimensions (Inches) <br> Length Width Depth |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 380-1320 | 20 Pair bank complete | 85/8 | 3 | 43/4 |
| 380-1321 | 21 Pair bank complete | 9 | 3 | $43 / 4$ |
| 380-1351 | 51 Pair bank complete | 201/4 | 3 | $43 / 4$ |
| 380-1361 | 101 Pair bank complete | 39 | 3 | $43 / 4$ |
| 380-60 | No. 3800 Test Plug |  |  |  |
| 380-30 | No. 3800 Heat Coil |  |  |  |
| 380-130 | Unit Discharger with .005" | Dielectr |  |  |



## No. 100 Protector

This protector mounts on $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ centers per pair. Heavy carbon and heat coil holding springs insure a positive permanent pressure between the lightning arrester carbons and ground. Lightning arresters consist of two grooved carbons separated by an acetate dielectric $.005^{\prime \prime}$ thick and will permanently ground under continuous discharge.

Temporary disconnects can be made by inserting $\alpha$ tooth-pick through the slot of the carbon to keep the ground and alarm spring from making contact before releasing the operating spring.

The No. 100 Test Plug is used for testing the outside lines, the heat coils and the switchboard circuit.

| No. 100 Type Cook Protector Cat. No. Description |  | Dimensions (Inches) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Length | Width | Depth |
| 360-1210 | 10 Pair bank complete | $51 / 2$ | 2 | $31 / 2$ |
| 360-1220 | 20 Pair bank complete | $101 / 2$ | 2 | $31 / 2$ |
| 360-70 | No. 100 Heat Coil |  |  |  |
| 370-10 | No. 100 Test Plug |  |  |  |
| 41-11 | Acetate Dielectric .005" |  |  |  |
| 41-1281 | Carbons |  |  |  |
| 41-2612 | Unit Dischargers |  |  |  |
|  | Net Weight per 100 pairs | poun |  |  |

## TESTING EQUIPMENT

## Testing Equipment-Frequency Meters

These vibrating reed meters have the advantage of being directreading by the vibration of tuned reeds when connected across the ringing current supply. They have separate groups of reeds, with five reeds in each group for indicating as many as five different normal frequencies. Portable and switchboard models are standard. The switchboard models are made for front-ofboard mounting (No. 5145) and also for flush mounting (No. 5145-F)
$\left.\begin{array}{cl}\begin{array}{c}\text { Biddle Code } \\ 5145\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { No. Description } \\ \text { Switchboard Model. Mounts on front of board and } \\ \text { operates from 115 or 230 Volts. For normal frequen- }\end{array} \\ \text { cies of } 162 / 3,25,331 / 3,50 \text { and } 662 / 3 \text { cycles. }\end{array}\right\}$

## Test Bell Boxes

No. 1-A Type Bell Box (see Section B) serves to make rapid routine checks of converter ringing current.

## HC Escapement Type

In this type of meter frequencies are measured by counting the impulses over a given period-usually $\alpha$ minute. When tests are made in this way a stop watch can be used to advantage for timing.

$$
\begin{array}{lc}
\text { A.C Code No. } & \text { Description } \\
209010 & \text { Escapement frequency meter }
\end{array}
$$

## No. 433 Type Voltmeters

This is a Weston instrument recommended for accurately measuring AC ringing voltages. The No. 433 AC is a portable model with large scale opening that permits good visibility of the long, hand-calibrated mirror scales. For use on frequencies from 25 to 125 cycles.
Weston Code No. Description
433 A.C. Portable Voltmeter. Range 300/150. Approximate resistance 22000/11000 Ohms.

## INTERRUPTER MACHINES

Stromberg-Carlson Interrupter Machines are designed for long life and economy of operation. The mounting of the No. 1 Interrupter is especially arranged as a unit to be used in connection with the standardized power terminal assembly. The interrupter base is drilled for mounting on $251 / 2$ inch centers and is 26 inches long, by $53 / 4$ inches wide. It is, therefore, suitable for installation on a standard line relay rack.
The motor used to drive the interrupter shaft is of the alternating current disc type with very low current consumption. An Alnico magnet which may be adjusted by a screw driver, takes care of the slight variations which may be necessary to govern correct speed. The cams which move the springs operate against bronze rollers, thereby reducing friction and wear. The interrupter springs are arranged in pairs, the "break" contact being on one set and the "make" contact on the other. By the proper tying of the actuating springs the "break-make" contacts, necessary for ringing current interruption, is produced.
Standard timing of each ringing circuit is $11 / 2$ seconds "On," $41 / 2$ seconds "Off". The interrupter spring timing is also arranged so that the ringing of the various frequencies, in multi-frequency sets, does not occur simultaneously, but is spread to occur alternately. The flashing recall contacts operate at 90 changes per minute- 45 "On" intervals and 45 "Off" intervals.


No. 1 Interrupter with dust cover removed

Contacts of the interrupter springs are made of heavy precious metal capable of carrying 15 amperes per contact. The complete machine assembly is mounted on $\alpha$ base of $1 / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$ sheet steel and the springs are securely fastened on $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ sturdy phenolic bars having high insulation. A sheet steel, light finished, dust cover is arranged to enclose all working parts. This cover is securely fastened in place by hexagonal nuts which are chained to the case, thus preventing loss.
Standard equipment for the No. 1 Interrupter is 7 sets of "break-make" contacts for ringing current interruption and 1 set of make contacts for flashing recall. This machine is used with switchboards employing four or five party machine ringing.

No. 2 and No. 3 Interrupters are single frequency machines, mounted in a small compact steel case with inside dimensions as follows: height $8^{\prime \prime}$, width $7^{\prime \prime}$, depth $6^{\prime \prime}$.

The cases of both the No. 2 and No. 3 Interrupters are finished throughout in a light color. "Knock-Outs" are provided on each side, to permit ready access for wiring. The No. 2 unit provides single frequency interruption only. The No. 3 provides single frequency interruption plus flash recall.

Code No. Description
1 Used with 4 or 5 party ringing and flash recall
2 Used with single frequency ringing
3 Used with single frequency ringing and flash recall


No. 2 Interrupter with open door

## PROTECTORS-CENTRAL OFFICE

## Cook Type

Telephone lines require protection against high potentials and sneak currents. Central office protectors are mounted on main distributing frames in the terminal room of the exchange to afford convenience in testing and maintenance.

When operated, the modern protector opens the circuit, grounds the line and operates an alarm signal. To reset, the operating spring is relatched over the heat coil ratchet. No coil to change, turn or resolder.

Line connections are provided on one side of the protectors, and switchboard connecions are provided on the other side. Current carrying parts are insulated with hard rubber and terminals are held in place rigidly by bakelite.

Low resistance heat coils, approximately $31 / 2$ ohms, will carry .35 amperes for three hours, and will operate within 210 seconds on .5 ampere in an ambient temperature of $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.


## No. 100 Protector

This protector mounts on $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ centers per pair. Heavy carbon and heat coil holding springs insure a positive permanent pressure between the lightning arrester carbons and ground. Lightning arresters consist of two grooved carbons separated by an acetate dielectric $.005^{\prime \prime}$ thick and will permanently ground under continuous discharge.

Temporary disconnects can be made by inserting a tooth-pick through the slot of the carbon to keep the ground and alarm spring from making contact before releasing the operating spring.

The No. 100 Test Plug is used for testing the outside lines, the heat coils and the switchboard circuit.

| No. 100 Type Cook Protector Cat. No. Description |  | Dimensions (Inches) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Length |  | Depth |
| 360-1210 | 10 Pair bank complete | $51 / 2$ | 2 | $31 / 2$ |
| 360-1220 | 20 Pair bank complete | $101 / 2$ | 2 | $31 / 2$ |
| 360-70 | No. 100 Heat Coil |  |  |  |
| 370-10 | No. 100 Test Plug |  |  |  |
| 41-11 | Acetate Dielectric .005" |  |  |  |
| 41-1281 | Carbons |  |  |  |
| 41-2612 | Unit Dischargers |  |  |  |
|  | Net Weight per 100 pairs | pound |  |  |

## PROTECTORS—CENTRAL OFFICE (Cont.)

## No. 105 Protector

This is a combination of the No. 100 Protector with line fuses. Fuses are composition type, $43 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ long and blow at 3 amperes. This type of protector is frequently used on toll and long distance lines.


Line Swbd.
Cross Section of No. 105 Protector

| No. 105 Type | Cook Protector | Dimen | ions | ches) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cat. No. | Description | Length | Width | Depth |
| 392-1510 | 10 Pair bank complete | $51 / 2$ |  | 7 |
| 392-1520 | 20 Pair bank complete | 101/2 |  | 7 |
| 360-70 | No. 105 Heat Coil |  |  |  |
| 370-10 | No. 105 Test Plug |  |  |  |
| 41-1281 | Carbon |  |  |  |
| 41-11 | Acetate Dielectric .005" |  |  |  |
| 41-2612 | Unit Discharger |  |  |  |
| 214-2203 | Fuse, A-22 Type, 3 Ampere |  |  |  |
|  | Net weight per 100 pairs-41 | pounds. |  |  |

## H-36 Type Protector

This protector is built in 10 and 20 pair banks, mounted on metal plates which may be installed on distributing frames. Chiefly used in rural communities where the distribution of light and power circuits does not warrant the use of heat coil type protectors.

Fuses are of the enclosed A-45 composition or A-46 Wood Type which blow at 1 ampere. They are held in place under positive tension by nickel silver springs, but may be easily removed and replaced.

Standard carbon block lightning arresters are provided, which use " U " shaped dielectrics .005 inches thick.


## WALL TYPE DISTRIBUTING FRAMES

## Cook Type L-9

The Type L9 Wall Distributing Frame is intended for economical distribution and protection of limited capacity cable and especially for installation in small exchanges.


Type L-9 Wall Distributing Frame

The L-9 Wall Distributing Frame, made in 20, 40, 60, 80, and 100 pair sizes is designed to carry any Cook central office protector. The frame of the L-9 consists of two pieces of hard kiln-dried maple, one drilled and arranged for, and equipped with line terminals: the other drilled and milled for mounting the protectors and two heavy mounting brackets of bar iron finished in durable paint.

## Standard Sizes of L-9 Frames

| Cable Side | Protector Side |
| :---: | :---: |
| 26 Pairs | 20 Pairs |
| 52 Pairs | 40 Pairs |
| 78 Pairs | 60 Pairs |
| 102 Pairs | 80 Pairs |
| 130 Pairs | 100 Pairs |

Equipment

| Cat No. | Line Terminals | Protectors | Height | Net Wgt. <br> Pounds |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $361-1050$ | 20 Pairs | None | $1^{\prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ |
| $361-1052$ | 40 Pairs | None | $1^{\prime} 111 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 18 |
| $361-1054$ | 60 Pairs | None | $2^{\prime} 10^{\prime \prime}$ | 32 |
| $361-1056$ | 80 Pairs | None | $3^{\prime} 81 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 46 |
| $361-1058$ | 100 Pairs | None | $4^{\prime}$ | $7^{\prime \prime}$ |

On a following page is shown the comparable wall distributing frame manufactured by Reliable Electric Co. Stromberg-Carlson recommends either of these frames to its customers. For a more complete description of Proctector Equipment and Distributing Frames turn to the Supply Division of this Catalog where they will be found under Section Q.

## WALL TYPE DISTRIBUTING FRAMES (Cont.)

## Reliable Type

For use where space does not permit the installation of floor type frames, compact wall units employing either the Reliable 303 or 308 Type Switchboard Protectors provide accessible and substantial terminal facilities for small exchanges.


Reliable Wall Distributing Frame with 303 Protectors

Each unit consists of Switchboard Protector mounting bar and fanning strip in one vertical and one vertical of 112 F molded line terminal strips; all mounted on a substantial painted steel frame. Switchboard protectors should be ordered in addition to the unit as follows:

Protectors with carbons and saw-tooth discharge blocks associated with fuses:

Code No. Description
303-F Protector, Two No. 106 Fuses (No Heat Coil)
303-H Protector, Two No. 107 Heat Coil Fuse
Protectors with carbon block and dielectric assemblies associated with fuses:

Code No. Description
308-F Protector, Two No. 114 Fuses (No. Heat Coil)
308-H Protector, Two No. 115 Heat Coil Fuses
NOTE: No alarm systems are provided with above types.
The new Reliable 112-F type line terminal strips are made of high grade precision molded phenolic plastic.

Each strip consists of a fanning type base on which are mounted unit terminal strips containing 20 or 26 solder coated bronze soldering terminals. The base can be furnished with one to six rows of terminal strips.

The sturdy units are molded with a black lustrous finish and provide excellent dielectric qualities with high surface insulation resistance.

The bases, $23 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wide and $8^{\prime \prime}$ long, are supplied with interlocking steel brackets for vertical or horizontal installation on main frames, straight brackets for general use.

Catalog numbers carry number of rows and number of terminals per row: e.g. 112F $4 \times 26$. The top of the terminal block will be numbered as specified.


Typical Protector Installation in a Large Multiple Manual Exchange

## Component Parts



In this section are the component parts and sub-assemblies most frequently ordered for expansion or replacement purposes. Each unit is coded for easy ordering.

## CODED PARTS

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## STROMBERG-CARLSON CODED PARTS

## The Right Part

Whether for additions or replacement, only the correct part will perform its proper function in the apparatus. Every effort is made to present in this section complete descriptions of parts so that correct ordering will be easy.

## Parts for Older Systems

The practical limitations of catalog size prevent the inclusion of many parts that were once standard but are no longer used in present equipment. If the wanted part is not shown, a reference to the Serial Number of the switchboard or the Code Number of the apparatus will expedite ordering.

## Emergency Service

The company will do all in its power to help you prevent service interruptions. Instructions phoned or wired to the Service Manager will be handled as an emergency.


## CODED PARTS

## FOR TELEPHONE AND SWITCHBOARDS

For convenience in ordering replacements or adding to existing equipment, the most generally used parts and sub-assemblies-as well as complete apparatus-have been given code numbers. Code numbers or stock numbers are plainly stamped on the parts, so that replacements can usually be made by number and name of part. The necessary hardware for mounting is included in all shipments under code number.

For additions or replacements on older installations it is advisable to give the type and number of the switchboard, telephone or other equipment for which the apparatus is needed, as the original parts may have been replaced by more modern equivalents. Many items cannot be described in complete detail in this catalog. Your nearest Stromberg-Carlson representative will help you find the parts best suited to your own needs.

The coded parts shown here are arranged alphabetically so that they can be found easily; cross references are given where there might be alternate locations.


#### Abstract

BLANKS

Blanks are available for neatly filling unequipped apparatus spaces of switchboard and other telephone equipment. Many different types are made for stock. Blanks which can be furnished are: Drop Blanks, Jack Blanks, Key Blanks, Plug Hole 

A Typical Key Blank assembled


Blanks.

DROP BLANKS-These blanks are available for covering the space required for one signal only or for groups of 5 or 10 signals on mounting plates used, in standard switchboards.
(Drop Blanks listed with Drops on a following page.)

JACK BLANKS are available in many sizes and styles for a wide variety of uses.

Many of these blanks are faced with black formica in a smooth, satin finish. Others are finished in golden oak, birch. mahogany, or dull walnut to meet specific needs. Some are edged with a white holly strip.
(Jack Blanks listed with Jacks on a following page.)

KEY BLANKS to fill the space of key mountings. Both flush and surface mounting types can be furnished for Nos. 340 and 170 Type Cam Keys.
(Key Blanks listed with keys on a following page.)

PLUG HOLE BLANKS to fill the space of switchboard plugs, of individual lamp sockets, and of individual round barrel keys.

Plug Hole Blanks are made of black composition material or fibre. They preserve the neat appearance of $\alpha$ switchboard, and prevent dust or dirt from settling in unequipped openings.

Plug Hole Blanks listed with plugs on a following page.)

## CIRCUIT PLATES

Circuit Plates for PBX Switchboards are listed below. Circuit Plates designed for use with Stromberg-Carlson XY Systems are ordered to specification and not described in this section. All Circuit Plates now have light finish


| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $800219-000$ | $(1 \mathrm{AL})$ | PBX Trunk, Impedance Coil |
| $800220-000$ | $(2 \mathrm{BL})$ | PBX Trunk, Repeating Coil |
| $800227-000$ | $(6 \mathrm{AL})$ | PBX Dial Trunk, Impedance Coil |
| $800249-000$ | $(16-L)$ | PBX Impedance Coil (short) |
| $800250-000$ | $(17-L)$ | PBX Repeating Coil (long) |

(The No. 17-L replaces No. 2 AL)

| $\mathbf{8 0 0 2 5 2 - 0 0 0}$ | $(19-L)$ | PBX Impedance Coil (short) |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 6 3 - 0 0 0}$ | (20) | PBX Impedance Coil (short) |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 6 4 - 0 0 0}$ | (21) | PBX Repeating Coil (long) |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 2 1 - 0 0 0}$ | (25) | PBX Impedance Coil (short) |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 2 2 - 0 0 0}$ | (26) | PBX Repeating Coil (long) |.

Same as No. 17-L, but will mount an extra condenser.

## COILS-IMPEDANCE

Stock numbers, when associated with code numbers, cover completely assembled coils and parts for mounting. The stock numbers of coils indicate coils only, of the standard resistances specified.


This type impedance coil has an open magnetic circuit with two windings, parallel wound. Used in old style key boxes for selective talking, selective ringing intercommunicating systems. No. $4 \times 11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ RHIW screw used for mounting.

| Stock No. | Code | Approximate Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $800265-000$ | $(10-A)$ | $35 \times 35$ Ohms |
| $800266-000$ | $(10-B)$ | $100 \times 100$ Ohms |

## No. 13 Type

No. 13 Type consists of $\alpha$ No. 10-A Impedance Coil mounted on a maple base equipped with terminals. Has open magnetic circuit. One of these coils is used in each old style common talking, selective ringing intercommunicating system for feeding battery current. Mounts with two No. 8 RHIW screws.

| Stock No. | Code | Approx. Resistance | Overall Dimensions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $800268-000$ | $(13-A)$ | $35 \times 35$ Ohms | $13 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 278^{\prime \prime} \times 11 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |



No. 20 Type Impedance Coils have cross-talk-proof-shells similar to No. 25 Relay Casing. Mount on steel plate uniformly with a pair of No. 200 Type Relays. Used in common battery switchboards.

| Stock No. | Code |  | Ohms Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 2 8 0 - 0 0 0}$ | $(20-A L)$ | Broken Mag. Cct. | $85 \times 85$ |
| NOTE-Furnished with aluminum casing. |  |  |  |

## No. 21 Type

The No. 21-A Type Impedance Coil is mainly used in PBX switchboards on operator's circuits that require a battery feed supply. This coil is usually mounted at the bottom of the key pocket with two screws.

| Stock No. | Code | Ohms Resistance | Used On |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $800281-000$ | $(21-A)$ | 140 | PBX Operator's Circuit |

## No. 24 Type

The No. 24 Type is designed specifically for use as a retardation coil in light duty composite sets. In this application the use of this coil, with suitable circuit modification, will result in improved inductive balance between the signal legs in the side circuit as compared with the present circuit using Type 20AL Impedance Coils. The method of connecting Type 24 coils in a typical composite side circuit is shown below. The construction and magnetic structure for this coil is similar to that of the Type 21 Repeating Coils. Excellent inductance stability is obtained over $\alpha$ range of from 0.75 m.a. DC in the signal legs. It uses the same mounting and shell as for No. 21, No. 11, No. 13 Repeating Coils.

No. 24 Impedance Coils are recommended for use in all new composite circuits. They are recommended as replacements for 20AL coils in present field Composite sets if a pair of coils is to be replaced. In doing this the circuit must be modified as described.

| Stock No. | Code | Approximate Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $204218-000$ | 24 | Composite Coil | DC Resistance (Ohms) Per Coil |  |

## No. 25 Type

The No. 25 type is designed specifically for use as a retardation coil in filter circuits of vibrator ringing generators. It uses the same mounting and shell as for the No. 21, No. 11 and No. 13 Repeating Coils.
Stock No.
Code
210010-000

$$
25
$$

SA or PA in Filter Circuit of
Vibrator Ringing Generator

No. 26 Type
The No. 26 type is designed for use as a retardation coil in the power supply of the tape announcer.

| Stock No. | Code | Use |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $210899-000$ | 26 | Power Supply of Tape Announcer |

## No. 27 Type

The No. 27 type impedance coil is a shunt feed coil for intertoll dialing trunk circuits. Concentric wound. It uses the same mounting and shell as the No. 11 AL.

| Stock No. | Code | Use |  |  | Approximate Total DC <br> Resist. (Ohms) Per Coil |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $211677-000$ | 27 | Shunt Feed Coil for | $60 \times 60$ |  |  |

## GENERAL INDEX

A complete alphabetical index with cross references for all the products shown in this section or any of the other sections will be found in the center of this catalog.

## COILS-IMPEDANCE (Cont.)

## No. 200 Type



Consists of the Stromberg-Carlson standard No. 200 Type Single Wound Relay Coil with iron frame. Has closed magnetic circuit, but requires the No. 25 Relay Casing to become cross-talk-proof. Mounts on steel plate uniformly with No. 200 Type Relays.

| Stock No. | Code | Ohms Resistance | Stock No. <br> Coil Wound |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $800288-000$ | $(201)$ | 5 | $12276-000$ |
| $800289-000$ | $(202)$ | 15 | $12277-000$ |
| $800290-000$ | $(203)$ | 70 | $12278-000$ |
| $800291-000$ | $(204)$ | 100 | $15491-000$ |
| $800292-000$ | $(205)$ | 200 | $12280-000$ |
| $800293-000$ | $(206)$ | 500 | $12266-000$ |
| $800294-000$ | $(207)$ | 1000 | $12267-000$ |
| $40715-000$ | $(208)$ | 800 | $12281-000$ |
| $800295-000$ | $(209)$ | 1500 | $12282-000$ |
| $800296-000$ | $(213)$ | 320 | $15435-000$ |
| $800297-000$ | $(214)$ | 2000 | $15436-000$ |

## No. 220 Type

The No. 220 Type Impedance Coil is similar to the No. 200 but equipped with two windings in tandem.


No. 240 Type
The No. 240 Type Impedance Coil is similar to the No. 200 but with concentric wound coils.

| Stock No. | Code | Resistance | Stock No. <br> Coil Wound |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 3 0 6 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 4 3 )}$ | $100 \times 350$ N.I. | $15197-000$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 2 6 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 4 5 )}$ | $500 \times 2000$ N.I. | $15199-000$ |
| $800307-000$ | $\mathbf{( 2 4 9 )}$ | $500 \times 5000$ N.I. | $\mathbf{2 8 2 6 8 - 0 0 0}$ |



The No. 300 Type, Iron-clad cross-talk-proof Impedance Coil is used with No. 200 Relay and No. 25 Casing.

| Stock No. | Code | Ohms Resistance | Winding | Stock No. <br> Coil Wound |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | ---: |
| $800309-000$ | $(303)$ | 50 | Single | $28725-000$ |
| $800310-000$ | $(304)$ | 100 | Single | $15491-000$ |
| $800311-000$ | $(306)$ | 500 | Single | $12266-000$ |
| $800313-000$ | $(321)$ | $25 \times 25$ | Tandem | $28814-000$ |
| $800314-000$ | $(322)$ | $100 \times 100$ | Tandem | $12287-000$ |
| $800315-000$ | $(323)$ | $200 \times 200$ | Tandem | $12288-000$ |
| $800316-000$ | $(325)$ | $1000 \times 1000$ | Tandem | $12290-000$ |
| $800317-000$ | $(326)$ | $50 \times 50$ | Tandem | $12291-000$ |
| $800318-000$ | $(352-L)$ | $100 \times 100$ | Parallel | $34430-000$ |

Type " $A$ " Relay Impedance Coil


These impedance coils mount like Type " $A$ " Relays. They are used in XY Systems with Stock No. 36676-000 Bracket which will mount two coils of this type or one coil and one condenser.

The following coils are assembled without armatures and are inductively wound:

|  | Single Wound Coil <br> One <br> Inductive Winding |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Complete Coil <br> Stock No. | Ohms Resistance | Stock No. <br> Coil Wound |
| $36298-000$ | 1350 | $36817-000$ |
| $36299-000$ | 560 | $36815-000$ |
| $36300-000$ | 350 | $36814-000$ |
| $36302-000$ | 2120 | (single) $36818-000$ |
| $36304-000$ | 27 | $36808-000$ |
| $36307-000$ | 220 | $36813-000$ |
| $36309-000$ | 2700 | $36851-000$ |
| $36310-000$ | 214 | $36873-000$ |
| $205350-000$ | 100 | $36811-000$ |
| $205351-000$ | 850 | $36816-000$ |
| $205353-000$ | 140 | $36812-000$ |
| $205354-000$ | 67 | $36810-000$ |
| $205355-000$ | 1310 | $36875-000$ |
| $205357-000$ | 5500 | $36820-000$ |
| $205358-000$ | 250 | $36847-000$ |
| $205360-000$ | 8600 | $36821-000$ |
| $205361-000$ | 220 | $36813-000$ |
| $205364-000$ | 514 | $36871-000$ |
| $205366-000$ | 500 | $36848-000$ |
| $205367-000$ | 10 | $208529-000$ |
| $205369-000$ | 140 | $36830-000$ |
| $205370-000$ | 7 |  |

Concentric Wound Coil
Two Inductive Windings

| Complete Coil Stock No. | Ohms Resistance | Stock No. Coil Wound |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. |  | Coil ound |
| 36308-000 | $514 \times 2020$ | 36887-000 |
| 36291-000 | $2.5 \times 130$ | 36889-000 |
| 36292-000 | $38.7 \times 38.4$ | 36890-000 |
| 36295-000 | $0.10 \times 200$ | 36898-000 |
| 36305-000 | $200 \times 200$ | 200005-062 |
| 36301-000 | $1310 \times 2020$ (concentric) | 36884-000 |
| 36303-000 | $79 \times 2020$ (concentric) | 36893-000 |
| 205352-000 | $200 \times 200$ | 200005-072 |
| 205356-000 | $3 \times 490$ | 36925-000 |
| 205359-000 | $200 \times 200$ | 200005-072 |
| 205362-000 | $1000 \times 1000$ | 36958-000 |
| 205365-000 | $332 \times 470$ | 36205-000 |
| 205368-000 | $332 \times 1200$ | 36886-000 |
| *205363-000 | $100 \times 100$ | 36985-000 |
| 205371-000 | $200 \times 200$ | 200005-072 |
| *Equipped with armatures |  |  |
| Parallel Wound Coil Two Inductive Windings |  |  |
| Complete Coil Stock No. | Ohms Resistance | Stock No. Coil Wound |
| 36293-000 | $175 \times 175$ | 36961-000 |
| 36296-000 | $1200 \times 1200$ | 36969-000 |
| 36297-000 | $280 \times 280$ | 36963-000 |
| 36306-000 | $1060 \times 1060$ | 36954-000 |

## COILS-INDUCTION



No. 44 Type Induction Coil
The No. 44-A Induction Coil is used in No. 896 and D-2843 Telephones, No. 1180 Desk Set Boxes and in No. 105 and No. 125 Switchboards. The No. $44-B$ is used in the booster talking circuits of No. 1155 and No. 1157 Wall Telephones and No. 1156 Desk Set Box. The No. 44-D is used in anti-side-tone circuits. The No. 44-E is used in switchboards in the busy test portion of operator's circuits. Mounting space $43 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 17 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.

| Stock No. Code Windings |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Primary | Sproximate Resistance | Secondary | Tertiary |  |  |
| $800424-000$ | $(44-A)$ | 2 | 2.2 Ohms | 12.9 Ohms | None |
| $800425-000$ | $(44-B)$ | 2 | 14.3 Ohms | 8.9 Ohms | None |
| $800427-000$ | (44-D) | 3 | 11.3 Ohms | 62.0 Ohms | 56.0 Ohms |
| $800428-000$ | $(44-E)$ | 2 | 2.59 Ohms | 106.9 Ohms | None |

No. 45 and No. 46 Types


No. 45 Ind. Coil


No. 46-A Ind. Coil

Coils of this type are of a design resembling that used in highly efficient radio audio transformers. Three windings are used in anti-side-tone circuits, correctly proportioned to give the best results in transmitting and receiving service. The windings are well insulated and then treated to exclude moisture. The laminations are butted and clamped with their edges in line.

The No. 45-A (23124-000) Induction Coil is used in the anti-sidetone circuits of Nos. 1210, 1211, 1212 and No. 1191 Telephones.

The No. 45-B (25677-000) Induction Coil is used in the circuit of the magneto telephone No. 1207.

The No. 46-A (32943-000) Induction Coil is used in the anti-sidetone circuits of Nos. 1222 and 1223 Telephones.

The No. 46-B Induction Coil is used in magneto telephones or in telephones with local battery talking and common battery signalling.


## No. 48-A Induction Coil

(Replaces No. 47-A Coil on new work only)


No. 48-A Induction Coil

Designed for use in high efficiency operator's circuits. Line and receiver windings are balanced to permit locating the coil remote from the operator's set jack. Same physical size and mounting as No. 11, 13 and 21 Repeating Coils.

Stock No. (207866-000)

| Terminals | Windings | Nominal DC <br> Resistance, Ohms |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Primary | $7-8$ | 1.8 |
| $1 / 2$ Line | $1-3$ | 14.6 |
| $1 / 2$ Line | $2-4$ | 16.4 |
| Receiver (Bal) | $3-4$ | 450. |
| Test | $5-6$ | 12.7 |

Ratio of Windings Referred to Primary (7-8)

| Winding | Turns Ratio |
| :---: | :---: |
| $1-3$ | 2.08 |
| $2-4$ | 2.08 |
| $3-4$ | 2.38 |
| $5-6$ | 1.325 |

## COILS-INDUCTION (Cont.)

## No. 49 Type

No. 49-A and 49-B Type Induction Coils are used in PBX and Multiple Switchboards. Both the Nos. 49-A and 49-B coils are used for odd and even busy tests. The difference between them is that the No. 49-B coil is equipped for mounting on an XY circuit plate, where the No. 49-A is not.

| Stock No. | Code | First Winding | Second Winding |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $208105-000$ | $(49-A)$ | 150 Turns | 1,000 Turns |
|  |  | 4 Ohms | Non Inductive |
| $208106-000$ | $(49-B)$ | 150 Turns | 1,000 Turns |
|  |  | 4 Ohms | Non Inductive |

No. 50 Type


The No. 50-A Type Induction Coils are used in PBX and Multiple Switchboard circuits, replacing the former No. 47-A Induction Coil. The windings on the No. 50-A are electrically equivalent to those in the former No. 47-A. but the difference lies in the fact that the line and receiver windings are unbalanced.

| Stock No. | Code | First Winding Second Winding Third Winding |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 212463-000 | (50-A) | 140 Turns | 582 Turns | 332 Turns |
|  |  | 1.89 Ohms | 27.3 Ohms | 450 Ohms |
|  |  | No. 28 DE | No.33 DE | No. 38 DE |

Note: Turns Ratio, coils $3-4: 1-2$ as $4.16: 1$
4-5: 1-2 as 2.37:1

Induction Coil and Capacitor Assemblies


This assembly consists of induction and capacitor units embedded in a sealed plastic housing filled with hydrolene which is a viscous, tar-like compound. This process assures complete protection against moisture and the excessive humidity of hot climates.

Screw terminals, properly numbered, are mounted at each end of the housing for connecting the line and handset cords, and also the wiring from the induction coil and capacitors.

Used with both common battery and magneto equipment, this compact unit will mount in present types of desk set boxes as well as wall and desk type handset telephones. This adaptation for various purposes assures operating convenience and economy, especially in changing instruments from one type of service to another.

Stock No. 200595-000 Assembly is used as follows:

| Type of Service | Desk Set | Wall Set | D.S. Box |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Common battery | 1243,1247 | 1250 | 1260 |
| Magneto | 1248 | 1258 | 1268 |

Stock No. 208359-000 Assembly is used as follows:
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Common battery } & 1443,1447 & 1450 & 1460\end{array}$
Stock No. 210558-000 Assembly is used as follows:
Common Battery $\quad$ 1543, 1573
Stock No. 211155-000 Assembly is used as follows:
Common Battery 1575
Stock No. 210640-000 Assembly is used as follows:
Common Battery 1543W
Stock No. 208669-000 Assembly is used as follows:
Common Battery
1544
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
-

# COILS-REPEATING 

No. 11-A Talk-Through Type


No. 11, 13 and 14 Repeating Coils Aluminum Casing

A highly efficient "Talk-Through" Type Repeating Coil for toll service, also for cord, trunk ond other circuits, where it is necessary to establish connections between dissimilar lines, such as - common battery to magneto, grounded to metallic, and unbalanced to balanced. The high frequency bridged loss, when used for the above-mentioned purposes, is remarkably low-approximately 0.4 miles of standard cable.

This Repeating Coil has four concentric windings, brought out to eight terminals, and mounts on steel plates uniformly with the Nos. 200 or 500 Type Relays.
Dimensions of case over terminals: Length, $4^{25 / 32}{ }^{\prime \prime}$; width, $277 / 64^{\prime \prime}$; height, $1^{55 / 64}$ ".
Stock No. Code Use Resistance Between Terminals 800436-000 (11-AL) Common Ter. 1 and 2-15.6 Ohms Battery Ter. 3 and 4-16.5 Ohms Exchange Ter. 5 and 6-19.4 Ohms Ter. 7 and 8-20.2 Ohms
Turns Ratio: Coils 1-2:3-4 as 1:1
Turns Ratio: Coils 5-6:7-8 as 1:1

## No. 13-AL and No. 13-ALF Non-Ring-Through Talk-Through Type

A Non-Ring-Through, Talk-Through Repeating Coil, unexcelled for talking efficiency as well as Non-Ring-Through properties; guaranteed to prevent the passage of sufficient ringing current through $\alpha$ cord circuit to operate either $\alpha$ ring-off signal or to tap a ringer on any subscriber's telephone. Similar in appearance to the No. 11-A Repeating Coil. Occupies the space of one relay casing, and mounts on steel plates with the same mounting centers as employed for the No. 200 Type Relays. Dimensions of case over terminals: Length, $425 / 32^{\prime \prime}$; width, $227 / 64^{\prime \prime}$; height, $155 / 64^{\prime \prime}$.

> | Stock No. | Code | Use | Resistance Between Terminals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800440-000 | (13-AL) | On universal | Ter. 1 and $2-15.6$ Ohms |
|  |  | Cord Circuits and | Ter. 3 and $4-16.5$ Ohms |
|  |  | on Magneto | Ter. 5 and $6-19.4$ Ohms |
|  |  | Switchboards. | Ter. 7 and $8-20.2$ Ohms |
|  |  | Turns Ratio: Coils $1-2: 3-4$ as $1: 1$ |  |
|  |  | Turns Ratio: Coils $5-6: 7-8$ as $1: 1$ |  |

## No. 14-A Repeating Coil

Same size and mounting as No. 11 and No. 13 Repeating Coil. Used as a monitoring coil in operators' circuits.
Mounts uniformly with a pair of No. 200 Type Relays under one aluminum relay casing.

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800443-000 | $(14-\mathrm{AL})$ | Monitor Impedance Turns Ratio: 1:5 |

No. 15 Type Repeating Coil


No. 15-BX Repeating Coil
Number 15 Type Repeating Coils are made up of No. 18-A Type Units. See Description of the No. 18 Repeating Coil for coil characteristics.
Stock No. Code Description
800447-000 (15-BL) Same as No. 18-A except mounts on flat surface. Designed for outdoor use.
800449-000 (15-BYL) Uses 1 No. 15-BL Coil mounted on wood sub-base for Phantom use. Length, $83 / 4^{\prime \prime}$; width, $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$; height, $417 / 64^{\prime \prime}$.
800448-000 (15-BXL) 2 No. 15-BL Coils mounted on wood subbase for Phantom use. Length, $103 / 4^{\prime \prime}$; width, $47 / 8^{\prime \prime}$; height, $417 / 64^{\prime \prime}$.
The Nos. 15-BX Stock No. $800445-000$ and 15-BY Stock No. 800446-000 are the same as the 15-BL and 15-BYL except for the finish of the can.
No. 16 Type Repeating Coil

| Stock No. Code |
| :---: |


| 800450-000 (16-AL) |
| :--- |


| Ring-Through, Talk-Through, and Phan- |
| :--- |
| tom Coil, with built in 40 Ohm Resist- |
| ances. Used extensively as kick coil when |
| Common Battery Telephones are em- |


| ployed on Magneto lines. |
| :--- |

## No. 17 Type Repeating Coil

This Repeating Coil is used as a tone coupler, such as for the All Links Busy tone in Relaydial. Its construction is similar to the No. 13-AFL previously described. Mounts uniformly with a pair of 200 type relays under one casing.

$$
\begin{array}{lcl}
\text { Stock No. Code } & \text { Description } \\
\text { 800452-000 } & \text { (17-AL) } & \text { Used for Tone Coupler } \\
& & \text { Turns Ratio: } 5-6: 1-2-7-8 \text { as } 16: 1
\end{array}
$$

NOTE-Furnished with aluminum casing.

## REPEATING COILS (Cont.)

## No. 18 Type Repeating Coils

This Repeating Coil is the same as No. 15, on preceding page, less mounting base. The No. 18 Type Repeating Coils are used to derive Composite, Simplex, and Phantom groups in those cases where 20 c.p.s. ring-through is required. This coil is $\alpha$ very efficient design for the dual purpose of talking and ringing transmission, yielding low transmission loss and high ringing efficiency. The 5-6, 7-8 line windings are made up of twisted pair conductor accurately balanced for resistance for the purpose of deriving phantom circuits. The coil is encased in a cross talk proof steel shell. It normally mounts from the terminal block end on one No. 85 or two No. 87 Relay Mounting Strips. The side of the case is drilled and tapped for No. 8-32 machine screws for securing to a shelf or a wood base. Dimensions of case over terminals: Length, $63 / 8^{\prime \prime}$; width, $27 / 64$ "; height, $3^{13 / 16^{\prime \prime}}$.
Type 18 Repeating Coils are made in two impedance ratios. The No. 18-A is a $1: 1$ ratio coil and is designed for use between terminations 600 Ohms and 600 Ohms or between 900 Ohms and 900 Ohms. The No. 18-B is a $1: 1.5$ ratio coil and is designed for use between 600 Ohm office and 900 Ohm line or between 900 Ohm office and 1350 Ohm line.

| Stock No. | Code | alanced Vindings | Approximate Resistance between Terminals |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800453-000 | (18-A) | 5-6, 7-8 | 1-2.-14 Ohms | 5-6,-15 Ohms |
|  |  |  | $3-4,-14$ Ohms | 7-8,--15 Ohms |
| 800454-000 | (18-B) | 5-6, 7-8 | 1-2,-14 Ohms | 5-6,-20 Ohms |
|  |  |  | $3-4,-14$ Ohms | 7-8,-20 Ohms |
| 800455-000 | (18-C) | 1-2, 3-4 | 1-2,-1200 Ohms | 5-6,-1200 Ohm |
|  |  |  | $3-4,-1200$ Ohms | 7-8, -1200 Ohms |

The No. 18-F coil is identical to the No. 18-A, employing the same windings, except that part of the iron has been removed from the magnetic circuit. It is used in those 20 c.p.s. ring-down circuits where reversed battery is supplied to the winding for supervisory purposes and where the higher inductance of the No. $18-A$ is not suitable. The No. 18-F may be used successfully in such circuits with small sacrifice in ringing efficiency.

| Stock No. Code | Balanced <br> Windings | Approximate Resistance <br> between Terminals |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $200934-000(18-F)$ | $5-6,7-8$ | Same as 18-A |

Typical Circuit Diagrams, showing Use of No. 15, No. 18 and No. 21 Type Repeating Coils.


No. 184 or No. 158 Rept. Coil (Inside Office)


# REPEATING COILS (Cont.) 

No. 21 and No. 22 Type


The No. 21 Repeating Coil
The No. 21 Repeating Coils are a new series of low loss repeating coils designed particularly for talk through service in Phantom, Simplex and Composite circuits. These coils replace the No. 18 Type Coils in all applications where 20 c.p.s. ring through is not required; the advantages are lower transmission loss, smaller space requirements, and greater economy. Type No. 21 coils are essentially non-ring through at 20 c.p.s.

In addition to their low loss features, these coils have been designed to stand up under extreme service requirements. The core is of high permeability nickel steel with controlled air gaps The windings are on molded phenolic spools, insulated with non-corrosive materials and having all leads individually brought out through vinyl tubing. Primary and secondary windings are parallel wound and line windings are accurately balanced for resistance. All coils must withstand $\alpha$ breakdown test of 1500 volts between the conductors of parallel windings before leaving our factory. The coils are enclosed in a cross talk proof aluminum shell. Size and mounting are identical with Stromberg. Carlson No. 11 and No. 13 Type Repeating Coils.

The No. 22 Type Repeating Coils are structurally identical with the No. 21 Type coils. Whereas the No. 21 coils are specially selected to fit extremely close balance requirements for use in deriving phantom and simplex circuits, the No. 22 Type coils are not so specifically selected. These are used on all other types of general circuit applications where a low loss coil is desired.

The stability of design in both types is such that 100 m.a. may be supplied without adversely affecting transmission performance.

| Stock No. | Code | Impedance <br> Ratio <br> $5-7,6-8 / 1-3,2-4$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 3 9 2 5 - 0 0 0}$ | 21-A | $1: 1$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 3 9 2 6 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 - B}$ | $1.5: 1$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 3 9 2 7 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 - C}$ | $1: 1.5$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 0 6 5 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 - A S}$ | $1: 1$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 0 6 6 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 - B S}$ | $1.5: 1$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 0 6 7 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 - C S}$ | $1: 1.5$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 6 4 9 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 - A}$ | $1: 1$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 6 5 0 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 - B}$ | $1.5: 1$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 6 5 1 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 - C}$ | $1: 1.5$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 6 3 2 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 - A S}$ | $1: 1$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 6 4 8 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 - B S}$ | $1.5: 1$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 6 3 3 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 - C S}$ | $1: 1.5$ |

No. 23 Type


No. 23 Repeat Coil Assembly
The No. 23 Repeating Coil is a new addition to the line of Stromberg-Carlson repeating coils which have wide general use in addition to the primary purpose for which they were designed. In general the No. 23 coil is used for the purpose of isolating the $162 / 3$ c.p.s. ringing generator in reverting call circuits. This transformer has been designed to deliver a secondary voltage equal to the primary or generator voltage under an average ringing load of 90 milliamperes. The maximum load capacity is 150 milliamperes. Of open type construction, the assembly is comprised of a transformer secured to $\alpha$ bracket and wired to a terminal strip. The laminations of the transformer and all leads are impregnated against moisture. The bracket is of heavy gauge galvanized steel; on the face the terminal designations are clearly stamped, as well as the code number, for easy identification. Overall space requirements are $31 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 31 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. Four No. $8-32$ tapped holes on $23 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 11 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ centers are provided on the side of the bracket for mounting purposes.

| Terminals | Nominal Secondary <br> Resistance (Ohms) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Primary, 3-4 | 50 |
| Secondary, 1-2 |  |
| Stock No. | Code |
| 204769-000 | 23 |


| Terminations (Ohms) | Balanced Windings Connect to Line | Approximate Resistance of Windings (Ohms) 5.7.6.8 1-3.2-4 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 900-900 | 5-7, 6-8 | 8.3 | 5.7 |
| 1350-900 | 5-7, 6-8 | 12.9 | 5.7 |
| 600-900 | 5-7, 6-8 | 5.4 | 5.7 |
| 900-900 | 5-7, 6-8 | 8.3 | 5.7 |
| 1350-900 | 5-7, 6-8 | 12.9 | 5.7 |
| 600-900 | 5-7, 6-8 | 5.4 | 5.7 |
| 900-900 | 5-7, 6-8 | 8.3 | 5.7 |
| 1350-900 | 5-7, 6-8 | 12.9 | 5.7 |
| 600-900 | 5-7, 6-8 | 5.4 | 5.7 |
| 900-900 | 5-7, 6-8 | 8.3 | 5.7 |
| 1350-900 | 5-7, 6-8 | 12.9 | 5.7 |
| 600-900 | 5-7, 6-8 | 5.4 | 5.7 |

## REPEATING COILS (Cont.)

## No. 24 Type

The No. 24 Repeating Coils are designed for use as a two coil hybrid in conjunciion with telephone voice repeaters. Various winding ratios are provided to match the nominal 600 ohm input and output terminations to various line facilities found in the telephone outside plant. The magnetic structure is composed of "L" type laminations of high nickle magnetic alloy to reduce
the series losses and to improve winding balance. Air gaps are provided to eliminate saturation effects from DC signaling currents in the line. Over-all size, $21 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ long by $15 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wide.

| Stock No. | Code | Impedance Ratio <br> $12-5,6-11,10-3$, <br> $4-9,8-1, \delta 2-7$ | Line Facility Range of <br> Nom. 1000cps Impedance |
| :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| 216919-000 | 24A | $1.20 / 1$ | below 465 Ohms |
| 216920-000 | 24B | $2.00 / 1$ | $465-780$ Ohms |
| 216921-000 | 24C | $3.38 / 1$ | $780-1185$ Ohms |
| 216922-000 | 24D | $4.60 / 1$ | $\alpha$ bove 1185 Ohms |

## COILS-RESISTANCE

Stromberg-Carlson resistance coils have a sufficiently large carrying capacity and radiating surface to prevent overheating when used in the circuits for which they are designed. These resistance coils are wound non-inductively upon rigid and heat conducting core with special high grade resistance wire.
No. 10 Resistance Coil, Single Wound
No. 10 Type Resistance Coils can be used on the same mountings
as No. 200 Type Relays. The parts for mounting should be or-
dered separately as Stock No. 203539-000 Package Assembly
which includes one each of the following items:
Stock No. 525063-000 Hex Nut
Stock No. $1096-000$ Bushing
"Coil Only
Stock No. $525643-000$ Washer
$15710-000$
*Does not include parts for mounting.
No. 11 Resistance Coil, Double Wound
Similar to the No. 10 Type in design and method of mounting but with the two non-inductive concentric wound coils. Order Package Assembly Stock No. 203539-000 for mounting parts which are the same as for No. 10 Type Resistance Coil.

* Coil Only

Stock No. $\quad$ Code $\quad$\begin{tabular}{r}

\multicolumn{2}{c}{| Concentric Wound |
| :---: |
| Ohms Resistance |} <br>

Inner
\end{tabular}

| * Coil Only |  | Concentric Wound <br> Ohms Resistance |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Onner |  |
| $41818-000$ | $(11-A A)$ | 1000 | 1000 |
| $41819-000$ | $(11-A B)$ | 500 | 350 |
| $42529-000$ | $(11-A C)$ | 750 | 10000 |
| $42530-000$ | $(11-A D)$ | 400 | 10000 |
| $49972-000$ | $(11-A E)$ | 300 | 300,300 |
| $205898-000$ | $(11-A F)$ | 1000 | 2000 |

Nos. 12, 13 and 14 Resistance Coils
These Resistance Coils are designed to mount similarly to the No. 500 Type Relay and are non-inductively wound.
*Does not include parts for mounting.

| No. 12 | Single <br> Code | Wound <br> Stock No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Winding Data--Ohms Res. |  |  |


| No. 13-Double Wound |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Winding Primary | Data, Ohms Res. Secondary |
| 800504-000 | (13-A) | 50 | 50 |
| 800505-000 | (13-B) | 200 | 200 |
| 800506-000 | (13-C) | 240 | 240 |
| 800507-000 | (13-D) | 320 | 320 |
| 800508-000 | (13-E) | 400 | 400 |
| 800509-000 | (13-F) | 500 | 500 |
| 800510-000 | (13-G) | 1000 | 1000 |
| 800511-000 | (13-H) | 1500 | 2000 |
| 800512-000 | (13-1) | 10000 | 350 |
| 800513-000 | (13-J) | 10000 | 500 |
| 800514-000 | (13-K) | 10000 | 750 |
| 800515-000 | (13-L) | 10000 | 1000 |
| 800516-000 | (13-M) | 100 | 100 |
| 200010-000 | (13-N) | 18000 | 18000 |
| 202095-000 | (13-0) | 10000 | 10000 |
| 203565-000 | (13-P) | 500 | 800 |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. 14-Triple Wound |  |  |  |
| Stock No. | Code |  | Winding Data, Ohms Res. <br> Primary |  |
|  |  | Secondary | Tertiary |  |
| $800517-000$ | $(14-A)$ | 240 | 240 | 140 |
| $200402-000$ | $(14-B)$ | 500 | 500 | 500 |

## CONDENSERS-CAPACITORS

Stromberg-Carlson condensers are designed to withstand a working temperature of $140^{\circ}$ Fahrenheit. This is a much higher temperature than that to which the majority of condensers are subjected in actual use.

Tests are made for breakdown, capacitance and insulation resistance before assembly and these same tests are repeated in the completed assemblies before they are released. Insulation resistance of all types is 500 megohm-microfarads.


Standard ratings of Stromberg-Carlson condensers which are in accordance with the National Electrical Manufacturer's Association standards, are as follows:

| Voltage | Direct Current |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Working | 200 | 350 | 525 | 750 | 1000 |
| Test | 400 | 700 | 1050 | 1500 | 2000 |

## Style B-Unmounted Type

Equipped with metal clips for mounting. Used in Booster Circuits of old type telephones and desk set boxes.


## Style C-Unmounted Type

Has insulated wire terminals and black cloth cover.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Stock No. } \\ 800520-000 \end{gathered}$ | Code | $\begin{gathered} \text { Capacity } \\ 0.4 \mathrm{mf} . \end{gathered}$ | Dimensions $31 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 1^{\prime \prime} \times 1964^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Used with Nos. 6, 11 and 19 Handsets (Test Sets) |  |  |  |
| Style D-Unmounted Type |  |  |  |
| Has light finished metal case with Fahnestock clips. Dimensions <br>  |  |  |  |
| Stock No. | Code | Capacity | Use |
| 800526-000 | (26-T) | $\begin{array}{ll} 0.5 \mathrm{mf} . & \text { Sur } \\ & \text { Nos } \\ \text { Nos } \end{array}$ | (Receiver) Cir D-2843 Telephon 1180 Desk Set Bo |

Style E-Unmounted Type
Metal case with light finish. Dimensions: $4^{15 / 16^{\prime \prime}} \times 4^{13 / 32}{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. Mounts with metal clips.

| Stock No. | Code | Capacity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | | Use |
| :---: |
| $800527-000$ |$\quad(27-L) \quad 5.0 \mathrm{mf} . \quad$ Ringing Converters

## Style F-Unmounted Type

Same as Style B but has 3 terminals. Used on old types of anti-side-tone wall telephones and desk set boxes.
Stock No. Code Capacity Use 800533-000 (36) 1 mf . and 1 mf . Ringing Converters 800534-000 (37) 1 mf . and 2 mf . 1155-A, 1157-A Telephones 1156-A, 1167 Desk Set Box Cam Dimensions: $47 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{13 / 16^{\prime \prime}} \times 5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.

## Style G-Interior Handset Type

Used in the base of desk and suspended type handset telephones and desk set boxes. Has metal case with light finish.
Dimensions: $3^{11 / 32^{\prime \prime}} \times 1 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.

| Stock No. | Code | Capacity | Use |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $33970-000$ | $(48)$ | $1.85 \& 1 \mathrm{mf}$. | 1222, 1223 Telephones; |
|  |  |  | 1230 D.S. Box |
| $34524-000$ | (49) | $1.85 \& 2 \mathrm{mf}$. | 1233 Telephone |
| $34917-000$ | $(50)$ | 1.85 mf. | 1232 Telephone |

## Style H - Unmounted Type

Metal case with light finish. Dimensions: $23 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 11 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.
Stock No. Code Capacity Use 800547-000 (51) 1 mf \& 500 Ohm N.I. Converter (Rad. Elim.)

## CONDENSERS—CAPACITORS (Cont.)

Style M-Relay Mounting Plate Type


Style M condensers are used in current switchboards and for all new work. These condensers mount the same as No. 200 Type Relays and will fit in No. 25 Relay Casings in which the casing proper is 4 inches long. Style M Condensers replace, but are not interchangeable with, former Style J (Code Nos. 38 to $44-\mathrm{A}$ ) which are used in old type Switchboards and mount in shorter relay casings. The terminal boards of these condensers are covered with Mitchell Rand No. 3738 to reduce surface leakage in high humidities.

Can dimensions: $33 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ high $\times 1^{21 / 32^{\prime \prime}}$ wide $\times 21 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ deep.

| Stock No. | Code | Capacity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $42370-000$ | $(55 \mathrm{M})$ | 1 mf. |
| $42371-000$ | $(56 \mathrm{M})$ | 2 mf. |


| Stock No. | Code | Capacity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 48346-000 | (57M) | 3 mf . |
| 42372-000 | (58M) | 4 mf . |
| 42373-000 | (59M) | 1 mf . -1 mf . |
| 42374-000 | (60M) | 1 mf . -2 mf . |
| 42375-000 | (61M) | 2 mf . -2 mf . |
| 42376-000 | (62M) | 1 mf .-500 Ohms N.I. |
| 49955-000 | (63M) | . 05 mf .-600 Ohms N.I. |
| 200765-000 | (64M) | . 05 mf . |
| 202466-000 | (65M) | . 02 mf . -.02 mf . |
| 202463-000 | (66M) | .05 mf . -.05 mf . |
| 202464-000 | (67M) | 1 mf . -0.5 mf . |
| 203850-000 | (68M) | 1 mf .-200 Ohms N.I. |
| 203863-000 | (69M) | 2 mf . 22 Ohms N.I. |
| 204410-000 | (70M) | 2 mf .-33 Ohms N.I. |
| 204710-000 | (71M) | 2 mf .-39 Ohms N.I. |
| 205524-000 | (72M) | 2 mf .-2000 Ohms N.I. |
| 205562-000 | (73M) | 1 mf . -600 Ohms N.I. |
| 207248-000 | (74M) | 1 mf .-47 Ohms N.I. |
| 209322-000 | (75M) | .5 mf .-150 Ohms N.I. |
| 209323-000 | (76M) | . 5 mf . -150 Ohms N.I. (2) |
| 211307-000 | (77M) | 1 mf .-200 Ohms N.I. (2) |
| 213447-000 | (78M) | 2 mf . -39 Ohms N.I. (2) |
| 214242-000 | (79M) | 2 mf . -33 Ohms N.I. (2) |
| 214282-000 | (80M) | 1 mf . -520 Ohms N.I. (2) |
| 216858-000 | (81M) | 2 mf .-910 Ohms N.I. |
| 212717-000 | (82M) | 2 mf .-200 Ohms N.I. |
| 211849-000 | (83M) | 2 mf . -620 Ohms N.I. |
| 216953-000 | (84M) | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{mf} .-510 \text { Ohms (N.I.) } \times 2 \mathrm{mf} \text {.- } \\ & 910 \text { Ohms N.I. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 217035-000 | (85M) | $2 \mathrm{mf} . \times 1 \mathrm{mf}$. -510 Ohms N.I. |
| 217327-000 | (86M) | 1 mf . -910 Ohms N.I. |
| 217328-000 | (87M) | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{mf} .-33 \text { Ohms N.I. } \times 2 \mathrm{mf} .- \\ & 39 \text { Ohms N.I. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 217840-000 | (88M) | 1 mf . |
| 218165-000 | (89M) | 1 mf . -620 Ohms N.I. x 1 mf .620 Ohms N.I. |
| 200040-055 | (91M) | 1 mf . |



## DURATEX SWITCHBOARD CORDS

The conductors of Stromberg-Carlson switchboard cords are made in ribbon form from No. 37 AWG hard-drawn bronze alloy wire which is held to strict specifications. Before being used these ribbons are carefully tested for tensile strength, electrical resistance and maximum flexibility to make conductors of high conductivity and long-wearing qualities. The following step-by-step operations are examples of the care and thoroughness which have been important factors in building the reputation that the Stromberg-Carlson name has always had for dependable cord products.

1 - To make up a conductor strand two bronze alloy ribbons are spiraled in opposite directions around a cotton thread in a manner to cause the thread to take up all tension. The ribbons overlap to insure strength and conductivity. This type of strand construction produces conductors which are free from noise after long, hard use.

2 - Six of these strands are then wound around a strong center thread to form one conductor. Flexibility to a major degree is the result. Resistance in talking conductors is 0.9 ohms per 6 feet of cord length.

3 - Two servings of celanese are next applied and then an outer cotton braid with a colored tracer. This provides a moisture proof insulation which remains flexible and offers effective resistance to dampness and moisture caused by constant handling.

4 - The insulated conductors are then twisted together like the strands of a rope with proper fillers to form $\alpha$ round core.

5 - The core thus formed is kept in its original shape by the application of a cotton binder.

6 - At the end next to the plug a reinforcing braid is applied to offset the effects of severe bending when the cord is used.

7 - An outside braid of high tenacity nylon yarn, in standard colors of white, green, red or black, is then applied over the entire length of the cord, with the exception of the conductor terminating ends.


Single Conductor-Enlarged 10 Times


The two illustrations show more clearly than words the quality that is built into Stromberg-Carlson Duratex cords. These cords are built to last and, when used properly, will give long troublefree service.

## Coding of Switchboard and Patching Cords

The first letter - S, P or O denotes either switchboard, patching or operator's cord. The subsequent numeral indicates the number of conductors in the particular cord.

C O DED PARTS.17f
Revised 1-1-61
DURATEX SWITCHBOARD CORDS (Con't.)


2 Conductor, Tinsel Type-Outer Nylon Braid

| Stock No. | Color | Code | Length | DIMENSIONS |  |  |  |  |  | Used with Plug No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | T | X | $Y$ | Z | D |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | max. | min. |  |
| $212140-000$ | Red | (S-2) | $6^{\prime}$ | $4^{1 / 2} 2^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 15/16" ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ 土 1/16" | .240" | . 230 " | 36, 37 |
| 212141-000 | White | (S-2) | $5^{\prime}$ | $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 1 "' | $13 / 16^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | .280" | . 260 " | 56-R, 56-XR |
| 212142-000 | White | (S-2) | $6^{\prime}$ | $4{ }^{1 / 2} 2^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 13/16" ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ 土 1/16" | .280" | . 260 " | 56-R, 56-XR |
| 212143-000 | White | (S-2) | $5^{\prime}$ | $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $13 / 16^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | . 305 " | . $285{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 10, 32, 42, 43 |
| 212144-000 | White | (S-2) | $6^{\prime}$ | $4^{1 / 2} 2^{\prime \prime}$ |  | 1 " | $13 / 16^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | . 305 " | . $285{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 10, 32, 42, 43 |
| 212145-000 | White | (S-2) | $5^{\prime}$ | $6^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $3 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ " $\pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | . 312 " | . 3021 " ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ ) | \{-1, Kellogg, 3, 42, 70, |
| 212146-000 | White | (S-2) | $6{ }^{\prime}$ | $6^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |  | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | . $312^{\prime \prime}$ | . 302 " $\}$ | 109, 138 and Leich 3 |
| 212147-000 | White | (S-2) | $5^{\prime}$ | $5^{\prime \prime}$ | $3 / 88^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $13 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | . $325^{\prime \prime}$ | . $315^{\prime \prime}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 61,62, \text { W.E.'s } 27,32, \\ 47,53,65 \end{array}\right.$ |



Stromberg-Carlson Switchboard Cords will provide long, trouble-free service on toll and PBX boards.

## DURATEX SWITCHBOARD CORDS (Con't.)


(24 CARRIER BRAIDER)

3 Conductor, Tinsel Type-Outer Nylon Braid

| Stock No. | Color | Code | Length | DIMENSIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Used with Plug No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | T | X |  | Y | Z |  | D |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | max. | min. |  | max. | min. | max. | min. |  |
| 212120-000 | White | (S-3) | $5^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 7/16" | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 15/16" | .280" | .260"1 | $\begin{aligned} & 53,53-\mathrm{X}, 54,54-\mathrm{G} \\ & 54-\mathrm{N}, 55,55-\mathrm{N} . \end{aligned}$ |
| 212121-000 | Green | (S-3) | $5^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 7/6" | $1 "$ | $1 "$ | 15/16" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 212122-000 | Red | (5-3) | $5^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 7/16 | 1 " | 1" | 15/16" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 212123-000 | White | (5-3) | 6 ' | 61/2" | 1/2" | 7/16" | $1 "$ | 1" | 15/16" | .280" | . 260 " |  |
| 212124-000 | Green | (S-3) | 6 ' | 61/2" | 1/2" | 7/1" | 1" | 1" | 15/16" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 212125-000 | Red | (S-3) | $6^{\prime}$ | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 1/2" | 7/16" | 1 ' | 1 " | 15/16" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 212126-000 | White | (S-3) | $7{ }^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 7/16" | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 1 " | 15/16" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 212127-000 | Green | (S-3) | $7{ }^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 7/16" | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 15/16" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 212128-000 | White | (S-3) | 5' | 5" | 19/32 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | - | 1 ' | $17 / z^{\prime \prime}$ | - | .305" | .285" | 59, W.E.'s 110 and Kellogg 191 |
| 212129-000 | Green | (S-3) | $5^{\prime}$ | 5" | 19/32 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | - | $1 "$ | 17/32" | - | . $305^{\prime \prime}$ | .285" |  |
| $212130-000$ | White | (S-3) | 6 ' | 5"' | 19/32" | - | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 17/3" | - | .305" | .285" |  |
| 212131-000 | Green | (S-3) | $6{ }^{\prime}$ | 5" | 1932" | - | 1 " | 17/32" | - | . 305 " | .285" |  |
| 212132-000 | Red | (S-3) | $6{ }^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | $5 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 9/6" | $1 "$ | $11 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 11/16" | .280" | . $260{ }^{\prime \prime}$ ) |  |
| 209784-000 | White | (5-3) | $3^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | 5/8" | 9/6" | 1 " | $11 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 11/6" | .280" | .260" | 63, 64, 65-R, 65-XR |
| 209785-000 | White | (S-3) | $5^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | 5/8" | 9/6" | $1 "$ | $11 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 11/6" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 209786-000 | White | (S-3) | $6{ }^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | 5/8" | 9/16" | 1" | $11 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 11/16" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 209787-000 | White | (S-3) | $7{ }^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | 5/8" | 9/16" | $1 "$ | $11 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 11/6" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 209788-000 | Red | (5-3) | $5^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | $5 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 9/16 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 1" | $11 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 11/16" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 209789-000 | Red | (S-3) | $6^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | 5/8" | 9/161 | $1 "$ | $11 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 11/16" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 209790-000 | Red | (5-3) | $7{ }^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | 5/8" | 9/16 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 11/8" | 1116" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 209791-000 | Green | (5-3) | $5^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | $5 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 9/1" | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 11/16" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 209792-000 | Green | (5-3) | 6 ' | 61/2" | 5/8" | $9 / 1{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $11 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 11/16" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 209793-000 | Green | (S-3) | $7{ }^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | 5/8" | 9/16" | $1 "$ | $11 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 11/16" | .280" | .260" |  |
| 209794-000 | Black | (S-3) | $6{ }^{\prime}$ | 61/2" | 5/8" | $916{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $11 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 11/16" | .280" | . 260 " |  |

## PATCHING CORDS

Duratex Patching Cords for connecting a number of telephones to $\alpha$ trunk for two-way night service are made only as required.

Construction of these cords are such that a plug may be terminated at one end for connection to the trunk multiple. On the other end of this arrangement, as many plugs as desired may be terminated for connection to PBX station multiple.

The following cords have proved so generally applicable that they have been coded and stocked. In ordering, specify stock number, code and length. All Patching Cords are white.

| Stock No. | Code | Length | Trimmed for <br> No. of Plugs <br> (Bridged End) | Plugs <br> Used |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 3 8 0 5 - 0 0 0}$ | P-3 | $3^{\prime}$ | 1 | 65 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 3 8 2 8 - 0 0 0}$ | P-3 | $3^{\prime}$ | 3 | 65 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 5 6 7 3 - 0 0 0}$ | P-3 | $5^{\prime}$ | 1 | 65 or 63 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 9 9 1 - 0 0 0}$ | P-3 | $6^{\prime}$ | 1 | 65 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3 2 2 - 9 1 0}$ | P-3 | $5^{\prime}$ | 1 | 59 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3 2 2 - 9 6 0}$ | P2-1 | $6^{\prime}$ | 1 | 61 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3 2 2 - 9 7 0}$ | P4-1 | $6^{\prime}$ | 1 | 62 H |

## sWITCHBOARD CORD AND PLUG ASSEMBLIES

The following switchboard cords and plug assemblies are available and are carried in stock as standard items.

Two Conductor Cords and Plugs

| Stock No. | Code | Length | Color | Plug |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{4 2 6 2 3 - 0 0 0}$ | $(S-2)$ | $5^{\prime}$ | White, assembled to | No. $56-\mathrm{XR}$ |
| $\mathbf{4 2 4 6 2 - 0 0 0}$ | $(S-2)$ | $5^{\prime}$ | White, assembled to | No. 42 |
| $\mathbf{4 2 4 6 3 - 0 0 0}$ | $(S-2)$ | $6^{\prime}$ | White, assembled to | No. 42 |


| Three Conductor Cords and Plugs |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Length | Color | , |
| 42936-000 | (S-3) | $5{ }^{\prime}$ | White, assembled to | No. 65-XR |
| 42935-000 | (S-3) | $6{ }^{\prime}$ | White, assembled to | No. 65-XR |
| 44096-000 | (5-3) | $6^{\prime}$ | Red, assembled to | No. 65-XR |
| 44098-000 | (S-3) | $6^{\prime}$ | Black, assembled to | No. 65-XR |
| 44100-000 | (S-3) | $6^{\prime}$ | Green, assembled to | No. 65-XR |
| Patch Test Cords and Plug Assemblies |  |  |  |  |
| Stock No. | Code | Length | No. Cond. Pl |  |
| 200322-019 | (PT6-1) |  | $6 \quad \text { No. } 59 \text { Twin } 3800 \mathrm{~T}$ | g \& Cook lug |
| 200322-099 | (PT6-2) | 15' | $6 \quad$ No. 59 Twin | ig \& Cook |



Used with operator's suspended type transmitters.


Used with No. 4 Operator's Breast Plate Sets that have old style No. 23 Plug.


Used with No. 66 Plug and No. 29 Receiver.


Used with Operator's Breast Plate Sets that have new style No. 66 Plug.

## DURATEX INSTRUMENT CORDS

All Stromberg-Carlson instrument cords are made with straight lay conductors and an external covering of either Nylon Braid or Neoprene jacket.

Line and handset cords listed are used on all current types of Stromberg-Carlson telephones. In these cords the conductors are individually insulated with extruded polyvinyl chloride compound of contrasting colors to make a thoroughly waterproof cord that will give long and continuously reliable service, even in the dampest climates.

Other Duratex Cords, such as those for telephone receivers and miscellaneous use, are also made with straight lay conductors. These cords have a distinguishing external braid of black nylon yarn and each conductor has a celanese cotton insulation with colored tracer.

Duratex Instrument Cords described on the following pages are identified by various code numbers in which numerals and letters are used to denote the following features:

Letters - D, H or C and R indicate class of service.
D - Denotes desk type line cords for handset telephones and desk stands.

H or C - Denotes handset cords for telephones and handset pieces.
$R$ - Denotes receiver cords.
The numeral - Denotes number of conductors.
MISCELLANEOUS CORDS: This type of cord is used on StrombergCarlson ironclad telephones. The outside braid is of black nylon yarn. The cord is coded " 2 -I," where the number designates the number of conductors and the subsequent letter indicates its use in ironclad telephones.
TERMINAL CORDS: This type of cord is designated by a letter 'T," a number and another letter. The letter " $T$ " indicates use as a terminal cord, the numeral indicates the number of conductors, and the last letter denotes type of finish.
Line drawings and other data on Duratex Instrument Cords will be found on succeeding pages under the following headings:

| Handset cords | Miscellaneous cords |
| :--- | :--- |
| Desk stand (line) cords | Terminal cords |
| Receiver cords |  |

## INSTRUMENT CORDS

To better understand the subsequent tables, the following have been devised:


DURATEX HANDSET CORDS


2 Conductor-Nylon Braid

| Stock No. | Code | Length | DIMENSIONS |  |  |  | Handsets Used On |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | T | X | $Y$ | Z |  |
| 213377-000 | (WCN-2A) | $20^{\prime \prime}$ | $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | A | A | $3 \prime$ | 1532 Telo., Type " $D$ " Test Desk |

2 Conductor-Neoprene Jacket

| Stock No. | Code | Length | DIMENSIONS |  |  |  | Handsets Used On |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | T | X | Y | Z |  |
| 216939-000 | (WCR-2F) | $4^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $13 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Awh | Awh | $7 \prime$ | 22-R |



3 Conductor-Neoprene Jacket

| Stock No. | Color Key | Code | Length | DIMENSIONS |  |  |  | Handsets Used On |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | T | X | Y | Z |  |
| 211305-000 | Blk. | (WCR-3J) | $4^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $17 / \mathrm{B}^{\prime \prime}$ | B | A | $3^{\prime \prime}$ | 26-C |
| 216940-000 | BIk. | (WCR-3F) | $4^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $17 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | B | A | 7" | 20-R |
| $211373-000$ | Blk. | (WCR-3K) | $4^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $10^{\prime \prime}(1), 31 / 4^{\prime \prime}(2)$ | B | A | $3^{\prime \prime}$ | 27-C |

DURATEX HANDSET CORDS (Con’t.)


3 Conductor-Koiled Kords*

| Stock No. | Code | Length | DIMENSIONS |  |  |  | Color | Used On |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | T | X | Y | Z |  |  |
| $211300-000$ | (WCK-3J) | $81 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $13 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Black | 26D |
| 213117-000 | (WCK-3JG) | $81 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $13 / 4^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Gray | 26D |
| 211375000 | (WCK-3K) | 10" | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Black | 27D |
| 213119-000 | (WCK-3KG) | 10" | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Gray | 27D |
| 213429-000 | (WCK-3KB) | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $3^{\prime \prime} \pm \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Brown | 27D |
| 213928-000 | (WCK-3KA) | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Green | 27D |
| 213929-000 | (WCK-3KC) | 10" | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Ivory | 27D |
| 213930-000 | (WCK-3KD) | 10" | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Red | 27D |
| 213931-000 | (WCK-3KE) | 10" | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Yellow | 27D |
| 213932-000 | (WCK-3KF) | 10" | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Blue | 27D |
| 213933-000 | (WCK-3KH) | 10" | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Beige | 27D |
| 218914-000 | (WCK-3KI) | 10" | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | White | 27 D |
| 218915-000 | (WCK-3KJ) | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $3^{\prime \prime} \pm \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Aqua Blue | 27D |
| 218916-000 | (WCK-3KK) | 10" | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Pink | 27D |
| 200305-101 | (PCK-3K) | 10" | (1) $8^{\prime \prime}+3 / 4^{\prime \prime}-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $21 / 4^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Blue | 31D |
| 200305-102 | (PCK-3K) | 10" | (1) $8^{\prime \prime}+3 / 4^{\prime \prime}-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $21 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Beige | 310 |
| 200305-103 | (PCK-3K) | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | (1) $8^{\prime \prime}+3 / 4^{\prime \prime}-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $21 / 4^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Brown | 310 |
| 200305-104 | (PCK-3K) | 10" | (1) $8^{\prime \prime}+3 / 4^{\prime \prime}-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $21 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ 年 $\pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$. | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Gray | 31 D |
| 200305-105 | (PCK-3K) | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | (1) $8^{\prime \prime}+3 / 4^{\prime \prime}-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $21 / 4^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Green | 31D |
| 200305-106 | (PCK-3K) | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | (1) $8^{\prime \prime}+3 / 4^{\prime \prime}-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $21 / 4^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Ivory | 31D |
| 200305-107 | (PCK-3K) | 10" | (1) $8^{\prime \prime}+3 / 4^{\prime \prime}-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $21 / 4^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Red | 310 |
| 200305-108 | (PCK-3K) | 10" | (1) $8^{\prime \prime}+3 / 4^{\prime \prime}-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $21 / 4^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Yellow | 310 |
| 200305-309 | (PCK-3K) | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | (1) $8^{\prime \prime}+3 / 4^{\prime \prime}-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $21 / 4^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Black | 31 D |
| 200305-310 | (PCK-3K) | 10" | (1) $8^{\prime \prime}+3 / 4^{\prime \prime}-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $21 / 4^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | White | 310 |
| 200305-311 | (PCK-3K) | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | (1) $8^{\prime \prime}+3 / 4^{\prime \prime}-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $21 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Aqua Blue | 31 D |
| 200305-312 | (PCK-3K) | 10" | (1) $8^{\prime \prime}+3 / 4^{\prime \prime}-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $21 / 4^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | D | A | $3^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Pink | 31 D |
| 200305-810 | (PCK-3P) | 9 " | (1) $27 / 8^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $35 / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$ | A | D | (1) $9^{\prime \prime \prime}$, (2) $214^{\prime \prime}$ | White | 34 |
| 200305-811 | (PCK-3P) | 9 9' | (1) $27 / \mathrm{m}^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $35 / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$ | A | D | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $2114^{\prime \prime}$ | Blue | 34 |
| 200305-812 | (PCK-3P) | 9 " | (1) $2 \mathrm{7} / \mathrm{m}^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $3 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{m}^{\prime \prime}$ | A | D | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $211^{\prime \prime}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Pink | 34 |
| 200305-814 | (PCK-3P) | 9" | (1) $27 / \mathrm{m}^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $3 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{m}^{\prime \prime}$ | A | D | (1) $9^{\prime \prime \prime}$, (2) $2114^{\prime \prime}$ | Beige | 34 |
| 200305-815 | (PCK-3P) | 9 " | (1) $27 / 8^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $35 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | A | D | (1) $9^{\prime \prime}$, (2) $2114^{\prime \prime}$ | Turquoise | 34 |

*Note: Standard Koiled Kords extend to a length of 6 ft . Special cords, black only, are available that extend to 8 ft ., 10 ft ., 12 ft ., and 15 ft .


4 Conductor-Neoprene Jacket

| 211745-000 | (WCR-4J) | $4^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $17 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | B | A | 3" | 26-E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 216941-000 | (WCR-4F) | $4^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $17 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | B | A | 7" | 21 -R |
| 211884-000 | (WCR-4K) | $4^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $10^{\prime \prime}(2), 31 / 4^{\prime \prime}(2)$ | B | A | $3{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 27-E |
| 212593-000 | (WCR-4L) | $4^{\prime} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $9^{\prime \prime}(2), 11 / 2^{\prime \prime}(2)$ | B | A | $3^{\prime \prime}$ | 28-B |

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| 4 Conductor-Koiled Kords* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Length | DIMENSIONS |  |  |  | Handsets Used On |
|  |  |  | T | X | Y | Z |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 212498-000 \\ & 218819-000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (WCK-4J) } \\ \text { (WCK-4JG) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 81 / 2^{\prime \prime \prime} \\ & 81 / 2^{\prime \prime} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17 / 8^{\prime \prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \\ & 178^{\prime \prime} \pm 3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A } \\ & \text { A } \end{aligned}$ | A | $\begin{gathered} 31 / 4^{\prime \prime} \pm 1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \\ 31 / 4^{\prime \prime}+1 / 4^{\prime \prime}-1 / 8^{\prime \prime} \end{gathered}$ | 28-C (Black) <br> 28-C (Gray) |

*Note: Standard Koiled Kords extend to a length of 6 ft . Special cords, black only, are available that extend to 8 ft ., 10 ft ., 12 ft ., and 15 ft .

## DURATEX DESK STAND CORDS

Stromberg-Carlson Duratex Desk Stand Cords are covered with Nylon or Neoprene jacket which adds long life to the cord and also resists the tendency to kink or knot. These coverings com-
bined with the cord's straight-lay construction prevent wear from abrasion, add to the convenience of the users of the instruments and increase ultimate satisfaction.


2 Conductor-Nylon Braid

| Stock No. | Code | Length |  | DIMENSIONS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $6^{\prime}$ | $T$ | $X$ | $Y$ | $Z$ | Telephones Used On |

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DURATEX DESK STAND CORDS (Con't.)


3 Conductor-Neoprene Jacket

| Stock No. | Color Key | Code | Length | DIMENSIONS |  |  |  | Telephones Used On |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | T | X | Y | Z |  |
| 211304-000 | Black | (WDR-3J) | $6^{\prime}$ | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | A | B | $15 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1543,1543-\mathrm{W}, 2-1543,1544-\mathrm{B}, \\ & 1443,1443-\mathrm{S}, 1444-\mathrm{B} \end{aligned}$ |
| 213914-000 | Green | (WDA-3J) | $6^{\prime}$ | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | A | B | 15/8" | 1543-W, Green |
| 213462-000 | Brown | (WDB-3J) | 6 ' | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | A | B | 15/8" | 1543-W, Brown |
| 213915-000 | Ivory | (WDC-3J) | $6^{\prime}$ | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | A | B | $15 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 1543-W, Ivory |
| 213916-000 | Red | (WDD-3J) | $6^{\prime}$ | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | A | B | 15/8" | 1543-W, Red |
| 213917-000 | Yellow | (WDE-3J) | 6 ' | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | A | B | 15/8" | 1543-W, Yellow |
| 213918-000 | Blue | (WDF-3J) | 6 ' | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | A | B | $15 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 1543-W, Blue |
| 212867-000 | Gray | (WDG-3J) | $6^{\prime}$ | 21/2" | A | B | $15 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 1543-W, Gray, \& G-1543 |
| 213919-000 | Beige | (WDH-3J) | $6^{\prime}$ | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | A | B | 15/8" | 1543-W, Beige |
| 217118-000 | Black | (WDR-3K) | $6^{\prime}$ | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | A | A | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 1197, 1198 and 1207 |
| 217119-000 | Black | (WDR-3L) | 6 ' | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | A | A | $15 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 1212 |
| 218925-000 | Aqua Blue | (WDI-3J) | 6 ' | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | A | B | 15/8" | 1543-W, Aqua, Blue |
| 218926-000 | Pink | (WDJ-3J) | 6 ' | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | A | B | 15/8" | 1543-W, Pink |
| 218927-000 | White | (WDK-3J) | 6 ' | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | A | B | $15 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 1543-W, White |



Cords are constructed carefully to provide long life and dependable service.

DURATEX DESK STAND CORDS (Con't.)


4 Conductor-Neoprene Jacket

| Stock No. | Color Key | Code | Length | DIMENSIONS |  |  |  | Telephones Used On |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | T | X | Y | Z |  |
| 211746-000 | Black | (WDR-4J) | $6{ }^{\prime}$ | 21/2", $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}, 41 / 2^{\prime \prime}, 712^{\prime \prime}$ | A | B | 15/8" | 1544-C |
| 211747-000 | Blue | (WDR-4K) | 6 | 21/2" | A | A | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 1544 |
| 214285-000 | Gray | (WDG-4J) | $6^{\prime}$ | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}, 31 / 2^{\prime \prime}, 4112^{\prime \prime}, 71 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | A |  | $15 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Dial Executive's Phone |



4 Conductor-Vinyl Plastic Jacket

| Stock No. | Color Key | Code | Length | DIMENSIONS |  |  |  | Used On |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | T | X | Y | Z |  |
| 200315-410 | White | (WDV-4P) | $6{ }^{\prime}$ | $23 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}, 21 / 4^{\prime \prime}, 61 / 2^{\prime \prime}, 43 / 4 \prime$ | E | F | $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 1600 |
| 200315-411 | Blue | (WDV-4P) | $6^{\prime}$ | $23 / 44^{\prime \prime}, 21 / 4^{\prime \prime}, 61 / 2^{\prime \prime}, 43 / 4 \prime$ | E | F | $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 1600 |
| 200315-412 | Pink | (WDV-4P) | $6^{\prime}$ | $23 / 4^{\prime \prime}, 21 / 4^{\prime \prime}, 61 / 2^{\prime \prime}, 43 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | E | F | $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 1600 |
| 200315-4 14 | Beige | (WDV-4P) | $6^{\prime}$ | $23 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}, 21 / 4^{\prime \prime}, 61 / 2^{\prime \prime}, 43 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | E | F | $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 1600 |
| 200315-415 | Turquoise | (WDV-4P) | $6^{\prime}$ | $23 / 4^{\prime \prime}, 21 / 4^{\prime \prime}, 61 / 2^{\prime \prime}, 43 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | E | F | $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 1600 |



5 Conductor-Nylon Braid

| Stock No. | Code | Length | DIMENSIONS |  |  |  | Telephones Used On |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | T | X | Y | Z |  |
| 217116-000 | (WDN-5C) | $6^{\prime}$ | 41/2" | C-6" min. | C-6" min. | 41/2" | 1183, 1189 |
| $211237-000$ $213249-000$ | (WDN-5A) (WDN-5B) | 6 6 | 5"' 21/2" | A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l} 4^{\prime \prime \prime} \\ 4^{\prime \prime} \end{array}\right\}$ | Special Telephone Instruments |

DURATEX DESK STAND CORDS (Con't.)


6 Conductor-Nylon Braid

| Stock No. | Code | Length | DIMENSIONS |  |  |  | Telephones Used On |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | T | X | Y | Z |  |
| 209952-000 | (WDN-6G) | $6{ }^{\prime}$ | 4 " | Awh | Awh | $3^{\prime \prime}$ | 1473,1573 |
| 212936-000 | (WDN-6H) | $6^{\prime}$ | $5^{\prime \prime}$ | Awh | B | $4^{\prime \prime}$ | 1573 |
| 212938-000 | (WDN-6J) | $6^{\prime}$ | $9^{\prime \prime}(3), 21 / 2^{\prime \prime}(3)$ | Awh | Awh | $4 \prime$ | Special Telephone |
| 217115-000 | (WDN-6K) | $6^{\prime}$ | $9^{\prime \prime}(2), 7^{\prime \prime}(4)$ | Awh | Awh | 7" | 1444-P, 1544-P, 1244-T, 1222-T |
| 213921-000 | (WDN-6GG) | $6^{\prime}$ | $4^{\prime \prime}$ | Awh | Awh | 3 " | G-1573 |
| 219461-000 | (WDN-6KG) | $6^{\prime}$ | $9^{\prime \prime}(3), 212^{\prime \prime}(3)$ | Awh | Awh | $4^{\prime \prime}$ | 1544-P, 1444-P, 1244-T, 1222-T |



36 Conductor-Vinyl Plastic

| Stock No. | Color | Code | Length | No. of Conductors | Telephones Used on |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200315-109 | Black | (WDV-36A) | $6^{\prime}$ | 36 | $1575-\mathrm{A}, 1575-\mathrm{B}$ |
| 200315-204 | Gray | (WDV-36A) | $6^{\prime}$ | 36 | 36 |

Revised 1-1-61

## DURATEX DESK STAND CORDS FOR CONVENIENCE SYSTEMS


" $A$ " Dimension- $71 / 2$ "

| Stock No. | Code | Length | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $202325-000$ | (D-14) | $5^{\prime} 5^{\prime \prime}$ Butt to Butt | 14 Conductors |

Used with new style No. 1270 Telephones in current No. 2-6 Convenience Systems.

" $A$ " Dimension- $71 / 2$ "

| Stock No. | Code | Length | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $202326-000$ | (D-18) | $5^{\prime} 5^{\prime \prime}$ Butt to Butt | 18 Conductors |

Used with new style No. 1271 and No. 1272 Telephones in current No. 2-10 and No. 3-9 Convenience Systems.


Used with No. 1195 Telephones in older No. 2-6 Type Conven ience Systems.


| Stock No. | Code | Length | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 8 6 2 9 - 0 0 0}$ | (D-18) | $8^{\prime}$ | 18 Conductors |

Used with No. 1215 and No. 1216 Telephones in older No. 2-10 and No. 3-9 Convenience Systems.

## dURATEX RECEIVER CORDS



Black Nylon Yarn.


| Stock No. | Code | Length | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800652-000 | (R-2) | $36^{\prime \prime}$ | 2 Conductors |

Black Nylon Yarn.


Black Nylon Yarn.

DURATEX CORDS FOR IRON CLAD TELEPHONES


Nylon Yarn. Used with Nos. 890 Mine-A-Phone and 950 Iron Clad Telephone Receivers.

## DURATEX TERMINAL CORDS



T-1-D

| Stock No. | Length | Color | Stock No. | Length | Color |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 44350-000 | 3 " | Br . | 44158-000 | 9 " | Or. |
| 800658-000 | 4 " | Br . | 44159-000 | $9 \prime$ | Wh. |
| $44138-000$ | $4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Blk. | 44194-000 | 11 " | Br . |
| $44139-000$ | $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Blk. | 44160-000 | 12" | Br . |
| 44141-000 | $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Or. | 44343-000 | 12" | Red |
| 44142-000 | $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Br . | 208702-000 | 7" | Red |
| 44143-000 | $5{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Blk. | 44195-000 | 13" | Br . |
| 44144-000 | 5 " | Red | 208703-000 | 7" | Grn |
| 44145-000 | 5" | Br . | 207359-000 | 5" | Grn |
| 44146-000 | $51 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Br . | 208704-000 | 7" | Or. |
| 44147-000 | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Blk. | 208705-000 | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Bl. |
| 44148-000 | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Blk. | 207360-000 | 6 ' | Wh. |
| 44149-000 | $6{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Grn. | 200605-000 | $43 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Red |
| 44150-000 | 6 " | Bl. | 212050-000 | $6^{\prime \prime}$ | Yel. |
| 44151-000 | $6{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Br . | 212049-000 | 6 " | Or. |
| 44152-000 | 6 " | Red | 212574-000 | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Yel. |
| $44153-000$ | 61/2" | Red | 216977-000 | $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Blk. |
| $44154-000$ | 9 ' | Blk. | 216978-000 | $31 /{ }^{\prime \prime \prime}$ | Red |
| 44155-000 | 9 " | Br . | 216979-000 | $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Or. |
| 44156-000 | 9"' | Red | 216980-000 | $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Br . |
| $44157-000$ | $9 \prime$ | Grn. | 217892-000 | $8^{\prime \prime}$ | Sl. |
| 219535-000 | $23 / 4$ " | Bl. | 219563-000 | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Red |
| 219562-000 | 5 " | Wh. | 219564-000 | 4 " | Bl. |

Used on Nos. 1191, 1192 Telephones.

## T-1-H

| Stock No. | Length | Color | Stock No. | Length | Color |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| $800662-000$ | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | Br. | $44354-000$ | $11^{\prime \prime}$ | Br. |
| $\mathbf{4 4 3 5 5 - 0 0 0}$ | $15^{\prime \prime}$ | Br. | $218103-000$ | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | Red |
| $\mathbf{2 1 8 1 0 4 - 0 0 0}$ | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | Grn. |  |  |  |

Used with No. 17 transmitting arm.


1.E

## T-1-E

| Stock No. | Length | Color | Stock No. | Length | Color |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| $44161-000$ | $3^{\prime \prime}$ | Br. | $44191-000$ | $8^{\prime \prime}$ | Red |
| $44162-000$ | $4^{\prime \prime}$ | Blk. | $800659-000$ | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | Br. |
| $44163-000$ | $4^{\prime \prime}$ | Br. | $44169-000$ | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | Red |
| $44176-000$ | $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Grn. | $44170-000$ | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | Wh. |
| $44164-000$ | $41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Red | $44171-000$ | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | Sl. |
| $44165-000$ | $5^{\prime \prime}$ | Br. | $44172-000$ | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | Grn. |
| $44166-000$ | $5^{\prime \prime}$ | Blk. | $44173-000$ | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | Blk. |
| $44178-000$ | $5^{\prime \prime}$ | Or. | $44174-000$ | $11^{\prime \prime}$ | Br. |
| $44167-000$ | $5^{\prime \prime}$ | Gr. | $44175-000$ | $15^{\prime \prime}$ | Br. |
| $44180-000$ | $5^{\prime \prime}$ | Red | $203053-000$ | $3^{\prime \prime} 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Grn. |
| $44181-000$ | $6^{\prime \prime}$ | Br. | $203054-000$ | $5_{1 / 2 \prime \prime}^{\prime \prime}$ | Red |
| $44182-000$ | $6^{\prime \prime}$ | Grn. | $203055-000$ | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Wh. |
| $44183-000$ | $6^{\prime \prime}$ | Wh. | $203056-000$ | $13 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Red |
| $44184-000$ | $6^{\prime \prime}$ | Red | $212048-000$ | $9^{\prime \prime}$ | Yel. |
| $44185-000$ | $6^{\prime \prime}$ | Blk. | $213587-000$ | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | Grn. |
| $44186-000$ | $6^{\prime \prime}$ | Or. | $201786-000$ | $10^{\prime \prime}$ | Red |
| $44187-000$ | $6^{\prime \prime}$ | Bl. | $202238-000$ | $31 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Red |
| $44188-000$ | $8^{\prime \prime}$ | Grn. |  |  |  |
| $44189-000$ | $8^{\prime \prime}$ | Or. |  |  |  |
| $44190-000$ | $8^{\prime \prime}$ | Bl. |  |  |  |

Used with Nos. 12, 13, 14 Handsets, and Nos. 7, 10, 15, 17 Transmitters.

## T-1-N

| Stock No. | Length | Color | Stock No. | Length | Color |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 1 9 5 5 1 - 0 0 0}$ | $105 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Br. | $\mathbf{2 1 9 5 9 4 - 0 0 0}$ | $5^{\prime \prime}$ | Br. |
| $\mathbf{2 1 9 5 5 2 - 0 0 0}$ | $1078^{\prime \prime}$ | Red | $\mathbf{2 1 9 5 9 5 - 0 0 0}$ | $5^{\prime \prime}$ | Red |
| $\mathbf{2 1 9 5 5 3 - 0 0 0}$ | $1078^{\prime \prime}$ | Wh. | $\mathbf{2 1 9 5 9 6 - 0 0 0}$ | $5^{\prime \prime}$ | Wh. |
| $\mathbf{2 1 9 5 5 4 - 0 0 0}$ | $107 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Grn. | $\mathbf{2 1 9 5 9 7 - 0 0 0}$ | $5^{\prime \prime}$ | Grn. |

Used with \#31 \& 34 Handsets and 1600 Series Telephones.

## CORDAGE

Stromberg-Carlson Duratex Cordage covered with either black nylon yarn or neoprene jacket is available to those who wish to make up their own cords in off-standard lengths.

| Stock No. | Description | Covering |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 7 - 0 0 0}$ | Single Conductor | Black Nylon Yarn |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 2 7 - 0 0 0}$ | Two Conductors | Black Nylon Yarn |
| $\mathbf{2 0 7 5 8 - 0 0 0}$ | Three Conductors | Black Nylon Yarn |
| $\mathbf{2 0 5 8 7 - 0 0 0}$ | Four Conductors | Black Nylon Yarn |
| $\mathbf{2 0 8 0 9 - 0 0 0}$ | Three Conductors | Neoprene |
| $\mathbf{2 0 8 2 4 - 0 0 0}$ | Four Conductors | Neoprene |

## COTTON SLEEVING

Brown cotton sleeving - wax finish.

| Stock No. | Inside Diameter | Feet Per Lb. Approx. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3 1 - 0 0 0}$ | $3 / 64$ in. | 1250 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3 2 - 0 0 0}$ | $1 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. | 380 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3 3 - 0 0 0}$ | $5 / 32 \mathrm{in}$. | 300 |

## CORD ADJUSTERS

Provides a means to neatly adjust cord lengths so that cord weights hold cords taut. Made of black fibre - $41 / 8 \mathrm{ins}$. long, by 1 in . wide.


No. 6 Cord Adjuster
Stock No.
12018-000
Description
(6) Standard 2 and 3 conductor switchboard cords.

## CORD FASTENERS

Brass punching - designed for drive-fit, through terminal rack, with tinned eyelet for soldering to switchboard cable, and screw terminal for connecting to switchboard cords. No. 36 Cord Tip fits either fastener.


No. 4 Cord Fastener


No. 5 Cord Fastener

| Stock No. | Code | For Use On | Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $800667-000$ | (4) | Terminal Racks | $19 / 6$ in. |
| $800668-000$ | $(5)$ | Switchboards | $13 / 8 \mathrm{in}$. |
| $800669-000$ | $(6)$ | Switchboards | $13 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. |

## CORD HOOKS

To suspend switchboard cords from tip of stay cord and thereby remove strain from conductors. No. 4 Type mounts hooks on $1 / 2$ centers.


No. 4A Cord Hooks

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| ---: | :---: | :--- |
| $7921-000$ | $(2)$ | Standard switchboard cord, single hook |
| $16008-000$ | $(4-A)$ | Standard switchboard cords, six hooks |
| $16357-000$ | $(4-B)$ | Standard switchboard cords, four hooks |
| $16358-000$ | (4-C) | Standard switchboard cords, two hooks |

## CORD WEIGHTS

A standard Cord Weight for all types of regular switchboard cords, sufficiently heavy to restore cords to their respective places when plugs are withdrawn from jacks. Consists of a brass pulley wheel and a 9 oz . single pulley weight, armoured with steel casing. Dimensions-4 $\times 129 / 32 \times 3 / 3^{\prime \prime}$. Wheel- $7 / 8 \times 1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$.


No. 6
Stock No. 800707-000

## CORD TIPS

Cord tips are used to terminate cord and other conductors in $\alpha$ manner convenient for making electrical connections.

|  |  |  <br> $\square$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. 9 | No. 14 | No. 17 No. 18 |
| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| 4877-000 | (9) | For Nos. 10, 32, 42, 56, and 57 Type Plugs. Uses Stock No. $5729-000$ or a No. 2 Screw. Hole Drill-No. 43, Opening-3/32 in. |
| 5171-000 | (14) | For Nos. 33, 34, 53, 54, and 55 Type Plugs. Uses Stock No. $8300-000$ or a No. 1 Screw. Hole Drill, No. 48. Opening-5/64 in. |
| 6916-000 | (17) | Used on old style desk set cords. Connects to Magneto Desk Set Boxes using lock nut binding post. Spade opening 3/16 in. Fits Screws Nos. 8 or 10. |
| 8312-000 | (18) | For Stromberg-Carlson Receiver and Desk Set Cords and on telephone cords of other manufacture. Tip diameter-. 081 in . |
|  |  |  |
|  | No. 20 | No. 24 |
| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| 8446-000 | (20) | For switchboard cord, stay cord. Holds cords on cord hooks. Hole- $1 / 32$ in. |
| 8898-000 | (24) | Transmitter Cord. Clamps under No. 4 Screw in base of desk stand. |


| No. 25 | No. 34 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Stock No. Code | For stay cords. Connects cord to receiver <br> 8899-000 <br> (25) <br> $\mathbf{2 8 8 5 6}-000$ | (34)Used as Test Clip on Combination Tele- <br> phone line cords. |



No. 35


No. 37

Stock No.
11870-000
15642-000

Code
(35)
(37)

For desk and handset telephone cords. Spade opening-1/8 in. Fits No. 4 Screw. Used on radio receiver cords and special cordage terminals.

| CORD TIPS (Cont.) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $(\underset{\square}{\square} \Rightarrow$ |
| No. 40 |  |  |
| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| 38336-000 | (40) | Non-soldering piercing type, used at plug end of switchboard cords. Screw hole drill size $3 / 32^{\prime \prime}$, length $27 / 64^{\prime \prime}$. Takes No. 2 screw. |



No. 43

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $38334-000$ | (43) | Non-soldering piercing type, used on <br> switchboard cords at cord fastener termi- |
|  |  | nals. Spade opening slot $7 / 64 \prime$, length $1 / 32^{\prime \prime}$. |


| Stock No. | Code | Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $216975-000$ | (46) | Non-soldering type, spade tip, used on <br> line cords, $.578^{\prime \prime}$ long. |  |
| $217687-000$ | (47) | Non-soldering type, spade tip, used on <br> TIE cords, $33 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ long. |  |
| $217775-000$ | (48) | Non-soldering type, eyelet tip, used on <br> TIK cords, $516^{\prime \prime}$ long. |  |

Consult your nearest Stromberg-Carlson representative
for advice on combining orders to take advantage of
quantity price discounts.
*Du Pont's registered trademark.

## SWITCHBOARD CABLE

All standard Stromberg-Carlson switchboard cable has tinned copper wires with "Mylar"* polyester film and single cotton insulation. Cable with braided cover is indicated by the letter B affixed to the code number.

All cable from 10 to 50 pairs inclusive, has one spare pair, and 100 pairs of cables have two spare pairs. The 10 -triple and 20 triple cable have one spare triple.

No. 22 AWG Pairs

| Code No. | Stock No. | Pairs | Approx. Diam. In. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 105-B | (203726-000) | 4 | 17/64 |
| 104-B | (201109-000) | 11 | 9/32 |
| 106-B | (203728-000) | 6 | 196 |
| 71-B | (800164-000) | 10 | $3 / 8$ |
| 66-B | (8001 57-000) | 20 | 15/32 |
| 84-B | (800176-000) | 25 | $17 / 32$ |
| 108-B | (203734-000) | 32 | 37/64 |
| 109-B | (203736-000) | 40 | 21/32 |
| 90-B | (800185-000) | 50 | 45/64 |
| 110-B | (203730-000) | 75 | 55/64 |
| 91-B | (800189-000) | 100 | , |
| No. 22 AWG Triplets |  |  |  |
| Code No. | Stock No. | Triplets | Approx. Diam. In. |
| 72-B | (800166-000) | 10 | 15/32 |
| 65-B | (800155-000) | 20 | 9/16 |
| 76-B | (800168-000) | 20 | $13 / 16 \times 3 / 8$ |

No. 22 AWG Quads

|  | No. 2 ALG |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code No. | Stock No. | No. of Quads | Approx. Diam. In. |
| 116-B | $(203554-000)$ | $4 *$ | $23 / 64$ |
| *This cable has no spares. |  |  |  |

*This cable has no spares.

| No. 22 AWG Pairs and Singles |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code No. | Stock No. | No. Pairs | No. Singles | Diam. In. |
| 107-B | (203732-000) | 10 | 10 | 27/64 |
| 113-B | (203785-000) | 20 | 20 | 37/64 |
| 114-B | (204802-000) | 20 | 20 | 3/8x. 800 |
| 102-B | (801201-000) | 9 | 2 | $13 / 32$ |
| 103-B | (800202-000) | 11 | 2 | 13/32 |
| No. 22 AWG Singles and Triplets |  |  |  |  |
| Code No. | Stock No. | Singles | Triplets | Approx. Diam. In. |
| 68-B | (800161-000) | 20 | 20 | 21/32 |
| 69-B | (800163-000) | 20 | 20 | $7 / 8 \times 1 / 2$ |

No. 22 AWG Singles and Triplets

No. 20 AWG Pairs

| Code No. | Stock No. | No. Pairs | Approx. Diam. In |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $111-B$ | $(203738-000)$ | 5 | $25 / 64$ |
| $112-B$ | $(203740-000)$ | 10 | $31 / 64$ |

## No. 18 AWG Cable (Toli)

Code No. 86-B
85-B
5-B
Stock No.
$(800179-000)$
$(800178-000)$

## Generator Cable

No. 87-B cable has "Mylar"* polyester film and cotton over No. 22 AWG tinned wire conductors. No. 88-B cable has No. 18 AWG rubber-covered and cotton braided individual conductors.

| Code No. | Stock No. | No. Singles | Wt/1000 | Approx. <br> Diam. In. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8 7 - B}$ | $(800180-000)$ | 6 | 58 | $1 / 4$ |
| $\mathbf{8 8 - B}$ | $(800184-000)$ | 6 | 90 | $5 / 16$ |

## No. 2 Type

These Designation Strips are used principally in multiple switchboards in connection with trunk jacks. They consist of a maple mounting block and a metal card holder with cellulose acetate protector.


## No. 5 Type

Designation Strips of this type have metal card holders and acetate protectors. They are arranged for screwing directly to the face of a switchboard, plugboard or keyshelf.

| No. 5 Designation Strip |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Use | Dimensions |  |  |
|  |  | Plug Shelf | Length | Width | $\dagger$ Finish |
| 800710-000 | (5) | Keyboard | Specify | $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Pol. Nickel |
| 800730-000 | (24) | Face, 120 | Specify | 1/2" | BLK. Japan |
| 33764-000 |  | Swbd. | $10^{23} 64^{\prime \prime}$ | . 373 " | Brass |
| +Dull blac | finis | s will be pr | ided whe | n neces | sary. |

## No. 14 Type

A type of Designation Strip consisting of a maple mounting block with a designation card, and an acetate protector-both held in place by three nickel plated screws. No. 14 is designed for use with eight panel muiltiple switchboards, and No. 16, which is similar to the No. 14, is used with six panel switchboards. Mounted with No. 17 Jack Fastener.


No. 15 Designation Strip

## No. 15 Type

These Designation Strips consist of a dull black finished metal holder and celluloid protector, mounted on maple mounting block. The No. 15 Designation Strip is used in 8 panel multiple switchboards, and the No. 17 Designation Strip is used in PBX Switchboards and 6 panel multiple switchboards. Requires No. 17 Jack Fastener.

| Stock No. $800716-000$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Code } \\ & \text { (15) } \end{aligned}$ | Used With 127 Jack | Dimensions <br> Face Length $-715 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Width-5/16" <br> Mounting Centers- $83 / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800718-000 | (17) | 130 Jack | Face Length- $101 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Width- $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Mounting Centers-111/16" |
| 800728-000 | (22) | Same as for sheet | No. 15, except has slot at rear metal fire screen. |
| 800731-000 | (25) | 127 Jack | Face Length $-715 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Width- $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Mounting Centers-83/8" |
| 481367-000 | (34) | $\begin{gathered} \text { 93-A } \\ \text { 94-A } \\ \text { Jack Mtg. } \end{gathered}$ | Face Length- $1615 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Width- $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Mounting Centers-1715/16" |

No. 19 Type
This type consists of a metal mounting plate with a car designation strip, and celluloid protector strip, held in place by four nickel plated screws. Used on magneto Non-Multiple switchboards.


## DESIGNATION STRIPS (Cont.)

## No. 20 Type

The No. 20 Type is shorter than the No. 19, but is of similar design. Used on PBX Switchboards to indicate the operation of the key cams.

| Stock No. | Code | Use | Dimensions Lengar Width |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800724-000 | (20) | Manual PBX Trunk | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime} 1^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 800725-000 | (20-A) | Dial PBX Trunk | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime} 1^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 800726-000 | (20-B) | Magneto PBX Trunk | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime} 1^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 800727-000 | (20-C) | PBX Swbd.-Plug Trunk |  |
| 800736-000 | (30-A) | PBX-Cords, Jack Trunk | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime} 1^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 800737-000 | (30-B) | PBX-Cords, Jack Trunk | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime} 1^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 800738-000 | (3)-A) | PBX-Cords, Jack Trunk 2 Pty. Ringing- | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime} 1^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 47268-000 | (32) | No. 125 Swbd. | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime} 17 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 47269-000 | (32-A) | 4 Pty. with Hand Gen. No. 125 Swbd. | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime} 1^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 47270-000 | (32-B) | 4 Pty HarmonicNo. 125 Swbd. | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime} 1^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 47271-000 | (32-C) | 5 Pty. and ReverseNo. 125 Swbd. | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime} 17 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 47272-000 | (32-D! | 5 Pty.-No. 125 Swbd. | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime} 17 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 201011-000 | (33) | Cord cct. operation-PBX | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime} 1^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 205059-000 | (35) | No. 127 PBX Switchboard |  |
| 207252-000 | (36) | No. 127 PBX Switchboard | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime} 1^{\prime \prime}$ |

## No. 23 Type

These designations consist of a dull black finished holder and a celluloid protector. Made to fasten to wood surfaces with 3 No. 128 Wood Screws. Used on No. 115 Lamp Signal Magneto Switchboards.

| Stock No. | Code | Used | Dimensions |  |
| :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $8000729-000$ | $(23)$ | 115 Swbd. | $101 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |  | | Length |
| :---: |
| $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |

## No. 26 Type

These designations consist of $\alpha$ dull black finished holder with $\alpha$ semi-transparent protector. They mount directly in front of No. 121 Lamp Sockets so that only pin points of light show through for trunk signal service. Push fit in face of lamp socket.

| Stock No. | Code | Used with <br> 121 L.S. | Dimensions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length | Width |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 7 3 2 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 6 )}$ | 20 per | $71 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $31 / 64$ |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 7 3 3 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 7 )}$ | 10 per | $101 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | $331 / 4$ |
| $800734-000$ | $\mathbf{( 2 8 )}$ | 20 per | $101 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | $331 / 4$ |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 7 3 5 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 9 )}$ | 10 per | $71 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ | $31 / 64$ |

# DIALS AND DIAL MOUNTINGS 

DIALS
Stromberg-Carlson Dials
For Stromberg-Carlson Dials and Dial Parts, designed to fit not only Stromberg-Carlson Telephone instruments, but those of any other American make, see Section A of this catalog.


## DIAL MOUNTINGS

## Switchboard Type Mounting

The simple screw operated clamp plus the cable connection enable this dial mounting to accommodate all standard dials. The mount can also, without any changes, be placed in either the horizontal or vertical plane.
The Stromberg-Carlson Dial Mounting is very simple, small in size, light in weight, and furnished in an attractive black wrinkle finish.

When ordering specify $211205-000$, No. 3 Switchboard Dial Mounting Assembly.
Note - On certain switchboards, when fully equipped on the keyshelf, space can be gained by using a simple base block. Consult our representative who can specify the necessary block for your needs.

## Suspended Telephone Type Mounting

For mounting a Stromberg-Carlson Dial on suspended type telephones already in the field, specify No. 200820-000 (143-A) Dial Mounting.

## DISTRIBUTING BARS



No. 1-A Distributing Bar


No. 3 Type Distributing Bar

## No. 1-A Type

A single point distributing bar with terminal lugs for front and back connections. Used chiefly to terminate power leads in PBX Switchboards.
$\begin{array}{cccc}\text { Stock No. } & \text { Code Points } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Used on } \\ 800751-000\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Tl-A) } \\ \\ \end{array} \\ & & \text { Terminal boards of PBX Switchboard } \\ \text { to connect with battery supply. }\end{array}$

## No. 3 Type

This distributing bar is used for connecting a given number of wires to $\alpha$ common source of current or to $\alpha$ common ground. Provides convenient means of opening circuits for testing purposes. Consists of a drawn brass bar, screws, and tinned terminal lug. Used on switchboard terminal boards.

| Stock No. | Code | Points | Length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 7 4 1 - 0 0 0}$ | $(3)$ | 4 | $25 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 7 4 3 - 0 0 0}$ | (5) | 6 | $35 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 7 4 5 - 0 0 0}$ | $(7)$ | 8 | $45 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| $800746-000$ | $(8)$ | 10 | $55 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 7 4 8 - 0 0 0}$ | $(10)$ | 14 | $75 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| $800749-000$ | $(11)$ | 16 | $85 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| $800750-000$ | $(12)$ | 20 | $105 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |



## Nos. 18, 23 and 25 Type Line Drops

These line signals consisting of a combined plug-restoring drop and jack unit are used in present Stromberg-Carlson magneto switchboards such as the No. 125 with floor cabinet in which the drops are mounted in groups of ten and the No. 126 Wall Type which is arranged for mounting in groups of five.

The No. 18 Type is equipped with contacts for regular night alarm service only but provision is made for adding the necessary contact assembly for code alarm service in case this feature is required at some future time.

The No. 23 Type equipped with separate contacts for both regular night alarm and code alarm signals. In other respects these two types use the same parts for both the drop and jack assemblies and both take the No. 56-X 2-Conductor Plug.

The No. 25 Type Drop is similar to the No. 18 except that it has the third conductor for sleeve connection. Used for busy test.

The No. 18 and 23 Type Drops are of unit construction, consisting of double cut-off jacks with long, rugged springs combined with $\alpha$ complete drop signal having $\alpha$ shutter that is automatically restored when the operator plugs into the jack. The design permits easy removal of drop coils, jacks and other assembly parts which is a desirable feature from the standpoint of maintenance. The construction throughout is simple and durable and this, together with the use of properly selected materials, assures successful resistance against the constant wear-and-tear to which all line signals are subjected.

Nos. 18, 23, 25 and 26 Type Line Drops

*Center Tap Coils for Push Button ringing on metallic lines.
Nos. 18 and 23 Line Drops, when furnished without mountings, do not include the following parts which are furnished only when ordered with fully equipped mounting plates:

| Stock No. | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $27271-000$ | Metal Sleeve (Jack) |
| $27188-000$ | Insulating Sleeve |
| $27297-000$ | Washer (Sleeve) |
| $\mathbf{3 7 1 9 6 - 0 0 0}$ | Spacer |
| $37469-000$ | Bushing |

## Nos. 18 and 23 Type Line Drops With Mounting Plates

Nos. 18 and 23 Type Drops on fully equipped mounting plates of ten each will be carried in stock for additions to No. 125 Switchboards that are now in service.

| Stock No. 40134-000 | D |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 10-No. 801789-000 (18-B) Drops ( 500 Ohms) mounted on |
|  | 1-No. 37197-000 (147) Drop Mounting Plate |
| 49612-000 | $10-$ No. $49608-000$ (18-D) Drops ( $100-100$ Ohms mounted on |
|  | 1-No. 37197-000 (147) Drop Mounting Plate |
| 40133-000 | 10-No. 801798-000 (23-B) Drops (500 Ohms) mounted on |
|  | 1-No. 37197-000 (147) Drop Mounting Plate |
| 200434-000 | 5-No. 200429-000 (Special No. 18-B) Drops ( 500 Ohms ) mounted on |
|  | No. 200435-000 Drop Mounting Plate |

NOTE: In ordering drops, specify required numbering.


10 No. 18 Drops on No. 147 Drop Mounting Plate
No. 21 Type Clear-Out (Ring-Off) Drop
The No. 21 Clear-Out Signal is a drop unit only of the same construction as the drop used in the combined drop and jack line signals. These drops are manually restored and are used as clear-out signals in the No. 125 and No. 126 Switchboards.

> Stock No. Code Resistance Description

801793-000 (21-A) 200 Ohms Clear-Out Signal (Less Jack)
801794-000 (21-B) 500 Ohms Clear-Out Signal (Less Jack)
801795-000 (21-C) 600 Ohms Clear-Out Signal (Less Jack)

* 49609-000 (21-D) 100-100 Clear-Out Signal (Less Jack) Ohms
*For push button signalling on metallic lines.
Coils for Nos. 18, 21, 23 and 25
Standard Types of Complete Drops
No. 18 Type Line signal (Regular alarm only) No. 56 Plug
No. 23 Type Line signal (Regular and code alarm) No. 56 Plug
No. 21 Type Clear-out signal (No jack) No Plug

Stock No.
49142-000 Coil only 100 Ohms
49143-000 Coil only $200-200$
1500 N.I.
35427-000 Coil only 500 Ohms
35428-000 Coil only 600 Ohms
Drops
NOTE: No. 49948-000 Impregnated 500 Ohm Coils are used with No. 18-B and 21-B line and clear-out drops in the No. 126 Wall Type Switchboard.

## COMBINED DROP AND JACKS UNITS

Parts of Nos. 18 and 23 Type Drops (Less Coils)

| Stock No.503883-000 |  | Description | Use |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Screw | Coil retaining screw |
| 503883-000 |  | Washers (2) | Used with bracket screws |
| 9681-000 |  | Connectors (4) | Jack Springs |
|  | 501003-000 | Screws | Used with connectors |
| (a) <br> (a) <br> (a) | 13301-000 | Plate | Spring pileup (Top) |
|  | 24975-000 | Insulation (5) | Spring pileup |
|  | 25990-000 | Screws (2) | Spring pileup |
| (a) | 27163-000 | Saddle | Drop shell |
|  | 27173-000 | Spring | Shutter restoring |
| (a) | 27175-000 | Separator | Spring pileup |
| (a) | 27176-000 | Terminal | Used with No. 27194-000 Spring |
| (a) | 27178-000 | Insulations (2) | Spring pileup |
|  | 27179-000 | Screws (2) | Armature |
|  | 27180-000 | Nuts (2) | Armature |
| (b) | 27188-000 | Insulating sleeve | Jack assembly |
| (a) | 27191-000 | Spring assembly | Ring conductor |
| (a) <br> (a) <br> (a) <br> (b) | 27192-000 | Spring assembly | Tip conductor |
|  | 27193-000 | Spring assemblies (2) | Inner contacts |
|  | 27194-000 | Spring assembly | Regular night alarm |
|  | 27271-000 | Jack (Metal bushing) | Drop and Jack unit |
| (b) <br> (a) | 27272-000 | Connectors (2) | Terminals |
|  | 27297-000 | Washer | Jack sleeve |
|  | 27298-000 | Bushings (2) | Used with No. 25990-000 Screws |
|  | 27299-000 | Screws (2) | Drop shutter |
|  | 27300-000 | Screws (2) | Used with No. 37468-000 Bracket |
|  | 27300-000 | Screw | Used with No. 27163-000 Saddle |


|  | Stock No. | Description | Use |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a) | 27301-000 | Pin | Used with No. 27173-000 Spring |
|  | 27347-000 | Number plate | Shutter (specify number) |
|  | 33972-000 | Shutter assembly | Drop assembly |
| (a) | 34883-000 | Stud |  |
| (b) | 37196-000 | Spacer | Jack assembly |
| (a) | 37463-000 | Insulation | Used with No. 37468-000 Bracket |
| (a) | 37467-000 | Shell | Drop Coil |
| (a) | 37468-000 | Bracket | Used With No. 37465-000 Rod |
| (b) | 37469-000 | Bushing | Mounting Plate |
|  | 37471-000 | Armature assembly | Drop assembly |
| (a) | 37523-000 | Contact assembly 1 No. 37465 Rod, 1 No. 13064 Spring 1 No. 5723 Screw | (Code alarm) consisting of- |
| (a) | 49768-000 | Screws (2) | Used with No. 37468-000 Bracket |
| (a) | 49769-000 | Bushings (2) | Used with No. 49768-000 Screws |
|  | 202039-000 | Rod assembly | Code alarm |
|  | 501003-000 | Screws (6) | Used with No. 9681-000 Connectors |
|  | 503883-000 | Screw | Coil retaining screw |

(a) A basic assembly of these parts may be ordered under Stock No. 200578-000 which does not include regular or code alarm contacts but does include jack and associated parts.
(b) These parts are assembled with the strip on which the drops are mounted. See "Drop Mountings."



## FORMER DROPS

## No. 11 Type Combined Drops and Jacks

This is a line signal used on replaced magneto switchboards such as the No. 105 and A-11741 types which have been superceded respectively by the No. 125 and No. 126.
The No. 11 Unit consists of a combined Jack and complete drop that mounts in strips of five. This drop is used for replacements only as all magneto boards that are now standard are equipped with No. 18 or No. 23 Type Line Drops.

Single drop measures $47 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 13 / 32^{\prime \prime} \times 17 / 16^{\prime \prime}$. The No. 140 drop strip mounts 5 drops: $77 / 64^{\prime \prime} \times 1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$.
The No. 12 type drop-less jack-is the clearing-out signal associated with the No. 11 type line drop. On present types of magneto boards the No. 21 type clearing-out is used in place of the No. 12.

## Special Coil

No. 28442-000 is a double wound balanced drop coil that is interchangeable with the standard single wound coil of the No. 11 Drop. This coil reduces power line inductive interference and is used on lines that have push button telephones for ringing central.


No. 11 Drop
on No. 140 Drop Mounting

| Stock No. | Code | Use | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801771-000 | (11-A) | Line Signal in former Magneto Swbds. | 500 Ohms |
| 801773-000 | (11-F) | Same as 11-A | 1000 Ohms |
| 801775-000 | (12-A) | Clear-Out Signal (has no jack) | 500 Ohms |
| 801777-000 | (12-F) | Same as 12-A | 1000 Ohms |
| 801781-000 | (14-A) | Same as 12-A | $500 \times 500$ Ohms |
| 801782-000 | (16-A) | Same as 11-A except takes No. 53 Plug | 500 Ohms |
| 801784-000 | (16-F) | Same as 16-A | 1000 Ohms |
| 801785-000 | (17-A*) | Takes No. 53 Plug | 500 Ohms |
| 801787-000 | (17-F*) | Takes No. 53 Plug | 1000 Ohms |

"In these drops the jack sleeve is terminated for busy test on multiple or cord circuit functions.

## Parts of Nos. 11, 16, 17 Line Drops

## Nos. 12 and 14 Clear-Out Drops

| Stock No. | Description | Used on Drop Nos. |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 2908-000 | Washers (2) | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $4785-000$ | Washer | $11,16,17$ |
| $\mathbf{5 2 5 6 1 3 - 0 0 0}$ | Washer | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $6613-000$ | Terminal | 11 |
| $515685-000$ | Screw | $11,16,17$ |
| $9025-000$ | Bushing | $11,16,17$ |
| $9027-000$ | Bushing (2) Frame | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $9036-000$ | Pin | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $9038-000$ | Pin | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $9045-000$ | Washer | $11,16,17$ |
| $9066-000$ | Screws (2) | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $9634-000$ | Frame assembled | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $9638-000$ | Insulation | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $9639-000$ | Armature | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $9647-000$ | Spring (Jack) | $11,16,17$ |
| $9649-000$ | Spring (Jack) | $11,16,17$ |
| $9651-000$ | Spring Assembly (contact) | $11,16,17$ |
| $9653-000$ | Insulations (Long spring) 2 | $11,16,17$ |
| $9655-000$ | Spring Assembly (contact) | $11,16,17$ |
| $9657-000$ | Insulations (short spring) 4 | $11,16,17$ |


| Stock No. | Description | Used on Drop Nos. |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $9660-000$ | Bushing (Jack) | 11 |
| $9663-000$ | Clamp Plate | $11,16,17$ |
| $9664-000$ | Connector | $11,16,17$ |
| $9665-000$ | Connector | $11,16,17$ |
| $9668-000$ | Bushings (2) Spring | $11,16,17$ |
| $9681-000$ | Connectors (2) | $11,16,17$ |
| $\mathbf{5 0 1 0 0 3 - 0 0 0}$ | Screws 4-RHBM | $11,16,17$ |
| $12258-000$ | Coil-500 Ohms | $11-A, 12-A, 16-\mathrm{A}, 17-\mathrm{A}$ |
| $12259-000$ | Coil-1000 Ohms | $11-\mathrm{F}, 12-\mathrm{F}, 16-\mathrm{F}, 17-\mathrm{F}$ |
| $12260-000$ | Coil-500-500 Ohms | $14-A$ |
| $13064-000$ | Spring (Armature) | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $13244-000$ | Bushing (Sleeve) | 16,17 |
| $13531-000$ | Rod Assembly | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $13532-000$ | Shell Assembly | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $13534-000$ | Number Plate | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $13535-000$ | Protector | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $15810-000$ | Button | $11,16,17$ |
| $17016-000$ | Shutter | $11,12,14,16,17$ |
| $17017-000$ | Frame | $11,16,17$ |



## EXTENSION BELLS

See Supply Catalogue for No. 53 Loud Ringing Extension Bell.

## FUSES

| 250 Volt Enclosed Fuse - Ferrule Type |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | erall | Operates |  |  | s |
| No. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41036-000 | 2 " | 3 Amp. | 41042-0 | 2 " | 30 Amp. |
| 41037-000 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | 6 Amp . | 41043-000 | $3^{\prime \prime}$ | 35 Amp. |
| 41038-000 | 2 " | 10 Amp. | 41044-000 | $3^{\prime \prime}$ | 40 Amp. |
| 41039-000 | 2 " | 15 Amp. | 41045-000 | $3^{\prime \prime}$ | 45 Amp. |
| 41040-000 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | 20 Amp . | 41046-000 | 3 " | 50 Amp . |
| 41041-000 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | 25 Amp. | 41047-000 | $3^{\prime \prime}$ | 60 Amp. |

## Protection Fuses

These are link-type fuses with coppered terminals that are used principally for protecting power circuits.

| Amp. Screw |  |  |  |  |  | Replaces |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | Used on

## GONGS

The two-toned (Hi-Lo) bells furnish a clear and pleasing tone which compels attention without being objectionable. Ringers that are used on the 1248-58-68 Magneto Telephones continue to use two-coil ringers with the gong mounting as part of the ringer assembly.

The following gongs are used with Stromberg-Carlson Ringers:

| Stock No. | Size | Finish | No. of Telephone |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *28569-000 | $13 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Brass | $1210,1211,1212,1222,1223,1242$, |
|  |  |  | $1243,1247,1248,1258$ Handset Tels. |

*28570-000 13/4" Brass 1260, 1268 Desk Set Boxes
9888-000 $2^{\prime \prime}$ Brass 903, 904, 965, 1122, 1163-I-C Tels. and 1192 Handset Telephones

| 12047-000 | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Black | 896, 1155, 1157, D-2843 Tels. 327, 1156, 1158, 1167, 1180 and 1230 Desk Set Boxes. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24604-000 | 35/16 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Black | 1191 Telephone, 1209 Desk Set Box |
| 8437-000 | $4^{\prime \prime}$ | Brass | 890, 950 Iron-Clad Telephones. |
| 207742-000 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | Brass | Hi Toned for 1400 and 1500 Series Telephones |
| 207743-000 | 2 " | Brass | Lo Toned for 1400 and 1500 Series Telephones |

*28569-000 and 28570-000 are used in pairs. The material is of different thickness to produce a two-tone effect.

## HAND GENERATORS

No. 64 Streamlined Type


No. 64 Alnico Hand Generator
The No. 64 is a compact Alnico magnet generator used in our magneto telephones and in our switchboards for emergency ringing. While occupying a much smaller space, it is fully as powerful as the bulky, old style 5-bar generator.

The No. 64 is an adaptation of the generator that has been used over a period of years for government requirements and has proved entirely dependable under every possible condition that can be encountered in actual service operation.

This generator furnishes a surplus of ringing current, with ample voltage at all loads. Precision design and accurately made assembly parts have produced a smooth motion that assures long life and economical service.
Stock No. Code Description
201678-000 (64) $\begin{aligned} & \text { Alnico } \\ & \text { Generator }\end{aligned}$
Use
No. 1248, 1258 Telephones No. 1268 Mag. Desk Set Box All types of switchboards

## Assembly Parts-No. 64 Generator

| Drawing Item No. 1 | Assemb | ts-No. 64 Generator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Stock No. | Description |
|  | 201679-000 | Armature assembly |
|  | 204859-000 | Crank assembled |
|  | 203459-000 | Crank assembly |
|  | 207593-000 | Crank assembly |
|  | 11730-000 | Crank assembly |
| 2 | 201690-000 | Magnets |
| 3 | 201691-000 | Field pole plate (Bottom) |
| 4 | 201692-000 | Field pole plate (Top) |
| 5 | 201693-000 | Bearing plate |
| 6 | 201694-000 | Bearing plate |
| 7 | 201695-000 | Generator Shaft assembly |
| 9 | 201697-000 | Cam (over shaft) |
| 10 | 201698-000 | Large Gear |
| 11 | 201699-000 | Pinion (Small Gear) |
| 12 | 201700-000 | Collar (over large gear sleeve) |
| 13 | 201701-000 | Spiral spring (Next to large gear) |
| 14 | 201702-000 | Spring retainer (Hex nut) |
| 15 | 201704-000 | Terminal (Shunt) |
| 16 | 201703-000 | Terminals (2) Shunt |
| 17 | 201705-000 | Spring (Next to Armature) |
| 18 | 201706-000 | Contact Spring Assembly (Shunt) |
| 19 | 201707-000 | Contact Spring Assembly (Shunt) |
| 20 | 201709-000 | Contact Spring Assembly (Shunt) |
| 21 | 201711-000 | Screw Plate |
| 22 | 201713-000 | Insulations (4) Springs |
| 23 | 204462-000 | Set Screw (Collar) |
| 24 | 245-000 | Cotter pin (Cam) |
| 25 | 501853-000 | Screw (Pinion to shaft) |
| 26 | 503623-000 | Terminal Screws (3) |
| 27 | 504053-000 | Screws (2) Screw plate |



30 201712-000
31 526132-000 20148000 Thrust washers (As required) 204816-000 Complete Shunt Spring Assembly


Description
Screws (8) Bearing plates Screws (4) Top field plate Bushings (2) Shunt Split lock washer (12)
Bearing and top plates

Specify 201678-000 (64) Alnico Generator and adapter for replacement of discontinued No. 38 Type (5-bar) on the following types of former magneto sets: D-2843, D-2844, 896 Wall Telephones and 1180 Desk Set Box.

## HAND GENERATORS (Cont.)

Parts for Replacing the No. 62-A Generator
with the No. 64 Generator

| Stock |
| :---: |
| No. |


| Telephones |
| :---: |
| Used On |


$\mathbf{2 0 8 8 3 0 - 0 0 0 ~} 890$$\quad$| Generator Assembly (Mounting) |
| :--- |
| (Includes No. 64 Generator, one 208832-000 |

## Crank Shafts for Switchboard Generators

The following generator crank shafts are designed for switchboard use:

| Stock No. | Code | Length | Generator | Swbd. No. |
| ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 7 7 4 - 0 0 0}$ | (2) | $181 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 53 | 102 |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0 7 7 5 - 0 0 0}$ | (3) | $16^{\prime \prime}$ | 38 | 105 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 3 5 5 5 - 0 0 0}$ |  | $195 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 64 | 120,127, |
|  |  | $171 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 64 | 128,106 |
| $\mathbf{1 3 2 8 7 - 0 0 0}$ |  | $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 64 | 125 |
| $465-000$ |  |  |  | 121 |

No. 963 Ironclad Generator
This is a No. 64 generator mounted in a corrosion proof iron housing with a gasket-sealed door. It is designed for bell signalling systems underground or in locations exposed to elements.

| Stock No. | Code | Description | Use |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 802047-000 | $(963)$ | Ironclad Hand <br> Generator | Low voltage signal <br> systems. |

## HOLLY STRIPS



No. 3 Holly Strip

White Holly Strips mount between jack strips. Used for segregating multiple jacks in banks of 100.

| Stock No. | Code | Used W | Dimensions | Material |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6984-000 | (3) | $\begin{aligned} & 109 \text { Type } \\ & \text { Jacks } \end{aligned}$ | Length, $1015 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ Width $-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Thickness, $1 / 1{ }^{\prime \prime}$ Jack Mounting Cntrs, $10^{15 / 16^{\prime \prime}}$ | White Holly with Lacquered Edges |
| 13116-000 | (15) | No. 127 <br> Jack | Length, $719 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Width- $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Thickness, $1 / 16$ <br> Jack Mounting <br> Centers, $83 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | White Holly |
| 13444-000 | (16) | No. 130 Jack | Length, $103 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Width- $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Thickness, $1 / 16{ }^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Jack Mounting <br> Cntrs, $111_{16}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | White Holly with Lacquered Edges |

NOTE: No. 15 mounts with 3 No. $22 \times 1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ R.H. Brass Escutcheon Pins.

## HOOKSWITCHES AND HOOKS

No. 41 Type Hookswitch


No. 41 Type Hookswitch

This assembly consists of a removable hook for long hand receiver, stamped steel frame and springs of nickel silver. Two types of spring combinations are available. The finish is black.

| Stock No. | Code | Description | Use |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801956-000 | (41-B) | Hookswitch | Common battery and |
|  |  |  | magneto wall sets |
| 801957-000 | (41-G) | Hookswitch | Intercommunicating |

The No. $41-\mathrm{B}$ and No. 41-G assemblies are the same with the exception of the spring combinations.

Hookswitches for Handset and Desk Telephones
These should be ordered by giving the type of telephone with which they are used, for example, hookswitch (spring assembly) for No. 1543 or No. 1575 Multi-Line Telephone.


## JACKS

The essentials of a good jack are long life and reliable spring pressure that insures low contact resistance in transmission circuits. Stromberg-Carlson Jacks possess these qualities.
Whether jacks are furnished individually or in strips, they are equipped with the best nickel-silver springs and are insulated with phenolic fibre of $\alpha$ quality that will not give under pressure. This provides firm spring assemblies which will keep their original adjustment.
When jacks are mounted on strips they are assembled in groups of ten or twenty; and are equipped with dull finished facestrips, either plain, or with white line divisions, or drilled for party line indicators. State the type and code number of the mountings when ordering jacks in strips. Jack fasteners are not included, but must be ordered separately.

## OPERATOR'S AND INDIVIDUAL JACKS



Individual Jacks


No. 140 Jack Spring Combination

Stock No. 49907-000 (140)

Description
Used as $\alpha$ Transfer Jack in three position No. 105 Type Magneto Switchboards to transfer calls from one position to another. Shape-Hexagonal Face. FinishNickel Polished. Length- $3^{31 / 64}{ }^{\prime \prime}$. Face Dimensions $-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. Mounting Centers-Horizontal $-15 / 16^{\prime \prime}$. Vertical- $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. Plug required -No. 42 two conductor, No. 57 two conductor, or No. 55 three conductor plug.

NOTE-No. 140 Jack may be furnished either individually mounted or 5 per strip on No. 84 or No. 85 Mountings. The No. 84 Mounting is drilled for both $\alpha$ jack and $\alpha$ No. 121 Lamp Socket. The No. 85 Mounting is drilled for the jack only. These mountings will mount in place of a strip of 5 No . 11 Type drops.

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200707-000 | (140) | Jacks, No. 84 Mounting-5 per strip, with |
|  |  | 121 Lamp Sockets. |
| $\mathbf{8 0 1 1 7 7 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 4 0 )}$ | Jacks, No. 85 Mounting-5 per strip. |

## Toll Test Jacks

Toll Test Jacks are used primarily for terminating toll lines. They are mounted in pairs or singly in accordance with the circuits. When mounted in pairs $\alpha$ twin type plug is used for test purposes. When mounted singly two or three conductor plugs are used.


No. 144 Spring Combination

| Stock No. | Code <br> 801179-000 | (144) |  | Individual jack. Mounts on panel $9 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Indick, requires $15 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ drill hole. Used with |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 202815-000 (144-A) | No. 60 two-conductor plug. <br> Same, except adjusted for No. 61 two- <br> conductor plug. |  |  |  |



No. 145 Spring Combination

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801181-000 | (145) | Same type as No. 144 except spring com- <br> bination. Adjusted for No. 59 three- <br> conductor plug. |
| 801182-000 | (145-A) | Same as No. 145, adjusted for No. 61 <br> two-conductor plug. |

## INDIVIDUAL JACKS (Cont.)



No. 154 Spring Combination


No. 155 Spring Combination

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801188-000 | (154) | Same type as No. 144, except spring combination. Takes No. 59 three-conductor plug. |
| 801189-000 | (154-A) | Same as No. 154, adjusted for No. 61 two-conductor and No. 62 twin plugs. |
| 801190-000 | (155) | Same type as No. 144, except spring combination. Takes No. 59 three-conductor plug. |
| 800069-000 | (155-A) | Same as No. 155, adjusted for No. 61 two conductor and No. 62 twin plugs. |



| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 802598-000 | (158) | An individual jack of the same general construction as the No. 144. Used in the 120 PBX Switchboards. Takes No. 53 or No. 65 Plug. |
| 802599-000 | (159) | Similar spring combination and construction to No. 158. Used in No. 115 Lamp Signal Magneto Switchboards. Takes No. 61 Plug. |
| 802600-000 | (160) | An individual double cut-off line jack used in No. 120 PBX Switchboards. Oxidized bronze finish. Takes No. 53 or 65, |


No. 161 Spring Combination

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 802601-000 | (161) | An individual jack with tip, ring and |
|  |  | sleeve conductors and local break-make. |
|  |  | Oxidized bronze finish. Takes No. 53 or |
|  |  | No. 65 three-conductor Plug. Used on trunk circuit No. 120 PBX Switchboards. |
|  |  |  |
| -0 |  |  |
| $\longrightarrow$ |  |  |
| $\checkmark$ |  |  |
| $\checkmark$ |  |  |
| No. 165 Jack No. 166 Jack <br> Spring Combination Spring Combination |  |  |
| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| 201562-000 | (165) | An individual Jack taking No. 53 or No. 65 three conductor Plug. |
|  |  | Similar to No. 161, with one make contact. |
| 202488-000 | (166) | An individual jack. Takes No. 55 or No. 63 three conductor plug. <br> Double cut-off type, similar to No. 154. Used in XY Switching Systems. |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |


Stock No. Code

An individual jack taking No. 61 tw conductor plug. Sleeve length $35 / 64^{\prime \prime}$.
204251-000 (167-A) Individual jack. Takes No. 59 three conductor plug. Sleeve length $35 / 64^{\prime \prime}$.
203016-000 (168) Similar to the No. 167 except for spring combination. Takes No. 61 two conductor plug. Sleeve length $35 / 64^{\prime \prime}$.
204252-000 (168-A) Individual jack. Takes No. 59 three conductor plug. Sleeve length $35 / 64^{\prime \prime}$.


No. 170 Jack

| Stock No. <br> 204308-000 | Code <br> $(170)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $204309-000$ | $(171)$ |

Individual jack taking No. 59 three conductor plug. Sleeve length $35 / 4^{\prime \prime}$.
Similar to No. 170 except for spring combination. Takes No. 59 three conductor plug. Sleeve length $35 / 64^{\prime \prime}$.

(173) three conductor plug. Sleeve length $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. Also an individual type jack taking a No. 59 three conductor plug. Sleeve length $35 / 64$ ".


Description
Individual type jack taking a No. 65 three conductor plug. Sleeve length $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. Individual type jack taking a No. 59 three conductor plug.


Spring Combinatio
Description
Individual type jack taking a No. 59 three conductor plug.
Individual type jack taking a No. 59 three conductor plug.

## INDIVIDUAL JACKS (Cont.)

| Toll Test Jacks (Cont.) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2 6 8 0 - 0 1 9}$ | Description |$\quad$| Individual type jack taking a No. 65 |
| :--- |
| three conductor plug. |



## Thin Panel Mounting Jacks



Typical Jack-(No. 147)

The Nos. 147, 151 and 152 type Jacks are all the same general design, the only difference being in the spring combinations used. They are made to mount on panels varying from $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ to $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ in thickness by proper adjustment of a nut associated with the Jack frame.

The Jacks are held in place on the front of the panel by a hexagon nut. When this nut is fully drawn down, the frame of the Jack is pressed against the panel to make $\alpha$ rigid mounting.

| Stock No. | Code | Plug Used |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $801183-000$ | $(147)$ | No. 59 (3 Cond.) Nos. 60,61 (2 Cond.) |  |
| $801184-000$ | $(148)$ | No. 59 (3 Cond.) No. 60 (2 Cond.) |  |


$\begin{array}{lll}801185-000 & (151) & \text { No. } 59 \text { (3 Cond.) Nos. 60, } 61 \text { (2 Cond.) } \\ 801186-000 & (152) & \text { No. } 59 \text { (3 Cond.) Nos. 60, } 61 \text { (2 Cond.) }\end{array}$


No. 151 Jack
Spring Combination


No. 152 Jack
Spring Combination

The Nos. 156 and 157 type Jacks are also furnished with an associated finishing nut similar to the one used with the Nos. 147, 151 and 152 types. They are used as test jacks in multiple switchboards and, except for taking different plugs, the No. 156 and No. 157 are the same.


## Wall Outlet Type

Conveniently mounted in walls for extension telephone service. Uses standard single gang outlet box and plastic wall plate equipped with two conductor jack; escutcheon marked "Telephone." Used to advantage with all Handset Telephones on metallic (two wire) circuits.

| Stock No. Code <br> 25856-000 | Description <br> Telephone Plug-in Jack Assembly, in- <br> cludes outlet plate with jack assembly, <br> outlet box- $-2^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{\prime \prime} \times 3^{\prime \prime}$ and Plate- $23 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | $\mathrm{x} 41 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. |
| $25960-000$ | Plug-in Jack Assembly, less outlet box <br> Used with No. 60 Plug |

## Toll Test Jack Mountings

These mountings are used for placing Nos. 144, 145, 154 and *155 Jacks on panels in groups of 24 and 48. The material is black hard rubber, each strip being equipped with one designation strip. Two No. 22 Jack Fasteners are used for mounting. No. 93 Mounting is drilled for 4 No. 19 Number Plates, and No. 94 is drilled for 2 Number Plates.

| Stock No. | Code |  |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200966-000 | (93) | Mounting | 48 | For Toll Test Panels |
|  |  |  |  | (1713/16 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ over-all length) |
| 200967-000 | (94) | Mounting | 24 | For Toll Test Panels |
|  |  |  |  | ( $1713 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ over-all length |
|  | (93) | Mounting |  | s designation strip |
|  | (94) | Mounting | Less | s designation strip |
| 204271-000 | (93-A) | Mounting | 48 | Toll Test Panel |
|  |  |  |  | (185/16" over-all length) |
| 204272-000 | (94-A) | Mounting | 24 | Toll Test Panel |
|  |  |  |  | (185/6" over-all length) |

When jacks are mounted at the factory an additional charge is made. Number plates and plug hole blanks for unequipped jack spaces are extra and are not furnished unless specified.
*No. 155 Jacks require vacant spaces between jacks on account of the size of their spring pile-ups. Other jacks mount in adjacent mounting holes of the No. 93 or No. 94 Jack Mounting.

## JACKS MOUNTED IN STRIPS

## No. 109 Jack

Used as multiple jacks for additions to former standard Strom-berg-Carlson Switchboards. Face length- $10^{15} / 32^{\prime \prime}$. Width $-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$, Mounting Centers-1015/16". Uses No. 15 Jack Fasteners and No. 6 Jack Blank. Takes No. 42 or No. 57 two conductor plugs or No. 55 three conductor plug. Replaced by No. 130 Jack on all new work.


End View No. 109 Jack

## No. 113 Jack

Used for trunk service on multiple switchboards. Similar to No. 109 Jack, but with spring combination as shown. Takes same plugs, jack fasteners and jack blanks as No. 109.


| Stock No. | Code | MountingNo. of | Group Marking |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $801089-000$ | $(109)$ | 60 | 10 | Plain Face |
| $801090-000$ | $(109)$ | 61 | 20 | Plain Face |
| $801091-000$ | $(109)$ | 62 | 20 | White Line |
| $801092-000$ | $(109)$ | 63 | 20 | White Line and |
|  |  |  |  | Party Line indicators |
| $801097-000$ | $(113)$ | 60 | 10 | Plain Face |

## Ordering Note

In ordering jacks mounted in strips be sure to specify number of jacks wanted and the mounting desired. For example: order 10 No. 109 Jacks on No. 60 Mounting.

When numbering of jack strips is desired an extra charge is made.

## No. 114 Jack

Formerly used with PBX and Magneto Switchboards. Similar to the No. 109 Jack, but with spring combination as shown. Uses No. 15 Jack Fasteners and No. 6 Jack Blank. Takes No. 42 or No. 57 Two Conductor Plug or No. 55 Three Conductor Plug.

| Stock No. | Code | Mounting Nacks | Group Marking |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 44464-000 | $(114)$ | 60 | 10 | Plain Face |
| $801100-000$ | $(114)$ | 61 | 20 | Plain Face |
| $801101-000$ | $(114)$ | 62 | 20 | White Line Divisions |
| $801102-000$ | $(114)$ | 63 | 20 | White Line Divisions- |
|  |  |  |  | Drilled for party line in- <br> dication. |

## No. 127 Jack



Standard for eight panel multiple switchboards. Mounts -10 or 20 per strip. Length of face $-719 / 32^{\prime \prime}$. Width $-3 / 3^{\prime \prime}$. Depth of Jack from face to tip of springs $-2^{29} / 2_{2}^{\prime \prime}$. Mounting centers $-83 / 3^{\prime \prime}$. Takes No. 54 or 54-D three conductor plug. Uses Jack fastener No. 17 and Jack blank No. 45.


No. 127 Jack on 90 Mounting
No. 89 Mounting supersedes No. 82 Mounting.
No. 91 Mounting supersedes No. 88 Mounting.
No. 90 Mounting supersedes No. 83 Mounting.
No. $90-\AA$ Mounting supersedes No. $83-\AA$ Mounting.
No. 90-B Mounting supersedes No. 83-B Mounting.
No. 90-C Mounting supersedes No. 83-C Mounting.
NOTE: No. 127 Jack replaces No. 122 on new work as standard 8 panel Jack.

## No. 128 Jack on 97 Mounting

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Mounting | No. of <br> Jacks | Group Marking | 10 |$\quad$ Plain Face $\quad$ No. 128 Jack

## JACKS MOUNTED IN STRIPS (Cont.)

## No. 130 Jack

For the No. 130 Jack two types of mountings are available the No. 99 Mounting and the No. 100 Mounting.

In the No. 100 type Mounting the sleeve conductor is made in two parts-the ferrule or sleeve which extends through the face strip of the Jack and the terminating conductor to which the ferrule is joined by $\alpha$ threaded screw connection.

This design makes it possible to easily remove $\alpha$ single sleeve for replacement without disturbing the remaining Jacks or the wiring of the strip.


No. 130 Jack

The No. 130 Jack is used in two and six panel multiple switchboards, toll and PBX switchboards.

| Stock No. | Code | Mounting | No. of Jacks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $48368-000$ | $(130)$ | 99 | 10 |
| $48371-000$ | $(130)$ | 100 | 20 |
| $200721-000$ | $(130)$ | $100-A$ | 20 |
| $200730-000$ | $(130)$ | $100-B$ | 20 |

Plugs used-No. 56 Type, two conductor and either No. 53 or 65 Type, three conductor.

## Standard Mountings for No. 130 Jacks

Selections to meet requirements should be made from the following standard mountings for the No. 130 Jacks which includes Nos. 130, 132 to 138 inclusive and Nos. 162, 163 and 164.

Mounting Codes No. of Jacks per Strip Group Markings

| No. 99 | 10 | Plain Face |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| No. 100 | 20 | Plain Face |
| No. 100-A | 20 | White line divisions (groups of 5) |
| No. 100-B | 20 | White line divisions and drilled <br> for party line indicators |

No. 132 and No. 133 Jacks
(130 Type)


No. 132 Jack


No. 133 Jack

Same as No. 130 except spring combination. Used in trunk circuits. Nos. 132 and 133 Jacks on 80 mounting only ( 10 per strip) have been replaced by corresponding No. 134 Jacks.

## No. 132 Jack

Stock No.
48372-000
200722-000
200731-000
218443-000
Stock No.
$48373-000$
$200723-000$
$200732-000$

| Code | Mounting | No. of Jacks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (132) | 100 | 20 |
| (132) | $100-A$ | 20 |
| (132) | $100-B$ | 20 |
| $(132)$ | 99 | 10 |

No. 133 Jack

| Code | Mounting | No. of Jacks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(133)$ | 100 | 20 |
| $(133)$ | $100-A$ | 20 |
| $(133)$ | $100-B$ | 20 |

Plugs used-No. 56 Type, two conductor and either 53 or 65 type, three conductors.

## No. 130 Jack Data

Used for two and six panel multiple switchboards. Toll and PBX Boards. This type includes the following jacks:
Nos. 130 to 138 and Nos. 162, 163 and 164
Length of face- $103 / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$
Width of face- $31 / 64^{\prime \prime}$
Mounting Strip Centers-111/16"
Depth, face to spring tips- $3^{\prime \prime}$
Plug used-No. 56 Type (two conductor)
No. 53 or 65 Type (three conductor)
Jack Fastener-No. 17 (2); Jack Blank-No. 52


Jack Mountings Used with No. 130 Jacks

## JACKS MOUNTED IN STRIPS (Cont.)

No. 134 Jack
No. 134 same as No. 130 except for spring combinations. Used in trunks and transfer circuits.


Plugs used-No. 56 Type, two conductor and either No. 53 or 65 Type, three conductor.

No. 135 Jack
No. 135 same as No. 130 except for spring combinations. Used in Nos. 101, 102 and 106 PBX Switchboards.

| Stock No. | Code | Mounting | No. of Jacks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{4 8 3 6 6 - 0 0 0}$ | $(135)$ | 99 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{4 8 3 7 4 - 0 0 0}$ | $(135)$ | 100 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 2 4 - 0 0 0}$ | $(135)$ | $100-\AA$ | 20 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 3 3 - 0 0 0}$ | $(135)$ | $100-B$ | 20 |

Plugs used-No. 56 or 56 X Type, two conductor and either No. 65R or 65XR Type, three conductor.

No. 137 Jack
Same as No. 130 except for spring combinations. Used in trunk circuits.

| Stock No. | Code | Mounting | No. of Jacks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $48364-000$ | $(137)$ | 99 | 10 |
| $48376-000$ | $(137)$ | 100 | 20 |
| $200726-000$ | $(137)$ | $100-A$ | 20 |
| $200735-000$ | $(137)$ | $100-B$ | 20 |

Plugs used-No. 56 Type, two conductor and either No. 53 or 65 Type, three conductor.


No. 138 Jack
Stock No.
$48363-000$
$48377-000$
$200727-000$
$200736-000$

| Code | Mounting | No. of Jacks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(138)$ | 99 | 10 |
| $(138)$ | 100 | 20 |
| $(138)$ | $100-A$ | 20 |
| $(138)$ | $100-B$ | 20 |

Plugs used-No. 56 Type, two conductor and either No. 53 or 65 Type, three conductor.

No. 136 Jack

| Stock No. | Code No. | Mounting | No. of Jacks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{4 8 3 6 5 - 0 0 0}$ | $(136)$ | 99 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{4 8 3 7 5 - 0 0 0}$ | $(136)$ | 100 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 2 5 - 0 0 0}$ | $(136)$ | $100-\mathrm{A}$ | 20 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 3 4 - 0 0 0}$ | $(136)$ | $100-\mathrm{B}$ | 20 |

$$
\text { No. } 136 \text { Jack }
$$



## No. 162 Jack

Same as No. 130 except for spring combinations. Used in trunk circuits.

## Stock No.

48360-000
48378-000
200728-000 200737-000


## No. 162 Jack

| Code | Mounting | No. of Jacks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (162) | 99 | 10 |
| $(162)$ | 100 | 20 |
| $(162)$ | $100-A$ | 20 |
| $(162)$ | $100-B$ | 20 |

No. 163 Jack


No. 163 Jack

| Stock No. | Code | Mounting | No. of Jacks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $48361-000$ | $(163)$ | 99 | 10 |
| $48379-000$ | $(163)$ | 100 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 2 9 - 0 0 0}$ | $(1631$ | $100-A$ | 20 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 3 8 - 0 0 0}$ | $(163)$ | $100-B$ | 20 |

Plug used-No. 56 Type, two conductor and either No. 53 or 65 Type, three conductor.

Jack strips are furnished without numbering unless otherwise specified.

## JACKS MOUNTED IN STRIPS (Cont.) 130 TYPE (Cont.)

## No. 164 Jack <br> (130 Type)

Same as No. 130 except for spring combinations. Used in trunk circuits.


No. 164 Jack
Stock No.
Code
(164)

Mounting
48362-000
99

Plug used-No. 56 or 56 X Type, two conductor and either No. 53, 65R or 65XR Type, three conductor.

NOTE-Mounting shown is the only one available for the No. 164 Type Jack.

No. 169 Jack

## (130 Type)

Double cut-off with local make.

| Stock No. | Code | Mounting | No. of Jacks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 3 8 5 1 - 0 0 0}$ | $(169)$ | 99 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 3 8 5 2 - 0 0 0}$ | $(169)$ | 100 | 20 |

Plug used-No. 65 Type, three conductor.

## JACK FASTENERS

Jack fasteners are used for mounting jack and lamp socket strips and jack blanks on switchboard stiles. For the proper type to use refer to separate descriptions of standard jacks and lamp sockets which will be found in this section.


No. 17 Jack Fasteners


No. 18 Jack Fasteners

| Stock No. | Code | Jack Used | $\underset{\substack{\text { Jack } \\ \text { Mounting }}}{\text { La }}$ | Lamp S'ck't Lamp S'ck't Used Mounting |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 808667-000 | (15) | 109 | 59, 60, 61, 62, 63 | 121 | 59, 60, 61 |
| 801197-000 | (17) | 127 | 82, 83, 88 | 121 | 82, 83, 88 |
| 801197-000 | (17) | 130 | 79, 80, 81 | 121 | 79, 80, 81 |
| 801198-000 | (18) | * | ---- |  |  |
| 801199-000 | (19) | * |  |  |  |
| $\dagger 801200-000$ | (20) | 109 | -ー-ー | 121 |  |
| 801201-000 | (21) | 127 | 89,90,91 | 121 | 89, 91, 92 |
| 801202-000 | (22) | 144 | 93, 94 | 121 |  |

*Nos. 18 and 19 used with Jack blanks in unfilled spaces, above multiple, of Nos. 127 and 130 Jacks.
$\dagger$ No. 20 used when stile strips in switchboards are drilled on 1 " centers.

## JACK BLANKS

These blanks may be black formica with satin finish or various woods with and without holly strip edges, depending upon requirements to be met.

In ordering jack blanks the type of jack or lamp socket strip should be specified by its proper code number.


## KEYS

Stromberg-Carlson Keys are furnished in many designs to meet the specific requirements of the circuits in which they are used. Types available include cam lever keys with surface or flush mountings, key units on mountings with ring-off drops and party line indicating keys as well as plunger, twist type and push buttons keys on individual mountings or in strips of standard size. All springs are high grade nickel silver, long and flexible, with contacts of precious metal which effectively prevents corrosion. The assemblies are rigidly mounted and this, together with the use of phenolfibre insulations of the best quality, assures uniformly good performance under all operating conditions.

## CAM KEYS

Cam keys have been designed primarily for use in switchboards, attendants' turrets, and test desks. These keys are so constructed as to fit in the least amount of space permitting keys to be mounted adjacent to each other.

The cam type keys are equipped with free action roller type cams to prevent excessive wear on both the cams and the blade springs which contact the rollers.

Standard spring combinations will meet the requirements of most circuits in which cam type keys are essential, but keys
with other combinations can be furnished if ordered in substantial quantities. To avoid specifying special keys it is sometimes possible to use a larger standard key having spring combinations that are not needed, provided, of course, that the remaining combinations will fulfill the requirements to be met.
Both the cam and spring assembly are attached to a zincplated one-piece steel frame which forms $\alpha$ rigid mounting that keeps the assembly in proper alignment.

## NO. 170 TYPE CAM KEYS

## General Description

These keys are designed for general application in circuits where dependable switching, ringing, or listening service is required.

Provision is made for either one-way or two-way cam levers and either locking or non-locking combinations. Keys are coded to indicate these operational differences; in addition the No. 175 Keys have a bent handle, and the No. 176 Keys provide clickless springs.

Both cam and springs are built on a rigid frame of punched steel with rust-proofed finish.


Cam lever handles are available in black, red, white, brown, and sun-tan.

The 170 Type Keys are coded as follows:
No. 170-One Way, Locking
No. 171-One Way, Non-Locking
No. 172-Two Way, Locking and Non-Locking
No. 173-Two Way, Locking and Locking
No. 174-Two Way, Non-Locking and Non-Locking
No. 175-Two Way, Locking and Locking, Bent Handle
No. 176-Two Way, Locking and Non-Locking, Clickless
No. 177-Two Way, Locking and Non-Locking, Bent Handle

## Key Mountings

Key mounting is required for all cam type keys and this should be ordered as a separate item.

Flush or surface type mountings are available for keyboards and also for use when the keys are mounted in the switchboard face.

For more detailed information see "Key Mountings."

## Method of Ordering Complete Keys

In ordering complete cam type keys the number of the desired mounting should be shown in addition to the stock and code number of No. 170 Type Key that has been selected. Examples:

| Two Keys on Flush Mounting |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1-802626-000$ | $(170-C)$ | Key |
| $1-802628-000$ | $(170-\mathrm{D})$ | Key |
| $1-801296-000$ | $(93)$ | Key Mounting |

## One Key on Surface Mounting

1-205012-000 (171-B) Key mounted on

1-801332-000 (132) Key Mounting
For these and other standard Key Mountings see "Key Mountings" further along in this section.

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## NO. 170 TYPE KEYS (Cont.)

Contact Springs are shown in the non-operated (normal) position.


Typical Key, showing positions
of Spring Combinations
" $Z$ " added to code number indicates brass finished cam for those keys used on No. 120, 12I-A Switchboards. See PBX Boards.


| Stock and |
| :--- |
| Code No. Position |
| 206793-000 |


| (170-J) | Contact Description |  |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
|  |  | One make-before-break |
|  | D | One break |
|  | One make-before-break |  |

D One make-before-break, Two breaks

## 802664-000

(170-K)
A One break-make
B One break-make
C Two break-makes
D Two break-makes

802675-000
(170-L) C One break, one make
D One make

802682-000
(170-M) C Two make-before-breaks
D Two make-before-breaks


212465-000
(170-Q)
One break-make, two makes

B One break-make, one make





B

(170-Q)
$\vdash$

## NO. 170 TYPE KEYS (Cont.)

## One Way, Non-Locking




802627-000
$\begin{array}{rr}\text { (171-D) } & \text { One break-make } \\ \text { B } & \text { One break-make }\end{array}$
204986-000
(171-DZ) Same Combination-Brass Cam
802640-000
(171-E)


802645-00
(171-F) A One break-make, one

| $802681-000$ |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| (171-G) | A | One break-make |
|  | B | One break-make |



Two Way, Locking and Non-Locking


Typical Key, showing positions of Spring Combinations

Stock and
Code No. Position Contact Description
204956-000
(172-B)
A One break-make
B One break-make
C One make-before-break, two makes
D One make-before-break, two makes
204957-000
(172-BZ) Same Combination-Brass Cam


Stock and
Code No. Position Contact Description

## 204964-000

(172-C) A Two break-makes
B Two break-makes
C Two break-makes
D Two break-makes

## 204965-000

(172-D) A One make-before-break, One break
B One make-before-break, One break
C One make
D One make

802619-000
(172-E) A One break-mak
B One break-make
C One break-make
D One break-make

| (172-F) | A | One break-make |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
|  | B | One break-make |
| C | One make |  |
|  | D | One make |

(172-FZ) Same Combination-Brass Cam

802623-000
(172-G)
A One break-make
B One break-make
C One make sequence with one break-make
D One make
802625-000

| (172-H) | A | One-break-make |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| B | One-break-make |  |
| C | One-break-make |  |
| D | One break-make, |  |
|  | One break |  |

802629-000
(172-J) A One break-make
B One break-make
C One break, one make
D One make

201055-000
(172-K) A One break-make
B One break, double make
C One break, one make
D One double make

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## NO. 170 TYPE CAM KEYS (Cont.)

Contact Springs are shown in the non-operated (normal) position. " Z " added to code number indicates brass finished cam for those keys used on No. 120, 121-A Switchboards. See PBX Boards.


## NO. 170 TYPE KEYS (Cont.)

Contact Springs are shown in the non-operated (normal) position. " Z " added to code number indicates brass finished cam for those keys used on No. 120, 121-A Switchboards. See PBX Boards.

## Two Way, Locking and Locking (Cont.)

| Stock and Code No. | Position Contact Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 204968-000 |  |
| (173-D) | A One make-before-break, |
|  | Two break-makes |
|  | B One make-before-break, |
|  | Two break-makes |
|  | C Two break-makes |
|  | D Two break-makes |

$\begin{array}{rll}\text { 204969-000 } \\ \text { (173-E) } & \text { A } & \text { One make-before-break, } \\ & \text { Two break-makes } \\ \text { B } & \begin{array}{l}\text { One make-before-break, } \\ \\ \text { Two break-makes }\end{array} \\ \text { C } & \text { Two break-makes, } \\ & \text { One make } \\ \text { D } \begin{array}{l}\text { One make-before-break, } \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \text { Two break-makes, } \\ \text { One make }\end{array},\end{array}$

| $204970-000$ |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $(173-F)$ | A | One make-before-break, |
| B | One make |  |
| C | Two break-makes |  |
| D | Two break-makes |  |

(173-FZ) Same Combination-Brass Cam

| $204994-000$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (173-G) | A | Two makes |
|  | B | One make |
| C | One make |  |
| D | One make |  |


| $205025-000$ |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $(173-H)$ | A | One break-make |
| B | One break-make |  |
| C | One make-before-break |  |
| Dand make <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Ond make-before-break <br> and make |  |  |





## NO. 170 TYPE KEYS (Cont.)

## Two Way, Locking and Locking (Cont.)

| Stock and Code No. | Position Contact Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 207343-000 |  |
| (173-SZ) | Same Combination as 173-S except Brass Cam |
| 802665-000 |  |
| (173-T) | A One make-before-break, One break, one make |
|  | B One make-before-break, <br> Two breaks |
|  | C One make-before-break |
|  | D One make-before-break |


| $802670-000$ |  |  |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| (173-U) | A | One break-make |
|  | B | One break-make, |
|  | One make |  |
| C | One break-make, |  |
|  | One make |  |
| D | One break-make |  |



Stock and
Stock and
Code No. Position Contact Description

### 207251.000

(173-AA) A Two makes
B Two makes
C Three makes
D Three makes

207252-000

| (173-AB) | A | Three makes |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
|  | B | Three makes |
|  | C | Four makes |
|  | D | Three makes |

207337-000
(173-AC) A Four makes
B Three makes
C Four makes
D Three makes

207338-000
(173-AD) A Two makes
B Two makes Break-make
C One make
D - - -

210190-000
(173-AE) A One break, one make-before-break, one make
B One break, one make-before-break, one make
C One make-before-break, one make
D One make-before-break, one make, one break

| 207249-000 |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| (173-Y) | A |
|  | One break-make, |
|  | One break |
|  | One break-make, |
| C | One make |
|  | One break-make, |
| D | One make |
| One break-make, |  |
|  | One break |

207250-000
(173-Z) A One break-make, Two makes
B One break-make, Two makes
C One break-make, Two makes
D One break-make, Two makes


214039-000
(173-AF) A Four makes
B Four makes
C Four makes
D Four makes

200150-103
(173-AG) A One make
B One make
C One break-make
D One break-make



LOCK • • LOCK

C

(173.AG)

## NO. 170 TYPE CAM KEYS (Cont.)

## Two Way, Locking and Locking (Cont.)

| Stock and Code No. Position Contact Description |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200150-143 |  |  | LOCK | LOCK |
| (173-AH) A | One make-before-break |  |  |  |
| B | One make-before-break | A |  |  |
| C | One break, one make-before-break, one make | B |  |  |
| D | One break, one make-before-break, one make |  | $(173$ |  |

Two Way, Non-Locking and Non-Locking
Stock and
Code No.


Two Way, Locking and Locking, Bent Handle
Stock ond
Code No. Position Contact Description
206790-000
(175-B) A One make-before-break
B One make-before-break
C One make-before-break,
D One make

Stock and
Code No. Position Contact Description 207246-000
$\begin{array}{rll}\text { (175-D) } & \text { A } & \text { Two breaks } \\ \text { B } & \text { Two breaks } \\ \text { C } & \text { One make-before-break } \\ \text { D } & \text { One make-before-break }\end{array}$

208126-000

| (175-E) | A | Two breaks |
| ---: | ---: | :--- |
| B | Two breaks |  |
| C | One make-before-break, <br> One break |  |
| D | One make-before-break, <br> One break |  |
| 209339-000   <br> (175-F) A Three breaks |  |  |
|  | B | Three breaks |
| C | One make-before-break |  |

209806-000
(175-H)
A One break-make
B Two break-makes
C One break-make
D One break-make

209807-000
(175-J) A One make

209808-000
(175-K) A
D One break-make

210969-000
(175-L) A
B Two break-makes
C Two break-makes
D Two break-makes


## NO. 170 TYPE CAM KEYS (Cont.)



Two Way, Locking and Non-Locking, Clickless



207206-000
(176-HZ) Same Combination-Brass Cam

## 205064-000

(176-J) A One break-make, One make
B One break-make, One make
C One break-make, One break
D One break-make, One break

207075-000
(176-K) A One break-make
B One break-make
C One make-before-break-make
D One make-before-breakmake, One make


802676-000
(176-L) A One break-make

802680-000
(176-M) A One break-make

## 207169-000

B One break-make
C One make-before-break, One make
D One make-before-break, One make

B One break-make
C One break-make
D One break-make
(176-N) A One break-make. One make
B One break-make
C Two break-makes
D Two break-makes


# CODED 

NO. 170 TYPE CAM KEYS (Cont.)
Two-Way, Locking and Non Locking, Clickless (Cont.)


| $207219-000$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(176-Q)$ | A | One break-make |
| B | One break-make |  |
| C | One make-before-break |  |
| D | One make-before-break. <br>  <br>  | One make |


| $207663-000$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(176-R)$ | A | One break-make |
|  | B | One break-make |
| C | One break, two makes |  |
| D | One break, two makes |  |

## 207800-000



$\begin{array}{lll}208519-000 \\ \text { (176-W) } & \text { A } & \text { Two break-makes } \\ \text { B } & \text { Two break-makes } \\ \text { C } & \text { One break, two makes } \\ \text { D } & \text { One break, two makes }\end{array}$

$211040-000$ (176-X) $\begin{array}{r}\text { A } \\ \\ \text { B }\end{array}$
One break-make One break-make, one make
C One break-make, four makes

D One break-make, four makes
212479-000

| $(176-Y)$ | A | One break-make |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
|  | B | One break-make |
| C | One break, one <br> make-before-break |  |
|  | D | One break, one make- <br> before-break, one make |


212844-000
(176-Z) A One break-make, one make
B One break-make
C One make-before-break, One break
D One make-before-break, One break


Two-Way, Locking and Non-Locking, Bent Handle 209272-000
(177-B) A Three breaks
B Three breaks
C One break-make
D One break-make, one make


PARTY LINE INDICATING TYPE KEYS


A four button, indicating, party line ringing key. Adapted to switchboards that are equipped with either "Manual" or "Machine Ringing" facilities. Each button has three positions -fully depressed, partially released or indicating, and fully released or normal. The spring combinations individual to each button are actuated when any button is in its "indicating position". The spring combination which is operated by the tumbler plate is actuated only when one of the buttons is in its "fully depressed" position. Each button is fully restored automatically when another button is depressed. The buttons are colored blue, red, green and black. Size of key top- $51 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 1^{\prime \prime}$. Depth of key from surface of escutcheon to the tips of springs$23 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. Key top mounts flush with keyboard's surface and is finished in dull black. For keys on other sized mountings see table below.


No. 210 Type Key


No. 212-B Key Assembly


No. 212-B Key Spring Combinations
This is $\alpha$ four button, indicating, party line ringing key combined with $\alpha$ cam type listening key. The action of the buttons is the same as that of the No. 202 Key. Used in cord circuits which are designed for "Machine Ringing" and "Manual Listening."

The buttons are colored blue, red, green, and black.
Size of key top-5 $1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 1^{\prime \prime}$. Depth of key from the surface of escutcheon to the tips of the springs- $23 / 4^{\prime \prime}$.

These dimensions are for keys coded 210 to 214 . On keys that are coded 215 to 219 , the size of the key tops are $61 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 1^{\prime \prime}$.

The depth of keys coded 210 to 219 , as measured from the surface of the escutcheons to the tips of the springs is $23 / 4^{\prime \prime}$.

Stock No. Code $\quad \begin{gathered}\text { Description }\end{gathered} \quad$ No. of Cam Key



Some Cam Key Combinations used with Party Line Keys Code Nos. 210 to 259

## PARTY LINE INDICATING TYPE KEYS (Cont.)

## No. 220 Type Key

A four button, indicating, party line ringing key with a one-way locking cam. Adapted to local common battery cord circuits which are arranged for Manual Four Party Harmonic Ringing and Manual Listening.
The key plungers have three positions-ringing, indicating and normal. The spring combinations individual to each button are actuated in the fully depressed position, but not until after the tumbler plate has actuated the common end springs. Both the end springs and the springs associated with $\alpha$ depressed button return to normal as the button is released to its indicating position. Each button remains in its indicating position until it is fully restored automatically when another button is depressed. The buttons are colored blue, red, green, and black.

Size of key top- $51 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 1^{\prime \prime}$. Depth of key from the surface of escutcheon to the tips of the springs $-23 / 4^{\prime \prime}$.


This key consists of a four button, indicating, party line ringing key mounted with two cam keys. The action of the buttons and the spring combinations controlled by the buttons is identical with that of the No. 202 Key

| Code No. | Width | Length | $\begin{gathered} \text { Esc. } \\ \text { Stock No. } \end{gathered}$ | Code No. |  | No. | f Cam Keys |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200 | $11 / 4 \prime$ | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13151-000 | 237-WH | Four Pc | al Ringing Key | Two |
| 201 | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/2" | 13152-000 | Code No. | Width | Length | Esc. |
| 202 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13153-000 |  |  |  | Stock No. |
| 203 | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/2" | 13154-000 | 227 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/2" | 13172-000 |
| 204 | $41 / 841$ | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13155-000 | 228 | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13173-000 |
| 205 | $11 / 4 "$ | 61/2" | 13156-000 | 229 | 41/84" | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13174-000 |
| 206 | $11 / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$ | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13157-000 | 230 | $11 / 4$ " | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13175-000 |
| 207 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/2" | 13158-000 | 231 | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13176-000 |
| 208 | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13159-000 | 232 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13177-000 |
| 209 | 41/64" | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13160-000 | 233 | $3 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13178-000 |
| 210 | $11 / 4$ " | 51/2" | 13165-000 | 234 | 41/84" | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13179-000 |
| 211 | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13166-000 | 235 | $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/2" | 13175-000 |
| 212 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/2" | 13167-000 | 236 | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/2" | 13176-000 |
| 213 | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/2" | 13168-000 | 237 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13177-000 |
| 214 | $41 / 84^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/2" | 13169-000 | 238 | $3 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/2" | 13178-000 |
| 215 | $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/2" | 13170-000 | 239 | $41 / 84^{\prime \prime}$ | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13179-000 |
| 216 | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/2" | 13171-000 | 252 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/2" | 12697-000 |
| 217 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/2" | 13172-000 | 260 | $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13151-000 |
| 218 | $3 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/2" | 13173-000 | 261 | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/2" | 13152-000 |
| 219 | $41 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13174-000 | 262 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/2" | 13153-000 |
| 220 | $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/2" | 13165-000 | 263 | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/2" | 13154-000 |
| 221 | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/2" | 13166-000 | 264 | $41 / 84^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/2" | 13155-000 |
| 222 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/2" | 13167-000 | 265 | $11 / 4 \prime \prime$ | 61/2" | 13156-000 |
| 223 | $3 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13168-000 | 266 | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13157-000 |
| 224 | 41/84 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/2" | 13169-000 | 267 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/2" | 13158-000 |
| 225 | $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/2" | 13170-000 | 268 | $3 / 4$ " | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13159-000 |
| 226 | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13171-000 | 269 | "1/84" | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 13160-000 |

## PARTY LINE INDICATING TYPE KEYS (Cont.)

## No. 250 Type Key

Similar to No. 210 except that it is equipped with a locking cam key which allows ringing over both sides of lines to ground8 Party. Position of cam indicates whether "tip" or "ring" side of line is being rung. Size of key top $-71 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1^{\prime \prime}$.


## No. 260 Type Key

This key is of the four button, indicating, party line type adapted for use as an individual, manual harmonic selective ringing push button key on local to local trunk circuits. The key plungers have three positions; ringing, indicating, and normal. The spring combinations, that are individual to each button, are actuated only in the fully depressed position and not until after the tumbler has actuated the common end springs. Both the end springs and the springs associated with a depressed button return to normal when the button is released to its indicating position. Each button remains in its indicating position until it is fully restored automatically when another button is depressed. Similar to No. 202 but has different end spring combination.


## No. 270 and No. 280 Type

The following numbers are assigned to party line indicating keys similar in structure and design to those previously described (see code numbers 202 to 262 ) with the exception that they are arranged for use with No. 340 Type cam keys and therefore are provided with key tops and escutcheons of suitable dimensions to mount properly in switchboard key-shelves.
In ordering the complete party line keys consisting of push button units and cam keys, the cam keys should be specified by their proper code numbers (see No. 340 Cam Type Keys) and the number of the party line key unit also shown.
Example:
1 No. 283 Party Line Key Unit
1 No. 342-FX Cam Key
1 No. 341-A Cam Key

Party Line Indicating Key Units

| Code No. | Number of Cam Keys | Type of Ringing | Size of Mounting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 279 | 2 | 4 Pty. Manual | $73 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1$ " |
| 280 | 1 | 4 Pty. Machine | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 1$ x |
| 283 | 2 | 4 Pty. Machine | $73 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1$ " |
| 290 | 1 | 2 Pty. Machine | $73 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1$ " |
| 291 | 2 | 2 Pty. Machine | $73 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1$ " |
| 292 | 2 | 5 Pty. Harmonic | $73 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 293 | 2 | 5 Pty. Harmonic | $73 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |

When the above party line indicating keys are ordered without cam keys the following code numbers should be used:

| Code No. | Number of <br> Cam Keys | Type of <br> Ringing | Size of <br> Mounting |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 7 7}$ | None | 4 Pty. Manual | $73 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 1^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 281 | None | 4 Pty. Machine | $73 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times l^{\prime \prime}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 8 5}$ | None | 2 Pty. Manual | $73 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times l^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 289 | None | 2 Pty. Machine | $73 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times l^{\prime \prime}$ |

Party line indicating keys and master keys are furnished with buttons of standard colors as follows:

4 Party Black, Green, Red, Blue
2 Party Red, Blue
If buttons are to be engraved complete information should be given inasmuch as plain buttons are furnished unless otherwise specified.

## No. 325-326 Type

These are 5 and 6 button type master keys adapted for use as an individual master key for either five or six party line ringing. The No. 326 Key is used for six party service as all buttons are operative.
The plungers in both types of keys have two positions: normal (fully restored) and the ringing position in which the keys lock and indicate. Each button remains in the indicating (locking) position until it is automatically restored when another button is depressed. Standard buttons which are black, white, blue, red and green, can be engraved as specified at an additional charge.
Depth of key from surface of escutcheon to tips of spring- $3^{\prime \prime}$.

| Stock No. | Code | Escutcheon Length Width |  | Number of arties Buttons |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 802677-000 | (325-A) | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 1 " | 5 | 5 |
| 49956-000 | (325-B) | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 5 | 5 |
| 49892-000 | (325-C) | 73/4" | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 5 | 5 |
| 200394-000 | (325-D) | 61/2" | 1 " | 5 | 5 |
| *203588-000 | (325-E) | $73 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 5 | 5 |
| 802678-000 | (326-A) | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 1 " | 6 | 6 |
| 802679-000 | (326-B) | 7" | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 6 | 6 |
| 49893-000 | (326-C) | 73/4" | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 6 | 6 |
| 200395-000 | (326-D) | 61/2" | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 6 | 6 |
| *203589-000 | (326-E) | $73 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 6 | 6 |

*The Nos. 325-E and 326-E Keys have provision in the escutcheon for mounting one cam key, which will be specified on the order.


## PARTY LINE INDICATING TYPE KEYS (Cont.) NO. 352 COMBINED KEY AND DROP

This compact unit consists of $\alpha$ combined ringing and listening key, an individual ring-back key and two ring-off drops with automatically restored shutters-all mounted on $\alpha$ rigid steel plate measuring $71 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$.

The No. 352 Key , as a unit replaces and is interchangeable with the No. 169 Type. Both keys were used on the StrombergCarlson No. 105 Magneto Switchboard and this, in turn, has been replaced by the new No. 125 Type which is fully described in Section B of this catalog.

| No. 352 Key |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Resistance | Description |
| $212746-000$ | $(352-A)$ | 500 Ohms | Double ring-off drops |
| $\mathbf{2 1 2 7 4 7 - 0 0 0}$ | $(352-B)$ | 1000 Ohms | Double ring-off drops |

## Cam Key Assembly

Description
Cam Key only, completely assembled

## Former Keys

Many party line keys that were used in early Stromberg-Carlson switchboards can be replaced or repaired. If any such keys are not shown on these pages, our Rochester office should be consulted for information or a sample sent of the key that is needed.

## INDIVIDUAL PARTY LINE RINGING KEYS

## No. 310 Type Key



No. 310 Type Key Assembly

A Super-Service Non-Locking Key with one make contact for harmonic machine ringing. Mounts under key shelf-bushing protrudes through woodwork and flush with top of key shelf. Diameter of hole- $21 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ for clearance of push button. White button-black center. Mounts with 2 Stock No. $11998-000$ R.H.I.W. Screws. Specify these screws on order. Total height- $125 / 64^{\prime \prime}$. Length of key over springs $-2^{15 / 166^{\prime \prime}}$. Width-3/4". Diameter of button$5 / 3^{\prime \prime}$. Diameter of colored center- $31 / 64^{\prime \prime}$. Designed for $7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ key shelf.
802491-000 (310-B) Same as No. 310-A Key, except white button, red center.
$\qquad$ (310-C) Same as No. 310-A Key, except white button, blue center.

802662-000
(310-D) Same as No. 310-A Key, except white button, green center.
(310-E) Same as No. 310-A Key, has plain white button.

## INDIVIDUAL PARTY LINE RINGING <br> KEYS (Cont.)



No. 312 Key Assembly

| Stock No. | Code |
| :---: | :---: |
| $802663-000$ | $(312)$ |

802666-000
(315-E)
inish of button-Black. Diameter-29/64 Same as No. 310 except Breaks one Contact.
When specified engraved buttons can be furnished at an additional charge.

## STRIP-MOUNTED PLUNGER TYPE KEYS <br> Nos. 62 and 69 Keys

These are plunger Jack Keys consisting of push buttons assembled on hard rubber strips with mounting centers the same as used for Jacks. They are furnished in non-locking (62) and locking (69) types which have the same spring combinations and are similar in all other respects.

No. 62 and No. 69 Type Keys are used in switchboards for night switching purposes and also as circuit-restoring and ringing keys. Both types mount ten keys per strip.


No. 62 Key on 122 Mounting
No. 122 Mounting

| Stock No. Code Operation | Use |
| :--- | :--- |
| $42491-000$ | (62) Key Non-Locking 2 \& 6 Panel Multiple Swbds. | 42980-000 (69) Key Locking Mount same as No. 130 Jacks

## No. 123 Mounting

Stock No. Code Operation Use
42979-000 (62) Key Non-Locking 3 \& 8 Panel Multiple Swbds. 42981-000 (69) Key Locking Mount same as No. 127 Jacks

| Mounting Information |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specifications | 122 Mtg . | 123 Mtg . |
| Length of Key strip overall | $1118^{\prime \prime}$ | $731 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Length of face strip overall | $103 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 719/32 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Width of face strip | $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Depth-face to tip of springs | $31 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | 31/16" |
| Mounting Centers | 111/16" | 83/8" |
| Jack Fasteners used | No. 17(2) | No. 17(2) |
| Jack blank for empty space | No. 52 | No. 43 |

## INDIVIDUAL PLUNGER KEYS



802661－000（305）Key No． 844 Lineman＇s Magneto Test Set． Each of the above push button keys has a different spring com－ bination but in other respects they are the same．


> Individual Push Type Plunger Keys Nos. 334, 335 and Nos. 336, 337

These Keys are available in both locking and non－locking types and designed for mounting on either $7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ or $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ panels．The plungers are black with plain buttons but，when specified，en－ graved letters can be added to meet circuit requirements．Spring contracts，method of mounting and operating features are in－ dicated by letters affixed to the code numbers of Nos．334， 335 and Nos．336， 337 Type Keys．

## Individual Twist Type Plunger Keys Nos． 338 and 339

Twist type keys and push type keys are the same with the exception of the plungers．All twist keys are locking．Plain black buttons are standard but red，white or brown can be furnished and engraved letters added when specified．

Individual Push Type Plunger Keys

| Mounts on $7 / \mathrm{s}^{6}$ Stock No． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Panel } \\ & \text { Code } \end{aligned}$ |  | Mounts on $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Stock No． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Panel } \\ \text { Code } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 49506－000 | （334－A） | Locking | 49512－000 | （335－A） |
| 49507－000 | （334－B） | Locking | 49513－000 | （335－B） |
| 49508－000 | （334－C） | Locking | 49514－000 | （335－C） |
| 49509－000 | （334－D） | Locking | 49515－000 | （335－D） |
| 49510－000 | （334－E） | Locking | 49516－000 | （335－E） |
| 49511－000 | （334－H） | Locking | 49517－000 | （335－H） |
| Mounts on $7 / 8$ Stock No． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Panel } \\ & \text { Code } \end{aligned}$ |  | Mounts on $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Stock No． | Panel Code |
| 49518－000 | （336－A） | Non－Locking | 49524－000 | （337－A） |
| 49519－000 | （336－B） | Non－Locking | 49525－000 | （337－B） |
| 49520－000 | （336－C） | Non－Locking | 49526－000 | （337－C） |
| 49521－000 | （336－D） | Non－Locking | 49527－000 | （337－D） |
| 49522－000 | （336－E） | Non－Locking | 49528－000 | （337－E） |
|  |  | Non－Locking | 21312－000 | （337－G） |
| 49523－000 | （336－H） | Non－Locking | 49529－000 | （337－H） |
|  |  | Non－Locking | 211082－000 | （337－J） |
| －－－－－ | －ー－ー | Non－Locking | 211083－000 | （337－K） |
| －ーーーー | －ーー | Non－Locking | 211132－000 | （337－L） |
| 211158－000 | （336－M） | Non－Locking | 219369－000 | （337－M） |

Individual Twist Type Plunger Keys

| Mounts on $7 / s^{\prime \prime}$ <br> Stock Panel <br> Code |  | Mounts on <br> Stock No． <br> $49530-000$ |  | $(338-A)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $49531-000$ | （338－B） | Locking | $49536-000$ | （339－A） |
| Code |  |  |  |  |

A．Two make contacts
B．Two break contacts
C．Two break－make contacts
D．Two make－before－break contacts
E．Two double make contacts
G．Three breaks and one make contacts
H．Four single make contacts
J．Two break－makes and two makes
K．Two break－makes，one make and one break
L．Two break－makes，one break，and two makes
M．Four break－makes
N．Three break－makes，two breaks
P．Four makes and two breaks
Q．Two breaks，two break－makes，one make－before－break
The Nos． 336 and 337 Non－Locking Push Type are generally similar to the Nos． 334 and 335 Locking Push Type Keys，except that they have rollers on the actuating springs．

The Nos． 338 and 339 Twist Type are furnished only as locking keys and used in night alarm，battery and generator circuits．

## Former Push Type Plunger Keys

Code
No． 34
No． 119
No． 300
No． 301
Key
Key
Key
Key

| Operation | Replaced by |
| :--- | :---: |
| Non－Locking | Nos．336，337 |
| Locking | Nos．334，335 |
| Non－Locking | Nos．336，337 |
| Locking | Nos．334，335 |

## KEY MOUNTINGS

The following Key Mountings are designed to be used with Stromberg-Carlson Keys. They are furnished in three designs -for surface keyboard mounting, for flush keyboard mounting, and for switchboard face mounting.

## Surface Keyboard Type

These Key Mountings are generally mounted with two No. 5502 Oval Head Wood Screws on the surface of keyboards. They mount one cam key each. Finish-black enamel.


No. 55

| Surface Key Mounting |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code <br> No. | No. of Keys | Face | Face Width | Mounting Centers |
| $\dagger 801264-000$ | (55) | 1 No. 175 | $23 / 4$ " | $3 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $23 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| $\dagger 801270-000$ | (66) | 1 No. 170 | 25/16 | $3 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $17 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 801332-000 | (132) | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { No. } 340 \\ \text { or } 170 \end{gathered}$ | $23 / 4$ " | 15/16 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $23 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 801333-000 | (133) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { * No. } 340 \\ & \text { or } 170 \end{aligned}$ | 25/16 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 15/16 | $1.880^{\prime \prime}$ |

$\dagger$ No. 55 and No. 66 will not mount No. 340 Type Keys.
*Note: 340 Type Keys are no longer manufactured.

## Flush Keyboard Type

These Mountings have steel tops covered with dull finished phenolic material and mount flush with the keyboard surface. Each mounting uses 2 Stock No. $12908-000$ screws and 2 Stock No. $12672-000$ clamps for key frame mounting. Finish dull black, except those marked*, which are suntan.


No. 104 Switchboard Face Key Mounting

Flush Keyboard Mountings For No. 170 or 340 Type Keys

|  |  | No. of Keys | Face <br> Length | Face <br> Width | Mounting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code No. | Keys | Length <br> 61/2" | Width | Centers 61/" |
| 801286-000 | (83) | 2 | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 1 " | 61/16" |
| 801287-000 | (84) | 3 | 61/2" | 1 ' | $61 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 207331-000 | (88) | 1 | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $51 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 207332-000 | (89) | 2 | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $51 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 207333-000 | (90) | 3 | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $51 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 801295-000 | (92) | 1 | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $11 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $51 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 801296-000 | (93) | 2 | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | $51 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 801297-000 | (94) | 3 | 51/2" | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/16" |
| 801298-000 | (95) | 1 | $23 / 4$ " | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | $25 / 1{ }^{\prime \prime \prime}$ |
| 801311-000 | (111) | 1 | 61/2" | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/16" |
| 801312-000 | (112) | 2 | 61/2" | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/16" |
| 801313-000 | (113) | 3 | 61/2" | $11 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/16" |
| 801314-000 | (114) | 1 | $71 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $11 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 613/16 |
| 801315-000 | (115) | 2 | $71 / 4$ " | $11 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $6^{13 / 16^{\prime \prime}}$ |
| 801316-000 | (116) | 3 | $71 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | $613 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| $\dagger 801319-000$ | (119) | 3 | 51/2" | $3 / 4$ " | $51 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 801321-000 | (121) | 1 | $23 / 4$ " | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 25/16" |
| 801325-000 | (125) | 1 | 7" | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 801326-000 | (126) | 2 | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/2" |
| 801327-000 | (127) | 3 | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 61/2" |
| *801328-000 | (128) | 1 | 51/2" | 1" | $5^{\prime \prime}$ |
| *801329-000 | (129) | 2 | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 5" |
| *801330-000 | (130) | 3 | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 5" |
| *801331-000 | (131) | 3 | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 7/8" | 5" |
| 801334-000 | (134) | 1 | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 51/1" |
| *205649-000 | (138) | 1 | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $7 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $51 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| *205650-000 | (139) | 2 | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $7 / 81$ | $51 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203773-000 | (150) | 2 | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $61 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203774-000 | (151) | 2 | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $61 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203775-000 | (152) | 1 | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $61 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203776-000 | (153) | 3 | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $61 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 206771-000 | (154) | 1 | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 69/16" |
| 206772-000 | (155) | 2 | 7 " | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 69/16" |
| 206773-000 | (156) | 3 | $7{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $691{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 206774-000 | (157) | 2 | 7 " | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | 69/16 |
| 205651-000 | (158) | 1 | $23 / 4$ " | $7 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $2516^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 205652-000 | (159) | 1 | 6.496" | .999" | 61/1" |
| 205653-000 | (160) | 2 | 6.496" | .999" | 61/16" |
| 205654-000 | (161) | 3 | $6.496{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | .999" | 61/16" |
| 208444-000 | (164) | 1 | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 1 ' | $61 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 208655-000 | (165) | 1 | 33/16 | $1^{\prime \prime}$ | $33 / 8$ " |
| 208656-000 | (166) | 2 | $33 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | 1 " | $33 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |

Mountings Nos. 150 through 157 have clear escutcheons.
*These Key Mountings have Suntan finish escutcheons and use Phillips head brass screws for face mounting.
$\dagger$ No. 119 will mount No. 170 Type Keys only.

## Switchboard Face Mounting Type

These Key Mountings mount similarly to jacks and lamps in the faces of switchboards. They are held in place by No. 17 Jack Fasteners. Finished in black enamel.

|  | No. of |  |  |  | Face |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Face |  |  |  |  |
| Code No. Keys |  |  |  |  |  |
| Length |  |  |  |  |  |$\quad$| Mounting |
| :---: |
| Cidth |

## KEY BLANKS

The Stromberg-Carlson key blanks may be of formica or steel and are available in various finishes. In ordering, the type of key being replaced should be specified by its proper code number.


Stock No.
3222-000
12986-000 12987-000
12988-000
12989-000 207334-000
12234-000
13235-000 13236-000
206767-000
206768-000
13439-000 27255-000
207335-000
207336-000 32132-000 33992-000 206770-000 205655-000 205451-000 208657-000 208658-000

Code
(7)
(68)
(69)
(70)
(71)
(72)
(77)
(78)
(79)
(80)
(81)
$(83)$
(84)
(85)
(86)
(87)
$(88)$
$(94)$
(95)
(96)
(97)
(98)

Used in place of
No. 16, 25 \& 170 key No. 170 key No. 191 key No. 170 key No. 190 key No. 170 key No. 170 key No. 170 key No. 170 key No. 170 key No. 170 key No. 170 or 340 key No. 325 \& 326 B key No. 170 key No. 170 key No. 170 or 340 key No. 170 or 340 key No. 170 or 340 key No. 170 or 340 key No. 170 or 340 key
No. 170 key
No. 170 key

Mounting
$\underset{\text { Center }}{\text { Mounting }}$

## $6.1 / 10^{\prime \prime}$

$616^{\prime \prime}$
61/6"
51/6"
$5116^{\prime \prime}$
$51 / 16^{\prime \prime}$
$51 /{ }^{16}$
$616^{\prime \prime}$
5110
$610^{\prime \prime}$
$516^{\prime \prime}$
$510^{\prime \prime}$
$51 / 16^{\prime \prime}$
$25 / 16^{\prime \prime}$
$25{ }^{\prime \prime}$
25/16"
$61316^{\prime \prime}$
$6916^{\prime \prime}$
$51 / 1{ }^{\prime \prime}$
$6911^{\prime \prime}$
$51 / 11^{\prime \prime}$
51/16"
$23 / 8^{\prime \prime}$
$1.880^{\prime \prime}$
$6.562^{\prime \prime}$
$2.312^{\prime \prime}$
$6.062^{\prime \prime}$
6.062"
$\begin{array}{ll}33 / 8^{\prime \prime} & 3^{1 / 3 / 16^{\prime \prime}} \lg \times 1^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{wd} \\ 3^{13 / 16^{\prime \prime}} \lg \times 11^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{w}\end{array}$

Finish dead black dull black dull black dull black dull black dull black dull black dull black dull black dull black dull black dull black dull black sun-tan sun-tan black black clear black black black black



No. 83-Key Blank

NO. 13 KEY BOX


No. 13 Key Box

The Stromberg-Carlson No. 13 Key Box is another revenue producer for the operating company. It makes possible better and additional telephone service, and is particularly useful in
A. Aiding Extension Telephone Service.
B. Grouping of Telephone Lines for Secretarial Supervision.
C. Operating Call Signals.
D. Tying Low Voltage Circuits Together.
E. Switching Loud Speakers in Paging Service.
F. Sending Code Signals in No. 2-6 Systems.

The No. 13 Key Box is made of pressed steel in a dull black finish. It is designed for mounting on the side or end of a desk or table. Each Key Box is equipped with one cam type Key.

All key springs are wired to screw terminals in such a manner that various wiring combinations can readily be made. Dimen-sion- $41 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 37 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 178^{\prime \prime}$.


Line Drawing showing arrangement of Terminals and Key.
In No. 13 Key Box Assembly Part Numbers are also shown.

## No. 216780-000 Key Box (Less Key and Wiring)

When keys other than those shown in the following codes are required, they may be selected from those listed under "Cam Keys." These keys may be mounted in the (216780-000) Key Box (less key and wiring). Twelve terminals are provided withir each Key box.

| Stock No. | Code | Equipped with | Description |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 1 6 7 7 0 - 0 0 0}$ | $(13-1)$ | 173-N Key | 2-Way, Locking-Locking |
| $\mathbf{2 1 6 7 7 1 - 0 0 0}$ | $(13 \mathrm{~A}-1)$ | 173-Q Key | 2-Way, Locking-Locking |
| $\mathbf{2 1 6 7 7 2 - 0 0 0}$ | $(13 \mathrm{~B}-1)$ | 170-D Key | 1-Way, Locking |
| $\mathbf{2 1 6 7 7 3 - 0 0 0}$ | $(13 \mathrm{C}-1)$ | 171-D Key | 1-Way, Non-Locking |
| $\mathbf{2 1 6 7 7 4 - 0 0 0}$ | $(13 \mathrm{D}-1)$ | 170-G Key | 1-Way, Locking |
| $\mathbf{2 1 6 7 7 5 - 0 0 0}$ | $(13 \mathrm{E}-1)$ | 173-N Key | 2-Way, Locking-Locking |
| $\mathbf{2 1 6 7 7 6 - 0 0 0}$ | $(13 \mathrm{~F}-1)$ | 173-U Key | 2-Way, Locking-Locking |
| $\mathbf{2 1 6 7 7 7 - 0 0 0}$ | $(13 \mathrm{FA}-1)$ | 173-H Key | 2-Way, Locking-Locking |
| *216778-000 | $(13 \mathrm{G}-1)$ | 175-B Key | 1-Way, 3 position lock'g |
| $\mathbf{2 1 6 7 7 9 - 0 0 0}$ | $(13 \mathrm{H}-1)$ | 171-C Key | 1-Way, Non-Locking |

*No. 175-B Key, used in the No. 13G-1 Key Box, has a tilted handle. All other keys have straight handles.


TYPICAL NO. 13 KEY BOX APPLICATIONS


No. 13-1


No. 13B-1


No. 13D-1 Fig. 1


No. 13E-1


No. 13A-1


No. $13 \mathrm{C}-1$


No. 13D-1 Fig. 2


No. 13FA-1

## CARD FRAMES

Stock No. Cod 801350-000 (2) Mounts subscrib er's number on No. 7 Type Transmitter.
(3) Mounts operator's instruction cards on No. 101 PBX Switchboards and on toll boards.

Description
Construction - Steel black enameled frame holding white bristolboard with transparent celluloid protector. Length $-2^{15} / 2^{\prime \prime}$. Width $-29 / 32^{\prime \prime}$.
Construction - Brass frame with japanned semi-gloss black finish, holding card with glass protector.
Length $-33 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. Width-2 ${ }^{11 / 1 / 6^{\prime \prime}}$.


No. 2 Card Frame

| Stock No. Code | Use |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $801352-000$ | (4) | Card Frame used on 1201, 1232-3-4, and <br> $1532-3-4 ~ s u s p e n d e d ~ t y p e ~ H a n d s e t ~ T e l e-~$ |  |  |
| phones. |  |  |  |  |

## LAMPS-SWITCHBOARD

Stromberg-Carlson tipless lamps have a service record which justifies their reputation for being dependable and economical under actual operating conditions.

Their use is not limited as these lamps will fit any standard lamp socket in telephone service.

The over-all length is $123 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ and diameter $0.300^{\prime \prime}$. Put up in standard packages of 100 lamps but smaller quantities may be ordered.

## Important Advantages

Tungsten filaments clamped to the lead-in wires.
Filament supports of highly heat-resistant material are embedded in the stem.

Base consists of two metal contact pieces on either side of $\alpha$ plastic insulator of extremely high dielectric strength.

Long life and low current consumption is enhanced by using special stem glass that is nine times more resistant to heat than ordinary glass.

The use of acid-free solder and special plating of contacts maintains solid electrical contacts for years.

The elapsed time between hot and cold resistance of one-fifth of $\alpha$ second is practically negligible.

Operation through a maximum range of voltage with minimum fluctuation of signal value.

The filament is mounted near the end of the bulb to obtain maximum end-on candle power at the tip of the lamp.


Stromberg-Carlson Telephones Switchboard Lamp

| Stock No. | Ordering Data and Characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Current Consumption Amperes |  | Approximate Min. Ohms, 'End Foot |  |
|  | Code | Voltage |  |  | Cold Resistance | Candle Power |
| 801363-000 | (4-A) | 4 | . 170 | . 210 | 2.0 | 150 |
| 801364-000 | (6-A) | 6 | . 120 | . 160 | 4.5 | 200 |
| 801365-000 | (8-A) | 8 | . 080 | . 100 | 9.0 | 75 |
| 801366-000 | (12-A) | 12 | . 090 | . 110 | 12 | 110 |
| 801367-000 | (16-A) | 16 | . 090 | . 110 | 16 | 130 |
| 801368-000 | (18-A) | 18 | . 035 | . 050 | 46 | 150 |
| 801369-000 | (24-B) | 24 | . 035 | . 050 | 61 | 200 |
| 801370-000 | (24-C) | 24 | . 060 | . 085 | 33 | 750 |
| 209569-000 | (24-H) | 24 | . 018 | . 033 | 135 | 75 |
| 801371-000 | (30-B) | 30 | . 090 | . 110 | 30 | 500 |
| 801372-000 | (44-A) | 44 | . 060 | . 085 | 61 | 650 |
| 801374-000 | (48-B) | 48 | . 090 | . 110 | 48 | 360 |
| 42201-000 | (48-C) | 48 | . 032 | . 038 | 160 | 200 |
| 201737-000 | (48-D) | 48 | . 012 | . 021 | 410 | 30 |
| 801375-000 | (55-C) | 55 | . 045 | . 055 | 109 | 500 |
| 45271-000 | (60-A) | 60 | . 045 | . 055 | 120 | 500 |

*E.F.C. is the candle power at a distance of one foot from the tip of the lamp.
24 volt lamps may be used on voltage 18-28; 44 volt lamps on voltage 36-48.

## LAMP CAPS

Stromberg-Carlson Lamp Caps are built to combine neatness with durability-the lenses are made of specially annealed glass to resist breakage from impact with plugs, and are mounted in bushings made from seamless metal tubing which is later spun over to retain the lenses-other end of shank is slotted for close fitting in lamp socket.

## No. 23 Pilot Type



A pilot lamp cap used on common battery multiple, non-multiple, and PBX Switchboards. Designed for use with the No. 9 Individual Lamp Socket. This lamp cap is equipped with an attractive sandblasted lens. Maximum diameter of face $-5 \% 4^{\prime \prime}$. Diameter of shank is $0.811^{\prime \prime}$, fits 13/16" hole.

| Color | Lens Finish | Glass Description |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| White | Glossy | Translucent |
| Red | Sanded | Translucent |
| Green | Sanded | Translucent |
| Amber | Sanded | Translucent |
| Red | Glossy | Translucent |
| Clear | None | Transparent |
| Red | Glossy | Translucent |
| Clear | None | Transparent |
| Red | Glossy | Translucent |

## No. 27 Supervisory Type

A Supervisory Lamp Cap associated with trunk circuits, with cord circuits, and with miscellaneous circuits where caps are not required to be numbered. Designed for use with the No. 12 Lamp Socket on the keyboard and the No. 121 Lamp Socket on Nos. 79, 80, 81 or 82 Mounting in the switchboard face. This lamp cap is equipped with $\alpha$ non-breakable opal. Maximum diameter of face- $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$, Diameter of shank- $0.340^{\prime \prime}$, fits $11 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ hole.

| Stock No. | Code | Color | Lens Finish | Glass <br> Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| $801392-000$ | $(27-A)$ | White | Glossy | Cloudy |
| $801393-000$ | $(27-$ B) | Red | Sanded | Clear |
| $801394-000$ | $(27-C)$ | Green | Sanded | Clear |
| $801395-000$ | $(27-$ D) | Transparent | Glossy | Clear |
| $801396-000$ | $(27-E)$ | White | Glossy | Cloudy, Red |
|  |  |  |  | when lighted |



No. 27 Supervisory


No. 29 Line

## No. 29 Line Type

Associated with line lamp sockets in 20 per strip mounting on eight panel multiple switchboards. Designed for use with the No. 121 Lamp Socket on No. 83 Mounting only. Equipped with a non-breakable lens. No. 29-A only provided with removable number disc which is held in place by an invisible ring. Disc numbered as specified. Maximum diameter of face- $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$, Diameter of shank- $0.320^{\prime \prime}$, fits $a 5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ hole.

| Stock No. | Code | Color | Lens Finish | Glass Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801400-000 | (29-A) | Transparent | Glossy | Clear, number disc |
| 801401-000 | (29-B) | Red | Sanded | Clear |
| 801402-000 | (29-C) | Green | Sanded | Clear |
| 801403-000 | (29-D) | White | Glossy | Cloudy |
| 801404-000 | (29-E) | White | Glossy | Cloudy with - Symbol |
| 801405-000 | (29-F) | White | Glossy | Cloudy with + Symbol |
| 801406-000 | (29-G) | White | Glossy | Cloudy with I Symbol |

## No. 30 Line Type

A lamp cap used on PBX and Multiple Switchboards over line lamps. Designed for use with the No. 121 Lamp Socket on Nos. 79, 80, 81, 82, or 89 Mountings. Equipped with a non-breakable lens. No. $30-A$ and $30-\mathrm{L}$ only provided with removable paper number disc which is held in place by an invisible ring. Disc numbered as specified. Diameter of face- $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$. Diameter of shank $-0.340^{\prime \prime}$, fits $\alpha-11 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ hole.


| No. 30 Line |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Color | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lens } \\ & \text { Finish } \end{aligned}$ | Glass Description |
| 801407-000 | (30-A) | Transparent | Glossy | Clear, number disc |
| 801408-000 | (30-D) | White | Glossy | Cloudy with - Symbol |
| 801409-000 | (30-J) | White | Glossy | Cloudy with + Symbol |
| 801410-000 | (30-K) | White | Glossy | Cloudy with I Symbol |
| 801411-000 | (30-L) | Transp | ent Flat | s with number disc. |



No 30-D $\underset{\text { Lamp Caps }}{\text { No.30-J }}$ No. 30-K


No. 30 Line Type, Mounted and associated with line jacks

## No. 31 Supervisory Type

Standard lamp cap used with both trunk and cord circuits on PBX and Multiple Switchboards. Designed for use with the No. 13 Lamp Socket only. Equipped with a non-breakable lens. Maximum diameter of face- $13 / 32^{\prime \prime}$, Diameter of shank- $0.343^{\prime \prime}$, fits $11 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ hole.


## LAMP SOCKETS

Stromberg-Carlson Lamp Sockets are furnished in two types: those for mounting individually and those for mounting in strips. Both of these types are provided with all metal frames so as to readily distribute and radiate the heat generated by the lamps. Every Stromberg-Carlson Lamp Socket with the exception of Code Nos. 10, 11, and 14, takes a standard switchboard lamp and lamp cap. Code Nos. 10, 11, and 14 Lamp Sockets take Edison Base Lamps.

Lamp Sockets which are mounted in strips for use in the face of switchboard align with jacks having the same type of mounting.

Mounting screws, fasteners, lamps and lamp caps are not included with the lamp sockets, but should be ordered separately.

## Individual Lamp Sockets Pilot Type

For pilot lamp service on PBX and Multiple Switchboards. Used with standard switchboard lamps and the No. 23 Lamp Cap. Mounts on the face of the switchboard in any standard panel with two No. 6176 Wood Screws. Consists of steel frame with brass head for lamp cap; equipped with insulating fiber tubing and nickel silver springs. Length overall $-215 / 16^{\prime \prime}$. Diameter of head- $7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$. Diameter of sleeve- $7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$.


|  | No. 9 Lamp Sockets |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code |  | Used with |
| $801417-000$ | (9) | Lamp Socket | No. 23 Lamp Cap (Pilot) |

## No. 12 Supervisory Type

Used on PBX and Multiple Switchboards for supervisory lamp service. Consists of a steel frame with $\alpha$ fiber tubing for insulating purposes and nickel-silver springs. Mounts from the under surface of any standard- $7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ key shelf with one No. $4 \times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ R.H.I.W. Screw. Takes standard switchboard lamp and the No. 27 Lamp Cap. Length over springs- $2 / / 16^{\prime \prime}$. Diameter of sleeve7/16". Mounting lug-11/16" from face.


Stock No. Code
Used with
801420-000 (12) Lamp Socket No. 27 Lamp Cap (Supervisory)

## No. 13 Supervisory Type

A standard lamp socket for cord circuits and supervisory lamp service. Replaces the No. 12 and used on all new work. Used on PBX, Multiple, and Super-Service Switchboards. Consists of a steel frame with a fiber tubing, for insulating purposes, and nickel-silver springs. Mounts from the under surface of any standard- $7 / 3^{\prime \prime}$ panel with one No. $4 \times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ R. H. I. W. Screw.

Takes standard switchboard lamp and the No. 31 Lamp Cap. Length over springs $-229 / 32^{\prime \prime}$. Diameter of sleeve $-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. Mounting lug- $27 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ from face.


Stock No. Code
Esed with
$801421-000$ (13) Lamp Socket No. 31 Lamp Cap (Supervisory)

## Generator Protection Type

Mounted lamp sockets designed to take resistance lamps for generator protection, used in multiple switchboards where party ringing service is required. Strip fastened to the roof of the switchboard with four No. $10 \times 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ R.H.I.W. Screws. Consists of a white shellacked maple mounting strip equipped with Porcelain Edison Base Lamp Sockets, No. 4 Cord Terminals and steel supports for mounting.


No. 10 Lamp Socket

| Stock No. | Code | No. of Sockets Used with |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $801418-000$ | $(10)$ | Lamp Socket | 4 | Edison base lamps |
| $801419-000$ | $(11)$ | Lamp Socket | 5 | Edison base lamps |
| $801422-000$ | $(14)$ | Lamp Socket | 6 | Edison base lamps |

## Face Strip Type

No. 121 Lamp Sockets with mountings $59,60,61$ and 67 were used on Stromberg-Carlson Switchboards made previous to 1917. Used only on additions to old S-C installations on two, three, four, and six panel multiple sections in connection with the No. 109 Type Jack. Takes standard switchboard lamp and No. 30 Individual Lamp Cap. Consists of face plate, mounting extensions, and sleeve sockets-all made of steel with black enamel finish. Equipped with nickel-silver springs. Sleeve socket insulated from springs with black tubular sheet fiber.


No. 121 Lamp Socket on 67 Mounting
Length of face- $1015 / 32^{\prime \prime}$. Overall length- $11^{15} / 32^{\prime \prime}$. Width of face $-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. Mounting Centers-1015/16", Jack Fasteners-No. 15.
No. 67 Mtg. only-length of face $737 / 64^{\prime \prime}$. Mounting Center- $815 / 64^{\prime \prime}$.

| Stock No. | Code | Mtg. | No. of SocketsDescription <br> $801430-000$ | $(121)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{M})$ | 59 Mtg. | 5 | Plain face |  |
| $801431-000$ | $(121)$ | 60 Mtg. | 10 | Plain face |
| $801432-000$ | $(121)$ | 61 Mtg. | 20 | Plain face |
| $801433-000$ | $(121)$ | 67 Mtg. | 10 | Plain face |

## LAMP SOCKETS (Cont.)

## Face Strip Type (Cont.)

No. 121 is a Standard Lamp Socket for two, three, four and six panel associated multiple and PBX Switchboards. Used in connection with the No. 130 Type Jacks and mounts the same. Replaces Garford Type. Takes standard switchboard lamp and No. 27 or No. 30 Individual Lamp Cap. Consists of a face plate, lugs, and sleeve sockets-all made of steel with black enamel finish. Equipped with nickel-silver springs. Sleeve sockets insulated from springs with black tubular sheet fiber.


Length of face $-103 / 8^{\prime \prime}$. Overall length $-103 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. Width of face$1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$, Mounting Centers-11 1/16", Jack Fastener-No. 17.

| Stock No. | Code | Mounting | No. of Sockets Description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801424-000 | $(121)$ | 80 | 10 | *Plain Face |
| $\mathbf{8 0 1 4 2 5 - 0 0 0}$ | $(121)$ | 81 | 20 | tPlain Face |

*Can also be drilled for No. 26 Lamp Cap when specified.
tCan also be drilled for No. 25 Lamp Cap when specified.
No. 121 Eight Panel Multiple Switchboard Lamp Socket, used in connection with No. 127 Type Jacks. Replaces Garford Type. Takes standard switchboard lamp, and the No. 30 Individual Lamp Cap. Similar to the No. 80 Mounting only shorter.

Length of face- $719 / 32^{\prime \prime}$. Overall length $-7^{31} / 32^{\prime \prime}$, Width of face$1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$, Mounting Centers-83/8", Jack Fastener-No. 17.

| Stock No. | Code |  | Mountings | No. of <br> Sockets | Lamp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801429-000 (121) | Lamp |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Strip |  |  |  |

*No. 89 replaces No. 82 on new work.
Lamp sockets on above mountings are also drilled for No. 24 Twin Type Lamp Caps.

No. 121 Eight Panel Multiple Switchboard Lamp Socket used on all new work in connection with the No. 127 Type Jack. Takes standard switchboard lamp, and the No. 29 Individual Lamp Cap. Consists of black molded face strip with satin finish on face, sheet steel frame for mounting the springs, and the two end lugs. Equipped with nickel-silver springs.


No. 121 Lamp Socket on 83 Mounting
Length of face- $719 / 32^{\prime \prime}$, Overall length $-7^{31} / 32^{\prime \prime}$. Width of face$1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$, Mounting Centers-83/8", Jack Fastener-No. 17.

| Stock No. | Code | No. of |  |  | Mtgs. Sockets |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | Description

## NUMBER PLATES



No. 13 Number Plate


No. 19-A Number Plate

Number Plates-used on jack stiles to designate subscriber's multiple; on plug boards to designate cord circuits; on keyboards to designate keys; and on power boards to designate switches.

7005-000

9573-000
Mounts flush-drive fit.
Diameter $-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. Thickness $-3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$.
Round number plate used on plug boards and keyboards, associated principally with the No. 310-E Key on Super-Service Switchboards.
White, opaque, plain or engraved with figures or letters $-3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ high.
Mounts flush-drive fit.
Diameter-7/16". Thickness-5/16".
15373 -000 (17-A) Same as No. 17 except Black.
15374-000 (17-B) Same as No. 17 except Red.
15375-000 (17-C) Same as No. 17 except Blue.
15376-000 (17-D) Same as No. 17 except Green.
13062-000 (19-A) Square number plate used on multiple finishing stiles. Consists of black with white engraved figures-style to be specified. Three figures or less $-7 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ high, four or more $9 / 64$.
Mounts with 2 Stock No. 12910-000 O.H.M. Screws. Size- $11 / 16$ " square. Thickness-7/64".
13063-000 (19-B) Same as No. 19-A except Red.

## OPERATOR'S TELEPHONE SETS

## No. 52AW Operator's Headset Assembly



No. 52AW Operator's Telephone Set

The No. 52AW operator's headset assembly is lightweight, compact, comfortable to wear and easily adjustable. The molded receiver and transmitter housings are connected by $\alpha$ stainless steel adjustable boom. The headband is of high-grade spring steel. The aluminum adjustment block allows up to $11 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ extension on the receiver. A five-foot black, nylon braided, operator's cord terminates in a No. 210327-000 twin plug.

Stock No.
205701-000
205826-000 205827-000

## Parts of No. 52AW Operator's Headset

Stock No.
210320-000
210321-000
210322-000 210323-000 210324-000 210325-000 210327-000 210328-000 210329-000 210330-000

Description
Boom \& Transmitter Case Assembly
Transmitter
Receiver Holder
Receiver
Headband Assembly
Cord Assembly
Twin Plug
Transmitter Cap
Receiver Cap
Strap Assembly

## Suspended Type Operator's Sets

This set consists of No. 22 Universal TYpe Transmitter with mouthpiece and front molded in a single unit and No. 29 Headband Receiver.

For switchboard use the transmitter is suspended by two single conductor cords from an adjustable arm mounted on top of the cabinet.

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 802525-000 | $(22)$ | Operator's Transmitter (Suspended) |
| $801592-000$ | $(29)$ | Headband Receiver (Less Cord) |
| 202926-000 | $(0-2-J)$ | 4', two conductor cord |

This outfit uses the No. 66 Four-Point Plug to match the No. 93 Jack which is standard for all switchboards. Only two conductors, however, are actually needed for suspended operator's sets.


Suspended Type Operator's Set on No. 125 Magneto Switchboard

## PLUGS

Stromberg-Carlson Plugs are equipped with bronze tip conductors to withstand wear; special alloy steel tip rods for strength; best quality tough, hard rubber for insulation; and heavy black fibre shells for protection. The tip rods are threaded through and spun over the end of the tip conductor.

Three conductor plugs, Code Nos. 53, 54, and 65 Types are equipped with bronze dead rings to protect the insulation between the tip and ring conductors.

Plug screws for both terminals and shells are drilled for pilot screw driver.

Order plugs by stock and code number. If this is impossible, send in a sample plug or state serial number of switchboard on which the plugs will be used.

No extra charge is made for attaching cords to plugs when the order includes both plugs and cords.

## Designations

" X " affixed to code number indicates over-all shell covering butt of plug.
" N " affixed to code number indicates non-depressed ring.
Diameters shown in illustrations indicate size of associated jack.
" R " indicates large screw.


|  | No. 42 Plug |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Used with | Class of Service |
| 801481-000 | (42) | 11 Drop | No. 105 Magneto Swbd. |
|  |  |  | Uses S-2 Two Cond. Cord |



No. 56-XR Plug


No. 56-R Plug

Class of Service

| Stock No. Code | Used with | Class of Service |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $206515-000$ | $(56-R)$ | 130 Jack | Replaces No. 5060 Plug on | Garford Magneto Swbds. Uses S-2 Two Conductor Cord. Replaces No. 56 Plug.

206516-000 (56-XR) 130 Jack No. 125 Magneto Swbd. Also PBX and Multiple Boards. Uses S-2 Two Conductor Cord. Replaces No. 56-X Plug.
*Numbers that are listed have black shells; grey and red shells are available upon request.


Three Conductor Switchboard Plugs


| No. 54 Plug |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Stock No. Code | Used with |  |
| $801504-000$ | $(63)$ | 109 Jack |


$205544-000 \quad(64-\mathrm{R}) \quad$| 156,157 |
| :--- |
| and 127 |
| Jacks |

*205547-000 (64-DR) 127 Jack Same profile as No. 64 -R and with large uses same cord. However, form on the Ring sleeve is $.010^{\prime \prime}$ ring spring smaller. Replaces No. 64-D and No. 54-D Plugs.
*205550-000 (64-ER) 127 Jack Same profile as No. 64-R and uses same cord. However, the Ring sleeve is $.020^{\prime \prime}$ smaller. Replaces No. 64-E and No. 54-E Plugs.
*205553-000 (64-FR) 127 Jack Similar to No. 64-R except uses a different tip. Replaces No. 64-F and No. 54-F Plugs. Uses S-3 Cord.
*205557-000 (64-GR) Garford Has different profile from No.
110, and 64 -R but has same body and 120 Jacks uses same cord. Replaces No. 64-G and No. 54-G Plugs.

| Stock No. | Code | Used with | Class of Service |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 205559-000 | (64-NR) | Garford | Same as No. 64 but with non- |
|  |  | 110, and | depressed ring. Uses S-3 |
|  |  | 120 Jacks | three conductor cord. Re - |
|  |  |  | places No. $54-\mathrm{N}$ and No. $64-\mathrm{N}$ |
|  |  |  | Plug. |

## PLUGS (Cont.)



Replaced No. 53 Type Plug
The No. 53 Three-Conductor Plug, formerly used with StrombergCarlson No. 130 Jack and Garford No. 3210 and No. 4260 Types, has been replaced by and is interchangeable with the No. 65 Plug. The cords, however, are not interchangeable.

When cords are required for No. 63 Plugs in service, S-C Stock No. 212120-000 of required length should be used instead of the cord for the No. 65 Plug.

|  | No. 65 Switchboard Plug |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Used with | Cord Used |
| *205532-000 | (65-R) | 130 Jack | S-3 (Three conductor) |
| *205541-000 | (65-XR) | 130 Jack | S-3 (Three conductor) |
| *205535-000 | (65-NR) | 130 Jack | S-3 (Three conductor) |
| *205538-000 | (65-NXR) | 130 Jack | S-3 (Three conductor) |
| *Used on Stromberg-Carlson PBX and Multiple Switchboards. |  |  |  |
| Black shells are standard but red and gray shells can also be <br> furnished. For Stock Numbers of shells see heading "Plug Parts". l |  |  |  |

## Test Plugs

These plugs are used in connection with toll test panels and wire chief's testing equipment at the M.D.F.


## No. 60 Outlet-Box Plug

This is used with wall-outiet jack outfit consisting of outlet box and brass plate with plug-in jack assembly.


For a description of this complete assembly refer to this section (F) under "Individual Jacks."

Stock No. Code Jack Used
Description
801501-000 (60) 2-Point Used with Stock No. 25856-000 Plug-in Jack Assembly

## No. 66 Operator's Plugs



No. 66 Operator's Plug
The No. 66 Plug replaces the No. 23 Plug and is used with the 93 Jack on all switchboards.

| Stock No. | Code | Jack <br> used Po. of | Noints | Cord Used | Operator's <br> Set Used |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 3 9 - 0 0 0 ~}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 6 )}$ | 93 | 4 | O-4-K, $5^{\prime}$ | No. 4 B.P. TYpe |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 3 9 - 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 6 )}$ | 93 | 2 | O-2-J, $4^{\prime}$ | Susp. Type |


|  | Plug Parts |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: |
| Plug Code No. | Shell <br> Stock No. | Shell Screws <br> Stock No. | Terminal Screws <br> Stock No. |
| 10 | $8851-000$ | $5729-000$ | $5729-000$ |
| $35-\mathrm{A}$ | $12836-000$ | $4836-000$ | $8300-000$ |
| 42 | $8339-000$ | $13061-000$ | $5729-000$ |
| $53,53-\mathrm{N}$ | $25045-000(\mathrm{a})$ | $4836-000$ | $8300-000$ |
| $53-\mathrm{X}, 53-\mathrm{NX}$ | $13060-000(\mathrm{~b})$ | $13061-000$ | $8300-000$ |
| $54,54-\mathrm{N}$ | $25045-000(\mathrm{a})$ | $4836-000$ | $8300-000$ |
| $55,55-\mathrm{N}$ | $25045-000(\mathrm{a})$ | $4836-000$ | $8300-000$ |
| 56 | $25045-000(\mathrm{a})$ | $4836-000$ | $5729-000$ |
| $56-\mathrm{X}$ | $13060-000(\mathrm{~b})$ | $13061-000$ | $5729-000$ |
| 57 | $25045-000(\mathrm{a})$ | $4836-000$ | $5729-000$ |
| 59 | $14033-000$ | $14032-000$ | $14693-000$ |


(a) These shells are black. Specify 15319-000 for red shell. Specify 15578-000 for gray shell.
(b) These shells are black. Specify $27584-000$ for red shells. Specify 27585-000 for gray shell.
(c) No. 61-A Plug has red shell. No. 61 Plug has black shell.
(d) These shells are black. Red shell is $34406-000$. Gray is 34407-000.
(e) These shells are black. Red shell is 202078-000. Gray is 202077-000.
(f) These shells are black. Red shell is 35297-000. Gray is 35298-000.

## PLUGS (Cont.)

## Plug and Jack Gauges

These gauges should be in every telephone exchange. They indicate when plugs and jacks are worn to an extent that talking connections will be unreliable.
When a plug passes through the slot in the plug gauge it should be replaced.

If the jack gauge fits into the jack, the jack should be replaced.
Each set includes one plug and one jack gauge with a canvas carrying case, Stock No. 52236-000.


The equipment listed above is used to gauge Nos. 10, 31, 35, 40, 42, 53, 55, 56, 57, 63, 65 Plugs and Nos. 5, 11, 49, 58, 101 and 130 Jacks, and No. 11 Drop Jack.

| Stock No. | Diameter | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $13114-000$ | .217 | Plug Gauge |
| $13118-000$ | .226 | Jack Gauge |

The equipment listed above is used to gauge Nos. 39, 54, 64 Plugs; and Nos. 22 and 127 Jacks.

| Stock No. | Diameter | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $13113-000$ | .197 | Plug Gauge |
| $13119-000$ | .205 | Jack Gauge |

The equipment listed above is used to gauge Nos. 33, 34 Plugs and No. 67 Jacks.

## Plug Seats

Plug seats are furnished with two wood screws for attaching to the under side of plug boards. The center hole is chamfered to prevent injury to the cords while passing through this opening. The Nos. 5, 6 and 12 Plug seats are the same except for the diameter of the center hole which varies according to the size of the plug that is used.

No. 5 Type

No. 6 Type
Stock No. Code Plug Used Diam. Hole Material Mtg. Screws $4637-000$ (5) $10,42,59,61$ 11/32" Fiber 2-No. 3939 $4638-000$ (6) 53,54,55,56 5/16" Fiber 2-No. 4638
12170-000 (12) 18, 33,34,39 $\begin{array}{lllll}1 / 4^{\prime \prime} & \text { Fiber } \quad \text { 2-No. } 3939\end{array}$ 203957-000 (13) 62 11/32" Fiber 4-No. 3939

## Plug Trouble Caps (Sleeves)

These are black fiber tubes that are split full length so as to slip over plugs of various diameters. Trouble sleeves are used to designate cord circuits that are temporarily out of service.

| Stock No. | Code | Name | Length | Plugs Used |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $16582-000$ | (1) | Trouble Cap | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | 54,64 |  |
| $16583-000$ | (2) | Trouble Cap | $11 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | $10,42,53,55,56,63,64,65$ |  |
| $16584-000$ | (3) | Trouble Cap | $11 / s^{\prime \prime}$ | 33,34 |  |

## Service Plugs

Service plugs are available in standard colors for use as party. line indicators and out-of-service indications to the operator. They are made of brass with spread shanks that can be adjusted to firmly plug into the jack openings.

The No. 7 Type is used to indicate four-party lines by using service plugs of different colors in holes that are drilled around the jack.
The No. 14 and 15 Types (used as out-of-service indicators) are inserted directly into the line jacks in place of plugs.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. 7 Type | No. 14 Type | No. 15 Type |
| Stock No. Code | Stock No. Code | Stock No. Code |
| 801526-000 (7-A) | $801531-000$ (14-A) | 801537-000 (15-A) |
| 801527-000 (7-B) | 801532-000 (14-B) | 801538-000 (15-B) |
| 801528-000 (7-C) | 801533-000 (14-C) | 801539-000 (15-C) |
| 801529-000 (7-D) | 801534-000 (14-D) | 801540-000 (15-D) |
| $801530-000$ (7-E) | 801535-000 (14-E) | 801541-000 (15-E) |
| 802769-000 (7-F) | 801536-000 (14-F) | 204349-000 (15-F) |

Above code letters indicate the following colors:

| A-Green <br> B——Red | C-Blue | E-Black |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type No. | Diameter <br> Service Plug | Fits Jack No. |

*When drilled for 4-Party Lines

## Plug Hole Blanks

Blanks that are used to fill the space of switchboard plugs and individual lamp sockets. This improves the appearance of the switchboard and prevents dust from settling in unequipped openings.


A Typical Plug Hole Blank

|  |  | Shank |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Stock No. | Code | Material | Diameter | Blank For |
| $1323-000$ | $(2)$ | Composition | .375 | 106, 108, 124 Jacks |
| $1513-000$ | $(3)$ | Composition | .375 | $12,18,33,34$ Plugs |
| $4415-000$ | $(5)$ | Composition | .477 | $34,99,102,119$ Keys |
| $7637-000$ | $(6)$ | Composition | .406 | $53,54,55,56,57,63$, |
|  |  |  |  | 64,65 |
| $12713-000$ | $(7)$ | Rubber | .347 | No. 12 Lamp Socket |
| $13940-000$ | $(8)$ | Composition | .453 | 142, 143, 144 Jacks |
|  |  |  |  | 12 L.S., 59 Plug |
| $15323-000$ | $(11)$ | Rubber | .650 | 310 Key |
| $21672-000$ | $(12)$ | Composition | .610 | No. 61 Plug |
| $32142-000$ | $(13-A)$ | Brass | .515 | $10,15,24,25,42$, |
| $32143-000$ | $(13-B)$ | Ox. Bronze | .515 | 43, 44, 53-X Plugs; |
|  |  |  |  | 6, 8 L.S. |
| $209398-000$ | $(13-C)$ | Brass, black | .515 | Toll Test Boards |
| $32144-000$ | $(14-A)$ | Brass | .500 | 158 Jack |
| $205515-000$ | $(14-C)$ | Brass, black | .500 | 120 Swbd. |

## RECEIVERS

## No. 29 Operator's Receiver

The No. 29 Head-Band Receiver is a component part of the No. 4 Operator's Breast Plate Telephone Set described in this section (F) under Operator's Telephone Sets.

This receiver is also used with suspended type operator's sets in connection with the No. 22 Transmitter which is suspended from an adjustable arm mounted on the roof of the switchboard cabinet. This is also shown under Operator's Telephone Sets.


No. 29 Operator's Receiver

All Stromberg-Carlson Switchboards are equipped with No. 93 four-point operator's Jacks. All four conductors are used for No. 4 Breast Plate Sets but only two conductors for the headband receivers when associated with suspended type transmitters.

A watch case receiver using silicon steel coil cores for high efficiency, and chrome alloy steel magnets to insure $\alpha$ definite and permanent magnetic field. The magnet and cores are held firmly in place by clamps to prevent the possibility of variation between pole pieces and diaphragm. Two coils, each wound to 65 Ohms provide a total resistance of 130 Ohms. Equipped with a sanitary, light weight, wire head band.

## Parts for No. 29 Operator's Receiver

For Suspended Operator's Sets

| Stock No. <br> $801592-000$ | Code <br> $(29)$ | Description <br> Receiver with head band (Less Cord) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 202926-000 | $(0-2-\mathrm{J})$ | $4^{\prime}$ Cord only (Two conductor) |

Stock No.
19279-000
18583-000
21433-000

## Other Parts

| Name | Used on |
| :--- | :--- |
| Headband | No. 29 Receiver |
| Ear Cap | No. 29 Receiver |
| Diaphragm | No. 29 Receiver |

Sub-Station Receivers

## No. 30 Type

The No. 30 Type Receiver is encased in a plastic shell and ear cap which covers a capsule unit that is firmly held in place by pressure contacts. The spool is assembled with a nonmetallic head to prevent eddy current losses and wound with high grade enameled copper wire.

The construction is simple and durable and years of service will not impair the highly efficient receiving qualities that are assured.


No. 30 Receiver

This receiver is used with old style wall sets and desk stands which have been generally superseded by the more modern handset telephones in either wall or desk types.

| Stock No. | Code | Name | Used with |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| *801593-000 | $(30)$ | Receiver | Wall Sets and Desk Stands |
| $801595-000$ | $(30-B)$ | Receiver | Iron-Clad Telephones |

*The No. 30 Receiver is furnished without cord.

| Assembly Parts |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code |  |  |  | Name | Receiver Used |
| $800655-000$ | $(M R-2-J)$ | $39^{\prime \prime}$ Cord | No. 30-A |  |  |  |
| $800627-000$ | $(M-2-1)$ | $22^{\prime \prime}$ Cord | No. 30-B |  |  |  |
| $33179-000$ |  | Casing | No. 30-A, 30-B |  |  |  |
| $32864-000$ |  | Earcap | No. 30-A, 30-B |  |  |  |
| $34230-000$ |  | Capsule Unit | No. 30-A, 30-B |  |  |  |

## RECEIVERS (Cont.)

## Handset Receivers



No. 26 Handset


No. 27 Handset

## No. 31 Capsule Type Receiver

The No. 31 receiver is also a capsule type receiver used in older handsets, the Nos. 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24. This receiver is non-positional, simply drop it into the receiver cavity and screw the earcap tightly. Contact is made through pressure springs attached to the handset in the receiver cavity.

## No. 211881-000 Capsule Type

This receiver is used in the Stromberg-Carlson Nos. 27 and 29 Handsets which are the handsets for the 1543-W Telephones. Comes equipped with a varistor which reduces noise and other interferences.

## Present Handset Receivers

| Stock No. | Code | Description | Handsets Used |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 1 0 2 7 8 - 0 0 0}$ | (32) | Capsule Type Receiver | 26, 28 |
| $\mathbf{2 1 1 8 8 1 - 0 0 0}$ | (33) | Capsule Type Receiver | 27, 29, 31, 34 |
| $\mathbf{3 4 2 3 0 - 0 0 0}$ | (31) | Capsule Type Receiver | 18, 19, 20, 21, |
| $2122,23,24$ |  |  |  |

## GENERAL INDEX

A complete alphabetical index with cross references for all the products shown in this section or any of the other sections will be found in the center of this catalog.

## RELAYS AND RELAY COILS

The relays listed in this Catalog are adapted for use in telephone communication, signalling, and remote control circuits. By combining standard spring combinations and coils an endless variety of assemblies may be had, covering a wide range of characteristics, operating voltages, and contact arrangements for both direct current relays and alternating current relays.
In designing Stromberg-Carlson Relays particular care has been taken to incorporate features which will meet specific requirements. Line relays are made compact and sensitive, while cord circuit relays are built to carry several easily adjusted spring combinations with contacts that are plainly visible.

## Ordering Information

When ordering relays for Stromberg-Carlson Switchboards, the number of the circuit in which they are used should always be shown. This information is required for adjusting current flow values which should be the same as originally determined to assure uniform operation.

If unable to specify the code number in ordering relays, provide the following information on such points as apply to the particular item you desire. This information is necessary to properly edit factory orders.

1. Kind of operating current-Direct or Alternating-state frequency.
2. Operating voltage or current.
3. Single, tandem, or concentric winding.
4. Resistance, if known.
5. Quick or Slow Acting.
6. Continuous or Periodic Operation.
7. Number and type of spring combinations.
8. Amount of current contacts must carry and whether inductive or non-inductive.
9. Type of mounting and casing desired.

No. 190 Type Relays


The No. 190 Type of Relay is used in line circuits-for both PBX and Multiple Switchboards. This type relay's outstanding features are:
HIGH EFFICIENCY-The very high efficiency of this relay is obtained by combining the armature and the traveling contact spring into one element. This construction requires less magnetic effort for operating contacts in telephone circuits. The efficiency of this relay is further increased by fastening the armature rigidly and metallically to one end of the relay's core.
COMPACTNESS-But one-third to one-half of the space is required for this relay that is required for other types of relays. Obviously, this compactness permits closer mounting centers which means a marked saving of space either in the switchboard section or on the relay racks in the terminal room.
LIGHT WEIGHT-This relay is the lightest in weight of any of the standard relays, which means easier handling during installation and less danger of the relay's breaking loose from its mounting during shipment.
ACCESSIBILITY-All contacts are at the extreme front end, easily inspected, easily adjusted, and easily tested, even when the relays are mounted on the closest possible centers.

Parts Drawing of No. 190 Type Relay


RELIABILITY-Owing to simplicity of construction, the use of high grade materials, and careful manufacture, this relay is unsurpassed for reliable operation. Many exchanges completely equipped with No. 190 Type Line Relays report that relay trouble is negligible and that relay casings are seldom removed. This reliability is due to the following conditions:

1. The armature construction does not permit binding or getting out of alignment.
2. The phenolic spool heads and spring insulations provide good insulation that is neither hygroscopic nor affected by temperature changes.
3. The windings are of the best grade of commercially pure, heavily enameled copper wire.

| Stock No. | Code | Approx. Ohms <br> Resistance | Spring <br> Arrangement | Stock No. <br> Coil only |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $802772-000$ | $(192-A)$ | $100 \times 670$ | One make | $12233-000$ |
| $802773-000$ | $(193-A)$ | 320 | One make | $12234-000$ |
| $802774-000$ | $(193-B B)$ | 320 | Two breaks | $12234-000$ |
| $802775-000$ | $(194-A)$ | 800 | One make | $12235-000$ |
| $802776-000$ | $(194-\mathrm{C})$ | 800 | One-break- | $12235-000$ |
|  |  |  | make |  |
| $803052-000$ | $(194-1-B B)$ | 800 | Two breaks | $12235-000$ |
| $802777-000$ | $(195-A)$ | $320-1000$ N.I. | One make | $12265-000$ |
| $200580-000$ | $(197-B B)$ | 34 | Two breaks | $19075-000$ |
| $802950-000$ | $(198-A)$ | $400 \times 400$ | One make | $21587-000$ |
| $802778-000$ | $(199-B B)$ | 320 | Two breaks | $12234-000$ |

Under the heading "Relay Casings" dust proof covers are shown that will accommodate groups of 20,40 or 50 No. 190 Type Relays.

## RELAYS AND RELAY COILS (Cont.)

## No. 200 Type D.C. Relays

This Relay is especially designed for circuits requiring:

1. Several windings
2. High impedances
3. Large winding spaces
4. Timing of relay's action

> 5. Diversity of spring combinations


The features of this relay are:
Efficient Magnetic Circuit.
Pin-pivoted, definitely located armature of the "L" type.
Adjustable residual screw in armature.
Facilities for the quick removal of the relay's coil. Visible contacts located at the front end of the relay. Phenol fibre spring insulation.
Coils with formica heads.

## How to Order No. 200 D.C. Type Relays

The scheme for coding No. 200 Type Relays provides for assigning group numbers for the various styles of windings, viz.: "single wound," "tandem wound," "concentric wound," "slow release," and "slow operating." These numbers are followed by letters indicating the spring combination desired. (See table of Relays Less Springs for code numbers used and diagrams for spring combinations.)

## Examples

Code No. 205-AB Relay
This specifies a single wound relay, 200 ohms resistance, (see table for single wound relays) having springs with one make contact (A) and one break contact (B).

## Code No. 242-CC Relay

This specifies a concentric wound relay, 1000 ohms inductive and 100 ohms non-inductive, (see table for concentric wound relays) having two sets of break-make contacts.
The number indicates the resistance and type of winding; the letter or letters indicate the spring combinations.

All Stromberg-Carlson relays use a phenolic head and have no freeze on end of core. (Formerly indicated by letter Z in code.)

The No. 200 Type Relay may be furnished with 1, 2, or 3 sets of spring combinations which will be mounted in alphabetical order from left to right looking at the terminal end of the relayexcept for relays with 3 spring combinations having 2 combinations alike, then the odd combination shall be mounted in the middle.

## Spring Designations

Standard spring combinations are designated by affixing the following letters to " 200 Type" relay code numbers which indicate style of winding and resistance only. " Y " means light springs.
*A One make D One make before break
*B One break EY One double make
*C One break-make FY One break and double make
G One break and make before break
*H Two makes K Two breaks
L One make and one break
M One break-make and one make
*N One break-make and one break
O One make before break and one make
PY One break and double make
*Q One make and one break (sequence)
R One break-make, heavy contacts
sY One make, heavy contacts
TY One double make, heavy contacts
U Make before break and delayed break
Light (Y) Springs
*These combinations can also be furnished with light springs by adding the letter " Y " to the letters of the regular spring combinations, as: AY, BY, CY, HY, NY, QY.

## No. 200 Type D.C. Relays

The following Stromberg-Carlson relay parts do not include spring combinations.

Springs as required must be specified with the Code No. when complete relays are desired. Coils only, are shown under their proper Stock Numbers.

## Single Wound Coil One Inductive Winding



Slow Release, Single Coil with Copper Sleeve One Inductive Winding

| Code No. | Relays Less Springs <br> Approx. Ohms Resistance | Coil only <br> Stock No. |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 261 | 100 | $15429-000$ |
| 262 | 200 | $15430-000$ |
| 263 | 500 | $15431-000$ |
| 264 | 1000 | $15432-000$ |
| 265 | 50 | $15433-000$ |
| 266 | 23 | $202167-000$ |
| 267 | 5000 | $202453-000$ |

## RELAYS AND RELAY COILS (Cont.)

## No. 200 Type D.C. Relays (Cont.)



Tandem Wound Coils

## Tandem Wound Coils

Tandem coils have a rear winding (1-2) which is at the terminal end and an adjacent front winding (3-4) which is at the armature end.

| Two Inductive Windings (Tandem) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code No. | Relays Less Springs <br> Approx. Ohms Resistance | Coil only <br> Stock No. |  |
| 221 | $65-65$ | Balanced Inductance | $12286-000$ |
| 222 | $100-100$ | Balanced Inductance | $12287-000$ |
| 223 | $200-200$ | Balanced Inductance | $12288-000$ |
| 224 | $500-500$ |  | $12289-000$ |
| 225 | $1000-1000$ |  | $12290-000$ |
| 226 | $50-50$ | Balanced Inductance | $12291-000$ |
| 227 | $100-250$ |  | $12292-000$ |
| 228 | $75-75$ | Balanced Inductance | $12293-000$ |
| 229 | $200-2000$ | $12294-000$ |  |
| 231 | $500-1000$ | $12295-000$ |  |
| 232 | $400-400$ | $12296-000$ |  |

## Concentric Wound Coils

The first winding (1-2) of concentric coils is next to the core, and the second winding (3-4) is on the outside.

| One Inductive- | One Non-Inductive <br> (Concentric) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code No. Winding |  |



No. 300 Type Relay

This relay which mounts the same as the No. 200 Type, is especially designed for actuating contacts, without vibration, when alternating, pulsating or superimposed ringing current is used.

The No. 300 Type Relay can be furnished either separately as a non-locking relay or as a ring up locking relay when associated with a No. 200 Type Relay having the letter " X " affixed to the Code number.

## RELAYS AND COILS (Cont.)

## No. 300 Type Relays (Cont.)

The following spring combinations for No. 300 Type non-locking and locking relays are standard:

| Non-Locking | Locking |
| :--- | :--- |
| A-One make <br> A-One make lock with armature |  |
| B-One break | *AX-One make and one locking |
| armature make |  |

## Example

1 - No. 306-AX Relay consisting of:
1 - No. 306 Coil ( 500 Ohms) and frame
1 - "AX" Spring Combination
Associated With
1 - No. 204-BBX Relay consisting of:
1 - No. 204 Coil ( 100 Ohms) and frame
1 - "X" Armature
1 - "BB" Spring Combination
Code No.

| No. 300 Type Relay |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Relays Less Springs <br> Approx. Ohms | Winding |
| 500 | Single |
| 1000 | Single |
| $400-500$ | Concentric |

## Coil only

 Coil only Stock No.$15220-000$ 15221-000 15222-000
Above Code numbers cover coils of designated resistances and relay frames only. To make complete relays, springs should be added to meet requirements.

## No. 320 Type Relay

This relay has been replaced by the No. 300 Type. It was formerly used as a ring up or drop relay on magneto lamp line circuits and consisted of two interacting relays-one actuated by alternating and the other by direct current.

## No. 340 Type Relay

A polarized type relay which is used in cases where reversal of battery polarity is required for signalling purposes. These relays are especially sensitive to low currents.
The No. 340 Type Relay has two coils and mounts the same as two No. 200 Type Relays. Furnished only with the following spring combinations:

| Code No. | Resistance <br> Total |  | One Coil |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | ---: | Spring Combination | Coil only |
| :---: |
| Stock No. |

*These relays have contacts insulated from the armature. They can be wired for " $A$ " (one make) and " $B$ " (one break), or " $C$ " (one break-make) Spring Combination.

## No. 360 Type Relay

This relay, like the No. 300 Type, is adapted for use with alternating, pulsating or superimposed ringing. Unlike the " 300 " Relay, however, the No. 360 Type has an adjustable armature loaded with $\alpha$ copper weight. This relay is equipped with an "A" (make) spring combination.

| Code No. | Spring <br> Combination | Resist. <br> Ohms | Operation | Coil Only <br> Stock No. |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 366-A | One make | 500 | Non-Locking | $\mathbf{1 5 2 2 0 - 0 0 0}$ |
| 367-A | One make | 1000 | Non-Locking | $\mathbf{1 5 2 2 1 - 0 0 0}$ |

## No. 370 Type

This type includes the No. 371 Relay which has been discontinued and replaced by No. 372 Type. Designed for toll circuit operation.

|  | Resistance |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code No. | Total | Per Coil | Spring Combination |
| 372 | 3200 | 1600 | Break-make |

## No. 375 Type Relay

This is a concentric wound relay designed primarily for use with universal cord circuits. A quad coil is used consisting of three inductive and one non-inductive winding of the following resistances:

| Code No. | Resistance Ohms | *Spring Combination | Coil Only Stock No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 375-W | 75-175-700-2200 N.I. |  | 205103-000 |
| 376-WCBY | 75-175-700-2200 N.I. | One break-make One break | $205103-000$ |
| 377-WCYCY | 75-175-700-2200 N.I. | Two break-make | 205103-000 |
| 378-W | 150-225-700-2200 N.I. |  | 38506-000 |
| 379-WCY | 150-225-700-2200 N.I. | One break-make | 38506-000 |
| 385-WFYCY | 75-175-400-400 N.I. | One break and | 200575-000 |
|  |  | double make One break-m | ake |

Code Number Resistance Stock No
386-W 100-100, 700-200 NI 203405-000 Coil 387-W 200-200, 700-200 NI 203404-000 Coil 388-WCY 100-100, 700-200 NI 203405-000 Coil 389-WCY 200-200, 700-200 NI 203404-000 Coil NOTE: The letter " $W$ " indicates that these relays are equipped with anti-wear pins.
*Center spring combination should be specified in ordering this type of relay.

## No. 380 Type Relay

This type of relay is used in line and supervisory pilot circuits or in any other places where high sensitivity is essential. A micrometer screw adjustment assures accuracy and when used for supervisory purposes the transmission loss is extremely low.

| Stock No. | Code | Coil Stock No. | Resistance |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| $803103-000$ | $(381-\mathrm{A})$ | $44356-000$ | 1.7 Ohms |
| $208075-000$ | $(382-\mathrm{A})$ | $\mathbf{2 0 8 0 7 6 - 0 0 0}$ | 1000 Ohms |
| $38308-000$ | $(383-\mathrm{C})$ | $\mathbf{2 1 1 9 0 8 - 0 0 0}$ | $16.4-36-\mathrm{NI}-14 \mathrm{NI}$ |
| $211909-000$ | $(384-\mathrm{C})$ | $211910-000$ | $26-26$ Ohms |
|  | No. 390 Type Relay |  |  |

This is a relay having a three winding coil, designed primarily for use in cord circuits.

| Code No. | Resistance | Stock No. of Coil |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| $391-W$ | $100-600-250$ N.I. | $204471-000$ |

## TYPE "A", "B", AND "C" RELAYS

These relays are designed to meet the exacting requirements of telephone switching systems. The " A ," " B ," and " C " relays were subjected to many severe tests before the complete design was approved and only after it had been actually demonstrated that this apparatus would meet every field condition that might be encountered. In addition, life tests were run over millions of cycles of operation, cycles of temperature ranging from $-40^{\circ}$ to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ and cycles of relative humidity exceeding $90 \%$. Vibration tests were also made, similar to those applied to aeronautical equipment.

New processes of production have been developed which provide maximum spring stability and at the same time easier and more permanent contact adjustment. Spring combinations and coils have been standardized which increase the supply of available parts to facilitate deliveries of these items as well as the complete equipments with which they are used. Although exhaustive tests indicate long life, reliability and trouble-free operation,
there may be cause for occasional relay adjustments in the field. Some operating conditions are more severe than average and some relays in a system are subject to considerably more wear than others. For these reasons particular care has been taken to develop a design that permits easy removal of functional parts and any adjustment that may be necessary for perfect operation.

## Type "A" Relays

The Type " $A$ " is a general-purpose telephone relay used in XY Systems or in other places where similar operating conditions exist. This relay will give reliable service under ordinary conditions or in damp climates, due to the use of carefully selected insulating materials and special treatment to prevent failures caused by electrolysis and corrosion.

## The Frame

The plated frame increases bearing life by preventing corrosion and at the same time makes an attractive finish. This frame, together with the core and armature form an efficient magnetic circuit of the conventional telephone-relay type. The conditions. The wire, itself, is carefully inspected for quality and uniformly highgrade insulation. The core is threaded and securely attached to the frame of the relay by means of a nut which permits easy removal of the coil.

## The Armature

The armature is L-shaped and designed so as to operate on a knife-edge pivot. It is held in place by a non-adjustable spring retainer that is welded to the frame. This retainer rests on the axis of rotation of the armature which permits it to move with the least possible friction without interfering with its easy removal. With this method of construction side play is virtually eliminated. The armature travel is adjusted by means of an armature support which also acts as a stiffener to prevent distortion and any lost motion at the spring contacts. The spring combinations are mounted in two stacks, one on the right side and the other on the left side of the spring mounting plate. The top clamping plate bridges and covers both spring stacks which provides great mounting stability as well as over-all mechanical protection to the springs. Spring combinations of Type " $A$ " Relays may also be mounted in one stack. The equivalent of 12 "make" contacts may be mounted on each Type "A" Relay although this number may be increased to 20 when sufficient mounting space is available. Twin contacts of precious metal are carried by two lines on each spring, which assures unfailing operation. Stability of contact adjustment is maintained

by a rigid mechanical arrangement in which the heavy stationary springs are properly located by a stepped phenolic spring stop. This stop and associated springs are supported by a clamping plate which is securely attached to the relay frame by a mounting screw and metal spacer. This construction holds the heavy springs firmly in position at a point near the contact end and gives the whole pile-up greater stability.

## The Spring Pushers

A continuous single-piece spring pusher of phenolic material permits each moving spring to operate individually as a cantilever beam. This unimpeded action reduces friction and prevents one spring from interfering with the proper operation of other springs in the pile-up.

## TYPE "A", "B", AND "C" RELAYS (Cont.) <br> Basic Spring Combinations <br> For Pile-Ups in Type " $A$ " Relays

When ordering spring combinations, simply refer to these illustrations and specify the number of assemblies of each form desired.

Assemblies are always arranged in our standard sequence; therefore special arrangements should not be specified unless required, and will be subject to special ordering.

Under certain conditions a preliminary "make" or "break make" may be required, and these are specified as "Xa" or "Xc." If heavy duty type contacts are required these are specified as "HA," "HB," or "HC" and will come equipped with a single larger sized contact in place of the twin type contacts.


A few of the most commonly used Spring Combinations

## Twin-Type Contacts

Stromberg-Carlson Type " $A$ " Relays are equipped with the well known twin contacts of precious metal (shown at right). The twin contacts have the advantage in permitting greater reliability over single contacts (figures based on calculated tables show that twin type contacts fail only twice in a million operations). Contact material is precious metal, assuring excellent noise-free contacts of low resistance and long life.


Type " $A$ " relays may be equipped with any of the following armature assemblies:
(1) Standard armature ratio with standard adjustable residual (anti-freeze) screw. This armature is suitable for all general purpose relays requiring an adjustable residual.
(3) Standard armature ratio with $.004^{\prime \prime}$ thick welded residual. This armature is suitable for all general purpose relays not requiring an adjustable residual.
(6) Standard armature ratio with large diameter adjustable residual screw. This armature is used on "pulsing" relays.
(5) Short-lever ratio armature with standard adjustable residual screw. This armature is used when a longer release delay time is desired than that which can be obtained with standard armatures.

Note-The numbers $1,3,6$, and 5 preceding the armature descriptions refer to the reference chart B-359, StrombergCarlson Engineering Data.

## COILS FOR TYPE "A" RELAYS



CO D
E

## COILS FOR TYPE "A" RELAYS

Two Inductive Windings - Concentric Wound

|  | $11 / 4$ " Heel-End Slug (SR-2) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Stock No. Coil | Approx. Ohms <br> Resistance | Stock No. Coil | Approx. Ohms <br> Resistance |
| $\mathbf{3 6 9 4 2 - 0 0 0}$ | $2.2 \times 985$ | $36945-000$ | $250 \times 595$ |
| $\mathbf{3 6 9 4 3 - 0 0 0}$ | $7.7 \times 985$ | $36944-000$ | $640 \times 985$ |

36946-000
$1 / 2$ " Armature End Slug (SO-1)
Stock No. Coil
$36939-000$
$36940-000$
$36933-000$
$36932-000$

| Approx. Ohms |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Resistance | Stock No. Coil |
| $20 \times 1525$ | $\mathbf{3 6 9 3 4 - 0 0 0}$ |
| $159 \times 350$ | $\mathbf{3 6 9 3 5 - 0 0 0}$ |
| $159 \times 909$ | $\mathbf{3 6 9 3 1 - 0 0 0}$ |
| $595 \times 909$ |  |

1 $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ Armature End Slug (SO-2)

|  | $11 / 4 "$ Armature End Slug (SO-2) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
|  | Approx. Ohms |  | Approx. Ohms |
| Stock No. Coil | Resistance | Stock No. Coil | Resistance |
| $36938-000$ | $250 \times 595$ | $36936-000$ | $640 \times 985$ |
| $36937-000$ | $250 \times 985$ |  |  |

Two Inductive Windings - Concentric Wound
1/2" Diameter Sleeve (SL-1)

| Stock No. Coil | Approx. Ohms <br> Resistance | Stock No. Coil | Approx. Ohms <br> Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 209618-000 | $220 \times 250$ | $\mathbf{3 6 9 2 8 - 0 0 0}$ | $1220 \times 1250$ |
| $\mathbf{3 6 9 3 0 - 0 0 0}$ | $300 \times 600$ |  |  |

Nickel-Steel Sleeve (SL-3)

|  | Approx. Ohms <br> Resistance | Stock No. Coil |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. Coil | Approx. Ohms <br> Resistance |  |
| $36925-000$ | $3 \times 490$ | $36977-000$ |

$1 / 2$ Armature End Slug and
$7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ Diameter Sleeve (RT-1)
Stock No. Coil
$36927-000$
$36947-000$
$209616-000$

| Approx. Ohms <br> Resistance | Stock No. Coil |
| :---: | :---: |
| $150 \times 750$ | $\mathbf{3 6 9 2 9 - 0 0 0}$ |
| $180 \times 198$ | $36926-000$ |

Approx. Ohms
Resistance
$180 \times 980$
$220 \times 1000$

One Inductive - One Non-Inductive Winding
Standard Spool (ST)

| Stock No. Coil | Approx. Ohms Resistance | Stock No. Coil | Approx. Ohms Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36907-000 | 5 x 500 N.I. | 36237-000 | $1310 \times 500$ N.I. |
| 36975-000 | $24.2 \times 700$ N.I. | 36238-000 | $1310 \times 700$ N.I. |
| 36906-000 | $214 \times 800$ N.I. | 36234-000 | $1310 \times 800$ N.I. |
| 36910-000 | $214 \times 1000$ N.I. | 36229-000 | $1310 \times 1000$ N.I. |
| 36218-000 | $320 \times 2000$ N.I. | 36230-000 | $1310 \times 1500$ N.I. |
| 36223-000 | $332 \times 500$ N.I. | 36224-000 | $1310 \times 2000$ N.I. |
| 36221-000 | $514 \times 500$ N.I. | 36239-000 | $1310 \times 3000$ N.I. |
| 36913-000 | $514 \times 1000$ N.I. | 36235-000 | $1310 \times 4000$ N.I. |
| 36917-000 | $514 \times 2000$ N.I. | 36231-000 | $2000 \times 300$ N.I. |
| 36912-000 | $514 \times 3500$ N.I. | 36219-000 | $2000 \times 400$ N.I. |
| 36911-000 | $514 \times 4500$ N.I. | 36919-000 | $2000 \times 500$ N.I. |
| 36918-000 | $514 \times 5000$ N.I. | 36233-000 | $2000 \times 800$ N.I. |
| 36908-000 | $800 \times 500$ N.I. | 36914-000 | $2000 \times 1000$ N.I. |
| 36222-000 | $800 \times 800$ N.I. | 36220-000 | $2000 \times 1100$ N.I. |
| 36226-000 | $800 \times 1000$ N.I. | 36920-000 | $2000 \times 2000$ N.I. |
| 36916-000 | $800 \times 2000$ N.I. | 36236-000 | $2000 \times 3000$ N.I. |
| 36228-000 | $800 \times 3500$ N.I. | 36232-000 | $2000 \times 3500$ N.I. |
| 36225-000 | $800 \times 5000$ N.I. | 36909-000 | $2000 \times 4000$ N.I. |
| 36227-000 | $1200 \times 800$ N.I. | 36915-000 | $2000 \times 5000$ N.I. |

Two Inductive Windings - Parallel Wound Standard Spool (ST)

| Stock No. Coil | Approx. Ohms Resistance | Stock No. Coil | Approx. Ohms <br> Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36951-000 | $20 \times 20$ | 200005-062 | $200 \times 200$ |
| 36953-000 | $34 \times 34$ | 36963-000 | $280 \times 280$ |
| 36955-000 | $50 \times 50$ | 36965-000 | $425 \times 425$ |
| 36957-000 | $70 \times 70$ | 36956-000 | $1000 \times 1000$ |
| 36959-000 | $110 \times 110$ | 36954-000 | $1060 \times 1060$ |
| 36961-000 | $175 \times 175$ | 36969-000 | $1200 \times 1200$ |
| 36967-000 | $200 \times 200$ | 36952-000 | $1750 \times 1750$ |
| Nickel-Steel Sleeve (SL-3) |  |  |  |
| Stock No. Coil | Approx. Ohms Resistance |  |  |
| 200005-072 |  | $200 \times 200$ |  |
| Three Inductive Windings Standard Spool (ST) |  |  |  |
| Stock No. Coil | Approx. Ohms Resistance | Stock No. Coil | Approx. Ohms Resistance |
| 36973-000 | . $1 \times 14 \times 3000$ | 36971-000 | $865 \times 1235 \times 1400$ |
| 36972-000 | $540 \times 740 \times 700$ |  |  |
| One Inductive - Two Non-Inductive Windings Standard Spool (ST) |  |  |  |
| Stock No. Coil | Approx. Ohms Resistance |  |  |
| 36980-000 | $514 \times 4500$ N.I. x 1000 N.I. |  |  |

## To Order A Type "A" Relay

(1) Select the desired spring combination from the information given on page 77f.
(2) Next, specify the armature desired from the various types listed in the section on armatures. For most general applications the standard ratio armature with adjustable residual screw (code l) is satisfactory, and will be supplied unless otherwise noted.
(3) Select the coil desired from those listed on pages immediately above and preceding. Special coils can be wound to order if necessary to meet unusual operating conditions. All such orders are subject to delay.
Unless the coil resistance is very important, it is better merely to specify the operating voltage and our engineers will select the most suitable coil for your requirements.

Revised 1-1-61

## TYPE "A", "B", AND "C" RELAYS (Cont.) <br> Type "B" Multi-Contact Relays

These are multi-contact units used in switching systems where reliable operation of a large number of contacts is essential. The Type " $B$ " Relay will accommodate six stacks of spring combinations which are the same as the basic combinations used with Type " $A$ " Relays. The use of twin precious metal contacts assures long life and reliable operation.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { A-Make Contact } & \text { C-Break-make contact } \\
\text { B-Break Contact } & \text { D-Make-before-break contact }
\end{array}
$$

The Type "B" Relay has a capacity of 60 " $A$ " (make) contacts or the equivalent in other basic combinations as previously described. Due to special construction, the space occupied by the six-spring pile-ups is unusually small which makes this relay particularly desirable for group mounting.

Other component parts of the "B" Relay are similar to those of the Type " $A$ " with the exception of the L Type armature and spring retainer which are necessarily of different design on account of the heavy spring load which is characteristic of multi-contact units.

The special frame-armature construction design of the Type " $B$ " Relay provides $\alpha$ solid bearing for the armature which prevents "rocking" or bending under the large spring load that has to be carried. Lost motion at the contacts is counteracted by stiffening the armature with a support which is also used for adjusting armature travel. Inasmuch as a greater force is required to hold the armature in place than in the case of " A " Relays, $\alpha$ different type of spring retainer must be used. (See illustration) This is a screw-and-coil-spring retainer especially designed to reduce the friction which is very small indeed compared with the heavy load that is carried.

Large leverage in the armature has also been retained in the Type " $B$ " Relay and this provides the necessary long motion of the contact springs which permits them to operate individually like canti-lever beams. As in the case of the " $A$ " Relay. a stepped phenolic single-piece spring pusher assures independent spring action so that the operation of one spring does not affect the operation of any other spring in the pile-up.

## Types of "B" Relay Coils

Stock No.
Approx. Resistance Stock No. Approx. Resistance

| $36986-000$ | 728 Ohms | $36989-000$ | 1070 Ohms |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $36987-000$ | 175 Ohms | $36990-000$ | 2780 Ohms |
| $36988-000$ | 79 Ohms |  |  |

Listed below are a few of the commonly used spring combinations with associated stock numbers. There are many other arrangements (not listed) of A, B, C, or D spring combinations that can be used and should be specified when ordering.

| Spring Combinations |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Total <br> Make, Break-Make <br> Combinations | No. of Groups | Type per Group |  |
| 24 | 3 | $8-A ' s$ | Stock No. |
| 36 | 3 | $10-A \cdot s$ | $36040-000$ |
| 30 | 3 | $12-A ' s$ | $36048-000$ |
| 36 | 3 | $14-A ' s$ | $36049-000$ |
| 42 | 3 | $16-A ' s$ | $36050-000$ |
| 48 | 3 | $18-A ' s$ | $36051-000$ |
| 54 | 3 | $8-C ' s$ | $351802-000$ |



Stromberg-Carlson Type "B" Relay

Revised 1-1-61

## MOUNTING INFORMATION ON TYPE "A", "B", \& "C" RELAYS Type "A"


*The "X" dimension increases $1 / 32$ " when a preliminary "Make," "Break" or "BreakMake" combination is used.

# CODED PARTS.0.3f 

## MOUNTING INFORMATION (Cont.)



Type "B" Relays mount with two No. 8-32 screws. Dimension "X' varies from 49/64" (minimum height) for relays with $\alpha$ total of

24 make combinations or equivalent to $1 \frac{13 / 32}{}$ (maximum height) for relays with a total of 60 make combinations or equivalent.

## RELAY MOUNTING STRIPS

 for Type " $A$ ", "B", \& "C" Relays

For use when fastening with screws in end holes.

| No. of Relays |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | "A" Type or "C" | Type | Length* | Mtg. "Centers |
| 206326-000 | 3 | 1 | 4 " | $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 204904-000 | 6 | 2 | 7" | $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 206437-000 | 8 | 2 | 9"' | $81 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 209558-000 | 10 | 3 | 11" | 101/2" |
| 209278-000 | 24 | 8 | $25^{\prime \prime}$ | $241 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |



Stock No.
2041
480209-000
204056-000
204274-000
481348-000
484921-000
204173-000

| No. of Relays <br> Type " $A$ " or " $C$ " | ype "B" |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 1 |
| 4 | 1 |
| 6 | 2 |
| 7 | 2 |
| 8 | 2 |
| 9 | 3 |
| 10 | 3 |

Length*
"' ${ }^{\prime \prime}$
$3^{\prime \prime}$
$4^{\prime \prime}$
$6^{\prime \prime}$
$7^{\prime \prime}$
$8^{\prime \prime}$
$912^{\prime \prime}$
$10^{\prime \prime}$

Stock No 480812-000 483865-000 484726-000

| Type "A. of Relays |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 15 | Type " C "' |
| 16 | 5 |
| 18 | 5 |
|  | 6 |

Length " ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ "
$15^{\prime \prime}$
$16{ }^{\prime \prime}$
$18^{\prime \prime}$
*Lengths other than listed up to a maximum of 36 " may be obtained on special order. The maximum length ( $36^{\prime \prime}$ ) will hold up to 36 Type " $A$ " or " $C$ " or 12 Type " $B$ " when butt-welded.

## TWIN TYPE "C" RELAY

The Twin Type "C" Relay is designed to mount two coils and their associated spring combinations in the same space and on the same mounting as a standard Type " $A$ " Relay, with 2 \#8-32 screws. This relay was originally designed for use in line circuits where its small size results in considerable savings in space. Since it has proven so successful in its original application, it has been used wherever its small size is an advantage and where higher resistances are not a factor.

## Coils



Type "C" Relay

## The Frame

Since this relay has been designed specifically to use one frame for two relays, no sacrifice in strength and rigidity was made, as would have been necessary if an individual frame was made for each relay. This heavy frame therefore provides an excellent magnetic path.

## Armatures

The hard drawn bearing pins operating in the brass yoke provide excellent bearings of low friction and long life.

Two lever ratios are available. The standard ratio is for quick acting; the "short-lever ratio" is for slow release type relays. Any combination can be supplied: two standard; one standard and one slow release; or two slow release.

Any of these armatures can be supplied with either an adjustable residual screw or a welded residual disc $.004^{\prime \prime}$ thick.

## Spring Combination

The Twin Relay employs the same structure as used on the Type "A" Relay. Similar combinations are available except that the maximum number of springs for each side of the Twin Relay is less. Normally six "makes" (A), or equivalent, can be mounted on each side; or if sufficient mounting room is available, up to a maximum of 10 "makes" or equivalent can be supplied on each relay.
The same highly efficient single continuous spring pusher is used, assuring long life with very little spring adjustment. The contacts are twin type, of the dome design. Contact material is precious metal, assuring excellent noise-free contacts of low resistance and long life.

Twin Relays use the same sturdy clamp plate as the " $A$ " Relay in their spring pile-ups. This covers the entire spring combination of the Twin Relay and protects the springs from accidental damage.

The coils are wound with highest grade copper wire with double enamel insulation. Coils are tested for 500 volt AC breakdown between windings and core.

The coils can be supplied with copper "slugs" for delayed action.

Windings up to 1200 ohms are available with standard "quick acting" coils, and up to 830 ohms with slow acting coils having a $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ copper slug. Due to the limited amount of room for terminals, only one winding is available on each coil.

It is easy to remove and replace coils.


## Adjustment

The relays are completely factory adjusted to very exacting limits, ready for immediate use, and during their normal life they will not usually require any readjustment. In extreme cases, some adjustment may be necessary and the relay is designed so that such readjustment may be made easily in the field.

## Ordering Information

As viewed from the front, or armature end, with the contact springs up, the armature, coil and combination to the viewer's right is designated as the right-hand relay and the one to his left as the left-hand relay. In ordering a Twin Relay, specify by letter designations for both the right and left sides, exactly what spring combination is desired (see information on page 77 f covering " $A$ " Relays); what coil is desired (see information on coils above); whether $\alpha$ "standard" or "slow-release" armature; and whether an adjustable residual screw or fixed residual is desired. If the resistances of the coils are not important, it usually is better to specify the operating voltage and the proper coils for operating the combinations specified will be supplied.

## RELAY CASINGS

These are light-finished sheet steel casings for covering individual relays or groups of relays. They are used with various types of standard relay mountings and effectively protect the apparatus from dust and mechanical injury.


No. 25 Relay Casing

*No. 25 Casing with 4 " shell may be used for replacement on all Stromberg-Carlson Switchboards.

## RELAY MOUNTINGS

Stromberg-Carlson Type "A", "B", and "C" Relays are usually mounted on circuit plate mountings. These mountings are
grouped as to size and use and are listed in the following tables:

Mountings for Type " $A$ ", " $B$ ", and " $C$ " Relays
The following is a list of Mountings for Composite CX Equipment

Stock No. 480504-000 480590-000 480594-000
*482869-000

Stock No
448504-000 448505-000

Stock No.
448501-000

Stock No.
447501-000
447511-000
447521-000
447541-000
447502-000
447512-000
447522-000

Number and
7 A or C
14 A or C
21 A or C, or 7 B 28 A or C
Cover Assembly
$484505-000$
$480507-000$

$484518-000$
None or
$\dagger 482887-000$
$\dagger 482887-000$

Mounting Centers Inches
$183 / 8$
183/

183/8

| Length <br> Inches | Width <br> Inches |
| :---: | :--- |
| 19 | $11 / 16$ |
| 19 | $33 / 8$ |
| 19 | $51 / 8$ |
| 19 | $61 / 8$ |

The following is a list of Mountings for Manual Switchboards
Cover Assembly
$448704-000$
$448704-000$
Mounting Centers
Inches
$193 / 4$

| Length | Width |
| :--- | ---: |
| Inches | Inches |
| $201 / 4$ | $29 / 16$ |
| $201 / 4$ | 2916 |

The following is a list of Mountings for Testing Equipment

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Number and } \\
& \text { Type of Relays } \\
& 18 \mathrm{~A} \text { or } \mathrm{C}
\end{aligned}
$$

Mounting Centers
Inches
Inches $201 / 2$
Length
Inches
21

21
$119 / 32$

The following is a list of Mountings for XY Shelf Equipment
Number and
Type of Relays
10 A or C
20 A or C
30 A or C , or
10 B
40 A or C
15 A or C
20 A or C
45 A or C , or
15 B
a list of Mount
Cover Assembly
$447611-000$
$447612-000$
$447613-000$
$447614-000$
$447615-000$
$447616-000$
$447617-000$

| Length <br> Inches | Width <br> Inches |
| :---: | :---: |
| $271 / 2$ | $113 / 64$ |
| $271 / 2$ | $31 / 16$ |
|  |  |
| $271 / 2$ | $441 / 64$ |
| $271 / 2$ | $67 / 32$ |
| $381 / 2$ | $113 / 64$ |
| $381 / 2$ | $31 / 16$ |
| $381 / 2$ | $441 / 64$ |

$\dagger$ Has one cut-out for make busy and test unit
*Terminal Block and Mounting are attached

## RELAYS MOUNTINGS (Cont.)

These relay mounting strips are light-finished plates of $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ strip steel designed for mounting relays shown in the following table, as well as those of our standard condensers which occupy the same space as the No. 200 Type Relays.


| Horizontal Type Mountings |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Number \& Type Relays | Relay Casings | Mtg. Centers Inches | Length Inches | Width Inches |
| 801653-000 | (84-L) | 120 No. 190 | 3 No. 17 | 251/2 | 26 | $33 / 4$ |
| 801654-000 | (85-L) | 40 No. 200 | 20 No. 25 | $251 / 2$ | 26 | $33 / 4$ |
| 200473-000 | (86-L) | 60 No. 190 | 3 No. 18 | 205/8 | $211 / 8$ | $33 / 4$ |
| 801657-000 | (87-L) | 16 No. 200 | 8 No. 25 | 205/8 | $211 / 8$ | 17/8 |
| 801659-000 | (88-L) | 60 No. 190 | 3 No. 18 | 17 | $171 / 2$ | 33/4 |
| 801661-000 | (89-L) | 12 No. 200 | 6 No. 25 | 17 | 171/2 | 178 |
| 44361-000 | (90-L) | 10 No. 200 | 5 No. 25 | 13 | $131 / 2$ | 17/8 |
| 801663-000 | (91-L) | 100 No. 190 | 2 No. 16 | 205/8 | $211 / 8$ | $33 / 4$ |
| 45492-000 | (92-L) | 16 No. 200 | 8 No. 25 | 13 | 131/2 | $33 / 4$ |
| 801668-000 | (96-L) | 40 No. 190 | 1 No. 17 | $83 / 8$ | 87/8 | $33 / 4$ |
| 801671-000 | (98-L) | 20 No. 190 | 8 No. 25 | 17 | $171 / 2$ | $33 / 4$ |
| 801675-000 | (101-L) | 12 No. 200 ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1 No. 21, 25 | 183/8 | 187/8 | $17 / 8$ |
| 801677-000 | (102-L) | 14 No. 200 | 2 No. 25 | $25^{1 / 2}$ | 26 | 17/8 |
|  |  | 4 No. 19 Cond. | 1 No. 21 |  |  |  |
| 801679-000 | (103-L) | 10 No. 200 | 5 No. 25 | 17 | 171/2 | 17/8 |
| 801681-000 | (104-L) | 20 No. 200 | 10 No. 25 | 251/2 | 26 | 17/8 |
| 801683-000 | (105-L) | 40 No. 190 | 1 No. 23 | $251 / 2$ | 26 | 17/8 |
| 801685-000 | (106-L) | 6 No. 200 (a) | 3 No. 25 | 17 | $171 / 2$ | 17/8 |
| 801688-000 | (109-L) | 9 No. 200 (b) | 5 No. 25 | 17 | 171/2 | 17/8 |
| 801690-000 | (110-L) | 10 No. 200 (c) | 5 No. 25 | 17 | $171 / 2$ | 178 |
| 801692-000 | (111-L) | 14 No. 200 | 1 No. 24 | $181 / 8$ | 187/8 | 17/8 |
| 801697-000 | (116-L) | 60 No. 190 | 3 No. 18 | 183/8 | 187/8 | $33 / 4$ |
| 801698-000 | (117-L) | 18 No. 200 | 9 No. 25 | $233 / 8$ | 237/8 | 17/8 |
| 801699-000 | (118-L) | 28 No. 200 | 14 No. 25 | $233 / 8$ | 237/8 | $33 / 4$ |
|  |  | 20 No. 190 | 1 No. 18 |  |  |  |
| 801700-000 | (119-L) | 8 No. 200 | 4 No. 25 | 17 | 171/2 | 17/8 |
| 801701-000 | (120-L) | 12 No. 200 | 1 No. 21, 25 | 17 | $171 / 2$ | $17 / 8$ |

(a) Mounts 2 No. 19 Condensers, (b) Mounts 2 No. 28 Condensers, (c) Mounts 2 No. 35 Condensers.

## Vertical Type Mountings

These vertically installed mountings are used in relay cabinets and Stromberg-Carlson PBX Switchboards.

| Stock No. | Code |  | Number \& Type Relays Mounted | Relay Casings | Mtg. Centers Inches | Length Inches | Width Inches |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801693-000 | (112-L) |  | 12 No. 200 | 6 No. 25 | 13 | 131/2 | $21 / 2$ |
| 801694-000 | (113-L) |  | 18 No. 200 | 9 No. 25 | $18^{13 / 16}$ | 195/16 | $21 / 2$ |
| 801695-000 | (114-L) | 12 | No. 200, 2 No. 190 | 6 No. 25 | $18^{13 / 16}$ | 195/16 | $21 / 2$ |
| 801696-000 | (115-L) |  | 22 No. 200 | 11 No. 25 | 22 | $221 / 2$ | $21 / 2$ |
| 801702-000 | (121-L) |  | 40 No. 200 |  | 391/16 | 399/16 | $21 / 2$ |
| 39829-000 | (122-L) | 23 | No. 11 Repeat Coils |  | 457/8 | $463 / 8$ | $21 / 2$ |

## Angle Type Mountings

| Stock No. | Code | Number \& Type Relays Mounted | Relay Casings | Style Mounting | Length Inches | Width Inches |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801665-000 | (93-L) | 1 No. 200 | - | Floor | $11 / 2$ | $11 / 8$ |
| 801666-000 | (94-L) | 1 No. 200 | -ーー- | Sidewall | 111/16 | 1 |
| 801667-000 | (95-L) | 2 No. 200 | 1 No. 25 | Sidewall | $2^{19 / 32}$ | 1 |
| 801673-000 | (100-L) | 4 No. 200 | 2 No. 25 | Roof | $33 / 4$ | $21 / 2$ |

## RINGERS

TELEPHONE TYPE
The following list of ringers are used on the present line of Stromberg-Carlson telephones as well as some former models. They are described as to complete ringer and replaceable piece parts in Section A-TELEPHONES of this catalog. Refer to the contents page of Section $A$ to find exact page of ringer desired.

These ringers are available for use in common battery or magneto service and respond to tuned frequency ringing current as well as straight line and ringing tube operation.

| Code | Type |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1660 | St. line \& tuned <br> frequency |
|  |  |
| 74 | Straight Line |
| 73 | Tuned Frequency |
| 72 | Tuned Frequency |
| 71 | Straight Line |
| 65 | Straight Line |
| 62 | Tuned Frequency |
| 61 | Straight Line |
| 35 | Straight Line |

Telephones used on
1600
1543, 1543W, 1553W, 1560, 1561
1543, 1543W, 1553W, 1560, 1561
$1443,1460,1461$
$1443,1460,1461$
1248, 1258, 1268 Magneto
$1243,1247,1253,1260,1261$
1243, 1247, 1253, 1260, 1261
890, 950 Ironclads

## Large Type Telephone Ringers

## No. 46 Straight Line and No. 49 Biased Types

The following list covers parts for both the No. 49 and No. 46 Straight Line Ringers which are alike with the exception of a biasing spring and associated parts that are used with the No. 49.


The No. 52 is a biased type polarized ringer designed for 4 party systems that use pulsating current.

| Stock No. | Code | Description | Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8 0 1 8 6 4 - 0 0 0}$ | $(52-F)$ | Ringer (Biased) | 2500 Ohms |

## No. 64 Harmonic Ringer

The No. 64 TYpe Harmonic Ringer (Replacing No. 47) is equipped with a reed armature which may be tuned to all trequencies in general use.


No. 64 Type
Miscellaneous Parts

| Miscellaneous Parts |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Item | Name |
| 201705-000 | A | Arm.-Reed Assem.-16, $162 / 3,20$ |
| 201706-000 |  | Arm.-Reed Assem.-25, 30, $331 / 3$ |
| 201707-000 |  | Arm.-Reed Assem.-42 |
|  |  | Arm.-Reed Assem.-50, 54, 60, 66, |
| 201708-000 |  | $662 / 3$ |
| 47424-000 | B | Bracket Assembly (Mounting) |
| 201709-000 | BA | Bracket Assembly (Armature) |
| 27981-000 | C | Coil (No.64-F, G, K, L, M, P, Q) |
| 27982-000 |  | Coil (No. 64-E, I, 64-N, 64-R) |
| 44156-000 | CO | Cord (T-1-D) Red |
| $44154-000$ | CR | Cord (T-1-D) Black |
| 12047-000 | G | Gongs(2) |
| 28021-000 | M | Magnet |
| 23114-000 | NA | Nut (4) |
| 23202-000 | NB | Nut(2) |
| 7571-000 | NC | Cap Nut (2) |
| 525053-000 | N | Nut (2) |
| 503783-000 | SG | Screw (2) |
| 505273-000 | SC | Screw |
| 204364-000 |  | Set Screw-Armature weight |

## Additional Charge for Gongs

When gongs are to be furnished with ringers one set of the following parts should be specified for each No. 46, 47, 49, 52 or 64 Type.

| Stock No. | Description | Quantity |
| ---: | :--- | :---: |
| $12047-000$ | Gongs (Black Steel) $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Dia. |
| 7571-000 | Nuts (Cap) | 2 |
| $525053-000$ | Nuts (Lock) | 2 |
| $4241-000$ | Screw (Mtg.) | 2 |
| $5312-000$ | Studs (Elevating) for Wood Mtg. |  |
| or |  |  |
| $10716-000$ | Studs (Elevating) for Steel Mtg. | 2 |

RINGERS (Cont.)

| STOCK AND CODE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## No. 59 Harmonic Type

Used with 1210 and 1211 Wall and 1212 Desk Type Handset Telephones which have been replaced by the 1250 Wall and 1243 Desk Models.

| Stock No. | Code | Total <br> Resistance |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| $801891-000$ | $(59-\mathrm{E})$ | 4320 |
| $801892-000$ | $(59-\mathrm{F})$ | 780 |
| $801893-000$ | $(59-\mathrm{G})$ | 780 |
| $801894-000$ | $(59-\mathrm{H})$ | 780 |
| $801898-000$ | $(59-\mathrm{N})$ | 4320 |
| $801895-000$ | $(59-\mathrm{K})$ | 780 |
| $801896-000$ | $(59-\mathrm{L})$ | 780 |
| $801897-000$ | $(59-\mathrm{M})$ | 780 |
| $801899-000$ | $(59-\mathrm{P})$ | 780 |
| $801900-000$ | $(59-\mathrm{R})$ | 4320 |
| $801913-000$ | $(59-\mathrm{I})$ | 4320 |
| $45389-000$ | $(59-\mathrm{J})$ | 780 |


|  | Description <br> Less Gongs |
| :--- | :--- |
| $162^{2 / 3}$ | Cycles Harmonic |
| $33^{1 / 3}$ | Cycles Harmonic |
| 50 | Cycles Harmonic |
| $66^{2 / 3}$ | Cycles Harmonic |
| 25 | Cycles Harmonic |
| 30 | Cycles Tuned |
| 42 | Cycles Tuned |
| 54 | Cycles Tuned |
| 66 | Cycles Tuned |
| 16 | Cycles Tuned |
| 20 | Cycles Tuned |
| 60 | Cycles Tuned |



## No. 59 Harmonic Ringer

Miscellaneous Parts

| Stock No. | Item | Name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 210709-000 | A | Bracket (Armature) |
| 210705-000 | AR | Arm.-Reed Assem.-16, $162 / 3,20$ |
| 210706-000 |  | Arm.-Reed Assem.-25, 30, $331 / 3$ |
| 210707-000 |  | Arm.-Reed Assem.-42 |
| 210708-000 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arm.-Reed Assem.-50, 54, 60, 66, } \\ & 662 / 2 \end{aligned}$ |
| 27976-000 | B | Bracket (Mounting) |
| 27981-000 | C | Coil (No. 59-F, G, H, J, K, L, M, P) |
| 27982-000 |  | Coil (No. 59-E, I, N, R) |
| 44154-000 | CO | Cord (T-1-D) Black |
| 44156-000 | CR | Cord (T-1-D) Red |
| 27975-000 | D | Arms |
| 28569-000 | G | Gong |
| 28570-000 | H | Gong |
| 28021-000 | M | Magnet |
| 23202-000 | N | Nut |
| 23114-000 | NU | Nut |
| 503653-000 | S | Screw |
| 503520-000 | SA | Screw (Gong adjusting) |
| 505273-000 | SC | Screw |
| 28433-000 | SG | Screw (Gongs) |
| 526281-000 | SH | Shakeproof Washer (Gongs) |
| 28020-000 | W | Washer |
| 204364-000 |  | Set screw (Armature weight) |

## Switchboard Ringers (Buzzer Type)



No. 50-LL Buzzer
$\begin{array}{ccccc}\text { Stock No. } & \text { Code } & \text { Resist. Ohms } & \text { Use } \\ \text { *801861-000 } & \text { (50-LL) } & 500 \quad \text { Nos. 102, 106, } 120 \text { PBX N.A. }\end{array}$ Circuits
*Will mount in the space of a casing on relay mounting plates.

| Polarized Type Buzzers |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Resistance | Description |
| 801820-000 | (28-A) | 1000 | Polarized <br> (Used on No. 843 Test Set) |
| 801821-000 | (28-C) | 1600 | Polarized <br> (Used on No. 844 Test Set) |
| 801822-000 | (28-H) | 100 | No. 105 Swbd. Gen. Circuit |
| 39530-000 | Coil | (500 Ohms) | Used on No. 28-A Ringer |
| 42142-000 | Coil | ( 800 Ohms) | Used on No. 28-C Ringer |

## Miniature Type Buzzers

| Stock No. | Code | Resist. | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801756-000 | (1-B) | 15 ohms | Encased Buzzer, 10 volts, D.C. |
| 801757-000 | (1-D) | 132 ohms | Encased Buzzer, 30 volts, D.C. |
| 801759-000 | (0-B) | 140 ohms | Encased Buzzer, 8-15 volts, D.C. |
| 212096-000 | (0-D) | 10 ohms | Encased Buzzer, $6-8$ volts, D.C., $8-10$ volts, A.C. |
| 212709-000 | (0-E) | 100 ohms | Encased Buzzer, 9-11 volts, A.C. |
| 45304-000 | (2-A) | 1000 ohms | Encased Buzzer, 80 volts, 20 cps |
| 211417-000 | (2-B) | 1000 ohms | Encased Buzzer, $6-8$ volts, D.C. |
| 211418-000 | (2-C) | 1000 ohms | Encased Buzzer, $22-26$ volts, D |
| 211419-000 | (2-D) | 1000 ohms | Encased Buzzer, $44-52$ volts, D |

## STEPPING SWITCHES

For many years Stromberg-Carlson stepping switches have been manufactured to be used in XY Dial Systems. The XY Universal Switch encompasses all the benefits of excellent engineering and manufacturing that can be bestowed on an electro-mechanical switch of this capacity.

The XY Deca Switch is modernistic, small and light in weight and will function perfectly in any circuit where a 10 -point 4 -wire system is required.


XY Universal Switch

## XY Universal Switch

The XY Universal Switch is a two-motion, flat-type, step-by-step switch. Operating on 48 volt D.C., this switch steps across the face of associated wire banks and then into these wire banks. It uses 260 -ohm electro-magnets to perform these steps.

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { Stock No. } & \text { Code No. } & \text { Coil Resistance }
\end{array}
$$

U-12
60 ohms

## Replaceable Parts for the XY Universal Switch

Stock No.
209074-000
213974-000
216534-000
200227-000
209075-000
218304-000
200133-000
200196-000
212797-000

Description
X-Magnet Assembly
X-Gear Assembly
X-Retaining Pawl Assembly
X-Carriage \& Pillar Assembly
Y-Magnet Assembly
Y-Retaining Pawl Assembly
Cam Assembly
Cog Roller Support
Pinion Assembly

Stock No. 205503-000 300695-112 207306-000 200194-000 200156-000 200201-000 202132-391 300695-062 200250-000 209220-000 209202-000 209221-000 203938-000 202436-000 202882-000 217030-000 208406-000 300695-042 200181-000 269072-000

Description
X \& Y-Interrupter Spring Assemblies
Cog Roller Assembly
Tubular Shaft Assembly
Digit Drum
Y-Stop Bar
XX-X-Pillar Assembly
Wiper Assembly
XX-X-Rack
Y-Carriage
Release Spring Pile-Up
X \& Y Off Normal \& Overflow Spring Assem.
Release Magnet Assembly
Retaining Ring Tru-arc
Retaining Ring Tru-arc
Switch Oil
Package Assembly, Misc. Screws
Lock Springs
Yoke-Right Bearing
Guide Rule
Cable and Plug Assembly

CODED PARTS

Revised 1-1-61

## STEPPING SWITCHES (Cont.)



XY Deca Switch

## XY Deca Switch

The XY Deca Switch is a 10 -point minor switch. It was designed to work in place of the direct-drive, homing (or reset) type of 10-point stepping switch made by other manufacturers. Based on the time-proven acceptability of the XY Universal Switch, the XY Deca Switch incorporates many of the components and design features of this famous Switch-to name a few : "X" Gear Cluster and Drive Mechanism, Vertical Wire Banks, Bifurcated Wipers, Release Magnet and Mechanism, and Parko-Lubrite finished case-hardened working parts. The XY Deca Switch is available with spring combinations engineered to suit $\alpha$ wide variety of requirements.

| Stock No. | Code | Coil Res. | Off <br> Normal Spring | Interrupter Springs | Release Spring |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 212944-000 | $\mathrm{X}-1$ | 87 ohm | $A \& C$ | B | C |
| 212945-000 | X-2 | 87 ohm | $A \& C$ | B | NONE |
| 212946-000 | $x-3$ | 87 ohm | $A \& C$ | NONE | NONE |
| 216586-000 | X-4 | 38 ohm | A \& C | B | C |
| 216632-000 | X-5 | 38 ohm | $A \& C$ | B | NONE |
| 216633-000 | $\mathrm{x}-6$ | 38 ohm | $A \& C$ | NONE | NONE |
| 216588-000 | X-7 | 60 ohm | A \& C | B | C |
| 216634-000 | X-8 | 60 ohm | $A \& C$ | B | NONE |
| 216635-000 | X-9 | 60 ohm | $A \& C$ | NONE | NONE |
| 218228-000 | $\mathrm{x}-10$ | $\begin{aligned} & 87 \text { ohms } x \\ & 400 \text { N.I. } \end{aligned}$ |  | B | C |
| 218227-000 | $\mathrm{x}-11$ | 38 ohm | $A \& C$ | B | C |
| 218226-000 | $\mathrm{x}-12$ | 60 ohm | $A \& C$ | B | C |
| 218407-000 | $\mathrm{x}-13$ | 87 ohm | $A \& C$ | NONE | NONE |
| 202135-801 | X-14 | 87 ohm | $A \& C$ | NONE | NONE |

## Replaceable Parts

for the XY Deca Switch
Description
Wiper Assembly
Drive Pawl
Interrupter Spring Assembly, Release Magnet
Off-Normal Spring Pile-Up
Retractile Spring
Drive Magnet Coil
38 ohm-24V
60 ohm-48V
87 ohm x 400 N.I. -48 V
Release Magnet Coil
38 ohm-24V
60 ohm \& 87 ohm x 400 N.I. -48 V
X-Gear Assembly
Wire Bank Assembly
Interrupter and Off-Normal Spring and Bracket Assembly
Cable Assembly
Rack Shaft Assembly
Rack
Front Clip
Switching Lever Assembly
Locking Lever Assembly
Base Plate (for X-4 thru X-13)
Base Plate (for X-14)

## TERMINAL EQUIPMENT

## Terminal Blocks

This Terminal Block (205106-000) is used with the $1243-\mathrm{W}$ and similar handset telephones for connecting the line cord and station wires.


Stock No. 205106-000 Terminal Block for either 3 or 4 Conductor Line Cord

Terminal Block (205106-000) - Less Cord
This terminal block consists of a removable cover and matching plastic base containing an anchor post and four terminal plates with connecting screws.

The cover is attached to the base by a screw which threads
into the center of the anchor post and notches are provided on opposite sides for the entrance of the line cord and station wires.

Dimensions: $2^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{\prime \prime} \times 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ high.

## Terminal Boxes

The No. 90-A Terminal Box is used with desk type handset telephones in Stromberg-Carlson Convenience Systems described in Section C. This is a black plastic box - similar to the 1260 Desk Set Box - with removable base on which screw type terminals are mounted for making all necessary connections.

| Stock No. | Code | Associated Handset Telephone |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 201983-000 | (90-A) | 1270 | (2-6 System) |
|  |  | 1271. 1272 | (2-10 and 3-9 |
|  |  |  | System) |
| 201730-000 | (96-A) | 1575-A | (6-K System) |
| 211156-000 | (96-B) | 1575-B | (6-K System) |
| 214215-000 | (G96-A) | G1575-A | (6-K System) |
| 214216-000 | (G96-B) | G1575-B | (6-K System) |
| 216608-000 | (G96-C) | G1575-A1 and B1 | (6-K-1 System) |
| 212769-000 | (97) | 1575-B | (6-K System) |
| 214217-000 | (G97) | G1575-B | (6-K System) |
| 212765-000 | (98) | 1575-A, or 1575-B | (6-K System) |
| 214218-000 | (G98) | G1575-A, or G1575-B | (6-K System) |
| 212766-000 | (99) | 1575-A, or 1575-B | (6-K System) |

NOTE: No. 89-B Terminal Box with buzzer should be used, instead of the new No. 90-A, with the old style 1195 Telephones in a 2-6 Convenience System now in the field.

TERMINAL STRIPS


## Terminal Strips - Molded Type for XY Dial Systems Shelf Type

Similar in style to the wood base type of terminal strips, this molded type combines simplicity and economy both in manufacturing and installing. Composed of high grade general purpose black phenolic, this strip is light in weight and is uniform in thickness, giving maximum strength as well as a refined appearance.

The terminals are grouped to give an advantage in the field of quick location, and, at the same time, eliminate lengthy counting in long strips. The separation is also composed of black phenolic but has Hycar added to give flexibility in assembling. Mounting is accomplished through the use of a steel mounting plate that is attached to the strip and into which screws can be driven from the shelf frame.

| Stock No. | Code | No. of Circuits | Terminals Per Circuit | Lgth. | Dimensions Thick. | Ht . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 203311-000 | (101) | 10 | 1 | 239/64" | 213/16" | $1^{21 / 32}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203312-000 | (102) | 10 | 2 | $239 / 64$ " | $2^{13} / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203313-000 | (103) | 10 | 3 | $239 / 64$ " | $213 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{11 / 32 "}$ |
| 203314-000 | (104) | 10 | 4 | $2^{39} 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $213 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | $211 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203315-000 | (105) | 10 | 5 | $2^{39} / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{13} / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | $31 / 22^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203316-000 | (106) | 10 | 6 | $239 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ | $213 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | $33 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203317-000 | (107) | 10 | 7 | $239 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ | 323/32" |
| 203318-000 | (108) | 10 | 8 | $239 / 64$ " | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ | $41 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| $203319-000$ | (109) | 10 | 9 | $239 / 64^{\prime \prime}$ | $213 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | $4^{13 / 32^{\prime \prime}}$ |

Stock No. 203310-000 203361-000 203362-000 203363-000 203364-000 203365-000 203366-000 203367-000 203368-000 203369-000 203360-000 203321-000 203322-000 203323-000 203324-000 203325-000 203326-000 203327-000 203328-000 203329-000 203320-000 20337 1-000 203372-000 203373-000 203374-000 203375-000 203376-000 203377-000 203378-000 203379-000 203370-000 203331-000 203332-000 203333-000 203334-000 203335-000 203336-000 203337-000 203338-000


## Terminal Strips-Molded Type (Cont.)

| Stock No |  | No. of | $\underset{\text { Per }}{\substack{\text { Terminals }}}$ |  | Dimensions |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 203339-000 | (149) | $30$ |  | $7^{13 / 16^{\prime \prime}}$ | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ | $4^{13 / 22^{\prime \prime}}$ |
| 203330-000 | (150) | 30 | 10 | 713/16" | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ | $43 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203341-000 | (151) | 40 | 1 | 107/18" | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ | $1^{21 / 32^{\prime \prime}}$ |
| 203342-000 | (152) | 40 | 2 | 107/16" | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ |  |
| 203343-000 | (153) | 40 | 3 | 107/16" | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ | $2^{11} 12^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203344-000 | (154) | 40 | 4 | 107/6" | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ | $211 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203345-000 | (155) | 40 | 5 | 107/16" | 213/16" | 31/32" |
| 203346-000 | (156) | 40 | 6 | 107/16" | $2^{13 / 166^{\prime \prime}}$ | 33/8" |
| 203347-000 | (157) | 40 | 7 | 107/1" | $2^{13 / 161 "}$ | $323 / 3^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203348-000 | (158) | 40 | 8 | 107/16" | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ | $41 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203349-000 | (159) | 40 | 9 | 107/6" | $2^{13 / 166^{\prime \prime}}$ | $4^{13 / 32^{\prime \prime}}$ |
| 203340-000 | (160) | 40 | 10 | 107/16" | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ | 43/4" |
| $203351-000$ | (161) | 50 | 1 | $131 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{13 / 167}$ | $121 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203352-000 | (162) | 50 | 2 | $131 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ |  |
| 203353-000 | (163) | 50 | 3 | $131 / s^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{13} / 6^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{11} / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203354-000 | (164) | 50 | 4 | 131/2" | $2^{13} / 16^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{11 / 16 "}$ |
| 203355-000 | (165) | 50 | 5 | 131/32" | 213/16" | $31 / 3^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203356-000 | (166) | 50 | 6 | 131/32" | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ | 33/8" |
| 203357-000 | (167) | 50 | 7 | 131/32 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ | $323 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203358-000 | (168) | 50 | 8 | 131/32 | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ | $41 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 203359-000 | (169) | 50 | 9 | $131 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ | $4^{13 / 32^{\prime \prime}}$ |
| 203350-000 | (170) | 50 | 10 | 131/32" | $2^{13 / 16 "}$ | $43 / 4$ " |

Terminal Strips - Molded Type
For Main Frames
The only difference between this type of terminal strip and the
type used on XY Dial System shelves is the method of mounting. This type has four holes, counter-sunk, for bolting it to the main frame. All other features are the same.

| Stock No. | Code | No. of Circuits | Terminals Per Circuit | Lgth. | Dimensions Thick. | Ht . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 212800-000 | (180) | 26 | 2 | $7^{31 / 22^{\prime \prime}}$ | $219 / 3 z^{\prime \prime}$ | 21/16" |
| 212801-000 | (181) | 26 | 3 | $7^{31} / 32^{\prime \prime}$ | 219/2" | $2^{13 / 2^{\prime \prime}}$ |
| 212802-000 | (182) | 26 | 4 | $7{ }^{31 / 23}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $219 / 2 z^{\prime \prime}$ | 23/4" |
| 212803-000 | (183) | 26 | 5 | $7{ }^{31 / 32}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{19} / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $33 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 212804-000 | (184) | 26 | 6 | $7{ }^{31 / 32}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 219/32" | 37/6" |
| 212805-000 | (185) | 26 | 7 | $731 / 33^{\prime \prime}$ | 219/32" | $325 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 212806-000 | (186) | 26 | 8 | $7^{31 / 32 "}$ | 219/32" | $41 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 212807-000 | (187) | 26 | 9 | $731 / 2 z^{\prime \prime}$ | 219/2" | $4^{15 / 22^{\prime \prime}}$ |
| 212808-000 | (188) | 26 | 10 | $7{ }^{31} / 3 z^{\prime \prime}$ | $219 / z^{\prime \prime}$ | $4^{13 / 16 "}$ |
| 212809-000 | (189) | 26 | 11 | $7^{31 / 32}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | 219/82" | $55 / 12^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 212810-000 | (190) | 26 | 12 | $7{ }^{31} / 32^{\prime \prime}$ | 219/32" | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 212811-000 | (191) | 20 | 2 | $731 / 22^{\prime \prime}$ | 219/32" | 21/16" |
| 212812-000 | (192) | 20 | 3 | $7{ }^{31} / 32^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{19} / 3 z^{\prime \prime}$ | $213 / z^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 212813-000 | (193) | 20 | 4 | $731 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ | 219/32" | $23 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 212814-000 | (194) | 20 | 5 | $7{ }^{31 / 321}$ | 219/2" | 3/32" |
| 212815-000 | (195) | 20 | 6 | $7{ }^{31 / 231}$ | $219 / 3 z^{\prime \prime}$ | 37/6" |
| 212816-000 | (196) | 20 | 7 | $7^{31 / 23}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{19} / 32^{\prime \prime}$ | $325 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 212817-000 | (197) | 20 | 8 | $7^{31} / z^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{19} / 3 z^{\prime \prime}$ | $41 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 212818-000 | (198) | 20 | 9 | $7{ }^{31 / 23}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $219 / 3 z^{\prime \prime}$ | $415 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 212819-000 | (199) | 20 | 10 | $7{ }^{31} / 32^{\prime \prime}$ | 219/2" | $4^{13 / 16 / 4}$ |
| 212820-000 | (200) | 20 | 11 | $7{ }^{31 / 32}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $2^{19} / 3^{\prime \prime}$ | $53 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 212821-000 | (201) | 20 | 12 | $7^{31 / 22^{\prime \prime}}$ | $219 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |

## Terminal Strips-Wood Base Type

These Terminal Strips are designed for mounting on the channel irons of distributing frames. They have hard wood maple bases drilled for jumper and cable wires and an elevating strip upon which the hard rubber terminal is mounted. Standard numbering can be applied to these strips.


No. 45 Terminal Strip


## Terminal Strips-Less Base

Used for mounting on wood bases in accordance with distributing frame requirements. Terminals are made of sheet brass, with nickel finish and soldering ends tinned. Terminals are driven into hard rubber blocks and are staggered for ready wiring. The top face of the hard rubber blocks are smooth and allow the strip to be numbered for ready circuit identification.


No. 72 Terminal Strip


No. 79 Terminal Strip

| Stock No. | Code | No. of Circuits | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Terminals } \\ & \text { per } \\ & \text { Circuit } \end{aligned}$ | Dimensions <br> Lgth. Thk. Ht. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 802418-000 | (68) | 25 | 2 | $6^{31 / 32} \times 13 / 8 \times 15 / 6^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 802420-000 | (70)* | 20 | 1 | $10^{7 / 32} \times 11 / 8 \times 15 / 16^{\prime \prime}{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 802421-000 | (71)* | 20 | 2 | $107 / 32 \times 11 / 8 \times 11 / 4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 802422-000 | (72) | 10 | 2 | $323 / 32 \times 13 / 8 \times 15 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 802423-000 | (73) | 10 | 3 | $333 / 32 \times 11 / 2 \times 11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 802424-000 | (74) | 10 | 4 | $323 / 32 \times 15 / 8 \times 19 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 802425-000 | (75) | 10 | 5 | $323 / 32 \times 15 / 8 \times 13 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 802426-000 | (76) | 10 | 6 | $323 / 32 \times 15 / 8 \times 21 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 802427-000 | (77) | 20 | 2 | $6^{31 / 32} \times 13 / 8 \times 15 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 802428-000 | (78) | 20 | 3 | $6^{31 / 32} \times 11 / 2 \times 11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 802429-000 | (79) | 20 | 4 | $6^{31 / 32} \times 19 / 16 \times 11 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 802430-000 | (80) | 20 | 4 | $6^{31 / 32} \times 15 / 8 \times 11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 802431-000 | (81) | 20 | 5 | $6^{31 / 32} \times 15 / 8 \times 13 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 802432-000 | (82) | 20 | 6 | $6^{31} 32 \times 15 / 8 \times 21 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 802438-000 | (88) $\dagger$ | 23 | 6 | $7^{13 / 16} \times 15 / 8 \times 21 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |

*No. 70 and No, 71 Terminal Strips are equipped with terminals which have soldering clips on one side only. They are generally used in connection with protector strips on the arrester side of main distributing frames.
$\dagger$ Used in connection with multiple key turret apparatus for terminating six wire circuits, and making connections between turrets.


| Stock No. | Code | Description | Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 802456-000 | (2) | Socket Wrench fits the $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ hexagonal mounting nut of all visual signals, impedance coils and relays (except the No. 190 Type Relay). Length, $6^{\prime \prime}$. | 802482-000 | (53) | Spring Adjuster used for adjusting contact springs on the No. 360 Type Relays. Length, $37 / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 802457-000 | (7) | Spring Adjuster used for adjusting springs up to $.03^{\prime \prime}$ thick, on relays, keys, jacks, etc. Length, $73 / 32^{\prime \prime}$. | 802483-000 | (54) | Spring Adjuster used for adjusting No. 24 Gauge Springs on the No. 200 Type Relay. Length, $77 / 32^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 802465-000 | (24) | Screwdriver and Socket Wrench, used with $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ and $3 / 10^{\prime \prime}$ nuts and residual screws on the Nos. 200, 500 and " $A$ " Relays. | 802485-000 | (56) | Small Screw Driver, for little screws such as those used on drop number plates. Length, $43 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 10438-000 | (36) | Spring Adjuster for No. 200 Type Relays having three sets of springs. Length, $61 / 16^{\prime \prime}$. | 16646-000 | (62) | Jack Fastener Wrench and Screw Driver similar to No. 44 but designed for No. 21 Jack Fastener. Length, $181 / \mathrm{a}^{\prime \prime}$. |
|  |  | For smaller pile-ups use No. 268 Spring Adjuster. | 23877-000 | (63) | Used for removing both transmitter and receiver from Nos. 15, 16, and 17 Hand- |
| 12077-000 | (42) | Screw Driver for removing both shell and terminal screws from standard plugs except No. 61. One end is pointed and fits in a hole drilled in top of screw, to facilitate starting of screw. Length, $37 / 8^{\prime \prime}$. | 29372-000 | (64) | sets. Length, $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. <br> Flat Wrench to adjust and assemble No. 57, 59, 60 and Stock No. 23365-000 Ringers. Two wrenches required, one for holding, other for drawing nut tight. Length, $33 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 802474-000 | (44) | Jack Fastener Wrench and Screw Driver used with the No. 17 Jack Fastener (Butterfly Type). Consists of a thick metal tubing, the end of which is notched to fit cut-out | 34048-000 | (65) | Spring Adjuster for use on moving springs of Nos. 500, 600, "A", "B", and "C" Relays. Length, $5 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\prime \prime}$. |
|  |  | portion of butterfly jack fastener, and a screw driver which passes through the tubing. The screw driver tightens the screw while the tubing holds the fastener in place. Length, $19^{\prime \prime}$. | 34049-000 | (66) | Spring Adjuster for ears of rigid springs of Nos. 500 and 600 Relays, and for heavy springs of the " $A$ ", " $B$ ", and " $C$ " Relays. Length, $4^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 802475-000 | (45) | Socket Screw Driver used for removing the Nos. 190, 200 and 300 Type Relays from the bridge plate. Length, $9^{\prime \prime}$. | 34746-000 | (67) | Screw Driver for use with shell and terminal screws of No. 61 Plug. Similar to No. 42. Length, $325 / 32^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 13372-000 | (47) | Flat Wrench used for adjusting No. 47 Type Harmonic Ringers. Length, $33 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. | 212477-000 | (69) | Jack sleeve tool for removing sleeves on Nos. 99 and 100 Jack Mountings. Length, $43 / 8^{\prime \prime}$. |

## TOOLS (Cont.)



No. 83, No. 72, No. CB-54, No. 78, No. 100, No. 103

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 201092-000 | (70) | Lamp Cap extractor for all lamp caps. Length, 4/16". |
| 36372-000 | (72) | Adjusting tool for light moving springs, armature back stop, and spring clamp plate on Type "A" Relays. Length, $39 / 32$ ". |
| 36371-000 | (73) | Tool for adjusting or removing Type " $A$ " Relay pushers and spring stops. (2-3-4-5-6 steps.) Length, 15/16". |
| 36377-000 | (74) | Adjusting tool. Same as No. 73 only for 6-7-8-9 steps. Length, $15 / 16^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 203401-000 | (75) | Flat Wrench. For adjusting Nos. 61 and 65 Straight Line Ringers. One end ( $3 / 16{ }^{\prime \prime}$ ) is used to adjust armature air gap and the other end ( $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ ) for loosening nuts to regulate the armature adjusting screw. Length, $31 / 8^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 204742-000 | (76) | Cord Tip Pliers. Used on solderless type switchboard cord tips. Length, $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 204954-000 | (77) | Thickness Gauges. For adjusting springs on the Type " $A$ " or " $C$ " Relays. Length, 3 ". |
| 205683-000 | (78) | Armature and Armature Back stop adjusting tool used on Type "C" Relays. Length, $4^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 207625-000 | (79) | End Wrench for use on the XY Universal Switch. Length, $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 2810-213-000 | (82) | No. 6 Allen Wrench for loosening Allen head screws on the XY Universal Switch. Length, $13 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 207629-000 | (83) | Tru-arc pliers used to remove and replace Tru-arc rings on the tubular shaft and pinion of the XY Universal Switch. Length, $5^{11 / 16 " \text { ". }}$ |
| 892499-000 | (84) | Heat coil pliers for use in adjusting the heat coil on older types of XY Universal Switches. Length, $6^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 209441-000 | (85) | Y-Armature adjusting tool for bending the Y-Armature upward on an XY Universal Switch. Length, $85 / 8^{\prime \prime}$. |


| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 209442-000 | (86) | X-Armature bending tool for adjusting the armature on an XY Universal Switch. Length, $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 209444-000 | (88) | Foot bending tool used to bend the feet on the $X$ and $Y$ carriage on the XY Universal Switch. Length, $5^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 209445-000 | (89) | Z-Armature bending tool for adjusting the release magnet armature on XY Universal Switches. Length, $4^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 209446-000 | (90) | Y-Armature bending tool for bending the Y-Armature downward on an XY Universal Switch. Length, 19/6". |
| 209447-000 | (91) | Knu-vise for holding a magnet operated while making adjustments on an XY Universal Switch. Length, $81 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 209449-000 | (93) | Slit screw driver for removing and replacing screws that are difficult to reach on the XY Universal Switch. Length, $63 / 4^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 210187-000 | (95) | Cable clip pliers for replacing the cable in the cable clip on the Y-carriage of an XY Universal Switch. Length, $6^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 210188-000 | (96) | Snap-ring pliers for putting on snap rings on X and Y armatures of an XY Universal Switch, Length, $6^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 210189-000 | (97) | Cable clip pliers for replacing the cable in the clip on the XX-X wiper rack of an XY Universal Switch. Length, 6 ". |
| 211712-000 | (98) | Wire stripper for stripping switchboard wire. Length, $35 / 16^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 212013-000 | (99) | Special pliers used to adjust the interrupters on the XY Universal Switch. Length, $6^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 802498-000 | (100) | Spring adjusting tool for springs up to .020 " thick on Type " $A$ ", "B", or "C" Relays. Length, approximately $51 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. Replaces former No. 268 tool. |
| 213803-000 | (102) | Gram gauge (push-pull) used for measuring contact spring pressure on the XY Universal Switch. |
| 212756-000 | (103) | Gram gauge (dial face) used for measuring contact spring pressures on Type "A", "B", or "C" Relays. |
| 213818-000 | (104) | $3 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 13 / 64^{\prime \prime} \times 27 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ lg. offset box wrench used in installation of XY Dial System. |
| 213819-000 | (105) | $5 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 11 / 32^{\prime \prime} \times 33 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ lg. offset box wrench used in installation of XY Dial System. |
| 210195-000 | (106) | Test Buzzer Assembly for continuity checking. |
| 218169-000 | (107) | Lamp Extractor for removing switchboard lamps from lamp sockets, $9 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ diameter, length, $27 / 16^{\prime \prime}$. |
| 202132-715 | (108) | Leaf gages used in adjusting " $B$ " and "BB" Type Relays. Length, 3 ". |
| 211209-000 | (CB-54) | Contact burnisher for cleaning contacts on all types of relays. Length, $4^{31} / 32^{\prime \prime}$. |

## TRANSMITTERS

All Stromberg-Carlson transmitters of recent manufacture are designed for universal service and are highly efficient on common battery, magneto and dial systems under varying current conditions. These transmitters eliminate the use of separate types for different kinds of telephones service. As a result of this, maintenance cost is greatly reduced because, without servicing work being impaired, stocks can be kept at a more economical level, in as much as one transmitter will do the work of two.


This is a handset transmitter, capsule type, that is designed to fit handsets on the 1500 Series Telephone (No. 26, No. 28 handsets). The No. 29 Transmitter is a re-designed unit that is smaller in size than previous transmitter capsules and, due to the use of new age-stabilized carbon, its life has been greatly increased.

Replacement is easily accomplished through the simple procedure of unscrewing the mouthpiece, removing the old transmitter, dropping the new capsule into the cavity, and screwing the mouthpiece in place.

An adapter (Stock No. 212705-000) is available to permit usage of this capsule transmitter in No. 23 handsets ( 1200 and 1400 Series Telephones).

## Features

CAPSULE TYPE-This non-positional type of transmitter is ready for instant use when it is dropped into the transmitter cavity and held in place by the mouthpiece.
LONGER LIFE-is assured by the use of new age-stabilized carbon in the capsule unit.
HIGH IN FIDELITY-on both long and short lines. Reproduces the voice naturally and retains the clear articulation demanded by modern telephone practice.
CONTACT SPRINGS-are silver-plated to provide reliable connections when the transmitter is in position and the mouthpiece is screwed down tight.

| Stock No. | Code | Description | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Telephones } \\ & \text { Used On } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 210279-000 | (29) | Capsule Type Transmitter | 1500 Series Telephones |
| 211969-000 | (30) | Capsule Type Transmitter | 1500-W Telephones and 1600 Telephones |

## No. 27 Transmitter

This transmitter is used in older handsets (No. 12 through No. 19).

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 205784-000 | (27) | Capsule Type Transmitter unit |

## No. 205784-000 Type for Ironclad Telephones

This is a No. 27 transmitter-less the back-and with a special front having $a$ threaded opening for $\alpha$ separate mouthpiece, instead of the moulded mouthpiece-front in one unit. Stock No. 205784-000 transmitter is designed for mounting in the inner compartments of the No. 890 (magneto) and No. 950 (Common Battery) ironclad telephones.

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 209624-000 |  | Transmitter Assembly, including |
| 205784-000 | (27) | Transmitter (Less back and mouthpiece) |
| 209623-000 |  | Mouthpiece (Threaded) |

## No. 22 Operator's Suspended Type (Used with Head Band Receiver)

This transmitter is of the same construction as the No. 20 telephone type except that the back has bushed openings for suspension from an adjustable arm by means of two single conductor cords.

The No. 22 is an universal transmitter that replaces both the No. 8-CW (Common Battery) and No. 8-L (Magneto) operator's suspended type.

| Stock No. <br> 802525-000 | Code <br> (22) | Suspended transmitter complete with <br> back (universal) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  |  | Assembly Parts |
| 205784-000 | (27) | Transmitter, less back |
| 26791-000 |  | Transmitter, less back and mouthpiece |
| 25600-000 |  | Mouthpiece-front (combined) |
| $9819-000$ |  | Back |

To complete the suspended type operator's set, the following apparatus is used with the No. 22 type transmitter.

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $801592-000$ | $(29)$ | Receiver with headband, less cord |
| $800632-000$ | $(0-1-A)$ | 5' Transmitter Cord |

## GENERAL INDEX

A complete alphabetical index with cross references for all the products shown in this section or any of the other sections will be found at the rear of this catalog.

## Transmitter Adapters

Stromberg-Carlson desk stand and wall set type transmitters (Present No. 20 and former No. 7 Types) can be mounted on many telephone arms of other makes without the use of adapters. In such cases the current No. 20 Type or replaced No. 7 Type is used with standard Stock No. 12038-000 Back and Stock No. 9077-000 Washer.

When No. 20 or No. 7 Transmitter with back is to be mounted to desk stands, use Stock No. 13073-000 Adapter

Either by means of direct application or the use of adapters, Stromberg-Carlson transmitters will mount on many types of wall set and desk stand telephone arms of the following makes: American Electric, Automatic Electric, Century, Dean, Garford, Kellogg, Leich, Monarch, North, Western Electric.

## VISUAL SIGNALS

No. 18 Visual Signal
on No. 121 Mounting

120

The No. 18 Type is a compact visual signal used as a "Busy Signal" on toll switchboards. Mounts similarly to jack strips. When operated, the signal appears white through a small window in the mounting. Each mounting is equipped with a designation strip.

The No. 18-A is used on systems operating from 11 cells of storage battery, and the No. 18-B is used on 20 cells. Requires No. 17 Jack Fastener.

VISUAL SIGNALS

## No. 20 Transmitter Wall and Desk Stand Type

The No. 20 transmitter is used on older wall and desk stand telephones.

The front and mouthpiece of the No. 20 transmitter are combined in a single unit of molded black phenol compound which will withstand severe usage without breaking. A permanent finish also assures continued good appearance in actual service.

| Stock No. <br> 802522-000 | Code | (20) |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | | Transmitter complete with back and |
| :--- |
| mouthpiece |

## STROMBERG-CARLSON

## Power and Test Equipment



Accessories to central office equipment, such as batteries, chargers, and ringing machines are described here. Also portable test units, recommended for dial system maintenance.

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## STROMBERG-CARLSON POWER and TEST EQUIPMENT

## Functional Versatility

Power Boards must reflect the operational differences to be found in each central office. Stromberg-Carlson pioneered the rack-mounted, unit type power board which makes it easier both to order exactly what is desired and to make additions or changes to take care of growth when it occurs.

## Preventative Maintenance

Test Equipment, designed to make routining both easy and dependable, is available for the central office of any size and type. Such equipment, properly used, represents a sound business investment.


## POWER AND SUPERVISORY BOARDS

Stromberg-Carlson Power Boards can be designed and arranged to fit any size of central office-large or small-with equal effectiveness and still have ample room for future growth. This board matches XY Dial System equipment in overall appearance and flexibility. All controls are placed for easy identification and operation.

The essentially new feature of the Stromberg-Carlson Power Board is its flexibility. In assembly, in operation and in future expansion, changes and enlargement of service are not a problem of complete rebuilding, but a simple matter of sliding out one unit and sliding in another. Units can be provided to fit any type of dial equipment, method of charging or type of ringing.

## Outstanding Features

1. Frame construction, with identical uprights arranged for mounting any basic unit in any position.
2. The "Unit Control Panel" of functiond operations will be selected for individual needs; other panels will then be built up around basic control unit.
3. Motor-Generator or dry disc rectifier for charging batteries may be used.
4. End cell or counter cell battery control may be used.
5. The interrupter machine provides "jacked in" springs and motor. These parts can be readily removed from face of machine without disturbing any wiring.
6. Tone Generator panel provides basic tones for Dial, Busy and Tick. Provision is made for adding the second tone panel when needed.
7. Common Supervisory control panel provides common alarm signals in one location.
8. Locates and types service interruptions.


Power Board Assembly

The illustration at left shows clearly three power frames. The frame on the left constitutes the power and supervisory board for a small XY dial office. The panels on this frame, from top to bottom, are as follows:

1. Combination battery discharge and distribution panel with the main circuit breaker at top center, the distribution circuit breakers on the left. The cutouts on the right are for $\alpha$ voltmeter and an ammeter. Supplies main battery to the office.
2. and 3. Tone generator panels, regular and stand-by, to supply necessary dial tone, busy tone, etc. for the office.
3. Common supervisory panel indicates alarm conditions in the office by means of audible and visual signals. The lamps in the face of the panels give the various visual indications. Also provides for alarm sending and checking during unattended periods.
4. Ringing control panel provides ringing current for the office from an AC operated source during normal operation and automatically cuts in a DC operated source during commercial power failure or failure of the AC source.
5. Space for future equipment.
6. Five frequency vibrator converter panel operates from $\alpha$ DC source to supply the five frequency ringing current mentioned above.
7. and 9. Interrupter panels; one with an AC motor, the other with $\alpha$ DC motor to supply interruptions for tones, alarm timing, etc. Automatically cuts in the DC interrupter during commercial power failure or failure of the AC interrupter.
8. Kick plate or bottom angle.

The second and third frames from the left constitute the power and supervisory board for a larger XY Dial Office. The panels on the second frame, from top to bottom, are as follows:

1. Space for future equipment.
2. A specially designed panel for this job to indicate permanent alarms in the office equipment. (Note use of regular equipment panel and apparatus arrangement for this special requirement.)
3. Tone generator panel identical to the regular tone panel provided for the smaller office.
4. Space for future stand-by tone panel.
5. Common supervisory panel similar to the common supervisory panel provided for the smaller office.
6. A special interrupter marking panel, for the single frequency code ringing used on this job, locates and has provision for isolating the ringing faults. (Note again the use of regular equipment and apparatus arrangement for this special requirement.)
7. Common marking alarm panel to bring in an alarm from the interrupter marking panel after a predetermined time.
8. Ringing control panel for the control of the AC and DC operated ringing sources, with the DC ringing source being $\alpha$ single frequency vibrator converter mounted on the same panel, operates similar to the ringing control panel for the smaller office.

## POWER AND SUPERVISORY BOARDS (Cont.)

9. Duplicate AC and DC interrupters similar to those used on the smaller office.
10. Kick plate or bottom angle.

The panels on the third frame are as follows:

1. The main fuse panel.
2. Space for future equipment.
3. Charger transfer panel for switching charger across either 23 or 26 cells of batteries.
4. Space for future charger transfer panel.
5. Discharge panel supplies main battery to the distribution circuits and gives necessary voltage indications and current readings as follows:
(a) the current charging the main battery or the current the main battery is supplying to the equipment, whichever is taking place.
(b) the current being supplied to the equipment from the battery and the charger.
6. Voltage control panel automatically controls the operation
of the end cell switch by means of $\alpha$ voltage sensitive relay which cuts in three additional cells of battery when the main 23 cell battery voltage drops below a predetermined level.
7. End cell switch switches main battery from 23 to 26 cells as mentioned in preceding paragraph.
8. and 9. Space for future equipment.
9. Kick plate or bottom angle.

The general structure of these two power and supervisory boards is similar. The panels can be mounted on the frame or frames in any desirable arrangement. Panels are wired together by means of jumper wire through jumper rings on the rear of the frames. As can be seen by the photograph; frames, panel mountings, covers, apparatus arrangements, and, in some cases, entire panels are similar whether the power and supervisory board is required for a small or large office. The chargers are usually mounted on identical frames located adjacent to the power and supervisory board.


A Typical Power and Supervisory Panel

## STORAGE BATTERIES

Stromberg-Carlson recommends the use of storage batteries for three main purposes:
MAIN BATTERY which is required to provide the main or standby current supply for transmission, signalling and general operation of circuit apparatus.
BOOSTER BATTERY which is required to increase the voltage for toll transmission when the main battery is 11 or 12 cells. When machine ringing is employed this battery is generally used for tripping the ringing.
CONVERTER BATTERY is required to operate the ringing converter. When used separately, this battery maintains the voltage within narrow limits thereby keeping the ringing voltages steady. It also prevents ringing induction from noising the main talking battery. This battery is usually 12 cells of the couple type.

The desirable size for the main battery is dependent upon the number of lines, the calling rate, the answering time, conversation period, time of restoring cords and the reliability of local commercial power supply.

Modern methods applied to the use of storage batteries for
telephone exchanges, employ charging equipment of a noiseless character and usually of a type which is automatic or semiautomatic in operation. By these methods the battery is kept constantly charged and the load is taken directly off the charging machine. Thus the battery, bridged across the load, acts as $\alpha$ "standby" source of power when the city current is interrupted or when a sudden surge in the load demands more current than the charging equipment can supply. The usual method of estimating capacity is to select $\alpha$ battery that will supply the normal load over a period of twenty-four hours.
Booster and Converter Batteries are usually the enclosed couple type group of cells. Main exchange batteries require greater capacity and are chosen from the multiple plate groups. Exide, Gould and C \& D are standard makes of high grade batteries suitable for use in telephone exchange service. These batteries are available in one, two or three cells, and in glass cases, plastic cases or molded rubber cases. Technical data, over-all dimensions and weights in Exide, Gould and C \& D batteries are given on the following pages.


EXIDE-TYTEX BATTERIES IN PLASTIC CONTAINERS

TYPES DOP, EOP, FOP



TYpe EOP


Type FOP

Technical Data, Overall Dimensions, and Weights

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Cell } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cells } \\ & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Unit } \end{aligned}$ | CAPACITY AT $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unitin Inches |  |  | Approximate Weight Per Unit in Lbs. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Elec-- } \\ \text { Eloytye } \\ \text { Gallons } \\ \text { Por } \\ \text { Unit } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ampere } \\ \text { Hour at } \\ \text { 8 H.t. } \\ \text { Rato } \\ \text { to } 1.75 \text { F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | Amperes <br> Per Hour <br> 8 For $\text { * } 1.75 \text { foo } \mathrm{F} .$ | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { For } \\ \text { Colls } \\ \text { to } \end{array} \\ 44 \text { F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 24 \text { Colls } \\ \text { Tols } \\ 44 \text { F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 26 \text { Colls } \\ 45 \text { to } \end{gathered}$ | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| DOP-5 | 1 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.24 | 7.9 | 8.9 | $31 / 8$ | 719/2 | 137/6 | 21 | 26 | . 57 |
| DOP-7 | 1 | 75 | 9.375 | 9.36 | 11.8 | 13.4 | 41/8 | 71919 | 137/6 | 27 | 33 | . 81 |
| DOP-9 | 1 | 100 | 12.5 | 12.48 | 15.8 | 17.9 | 51/8 | $719 / 2$ | 137/16 | 34 | 41 | 1.04 |
| 2-EOP-7 | 2 | 120 | 15.0 | 15.45 | 19.1 | 21.5 | 67/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 77 | 93 | 2.40 |
| 3-EOP-7 | 3 | 120 | 15.0 | 15.45 | 19.1 | 21.5 | 101/4 | 101/8 | 17 | 119 | 141 | 3.61 |
| EOP-9 | 1 | 160 | 20.0 | 20.6 | 25.4 | 28.7 | $411 / 2$ | 101/8 | 17 | 49 |  | 1.46 |
| EOP-11 | 1 | 200 | 25.0 | 25.75 | 31.8 | 35.9 | 5 $5 / 1 / 2$ | 101/8 | 17 | 61 | 71 | 1.75 |
| EOP-13 | 1 | 240 | 30.0 | 30.9 | 38.1 | 43.1 | 61/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 76 | 91 | 2.50 |
| EOP-15 | 1 | 280 | 35.0 | 36.0 | 44.5 | 50.3 | 67/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 81 | 96 | 2.40 |
| EOP-17 | 1 | 320 | 40.0 | 41.2 | 50.8 | 57.4 | 67/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 86 | 101 | 2.31 |
| EOP-19 | 1 | 360 | 45.0 | 46.3 | 57.2 | 64.6 | 819/2 | 101/8 | 17 | 100 | 120 | 3.04 |
| EOP-21 | 1 | 400 | 50.0 | 51.5 | 63.5 | 71.8 | 819/2 | 101/8 | 17 | 105 | 125 | 2.95 |
| FOP-13 | , | 469 | 58.6 | 61.2 | 75.8 | 85.8 | $71 / 2$ | 1417/2 | 225/6 | 146 | 160 | 5.18 |
| FOP-15 | 1 | 547 | 68.4 | 71.4 | 88.5 | 100.1 | $71 / 2$ | 1417/2 | 225/6 | 154 | 168 | 5.00 |
| FOP-17 | 1 | 626 | 78.2 | 81.6 | 101.1 | 114.4 | 71/2 | 1417/2 | 225/6 | 162 | 176 | 4.81 |
| FOP-19 | 1 | 704 | 88.0 | 91.8 | 113.8 | 128.7 | $8^{31 / 2}$ | 1417/2 | 225/6 | 191 | 209 | 6.38 |
| FOP-21 | 1 | 782 | 97.7 | 102.0 | 126.4 | 143.0 | $831 / 2$ | 1417/2 | 225/16 | 199 | 217 | 6.20 |
| FOP-23 | 1 | 860 | 107.5 | 112.2 | 139.0 | 157.3 | $10^{21 / 12}$ | 1417/2 | 225/16 | 227 | 246 | 7.59 |
| FOP-25 | 1 | 938 | 117.25 | 122.4 | 151.7 | 171.6 | 1021/28 | 1417/2 | 225/6 | 235 | 254 | 7.40 |
| FOP-27 | 1 | 1017 | 124.6 | 132.6 | 164.3 | 185.9 | 133/16 | 1417/2 | 225/16 | 274 | 296 | 9.72 |
| FOP-29 | 1 | 1095 | 136.9 | 142.8 | 177.0 | 200.2 | 133/6 | 1417/2 | 225/16 | 283 | 305 | 9.53 |
| FOP-31 | 1 | 1173 | 146.6 | 153.0 | 189.6 | 214.5 | 133/6 | 1417/2 | 225/16 | 291 | 313 | 9.35 |

${ }^{*}$ Includes the resistance drop across the standard inter-cell connectors in series with the cell.

These Exide-Tytex batteries are assembled in heat-resistant, shock absorbing polystyrene containers and covers. The containers and covers are cemented together to form a permanent leak-proof bond against seepage of acid.

The insulation in these batteries consists of microporous rubber separators and Vitrex retainers. DOP and EOP types have two terminal posts. FOP types have four terminal posts. EOP-11 cells and larger have copper inserts to provide an ample electrical path for high current requirements at maximum sustained voltages. Burned seal ring construction in all sizes assures complete freedom from creepage of acid. Ample electrolyte is pro-
vided to enable the cells to deliver all rated capacities. Large sediment spaces are built into all sizes to take care of even the most severe cycle service.

Cells are furnished with necessary connector bolts and leadplated copper inter-cell connectors for $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ spacing between cells. For Railway Signal service, cells are furnished with connector bolts and flexible braided tinned copper inter-cell connectors. Exide-Tytex batteries are also available with lead-calcium alloy type plates for controlled full float operation.

Full charge specific gravity 1.200-1.220.


Type EMP

## EXIDE-MANCHEX BATTERIES <br> WITH SILVIUM IN PLASTIC CONTAINERS

TYPE DMP, EMP, FMP



## Technical Data, Overall Dimensions, and Weights

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Cell } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cells } \\ \substack{\text { Port } \\ \text { Unit }} \end{gathered}$ | CAPACITY AT $77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unit |  |  | ApproximateWeight Per Unit in Lbs. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Elec- } \\ \text { trolyte } \\ \text { Gallons } \\ \text { Per } \\ \text { Unit } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amperes } \\ \text { Per Hour } \\ \text { For } \\ \text { Fours } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { *1.75 F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 23 \text { Colls } \\ \text { toll } \\ 44 \text { F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 24 \text { Colls } \\ \text { tols } \\ 44 \text { F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} { }^{\text {For }} \begin{array}{c} \text { Colls } \\ \text { Colls } \\ 45 \text { F.V. } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| DMP-5 | 1 | 40 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 6.5 | 7.3 | 31/8 | 719/2 | 137/16 | 23 | 28 | . 55 |
| DMP-7 | 1 | 60 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 9.75 | 11.0 | 41/8 | 719\% | 137/6 | 31 | 37 | . 78 |
| DMP-9 | 1 | 80 | 10.0 | 10.7 | 13.0 | 14.6 | 51/8 | 719\%2 | 137/16 | 39 | 46 | 1.0 |
| 2-EMP-5 | 2 | 80 | 10.0 | 10.4 | 12.9 | 14.6 | 67/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 79 | 95 | 2.48 |
| 3-EMP-5 | 3 | 80 | 10.0 | 10.4 | 12.9 | 14.6 | 101/4 | 101/8 | 17 | 124 | 146 | 3.72 |
| EMP-7 | 1 | 120 | 15.0 | 15.6 | 19.3 | 21.9 | $411 / 2$ | 101/8 | 17 | 54 | 62 | 1.47 |
| EMP-9 | 1 | 160 | 20.0 | 20.8 | 25.7 | 29.3 | 53/20 | 101/8 | 17 | 69 | 79 | 1.72 |
| EMP-11 | 1 | 200 | 25.0 | 26.0 | 32.2 | 36.6 | 61/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 87 | 102 | 2.44 |
| EMP-13 | 1 | 240 | 30.0 | 31.2 | 38.6 | 43.9 | 67/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 95 | 110 | 2.31 |
| EMP-15 | 1 | 280 | 35.0 | 36.4 | 44.1 | 51.2 | 819/2 | 101/8 | 17 | 113 | 133 | 3.02 |
| EMP-17 | 1 | 320 | 40.0 | 41.6 | 50.5 | 58.5 | $101 / 4$ | 101/8 | 17 | 131 | 153 | 3.73 |
| EMP-19 | 1 | 360 | 45.0 | 46.8 | 56.9 | 65.9 | 101/4 | 101/8 | 17 | 141 | 163 | 3.58 |
| FMP-11 |  | 415 | 51.9 | 54.0 | 66.5 | 75.1 | 71/2 | 1417/2 | 225/6 | 172 | 186 |  |
| FMP-13 | 1 | 498 | 62.25 | 64.8 | 79.8 | 90.2 | 71/2 | 1417/2 | 225/16 | 187 | 201 | 4.81 |
| FMP-15 | 1 | 581 | 72.6 | 75.6 | 93.1 | 105.2 | $821 / 2$ | 1417/2 | 225/16 | 222 | 240 | 6.20 |
| FMP-17 |  | 664 | 83.0 | 86.4 | 106.4 | 120.2 | 1021/2 | 1417/2 | 225/6 | 257 |  |  |
| FMP-19 | 1 | 747 | 93.4 | 97.2 | 119.7 | 135.2 | $10^{21 / 20}$ | 1417/2 | 225/16 | 273 | 292 | 7.41 |
| FMP-21 | 1 | 830 | 103.75 | 108.0 | 133.0 | 150.3 | 133/16 | 1417/2 | 225/16 | 318 | 340 | 9.62 |
| FMP-23 |  | 913 | 114.1 | 118.8 | 146.3 | 165.3 | 133/6 | 1417/22 | 223/6 | 333 | 355 |  |
| FMP-25 | 1 | 996 | 124.5 | 129.6 | 159.6 | 180.3 | 133/16 | 1417/22 | 225/16 | 348 | 370 | 9.07 |

*Includes the resistance drop across the standard inter-cell connectors in series with the cell.

These Exide-Manchex batteries, equipped with manchester Planté positive plates, are assembled in heat-resistant, shockabsorbing polystyrene containers and covers. The containers and covers are cemented together to form a permanent leak proof bond against seepage of acid.

The insulation in these batteries consists of microporous separators combined with molded one-piece polystyrene dowels. DMP and EMP types have two terminal posts. FMP types have four terminal posts. EMP-9 cells and larger have copper inserts to provide an ample electrical path for high current requirements at maximum sustained voltages. Burned seal ring con-
struction in all sizes assures complete freedom from creepage of acid. Ample electrolyte is provided to enable the cells to deliver all rated capacities. Large sediment spaces are built into all sizes to take care of even the most severe cycle service.
Cells are furnished with necessary connector bolts and leadplated copper inter-cell connectors for $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ spacing between cells. For Railway Signal service, cells are furnished with connector bolts and flexible braided tinned copper inter-cell connectors.

Full charge specific gravity 1.200-1.220.

EXIDE BATTERIES IN PLASTIC CONTAINERS
TYPE PLX, PWA


Technical Data, Overall Dimensions, and Weights

| Type Cell | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cells } \\ & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Unit } \end{aligned}$ | CAPACITY AT $77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unit in Inches |  |  | Approximate Weight Per Unit in Lbs. |  | Electrolyte Gallons PerUnit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ampere } \\ \text { Hour at } \\ 8 \mathrm{Hr} \text {. } \\ \text { Rate } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { \%1. } 75 \text { F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amperes } \\ & \text { Per Hour } \\ & \text { For } \\ & 8 \text { Hours } \\ & \text { to } \\ & \text { to F.V. } \end{aligned}$ | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $23 \stackrel{\text { For }}{\text { Cells }}$ 44 F.V. | For Folls $44 \stackrel{\text { to }}{\mathrm{F}} \mathrm{V}$. | For $26 \stackrel{\text { Cells }}{\text { Col }}$ 45 F.V. | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| 2-PWA-7 | 2 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.5 | 8.0 | 8.9 | $4^{15 / 32}$ | 75/16 | 101/8 | 22 | 31 | . 52 |
| 3-PWA-7 | 3 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.5 | 8.0 | 8.9 | 67/16 | 75/16 | 101/8 | 32 | 42 | . 78 |
| 2-PWA-13 | 2 | 100 | 12.5 | 13.0 | 16.0 | 17.8 | $73 / 4$ | 75/16 | 101/8 | 38 | 51 | 1.1 |
| 3-PWA-13 | 3 | 100 | 12.5 | 13.0 | 16.0 | 17.8 | $113 / 8$ | $75 / 16$ | 101/8 | 57 | 72 | 1.52 |

* Cell final volts at all discharge ratings include the resistance drop across a standard intercell connector in series with the cell.

These new Exide batteries are assembled in two and three compartment plastic containers. Pilot ball assemblies are not furnished in PWA units.

All PWA types have double insulation consisting of Microporous separators and Vitrex retainers.

All PWA types can be furnished charged and wet (C\&W) or dry charged (DC). Dry types require 1.200 Sp . Gr. electrolyte for
filling.
Batteries come equipped with plastic vent caps and gas cylinder vent-filling funnels which are a part of the built-in explosion control feature.
Terminals are fitted with connector bolts. Inter-unit connectors are furnished when two or more units are ordered.
Full charge specific gravity, 1.200-1.220.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Cell } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cells } \\ & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Pnit } \end{aligned}$ | CAPACITY AT ${ }^{\text {7 }}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unit in Inches |  |  | Approximate Weight Per Unit in Lbs. |  | Electrolyte Gallons Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ampere } \\ \text { Hour at } \\ 8 \mathrm{Hr} \text {. } \\ \text { Rate } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { *1.75 F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | Amperes <br> Per Hour For $\begin{gathered} 8 \text { Hours } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { *1.75 F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | For 23 Cells 44 F.V. | For Cells 44 F.V. |  | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| 2-PLX-7 | 2 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.5 | 8.0 | 8.9 | $4^{15 / 32}$ | $75 / 16$ | 101/8 | 24 | 33 | . 52 |
| 3-PLX-7 | 3 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.5 | 8.0 | 8.9 | 67/16 | 75/16 | 101/8 | 36 | 46 | . 78 |
| 2-PLX-13 | 2 | 100 | 12.5 | 13.0 | 16.0 | 17.8 | $73 / 4$ | 75/16 | 101/8 | 41 | 54 | 1.1 |
| 3-PLX-13 | 3 | 100 | 12.5 | 13.0 | 16.0 | 17.8 | $113 / 8$ | $75 / 16$ | 101/8 | 61 | 76 | 1.52 |

*Cell final volts at all discharge ratings includes the resistance drop across a standard intercell in series with the cell.

These Exide batteries are assembled in two and three compartment plastic containers. Each two-cell unit is equipped with one set of pilot balls and each three-cell unit with two sets of pilot balls, one being visible from either side of the battery to indicate approximate state of charge.

All PLX types have double insulation consisting of Microporous separators and Vitrex retainers.

All PLX types can be furnished charged and wet (C\&W), un-
charged and dry (U\&D), or charged and dry (C\&D). Dry types require 1.200 Sp . Gr. electrolyte for filling.
Batteries come equipped with plastic vent caps and gas cylinder vent-filling funnels which are a part of the built-in explosion control feature.
Terminals are fitted with connector bolts. Inter-unit connectors are furnished when two or more units are ordered.
Full charge specific gravity, 1.200-1.220.

# EXIDE CALCIUM BATTERIES IN PLASTIC CONTAINERS 

 TYPE DCP, ECP, EW, FW

Technical Data, Overall Dimensions, and Weights TYPE DCP, ECP

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { Coll } \\ \text { Cell } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cells } \\ & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Unit } \end{aligned}$ | CAPACITY AT $77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unit |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Approximate } \\ & \text { Weight Per Unit } \\ & \text { in Lbs. } \end{aligned}$ |  | ElecGallons $\stackrel{\text { Per }}{\text { Unit }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ampere } \\ \text { Hour at } \\ 8 \mathrm{Hr} \text { at. } \\ \text { Rate } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { to }_{175} \mathrm{~F} . \mathrm{V} . \end{gathered}$ | Amperes Per Hour 8 Hours*1.75 F.V. | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { For } \\ & 23 \text { Cells } \\ & \text { tolls } \\ & 44 \text { F.V. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { For } \\ & 24 \text { Colls } \\ & \text { tolls } \\ & 44 \text { F.V. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { For } \\ & 26 \text { Colls } \\ & 45 \stackrel{\text { tolls }}{\text { F.V. }} \end{aligned}$ | Length | Height | Width | Net | Packed |  |
| DCP-5 | 1 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.24 | 7.9 | 8.9 | $31 / 8$ | 719\%2 | 137/6 | 21 | 26 | . 57 |
| DCP-7 | 1 | 75 | 9.375 | 9.36 | 11.8 | 13.4 | 41/8 | 719/2 | 137/6 | 27 | 33 | . 81 |
| DCP-9 | 1 | 100 | 12.5 | 12.48 | 15.8 | 17.9 | 51/8 | 719/3 | 137/16 | 34 | 41 | 1.04 |
| 2-ECP-7 | 2 | 120 | 15.0 | 15.45 | 19.1 | 21.5 | 67/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 77 | 93 | 2.40 |
| 3-ECP-7 | 3 | 120 | 15.0 | 15.45 | 19.1 | 21.5 | 101/4 | 101/8 | 17 | 119 | 141 | 3.61 |
| ECP-9 | 1 | 160 | 20.0 | 20.6 | 25.4 | 28.7 | $411 / 2$ | 101/8 | 17 | 49 | 57 | 1.46 |
| ECP-11 | 1 | 200 | 25.0 | 25.75 | 31.8 | 35.9 | 55/2 | 101/8 | 17 | 61 | 71 | 1.75 |
| ECP-13 |  | 240 | 30.0 | 30.9 | 38.1 | 43.1 | 61/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 76 | 91 | 2.50 |
| ECP-15 |  | 280 | 35.0 | 36.0 | 44.5 | 50.3 | 67/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 81 | 96 | 2.40 |
| ECP-17 | 1 | 320 | 40.0 | 41.2 | 50.8 | 57.4 | 61/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 86 | 101 | 2.31 |
| ECP-19 | 1 | 360 | 45.0 | 46.3 | 57.2 | 64.6 | $819 / 2$ | 101/8 | 17 | 100 | 120 | 3.04 |
| ECP-21 | 1 | 400 | 50.0 | 51.5 | 63.5 | 71.8 | 819/2 | 101/8 | 17 | 105 | 125 | 2.95 |

TYPES EW, FW

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Cell } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cells } \\ & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Unit } \end{aligned}$ | CAPACITY AT $77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unitin Inches |  |  | ApproximateWeight Per Unit in Lbs. |  | Elec-troyteGollonsPerUnit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ampere } \\ \text { Hour at } \\ 8 \mathrm{Hr} . \\ \text { Rate } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { t1. } \end{gathered}$ | Amperes Per Hour 8 Hours${ }^{*} 1.75 \mathrm{~F} . \mathrm{V} .$ | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 23 \text { Colls } \\ \text { tols } \\ 44 \text { F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { For } \\ & 24 \text { Cells } \\ & 4 \text { toll }_{\text {P.V. }} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { For } \\ & 26{ }^{\text {Collls }} \\ & 4 \mathrm{tol}_{\mathrm{F} . \mathrm{V}} \end{aligned}$ | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| 2-EW-7 | 2 | 180 | 22.5 | 22.5 | 28.2 | 32.1 | 61/8 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 86 | 102 | 1.88 |
| 3-EW-7 | 3 | 180 | 22.5 | 22.5 | 28.2 | 32.1 | 101/4 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 129 | 149 | 2.83 |
| EW-9 | 1 | 240 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 37.6 | 42.8 | $4^{11 / 2}$ | 101/8 | 181/4 | 54 | 64 | 1.19 |
| EW-11 | 1 | 300 | 37.5 | 37.5 | 47.0 | 53.4 | 55/22 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 67 | 77 | 1.43 |
| EW-13 | 1 | 360 | 45.0 | 45.0 | 56.4 | 64.1 | 67/8 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 84 | 100 | 2.03 |
| EW-15 | 1 | 420 | 52.5 | 52.5 | 65.9 | 74.8 | 67/8 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 89 | 105 | 1.93 |
| EW-17 | 1 | 480 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 75.2 | 85.5 | 819/2 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 105 | 123 | 2.54 |
| EW-19 | 1 | 540 | 67.5 | 67.5 | 84.7 | 96.2 | 819/2 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 110 | 128 | 2.42 |
| EW-21 | 1 | 600 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 94.0 | 106.9 | $101 / 4$ | 101/8 | 181/4 | 127 | 147 | 3.05 |
| EW-23 | 1 | 660 | 82.5 | 82.5 | 103.5 | 117.6 | $101 / 4$ | 101/8 | 181/4 | 132 | 152 | 2.92 |
| FW-15 | 1 | 840 | 105.0 | 105.0 | 131.8 | 149.6 | 71/2 | 1417/2 | 23 | 169 | 187 | 3.61 |
| FW-19 | 1 | 1080 | 135.0 | 135.0 | 169.5 | 192.3 | $831 / 2$ | $1417 / 12$ | 23 | 209 | 233 | 4.44 |
| FW-23 | 1 | 1320 | 165.0 | 165.0 | 207.1 | 235.1 | 1021/32 | $1417 / 22$ | 23 | 248 | 276 | 5.18 |
| FW-29 | 1 | 1680 | 210.0 | 210.0 | 263.6 | 299.2 | 133/16 | 1417/2 | 23 | 308 | 333 | 6.48 |

*Cell final volts at all discharge ratings includes the resistance drop across a standard inter-cell connector in series with the cell.
These Exide lead-calcium alloy grid batteries are assembled separators and Vitrex (spun glass) retainers. in one, two and three cell plastic containers.

Full charge specific gravity $1.200-1.220$. All types have double insulation consisting of microporous

## EXIDE-IRONCLAD BATTERIES WITH SILVIUM IN PLASTIC CONTAINERS

## TYPE EHGS



These Exide-Ironclad batteries are assembled in heat-resistant, shock-absorbing polystyrene containers and covers. The containers and covers are cemented together to form a permanent leak-proof bond against seepage of acid.
The insulation in these batteries consists of the plastic tubes used in the positives where the active material is stored, and the grooved microporous rubber separators between the positive and negative plates. The polyethylene bottom bar used to seal the plastic tubes of the positive plate, also insulates the bottom edges of the positive plates, thus making it impossible to develop shorts at the bottom of the element. The extra wide separator used between plates eliminates any possibility of mossing at the plate edges.

All EHGS cells have two terminal posts equipped with cop-
per inserts to provide an ample electric path for high current requirements at maximum sustained voltages. Heat fused ring seal construction at the post terminals, used in all sizes, assures complete freedom from creepage of acid. Ample electrolyte is provided to enable the cells to deliver all rated capacities and to limit watering to every $9-15$ months when charged with a constant voltage charger and when installed in an average ambient temperature of $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Ample sediment spaces are built into all sizes to take care of the accumulated sediment for the lifetime of the cell.

Cells are furnished with necessary connector bolts and leadplated copper inter-cell connectors for $1 / 2$ inch spacing between cells.

Full charge specific gravity 1.200-1.220.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { Coll } \\ \text { Cell } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cells } \\ & \substack{\text { Pers } \\ \text { Unit }} \end{aligned}$ | CAPACITY AT $77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unitin Inches |  |  | Approximate Weight Per Unit in Lbs. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Elec- } \\ \text { Erolyte } \\ \text { Gollons } \\ \text { Per } \\ \text { Unit } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ampere 8 Hr . Rate to$* 1.75 \mathrm{~F} . \mathrm{V}$ | AmperesPer Hour Hours to${ }_{*}{ }_{1.75} \mathrm{FV}$. | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $23 \begin{gathered}\text { For } \\ \text { Colls } \\ \text { to }\end{gathered}$ $44{ }^{\text {to }} \mathrm{F} . \mathrm{V}$. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { For } \\ & 24 \text { Colls } \\ & 44 \mathrm{~F} . \mathrm{V} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 26^{\text {Coll }} \\ 45^{\text {toll. }} \\ 4 \text { F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| 2-EHGS-7 | 2 | 200 | 25.0 | 23.5 | 32.0 | 36.9 | 67/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 88 | 97 | 2.3 |
| 3-EHGS-7 | 3 | 200 | 25.0 | 23.5 | 32.0 | 36.9 | 101/4 | 101/8 | 17 | 131 | 143 | 3.4 |
| EHGS-9 | 1 | 267 | 33.375 | 31.3 | 42.6 | 49.2 | $411 / 22$ | 101/8 | 17 | 55 | 60 | 1.4 |
| EHGS-11 | 1 | 333 | 41.625 | 39.2 | 53.3 | 61.5 | 55\%2 | 101/8 | 17 | 68 | 72 | 1.7 |
| EHGS-13 | 1 | 400 | 50.0 | 47.0 | 63.9 | 73.8 | 61/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 84 | 89 | 2.4 |
| EHGS-15 | 1 | 466 | 58.25 | 54.8 | 74.6 | 86.1 | 67/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 90 | 96 | 2.3 |
| EHGS-17 | 1 | 533 | 66.625 | 62.6 | 85.2 | 98.4 | 61/8 | 101/8 | 17 | 96 | 101 | 2.1 |
| EHGS-19 | 1 | 600 | 75.0 | 70.5 | 95.9 | 110.7 | 819/22 | 101/8 | 17 | 113 | 117 | 2.9 |
| EHGS-21 | 1 | 666 | 83.25 | 78.3 | 106.5 | 123.0 | 819/12 | 101/8 | 17 | 119 | 124 | 2.7 |
| EHGS-23 | 1 | 732 | 91.5 | 86.1 | 117.2 | 135.3 | 101/4 | 10188 | 17 | 139 | 144 | 3.6 |
| EHGS-25 | 1 | 800 | 100.0 | 94.0 | 127.8 | 147.6 | 101/4 | 101/8 | 17 | 145 | 150 | 3.4 |

[^4]

## EXIDE LEAD

ANTIMONY BATTERIES IN PLASTIC CONTAINERS

TYPE EWA, FWA

## Type EWA

Type FWA
Technical Data, Overall Dimensions, and Weights


| $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Cell } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cells } \\ & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Pnit } \end{aligned}$ | CAPACITY AT $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unitin Inches |  |  | ApproximateWeight Per Unit Weight Per Unit in Lbs. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Elec- } \\ \text { trolyte } \\ \text { Gallons } \\ \text { Per } \\ \text { Unit } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Amperes Per Hour 8 For${ }^{*} 1.75 \text { to } \mathrm{F} . \mathrm{V} .$ | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { For } \\ & 24 \mathrm{Colll} \\ & \text { tols } \\ & 44 \mathrm{~F} . \mathrm{V} . \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\text { For }}{26}$ | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| 2-EWA-7 | 2 | 180 | 22.5 | 22.5 | 28.2 | 32.1 | 61/8 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 86 | 102 | 1.88 |
| 3-EWA-7 | 3 | 180 | 22.5 | 22.5 | 28.2 | 32.1 | 101/4 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 129 | 149 | 2.83 |
| EWA-9 | 1 | 240 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 37.6 | 42.8 | $411 / 22$ | 101/8 | 181/4 | 54 | 64 | 1.19 |
| EWA-11 | 1 | 300 | 37.5 | 37.5 | 47.0 | 53.4 | 55/2 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 67 | 77 | 1.43 |
| EWA-13 | 1 | 360 | 45.0 | 45.0 | 56.4 | 64.1 | 67/3 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 84 | 100 | 2.03 |
| EWA-15 | 1 | 420 | 52.5 | 52.5 | 65.9 | 74.8 | 67/8 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 89 | 105 | 1.83 |
| EWA-17 | 1 | 480 | 60.0 | 60.0 | 75.2 | 85.5 | 819/22 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 105 | 123 | 2.55 |
| EWA-19 | 1 | 540 | 67.5 | 67.5 | 84.7 | 96.2 | 819/23 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 110 | 128 | 2.42 |
| EWA-21 | 1 | 600 | 75.0 | 75.0 | 94.0 | 106.9 | 101/4 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 127 | 147 | 3.05 |
| EWA-23 | 1 | 660 | 82.5 | 82.5 | 103.5 | 117.6 | 101/4 | 101/8 | 181/4 | 132 | 152 | 2.92 |
| FWA-15 | 1 | 840 | 105.0 | 105.0 | 131.8 | 149.6 | 71/2 | 1417/2 | 23 | 169 | 187 | 3.61 |
| FWA-19 | 1 | 1080 | 135.0 | 135.0 | 169.5 | 192.3 | $8^{31 / 2}$ | 1417/2 | 23 | 209 | 233 | 4.44 |
| FWA-23 | 1 | 1320 | 165.0 | 165.0 | 207.1 | 235.1 | $10^{21 / 12}$ | 1417/22 | 23 | 248 | 276 | 5.18 |
| FWA-29 |  | 1680 | 210.0 | 210.0 | 263.6 | 299.2 | 13316 | 1417/32 | 23 | 308 | 333 | 6.48 |

*Cell final volts at all discharge ratings includes the resistance drop across a standard inter-cell connector in series with the cell.

These Exide lead-antimony grid batteries are assembled in two and three cell plastic containers with capacities of 180 A. H. and in single cell plastic containers with capacities ranging from 240 to 660 A. H., all at the 8 hour rate.

## EXIDE BATTERIES IN MONOBLOC RUBBER CONTAINERS TYPE FB

Positive plates are 0.32 inch thick. Because of the tight fit of the elements, shedding of active material is greatly reduced.
A special feature of this battery is its explosion-control construction. A hood below the level of the electrolyte, inclining gradually upward from all four sides of the cell toward the center, collects the gas bubbles before they reach the surface of the electrolyte and guides them to $\alpha$ vent in the cover.
A plastic float extending above the covers and visible at a glance, shows the height of the electrolyte within each cell.

All EWA and FWA types have double insulation consisting of microporous separators and Vitrex (spun glass) retainers. Full charge specific gravity 1.200-1.220.


Type FB Cell

## Technical Data, Overall Dimensions, and Weights

| Type of | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cells } \\ & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Pnit } \end{aligned}$ | CAPACITY AT $77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unit in Inches |  |  | Approximate Weight Per Unit in Lbs. |  | Electrolyte Gallons PerUnit Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ampere <br> Hour at 8 Hr . Rate $\text { *1.75 F. }{ }^{\text {Fo }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amperes } \\ & \text { Per Hour } \\ & \text { For } \\ & 8 \text { Hours } \\ & \text { to } 1.75 \text { F.V. } \end{aligned}$ | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { For } \\ & 23 \text { Cells } \\ & 44 \text { F.V. } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{24}^{\text {For }}$ Cells 44 F.V. | ${ }_{26}^{\text {For }}$ Cells 45 to $\mathrm{F} . \mathrm{V}$. | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| FB-15 | 1 | 840 | 105 | 104.3 | 126.7 | 147 | 87/6 | 145/8 | 233/4 | 225 | 245 | 3.72 |
| FB-19 | 1 | 1080 | 135 | 134.1 | 162.9 | 189 | 107/16 | 145/8 | 233/4 | 281 | 305 | 4.74 |
| FB-23 | 1 | 1320 | 165 | 163.9 | 199.1 | 231 | 127/6 | 145/8 | 233/4 | 337 | 365 | 5.76 |
| FB-29 | 1 | 1680 | 210 | 208.6 | 253.4 | 294 | $151 / 4$ | 145/8 | 233/4 | 415 | 455 | 6.48 |

${ }^{*}$ Full charge specific gravity $1.200-1.220$


CE-420


CE-660


CE-300


F

# C \& D <br> LEAD ANTIMONY GRID BATTERIES PLASTIC JAR BATTERIES 

TYPES: CE, F
Capacities: 180 to 1680 Ampere Hours


CE-240

## Technical Data, Overall Dimensions, and Weights

| Type of | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cells } \\ & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Unit } \end{aligned}$ | CAPACITY AT $77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unit |  |  | Approximate Unit Weight in Lbs. |  | Electrolyte Gallons PerUnit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ampere <br> Hour at 8 Hr . Rate of Discharge | Amperes <br> Per Hour For <br> 8 Hours to 1.75 F.V. | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 23 \text { Cells } \\ 44 \text { tolts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 24{ }_{4}^{\text {Colls }} \\ 44 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 26{ }_{\text {Colls }}^{\text {Coll }} \\ 45 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| 2CE-180 <br> 3CE-180 | 2 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 180 \\ & 180 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22.5 \\ & 22.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23.4 \\ & 23.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28.8 \\ & 28.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31.8 \\ & 31.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 71 / 2 \\ 111 / 4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 101 / 2 \\ & 101 / 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & 145 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120 \\ & 170 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.40 \\ & 3.50 \end{aligned}$ |
| CE-240 | 1 | 240 | 30.0 | 31.2 | 38.4 | 42.4 | $43 / 4$ | 103/4 | 18 | 60 | 78 | 1.50 |
| CE-300 | 1 | 300 | 37.5 | 39.0 | 48.0 | 53.0 | 55/8 | 103/4 | 18 | 75 | 93 | 1.75 |
| CE-360 | 1 | 360 | 45.0 | 46.8 | 57.6 | 63.6 | $71 / 2$ | 101/2 | 18 | 92 | 112 | 2.45 |
| CE-420 | 1 | 420 | 52.5 | 54.6 | 67.2 | 74.2 | $71 / 2$ | 101/2 | 18 | 100 | 120 | 2.40 |
| CE-480 | 1 | 480 | 60.0 | 62.5 | 76.8 | 84.8 | $93 / 8$ | 101/2 | 18 | 122 | 144 | 3.05 |
| CE-540 | 1 | 540 | 67.5 | 70.2 | 86.4 | 95.4 | $93 / 8$ | 101/2 | 18 | 130 | 152 | 3.00 |
| CE-660 | 1 | 660 | 82.5 | 85.8 | 105.6 | 116.6 | $111 / 4$ | 101/2 | 18 | 155 | 179 | 3.70 |
| F-720 | 1 | 720 | 90.0 | 93.0 | 115.5 | 127.8 | $71 / 8$ | $141 / 8$ | 2211/16 | 168 | 200 | 5.00 |
| F-840 | 1 | 840 | 105.0 | 108.5 | 134.8 | 149.1 | $71 / 8$ | $141 / 8$ | 2211/16 | 180 | 210 | 4.60 |
| F-960 | 1 | 960 | 120.0 | 124.0 | 154.0 | 170.4 | $87 / 8$ | $141 / 8$ | 2211/16 | 216 | 248 | 6.20 |
| F-1080 | 1 | 1080 | 135.0 | 139.5 | 173.3 | 191.7 | 87/8 | $141 / 8$ | 2211/16 | 228 | 260 | 5.80 |
| F-1320 | 1 | 1320 | 165.0 | 170.5 | 211.8 | 234.3 | 10 5/8 | $141 / 8$ | $22^{11 / 16}$ | 276 | 315 | 7.10 |
| F-1680 | 1 | 1680 | 210.0 | 217.0 | 269.5 | 298.2 | 133/16 | $141 / 8$ | 2211/16 | 348 | 400 | 8.90 |

POSITIVE PLATE THICKNESSES-All types $.266^{\prime \prime}$.
Specific Gravity of Electrolyte Fully Charged 1.200 to 1.220 at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

LONG LIFE-C\&D's exclusive design combines advantages of both suspended and supported plate construction.

TRIPLE INSULATION-Thick Fiberglas mat-Plastic or Hard Rubber Separators-Perforated Koroseal retainer.
HIGH HEAT RESISTANT crystal-clear polystyrene jars and covers are hermetically sealed-permit easy visual internal inspection.
POST SEALS CE Plastite; CF lead-inserted.

SAFTEE-VENT-Reduces explosion hazard; eliminates necessity of removing vents for water additions or hydrometer readings.

BALL GAGE INDICATOR-Available up to 160 A.H., when specified.

INTERCELL CONNECTORS-Lead Plated Copper. All Cells shipped completely assembled, sealed and charged; with necessary accessories.

Racks available, complete information on request.
The C\&D batteries listed are built in accordance with teleohone industry standards.


## C \& D

## LEAD ANTIMONY GRID BATTERIES PLASTIC JAR BATTERIES

TYPES: C, D, PKT

Capacities: 50 to 200 Ampere Hours


## Technical Data, Overall Dimensions, and Weights

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Cell } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cells } \\ & \substack{\text { Per } \\ \text { Unit }} \end{aligned}$ | CAPACITY AT $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unitin Inches |  |  | Approximate Unit Weight in Lbs. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Elec- } \\ \text { trolyte } \\ \text { Gallons } \\ \text { Per } \\ \text { Unit } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ampere } \\ \text { Hour at } \\ 8 \mathrm{Hr} \text {. } \\ \text { Rate } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Discharge } \end{gathered}$ | AmperesPer Hour Per Hour 8 Hours 1.75 F.V. | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 24 \stackrel{\text { Colls }}{\text { to }} \\ .44 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 26 \stackrel{\text { Colls }}{\text { to }} \\ 45 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| 2C-50 | 2 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.5 | 8.2 | 9.0 | 61/8 | 73/8 | 10 | 29 | 39 | 0.70 |
| 3C-50 | 3 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.5 | 8.2 | 9.0 | 9 | 73/8 | 10 | 44 | 57 | 1.00 |
| 2C-60 | 2 | 60 | 7.50 | 7.8 | 9.8 | 10.8 | 61/8 | 73/8 | 10 | 30 | 40 | 0.65 |
| 3C-60 | 3 | 60 | 7.50 | 7.8 | 9.8 | 10.8 | 9 | 73/8 | 10 | 45 | 58 | 1.00 |
| 2D-75 | 2 | 75 | 9.37 | 9.7 | 12.3 | 13.5 | 71/2 | 73/16 | 103/8 | 40 | 47 | 1.30 |
| 3D-75 | 3 | 75 | 9.37 | 9.7 | 12.3 | 13.5 | 111/8 | 73/16 | 103/8 | 60 | 68 | 1.95 |
| 2D-100 | 2 | 100 | 12.50 | 13.0 | 16.4 | 18.0 | $71 / 2$ | 73/16 | 103/8 | 44 | 51 | 1.10 |
| 3D-100 | 3 | 100 | 12.50 | 13.0 | 16.4 | 18.0 | 111/8 | 73/16 | 103/8 | 65 | 73 | 1.65 |
| D-125 | 1 | 125 | 15.62 | 16.2 | 20.5 | 22.5 | 71/2 | 73/16 | 1015/16 | 37 | 44 | 1.50 |
| D-150 | 1 | 150 | 18.75 | 19.5 | 24.6 | 27.0 | $71 / 2$ | 73/16 | 1015/16 | 40 | 47 | 1.40 |
| D-175 | 1 | 175 | 21.87 | 22.7 | 28.7 | 31.5 | $71 / 2$ | 73/16 | 1015/16 | 42 | 49 | 1.25 |
| D-200 | 1 | 200 | 25.00 | 26.0 | 32.8 | 36.0 | $71 / 2$ | 73/16 | 1015/16 | 44 | 51 | 1.15 |
| 2PKT-100 | 2 | 100 | 12.50 | 13.0 | 16.4 | 18.0 | 9 | 73/8 | 10 | 46 | 60 | 1.20 |
| 3PKT-100 | 3 | 100 | 12.50 | 13.0 | 16.4 | 18.0 | $133 / 8$ | 73/8 | 10 | 67 | 81 | 1.80 |
| 2PKT-50 | 2 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.5 | 8.2 | 9.0 | 5 | $71 / 4$ | 10 | 28 | 38 | 0.70 |
| 3PKT-50 | 3 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.5 | 8.2 | 9.0 | 73/8 | 71/4 | 10 | 42 | 55 | 1.05 |

POSITIVE PLATE THICKNESSES-Type PKT . $220^{\prime \prime}$; All others $.266^{\prime \prime}$. Specific Gravity of Electrolyte Fully Charged 1.200 to 1.220 at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
LONG LIFE-C\&D's exclusive design combines advantages of both suspended and supported plate construction.
TRIPLE INSULATION-Thick Fiberglas mat-Plastic or Hard Rubber separators-Perforated Koroseal retainer.
HIGH HEAT RESISTANT crystal-clear polystyrene jars and covers are hermetically sealed-permit easy visual internal inspection.

PLASTITE POST SEALS
SAFTEE-VENT-Reduces explosion hazard; eliminates necessity of removing vents for water additions or hydrometer readings.
BALL CAGE INDICATOR-Available up to 160 A.H., when specified.
INTERUNIT CONNECTORS-Lead Plated Copper on CE; Flexible cable on C. All Cells shipped completely assembled, sealed and charged and with necessary accessories.
Racks available, complete information on request.
The C\&D batteries listed are built in accordance with telephone industry standards.

# POWER AND TEST EQUIPMENT.15y 

# C \& D <br> LEAD CALCIUM GRID BATTERIES 

## C \& D Plastical (PCE) Batteries

This basically new battery combines a durable clear-plastic case with revolutionary lead-calcium grids. The alloying of pure lead with calcium gives these grids a tensile strength equal to that of grids containing a high percentage of antimony-but with none of the harmful effects of antimony.

Delivers high output throughout life. Rated capacity remains steady because the negative plates stay healthy, active, and free from contamination.

Reduces the frequency of equalizing charges, because there
is no antimony in the battery to cause low cells through "antimony poisoning" of the negative plates. Plastical's rate of selfdischarge stays low, its capacity high. The amount of calcium in the grids is controlled to within plus or minus $20 / 1000$ th of $1 \%$ ! The resultant uniformity in the grids means uniform cells, uniform operation.

Works five times as long without needing water. Because it consumes less current, there is less electrolysis of water. Thus, fewer inspections-fewer water additions.


PCE-420



CF


PCE-300


PCE-240

# PLASTIC AND RUBBER JAR BATTERIES 

# TYPES: PCE, CF <br> Capacities: 180 to 1680 Ampere Hours <br> Technical Data, Overall Dimensions, and Weights 

CAPACITY AT $7^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Cell } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cells } \\ & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Unit } \end{aligned}$ | CAPACITY AT $77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Cell in Inches |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Approximate } \\ \text { Weight Per Unit } \\ \text { in Lbs. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Elec-trolyteGallonsPerUnit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ampere } \\ \text { Hour at } \\ \text { o Hr. } \\ \text { Rate } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Discharge } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amperes } \\ \text { Per Hour } \\ \text { For } \\ 8 \text { Hours } \\ \text { to } \\ 1.75 \text { F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 23 \text { Colls } \\ 44 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 24 \text { Colls } \\ \text { to } \\ 44 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 26 \text { For }_{\text {Cells }}^{\text {to }} \\ 45 \text { Volts F.V } \end{gathered}$ | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| 2PCE-180 | 2 | 180 | 22.50 | 23.4 | 28.8 | 31.8 | $71 / 2$ | 101/2 | 18 | 100 | 120 | 2.40 |
| 3PCE-180 | 3 | 180 | 22.50 | 23.4 | 28.8 | 31.8 | $111 / 4$ | $101 / 2$ | 18 | 145 | 170 | 3.60 |
| PCE-240 | 1 | 240 | 30.00 | 31.2 | 38.4 | 42.4 | $43 / 4$ | $103 / 4$ | 18 | 60 | 78 | 1.50 |
| PCE-300 | 1 | 300 | 37.50 | 39.0 | 48.0 | 53.0 | 5 5/8 | $103 / 4$ | 18 | 75 | 93 | 1.75 |
| PCE-360 | 1 | 360 | 45.00 | 46.8 | 57.6 | 63.6 | $71 / 2$ | $101 / 2$ | 18 | 92 | 112 | 2.45 |
| PCE-420 | 1 | 420 | 52.50 | 54.6 | 67.2 | 74.2 | $71 / 2$ | $101 / 2$ | 18 | 100 | 120 | 2.40 |
| PCE-480 | 1 | 480 | 60.00 | 62.5 | 76.8 | 84.8 | $93 / 8$ | $101 / 2$ | 18 | 122 | 144 | 3.05 |
| PCE-540 | 1 | 540 | 67.50 | 70.2 | 86.4 | 95.4 | $931 / 8$ | $101 / 2$ | 18 | 130 | 152 | 3.00 |
| PCE-660 | 1 | 660 | 82.50 | 85.8 | 105.6 | 116.6 | $111 / 4$ | $101 / 2$ | 18 | 155 | 179 | 3.70 |
| CF-720 | 1 | 720 | 90.00 | 93.0 | 115.5 | 127.8 | $71 / 8$ | 141/8 | 2211/16 | 168 | 200 | 5.00 |
| CF-840 | 1 | 840 | 105.00 | 108.5 | 134.8 | 149.1 | $71 / 8$ | $141 / 8$ | $22^{11 / 16}$ | 180 | 210 | 4.60 |
| CF-960 | 1 | 960 | 120.00 | 124.0 | 154.0 | 170.4 | 81/8 | $141 / 8$ | $22^{11 / 16}$ | 216 | 248 | 6.20 |
| CF-1080 | 1 | 1080 | 135.00 | 139.5 | 173.3 | 191.7 | 81/8 | $141 / 8$ | 2211/6 | 228 | 260 | 5.80 |
| CF-1320 | 1 | 1320 | 165.00 | 170.5 | 211.8 | 234.3 | 105\% | $141 / 8$ | $22^{11 / 16}$ | 276 | 315 | 7.10 |
| CF-1680 | 1 | 1680 | 210.00 | 217.0 | 269.5 | 298.2 | 133/16 | 141/8 | $22^{11 / 16}$ | 348 | 400 | 8.90 |

POSITIVE PLATE THICKNESSES- $0.266^{\prime \prime}$.
Specific Gravity of Electrolyte Fully Charged 1.200 to 1.220 at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
$40 \%$ EXTRA LIFE IN FLOAT SERVICE-C\&D's exclusive design combines advantages of both suspended and supported plate construction.
TRIPLE INSULATION-Thick Fiberglas mat-Plastic or Hard Rubber separators-Perforated Koroseal retainer.
HIGH HEAT RESISTANT crystal-clear polystyrene jars and covers are hermetically sealed-permit easy visual internal inspection.

POST SEALS-PCE Plastite: CF lead-inserted.
SAFTEE-VENT-Reduces explosion hazard; eliminates necessity of removing vents for water additions or hydrometer readings.
FLOAT INDICATOR-used on RCT.
INTERCELL CONNECTORS-Lead Plated Copper. All Cells shipped completely assembled, sealed and charged; with necessary accessories.
Racks available, complete information on request.
The C\&D batteries listed are built in accordance with telephone industry standards.


Technical Data, Overall Dimensions, and Weights

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Cell } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cells } \\ & \substack{\text { Per } \\ \text { Unit }} \end{aligned}$ | CAPACITY AT $77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unitin Inches |  |  | Approximate Unit Weight in Lbs. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Elec. } \\ \text { troyte } \\ \text { Gallons } \\ \text { Per } \\ \text { Unit } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ampere } \\ & \text { Hour at } \\ & \text { 8 Hr. } \\ & \text { Rate } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Discharge } \end{aligned}$ | Amperes Per Hour 8 For 1.75 F.V. | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 23{ }^{\text {Collls }} \\ 44 \text { tolts } \\ 44 . \mathrm{V} . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 24 \stackrel{\text { Colls }}{\text { Cols }} \\ 44 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 26 \text { Colls } \\ 45 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| 5AAC-6 | 5 | 6 | . 75 | . 75 | . 9 | 1.05 | 6\% 16 | 31/8 | 7 | 91/2 | 11 | 0.25 |
| 2PCC-50 | 2 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.5 | 8.2 | 9.0 | 61/8 | 73/8 | 10 | 29 | 39 | 0.70 |
| $3 \mathrm{PCC}-50$ | 3 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.5 | 8.2 | 9.0 | 9 | 73/8 | 10 | 44 | 57 | 1.00 |
| 2PCC-60 | 2 | 60 | 7.50 | 7.8 | 9.8 | 10.8 | 61/8 | $73 / 8$ | 10 | 30 | 40 | 0.65 |
| 3PCC-60 | 3 | 60 | 7.50 | 7.8 | 9.8 | 10.8 | 9 | 73/8 | 10 | 45 | 58 | 1.00 |
| 2DC-75 | 2 | 75 | 9.37 | 9.7 | 12.3 | 13.5 | $71 / 2$ | 73/16 | 103/8 | 40 | 47 | 1.30 |
| 3DC-75 | 3 | 75 | 9.37 | 9.7 | 12.3 | 13.5 | 111/8 | 73/6 | 103/8 | 60 | 68 | 1.95 |
| 2DC-100 | 2 | 100 | 12.50 | 13.0 | 16.4 | 18.0 | $71 / 2$ | 73/16 | 103/8 | 44 | 51 | 1.10 |
| 3DC-100 | 3 | 100 | 12.50 | 13.0 | 16.4 | 18.0 | 111/8 | 73/16 | 103/8 | 65 | 73 | 1.65 |
| DC-125 | 1 | 125 | 15.62 | 16.2 | 20.5 | 22.5 | 71/2 | 73/6 | 1015/6 | 37 | 44 | 1.50 |
| DC-150 | 1 | 150 | 18.75 | 19.5 | 24.6 | 27.0 | 71/2 | 73/60 | 1015/6 | 40 | 47 | 1.40 |
| DC-175 | 1 | 175 | 21.87 | 22.7 | 28.7 | 31.5 | $71 / 2$ | 73/16 | 1015/6 | 42 | 49 | 1.25 |
| DC-200 | 1 | 200 | 25.00 | 26.0 | 32.8 | 36.0 | $71 / 2$ | 73/16 | 1015/6 | 44 | 51 | 1.15 |

POSITIVE PLATE THICKNESSES-TYpe AAC; .300"; PCC; . $250^{\prime \prime}$; DC; .266"
Specific Gravity of Electrolyte Fully Charged 1.200 to 1.220 at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
$40 \%$ EXTRA LIFE IN FLOAT SERVICE-C\&D's exclusive design combines advantages of both suspended and supported plate construction.
TRIPLE INSULATION-Thick Fiberglas mat-Plastic or Hard Rubber separators-Perforated Koroseal retainer.
HIGH HEAT RESISTANT crystal-clear polystyrene jars and covers are hermetically sealed-permit easy visual internal inspection.

PLASTITE POST SEALS
SAFTEE-VENT-Reduces explosion hazard; eliminates necessity of removing vents for water additions or hydrometer readings.
BALL CAGE INDICATOR-Available up to 160 A.H., when specified. INTERUNIT CONNECTORS-Flexible cable on multi-unit assemblies, lead plated copper on single cell units. All Cells shipped completely assembled, sealed and charged; with necessary accessories.
Racks available, complete information on request.
The C\&D batteries listed are built in accordance with telephone industry standards.

|  |  |  | GOULD LEAD CALCIUM PLASTIC JAR BATTERIES <br> Explosion-Protected Construction ES CSC-74, CSC-76, CSC-134, CSC-136, OCSC* Capacities-50 to 100 Ampere Hours CSC-136 Technical Data, Overall Dimensions, and Weights |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tpe } \\ & \text { chel } \\ & \text { Col } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cells } \\ \text { Pert } \\ \text { Unit } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | PACITY AT $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unit |  |  | ApproximateUnit Weight in Lbs. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Eloc. } \\ \text { Holyt } \\ \text { Hollon } \\ \text { Pors } \\ \text { Coll } \\ \text { Col } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 5 Hour Discharge Ratein Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 23 \text { Cells } \\ 44 \text { Volts } \mathrm{F} . \mathrm{V} \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| csc. 74 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 71/2 | 103/8 | 28 | 40 | . 32 |
| ${ }_{\text {csc. }}^{\text {csc }}$ C 134 | 3 <br> 2 <br> 2 | 50 100 | 6.25 12.50 | 6.5 13.0 | 8.0 16.0 | 8.8 176 | 73/8 | 71/2 | 103/8 | 41 55 | 50 65 | .32 <br> .54 |
| csc. 136 |  | 100 | 12.50 | 13.0 | 16.0 | 17.6 | 121/8 | 71/2 | 10\% | 71 | 85 | . 54 |

*OCSC Types are the same as CSC except without charge ball indicator.
SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF ELECTROLYTE: Fully Charged, 1.215 at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. SEPARATORS: Durapor Porous Rubber.

CHARGE INDICATOR: One set per each Multi-Unit.
INTERCELL CONNECTORS: Lead.
INTERUNIT CONNECTORS: Lead Tape.

RETAINERS: Perforated Envelope.
CONTAINERS: Transparent Plastic.
CELL COVER: One piece Molded Plastic.


SINGLE CELLS: Sealed Plastic Jars and Plastic Covers. Suspended Elements.
SEPARATION: Durapor Porous Rubber Separators. Folded Perforated Plastic Retainers.
POSTS: 2 posts per cell.
SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF ELECTROLYTE: Fully Charged 1.210 to 1,220 at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. $\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$.).
ELECTROLYTE: Height above plate tops $15 / \%^{\prime \prime}$.
SEDIMENT SPACE: $23 / 4^{\prime \prime}$.
INTERCELL CONNECTORS: Lead plated copper. All cells shipped completely assembled, sealed and charged, with necessary accessories.

Technical Data, Overall Dimensions and Weights

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Cell } \end{gathered}$ | CAPACITY AT $77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Cell in Inches |  |  | Approximate Weight Per Cell in Lbs. |  | Electrolyte Gallons Per Cell |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ampere <br> Hour at 8 Hr . Rate of Discharge | Amperes <br> Per Hour For <br> 8 Hours $1.75 \mathrm{~F} . \mathrm{V} .$ | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 23 \text { Colls } \\ \text { tols. } \\ 44 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 24 \text { Colls } \\ \text { to } \\ 44 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 26 \text { Cells } \\ \text { to } \\ 45 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| DD-5 | 36 | 4.50 | 4.4 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 27/16 | 73/8 | 125/8 | 16 | 19 | . 37 |
| DD-7 | 54 | 6.75 | 6.7 | 8.5 | 9.6 | 41/16 | 73/8 | 125/8 | 23 | 26 | . 69 |
| DD-9 | 72 | 9.00 | 8.9 | 11.3 | 12.9 | $41 / 16$ | $73 / 8$ | $125 / 8$ | 26 | 29 | . 65 |
| DD-11 | 90 | 11.25 | 11.2 | 14.1 | 16.1 | 53/8 | 73/8 | 125/8 | 31 | 34 | . 97 |
| DD-13 | 108 | 13.50 | 13.4 | 16.9 | 19.3 | $53 / 8$ | 73/8 | 125/8 | 34 | 39 | . 94 |
| DD-15 | 126 | 15.75 | 15.6 | 19.8 | 22.5 | 61/4 | $71 / 2$ | 131/8 | 41 | 46 | 1.09 |
| DD-17 | 144 | 18.00 | 17.9 | 22.6 | 25.7 | 73/8 | $71 / 2$ | $131 / 8$ | 47 | 52 | 1.29 |



# GOULD PLASTIC JAR BATTERIES 

TYPES AS, AT, BS, BT, CS and OCS*

Capacities-10 to 100 Ampere Hours
Technical Data, Overall Dimensions and Weights

| Type of | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cells } \\ & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Unit } \end{aligned}$ | CAPACITY AT $77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unit in Inches |  |  | Approximate Unit Weight in Pounds |  | Electrolyte Gallons $\stackrel{\mathrm{Per}}{\mathrm{Cell}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Ampere <br> Hour at 8 Hr . Rate of Discharge | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amperes } \\ & \text { Per Hour } \\ & \text { For } \\ & 8 \mathrm{Hrs} . \\ & \text { to } \\ & 1.75 \text { F.V. } \end{aligned}$ | 5 Hr . Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\|$For <br> 24 Cells <br> to <br> 44 Volts F.V. |  | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| AS-52 | 1 | 10 | 1.25 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.76 | 25/8 | $31 / 2$ | 73/8 |  | 7 | . 1 |
| AS-54 | 2 | 10 | 1.25 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.76 | 25/8 | 61/2 | 71/8 | 7.5 | 13 | . 1 |
| AT-56 | 3 | 10 | 1.25 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.76 | 63/16 | $31 / 2$ | $73 / 8$ | 12 | 21 | . 1 |
| BS-54 | 2 | 15 | 1.88 | 1.95 | 2.4 | 2.64 | $21 / 4$ | 81/16 | 8 | 10 | 15 | . 12 |
| BS 56 | 3 | 15 | 1.88 | 1.95 | 2.4 | 2.64 | 61/2 | $41 / 4$ | $713 / 16$ | 15 | 22 | . 14 |
| BS-94 | 2 | 30 | 3.75 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 5.28 | 313/16 | 81/16 | 8 | 17 | 23 | . 22 |
| BT-76 | 3 | 30 | 3.75 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 5.28 | $83 / 8$ | 43/16 | $81 / 2$ | 27 | 35 | . 25 |
| CS-74 | 2 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.5 | 8.0 | 8.8 | 5 | $71 / 2$ | 103/8 | 28 | 40 | . 3 |
| CS-76 | 3 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.5 | 8.0 | 8.8 | $73 / 8$ | $71 / 2$ | 103/8 | 41 | 55 | . 3 |
| CS-134 | 2 | 100 | 12.5 | 13.0 | 16.0 | 17.6 | 85/8 | $71 / 2$ | 103/8 | 55 | 65 | . 55 |
| CS-136 | 3 | 100 | 12.5 | 13.0 | 16.0 | 17.6 | 127/8 | $71 / 2$ | 103/8 | 71 | 85 | . 55 |

*OCS Types are the same as the CS except without charge ball indicator.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF ELECTROLYTE: Fully charged, 1.215 at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.
CHARGE INDICATOR BALLS: One set per 10 cell for Type AS-52. One set per each Multi Unit all other types.

INTERCELL CONNECTORS: Lead.

INTERUNIT CONNECTORS: Lead tape.
TERMINALS: Bolted Type.
SEPARATORS: Porous rubber and perforated retainer.

## STANDARD TRAYED ARRANGEMENTS

| Type and Description | Overall Dimensions in Inches |  |  | Weight in Pounds |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |
| 24V-AT56T-1 (24 Volt) (4-3 Cell Units) | 263/4 | $41 / 8$ | $83 / 4$ | 55 | 90 |
| 24V-BS56T-1 (24 Volt) (4-3 Cell Units) | 28 | $43 / 4$ | $91 / 4$ | 65 | 100 |
| 24V-8T76T-1 (24 Volt) (4-3 Cell Units) | 351/2 | $43 / 4$ | 97/8 | 120 | 160 |
| 24V-Cs76T-1 (24 Volt) (4-3 Cell Units) | $317 / 8$ | 8 | 115/8 | 175 | 225 |
| 12V-Cs136T-1 (12 Volt) (2-3 Cell Units) | 273/8 | 8 | 115/8 | 160 | 200 |

When multiples of above units are required, specify the total voltage required so that necessary intertray connectors may be supplied; thus 2 units 12V-CS136T-1 for 24 volts total.

Trays are of wood, painted black. Interunit connectors are bolted type, lead tape.


DPR-13, EPR-13

## GOULD PLANTE PLASTIC JAR BATTERIES

TYPES DPR, EPR, FPR

Capacities-40 to 960 Ampere Hours

Technical Data, Overall Dimensions and Weights

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Type } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Cell } \end{gathered}$ | CAPACITY AT $77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Cell |  |  | Approximate Weight Per Cell in Lbs. |  | Electrolyte Gallons $\stackrel{\text { Per }}{\text { Cell }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ampere <br> Hour at 8 Hr . Rate of Discharge | Amperes <br> Per Hour For <br> 8 Hours to <br> 1.75 F.V. | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 23 \text { Colls } \\ \text { to } \\ 44 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { For } \\ 24 \text { Colls } \\ \text { to } \\ 44 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { For } \\ 26 \text { Colls } \\ \text { to } \\ 45 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{array}$ | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| DPR-5 | 40 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 6.3 | 7.1 | 27/16 | 73/8 | 125/8 | 18 | 21 | 0.35 |
| DPR-7 | 60 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 9.4 | 10.7 | $41 / 16$ | 73/8 | 125/8 | 26 | 30 | 0.65 |
| DPR-9 | 80 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 12.5 | 14.3 | $41 / 16$ | 73/8 | 125/8 | 29 | 33 | 0.63 |
| DPR-11 | 100 | 12.5 | 12.4 | 15.7 | 17.9 | 53/8 | 73/8 | 125/8 | 37 | 41 | 0.83 |
| DPR-13 | 120 | 15.0 | 14.9 | 18.8 | 21.4 | $61 / 4$ | $71 / 2$ | 131/8 | 45 | 50 | 1.03 |
| DPR-15 | 140 | 17.5 | 17.4 | 22.0 | 25.0 | 776 | 71/2 | 131/8 | 52 | 58 | 1.25 |
| DPR-17 | 160 | 20.0 | 19.8 | 25.1 | 28.6 | 77/16 | $71 / 2$ | 131/8 | 56 | 61 | 1.17 |
| EPR-9 | 160 | 20.0 | 19.8 | 25.1 | 28.6 | 65/16 | 9\%/6 | 151/2 | 58 | 64 | 1.8 |
| EPR-11 | 200 | 25.0 | 24.8 | 31.4 | 35.7 | 65/16 | 9\%/16 | 151/2 | 69 | 75 | 1.7 |
| EPR-13 | 240 | 30.0 | 29.7 | 37.6 | 42.9 | $65 / 16$ | 9\%/6 | 151/2 | 80 | 86 | 1.6 |
| EPR-15 | 280 | 35.0 | 34.7 | 43.9 | 50.0 | $71 / 16$ | 9\%/6 | 151/2 | 90 | 97 | 1.8 |
| EPR-17 | 320 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 50.2 | 57.2 | 813/16 | 9\%/16 | 151/2 | 102 | 110 | 2.5 |
| EPR-19 | 360 | 45.0 | 44.6 | 56.4 | 64.3 | $813 / 16$ | 9\%/16 | 151/2 | 111 | 120 | 2.4 |
| EPR-21 | 400 | 50.0 | 49.6 | 62.7 | 71.4 | 101/8 | 9\%/6 | 151/2 | 124 | 133 | 2.7 |
| EPR-23 | 440 | 55.0 | 54.6 | 69.0 | 78.6 | 115/8 | 9\%/16 | 151/2 | 136 | 145 | 3.2 |
| EPR-25 | 480 | 60.0 | 59.5 | 75.3 | 85.7 | 115/8 | 9\%/16 | 151/2 | 145 | 154 | 3.1 |
| FPR-15 | 560 | 70.0 | 70.0 | 88.0 | 100.0 |  | 13 | 197/8 | 180 | 192 | 4.0 |
| FPR-17 | 640 | 80.0 | 79.0 | 100.0 | 114.0 | 81/16 | 13 | 197/8 | 194 | 205 | 3.7 |
| FPR-19 | 720 | 90.0 | 89.0 | 113.0 | 129.0 | $9^{13 / 16}$ | 13 | 197/8 | 222 | 234 | 5.2 |
| FPR-21 | 800 | 100.0 | 99.0 | 125.0 | 142.0 | 913/16 | 13 | 197/8 | 236 | 250 | 4.8 |
| FPR-23 | 880 | 110.0 | 109.0 | 138.0 | 157.0 | $121 / 2$ | 13 | 197/8 | 270 | 285 | 6.4 |
| FPR-25 | 960 | 120.0 | 119.0 | 150.0 | 172.0 | $121 / 2$ | 13 | 197/8 | 287 | 302 | 6.1 |

SINGLE CELLS: Sealed Plastic Jars and Plastic Covers. Suspended Elements.

SEPARATION: Durapor Porous Rubber Separators.
POSTS: DPR-5 to EPR-11 have two posts per cell. EPR-13 to FPR-25 have 4 posts per cell.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF ELECTROLYTE: Fully Charged-1.215 at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. $\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$.).

ELECTROLYTE: Height above plates DPR- $1 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$, EPR- $11 / 2^{\prime \prime}$, FPR$21 / 4^{\prime \prime}$.

SEDIMENT SPACE: DPR-2", EPR-1 $13 / 16^{\prime \prime}$, FPR- $211 / 16^{\prime \prime}$.
INTERCELL CONNECTORS: Lead plated copper. All cells shipped completely assembled, sealed and charged, with necessary accessories.


Technical Data, Overall Dimensions and Weights

| Type Cell |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cells } \\ & \text { Per } \\ & \text { Unit } \end{aligned}$ | CAPACITY AT $77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Unit |  |  | Approximats Weight Per Unit in Lbs. |  | Electrolyte Gallons Per Cell |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Ampere <br> Hour at 8 Hr . Rate of Discharge | Amperes <br> Per Hour For 8 <br> Hours to <br> 1.75 F.V. | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 23 \text { Cells } \\ \text { tol } \\ 44 \text { F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | 24 For Cells $44 \stackrel{\text { to }}{\mathrm{F}} . \mathrm{V}$. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { For } \\ & 26 \text { Cells } \\ & 45 \text { to } . V . \end{aligned}$ | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| ET-74 |  | 2 | 180 | 22.5 | 23.4 | 28.8 | 31.7 | 7 | 101/2 | 173/4 | 100 | 120 | 1.0 |
| ET-76 |  | 3 | 180 | 22.5 | 23.4 | 28.8 | 31.7 | 105/16 | 101/2 | 173/4 | 151 | 163 | 1.0 |
| ET-9 |  | 1 | 240 | 30.0 | 31.2 | 38.4 | 42.2 | 51/8 | 107/8 | 173/4 | 70 | 76 | 1.6 |
| ET-11 |  | 1 | 300 | 37.5 | 39.0 | 48.0 | 52.8 | 6 | 107/8 | 173/4 | 83 | 88 | 2.0 |
| ET-13 |  | 1 | 360 | 45 | 46.8 | 57.6 | 63.3 | $73 / 4$ | 10\%/8 | 18 | 99 | 108 | 3.0 |
| ET-15 |  | 1 | 420 | 52.5 | 54.6 | 67.2 | 73.9 | $73 / 4$ | 107/8 | 173/4 | 108 | 117 | 2.8 |
| ET-17 |  | 1 | 480 | 60 | 62.4 | 76.8 | 84.5 | $91 / 2$ | 107/8 | 18 | 128 | 136 | 3.7 |
| ET-19 |  | 1 | 540 | 67.5 | 70.2 | 86.4 | 95.0 | $91 / 2$ | 10\% | 173/4 | 135 | 144 | 3.5 |
| ET-21 |  | 1 | 600 | 75 | 78.0 | 96.0 | 105.6 | 111/4 | 107/8 | 18 | 156 | 160 | 4.4 |
| ET-23 |  | 1 | 660 | 82.5 | 85.8 | 105.6 | 116.1 | $111 / 4$ | 107/8 | 173/4 | 162 | 172 | 4.2 |
| FT-13 |  | 1 | 720 | 90 | 93.6 | 115.2 | 126.7 | $73 / 16$ | 141/8 | 221/8 | 185 | 191 | 4.6 |
| FT-15 |  | 1 | 840 | 105.0 | 109.2 | 134.4 | 147.8 | 73/16 | $141 / 8$ | 233/8 | 202 | 218 | 3.6 |
| FT-17 |  | 1 | 960 | 120 | 124.8 | 153.6 | 168.9 | 815/16 | $141 / 8$ | 221/8 | 237 | 242 | 5.6 |
| FT-19 |  | 1 | 1080 | 135.0 | 140.4 | 172.8 | 190.0 | $815 / 16$ | $141 / 8$ | 233/8 | 258 | 274 | 5.3 |
| FT-21 |  | 1 | 1200 | 150 | 156.0 | 192.0 | 211.2 | 10'1/16 | 141/8 | 221/8 | 286 | 292 | 6.3 |
| FT-23 |  | 1 | 1320 | 165.0 | 171.6 | 211.2 | 232.3 | 1011/16 | $141 / 8$ | 233/8 | 300 | 316 | 5.8 |
| FT-29 |  | 1 | 1680 | 210.0 | 218.4 | 268.8 | 295.7 | 135/6 | 141/8 | 233/8 | 376 | 392 | 7.4 |
| EWT-74 |  | 2 | 180 | 22.5 | 23.4 | 28.8 | 31.7 | 7 | $101 / 2$ | 173/4 | 100 | 120 | 1.0 |
| EWT-76 |  | 3 | 180 | 22.5 | 23.4 | 28.8 | 31.7 | 105/16 | 101/2 | 173/4 | 151 | 163 | 1.0 |
| EWT-9 |  | 1 | 240 | 30.0 | 31.2 | 38.4 | 42.2 | $51 / 8$ | 107/8 | 173/4 | 70 | 76 | 1.6 |
| EWT-11 |  | 1 | 300 | 37.5 | 39.0 | 48.0 | 52.8 | 6 | 107/8 | 173/4 | 83 | 88 | 2.0 |
| EWT-13 |  | 1 | 360 | 45 | 46.8 | 57.6 | 63.3 | $73 / 4$ | 107/8 | 18 | 99 | 108 | 3.0 |
| EWT-15 |  | 1 | 420 | 52.5 | 54.6 | 67.2 | 73.9 | $73 / 4$ | 107/8 | 173/4 | 108 | 117 | 2.8 |
| EWT-17 |  | 1 | 480 | 60 | 62.4 | 76.8 | 84.5 | 91/2 | 107/8 | 18 | 128 | 136 | 3.7 |
| EWT-19 |  | 1 | 540 | 67.5 | 70.2 | 86.4 | 95.0 | $91 / 2$ | 107/8 | 173/4 | 135 | 144 | 3.5 |
| EWT-21 |  | 1 | 600 | 75 | 78.0 | 96.0 | 105.6 | 111/4 | 10\% | 18 | 156 | 160 | 4.4 |
| EWT-23 |  | 1 | 660 | 82.5 | 85.8 | 105.6 | 116.1 | 111/4 | 107/8 | 173/4 | 162 | 172 | 4.2 |
| FWT-13 |  | 1 | 720 | 90 | 93.6 | 115.2 | 126.7 | $73 / 16$ | 141/8 | 221/8 | 185 | 191 | 4.6 |
| FWT-15 |  | 1 | 840 | 105.0 | 109.2 | 134.4 | 147.8 | $73 / 16$ | $141 / 8$ | 233/8 | 202 | 218 | 3.6 |
| FWT-17 |  | 1 | 960 | 120 | 124.8 | 153.6 | 168.9 | $815 / 16$ | $141 / 8$ | 221/8 | 237 | 242 | 5.6 |
| FWT-19 |  | 1 | 1080 | 135.0 | 140.4 | 172.8 | 190.0 | $815 / 16$ | $141 / 8$ | 233/8 | 258 | 274 | 5.3 |
| FWT-21 |  | 1 | 1200 | 150 | 156.0 | 192.0 | 211.2 | 1011/16 | $141 / 8$ | 221/8 | 286 | 292 | 6.3 |
| FWT-23 |  | 1 | 1320 | 165.0 | 171.6 | 211.2 | 232.3 | $10^{11 / 16}$ | $141 / 8$ | 233/8 | 300 | 316 | 5.8 |
| FWT-29 |  | 1 | 1680 | 210.0 | 218.4 | 268.8 | 295.7 | 1315/16 | $141 / 8$ | 233/8 | 376 | 392 | 7.4 |

CELLS: Sealed Plastic Jars and Plastic Covers. Suspended elements.
SEPARATION: Durapor Porous Rubber Separators, Fibrous Glass Mats and Folded Perforated Plastic Retainers.
POSTS: Type ET and EWT have 2 posts per cell. Types FT and FWT have four posts per cell.
SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF ELECTROLYTE: Fully Charged 1.215 at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

INTERCELL CONNECTORS: Lead Plated Copper.
VENTS: Porous Ceramic, Flash-back proof.
ELECTROLYTE ABOVE PLATES: Types ET, EWT- $23 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$; Types FT, FWT- $2 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$.
SEDIMENT SPACE: $11 / 2^{\prime \prime}$.
PLATE THICKNESS: Positive plates $.260^{\prime \prime}$. Negative plates $.175^{\prime \prime}$. FILIING FUNNEL: Cell includes plastic filling funnel.


Technical Data, Overall Dimensions, and Weights

| Type Cell | CAPACITY AT $77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Cell |  |  | Approximate Weight Per Cell in Lbs. |  | Electrolyte Gallons $\stackrel{\mathrm{Per}}{\mathrm{Cell}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ampere Hour at 8 Hr . Rate of Discharge | Amperes <br> Per Hour For <br> 8 Hours <br> $1.75 \mathrm{~F} . \mathrm{V}$. | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 23 \text { Colls } \\ \text { to } \\ 44 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 24 \text { Colls } \\ \text { to } \\ 44 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 26 \text { Colls } \\ 45 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | Length | Width | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| DC-5 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.2 | 7.8 | 8.9 | 27/16 | 73/8 | 125/8 | 17 | 20 | 0.34 |
| DC-7 | 75 | 9.37 | 9.3 | 11.8 | 13.4 | $41 / 16$ | 73/8 | 125/8 | 25 | 28 | 0.64 |
| DC-9 | 100 | 12.50 | 12.4 | 15.7 | 17.9 | 41/16 | 73/8 | 125/8 | 28 | 31 | 0.59 |
| DC-11 | 125 | 15.62 | 15.5 | 19.6 | 22.3 | $53 / 8$ | 73/8 | 125/8 | 34 | 39 | 0.90 |
| DC-13 | 150 | 18.75 | 18.6 | 23.5 | 26.8 | $53 / 8$ | 73/8 | 125/8 | 37 | 42 | 0.79 |
| DC-15 | 175 | 21.87 | 21.7 | 27.4 | 31.3 | 61/4 | 71/2 | 131/8 | 45 | 50 | 1.00 |
| DC-17 | 200 | 25.0 | 24.8 | 31.4 | 35.7 | 77/16 | 71/2 | 131/8 | 51 | 57 | 1.19 |
| EC-11 | 200 | 25.0 | 24.8 | 31.4 | 35.7 | 65/16 | 9\%/16 | 151/2 | 66 | 72 | 1.7 |
| EC-13 | 240 | 30.0 | 29.7 | 37.7 | 42.9 | 65/16 | 99/16 | 151/2 | 71 | 77 | 1.6 |
| EC-15 | 280 | 35.0 | 34.7 | 43.9 | 50.0 | $65 / 16$ | 99/16 | 151/2 | 81 | 88 | 1.5 |
| EC-17 | 320 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 50.2 | 57.2 | $71 / 16$ | 9\%/16 | 151/2 | 91 | 98 | 1.8 |
| EC-19 | 360 | 45.0 | 44.6 | 56.4 | 64.3 | $813 / 16$ | 9\%/6 | 151/2 | 105 | 113 | 2.3 |
| EC-21 | 400 | 50.0 | 49.7 | 62.7 | 71.4 | $8^{13 / 16}$ | 9\%/16 | 151/2 | 110 | 119 | 2.2 |
| EC-23 | 440 | 55.0 | 54.6 | 69.0 | 78.6 | 101/8 | 99/16 | 151/2 | 122 | 131 | 2.7 |
| EC-25 | 480 | 60.0 | 59.5 | 75.3 | 85.7 | 101/8 | 9\%/6 | 151/2 | 128 | 137 | 2.6 |
| EC-27 | 520 | 65.0 | 64.5 | 81.6 | 92.9 | 115/8 | 99/16 | 151/2 | 138 | 148 | 3.1 |
| EC-29 | 560 | 70.0 | 69.5 | 87.8 | 100.0 | 115/8 | 9\%/16 | 151/2 | 147 | 157 | 3.0 |
| FC-17 | 608 | 76.0 | 75.0 | 95.0 | 109.0 | 81/16 | 13 | 197/8 | 166 | 178 | 3.6 |
| FC-19 | 684 | 85.5 | 85.0 | 107.0 | 122.0 | 81/16 | 13 | 197/8 | 177 | 189 | 3.4 |
| FC-21 | 760 | 95.0 | 94.0 | 119.0 | 136.0 | $9^{13 / 16}$ | 13 | 197/8 | 200 | 212 | 4.9 |
| FC-23 | 836 | 104.5 | 104.0 | 131.0 | 149.0 | 913/6 | 13 | 197/8 | 213 | 225 | 4.8 |
| FC-25 | 912 | 114.0 | 113.0 | 143.0 | 163.0 | $121 / 2$ | 13 | 197/8 | 238 | 253 | 6.7 |
| FC-27 | 988 | 123.5 | 122.0 | 155.0 | 176.0 | $121 / 2$ | 13 | 197/8 | 252 | 267 | 6.5 |
| FC-29 | 1064 | 133.0 | 132.0 | 167.0 | 190.0 | $121 / 2$ | 13 | 197/8 | 264 | 279 | 6.3 |
| FC-31 | 1140 | 142.5 | 141.0 | 177.0 | 204.0 | $121 / 2$ | 13 | 197/8 | 276 | 292 | 6.1 |

single cells: Sealed Plastic Jars and Plastic Covers. Suspended Elements.

SEPARATION: Durapor Porous Rubber Separators, Fibrous Glass Mats and Folded Perforated Plastic Retainers.

POSTS: Types DC-5 to EC-13 have 2 posts per cell. Types FC-15 to FC-31 have 4 posts per cell.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF ELECTROLYTE: Fully Charged-1.215 at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. $\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$.).

ELECTROLYTE: Height above plate tops: Type DC-1 $5 / \%^{\prime \prime}$, EC$11 / 2^{\prime \prime}$, FC- $21 / 4^{\prime \prime}$.

SEDIMENT SPACE: Type DC- $11 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ ", EC-1 $1 /$ /6 $^{\prime \prime}$, FC- $23 / 16^{\prime \prime}$.
INTERCELL CONNECTORS: Lead plated copper. All cells shipped completely assembled, sealed and charged, with necessary accessories.

LEAD CALCIUM GRIDS: Cells are designed for Full Float Operation.

## Revised 2-1-62



DKR-15 EKR-15

## GOULD KATHANODE PLASTIC JAR BATTERIES

TYPES DKR, EKR, FKR

Capacities - 50 to 1140 Ampere Hours


Technical Data, Overall Dimensions, and Weights

| Type Cel | CAPACITY AT ${ }^{\text {7 }}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |  | Overall Dimensions of Cellin Inches |  |  | Approximate Weight Per Cell in Lbs. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Elec- } \\ \text { troolyte } \\ \text { Gallons } \\ \text { Per } \\ \text { Cell } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ampere <br> Hour at 8 Hr . Rate of Discharge | Amperes <br> Per Hour For <br> 8 Hours to $1.75 \mathrm{~F} . \mathrm{V}$ | 5 Hour Discharge Rate in Amperes Per Hour |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { For } \\ 23 \text { Colls } \\ \text { to } \\ 44 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { For } \\ 24 \text { Colls } \\ \text { to } \\ 44 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { For } \\ 26 \text { Colls } \\ \text { to } \\ 45 \text { Volts F.V. } \end{array}$ | Length | Width; | Height | Net | Packed |  |
| DKR-5 | 50 | 6.25 | 6.2 | 7.8 | 8.9 | 27/16 | 73/8 | 125/8 | 17 | 20 | 0.34 |
| DKR-7 | 75 | 9.37 | 9.3 | 11.8 | 13.4 | 41/16 | 73/8 | 125/8 | 25 | 28 | 0.64 |
| DKR-9 | 100 | 12.50 | 12.4 | 15.7 | 17.9 | 41/16 | $73 / 8$ | 125/8 | 28 | 31 | 0.59 |
| DKR-11 | 125 | 15.62 | 15.5 | 19.6 | 22.3 | $53 / 8$ | $73 / 8$ | $125 / 8$ | 34 | 39 | 0.90 |
| DKR-13 | 150 | 18.75 | 18.6 | 23.5 | 26.8 | 53/8 | 73/8 | 125/8 | 37 | 42 | 0.79 |
| DKR-15 | 175 | 21.87 | 21.7 | 27.4 | 31.3 | $61 / 4$ | $71 / 2$ | $131 / 8$ | 45 | 50 | 1.00 |
| DKR-17 | 200 | 25.0 | 24.8 | 31.4 | 35.7 | 77/16 | $71 / 2$ | $131 / 8$ | 51 | 57 | 1.19 |
| EKR-11 | 200 | 25.0 | 24.8 | 31.4 | 35.7 | 65/16 | 99/16 | 151/2 | 66 | 72 | 1.7 |
| EKR-13 | 240 | 30.0 | 29.7 | 37.7 | 42.9 | 65/16 | 9916 | 151/2 | 71 | 77 | 1.6 |
| EKR-15 | 280 | 35.0 | 34.7 | 43.9 | 50.0 | 65/16 | 9\%/6 | 151/2 | 81 | 88 | 1.5 |
| EKR-17 | 320 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 50.2 | 57.2 | $71 / 16$ | 9\%/6 | 151/2 | 91 | 98 | 1.8 |
| EKR-19 | 360 | 45.0 | 44.6 | 56.4 | 64.3 | $8^{13 / 16}$ | 9\%/16 | 151/2 | 105 | 113 | 2.3 |
| EKR-21 | 400 | 50.0 | 49.7 | 62.7 | 71.4 | 813/16 | 9\%/16 | 151/2 | 110 | 119 | 2.2 |
| EKR-23 | 440 | 55.0 | 54.6 | 69.0 | 78.6 | 101/8 | 9\%/6 | 151/2 | 122 | 131 | 2.7 |
| EKR-25 | 480 | 60.0 | 59.5 | 75.3 | 85.7 | 101/8 | 9\%/16 | 151/2 | 128 | 137 | 2.6 |
| EKR-27 | 520 | 65.0 | 64.5 | 81.6 | 92.9 | 115/8 | 99/16 | 151/2 | 138 | 148 | 3.1 |
| EKR-29 | 560 | 70.0 | 69.5 | 87.8 | 100.0 | 115/8 | 9\%/6 | 151/2 | 147 | 157 | 3.0 |
| FKR-17 | 608 | 76.0 | 75.0 | 95.0 | 109.0 | $81 / 16$ | 13 | 197/8 | 166 | 178 | 3.6 |
| FKR-19 | 684 | 85.5 | 85.0 | 107.0 | 122.0 | 81/16 | 13 | 197/8 | 177 | 189 | 3.4 |
| FKR-21 | 760 | 95.0 | 94.0 | 119.0 | 136.0 | $913 / 16$ | 13 | 197/8 | 200 | 212 | 4.9 |
| FKR-23 | 836 | 104.5 | 104.0 | 131.0 | 149.0 | 913/16 | 13 | 197/8 | 213 | 225 | 4.8 |
| FKR-25 | 912 | 114.0 | 113.0 | 143.0 | 163.0 | $121 / 2$ | 13 | 197/8 | 238 | 253 | 6.7 |
| FKR-27 | 988 | 123.5 | 122.0 | 155.0 | 176.0 | $121 / 2$ | 13 | 197/8 | 252 | 267 | 6.5 |
| FKR-29 | 1064 | 133.0 | 132.0 | 167.0 | 190.0 | $121 / 2$ | 13 | 197/8 | 264 | 279 | 6.3 |
| FKR-31 | 1140 | 142.5 | 141.0 | 177.0 | 204.0 | $121 / 2$ | 13 | 197/8 | 276 | 292 | 6.1 |

single cells: Sealed Plastic Jars and Plastic Covers. Suspended Elements.

SEPARATION: Durapor Porous Rubber Separators, Fibrous Glass Mats and Folded Perforated Plastic Retainers.
POSTS: TYpes DKR-5 to EKR-13 have 2 posts per cell. Types EKR15 to FKR-31 have 4 posts per cell.
SPECIFIC GRAVITY OF ELECTROLYTE: Fully Charged-1.215 at $77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. $\left(25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$.).

ELECTROLYTE: Height above plate tops: Type DKR-15/8", EKR$11 / 2^{\prime \prime}$, FKR-2 $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$.

SEDIMENT SPACE: TYpe DKR-1 $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$, EKR-1 $1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$, FKR-23/16".

INTERCELL CONNECTORS: Lead plated copper. All cells shipped completely assembled, sealed and charged, with necessary accessories.

## BATTERY CHARGING EQUIPMENT

Raytheon Rectichargers are completely automatic charging units employing dry disc rectifier elements with no moving parts, used for the development of direct current from A. C. city mains. ${ }^{*}$ Alarm relays are built in for signaling in case of power failure.

Stabilization of varying line voltage is obtained through a magnetic control circuit. Models RC50A3 through RC50K400 use a magnetic amplifier for closer control.

The following description and claims of the manufacturer indicate the application of the Recticharger to modern methods of supplying power for exchanges and switchboards.

The Raytheon Recticharger carries the normal current demand and it is usually possible to use smaller batteries, particularly when compared to cycle charging. The Recticharger's constant potential method of charging these batteries lengthens their life and fewer renewals are necessary.

A small storage battery is floated across the terminals of the Recticharger and the combination of the two makes a complete A. C. to D. C. telephone power unit.

When the load current demand is less than the Recticharger rating, the Recticharger supplies all the current required and at the same time, delivers to the battery a trickle charge of the right amount to make up for internal battery losses and to prevent destructive chemical action. If the current demand exceeds the rating, the excess is supplied by the battery. When the load drops back to $\alpha$ value below the Recticharger rating, the Recticharger output remains at its rated value. The difference between the Recticharger rating and the load current is thus supplied to the battery until it is fully charged. The principal cause of battery failure is the under-charging and over-charging that results from the use of non-automatic battery chargers.

The constant voltage chargers automatically compensate for changes in line and load. With either line or load change, the Recticharger holds the DC output voltage within the close limits required for best operation of switchboards.

## Common Points Applicable to all Chargers

No extra equipment to purchase-all instruments and controls are furnished with the Recticharger.
Entirely automatic.
Contains no tubes.
Rectifiers protected by $\alpha$ built-in current limiting circuit.
Provision for an equalizing charge.
Very high efficiency-low "no load" losses.
Low cubic space requirements.
Battery activity very low-smaller batteries possible. Batteries and Recticharger need only annual or semi-annual inspections-low maintenance.

## Models 1066B, 1058B, 1067B and 1068B

Trickle rate can be manually adjusted to meet the battery manufacturer's specifications for longest battery life.
Simple rectifier aging adjustment.
Voltage output stability plus/minus $2 \%$.

## Models RC50A3 thru RC50K400

Automatic compensation for rectifier aging.
Close no load voltage control.
Battery automatically receives trickle current required.
Voltage output stability plus/minus $1 \%$.


The above constant voltage chargers and constant current chargers which mount on XY frames may be combined as follows. Example:
Output Required Constant Voltage Ch. Constant Current Ch.

| 12 amperes | RC50A6 | with |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 18 amperes | RC50A12 | with |
| NA50A6 |  |  |

18 amperes RC50A12 with NA50A6
*Approximate cabinet sizes and detailed mounting dimensions available upon request.
*While the standard chargers are normally designed for fixed supply frequency operation, special chargers an be supplied at a slight additional cost for operation over $\alpha \pm 5 \%$ ( $57-63$ cycles) range for a nominal 60 cycle supply.

## BATTERY ELIMINATORS-RAYTHEON RECTIFILTERS

Raytheon Rectifilters furnish a desirable method of obtaining direct current telephone power directly from an alternating current source of supply. The manufacturers' claims and descriptions which follow show the economies and service which this modern way of supplying telephone power provides.
A. Outlasts many sets of batteries.
B. Eliminates the trouble and expense of routine service for battery inspection.
C. Releases conductors carrying charging current or supplying power between central office and switchboards, for revenue produc-
 ing purposes.
D. Minimizes power cost because of high efficiency in converting A. C. to D. C.
Many large telephone companies have found it desirable to replace their present power installations with Raytheon Rectifilters and to equip new installations with this modern means of supplying power.

Output power ratings indicated in the following table are conservative and it will not be necessary to derate any of them by adding a safety factor. Ratings are based upon two assumptions; first, the Rectifilters must be installed in live air and second, they must be placed where the maximum ambient temperature does not exceed $95^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. If higher temperature conditions normally exist, write for suggestions before making your selection of the proper unit.

Change of source relays may be added to any model and this is indicated by adding " R " to the code in cases where this designation is not already shown. This relay automatically disconnects the Rectifilter and connects an outside source of power such as dry cells or storage batteries in its place whenever there is $\alpha$ power failure. When the A. C. power returns, the Rectifilter is automatically switched back into service. Stromberg-Carlson
 recommends the use of Rectifilters equipped with change of source relays for all telephone switchboard installations.

| Catalog | DC Output <br> For Talking <br> Volts <br> Amps | No Load <br> Output | Full Load <br> Output <br> Volts | AC Supply <br> Frequency | Ship. <br> RFR 1057BR | 4 | 0.23 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Change of source relay can be applied on all models; when not listed, order by adding suffix "R" (Example: RFR-1040-AR).
For approximate cabinet sizes and detailed mounting dimensions, request outline drawing from your supplier or from factory.

## MULTI-FREQUENCY RINGING MACHINE 25 WATTS

Electric Specialty's multi-frequency ringing machine has been designed to meet the ringing requirements of selective party lines. The power board mounted ringing machine, which is approximately 21 in . high, 30 in . wide and 12 in . deep, consists of a single drive motor connected by cog belts to five ringing generators. Coin control and 1,2 or 3 channel tones (individually or collectively) are available as optional equipment.
The motors are either AC types, reluctance synchronous for absolute control of frequencies, or DC Types supplied with timetested speed regulators to hold frequencies within $\pm 1 \%$. No conmutators are used on generators (unless coin-control is specified), eliminating all brush problems. The generators are separately excited from station battery on either 24 or 48 volts. Voltage regulation is approximately $10 \%$, and the harmonic content is below $10 \%$ for all units.

## Specifications

INPUT: Any voltage, frequency or phase AC, or 24 or 48 V DC. OUTPUT: Multiple, non-multiple, decimonic, synchromonic, Harmonic or special frequencies.

SIZE: Approximately 21 in . high x 30 in . wide $\times 12 \mathrm{in}$. deep for power rack mounting.


HOLTZER-CABOT 5 Frequency Panel Mounted 25 Watt Ringing Machine (Covers Removed)

## LORAIN TRANSISTOR SUB-CYCLE



The Lorain transistor Sub Cycle is the nearest approach to an ideal ringing genera:or yet developed. It operates directly from the 50 -volt exchange battery. D.C. operation eliminates switching in case of a.c. power failure and increases the flexibility of the installation because the stand by unit is identical with the normal running unit. The current drain is only 0.6 ampere at no load and 5 ampere with full load on all frequencies. A built-in battery filter insures that no noise from the Sub Cycle will reach the talking circuit.

A few of the many features of the transistor Sub-Cycle are:

1. Adequate Load Capacity
2. Adjustable Regulated Output Voltage
3. Inherent Overload Protection
4. Line-Wave Output
5. Adjustable Reverting Tone

Cabinet dimensions are: $181 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ wide $\times 103 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ deep $\times 243 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ high and will mount in 2 standard $19^{\prime \prime}$ relay rack.
Ordering Information
Model No.

| TH5 | Frequency | $162 / 3$ | 25 | $331 / 3$ | 50 | $662 / 3$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Voltage | 90 | 100 | 110 | 125 | 140 |
|  | Frequency | $162 / 3$ | $331 / 3$ | 50 | $662 / 3$ |  |
| TH4 | Voltage | 90 | 110 | 125 | 140 |  |
|  | Frequency | 16 | 30 | 42 | 54 | 66 |
| TJ5 | Voltage | 90 | 105 | 115 | 125 | 140 |
|  | Frequency | 20 | 30 | 42 | 54 | 66 |
| TS5 | Voltage | 95 | 105 | 115 | 125 | 140 |
|  | Frequency | 30 | 42 | 54 | 66 |  |
| TS4 | Voltage | 105 | 115 | 125 | 140 |  |
|  | Frequency | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 |
| TK5 | Voltage | 95 | 105 | 115 | 125 | 135 |
|  | Frequency | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 |  |
| TK4 | Voltage | 95 | 105 | 115 | 125 |  |
|  | Vola |  |  |  |  |  |

Voltages shown are nominal ringing voltages, individually adjustable on each frequency generator. In addition, output taps approximately $15 \%$ above and $15 \%$ below nominal voltages are available on the output transformer. The models listed above do not include meters.

## SUB-CYCLES <br> Relay Start Sub-Cycles

The Lorain RELAY START SUB-CYCLES are frequency changers operating without moving parts. They supply an output frequency which is $\alpha$ fixed fraction of the input frequency. The
regular models supply one-third the input frequency or 20 cycle ringing current when powered from a 60 cycle line or $162 / 3$ cycle current when supplied from $\alpha 50$-cycle line.

| Model |  |  | CYCLES for operation from 60 cycle single phase |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of Stations | Duty | Input 20 Cycle | Output in RMS | less stated ts |  |  |
|  | Up To | Ringing | Volts | No Load | Full Load | Watts | Size |
| ***M7.5-60 | 100 | Light | 105-125 | 90 | 75 | 7.5 | $65 / 8 \times 51 / 8 \times 111 / 4$ |
| ***BX-60 | 1600 | Regular | 105-125 | 90 | 75 | 15-20 | $53 / 4 \times 95 / 8 \times 141 / 8$ |
| ***S-60 | 1600 | Regular | 105-125 | 90 | 75 | 15-20 | $53 / 4 \times 95 / 8 \times 141 / 8$ |
| *S1-60 | 1600 | Regular | 105-125 | 90 | 75 | 15-20 | $53 / 4 \times 95 / 8 \times 141 / 8$ |
| SP-60 | 1600 | Regular with Pulsating | 105-125 | 90, 110 peak | 75,90 peak | 15-20 | $53 / 4 \times 95 / 8 \times 141 / 8$ |
| ***CC-60 | 4000 | Heavy | 105.125 or $210-250$ | 90 or 130 | 75 or 100 | 45 | $81 / 4 \times 103 / 4 \times 163 / 8$ |
| *CC1-60 | 4000 | Heavy | 105-125 or $210-250$ | 90 or 130 | 75 or 100 | 45 | $81 / 4 \times 103 / 4 \times 163 / 8$ |
| **CCR-60 | 4000 | Heavy | 105-125 or 210-250 | 90 or 130 | 75 or 100 | 45 | $81 / 4 \times 103 / 4 \times 163 / 8$ |
| CCP-60 | 4000 | Heavy with | 105-125 or 210-250 | 90 or 130 , | 75 or 100 , | 45 | $81 / 4 \times 103 / 4 \times 163 / 8$ |

*Same as CC-60 or S-60 except arranged for operating with or without output capacitor.
**Same as CC-60 except has resistor, instead of capacitor, in output circuit.
***Saturable shunt choke should be added to these SUB-CYCLES if ringing loads are highly inductive to prevent excessive operation of the SUB-CYCLE starting relay.

NOTES

1. The above Models with suffix-50 instead of-60 are available for 50 cycle operation.
2. Higher output ringing voltages are obtainable by means of auxiliary transformers. Also output transformers are avail-
able to provide a direct current path for superimposed ringing. For 230 volt input use auxiliary step down transformers.
3. An additional variety of Special Relay Start SUB-CYCLES is available for special duties.


S-60 Relay Start
Sub-Cycle


BC-20C-19
"B-C" Sub-Cycle

## "BC" Sub-Cycles

"BC" SUB-CYCLES use metallic rectifiers to bias the core of saturable inductances. These SUB-CYCLES are self-starting and operate without moving parts. They are characterized by instant starting with low inrush current, protection on overload, reserve capacity, regulated output ringing voltage, DC path for super-
imposed ringing and, of course, by ever-important, fixed frequency output. There are two types of BC SUB-CYCLES: 20 cycle models and 30 cycle models, all operable from $105-125$ volt 60 cycle supply.

| Model | Recommended No. <br> of Stations |
| :--- | :--- |
| BC-20X | PBX 1 Position |
| BC-20M-19 | 100 or less |
| BC-20M-23 | 100 or less |
| BC-20S-19 | 1600 |
| BC-20S-23 | 1600 |
| BC-20C-19 | 4000 |
| BC-20C-23 | 4000 |
|  |  |
| BC-30X | PBX 1 Position |
| BC-30M | 100 or less |
| BC-30S | 1600 |
| BC-30C | 4000 |

## 20 CYCLE OUTPUT

| No Load Volts | F. L. Watts |
| :--- | :---: |
| 90 | 3.5 |
| 88,101 | 8.5 |
| 88,101 | 8.5 |
| $88,101,110$ | 20 |
| $88,101,110$ | 20 |
| $88,101,110$ | 40 |
| $88,101,110$ | 40 |
| 30 CYCLE OUTPUT |  |
| 110 |  |
| 90 | 7.5 |
| 90,120 | 20 |
| 90,130 | 60 |

## Size In Inches

$5^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime} \times 91 / 8^{\prime \prime}$
$7^{\prime \prime}$ space on $19^{\prime \prime}$ relay rack
$51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ space on $23^{\prime \prime}$ relay rack
$101 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ space on $19^{\prime \prime}$ relay rack
$8^{\prime \prime}$ space on $23^{\prime \prime}$ relay rack
$101 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ space on $19^{\prime \prime}$ relay rack
$83 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ space on $23^{\prime \prime}$ relay rack
$5 \times 41 / 8 \times 63 / 4$
$53 / 8 \times 8 \times 91 / 8$
$53 / 8 \times 85 / 8 \times 121 / 2$
$67 / 8 \times 91 / 4 \times 16^{1 / 2}$

## MULTIPLE FREQUENCY SUB-CYCLES

The line of Lorain Multiple Frequency Sub-Cycles consists of three ringing converters: Model K-5 for Decimonic ringing systems, H-5 for Harmonic ringing frequencies and S-5 for Synchromonic systems. S-5 generates either 15 or 20 cycles besides four other synchromonic frequencies.

All Sub-Cycles have no moving parts. Output frequencies are locked to the AC line frequency with $a$ definite ratio and the ringing voltages are regulated.

| Models | Ring. Frequencies |
| :---: | :---: |
| K-5-19 | 20, 30, 40, 50, 60 |
| K-5-23 | 20, 30, 40, 50, 60 |
| K-4-19 | 20, 30, 40, 50 |
| * H -5 | $162 / 3,25,331 / 3$ 50 and $662 / 3$ |
| * $\mathrm{H}-4$ | $162 / 3,33,50$ $\text { and } 662 / 3$ |
| *S-4-19 | 30, 42, 54, 66 |
| *S-4-23 | 30, 42, 54, 66 |
| *S-5-15-19 | 15, 30, 42, 54, 66 |
| *S-5-15-23 | $15,30,52,54,66$ |
| *S-5-20-19 | 20, 30, 42, 54, 66 |
| *S-5-20-23 | 20, 30, 42, 54, 66 |

*Prefix R indicates remote control relay added.

## LORAIN TRANSFORMERS

## for Use with Sub-Cycles

| Model | Description | Used With |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| T-155 | 230/115 v. 50/60 cy. | M, S or BX |
|  | 150 va transformer |  |
| TR-3113 | Same as above, but 1 kva |  |
| TR-5218 | Same as above, but 1.5 kva |  |
| T-1891 | Booster transformer | S-50, S-60 |
| T-2259 | $90-130 \mathrm{v}$. transformer for superimposed ringing | S-60, BX-60 |
| T-2378 | Step-up output transformer for voltages up to 300 v . | CC-60 |
| TR-2542 | Same as T-2259 | CC-60, BC-20C |
| TR-2666 | Same as T-2259 | S-50, BX-50, SGB-50 |
| TR-3131 | Same as T-2259 | M-7.5-60 |
| TR-3146 | Same as T-2259 | M-7.5-50 |
| T-4282 | Same as T-2259, with adtl. 90 v. 200 ma winding | S-60, BX-60 |

LORAIN SATURABLE SHUNT CHOKES to prevent relay operation when ringing on inductive loads for use with SUB-CYCLES.

| Model | Used With | Model | Used With |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| T-2653 | BX-60 | T-4061 | CC-60 |
| TR-2664 | M-7.5-60 |  | 90 v. tap |
|  | M-7.5-50 | T-4344 | CC-60 |
| T-2668 | S-60 |  | 130 v. tap |

Mounting
Single Cabinet
2 Cabinets 52" RR
Single Cabinet
$641 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ RR
$243 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ Wide
$641 / 2^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{RR}$
24 3/8" Wide
19" Relay Rack
23" Relay Rack
19" Relay Rack
23" Relay Rack
19" Relay Rack
23" Relay Rack


T-2668
S-60

Used With
CC-60
90 v. tap
CC-60
130 v. tap


## Power Supply Units Calculagraphs and Timers

Lorain Power Supply Units for calculagraphs and switchboard clock motors furnish low voltage 60 cycle current from commercial power supply or from a DC source.


| Model | Input |  | Output |  | Dimensions, Relay Rack |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Volts | Volts | Volts | Cycles |  |
|  |  | 20-23 |  |  |  |
| 5590A | 115 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { and/or } \\ & 30-35 \end{aligned}$ | 17-24 | $58 \pm 2$ | $19 \times 823 / 32 \times 718$ |
| 5590B | 208 | 44.50 | 17-24 | $58 \pm 2$ | $19 \times 8{ }^{23 / 32} \times 61 / 2$ |
| 5590C | 230 | 44.50 | 17-24 | $58 \pm 2$ | $23 \times 8{ }^{23 / 22} \times 61 / 2$ |



## DC POWER SUPPLY

## T Units

LORAIN T UNITS are essentially the same type equipment as RT units (see page 28 g ) but filtered DC power supplies and with ringing circuits omitted. Most of them operate on either 50 or 60 cycle 115 v input.


| Model No. | Talking D.C. Supply | Signalling AC and DC | Cabinet Size | Application |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| T1B | 1 Amp 21V DC | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \mathrm{Amp} 10 \mathrm{~V} 60 \mathrm{CY} \mathrm{AC} \\ & .5 \mathrm{Amp} 20 \mathrm{~V} 60 \mathrm{CY} \mathrm{AC} \\ & 2 \mathrm{Amp} 23 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \end{aligned}$ | $87 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 1378^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Key sets or small communication systems. |
| T 1B-50 | 1 Amp 21 V DC | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \mathrm{Amp} 10 \mathrm{~V} 50 \mathrm{CY} \text { AC } \\ & .5 \mathrm{Amp} 20 \mathrm{~V} 50 \mathrm{CY} \mathrm{AC} \\ & 2 \mathrm{Amp} 2 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \end{aligned}$ | $87 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 137 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Same as T 1B except 50 cycle operation. |
| T 2A | 1.5 Amp 40V DC | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \text { Amp } 10 \text { or } 20 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 60 \mathrm{CY} \AA \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $85 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 175 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Same as T 2B except has a current limiting feature. Equipped with transfer relay for switching to stand-by batteries in case of power failure. |
| T 2B | 4 Amp 24 or 34 V DC | 10 Amp 10V 60CY AC . 5 Amp 20V 60CY AC | $85 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 137 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Heavy duty power supply for medium size communication system, transformer taps give choice of either 24 or 34 V DC output. |
| T 3 | . 5 Amp 24V DC | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \text { Amp 6-10-18-24V } \\ & 60 \mathrm{CY} \text { AC } \end{aligned}$ | $8^{\prime \prime} \times 87 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Small communication system used in mag. neto offices having some common battery lines. Has capacity to operate 3 to 5 lines simultaneously. Operates on either 50 or 60 cycles. |
| T 4 | 1 Amp 48V DC | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \mathrm{Amp} 10 \text { or } 20 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 60 \mathrm{CY} \mathrm{AC} \end{aligned}$ | $85 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 137 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | (Power Supply for) small communication systems requiring 48 V talking battery. Operates on either 50 or 60 cycle. |
| T 4-19 | 1 Amp 48V DC | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \mathrm{Amp} 10 \text { or } 20 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 60 \mathrm{CY} \mathrm{AC} \end{aligned}$ | $615 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 19^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$ | Same as T 4 except arranged for mounting on $19^{\prime \prime}$ rack. |
| T 5B | 1.5 Amp 12V DC | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \text { Amp 6-10-18-24V } \\ & 60 \mathrm{CY} \text { AC } \end{aligned}$ | $8^{\prime \prime} \times 87 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | (Power Supply for) small communication systems requiring 12V talking battery. Operates on 50 or 60 cycle. |
| T 6 | 1 Amp 6V DC | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \mathrm{Amp} 6-10-18-24 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 60 \mathrm{CY} A C \end{aligned}$ | $8^{\prime \prime} \times 87 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | (Power Supply for) small communication systems requiring 6V battery. Operates on 50 or 60 cycle. |
| T 7 |  | $\begin{aligned} & .25 \mathrm{Amp}+120 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ & .25 \mathrm{Amp}-120 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ | $85 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 121 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | (Power Supply for) paystation coin collect and return. Operates on either 50 or 60 cycle input. Provides both + and - outputs. |
| T 8 |  | $\begin{aligned} & .25 \mathrm{Amp}+120 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \\ & .25 \mathrm{Amp}-120 \mathrm{~V} D \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $85 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 121 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | DC bias for superimposed ringing operates on either 50 or 60 cycle input. Provides both + and - outputs. |
| T 9 | 1 Amp 6V DC |  | $47 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 41 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 67 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ | Talking battery supply for small communication systems. |

## DC POWER SUPPLY (Cont.)

## RT Units

LORAIN RT UNITS are the combination of ringing ( R ) and talking (T) power supplies, operable from 111,117 or 123 volt 60 cycle input and tolerating voltage fluctuations of plus or minus $5 \%$. All units are equipped with 6 foot cords and plugs. Flat type telephone fuses are used in talking and signaling output circuits. Selenium rectifiers of Lorain make are used for obtaining the DC for talking and signaling supply.


| Model No. | Ringing Output | Talking DC Supply | Signaling AC \& DC | Cabinet Size | Application |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RT 1B | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \mathrm{MA} \\ & 90 \mathrm{~V} 20 \mathrm{CY} \text { AC } \end{aligned}$ | 1 Amp 21V DC | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \text { Amp 10V 60CY AC } \\ & .5 \text { Amp 20V 60CY AC } \\ & 2 \text { Amp 23V DC } \end{aligned}$ | $85 / 8{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 137 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Key sets or small communication systems. Uses subcycle BC 20 X for ringing. |
| RT 2B | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \mathrm{MA} \\ & 90 \mathrm{~V} 30 \mathrm{CY} \text { AC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \AA m p \\ & 24 \text { or } 34 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \end{aligned}$ | 10 Amp 10V 60CY AC . 5 Amp 20V 60CY AC | $85 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 175 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Heavy duty power supply for medium size communication systems, transformer taps give choice of either 24 or 34 V DC output. Uses Subcycle BC 20X for ringing. |
| RT 3B | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \mathrm{MA} \\ & 110 \mathrm{~V} 30 \mathrm{CY} \mathrm{AC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{Amp} \\ & 21 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \text { Amp 10V 60CY AC } \\ & .5 \text { Amp 20V 60CY AC } \\ & 2 \text { Amp 23V DC } \end{aligned}$ | $85 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 121 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Same as RT 1B except 30 cycle is provided for ringing. |
| RT 3B-50 | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \mathrm{MA} \\ & 110 \mathrm{~V} 25 \mathrm{CY} \mathrm{AC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{Amp} \\ & 21 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \text { Amp 10V 50CY AC } \\ & .5 \text { Amp 20V 50CY AC } \\ & 2 \text { Amp 23V DC } \end{aligned}$ | $85 / 81 \times 121 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Same as RT 3B except for 50 cycle input. |
| RT 4B | 50 MA <br> 110 V 30 CY AC | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \text { Amp } \\ & 24 \text { or } 34 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \end{aligned}$ | 10 Amp 10V 60CY AC . 5 Amp 20V 60CY AC | $85 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 175 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Same as RT 2B except 30 cycle is provided for ringing. |
| RT 5 | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \mathrm{MA} \\ & 110 \mathrm{~V} 30 \mathrm{CY} \text { AC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{Amp} \\ & 48 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \text { Amp } 10 \text { or } 20 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 60 \mathrm{CY} \text { AC } \end{aligned}$ | $85 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 175 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Communications systems requiring 48 V talking battery and 30 CY ringing. |
| RT 5-19A | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \mathrm{MA} \\ & 110 \mathrm{~V} 30 \mathrm{CY} \text { AC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{Amp} \\ & 48 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \end{aligned}$ | 1 Amp 48V DC | $615 / 16^{\prime \prime} \times 19^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$ | Same as RT 5 except arranged for mounting on 19" relay rack. |
| RT 5-19-50 | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \mathrm{MA} \\ & 75 \mathrm{~V} 25 \mathrm{CY} \text { AC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{Amp} \\ & 48 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \end{aligned}$ | 1 Amp 48V DC | $615 / 66^{\prime \prime} \times 19^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$ | Same as RT 5-19A except 50 cycle operation, provides 25 cycle ringing. |
| RT 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \mathrm{MA} \\ & 110 \mathrm{~V} 30 \mathrm{CY} \text { AC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .4 \mathrm{Amp} \\ & 21 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \AA \text { App } 10 \text { or } 20 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 60 \mathrm{CY} \text { AC } \end{aligned}$ | $8^{\prime \prime} \times 87 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Private line telephone systems using high impedance straight line ringers. |
| RT 7 | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \mathrm{MA} \\ & 90 \mathrm{~V} 20 \mathrm{CY} \text { AC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { Amp } \\ & 48 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \text { Amp } 10 \text { or } 20 \mathrm{~V} \\ & 60 \mathrm{CY} \mathrm{AC} \end{aligned}$ | $85 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 175 / 8^{\prime \prime} \times 51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Same as RT 5 except 20 cy. cle ringing. |
| RT9-19A | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \mathrm{MA} \\ & 110 \mathrm{~V} 30 \mathrm{CY} \text { AC } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .5 \text { Amp } \\ & 48 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC } \end{aligned}$ | . 5 Amp 48V DC | $315 / 32^{\prime \prime} \times 19^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$ | Small communication systems, provides 30 cycle ringing and arranged for mounting on $19^{\prime \prime}$ relay rack. |

TONE AND RINGING GENERATORS
Dial Tone Generators


LORAIN DIAL TONE GENERATORS are static type, self-contained, compact and trouble-free. Models AA, D and DK for offices up to 4000 stations, Models C and CK for offices up to 1000 stations. All models except E , are operable from $105-125$ volt 60 cycle.

| Model Description |  |  | Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AA H | High tone-48 <br> Low tone-600 | cles | $8 \times 131 / 4 \times 51 / 4$ |
|  | Modulated at 1 | ycles |  |
| S | Single tone-6 Modulated at 12 | ycle ycles, | $41 / 8 \times 63 / 4 \times 51 / 4$ |
| ck $\quad 2$ | 25 mw output | ut | $41 / 4 \times 6 \times 43 / 4$ |
| CK ${ }^{\text {T }}$ | Same as Model Time-O-Matic cover | $\begin{aligned} & \text { out fits } \\ & \text { l, no } \end{aligned}$ | $41 / 4 \times 6 \times 41 / 4$ |
| T | The same as C | ept | $41 / 8 \times 63 / 4 \times 51 / 4$ |
|  | rated at 100 mm | tput |  |
|  | Same as Model Time-O-Matic | $\begin{aligned} & \text { put fits } \\ & \text { l, no } \end{aligned}$ | $41 / 8 \times 6 \times 43 / 4$ |
| DK-50 T |  |  | $41 / 6 \times 6 \times 43$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| O 5 | Operates from cycle input, Lo 500 mw , High | volt 60 ne 30v 30 v 100 | $121 / 4 \times 85 / 8 \times 51 / 4$ |
| Stand-By Ringing |  |  |  |
| LORAIN STAND-BY RINGING |  |  |  |
| GENERATORS supply 10 watt |  |  |  |
| 20 cycle pl ringing cu cial AC po | plus or minus current during power failure. | cle |  |
| Model | Input DC Volts | $\begin{gathered} \text { Output } \\ \text { Volts } \end{gathered}$ | Size |
| G581-501 | 1 20-26 | 100-115 | $75 \times 51 / 8 \times 123 / 4$ |
| G581-504 | 4 40-52 | 94-101 | $75 / 8 \times 51 / 8 \times 123 / 4$ |

FLOTROLS

## Three Phase

ALL LORAIN THREE PHASE FLOTROLS have output voltage regulation of plus or minus $1 \%$ from $2 \%$ load to full load with input voltage variation of plus or minus $8 \%$. All 3 phase FLOTROLS listed below are equipped with voltmeter and ammeter. have filter choke and condenser (except 260 volt models) and have DC relay for remote control of input contactor. 24 volt and 48 volt FLOTROLS have magnetic contactors on $A C$ input, on DC output and overload relays on AC contactor. 130v and 260 v FLOTROLS are
 equipped with circuit breakers in AC input and DC output. 230 volt input FLOTROL Models are tapped for 208 or 230 volt 60 cycle 3 -phase input. 460 volt models are tapped for 420 or 460 volts. Charge failure alarm relays are available for all models when specified.

| Model | Input <br> Volts | Output <br> Cells |  | Amps. | Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |$\quad$| Mount. |
| :---: |
| ing |


| *U1250B | 230 | 23-24-25 | 25 | $23 \times 141 / 8 \times 451 / 2$ | RR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *2501B | 230 | 23-24-25 | 50 | $23 \times 141 / 8 \times 451 / 2$ | RR |
| U3750B | 230 | 23-24-25 | 75 | $32 \times 19 \times 60$ | F1 |
| U5KB | 230 | 23-24-25 | 100 | $36 \times 26 \times 72$ | F1 |
| U7.5KB | 230 | 23-24-25 | 150 | $36 \times 26 \times 72$ | F1 |
| U10KB | 230 | 23-24-25 | 200 | $42 \times 28 \times 78$ | F1 |
| 10KB4 | 460 | 23-24-25 | 200 | $42 \times 28 \times 78$ | F1 |
| 20KB | 230 | 23-24-25 | 400 | $42 \times 28 \times 78$ | F1 |
|  | 130 VOLT FLOTROLS |  |  |  |  |
| 2100H | 230 | 57-60-63 | 15 | $201 / 2 \times 15 \times 60$ | F1 |
| 3300H | 230 | 57-60-63 | 25 | $32 \times 19 \times 60$ | F1 |
| 4600 H | 230 | 57-60-63 | 35 | $32 \times 19 \times 60$ | F1 |
| 6.5 KH | 230 | 53-60-63 | 50 | $36 \times 26 \times 72$ | F1 |
| 6.5KH4 | 460 | 53-60-63 | 50 | $36 \times 26 \times 72$ | F1 |
|  |  | 260 VOL | FLO | TROLS |  |
| 6.5KIN4 | 460 | 120 | 25 | $36 \times 26 \times 72$ | Fl |
| 13KLN4 | 460 | 120 | 50 | $42 \times 28 \times 78$ | F1 |

## FLOTROLS (Cont.)


#### Abstract

Carrier Supply Units LORAIN FLOTROL CARRIER SUPPLY UNITS supply 130 volt plus or minus $3 \% 0.5$ ampere plate current for carrier or repeater operation when powered from either 115 volt or 230 volt single phase 60 cycle source. During power interruption they  automatically transfer to a built-in vibrator operating from either 24 or 48 volt battery. All models are $19^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{w}, 153 / 8^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{d}$ and $153 / \mathrm{a}^{\prime \prime}$ $h$, extend $3^{\prime \prime}$ from the front of the relay rack. When suffix " $C$ " is added to any model number the unit extends $5^{\prime \prime}$.


|  |  | Input |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model | AC Volts |  | DC Volts |
| CS1 | $100-130$ |  | $45-52$ |
| CS2 | $100-130$ |  | $22-25$ |
| CS12 | $190-250$ |  | $45-52$ |
| CS22 | $190-250$ |  | $22-25$ |
| CS1A* | $100-130$ |  | $45-52$ |
| CS2A* | $100-130$ |  | $22-25$ |
| CS12A* | $190-250$ | $45-52$ |  |
| CS22A* | $190-250$ |  | $22-25$ |
| CS1B** | $100-130$ | $45-52$ |  |
| CS2B** | $100-130$ |  | $22-25$ |

*Equipped with alarm lamps.
**Equipped with special features: extra condensers, marginal transfer relay, time delay relay and remote output failure alarm.

## Single-Phase Flotrols

LORAIN SINGLE-PHASE FLOTROLS are completely automatic battery chargers with no moving parts. The output voltage regulation is accomplished by magnetic reactors and the rectification by means of selenium rectifiers. On overloads the FLOTROLS are automatically protected against damage by changing their operation from constant voltage type chargers to constant current type chargers. They maintain voltage regulation of plus or minus $1 \%$ from $10 \%$ load (some models from no load) to full load.
Most single-phase FLOTROLS are available as battery eliminators. Some popular models are listed below. The quiet model FLOTROLS are characterized by their extremely low sound level.

| Model | Input <br> Volts |
| :--- | :---: |
| U24A | 115 |
| U75A | 115 |
| U150A | 115 |
| 150AF | 115 |
| U300A | 115 |
| 300AA | 115 |
| 300AF | 115 |
| U600A | 230 |
| U600A1 | 115 |
| 600AF1 | 115 | sound level.

## Supplementary Flotrols



LORAIN SUPPLEMENTARY FLOTROLS are unregulated chargers designed to supply a constant current to supplement the output current of a standard, regulated FLOTROL. The rating of the regulated charger must always be equal to or greater than that of the supplementary charger. Each supplementary charger is equipped with either built-in or separately mounted CONTROL RELAY, actuated by the output current of the regulated FLOTROL to turn on the supplementary charger when it is needed, and to turn it off when it is not needed. When ordering a supplementary charger the current rating of the regulated FLOTROL should always be specified.

| Model | Input Volts | Output |  | Size |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 150SA | 115/230 | 24 | 6 | $19 \times 81 / 2$ | 315/16 |
| 300SA | 115/230 | 24 | 12 | $19 \times 121 / 1$ | 1511/16 |
| 600SA | 115/230 | 24 | 24 | $23 \times 147 / 8$ | 193/16 |
| 150SB | 115/230 | 48 | 3 | $19 \times 81 / 2$ | 315/16 |
| 300SB | 115/230 | 48 | 6 | $19 \times 121 /$ | 1511/16 |
| 600SB | 115/230 | 48 | 12 | $23 \times 147$ | 193/16 |
| 1200SB | 115/230 | 48 | 24 | $23 \times 15 \times$ | 1/2 |
| CONTROL RELAYS |  |  |  |  |  |
| FSIR-3 | 3 | XFSIR-3 | 3 | XFS2R-24 | 24 |
| FS1R-6 | 6 | XFSIR-6 | 6 | XFS2R-50 | 50 |
| FSIR-12 | 12 | XFS1R-12 | 12 | XFS2R-75 | 75 |
| FSIR-24 | 24 | XFSIR-24 | 24 | XFS2R-100 | 100 |
|  |  | XFSIR-50 | 50 |  |  |

Relays with prefix " $X$ " are mounted externally and have contacts to control "ON" and "OFF" DC relay in supplementary charger.

SINGLE-PHASE FLOTROLS (Cont.)


| PLUS | OR MINUS 2\% | V REGULATION BATTERY | ELIMINATORS | WITH MAX. 30 MV RIPPLES |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BE75A | 115 | 24 | 3 | $19 \times 9 \times 153 / 8$ | RR,W |
| BEI50A | 115 | 24 | 6 | $19 \times 81 / 2 \times 241 / 8$ | RR, W |
| BE300AF | 115 | 24 | 12 | $19 \times 121 / 8 \times 28$ | RR, W |
| BE300A | 115 | 24 | 12 | $19 \times 121 / 8 \times 28$ | RR, W |
| BE600AI | 115 | 24 | 24 | $23 \times 15 \times 451 / 2$ | RR |
| BE112BA | 115 | 38 | 3 | $19 \times 9 \times 153 / 8$ | RR,W |
| BE1508 | 115 | 48 | 3 | $19 \times 81 / 2 \times 241 / 8$ | RR,W |
| BE300B | 115 | 48 | 6 | $19 \times 12 \times 28$ | RR, W |
| BE600B | 230 | 48 | 12 | $23 \times 15 \times 451 / 2$ | RR |
| BE600B1 | 115 | 50 | 12 | $23 \times 15 \times 451 / 2$ | RR |
| BET1400HA | 230 | $120 \pm 5 \%$ | 12 | $201 / 2 \times 15 \times 60$ | Floor |
| PLUS | OR MINUS 5\% | V REGULATION BATTERY | ELIMINATORS | WITH MAX. 200 MV RIPPLES |  |
| TT | 115 | 120 | . 8 | 193/16 $\times 7$ 5/8 $\times 9316$ | Shelf |
| ХтtB | 115 | 90 | . 8 | $81 / 2 \times 7 \times 161 / 2$ | Shelf |
| TT2 | 115 | 48/55 | 2.0 | $19 \times 83 / 4 \times 9$ | RR |
| TT3 | 115 | 10/20 | 5.0 | $19 \times 81 / 4 \times 9$ | RR |
| T192B | 115 | 48 | 4.0 | $19 \times 101 / 2 \times 10$ | RR |

U-Underwriters Laboratories' approved.
*Regulation on 20 cell tap plus or minus $21 / 2 \%$.
**Has magnetic AC and DC contactors, voltmeter and ammeter and end cell switch to float 26 volt battery.
***Equipped with voltmeter and ammeter.

## EMERGENCY STAND-BY GENERATORS



## EMERGENCY POWER SUPPLY

Since storms, hurricanes, wind, ice and accidents all cause frequent interruptions of the electric power on which millions of telephone and telegraph subscribers rely, an emergency power supply is $a$ necessity.

Because the normal power supply can fail when it is most needed, the installation of a United States Motor's engine generator is a must for safety, whenever power interruption creates a hazard or economic loss.
The emergency engine generator need be only as large as the essential electrical load, not large enough to carry the entire load. The fuel may be gasoline, gas from city mains, LP gas or diesel fuel.

Radiator cooled, gasoline, gas or diesel, engine generators are built in all standard voltages, both single or three phase and in two speeds, 1200 and 1800 RPM. Since the engines are all designed for speeds greater than 1800 RPM, they operate well within their maximum.

Standard output voltages, at 60 cycles, are: AC voltage 120/ 240. 1 phase, 3 wire; or $120 / 208$, 3 phase 4 wire; or 240 or 480 . 3 phase, 3 wire. Also available are DC voltages and 50 cycle generators.
 The rapid growth of microwave systems for communications, tele-
metering and other vital uses on oil and gas pipe lines, on railroads, metering and other vital uses on oil and gas pipe lines, on railroads,
by telephone, and power companies has created a demand for a special form of power supply.

## TECHNICAL DATA

Diesel Engine Driven Emergency Power Plants

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Model } \\ \text { Number } \end{gathered}$ | Rating |  | 1 Phase Amperes |  | 3 Phase Amperes |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Wire } \\ \text { A.W. } \\ \text { A. W.G. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Trans } \\ \text { fer } \\ \text { Switch } \\ \text { Rating } \end{gathered}$ | Fuel Tank |  | Starting Battery |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ex- } \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { haust } \\ \text { Pape } \\ \text { Size } \\ \text { Size } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | Engine |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Кい | KVA | $\begin{aligned} & 120 \text { Volt } \\ & 2 \text { Wire } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120 / 240 \mathrm{~V} . \\ & 3 \text { Wire. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120208 \mathrm{~V} . \\ & 4 \text { Wire. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 240 \text { Volt } \\ & 3 \text { Wire } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Gals. | Hrs. | Volts | AH |  |  |
| SC5D | 5 | 6.25 | 52 | 26 | 17.5 | 15 | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ 10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | 58 | 105 | 12 | 150 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | Waukesha 180DLC |
| SC705D | 7.5 | 9.4 | 78 | 39 | 26 | 22.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 8 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 60 \\ 30 \end{array}$ | 58 | 70 | 12 | 150 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | Waukesha 180DLC |
| SCIOD | 10 | 12.5 |  | 52 | 38 | 30 | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ 10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | 58 | 50 | 12 | 150 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | Waukesha 180DLC |
| SC15D | 15 | 18.75 |  | 78 | 52 | 45 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 6 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 60 \end{array}$ | 58 | 42 | 12 | 150 | 2" | Waukesha 180DLC |
| SC20D | 20 | 25 |  |  | 69 | 60 | 4 | 100 60 | 58 | 32 | 12 | 150 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | Hercules DD198 |
| SC25D | 25 | 31 |  |  | 87 | 75 | 2 | 100 | 58 | 26 | 12 | 150 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | Hercules DD198 |
| SC30D | 30 | 37.5 |  |  | 104 | 90 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | 58 | 20 | 12 | 150 | 2" | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hercules } \\ & \text { DD226 } \end{aligned}$ |
| SC35D | 35 | 43.75 |  |  | 122 | 105 | 1/0 | 150 | 58 | 15 | 12 | 150 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hercules } \\ & \text { DD260 } \end{aligned}$ |
| SC40D | 40 | 50 |  |  | 139 | 120 | 2/0 | 150 | 117 | 32 | 12 | 150 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hercules } \\ & \text { DD298 } \end{aligned}$ |
| SC50D | 50 | 62.5 |  |  | 174 | 150 | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 0 \\ & 3 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 150 \end{aligned}$ | 117 | 26 | 12 | 150 | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Hercules DD339 |
| SC60D | 60 | 75 |  |  | 208 | 180 | $\begin{gathered} 250 \mathrm{M} \\ 4 / \mathrm{C} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | 117 | 22 | 24 | 204 | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Waukesha } \\ \text { 135DK } \end{gathered}$ |
| SC75D | 75 | 94 |  |  | 260 | 225 | 350M | 300 | 265 | 40 | 24 | 204 | $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Continental } \\ & \text { RD572 } \end{aligned}$ |
| SC100D | 100 | 125 |  |  | 347 | 300 | $\begin{aligned} & 600 \mathrm{M} \\ & 2-4 / 0 \\ & 500 \mathrm{M} \\ & 2-3 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | 400 300 | 265 | 32 | 24 | 204 | $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Hercules DFXC |

Gasoline Engine Driven Emergency Power Plants

| $\underset{\substack{\text { Model } \\ \text { Number }}}{\substack{\text { and }}}$ | Rating |  | 1 Phase Amperes |  | 3 Phase Amperes |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Wiie } \\ \text { Size } \\ \text { S.W.G. } \end{gathered}$ | Transfer Rating | Fuel Tank |  | Starting |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ex- } \\ & \text { haus } \\ & \text { Sape } \\ & \text { Pipe } \\ & \text { Size } \end{aligned}$ | Engine |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Kw | KVA | $\begin{aligned} & 120 \text { Volt } \\ & 2 \text { Wire } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 120 / 240 \mathrm{~V} . \\ 3 \text { Wire } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 120 / 208 \mathrm{~V} . \\ 4 \text { Wire } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 240 \text { Volt } \\ & 3 \text { Wire } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Gals. | Hrs. | Volts | AH |  |  |
| SC6G | 6 | 6 | 50 | 25 |  | 14.5 | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ 10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | 58 | 48 | 12 | 45 | $11 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ | Wisconsin TF |
| SCIOG | 10 | 12.5 |  | 52 | 38 | 30 | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ 10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | 58 | 25 | 6 | 100 | 11/4" | Continental Y 91 |
| SCI5G | 15 | 18.75 |  | 78 | 52 | 45 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 60 \end{array}$ | 58 | 21 | 6 | 100 | $11 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Continental FA 162 |
| SC20G | 20 | 25 |  |  | 69 | 60 | 4 | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 60 \end{array}$ | 58 | 16 | 6 | 100 | $11 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Continental FA 162-S |
| SC25G | 25 | 31 |  |  | 87 | 75 | 2 | 100 | 58 | 13 | 6 | 100 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | Hercules GO198 |
| SC30G | 30 | 37.5 |  |  | 104 | 90 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | 58 | 10 | 6 | 100 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Hercules } \\ \text { GO226 } \end{gathered}$ |
| SC35G | 35 | 43.75 |  |  | 122 | 105 | 1/0 | 150 | 117 | 19 | 6 | 100 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | Hercules GO260 |
| SC40G | 40 | 50 |  |  | 139 | 120 | 2/0 | 150 | 117 | 16 | 6 | 100 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hercules } \\ & \text { GO298 } \end{aligned}$ |
| SC50G | 50 | 62.5 |  |  | 174 | 150 | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 0 \\ & 3 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 200 \\ & 150 \end{aligned}$ | 117 | 13 | 6 | 100 | $2^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Hercules } \\ \text { GO339 } \end{gathered}$ |
| SC60G | 60 | 75 |  |  | 208 | 180 | $\begin{gathered} 250 \mathrm{M} \\ 4 / \mathrm{O} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | 117 | 11 | 12 | 100 | $21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | Hercules WXLC3 |
| SC75G | 75 | 94 |  |  | 260 | 225 | 350M | 300 | 265 | 20 | 12 | 100 | 3 " | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hercules } \\ & \text { RXLD } \end{aligned}$ |
| SCIOOG | 100 | 125 |  |  | 347 | 300 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 600 \mathrm{M} \\ & 2.4 / 0 \\ & 500 \mathrm{M} \\ & 2.3 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 400 \\ & 300 \end{aligned}$ | 265 | 16 | 12 | 100 | $3^{\prime \prime}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Waukesha } \\ & \text { 145GKB } \end{aligned}$ |

## STROMBERG-CARLSON

## CONVERTERS <br> Multi-Frequency Ringing

These converters transform direct current obtained from 24 cells of storage battery, to ringing frequencies for use with tuned frequency signaling systems. They are of the vibrating reed type.

Mounted on a $10^{\prime \prime} \times 30^{\prime \prime}$ panel, these converters are set up in units of 4 or 5 frequencies with or without transformers. Each series of converters is complete with its own control relays, fusing and starting circuit. The vibrators and relays are protected by a steel cover that has a plastic window on the face of the cover.

These multi-frequency ringing machines may also be used as a stand-by source of ringing current when used in conjunction with sub-cycles and other types of ringing machines, described elsewhere in this section.

Ringing converters are used to provide party line ringing service for all sizes of telephone exchanges and operate indefinitely with the maximum degree of efficiency. Only occasional replacements of contact springs and screws are necessary, together with the usual check-up of frequencies and voltages.

The standard multiple frequency converters for operation from $\alpha 48$ volt direct current circuit, are listed below.

Besides the multi-frequency ringing converters, Stromberg Carlson also has a single frequency converter available. This type of converter is used in straight line ringing applications.


5-Frequency Ringing Vibrators (with cover removed)


Rear view of 5-Frequency Ringing Vibrators


5-Frequency Ringing Vibrators (with cover in place)


Single Frequency with insulating transformer

| Stock No. | Description | No. of Parties | 485668-000 | Description | No. of Parties |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DECIMONIC SERIES |  |  | $162 / 3,331 / 3,50,662 / 3$ cycles, without transformers |  |
| 485665-000 | 20, 30, 40,50, 60 cycles, with transformers | 5 |  |  | 4 |
| 485666-000 | 20, 30, 40, 50, 60 cycles, with- |  |  | SYNCHROMONIC SERIES |  |
|  | out transformers | 5 | 485661-000 | $20,30,42,54,66$ cycles, with transformers | 5 |
| 485659-000 | HARMONIC SERIES $162 / 3,25,331 / 3,50,662 / 3$ cycles, with transformers | 5 | 485662-000 | $20,30,42,54,66$ cycles, without transformers | 5 |
| 485660-000 | $162 / 3,25,331 / 3,50,662 / 3$ cycles, without transformers | 5 | 485663-000 | $16,30,42,54,66$ cycles, with transformers | 5 |
| 485667-000 | $162 / 3,331 / 3,50,662 / 3$ cycles, with transformers | 4 | 485664-000 | $16,30,42,54,66$ cycles, without transformers | 5 |

## STROMBERG-CARLSON INTERRUPTER MACHINE

New Multiple-Use, High-Low Motor Driven Unit


Front View of Stromberg-Carlson's Type Interrupter Machine.
Dust Cover Removed to Show Motor, Cams, and Drive Shafts.

The Stromberg-Carlson Motor-Driven Interrupter machine - designed by telephone engineers for telephone use, answers a long-felt need in the industry. The engineers' problem was to design a machine that was versatile, easily powered, inexpensive in first cost and easily maintained. Their objective has been accomplished; the Interrupter now stands with the XY Switch and other fine products which have made the name Stromberg-Carlson a symbol for quality with the telephone industry.

## Versatility

The need for accurately timing and interrupting a circuit has grown apace with each new substitution of electrical power for the slower, less accurate hand operation. New needs are continually arising, as more manually controlled functions are converted to automatic service. The Stromberg-Carlson Interrupter recognizes the many known uses in telephony: harmonic, superimposed or code ringing, busy signal, alarm, conversation timing, warning tone, automatic cut-off and lock-out. It is adapted for timing sequences in many other industries: laundries, foundries, plastic centers, bakeries. A growing use is with intermittent electric displays.


## Construction Features

The unusual feature of the Stromberg-Carlson Interrupter which multiplies its value, is the complete interchangeability of all the working parts.

THE MOTOR, a standard purchased item with specially built-in reduction gearing, can be removed and replaced in 30 seconds. This can be supplied for D.C., or for 50 or 60 cycle, 115 Volt A.C. The two precision-cut couplings mesh securely without adding to motor load.


## INTERRUPTER MACHINE (Cont.)



View of two-speed shaft. High speed on right, low speed
actuated by planetary gears on left.

THE SNAP-ACTION SWITCHES require no relays to open or close them; the spring accomplishes immediate contact or break. Any switch can be unmounted and moved to a new position in a matter of seconds without stopping the unit, using only a screw driver. These switch mounting screws control the adjustment of switch rollers on the cams. Jack-in contacts make for simple yet positive contact without the use of solder. The nylon rollers turn on a case-hardened polished steel bearing, held by a small steel screw. The transfer springs of beryllium copper have performed more than one billion mechanical operations without any sign of failure. Large size self-cleaning transfer contacts with built-in wiping action are made of a special alloy and have excellent heat dissipation. Contact make or break can be timed within 50 milliseconds.

TWO SPEEDS. The high speed side, with capacity for 22 circuits operating at either 6 - or 8 -second cycle is used for busy signal, ringing and alarm, the shaft connected through the couplings directly to the motor. Torque is so low that motor load is close to zero. The low speed side, with 6 circuits, is a concentric shaft whose speed has been reduced by planetary gears to a 2 -minute cycle - as simple as the Model T transmission. The cams are usually cut to regulate conversation timing, automatic cut-off after warning tone, and the like. If desired the low-speed shaft can be eliminated; in special circumstances
an extension of the high speed shaft with additional cams may be ordered.

THE CAMS are of polished case-hardened steel, chromium plated. All cams are precision cut on the same standard milling cutters. The hub is copper brazed to the cam, and fastens to the shaft with a set screw. In a matter of minutes, one set of cams can be slipped off the shaft and a new set, precision cut to different time intervals, can be secured and the switches re-set for the new timing sequence.

## Installation and Maintenance

While the Stromberg-Carlson Interrupter was originally designed to fit into the XY System of dial telephone exchange, it can be adapted for use in manual exchanges or with other types of dial central office equipment. Like all other parts of the XY System, it jacks into place ready for immediate use, and can be removed for examination, re-setting or moved to a new location with minimum of time and effort. The complete unit is light and very compact, occupying only 150 square inches of rack space. The sides form a rigid protecting flange, so that the unit can be set down in any position for adjustment. Three finger holes in each side plate make easy hand grips for carrying. Base-mounted plugs accommodate the switch jacks; these are wired to the main jack out in the open on the back, for easy checking.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

Because of the complete interchangeability of motor, cams, and switches, the Stromberg-Carlson Interrupter Machines are assembled to specific requirements. Order these machines by specifying the circuits that are to be interrupted, and details as to timing and sequence of interruptions.

The motor unit usually supplied with the Interrupter is 60 cycle AC or DC. However, 50 cycle AC motors can be supplied for any circuit.
The following list contains only $\alpha$ few applications in which an Interrupter Machine can be used:

1. For Harmonic 1 and 2 ring, 6 second cycle, interrupted ground.
2. For 10 and 20 Code, 8 second cycle, interrupted generator.
3. For 5 Frequency, 1 and 2 ring, 6 second cycle, interrupted generator.
4. For Superimposed 1 and 2 ring, 6 second cycle, interrupted generator.
Information regarding new or replacement parts will be furnished by your nearest Stromberg-Carlson branch office.


Rear View of Interrupter Machine

## TESTING EQUIPMENT

Stromberg-Carlson has devised many types of testing equipment for use in checking and maintaining inside and outside plant facilities. Seven major types of testing equipment have been developed to assist the wire chief and plant man in maintaining a trouble-free operating company. These types are: (1) Type " $A$ " Test meter- $\alpha$ volt-ohm-milliammeter, (2) Type " $B$ " Test Boxes-for unattended offices, (3) Type "C" Test Turret-for the smaller central offices, (4) Type "D" Test Desk-for the larger central offices (local testing only), (5) Type "E' Test Panels-for the largest offices (local and toll testing), (6) Portable Maintenance Test Sets-for individual pieces of equipment, and (7) Circuit Plate Test Apparatus-circuit plate style.

## Type "A" Test Meter

This meter is $\alpha$ Weston 697 volt-ohm-milliammeter, used to test resistances, amperes, and voltages. This model combines a selection of AC and DC voltage, direct current and resistance ranges in a light weight, pocket size case. The meter is furnished complete with a leather carrying case.

## Type "B" Test Boxes

The "B-1" Test Box is a testing position used primarily in unattended dial offices to check the operation of the equipment. All testing circuits are contained in a gray box which can be mounted on a main distributing frame or near-by wall or column.
 mounted on a main distributing frame, it protrudes $31 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ in front of the frame.

All equipment is mounted on the hinged front panel which makes servicing easier and faster.

The following is $\alpha$ list of tests that can be accomplished with this set:

1. Foreign potential tests-for battery on Tip and Ring.


Wire Chief's Test Set
Type "B-1" Test Box
2. Loop leakage tests-high and low leakage.
3. Tip and Ring leakage tests-high and low leakage.
4. Capacitance tests-for Tip, Ring and Loop capacitance.
5. Selector tests-access is provided to a local test selector.
6. Remote testing-provision for testing distant offices.
7. Ringing tests-frequency, code or superimposed ringing.
8. Heat Coil test-access to line equipment if heat coil is closed.
9. Reverse tests-reverses test leads.
10. Howler-may be applied through test selector or MDF shoe.

Aside from the test mentioned above, this test set is arranged for an office line for communication purposes.

## Nos. B-3 \& B-4 Wire Chief's Test Sets

The Nos. B-3 \& B-4 Wire Chief's Test Sets are used in manual central office exchanges to make the wide range of tests demanded in present day telephone practice. These units are compact in their cabinets and can be mounted either on the equip. ment frames (their normal position) or on walls or posts.

The No. B-3 test set operates on 24 volts while the No. B-4 operates on 48 volts DC. Both sets have the same testing circuits and same method of operation. With these sets, the wire chief can accomplish the following tests and operations:

1. Test for foreign potential on Tip and Ring leads.
2. Test for high resistance on Tip and Ring leads.
3. Test for low resistance on Tip and Ring leads.
4. Test for high and low Loop resistance.
5. Test for Tip, Ring, and Loop capacitance.
6. Test for ringing on any line.
7. Test for heat coil operation.
8. Test for inside plant equipment.
9. Manual stepping Howler control.
10. Test for idle line condition.

There are three types of ringing that can be applied with this unit. These are:

1. Five frequency-ten party ringing.
2. Single frequency-with code key.
3. Superimposed ringing-four party.

The size of these sets is approximately $12^{\prime \prime}$ wide, $141 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ high, and $61 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ deep. The cabinets are gray to match the frames and circuit plates in the equipment room.

## TESTING EQUIPMENT (Cont.)



## The Type "C" Test Turret

Containing all of the essential features for testing inside and outside plant facilities, this turret is admirably suited for testing local equipment in a small central office. All of the basic circuits used in the turret will also be found in the larger pieces of test equipment, permitting the smaller offices to have the same versatile and accurate test facilities that are found in the large offices.
The circuits are neatly arranged in $\alpha$ No. 121 Cordless Switchboard cabinet to promote efficient operation of the turret. This apparatus will fit conveniently on any desk or table (usually in the equipment room itself).

## Test Provisions

TRUNKING CIRCUITS-Circuits that establish connection between the turret and a switchboard, the turret and another test position, and the turret and the MDF are available in numbers required up to $\alpha$ total of two each. These types of circuits are called trunking circuits and are established in one of two ways; (1) Trunk two-way between positions key, for turret to turret or turret to switchboard operation, which necessitates operation of $\alpha$ similar key at the other end; (2) Trunk two-way-to-line circuit which provides $\alpha$ means of access to and from $\alpha$ turret and $\alpha$ dial line circuit or a magneto extension telephone.

METER CIRCUITS-This turret is wired and equipped with a meter that can be used as a volt meter, a milliammeter and an ohm meter. The scale is marked so that volts, amperes, or ohms can be read easily and distinctly. It has a full scale deflection of .00075 amperes and is accurate within $1 \%$ of full scale. The meter's edged pointer, mirrored scale and distinct lettering makes reading of the scale possible, even at a distance of four feet.
TESTING CIRCUITS-All testing circuits are wired into this turret. Optional circuits and those listed as furnished in quantity as desired are only wired into the standard turret. All other circuits are wired and equipped. See the tables at the end of the test equipment portion of this catalog for ordering information.

ACCESSORIES-Provision is made for connecting a standard 1543 Telephone to the turret. If desired, an operator's head set may be used in addition to or in place of the telephone. Jacks are provided for this purpose. Provision is also made for attaching a portable Wheatstone Bridge to this test turret.


## The Type "D" Test Desks

The Type " $D$ " Test Desks are used in larger central offices that require more local testing facilities than the Type "C" Test Turret can offer. However, most of the circuit features and provisions that were found in the Type "C" Test Turret have been incorporated into the test desks along with additional features for more complete local testing.
All equipment is mounted in a No. 204 PBX Switchboard cabinet and may be multipled to other testing positions if desired.

## Test Provisions

In $\alpha$ manner of speaking, the test desk is built up from the test turret in the manner of building blocks, for circuits necessary for testing more complicated local equipment are added to those circuits used in the test turret.

TRUNKING CIRCUITS-The same provisions that are found in the test turret for connecting the test desk to a switchboard, another test position or a main distributing frame are also contained in the Type " $D$ " Test Desk. There is a major factor which makes this test desk particularly useful and that is the existence of auxiliary testing paths that can be used along with the primary paths. This permits the wire chief to conduct $\alpha$ test on one path and still have access to another test train.
METER CIRCUIT-The test desk has the same meter and meter adjustment controls as the test turret. Its use is as a volt meter, an ohm meter or a milliammeter depending upon the type of tests being conducted.
TESTING CIRCUITS-Only the standard testing circuits are wired and equipped in the test desk. Due to the large numbers of optional circuits existing, none are wired or equipped unless specifically requested. Refer to the ordering information tables at the end of the test equipment portion of this section for circuits available. These circuits can also be used with the auxiliary testing paths.

## TESTING EQUIPMENT (Cont.)



Close-up of Type "E" Test Panel

## Type "E" Test Panels

The Type "E" Test Panel contains even more testing facilities than either the Type "C" or Type " $D$ " test positions, for the panel has circuits which test toll as well as local facilities. Adequate space is provided for the toll test jackfield. All equipment is mounted on a steel frame work made of channel uprights. Provision is made to mount jacks, lamps and keys in the face of the section with ample space allowed for future growth. If more than one testing position is required, they can be easily added and circuits may be multipled or paralleled as desired.

This panel has an added feature, due to its toll test facilities, which neither the turret nor the desk has. That is, two sets of cords and plugs are equipped with each test panel. A set consists of one cord and plug used for the primary circuit paths, and another cord and plug used for the auxiliary circuit paths.

## Test Provisions

As the Type " $D$ " Test Desk was built up from the Type "C" Test Turret, so is the Type " $E$ " Test Panel built up from the Type " $D$ " Test Desk. The major difference other than size is that the test panel has provisions for testing combined local and toll facilities.

TRUNKING CIRCUITS-Like the Type "D" Test Desk, the test panel also makes use of auxiliary circuits to make tests when primary paths are busy. Six separate means are provided to connect the testing circuits to equipment or lines; they are: (1) The Test Train, (2) MDF trunks and test shoe, (3) inspector's trunks, (4) test jack circuits, (5) binding posts, and (6) test cords at manual switchboards.

METER CIRCUIT-The test panel has the same meter and meter adjustment controls as the test turret and the test desk. The meter can be used as a volt meter, a milliammeter, or an ohm meter, depending upon the type of test being performed.

TESTING CIRCUITS-Only the standard testing circuits are wired and equipped in the test panel. Other testing circuits should be ordered as per the chart on the following page.

Due to the capability of this type of test panel to test toll facilities, there are additional optional circuits available such as the following:

1. Test Circuit for No. 3 Toll Switchboard trunks-tests for the trunk relay equipment for proper operation.
2. Polar Duplex and E and M Dial Leg-provides for pulsing tests on polar duplex dial legs. Both line and drop tests can be accomplished.
3. Positive-Negative Dial Leg-provides for pulsing tests and both line and drop tests on positive-negative dial legs.
4. Differential Duplex Dial Leg-provides for the same type of tests mentioned previously on a differential duplex dial leg.
5. High and Low Dial Leg-again provides for the same type of tests on a high and low dial leg.

The above items should be ordered only as they apply to specific circuits in your exchange.

The chart, referred to previously, shows a howler circuit for each type of testing position. The howler circuit is automatically graduated in intensity on both the Type D and E boards but is manually graduated in the Type C Test Turret. The automatic howler may be applied to both primary and auxiliary test pairs.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

|  | For Wire Chief's Test Sets, Types "A" \& "B" |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
|  | ORDERING INFORMATION |  |
| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| $679-000$ | (A) | Weston volt-ohm meter with carrying case |
| $486830-000$ | (B-1) | Wire Chief's Test Set, Dial Systems |
| $486831-000$ | (B-1) | Wire Chief's Test Set (with Test Pair), Dial Systems |
| $487437-000$ | (B-3) | Wire Chief's Test Set (24 volts), Manual Systems |
| $487438-000$ | (B-4) | Wire Chief's Test Set (48 volts), Manual Systems |

## TEST DESK ORDERING INFORMATION

This information is provided in order to furnish a means of arriving at detailed ordering information for standard test positions and to list all available test desk features. Certain circuits associated with the test position may be multipled to other positions, such as selector level trunks, inspector's trunks, etc. In such cases, only key and lamp equipment is required at the annex position.

The Type "C" Test Turret should be ordered where only local testing is required. Type "D" Test Desks are normally provided where local testing only is required and the number of testing circuits exceeds the capacity of the Type " $C$ " Test Turret. Due to the limited jackfield space, it is not suitable for toll testing. Type "E" Test Panels are used for combined local and toll test-
ing with certain features omitted if it is used for local testing only. Neither Type " $D$ " nor Type " $E$ '" is available for toll testing only.

In the tables below, chart 1 shows the features of the main testing circuit while chart 2 shows the features of additional testing circuits. If a circuit is listed as not furnished (H) on a test position, it is due to insufficient space or, in the case of the Type " $D$ " and ' $E$ " positions, because a circuit with more features, using more space, is required in these positions. Thus the "not furnished" symbol should be strictly adhered. Quantity limitations are also due to lack of additional space and must be strictly adhered.


## Explanation of Symbols

E-This circuit is furnished even though not ordered if the features it supplies are required in the office.
$\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{Not}$ furnished.
O-Optional circuit, furnished only if ordered.

Q-Optional circuit, furnished only if ordered and in quan tity ordered.
Q1, Q2-As above, figure indicates maximum quantity
X -Standard equipment, furnished even though not ordered.

## NOTES

a-Dry cell battery as stand-by voltage source is furnished instead of exchange battery stand-by battery.
b-As the No. 3 toll operator's circuit does not provide direct order wire access, specify trunks and two-way between positions in required quantity.
c -The operator's circuit induction coil is used for monitoring when this circuit is not provided.
d-Used in conjunction with dial leg testing circuits.
e-The equipment is not arranged for twin jacks.
f -This circuit works into toll board appearance of No. 3
toll type trunk circuits. It is normally cabled to a test cord to the trunk jacks as required. If a multiple appearance of the toll board jack is provided on the test board jackfield, single or twin patch cords are furnished.
g-This circuit does not include the Wheatstone bridge. If required, a portable Wheatstone bridge must be ordered separately.
h -This circuit is not recommended and is not deemed desirable.

## AUTOMATIC LINE ROUTINER



The Line Routiner is the newest type of testing equipment developed by Stromberg-Carlson. Its primary function is that of automatically testing inside and outside plant facilities. The outstanding features incorporated in the new Routiner are:

1. Fully automatic, including remote start.
2. Usable in any step type office, providing there is a separate test train installed.
3. High speed.
4. Accurate and self checking.

The new Line Routiner follows the present day trend toward automation in that the unit, once started, needs no further attention. It provides a permanent printed record of all line faults found in testing out an office. The unit may be started remotely. It is arranged to test any number of remote offices regardless of the type of step-by-step switching equipment, providing there is a separate test train available. The Routiner provides a means of automatically stepping a test train consisting of a test selector and a test connector, successively to each connector terminal in
the office, and from there to test the outside cable for:

1. Leakage resistance between the tip and ring connectors.
2. Leakage from tip or ring to ground.
3. The presence of $\alpha$ "foreign" potential.

To provide flexibility of use, the routiner may be arranged on a per office basis as selected by one of the six office keys to provide varying features. This furnishes access to:

1. Four digit test train.
2. Three digit test train, or
3. Test train in a mixed terminal-per-line and terminal-perstation office requiring cancellation of the hundreds digits in certain thousands group only.
When encountering a line fault, the printer control circuit scans: first, the office selection circuit to determine which office is being tested; then the sequence relays in the line testing unit to determine the type of fault found; and thirdly, scans the position of the line number registering deca switches to obtain the connector terminal number on which the fault is found. At this time a six digit entry is automatically made on the printer tape. The first digit is an arbitrarily-chosen digit corresponding to the office being routined. The second digit designates the type of fault found and the remaining four digits record the line number.
The routiner circuit and printer control circuit are contained in an attractively styled cabinet, available in gray, mahogany or limed oak with a black laminated front panel. The over-all cabinet dimensions are approximately $30^{\prime \prime}$ long $\times 20^{\prime \prime}$ high x $18^{\prime \prime}$ deep.
The printer itself, in size and appearance, resembles a conventional adding machining.
The DC power supply, required for the printer, and the AC control circuit are generally mounted on the powerboard. Test selector trunks, giving the routiner access to the test trains, are mounted external to the routiner. This makes the routiner completely independent of the test desk, permitting its placement to any desired location.

## CIRCUIT PLATE TESTING EQUIPMENT

## Connector Routine Test Circuit Plate

This unit tests connectors for proper operation of the Answering Bridge (AB) relay, the Ring Trip (RT) relay, the Busy Test (BT) relay, trunk hunting and Tip and Ring transmission continuity.

The test man or wire chief can gain access to this unit by either using $a$ hand test set jacked into a connector plate or by using a station telephone, and dialing a pre-selected number. Various tones are emitted as the test progresses. This set may be arranged to send two or three ring back tones to indicate proper operation of the RT relay. The unit will also emit three dial tones to denote progress of the Tip and Ring transmission continuity tests and will also send back reverse battery flashes providing the $A B$ relay pulses properly. Other tests for the $A B$ relay. BT relay and trunk hunting are accomplished through the use of twist type keys in the make busy and test unit on the corner of this circuit plate.

| Stock No. | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| 487017-000 | Connector Routine Test Circuit Plate (Super- <br> imposed ringing) |
| 487018-000 | Connector Routine Test Circuit Plate (Harmonic, <br> Decimonic, Synchromonic or Single Frequency <br> ringing) |

Stock No.
487017-000
Connector Routine Test Circuit Plate (Supermposed ringing ringing)

## Dial Speed Test Circuit Plate

This unit tests a subscriber's dial for speed. The test man, on the subscriber's telephone, dials a pre-determined number to gain access to the test unit. Spurts of dial tone will be given off during testing. One spurt indicates that the dial is too slow, two spurts indicate proper speed of the dial ( 8 to 12 pulses per second), three spurts indicate that the dial is too fast.

| Stock No. | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| $484062-000$ | Dial Speed Test Circuit Plate (Unit to be wired <br> to terminal block) |
| $485199-000$ | Dial Speed Test Circuit Plate (Unit is jacked in <br> to position) |

## Line Testing Circuit Plate

The line testing circuit plate checks $\alpha$ subscriber's line for battery, leakage, and ground faults. Such faults are indicated by splashes of tone given off by this set. Like the Dial Speed Test Circuit Plate, access to this test unit is gained by dialing a preselected number from the subscriber's telephone.

| Stock No. |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 488054-000 | Line Testing Circuit |  |

## PORTABLE TEST EQUIPMENT

## No. 6C Test Set

Proper adjustment of relays used in telephone circuits, both mechanical and electrical, are necessary to insure the best operating results.


Mechanical adjustments for separation of contacts and springs are made with thickness gauges. Pressure values are established by means of $\alpha$ gram gauge. After these adjustments have been made the electrical adjustments can be undertaken. The proper tension is placed on the relay springs to meet the requirements indicated on the Relay Adjustment Value Sheets, available for each Stromberg-Carlson central office circuit.

It is seldom that relays are required to meet more than four electrical test qualifications. They are:

1. Operate
2. Hold
3. Non-Operate
4. Release

The No. 6C Test Set is designed to aid in establishing the proper current flow adjustments and to check circuits previously adjusted. For this purpose a Weston Milliammeter with three scales $0-15,0-75$, and $0-750$ is provided. By its proper use the various current measurements and requirements can be accurately determined.

This Test Set is so arranged that four different values of current can be set up at the same time for testing. Individual to each of the four testing circuits are $\alpha$ rheostat, $\alpha$ tap switch and $\alpha$ push button key, used for selecting the resistance path desired. The rheostat has $\alpha$ variable resistance from $0-1500$ ohms. The tap switch has eleven steps, the first has 0 resistance, the second permits cutting in, by means of a cam key, 10,000 or 30,000 ohms, and the remaining nine steps cuts in 1200 ohms on each successive step. Thus it is possible to cut in $\alpha$ total of 42,300 ohms resistance in each of the four testing paths.

Common equipment consists of two binding posts for the operating battery, three fuse holders provided to carry $1 / 2$ amp. fuses, four cam keys for Battery Cut-off, Release, Reverse, and Resistance Switching.

| Stock No. | Code | Description <br> 485826-000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (6-C) | Test Set for Current Flow Adjusting |  |

## No. 10B Portable XY Universal Switch Test Set

The Portable XY Universal Switch Test Unit provides the maintenance man with $\alpha$ convenient means for simulating actual line conditions at his desk in the routine checking and adjusting of the XY Universal Switch. Automatic recycling permits continuous operation in either X or Y direc-
 tion, with the switch operating either by applied pulsing or in automatic stepping. Either X or Y magnet may be held operated with 24 -volt battery. Signal lamps are provided to indicate stepping speed and proper operation of the internal contacts of the XY Universal Switch. Sections of wire bank permit checking wiper adjustment for positive, noise-free operation in the cell. This self-contained unit is attractively housed in an instrumenttype wood cabinet with snap-on cover and carrying strap.

## No. 11 Circuit Plate Test Unit

This testing device, built into $a$ handy wood carrying case, provides the means for routine checking of all types of circuit plates. It is used in checking speed and per cent make of pulses, checking conditions of HS lead for toll marking, and complete operation of connectors both local and toll. The worst line conditions of either shunt or loop resistance are simulated. The equipment is arranged to automatically preset the meter for the approximate throw of the needle.


No. 12B Speed and Per Cent Make Test Unit
This test unit is similar in size and general design to the Circuit Plate Test Set. It is used to test per cent make of pulses and for pulse speed up to 20 pulses per second. The meter can be checked for full scale deflection, and may be preset manually for approximate expected throw of needle.

## No. 13 Pulsing Limits Test Unit



A small, convenient pulsing device which fits easily into the palm of the hand. A push button is provided for changing a normal loop resistance to $\alpha$ shunt resistance bridge, for simulating extreme line variations while dialing. When the other button is depressed, the equipment returns to its normal condition.

## PORTABLE TEST EQUIPMENT (Cont.)

No. 16 Portable Keysender Test Unit


The No. 16 Keysender Test Unit is used to test keysenders on toll switchboards. This unit is patched to the sender shelf by means of a cord equipped with two jacks that are similar to XY Universal Switch jacks.

There are two adjustable arms on the test box which enables this set to be suspended on a ladder for the purpose of bringing the unit closer to the sender shelf.

The following functions are tested with this unit:

1. Test for sender seizure
2. Test for pick-up and hold of dial cut-in relay and cord
3. Test for digit registration
4. Test for number of pulses and supervision
5. Test for all registers busy supervision
6. Test for error (ER) key operation
7. Test for first stop dial operation
8. Test for removal of first stop dial signal
9. Test for drop off on second stop dial signal
10. Test for blocking digit registration after operation of the Stop Registration Key
11. Test for sender release with ringing key (Auto-ring sender)
12. Test for sender release without ringing key (Auto-ring sender)
13. Test for sender release with ringing key (Key controlled ringing sender)
14. Test for sender release without ringing key (Key controlled ringing sender)
15. Test for pulsing Stop Dial without sender release

## No. 17 Portable Frequency Indicator

This test unit is encased in $\alpha$ wood cabinet, complete with $\alpha$ carrying strap, and is used to check ringing frequencies. The test clips connect the frequency sender test to the frequency indicator and voltmeter in the test unit. This set operates from $a$ $271 / 2$ volt " $B$ " battery.

## No. 19 Portable Pulse Generator

This equipment contains a ready, accurate and handy source for generating and measuring pulses. Pulses ranging from 6 to 25 PPS may be generated and measured as to speed and percent make with extremely high degree of accuracy.

It may be desired to feed pulses to other pieces of test apparatus such as the No. 20 Portable Equipment Routiner listed below. There are many other uses as implied from the following functions:

Generate pulses from 6-25 PPS
Control percent make of such pulses-from $10 \%-90 \%$ make
Synchronize pulses to insure full break measurement
Generate and measure out pulses
Receive and measure inward pulses
Measure speed of dials
Dimensions of the generator are approximately $145 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ long by $12^{\prime \prime}$ wide by $8^{\prime \prime}$ high. Its weight is approximately 25 lbs .

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $217636-000$ | (19) | Portable Pulse Generator |

## No. 20 Portable Equipment Routiner

This apparatus will routine and locate faulty switching equip. ment by calling a pre-determined number in a Connector group from $\alpha$ pre-selected line in $\alpha$ Finder group. The Connector under Test may be wired either for terminal-per-line or for terminal-per-station, with or without trunk hunting.

Pulses fed into this routiner must come from the No. 19 Portable Pulse Generator described above. This routiner can be operated either on a semi-automatic basis (manual) or on a fully automatic basis.

Originally designed for use in XY Dial Systems, this routiner may be used in any step-by-step dial office.

Approximate dimensions are: $16^{\prime \prime}$ long by $133 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ wide by $77 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ high. Its weight is approximately 35 lbs .

| Stock No. | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $419000-058$ | (20) | Portable Equipment Routiner |

## Hand Test Set

The hand test set, commonly referred to as a "Buttinsky," can be used to test or monitor Linefinders, Allotters, Selectors and Connectors in XY Dial Systems. This set is equipped with a cord and plug assembly (Stock No. 202452-000) and a wall mounting bracket (Stock No. 203684-000) for suspending this set on either equipment frames or walls.

Stock No. 203685-000.


Hand Test Set

## PROTECTORS-CENTRAL OFFICE

## Cook Type

Telephone lines require protection against high potentials and sneak currents. Central office protectors are mounted on main distributing frames in the terminal room of the exchange to afford convenience in testing and maintenance.

When operated, the modern protector opens the circuit, grounds the line and operates an alarm signal. To reset, the operating spring is relatched over the heat coil ratchet. No coil to change, turn or resolder.

Line connections are provided on one side of the protectors, and switchboard connections are provided on the other side. Current carrying parts are insulated with hard rubber and terminals are held in place rigidly by bakelite.

Low resistance heat coils, approximately $31 / 2$ ohms, will carry .35 amperes for three hours, and will operate within 210 seconds on .5 ampere in an ambient temperature of $68^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.


## No. 3800 Protector

The protector pairs mount on $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ centers. The mounting plate is cadmium plated steel and arranged to fasten directly to the main frame shelf channels. Springs are nickel silver of ample strength to give positive operation and permanent pressure between lightning arrester and ground plate. Unit dischargers are standard in these lightning arresters. They are made of two carbons separated by an acetate dielectric and cemented to-gether-air gap $.003^{\prime \prime}$. They will permanently ground under continuous discharge and can be easily installed or removed.

Temporary disconnects can be made by opening the circuit with $\alpha$ thin insulator inserted between the outside spring and the spring holding the heat coil. The No. 3800 Test Plug is used for testing outside lines, heat coils and switchboard circuits.

| No. 3800 Type | k Pr | Dimensions (Inches) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cat. No. | Description | Length | Width | Depth |
| 380-1310 | 10 Pair bank complete | $41 / 4$ | 3 | $43 / 4$ |
| 380-1320 | 20 Pair bank complete | $85 / 8$ | 3 | $43 / 4$ |
| 380-1321 | 21 Pair bank complete | 9 | 3 | $43 / 4$ |
| 380-1351 | 51 Pair bank complete | 201/4 | 3 | $43 / 4$ |
| 380-1361 | 101 Pair bank complete | 39 | 3 | $43 / 4$ |
| 380-60 | No. 3800 Test Plug |  |  |  |
| 380-30 | No. 3800 Heat Coil |  |  |  |
| 380-130 | Unit Discharger with .005" | ielect |  |  |
|  | Net weight per 100 pairs-23 | ounds. |  |  |



Twenty Pair Bank, No. 100 Central Office Protector

## No. 100 Protector

This protector mounts on $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ centers per pair. Heavy carbon and heat coil holding springs insure a positive permanent pressure between the lightning arrester carbons and ground. Lightning arresters consist of two grooved carbons separated by an acetate dielectric $.005^{\prime \prime}$ thick and will permanently ground under continuous discharge.

Temporary disconnects can be made by inserting a tooth-pick through the slot of the carbon to keep the ground and alarm spring from making contact before releasing the operating spring.

The No. 100 Test Plug is used for testing the outside lines, the heat coils and the switchboard circuit.

| No. 100 Type | ok Protector | Dimensions (Inches) <br> Length Width Depth |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cat. No. | Description |  |  |  |
| 360-1210 | 10 Pair bank complete | $51 / 2$ | 2 | $31 / 2$ |
| 360-1220 | 20 Pair bank complete | 101/2 | 2 | $31 / 2$ |
| 360-70 | No. 100 Heat Coil |  |  |  |
| 370-10 | No. 100 Test Plug |  |  |  |
| 41-11 | Acetate Dielectric .005" |  |  |  |
| 41-1282 | Carbons |  |  |  |
| 41-2612 | Unit Dischargers |  |  |  |
|  | Net Weight per 100 pairs | pounds |  |  |

## PROTECTORS-CENTRAL OFFICE (Cont.)

## H-36 Type Protector

This protector is built in 10 and 20 pair banks, mounted on metal plates which may be installed on distributing frames. Chiefly used in rural communities where the distribution of light and power circuits does not warrant the use of heat coil type protectors.

Fuses are of the enclosed A-45 composition or A-46 Wood Type which blow at 1 ampere. They are held in place under positive tension by nickel silver springs, but may be easily removed and replaced.

Standard carbon block lightning arresters are provided, which use " U " shaped dielectrics .005 inches thick.

| No. H-36 Type Cook Protector <br> Cat. No. | Description |  |  | Dimensions (Inches) <br> Length |  | Width | Depth |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $296-3610$ | 10 Pair bank complete | $51 / 2$ | $11 / 2$ | $51 / 2$ |  |  |  |
| $296-3620$ | 20 Pair bank complete | $101 / 2$ | $11 / 2$ | $51 / 2$ |  |  |  |
| $306-4501$ | A-45 Composition Fuse -1 ampere |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $307-4601$ | A-46 Wood Fuse | 1 ampere |  |  |  |  |  |
| $41-2002$ | Grooved Carbon |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $41-3002$ | Plain Carbon |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $41-11$ | Acetate Dielectric $.005^{\prime \prime}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $41-1907$ | Tru Gap Discharger |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Net weight per 100 pairs-21 pounds.

## WALL TYPE DISTRIBUTING FRAMES

## Cook Type L-9

The Type L9 Wall Distributing Frame is intended for economical distribution and protection of limited capacity cable and especially for installation in small exchanges.


Type L-9 Wall Distributing Frame

The L-9 Wall Distributing Frame, made in 20, 40, 60, 80, and 100 pair sizes is designed to carry any Cook central office protector. The frame of the L-9 consists of two pieces of hard kiln-dried maple, one drilled and arranged for, and equipped with line terminals: the other drilled and milled for mounting the protectors and two heavy mounting brackets of bar iron finished in durable paint.

| Standard Sizes of L-9 Frames |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cable Side | Protector Side |
| 26 Pairs | 20 Pairs |
| 52 Pairs | 40 Pairs |
| 78 Pairs | 60 Pairs |
| 102 Pairs | 80 Pairs |
| 130 Pairs | 100 Pairs |


| Equipment |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cat No. | Line Terminals | Protectors | Height | Net Wgt. <br> Pounds |
| $361-1050$ | 20 Pairs | None | $1^{\prime} 1^{\prime \prime}$ | 10 |
| $361-1052$ | 40 Pairs | None | $1^{\prime} 111 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ | 18 |
| $361-1054$ | 60 Pairs | None | $2^{\prime} 10^{\prime \prime}$ | 32 |
| $361-1056$ | 80 Pairs | None | $3^{\prime} 81^{\prime \prime}$ | 46 |
| $361-1058$ | 100 Pairs | None | $4^{\prime} 7^{\prime \prime}$ | 60 |

[^5]
## STROMBERG-CARLSON TAPE ANNOUNCER

The Stromberg-Carlson Tape Announcer provides an effective and economical method for handling intercepted calls on dial exchanges. A verbal message that has been clearly announced as a recording so that the subscriber will recognize it as such, is substituted for both the costly method of operator intercept and the method of employing special tone which often are misunderstood. The Tape Announcer provides "operator" assistance to dial subscribers, in a manner which builds good public relations, at low cost.


Stromberg-Carlson Tape Announcer for $271 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ rack

The Tape Announcer is designed for use in telephone offices, operating over regular Telephone lines on 105 v to $120 \mathrm{v}, 60$ cycle AC. Control relays operate on regular exchange battery. Messages recorded on one Tape Announcer may be played on another, thereby making it possible to produce all recordings on a master tape and transfer the cartridge to other announcers which are used for playback only.

## Tape Cartridge

Messages are recorded on a magnetic tape that is contained in a handy snap-in cartridge. The cartridge may be removed and replaced without using any tools or disturbing any part of the apparatus.
The tape cartridge is a simple metal and plastic container that holds an endless magnetic tape. This tape is normally supplied in a length long enough to carry three 30 second messages or six 15 second messages.

## Messages

A 90 second tape is available with the following message al-


Tape Announcer for $19^{\prime \prime}$ rack
ready recorded six times, twice between stops. "This is a recorded message. The number you have just dialed has been changed or discontinued. For correct information please consult your telephone directory or call the operator. Thank you."

Normal intercept messages may be varied to suit individual requirements. Special announcements may be recorded and placed in operation quickly for emergency use. The Tape Announcer may also serve a variety of other purposes, such as weather reports and similar recorded announcements.

## Special Features

MOUNTINGS-The Tape Announcer is available in two sizes. One will fit a $271 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ rack or shelf and the other will fit a $19^{\prime \prime}$ rack.

RECORDING-Accessory equipment is available for recording your own messages on the tape.

PLAY BACK AND ERASE-It is possible to play back messages when desired and to erase the tape if a new message is to replace an existing one or to erase a message no longer needed.

DRIVE MECHANISM-The mechanism that drives the Tape Announcer is a small single pole hysteresis motor with a large rubber drive wheel and a small rubber capstan. The tape is driven at a speed of $33 / 4$ inches per second.

REMOVAL OF CARTRIDGE-A push button attached to a coil spring will, when depressed, eject the tape cartridge halfway from the in position to the full outward position. It is then a simple matter to remove the cartridge the rest of the way by hand.

MAGNETIC TAPE-is of "Mylar" polyester film base, making this stronger than previous acetate tapes.

NEON LAMP-Assists adjustment of volume control during recording. If lamp is steady, volume is too high. If lamp does not light, volume is too low. Lamp should flash on during volume peaks.

## STROMBERG-CARLSON TAPE ANNOUNCER (Cont.)

## ORDERING INFORMATION

Stock No.
487055-000 For Shelf-type XY (jacked-in), used with external control circuit.
487056-000 For Shelf-type XY (jacked-in), for direct access from connectors.
487057-000 For Shelf-type XY (jacked-in), for direct access from connectors and selectors.
487451-000 For Shelf-type XY (jacked-in), for direct access from selectors.
487457-000 For Bay Type XY (jacked-in), otherwise similar to No. 487055-000.
487458-000 For $271 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ Relay Rack (unit-terminal), otherwise same as above.
487459-000 For Bay Type (jacked-in), otherwise same as No. 487056-000.
487460-000 For $271 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ Relay Rack (unit terminal), otherwise same as above.
487461-000 For $271 /{ }^{\prime \prime}$ Relay Rack (unit terminal), otherwise same as No. 487057-000.
488288-000 For $19^{\prime \prime}$ Relay Rack (unit terminal), otherwise same as 487055-000.
211414-000 90 second Tape and Cartridge with intercept message (see "Messages" on preceding page) recorded six times.
212014-000 90 second Tape and Cartridge with no message recorded, is arranged for 30 second messages.
213698-000 90 second Tape and Cartridge with no message recorded, arranged for 15 second messages.
211392-000 Microphone and cable for recording messages.
162153-000 50C5 Vacuum Tube.
162070-000 12AX7 Vacuum Tube.
211391-000 Neon Lamp.
212009-000 1 Amp. Fuse.


The illustration shows the ease of ejecting the tape cartridge. Push button; cartridge springs out half way.

# Prices-Equipment Sections 

## For Your Information

WHEN ORDERANG-Give billing name and address and destination to which goods are to be shipped. Take care to specify our Code or Stock Number as well as the name of each article ordered. Unless you specify what is wanted by Number, your order may be subject to delay.

PRICES are subject to change without notice. All merchandise will be billed at pricen in effect at time of shipment which may be either higher or lower than those listed. Prices shown herein do not include any sales, excise, freight, use or similar taxes. All such taxes will be shown as additional charge on invoices where applicable.

TERMS are net 10 days E.O.M. (End of Month) billing.
ALL AGRITMMENTS are made contingent upon strikes, fires, accidents or causes beyond our control.

SHIPMENTS on Telephone and Switchboard Equipment will be made from Hochester, New York; Chicago, Ilinois; Kansas City, Missouri; or San Francisco, California.

Unless otherwise agreed upon all goods are sold f. o. b. Rochester, New York; Brench Office Warehouses; or, in the case of some accessories, manufacturer's shipping point. Transportation charges will therefore be collected by the carriers upon arrival of goods at destination, unless apecial arrangements for prepaid shipment have been made.

Price pages are arranged with all items grouped into alphabetical sequence cocording to the accepted names of the equipment.


## PRICE INFORMATION

| Binding Posts |  |  |  | Blanks, Jack (con't.) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code |  | Price | Stock No. | Code |  | Price |
| 800014 | 7. |  | \$ . 90 | 800071 | 78.. |  | \$ 1.68 |
| 800016 | 21. |  | . 95 | 49899 | 79.. |  | 1.40 |
|  |  |  |  | 49900 | 80. |  | 1.40 |
|  |  | Blanks, Drop |  | 201188 | 81.. |  | 1.40 |
| 8308 | 33. |  | \$ . 35 | 201189 | 82.. |  | 1.50 |
| 8400 | 34. |  | 1.00 | 201190 | 83.. |  | 1.50 |
| 27322 | 41. |  | . 10 | 204622 | 84.. |  | 3.60 |
| 37194 | 42. |  | . 85 | 205114 | 84A |  | 3.60 |

40728 43........................................... . . 13



## PRICE INFORMATION

## Cable-Switchboard




## PRICE INFORMATION



## PRICE INFORMATION




## PRICE INFORMATION

| Condenser Mounings |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code |  | Price |
| 800533 | 6. |  | \$ 3.20 |
| 800554 | 7. |  | 3.60 |
| 800555 | 8. |  | 2.50 |
| 800556 | 9. |  | . 75 |
| 800557 | 10. |  | . 50 |
| 800558 | 11. |  | 3.00 |
| Convenience Systems-See PBX Section |  |  |  |
| Cords-Desk Stand |  |  |  |
| NOTE: All cord prices ahown are net. No quantity discounts apply. |  |  |  |
| Stock No. 80084 | Code |  | Price - 60 |
| 800606 | D-2. |  | . 65 |
| 800608 | D-2. |  | . 60 |
| 800546 | D.3. |  | . 90 |
| 800607 | D.3. |  | . 65 |
| 800601 | D-3. |  | . 90 |
| 208244 | D.3. |  | . 90 |
| 800602 | D-4. |  | 1.00 |
| 201374 | D-4. |  | 1.00 |
| 202236 | D-4. |  | 1.00 |
| 208664 | D.4. |  | 1.35 |
| 208663 | D-4. |  | 1.35 |
| 800894 | D-5. |  | 1.20 |
| 800610 | D-6. |  | 1.30 |
| 208718 | D.6. |  | 1.60 |
| 23811 | D.12. |  | 3.00 |
| 202325 | D-14. |  | 3.60 |
| 202326 | D-18. |  | 4.00 |
| 28629 | D-18. |  | 4.20 |
| 213914 | WDA-31. |  | 1.15 |
| 213462 | WDB-3J. |  | . 80 |
| 213915 | WDC-3J. |  | 1.15 |
| 213916 | WDD-3J. |  | 1.15 |
| 213917 | WDE-3]. |  | 1.15 |
| 213918 | WDF3I. |  | 1.15 |
| 212867 | WDG-3J. |  | . 80 |
| 213919 | WDE-31. |  | 1.15 |
| 211237 | WDN-5A. |  | 1.50 |
| 213249 | WDN-5B. |  | 1.50 |
| 209952 | WDN-6G. |  | 1.60 |
| 212936 | WDN-6H. |  | 1.60 |
| 212938 | WDN-6J. |  | 1.60 |
| 211211 | WDN-36A |  | 7.00 |
| 211304 | WDR-3J. |  | . 67 |
| 211746 | WDR-4J. |  | . 80 |
| 211747 | WDR-4K. |  | . 80 |
| 212890 | WDR-6H. |  | 1.00 |
| Cords-Hand Sot |  |  |  |
| Stock No. | Code |  | Price |
| 800613 | H-2. |  | \$ . 75 |
| 800615 | H-3. |  | . 70 |
| 800624 | H-3. |  | . 90 |
| 800625 | H-3. |  | . 90 |



## PRICE INFORMATION

| Cords-Switchboard |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prices shown are for white, red or green cords with nylon outer hraid. FOR BLACK CORDS ADD 15\% TO PRICES |  |  |  |
| LISTED. Length shown are atandard and should be ordered whenever pomible as other lengths are made only to order. When cords and plugs are ordered, plugs will be attached to cotds, if apecified, at no additional charge. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Number of Conductors | Length | - | Price |
| 2 | 3 '. |  | \$ 1.25 |
| 2 | $4{ }^{\prime}$ |  | 1.35 |
| 2 | 5 '. |  | 1.40 |
| 2 | $6{ }^{\prime}$ |  | 1.45 |
| 3 | $3{ }^{\prime}$ |  | 1.40 |
| 3 | $4{ }^{\prime}$ |  | 1.50 |
| 3 | $5{ }^{\prime}$. |  | 1.60 |
| 3 | $6{ }^{\prime}$ |  | 1.70 |
| 3 | $7{ }^{\prime}$ |  | 1.80 |

## Cords-Switchboard with Plugs Attached

The following cords with plugs attached are carried in stock for prompt shipment:
stock No. Price
$\qquad$
42482.................................................... . . . . 3.15

42935. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4.00
42936................................................. . . 3.90
44096. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4.00

44100.................................................. . . 4.00

## Cords-Terminal

All terminal corde listed T-1-A through T-1-L each \$.05.

| Cordage |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | No. of Cond. |  | Price Per C Fi. |
| 20237 | $1 .$. |  | \$ 4.50 |
| 20721 | 2. |  | 8.50 |
| 20758 | 3. |  | 12.65 |
| 20809 | 3. |  | 5.25 |
| 20587 | 4. |  | 16.50 |
| 20824 | 4. |  | 7.25 |
| Sleeving |  |  |  |
| Stock No. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Price } \\ & \text { Per C Ft. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 20031.. |  |  | \$ . 60 |
| 20032. |  |  | 1.20 |
| 20033. |  |  | 1.50 |
|  |  | Cord Adjusters |  |
| Stock No. | Code |  | Price |
| 12018 | 6. |  | \$ . 06 |
| Cord Weights |  |  |  |
| 800707 | 6... | . ................. | .. \$ 1.00 |

## Cord Fasteners

| Stock No. | Code | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800667 | 4. | \$ . 10 |
| 800668 | 5. | . 10 |
| 800669 | 6. | . 10 |

Cord Hooks
79212
$\$ .05$
16008 4A........................................... . . . . . 10
16357 4B............................................ . . 10
16358 4C................................................. . 10

## Cord Tips

4877 9............................................. \$ . 02
5171 14.................................................... . 02
6916 17.............................................. . . . . 04
8312 18............................................. . . . 03
8446 20............................................. . . . . . 02
8898 24............................................. . . . . . . 01
8899 25.............................................. . . 01
28856 34..................................................... 15
11870 35............................................ . . . . . . 02
15642 37............................................ . . 02
33198 39........................................... . . . . . . . 02
38336 40............................................ . . 02
38337 41............................................ . . . . 02
38338 42................................................ . . . . . 02
38334 43............................................ . . . 02
200947 44............................................. . . . . . . 02
200948 45.................................................... . 02

Discount on Cord Tips

500 to 1000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $20 \%$
1000 to 2500 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $25 \%$
2500 to 5000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $35 \%$
5000 and over. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Discount on requent

Distributing Bars


Dial Mountings
211205 3................................................ $\$ 5.00$
200820 143A. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4.00

## PRICE INFORMATION



## PRICE INFORMATION



## PRICE INFORMATION



## PRICE INFORMATION



## PRICE INFORMATION



In pricing above keys, add cam keys as follows:

| Combination A | . each | 33.10 | Combination P. | each | 3.70 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Combination B. | each | 2.80 | Combination Q | aach | 4.00 |
| Combination C | each | 3.70 | Combination R. | each | 4.60 |
| Combination D | .each | 3.10 | Combination S. | oach | 4.00 |
| Combination H | .each | 3.10 | Combination T. | each | 3.70 |
| Combination I. | .each | 3.10 | Combination U | . each | 4.30 |
| Combination I. | .each | 3.25 3.10 | Combination V | ch | 4.30 |
| Combination L. | .each | 4.00 | Combination W | each | 4.30 |
| Combination M | .each | 3.40 | Combination X. | each | 4.30 |
| Combination N | . each | 4.30 | Combination Y | each | 4.30 |
| Combination O | .each | 3.70 | Combination Z. | .each | 4.00 |


| Key Boxes |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Price | Stock No. | Code | Price |
| 34575 | -. | \$ 6.00 | 801229 | 13C. | \$ 9.10 |
| 47384 | SK3350A | 14.20 | 801230 | 13D. | 10.00 |
| 53350 | SK3350. | 13.00 | 801231 | 138. | 10.00 |
| 212870 | -...... | 7.50 | 801232 | 13F. | 10.50 |
| 801226 | 13. | 10.00 | 800091 | 13FA | 10.50 |
| 801227 | 13A. | 9.40 | 800094 | 13G. | 10.25 |
| 801228 | 138. | 9.10 | 205686 | 14A. | 11.00 |

## PRICE INFORMATION

| Keys-Strip Mounted, Plunger Type |  |  | Lamps |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Price | Stock No. | Code |  | Price |
| 42491 | 62-122 Mtg. | \$ 25.00 | 801363 | 4A-2. |  | See Below |
| 42979 | 62.123 Mtg . | 25.00 | 801364 | 6-A-2. |  | See Below |
| 42980 | 69.122 Mtg . | 25.00 | 801365 | 8-A-2. |  | See Below |
| 42981 | 69.123 Mtg. | 25.00 | 801366 | 12-A-2 |  | See Below |
|  |  |  | 801367 | 16-A-2 |  | See Below |
|  |  |  | 801368 | 18-A-2 |  | See Below |
|  | Key Mounfings |  | $801369$ | 24-8-2 |  | See Below |
|  | Key Mounings |  | 801370 | 24-C2 |  | See Below |
| 801264 | 55. | \$ . 80 | 209569 | 24-H-2 |  | See Below |
| 801270 | 66. | . 80 | 801371 | 30-B-2 |  | Soe Below |
| 801285 | 82. | 1.80 | 801372 | 44-A.2 |  | See Below |
| 801286 | 83. | 2.25 | 801374 | 48-B-2 |  | See Below |
| 801287 | 84. | 2.25 | 42201 | 48-C-2 |  | W |
| 207331 | 88. | 1.10 | 201737 | 48-D-2 |  | See Below |
| 207332 | 89. | 1.55 | 801375 | 55-C-2 |  | See Below |
| 207333 | 90. | 1.95 | 45271 | 60-A-2 |  | w |
| 801294 | 91. | 8.00 | Switchbo | ard Lam | as are as followa: |  |
| 801293 | 92. | 1.50 | Swichbo | 100 | ces are as Lollowa: |  |
| 801296 | 93. | 1.95 | Less than |  |  | . .each \$ . 43 |
| 801297 | 94. | 2.50 | 100. 49 |  |  | ..each . 39 |
| 801298 | 95. | 1.80 | 500. 99 |  |  | 36 |
| 801304 | 104. | 7.50 | 1000-499 |  |  | each . 33 |
| 801311 | 111. | 1.80 | 5000 and |  |  | .each . 30 |
| 801312 | 112. | 2.25 |  |  |  |  |
| 801313 | 113. | 2.50 |  |  | Lamp Caps |  |
| 801314 | 114. | 1.80 |  |  | Lamp Caps |  |
| 801315 | 115. | 2.25 | 801388 | 23A. |  | \$ . 65 |
| 801316 | 116. | 2.50 | 801389 | 23B. |  | . 65 |
| 801319 | 119. | 2.50 | 801390 | 23C. |  | . 65 |
| 801320 | 120. | 8.00 | 801391 | 23D. |  | . 65 |
| 801321 | 121. | 1.55 | 207824 | 23E. |  | . 65 |
| 801325 | 125. | 2.00 | 207825 | 23F. |  | . 65 |
| 801326 | 126. | 2.25 | 207826 | 23G. |  | . 65 |
| 801327 | 127. | 2.50 | 207827 | 23H. |  | . 65 |
| 801328 | 128. | 2.00 | 209428 | 23I. |  | . 65 |
| 801329 | 129. | 2.25 | 801392 | 27A. |  | . 20 |
| 801330 | 130. | 2.50 | 801393 | 27B. |  | . 20 |
| 801331 | 131. | 2.50 | 801394 | 27C. |  | . 20 |
| 801332 | 132. | 1.10 | 801395 | 27D. |  | . 20 |
| 801333 | 133. | 1.10 | 801396 | 27E. |  | . 25 |
| 801334 | 138. | 2.00 | 801400 | 29A. |  | . 20 |
| 205650 | 139. | 2.25 | 801401 | 29B. |  | . 20 |
| 203773 | 150. | 2.25 | 801402 | 29C. |  | . 20 |
| 203774 | 151. | 2.25 | 801403 | 29D. |  | . 20 |
| 203775 | 152. | 2.00 | 801404 | 29E. |  | . 25 |
| 203776 | 153. | 2.50 | 801405 | 297. |  | . 25 |
| 206771 | 154. | 2.00 | 801406 | 29G. |  | . 25 |
| 206772 | 155. | 2.25 | 801407 | 30A. |  | . 25 |
| 206773 | 156. | 2.50 | 801408 | 30D. |  | . 25 |
| 206774 | 157. | 2.25 | 801409 | 30J. |  | . 25 |
| 205651 | 158. | 2.00 | 801410 | 30K. |  | . 25 |
| 205652 | 159. | 2.00 | 801411 | 30L. |  | . 25 |
| 205653 | 160. | 2.25 | 801412 | 31A. |  | . 25 |
| 205654 | 161. | 2.50 | 801413 | 31B. |  | . 25 |
| 204950 | 162. | 8.00 | 801414 | 31C. |  | . 25 |
| 205047 | 163... | 10.00 | 207177 | 31D. |  | . 25 |

## PRICE INFORMATION


P.B.X. and Convenience Systems

| Stock No. | Code | Descriplion | Rochestor <br> \& Chicago | $\begin{gathered} \text { Alianta } \\ \& \\ \text { Kansas City } \end{gathered}$ | San Francisco |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801714 | $2-6$ or 1-7 | Relay Cabinet. | \$210.00 | \$212.00 | \$213.50 |
| 801715 | 2-M-6 | Relay Cabinet. | 240.00 | 242.00 | 243.50 |
| 801716 | 3.5 | Relay Cabinet. | 274.00 | 276.00 | 277.50 |
| 801717 | 7-6 | Relay Cabinet. | 315.00 | 317.00 | 318.50 |
| 801718 | 2-10 or 1-11 | Relay Cabinet. | 350.00 | 352.50 | 354.00 |
| 49700 | 3-9 | Relay Cabinet. | 415.00 | 417.75 | 419.75 |
| 801719 | 2M10 or 1-M11 | Relay Cabinet. | 437.00 | 440.00 | 441.50 |
| 488069 | 6K | Relay Cabinet. | 161.79 | 164.73 | 168.25 |
| 486137 | 6K | Trunk Relay Strip. | 40.65 | 40.90 | 41.15 |
| 486872 | 6K | Transformer. | 7.25 | 7.30 | 7.35 |
| 487746 | F-40-A | XY PBX. | Prices on application |  |  |
|  | F-80 | XY PBX. | Prices on application |  |  |
| 484862 | 210 | RELAYDIAL PX. | 675.00 | 680.00 | 690.00 |
| 485794 | 2-10 | Mounting Stand and Cabinet. | Included in above |  |  |
| 893721 | Rectifilter | (2-10 System). | 177.00 | 179.00 | 180.50 |
| 485650 | 4.20 | RELAYDIAL PX. | 1355.00 | 1362.50 | 1370.00 |
| 485832 | 4-20 | Mounting Stand and Cabinet. | Included in above |  |  |
| 485833 | Rectifilter | (4-20 System). | 288.00 | 289.80 | 292.00 |
| 24726 | 1 | Relay Cabinet. | 225.00 | 227.00 | 228.50 |
| 63006 | D-3006 | Relay Cabinet. | 252.00 | 254.00 | 255.50 |
| 801450 | 1A | Key Turret. | 85.40 | 86.20 | 86.95 |
| 801451 | 1B | Key Turret. . | 118.40 | 119.50 | 120.90 |
| 801452 | 1 C | Key Turret. | 151.40 | 152.80 | 154.15 |
| 24807 |  | Top.... | 4.40 | 4.50 | 4.65 |
| 24808 |  | Key Section. | 33.00 | 33.30 | 33.60 |
| 24809 |  | Base. | 48.00 | 48.40 | 48.70 |
| 26004 |  | Top... | 15.00 | 15.15 | 15.35 |
| 54576 |  | *Top with 10 buttons and buzzer | 19.40 | 19.60 | 19.70 |
| Additional Line Equipment for relay cabinet. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 17.05 | 17.35 | 17.40 |
| Intercepting Service-per line. |  |  | 5.60 | 5.70 | 5.80 |

*NOTE: When above tops are equipped with cord and terminal blocks, add $\$ 2.20$ to above prices.
MANUAL P.B.X. SWITCHBOARDS
Prices on application

## PRICE INFORMATION




## " $A^{\prime \prime}$ Type Relays

To figure price on " $A$ " type relays, add to the price of frame and armature assembly, apring combinations and coils listed below:

Price
"A" Type Frame and Armature Assembly............ \$ 2.50
"A" Spring Combination............................ . . . 40
"B" Spring Combination........................... . . 40
"F"
" $G$ " Spring Combination. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 80
"I" Spring Combination............................ 1.00
Spring Combination
"IC"
" 8 A" Spring Combination............ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 40
"XB" Spring Combination............................ . . . . . . 40
"XC" Spring Combination . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 60
"B" Type Relays
Prioes on Application

## "C" Type Reldys

To figure price on "C" Type Relays, add to price of frame and armature assembly spring combinations listed under " $A$ " Type, and 2 coils listed below:
"C" Type-Trame and Armature Assembly
\$ 3.00

## PRICE INFORMATION

Relay Coils-A, B, C Type Relays (Cont'd)

| Stock No. | Price | Stock No. | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36226. | \$ 2.50 | 36831. | \$ 2.40 |
| 36227. | 2.55 | 36832. | 2.40 |
| 36228. | 2.60 | 36833. | 2.40 |
| 36229. | 2.70 | 36834. | 2.40 |
| 36230. | 2.70 | 36835. | 2.40 |
| 36231. | 2.55 | 36836. | 2.45 |
| 36232. | 2.80 | 36837. | 2.45 |
| 36233. | 2.80 | 36838. | 2.50 |
| 36234. | 2.50 | 36839. | 2.55 |
| 36235. | 2.75 | 36840. | 2.65 |
| 36236. | 2.75 | 36841. | 2.30 |
| 36237. | 2.40 | 36842. | 2.20 |
| 36238. | 2.40 | 36843. | 2.45 |
| 36239. | 2.60 | 36844. | 2.20 |
| 36470. | 1.55 | 36845. | 2.20 |
| 36471. | 1.25 | 36846. | 2.55 |
| 36473. | 1.20 | 36851. | 2.55 |
| 36474. | 1.25 | 36852. | 2.45 |
| 36475. | 1.25 | 36853. | 2.30 |
| 36476. | 1.25 | 36857. | 2.80 |
| 36477. | 1.25 | 36858. | 2.80 |
| 36478. | 1.25 | 36859. | 2.80 |
| 36479. | 2.00 | 36860. | 2.80 |
| 36480. | 1.60 | 36861. | 2.25 |
| 36801. | 1.95 | 36862. | 2.40 |
| 36802. | 1.95 | 36863. | 2.25 |
| 36803. | 1.95 | 36864. | 2.20 |
| 36804. | 1.95 | 36865. | 2.20 |
| 36805. | 1.95 | 36870. | 2.00 |
| 36806. | 1.95 | 36871. | 2.00 |
| 36807. | 1.95 | 36872. | 2.10 |
| 36808. | 1.95 | 36873. | 2.00 |
| 36809. | 1.95 | 36874. | 2.00 |
| 36810. | 1.95 | 36875. | 2.10 |
| 36811. | 2.00 | 36876. | 2.00 |
| 36812. | 2.00 | 36877. | 2.00 |
| 36813. | 2.00 | 36878. | 2.10 |
| 36814. | 2.00 | 36879. | 2.35 |
| 36815. | 2.00 | 36880. | 2.20 |
| 36816. | 2.00 | 36881 | 2.70 |
| 36817. | 2.10 | 36882. | 2.80 |
| 36818. | 2.10 | 36883. | 2.50 |
| 36819. | 2.15 | 36884. | 2.70 |
| 36820. | 2.25 | 36885. | 2.50 |
| 36821. | 2.30 | 36886. | 2.50 |
| 36822. | 2.10 | 36887. | 2.65 |
| 36823. | 1.95 | 36888. | 2.65 |
| 36824. | 2.30 | 36889. | 2.30 |
| 36825. | 2.30 | 36890. | 2.30 |
| 36826. | 2.30 | 36891. | 2.50 |
| 36827. | 2.30 | 36892. | 2.55 |
| 36828. | 2.30 | 36893. | 2.70 |
| 36829. | 2.30 | 36894. | 2.75 |
| 36830. | 2.30 | 36895. | 2.55 |

PRICE INFORMATION
Relay Coils-A, B, C Type Relays (Cont'd)

| Stock No. | Price | Stock No. | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36896. | \$ 2.65 | 36937. | \$ 3,00 |
| 36897. | 2.45 | 36938. | 3.00 |
| 36898. | 2.50 | 36941. | 3.00 |
| 36899. | 2.30 | 36942. | 3.00 |
| 36900. | 2.40 | 36943. | 3.00 |
| 36901. | 2.40 | 36944. | 3.00 |
| 36902. | 2.40 | 36945. | 3.00 |
| 36903. | 2.70 | 36946. | 3.00 |
| 36904. | 2.80 | 36949. | 2.80 |
| 36905. | 2.50 | 36950. | 2.85 |
| 36906. | 2.40 | 36951. | 2.30 |
| 36907. | 2.40 | 36952. | 2.40 |
| 36908. | 2.30 | 36953. | 2.30 |
| 36909. | 2.80 | 36954. | 2.50 |
| 36910. | 2.40 | 36955. | 2.30 |
| 36911. | 2.65 | 36956. | 2.45 |
| 36912. | 2.55 | 36957. | 2.30 |
| 36913. | 2.45 | 36959. | 2.40 |
| 36914. | 2.75 | 36961. | 2.40 |
| 36915. | 2.80 | 36963. | 2.40 |
| 36916. | 2.45 | 36965. | 2.40 |
| 36917. | 2.50 | 36967. | 2.40 |
| 36918. | 2.65 | 36969. | 2.35 |
| 36919. | 2.65 | 36971. | 3.15 |
| 36920. | 2.65 | 36972. | 3.15 |
| 36921. | 2.40 | 36973. | 3.15 |
| 36922. | 2.60 | 36974. | 2.80 |
| 36923. | 2.45 | 36975. | 2.80 |
| 36925. | 3.00 | 36976. | 3.25 |
| 36926. | 3.00 | 36977. | 3.25 |
| 36927. | 3.00 | 36978. | 3.00 |
| 36929. | 3.10 | 36979. | 2.80 |
| 36930. | 3.00 | 36980. | 3.25 |
| 36931. | 3.00 | 36986. | 2.10 |
| 36932. | 3.00 | 36987. | 2.10 |
| 36933. | 3.00 | 36988. | 2.10 |
| 36934. | 3.00 | 36989. | 2.20 |
| 36935. | 3.00 | 36990. | 2.30 |
| 36936. | 3.00 | 211428. | 1.25 |

190 Type Relays

## Relays Only

## Coils Only

| Stock No. | Code | Price | Stock No. | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 802772 | 192A. | . 3.75. | 19075. | \$ 1.50 |
| 802773 | 193A. | 3.50 | 12234. | 1.50 |
| 802774 | 193BB | 3.80. | 12234. | 1.50 |
| 802773 | 194A. | 3.50. | 12235. | 1.50 |
| 802776 | 194C. | 3.60. | 12235. | 1.50 |
| 803052 | 194-1-BB. | 3.65 | 12235. | 1.50 |
| 802777 | 195A. | 3.75 | 12265. | 2.05 |
| 200580 | 197BB. | 3.25. | 19075. | 1.50 |
| 802950 | 198A. | 3.60 | . 21587. | 1.95 |
| 802778 | 199BB. | 3.70 . | 12234. | 1.50 |

## PRICE INFORMATION



## PRICE INFORMATION



## PRICE INFORMATION



## PRICE INFORMATION

## Ringers (Cont'd)

| Stock No. | Code | - | Price | Stock No. | Code |  | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 803478 | 62J |  | \$ 4.55 | 207730 | 725. |  | \$ 4.55 |
| 803481 | 625. |  | 4.55 | 207731 | 72G. |  | 4.55 |
| 803482 | 62 L . |  | 4.55 | 207732 | 72H. |  | 4.55 |
| 803483 | 62M. |  | 4.55 | 207738 | 721. |  | 4.55 |
| 803480 | 62N. |  | 4.55 | 207740 | 72J. |  | 4.55 |
| 803484 | 62P. |  | 4.55 | 207734 | 72K. |  | 4.55 |
| 205984 | $62 Q$. |  | 4.55 | 207735 | 72L. |  | 4.55 |
| 803485 | 62R. |  | 4.55 | 207736 | 72M. |  | 4.55 |
| 206726 | 62MF. |  | 4.55 | 207729 | 72N. |  | 4.55 |
| 206727 | 62MG. |  | 4.55 | 207737 | 72P. |  | 4.55 |
| 206728 | 62MH. |  | 4.55 | 207739 | 72Q. |  | 4.55 |
| 206729 | 62MJ. |  | 4.55 | 207733 | 72R. |  | 4.55 |
| 206730 | 62MK. |  | 4.55 | 210671 | 73E. |  | 4.55 |
| 206731 | 62ML. |  | 4.55 | 210673 | 73F. |  | 4.55 |
| 206732 | 62 MM . |  | 4.55 | 210674 | 73G. |  | 4.55 |
| 206733 | 62MP. |  | 4.55 | 210675 | 73H. |  | 4.55 |
| 206734 | 62MQ. |  | 4.55 | 210681 | 731. |  | 4.55 |
| 47417 | 645. |  | 5.20 | 210683 | 73 J. |  | 4.55 |
| 47416 | 647. |  | 5.20 | 210677 | 73K. |  | 4.55 |
| 47415 | 64G. |  | 5.20 | 210678 | 73L. |  | 4.55 |
| 47413 | 64H. |  | 5.20 | 210679 | 73M. |  | 4.55 |
| 47418 | 641. |  | 5.20 | 210672 | 73N. |  | 4.55 |
| 47414 | 64 J . |  | 5.20 | 210680 | 73P. |  | 4.55 |
| 47423 | 64K. |  | 5.20 | 210682 | 73Q. |  | 4.55 |
| 47422 | 64 L . |  | 5.20 | 210676 | 73R. |  | 4.55 |
| 47421 | 64M. |  | 5.20 | 210684 | 74A. |  | 4.00 |
| 47412 | 64N. |  | 5.20 | 210718 | 74B. |  | 4.00 |
| 47420 | 64 P . |  | 5.20 |  |  |  |  |
| 209429 | 64Q. |  | 5.20 |  |  |  |  |
| 47419 | 64R. |  | 5.20 | Telephones, Ironciad |  |  |  |
| 201753 | 65A. |  | 5.20 | Stock No. | Code |  | F.O.B. Rochastor 1.4 5 E Over |
| 202880 | 65B. |  | 5.40 |  |  | 1-4 |  |
| 201754 | 65C. |  | 5.20 | 802017 | 8901. | \$90.00 | \$81.00 |
| 201755 | 657. |  | 5.40 | 802018 | 890L. | 90.00 | 81.00 |
| 207690 | 71A. |  | 4.00 | 207657 | 950 C. | 75.00 | 67.50 |
| 208722 | 71B. |  | 4.00 | NOTE: On above telephones plunger lock is standard. For No. 8468 Key Lock, add $\$ 3.25$. |  |  |  |
| 207728 | 72E. |  | 4.55 |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Telephones, Magneto |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Rochester and Chicago | $\begin{gathered} \text { F.O.B. } \\ \text { Kansos. City } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Atlanta } \end{gathered}$ | San Froncisco |
| 203071 | 1248.WA. | \$ 36.30 | \$ 36.75 | \$ 37.20 |
| 206738 | 1248.WB. | 35.75 | 36.20 | 36.65 |
| 201804 | 1248-WI. | 35.75 | 36.20 | 36.65 |
| 201806 | 1248-WIP. | 37.00 | 37.45 | 37.90 |
| 201805 | 1248-WL. | 35.75 | 36.20 | 36.65 |
| 201807 | 1248-WLP | 37.00 | 37.45 | 37.90 |
| 203069 | 1248-WS. | 36.30 | 36.75 | 37.20 |
| 209279 | 1258-WA. | 36.30 | 36.75 | 37.20 |
| 209280 | 1258-WB. | 35.75 | 36.20 | 36.65 |
| 201808 | 1258-WI. | 35.75 | 36.20 | 36.65 |
| 201810 | 1258-WIP. | 37.00 | 37.45 | 37.90 |
| 201809 | 1258-WL. | 35.75 | 36.20 | 36.65 |
| 201811 | 1258WLP | 37.00 | 37.45 | 37.90 |
| 209281 | 1258-WS. | 36.30 | 36.75 | 37.20 |

## PRICE INFORMATION



If above dial types are equipped with dial, add $\$ 6.25$ to above prices.

## PRICE INFORMATION



| "W" Type Telephones |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 211564 | 1543-W Less Ringer. | \$ 20.40 | \$ 20.70 | \$ 21.00 |
| 211578 | 1543-WA | 23.25 | 23.55 | 23.85 |
| 211580 | 1543-WB. | 23.25 | 23.55 | 23.85 |
| 213781 | 1543.WBT3 | 27.75 | 28.05 | 28.35 |
| 211566 | 1543.WE. | 23.80 | 24.10 | 24.40 |
| 211567 | 1543-WF. | 23.80 | 24.10 | 24.40 |
| 211568 | 1543-WG. | 23.80 | 24.10 | 24.40 |
| 211570 | 1543.WH. | 23.80 | 24.10 | 24.40 |
| 211565 | 1543-WI. | 23.80 | 24.10 | 24.40 |
| 211569 | 1543-WJ. | 23.80 | 24.10 | 24.40 |
| 211572 | 1543-WK. | 23.80 | 24.10 | 24.40 |
| 211573 | 1543-WL. | 23.80 | 24.10 | 24.40 |
| 211574 | 1543-WM. | 23.80 | 24.10 | 24.40 |
| 211571 | 1543-WN. | 23.80 | 24.10 | 24.40 |
| 211575 | 1543.WP. | 23.80 | 24.10 | 24.40 |
| 211577 | 1543-WQ. | 23.80 | 24.10 | 24.40 |
| 211576 | 1543-WR. | 23.80 | 24.10 | 24.40 |
| The above prices of " $W$ " type telophones cover standard black telephones less dial. Make following additions to these prices: |  |  |  |  |
| If "Soiled Kord" is furnished, add . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 60 |  |  |  |  |
| If two stop feature is furnishod, add. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.00 |  |  |  |  |

# PRICE INFORMATION 

## Colored Telephones

In addition to the Standard All Gray Telephone mentioned above, all "W" types only can be furnished in the following colors. Desert Beige, French Blue, Chestnut Brown, Dove Gray, Olive Green, Antique Ivory, Chinese Red and Canary Yellow. To price these colored telephones, add $\$ 3.70$ to above prices of "W" type black telephones. This price will cover "Koiled Kords" which are standard on these telephones. When equipped with dial, add $\$ 7.00$ to cover colored dial.

|  | Terminal Blocks |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. <br> 205106 | Price |  |
|  | Less than 25. | each \$ . 35 |
|  | 25 and over. | each . 30 |
| Terminal Boxes |  |  |
| Stock No. | Code | Price |
| 802440 | 89B. | \$ 10.00 |
| 201983 | 90A. | 7.50 |
| 210730 | 96A. | 7.50 |
| 211156 | 96 B . | 10.00 |
| 212769 | 97. | 6.75 |
| 212765 | 98. | 8.25 |
| 212766 | 99. | 11.90 |
| Terminal Strips |  |  |
| 802400 | 44. | \$ 5.50 |
| 802401 | 45. | 6.50 |
| 802402 | 46. | 7.90 |
| 802405 | 49. | 6.00 |
| 802418 | 68. | 3.60 |
| 802419 | 69. | 3.75 |
| 802420 | 70. | 3.95 |
| 802421 | 71. | 4.20 |
| 802422 | 72. | 2.00 |
| 802423 | 73. | 2.50 |
| 802424 | 74. | 3.25 |
| 802425 | 75. | 3.90 |
| 802426 | 76. | 4.40 |
| 802427 | 77. | 3.90 |
| 802428 | 78. | 4.95 |
| 802429 | 79. | 5.60 |
| 802430 | 80. | 6.00 |
| 802431 | 81. | 7.25 |
| 802432 | 82. | 8.75 |
| 802438 | 88. | 9.50 |
| 207089 | 92. | 4.75 |
| 207090 | 93. | 6.00 |
| 207091 | 94. | 7.25 |
| 207092 | 95. | 8.50 |
| 203311 | 101. | 3.15 |
| 203312 | 102. | 3.30 |
| 203313 | 103. | 3.45 |
| 203314 | 104. | 3.60 |
| 203315 | 105. | 3.75 |
| 203316 | 106. | 3.90 |
| 203317 | 107. | 4.05 |

## Terminal Strips (Cont'd)

| Stock No. | Code | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 203318 | 108. | \$ 4.20 |
| 203319 | 109. | 4.35 |
| 203310 | 110. | 4.50 |
| 203361 | 111. | 5.00 |
| 203362 | 112. | 5.20 |
| 203363 | 113. | 5.40 |
| 203364 | 114. | 5.60 |
| 203365 | 115. | 5.80 |
| 203366 | 116. | 6.00 |
| 203367 | 117. | 6.20 |
| 203368 | 118. | 6.40 |
| 203369 | 119. | 6.60 |
| 203360 | 120. | 6.80 |
| 203321 | 121. | 5.50 |
| 203322 | 122. | 5.75 |
| 203323 | 123. | 6.00 |
| 203324 | 124. | 6.25 |
| 203325 | 125. | 6.50 |
| 203326 | 126. | 6.75 |
| 203327 | 127. | 7.00 |
| 203328 | 128. | 7.25 |
| 203329 | 129. | 7.50 |
| 203320 | 130. | 7.75 |
| 203371 | 131. | 6.00 |
| 203372 | 132. | 6.30 |
| 203373 | 133. | 6.60 |
| 203374 | 134. | 6.90 |
| 203375 | 135. | 7.20 |
| 203376 | 136. | 7.50 |
| 203377 | 137. | 7.80 |
| 203378 | 138. | 8.10 |
| 203379 | 139. | 8.40 |
| 203370 | 140. | 8.70 |
| 203331 | 141. | 6.50 |
| 203332 | 142. | 6.85 |
| 203333 | 143. | 7.20 |
| 203334 | 144.. | 7.55 |
| 203335 | 145. | 7.90 |
| 203336 | 146. | 8.25 |
| 203337 | 147. | 8.60 |
| 203338 | 148. | 8.95 |
| 203339 | 149. | 9.30 |
| 203330 | 150.. | 9.65 |
| 203341 | 151.. | 7.50 |
| 203342 | 152. | 8.10 |
| 203343 | 153. | 8.70 |
| 203344 | 154.. | 9.30 |
| 203345 | 155. | 9.90 |
| 203346 | 156.. | 10.50 |
| 203347 | 157. | 11.10 |
| 203348 | 158.. | 11.70 |
| 203349 | 159.. | 12.30 |
| 203340 | 160. | 12.80 |
| 203351 | 161. | 8.50 |
| 203352 | 162. | 9.25 |
| 203353 | 163. | 10.00 |

## PRICE INFORMATION



# Prices-Equipment Sections 

## For Your Information

WHEN ORDERING-Give billing name and address and destination to which goods are to be shipped. Take care to specify our Code or Stock Number as well as the name of each article ordered. Unless you specify what is wanted by Number, your order may be subject to delay.

PRICES are subject to change without notice. All merchandise will be billed at prices in effect at time of shipment which may be either higher or lower than those listed. Prices shown herein do not include any sales, excise, freight, use or similar taxes. All such taxes will be shown as additional charge on invoices where applicable.

TERMS are net 10 days E.O.M. (End of Month) billing.
ALL AGREEMENTS are made contingent upon strikes, fires, accidents or causes beyond our control.

SHIPMENTS on Telephone and Switchboard Equipment will be made from Rochester, New York; Chicago, Illinois; Kansas City, Missouri; Burlingame, California; or Atlanta, Georgia.

Unless otherwise agreed upon all goods are sold f. o. b. Rochester, New York; Branch Office Warehouses; or, in the case of some accessories, manufacturer's shipping point. Transportation charges will therefore be collected by the carriers upon arrival of goods at destination, unless special arrangements for prepaid shipment have been made.

Price pages are arranged with all items grouped into alphabetical sequence according to the accepted names of the equipment.

## CHANGES AND REPLACEMENTS



## CHANGES AND REPLACEMENTS (continued)

| OLD |  | Description | NEW |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slock No. | Code No. |  | Stock No. Code No. | Issue Date |
| 208833-000 | Pkg. | Generator-Hand | REMOVED | 8-1.56 |
| 209388-000 |  | Key Mounting | REMOVED | 2-1.57 |
| 210092-000 | 70 | Toal | 201092-000 70 | 5-1.56 |
| 210281-000 | 26-A | Handset | 211361-000 26-C | 8-1.56 |
| 210282-000 | 26-B | Handset | 211748-000 26-E | 8-1-56 |
| 210285-000 |  | Designation Strip | 211881-000 33 | 5-1-56 |
| 210287-000 | 30 | Transmitter | 211969-000 30 | 5-1.56 |
| 210571.000 | CC209 | Dial | 213088-000 DC209 | 10-1-56 |
| 211170.000 | WCN-3K | Cord-Hand Set | 211373-000 WCR-3x | 8-1-56 |
| 211171.000 | WCN-4K | Cord-Hand Set | 211884-000 WCR-4K | 8-1.56 |
| 211731-000 |  | Free Wire, $11 / 3 \mathrm{amp}$. | Transferred to Pliece Parts | 8-1.56 |
| 211732-000 |  | Fuse Wire, 2 amp. | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| 211733-000 |  | Fuse Wire, 3 amp. | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8.1.56 |
| 211907-000 | $383-\mathrm{C}$ | 380 Type Relay | 38308-000 \| 383-C | 8-1-56 |
| 212117-000 | 26-7 | Handset | 213693-000 26-I | 8-1-56 |
| 212788-000 | FCCX 209 | Dial | 213089-000 FDCX209 | 10-1.56 |
| 212789-000 | FCE212 | Dial | 213093-000 - FDE212 | 10-1.56 |
| 212862-000 | CE315 | Dial | 213094-000 DE315 | 10-1-56 |
| 212869-000 | WCG-3] | Cord-Hand Set | VOID | 8-1-56 |
| 212890-000 | WDR-6H | Cord-Desk Stand | 212936-000 WDN-6H | 5-1-56 |
| 213141-000 | CE316 | Dial | 213095-000 DE316 | 10-1-56 |
| 213142-000 | CE317 | Dial | $213096-000$ DE317 | 10.1-56 |
| 213143-000 | CE318 | Dial | 213097.000 DE318 | 10-1.56 |
| 213144-000 | CE319 | Dial | 213098-000 DE319 | 10.1-56 |
| 213145-000 | CE320 | Dial | 213099-000 DE320 | 10-1-56 |
| 213146-000 | CE321 | Dial | 213100-000 DE321 | 10-1-56 |
| 213147-000 | CE322 | Dial | 213101.000 DE322 | 10-1-56 |
| 216780-000 | 13I-1 | Key Boz | REMOVED | 2-1-57 |
| 216925-000 | 46 | Cord Tip | 216975-000 46 | 1-1-58 |
| 2810-213-000 | 82 | Tool | 207628-000 82 | 2-1-57 |
| 4070-806-000 | 80 | Tool | VOID | 2-1-57 |
| $447501-000$ |  | Relay Mounting | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| 447502-000 |  | Relay Mounting | Transterred to Pliece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| 447511-000 |  | Relay Mounting | Transterred to Piece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| 447521-000 |  | Relay Mounting | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| 447322-000 |  | Relay Mounting | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1.56 |
| 447541-000 |  | Relay Mounting | Transferred to Ptece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| $447611-000$ |  | Relay Casings or Covers | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1.56 |
| 447612-000 |  | Relay Casings or Covers | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1.56 |
| 447613-000 |  | Relay Casings or Covers | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1.56 |
| $447614-000$ |  | Relay Casings or Covers | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| 447615-000 |  | Relay Casings or Covers | Transterred to Piece Parts | 8-1.56 |
| 447616-000 |  | Relay Casings or Covers | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| 447617-000 |  | Relay Casings or Covers | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| 448501-000 |  | Relay Mounting | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| $448504-000$ |  | Relay Mounting | Transterred to Piece Parts | 8-1.56 |
| 448505-000 |  | Relay Mounting | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8.1.56 |
| 448701-000 |  | Relay Casinga or Covers | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| 448704-000 |  | Relay Casings or Covers | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8.1-56 |
| 480507-000 |  | Relay Casings or Covers | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| 480590-000 |  | Relay Mounting | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1.56 |
| 480594-000 |  | Relay Mounting | Trangferred to Piece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| 482486-000 |  | Cord-Patching | 482886-000 | 2-1-57 |
| 482887-000 |  | Relay Casings or Covers | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1.56 |
| 484504-000 |  | Relay Mounting | Transferred to Plece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| 484505-000 |  | Relay Casings or Covers | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1-56 |
| 484518-000 |  | Relay Casings or Covers | Transferred to Piece Parts | 8-1.56 |

## CHANGES AND REPLACEMENTS (continued)

| OLD |  | Description | NEW |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code No. |  | Stock No. | Code No. | Issue Date |
| 800014-000 | 7 | Binding Post | OBSOLETE | - | 2-1-57 |
| 800016-000 | 21 | Binding Post | REMOVED |  | 2.1.57 |
| 800091-000 | 13FA | Key Box | 216777-000 | 13FA-1 | 8-1-56 |
| 800094-000 | 13G | Key Box | 216778-000 | 13G-1 | 8-1-56 |
| 800183-000 | 88B | Cable-Switchboard | 800183-000 | 88 | 1-1-58 |
| 800225-000 | 5AL | Circuit Plate | REMOVED | - | 8-1-56 |
| 800434-000 | 46-B | Induction Coil | OBSOLETE |  | 8-1-56 |
| 800545-000 | D-2 | Cord-Deak Stand | OBSOLETE |  | 5-1.56 |
| 800546-000 | D-3 | Cord-Desk Stand | VOID |  | 5-1-56 |
| 800553-000 | 6 | Condenser Mounting | OBSOLETE |  | 7.1-57 |
| 800554-000 | 7 | Condenser Mounting | OBSOLETE |  | 7-1.57 |
| 800555-000 | 8 | Condenser Mounting | OBSOLETE | - | 7-1.57 |
| 800556-000 | 9 | Condenser Mounting | OBSOLETE |  | 7-1-57 |
| 800557-000 | 10 | Condenser Mounting | OBSOLETE | $\underline{\square}$ | 7-1-57 |
| 800558-000 | 11 | Condenser Mounting | OBSOLETE |  | 7-1-57 |
| 800594-000 | D-5 | Cord-Desk Stand | 217116-000 | WDN-5C | 1-1-57 |
| 800601.000 | D.3 | Cord-Desk Stand | 217118-000 | WDR-3K | 5-1-56 |
| 800602-000 | D. 4 | Cord--Desk Stand | VOID |  | 5-1-56 |
| 800606-000 | D. 2 | Cord-Desk Stand | 217117-000 | WDR-2G | 5-1-56 |
| 800607-000 | D-3 | Cord-Desk Stand | 217119-000 | WDR-3L | 5-1.56 |
| 800608-000 | D. 2 | Cord-Desk Stand | 217117-000 | WDR-2G | 5-1-56 |
| 800610-000 | D. 6 | Cord-Dosk Stand | 217115-000 | WDN-6K | 1-1-57 |
| 800613-000 | H-2 | Cord-Hand Set | 216939-000 | WCR-2F | 8-1-56 |
| 800615-000 | H-3 | Cord-Hand Set | VOID |  | 8-1-56 |
| 800622-000 | H-4 | Cord-Hand Set | 216941-000 | WCR-4F | 8-1-56 |
| 800624-000 | H-3 | Cord-Hand Set | 216940-000 | WCR-3F | 8-1-56 |
| 800625-000 | H-3 | Cord-Hand Set | 216940-000 | WCR-3F | 8-1-56 |
| 800645-000 | O-4 | Cord-Operators | OBSOLETE |  | 2-1-57 |
| 801014.000 | 20 | Handset | 216942-000 | 20-R | 8-1-56 |
| $801226-000$ | 13 | Key Bax | 216770-000 | 13-1 | 8-1-56 |
| 801227-000 | 13A | Key Box | 216771-000 | 13A-1 | 8-1-56 |
| 801228-000 | 13B | Key Box | 216772-000 | 13B-1 | 8-1-56 |
| 801229-000 | 13C | Key Box | 216773-000 | 13C-1 | 8-1.56 |
| 801230-000 | 13D | Key Box | 216774-000 | 13D-1 | 8-1-56 |
| 801231.000 | 13E | Key Box | 216775-000 | 13E-1 | 8-1-56 |
| 801232 -000 | $13 F$ | Key Box | 216776-000 | 13F-1 | 8-1.56 |
| 801334-000 | 138 | Key Mounting | 801334-000 | 134 | 7-1-57 |
| 801426-000 | 121-82 Mtg. | Lamp Socket | REMOVED |  | 8.1-56 |
| 801465-000 | 10 | Plug | OBSOLETE |  | 2-1-57 |
| 801476-000 | 35-A | Plug | OBSOLETE |  | 2-1-57 |
| 801594-000 | 30A | Receiver | VOID |  | 1-1-58 |
| 801717.000 | 7.6 | Relay Cabinet | VOID | - | 10.1-58 |
| 801781-000 | 14-A | Drop Signal | OBSOLETE |  | 10-1-56 |
| 801821-000 | 28-C | Ringer | OBSOLETE |  | 10-1-56 |
| 802047-000 | 963 | Generator-Hand | VOID | - | 8-1-56 |
| 802419-000 | 69 | Terminal Strip | OBSOLETE |  | 2-1-57 |
| 802440-000 | 89-B | Terminal Box | OBSOLETE |  | 2-1-57 |
| 802481-000 | 52 | Tool | 802485-000 | 56 | 2-1-57 |
| 802487-000 | 59 | Tool | VOID | $\underline{\square}$ | 2.1-57 |
| 802527-000 | 15 | Transmitter Arm | VOID |  | 1-1-58 |
| 802815-000 | 144A | Jack-Individual | 202815-000 | 144.A | 2-1-56 |
| 803603-000 | 381A | No. 380 Type Relay | 803103-000 | 381-A | 2-1-56 |

## PRICE INFORMATION

| Blanks, Drop |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code |  | Price |
| 8308-000 | 33. |  | . 10 |
| 8400-000 | 34. |  | . 95 |
| 27322-000 | 41. |  | . 10 |
| 37194-000 | 42. |  | . 90 |
| 40728-000 | 43. |  | . 15 |
| Blanks, Jack |  |  |  |
| 1041.000 | 5. |  | \$ 1.80 |
| 1042-000 | 6. |  | 1.60 |
| 800029-000 | 35. |  | . 55 |
| 800030-000 | 36. |  | 1.55 |
| 800031-000 | 37. |  | 1.25 |
| 800032-000 | 38. |  | 2.10 |
| 800033-000 | 39. |  | 2.10 |
| 800034-000 | 40. |  | 1.35 |
| 800035-000 | 41. |  | 1.55 |
| 800036-000 | 42. |  | 1.55 |
| 800037-000 | 43. |  | 1.35 |
| 800038-000 | 44. |  | 1.40 |
| 800039-000 | 45. |  | 1.25 |
| 800040-000 | 46. |  | 2.70 |
| 800042-000 | 48. |  | 2.50 |
| 800043-000 | 49. |  | 1.70 |
| 800044-000 | 50. |  | 1.75 |
| 800045-000 | 51. |  | 2.15 |
| 800046000 | 52. |  | 1.70 |
| 800047-000 | 53. |  | 1.60 |
| 800048-000 | 54. |  | 1.95 |
| 800049-000 | 55. |  | 2.65 |
| 800050-000 | 56. |  | 4.00 |
| 800051-000 | 57. |  | 1.85 |
| 800052-000 | 58. |  | 2.20 |
| 800053-000 | 59. |  | 2.60 |
| 800054.000 | 60. |  | 2.80 |
| 800055-000 | 62. |  | 2.75 |
| 800056-000 | 63. |  | 2.40 |
| 800057.000 | 64. |  | 2.30 |
| 800058-000 | 65. |  | 5.30 |
| 800059-000 | 66. |  | 2.95 |
| 800060-000 | 67. |  | 1.70 |



## PRICE INFORMATION



## PRICE INFORMATION

## Cable-Switchboard

| Stock No. | Code | Less Than $100^{\circ}$ Per Cf. | $\begin{aligned} & 100^{\prime} \text { to } 500^{\prime} \\ & \text { Per C FF. } \end{aligned}$ | $500^{\prime}$ and Over Per C F. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 800155-000 | 65B. | \$ 61.70. | . $\$ 52.45$ | . 46.70 |
| 800157-000 | 66B. | 43.30. | 36.75 | 33.05 |
| 800161-000 | 68B. | 79.10. | 67.25 | 60.55 |
| 800163-000 | 69B. | 77.50. | 65.85 | 59.30 |
| 800164-000 | 71B. | 25.65. | 22.80 | 19.65 |
| 800166-000 | 72B. | 35.30. | 30.05 | 27.00 |
| 800168-000 | 76B. | 66.00 | 56.15. | 50.60 |
| 800176-000 | 84B. | 54.80 | 46.60. | 41.85 |
| 800179-000 | 86B. | 45.30. | 38.50 | 34.65 |
| 800180-000 | 87B. | 11.10. | 9.45 . | 8.50 |
| 800183-000 | 88 | 14.70. | 12.50. | 11.30 |
| 800185-000 | 90B. | 98.50. | 84.05 | 75.45 |
| 800189-000 | 91B. | 199.90. | 169.90 | 153.00 |
| 201109-000 | 104B. | 26.95. | 22.90. | 20.60 |
| 203726-000 | 105B. | 10.10 | 8.55 | 7.70 |
| 203728-000 | 106B. | 14.45. | 12.30. | 11.05 |
| 203732-000 | 107B. | 33.15. | 28.20. | 25.35 |
| 203734-000 | 108B. | 65.40. | 55.60 | 50.10 |
| 203736-000 | 109B. | 82,40. | 70.35. | 63.10 |
| 203730-000 | 110B. | 154.30. | 131.15. | 118.10 |
| 203738-000 | 1118. | 20.55. | 17.50. | 15.75 |
| 203740-000 | 112B. | 41.40. | 35.30. | 31.65 |
| 203785-000 | 113B. | 63.05. | 53.60. | 48.25 |
| 204802-000 | 114B. | 69.65. | 69.20.. | 53.30 |
| 203554-000 | 116B. | 11.70... | 9.95 . | 8.95 |

NOTE: Lead covered switchboard cable prices on application


## PRICE INFORMATION



| Coils-Impedance |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | "A" Relay Type Not Coded |  |
| Stock No. |  | Price |
| 36291-000 |  | \$ 2.95 |
| 36292-000 |  | 2.95 |
| 36293-000 |  | 2.95 |
| 36295-000 |  | 3.10 |
| 36296-000 |  | 3.30 |
| 36297-000 |  | 3.10 |
| 36298-000 |  | 2.50 |
| 36299-000 |  | 2.60 |
| 36300-000 |  | 2.70 |
| 36301-000 |  | 3.90 |
| 36302-000 |  | 2.90 |
| 36303-000 |  | 3.80 |
| 36304-000 |  | 2.40 |
| 36305-000 |  | 3.30 |
| 36306-000 |  | 3.20 |


|  | Coils-Impedance "A" Relay Type Not Coded (Continued) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. |  |  | Price |
| 36307-000. |  |  | \$ 2.60 |
| 36308-000. |  |  | 3.80 |
| 36309-000. |  |  | 2.90 |
| 36310-000. |  |  | 2.60 |
| 205350-000. |  |  | 2.40 |
| 205351-000. |  |  | 2.80 |
| 205352-000. |  |  | 3.30 |
| 205353-000. |  |  | 2.50 |
| 205354-000. |  |  | 2.40 |
| 205355000. |  |  | 2.80 |
| 205356-000. |  |  | 3.30 |
| 205357-000. |  |  | 3.00 |
| 205358-000 . |  |  | 2.60 |
| 205359-000 . |  |  | 3.30 |
| 205360-000. |  |  | 3.15 |
| 205361-000. |  |  | 2.60 |
| 205362-000. |  |  | 3.70 |
| 205363-000. |  |  | 3.20 |
| 205364-000 . |  |  | 2.70 |
| 205365-000 . |  |  | 3.50 |
| 205366-000. |  |  | 2.70 |
| 205367-000. |  |  | 2.40 |
| 205368-000. |  |  | 3.60 |
| 205369-000. |  |  | 2.50 |
| 205370-000 . |  |  | 2.40 |
| Coils-Repeating |  |  |  |
| Stock No. | Code |  | Price |
| 800436-000 | 11 AL . |  | \$ 9.85 |
| 800438-000 | 12BL. |  | 24.65 |
| 800440000 | 13AL. |  | 9.85 |
| 800443-000 | 14AL. |  | 9.85 |
| 800447.000 | 15BL. |  | 24.65 |
| 800448-000 | 15BXL |  | 58.75 |
| 800449-000 | 15BYL |  | 30.00 |
| 800450000 | 16AL. |  | 34.80 |
| 800452-000 | 17AL. |  | 10.00 |
| 800453-000 | 18A. |  | 27.30 |
| 800454-000 | 18B. |  | 27.30 |
| 800455-000 | 18C. |  | 27.30 |
| 200934-000 | 18 F. |  | 25.10 |
| 203925-000 | 21A. |  | 13.10 |
| 203926-000 | 21B. |  | 13.10 |
| 203927-000 | 21C. |  | 13.10 |
| 207065-000 | 21AS. |  | 13.10 |
| 207066-000 | 21BS. |  | 13.10 |
| 207067-000 | 21CS. |  | 13.10 |
| 207649-000 | 22A. |  | 13.10 |
| 207650-000 | 22B. |  | 13.10 |
| 207651-000 | 22C. |  | 13.10 |
| 207632-000 | 22AS. |  | 13.10 |
| 207648-000 | 22BS. |  | 13.10 |
| 207633-000 | 22CS. |  | 13.10 |
| 204770-000 | 26. | .......... | 14.45 |

36308-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.80
... 2.90

205351-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.80
205352-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.30
205353-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.50
205354-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.40
205355000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.80
. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.30
205357-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.00
205358-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.60
205359-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.30
205360-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.15
205361-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.60
205363-000 ............................................ 3.20
205364-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.70
205365-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.50
205366000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.70
205367-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.40
205368-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.60
205365-000. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.50
Coils-Repeating

800443-000 14AL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 9.85
.. 24.65
800449-000 15BYL. .................................. . . 30.00
800450-000 16AL. .................................. . . 34.80
800452-000 17AL. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10.00
800454-000 18B................................................. 27.30
800455-000 18C. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 27.30
18F................................... 25.10

203926-000 21B...................................... 13.10
203927-000 21C. ................................... . . 13.10
207065-000 21AS.................................. 13.10
21CS..................................... 13.10
207649-000 22A.................................... . . 13.10
207650-000 22B................................... 13.10
207651-000 22C...................................... 13.10
207648-000 22BS.................................... . . . . . . 13.10
207633-000 22CS.................................... 13.10
204770-000 26........................................ . . 14.45

## PRICE INFORMATION

| Coils-Resistance (Also See Resistors) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code |  | Price |
| 15710-000 | 10A |  | \$ 1.80 |
| 15711-000 | 10B. |  | 2.00 |
| 15714.000 | 10 C |  | 1.50 |
| 15715-000 | 10D |  | 1.60 |
| 15712-000 | 108. |  | 1.50 |
| 15713-000 | 107. |  | 1.90 |
| 49994-000 | 10G. |  | 1.70 |
| 49993-000 | 10H. |  | 1.70 |
| 49995-000 | 101. |  | 1.60 |
| 41172-000 | 10 J. |  | 2.10 |
| 40719-000 | 10K. |  | 1.70 |
| 202252-000 | 11A. |  | 3.25 |
| 202253-000 | 11B.. |  | 2.50 |
| 202254-000 | 11 C. |  | 2.20 |
| 202255-000 | 11D.. |  | 2.30 |
| $15716-000$ | 11E.. |  | 3.25 |
| 202256-000 | 117. |  | 2.30 |
| 202257-000 | 11 G . |  | 2.40 |
| 15717-000 | 11H. |  | 2.20 |
| 202258-000 | 111. |  | 2.40 |
| 202259-000 | 111. |  | 2.40 |
| 202260-000 | 11K. |  | 2.30 |
| 202261-000 | 112. |  | 2.40 |
| 202262-000 | 11M. |  | 2.40 |
| 202263-000 | 11N. |  | 2.40 |
| 15718-000 | 110. |  | 2.50 |
| 202264-000 | 11P.. |  | 2.50 |
| 202265-000 | 11R. |  | 2.30 |
| 201116-000 | 11S.. |  | 2.30 |
| 33756-000 | $11 T$. |  | 2.30 |
| 35035.000 | 11 U. |  | 2.40 |
| 41652-000 | 11W. |  | 3.30 |
| 40718-000 | 11X. |  | 2.30 |
| 41173-000 | $11 Y$. |  | 2.60 |
| 41817-000 | 112. |  | 2.30 |
| 41818-000 | 11AA |  | 3.50 |
| 41819-000 | $11 A B$ |  | 3.50 |
| 42529.000 | 11 AC |  | 3.50 |
| 42530-000 | 11AD |  | 3.70 |
| 49972-000 | 11AE |  | 3.70 |
| 205898-000 | 11AF |  | 3.70 |
| 800493-000 | 12A. |  | 5.15 |
| 800494-000 | 12B. |  | 5.15 |
| 800495-000 | 12C. |  | 5.15 |
| 800496-000 | 12D. |  | 5.30 |
| 800497.000 | 12E. |  | 5.30 |
| 800498-000 | 12 F. |  | 5.40 |
| 800499-000 | 12G. |  | 5.40 |
| 800500-000 | 12 H. |  | 5.15 |
| 800501-000 | 12I. |  | 5.15 |
| 800502-000 | 12J. |  | 5.15 |
| 800503-000 | 12K. |  | 5.15 |
| 42827-000 | 12L. |  | 5.50 |
| 203387-000 | 12M. |  | 5.30 |
| 800504-000 | 13A. |  | 6.25 |
| 800505-000 | 13B.. |  | 6.45 |
| 800506-000 | $13 C$. |  | 6.45 |



EQUIPMENT SECTIONS

Issue Dałe: 7-13-59

## PRICE INFORMATION

| Condensers (Cont'd.) (Also See Capacitors) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Price |
| 214242-000 | 79 | \$2.50 |
| 214282-000 | 80 | 2.25 |
| 216858-000 | 81 | 2.65 |
| 212717-000 | 82 | 2.65 |
| 211849-000 | 83. | 2.65 |
| 216953-000 | 84 | 3.55 |

## Convenience Systems-See PX Section




## PRICE INFORMATION



## Cords-Switchboard

Prices shown are for white, red or green cords with nylon outer braid. FOR BLACK CORDS ADD 15\% TO PRICES LISTED. Lengths shown are standard and should be ordered whenever possible as other lengths are made only to order. When cords and plugs are ordered, plugs will be attached to cords, if specified, at no additional charge.



## PRICE INFORMATION

| Dials |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code |  | Price |
| 213078-000 | DCX207. |  | \$ 6.15 |
| 213075-000 | DE207. |  | 6.15 |
| 213076000 | DEX207. |  | 6.15 |
| 213080-000 | DL207. |  | 6.15 |
| 213079-000 | FDE207. |  | 6.15 |
| 213082-000 | DC208. |  | 6.15 |
| 213081-000 | DE208. |  | 6.15 |
| 213083-000 | DL208. |  | 6.15 |
| 213088-000 | DC209. |  | 6.15 |
| 213086-000 | DCX209. |  | 6.15 |
| $213084-000$ | DE209.. |  | 6.15 |
| 213085-000 | DEX209. |  | 6.15 |
| 213087.000 | DL209. |  | 6.15 |
| 213089-000 | EDCX209. |  | 6.15 |
| 213090.000 | DE210. |  | 6.15 |
| 213092-000 | DE212. |  | 6.15 |
| 213093-000 | FDE212. |  | 6.15 |
| 213094-000 | DE315. |  | 6.25 |
| 213095-000 | DE316. |  | 6.25 |
| 213096-000 | DE317. |  | 6.25 |
| 213097.000 | DE318. |  | 6.25 |
| 213098-000 | DE319. |  | 6.25 |
| 213099-000 | DE320. |  | 6.25 |
| 213100-000 | DE321. |  | 6.25 |
| 213101-000 | DE322. |  | 6.25 |
| 218739-000 | DE-323. |  | 6.25 |
| 218740-000 | DE-324. |  | 6.25 |
| 218741-000 | DE-325. |  | 6.25 |


| Designation Strips (Cont'd) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Price |
| 800738-000 | 31A. | \$ 2.55 |
| 47268-000 | 32. | 2.55 |
| 47269-000 | 32A. | 2.55 |
| 47270-000 | 32B. | 2.55 |
| 47271-000 | 32C. | 2.55 |
| 47272-000 | 32D. | 2.55 |
| 201011-000 | 33. | 2.55 |
| 481367.000 | 34. | 4.35 |
| 205059-000 | 35. | 2.55 |
| 207253-000 | 36. | 2.55 |
| NOTE "A" |  |  |
| Less than 12"...... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ . . 60 |  |  |
| 12" and over-add per in. |  | . 10 |
| NOTE "B" |  |  |
| Less than 12"............ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ 1.60 |  |  |
| $12^{\prime \prime}$ and over-add per in. |  | . 15 |
| Drop Signals |  |  |
| 801771-000 | 11A. | \$10.65 |
| 801773-000 | 117. | 10.65 |
| 801775-000 | 12A. | 10.65 |
| 801777.000 | 127. | 10.65 |
| 801782.000 | 16A. | 10.65 |
| 801784-000 | 16F. | 10.65 |
| 801785-000 | 17A. | 10.65 |
| 801787-000 | 17F. | 10.65 |
| 801788-000 | 18A. | 8.60 |
| 801789-000 | 18B. | 8.60 |
| 801790-000 | 18C. | 8.60 |
| 49608-000 | 18D. | 8.60 |
| 801793-000 | 21A. | 6.25 |
| 801794-000 | 21B. | 6.25 |
| 801795-000 | 21 C . | 6.25 |
| 49609-000 | 21D. | 6.25 |
| 801798-000 | 23B. | 9.80 |
| 204819-000 | 23D. | 10.40 |
| 202063-000 | 25B. | 10.40 |
| 206392-000 | 26B. | 10.20 |
| Drops Mounted |  |  |
| 40134-000. |  | \$ 86.25 |
| 49612-000. |  | 86.25 |
| 40133-000. |  | 97.75 |
| 200434-000. |  | 48.40 |
| Drop Mountings |  |  |
| 801802.000 | 140... | \$ 3.95 |
| 801805-000 | 143. | 3.65 |
| 801808-000 | 146A. | 12.00 |
| 801809-000 | 1468. | 10.90 |
| 37197.000 | 147. | 7.05 |
| 37198-000 | 148. | 1.20 |
| 39860-000 | 149. | 10.60 |
| 204818-000 | 150. | 12.05 |

## PRICE INFORMATION

| Foot Rails |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Price |
| 13565-000 | 11. | \$10.25 |
| 13566-000 | Cap. | 2.30 |
| 800763-000 | 12.. | 16.90 |
| Includes 2 | rackets |  |


|  | Fuses |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801560-000 | 1. | \$ . 10 |
| 801562-000 | 4. | . 20 |
| 38789-000 | 35B-11/3 Amp. | . 30 |
| 208524-000 | 35B-2 Amp. | . 30 |
| 208439-000 | 35C-2 Amp. | . 30 |
| 39277-000 | 35G-3 Amp. | . 30 |
| 202826-000 | 35H-5 Amp.. | . 30 |
| 205159-000 | 35K-1 $1 / 3$ Amp. | . 30 |
| 204244-000 | 35P. 3/ Amp. | . 30 |
| Generators-Hand |  |  |
| 201678-000 | 64.. | \$24.30 |
| 208830-000 | Assem. | 26.10 |
| 208834-000 | Pkg. | 3.25 |
| Generator Crank Shafts |  |  |
| 800774-000 |  | \$ 2.55 |
| 800775-000 | 3. | 2.55 |

## Handsets

| 206354000 | 150 | \$14.05 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801010-000 | 18. | 11.15 |
| 801011.000 | 19C. | 22.45 |
| 801013-000 | 19D. | 20.30 |
| 801012-000 | 19L. | 23.45 |
| 216942-000 | 20R. | 10.50 |
| 216943-000 | 21R. | 10.50 |
| 216944-000 | 22R. | 10.50 |
| 216945-000 | 23R. | 10.50 |
| 216946-000 | 24R. | 10.50 |
| 211361.000 | 26C. | 9.50 |
| 211362-000 | 26D. | 9.75 |
| 211748-000 | 26E. | 9.50 |
| 212714.000 | 26G. | 9.50 |
| 213240-000 | 26H | 9.75 |
| 213693.000 | 261. | 9.75 |
| 216747-000 | 26 J . | 9.75 |
| 211396.000 | 27C. | 11.00 |
| 211397-000 | 27D (Note). | 11.25 |
| 211864.000 | 27E. | 11.00 |
| 212550-000 | 28A. | 11.15 |
| 212551-000 | 28B. | 11.15 |
| 212552-000 | 28C. | 11.45 |
| 200730-109 | 31 (Note) | 11.30 |



Hook Switches

| 801956-000 | 41B. | \$ 2.65 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801957-000 | 41G. | 2.80 |
|  | Interrupter Machines | : |
| Prices on app | cation |  |

## Jacks-Individual

| 801082-000 | 93. | \$ 2.45 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801083-000 | 93B. | 3.10 |
| 49907-000 | 140. | 2.25 |
| 200707-000 | 140 MTD. | 21.10 |
| 801177-000 | 140 MTD. | 14.45 |
| 801179-000 | 144. | 1.15 |
| 202815-000 | 144A. | 1.15 |
| 801180-000 | 144A-87 MTG | 3.45 |
| 801181.000 | 145. | 1.30 |
| 801182-000 | 145A. | 1.30 |
| 801183-000 | 147. | 1.95 |
| 801184-000 | 148. | 2.55 |
| 801185-000 | 151. | 1.50 |
| 801186-000 | 152. | 3.10 |
| 801188-000 | 154. | 1.90 |
| 801189-000 | 154A | 1.90 |
| 801190.000 | 155. | 3.85 |
| 800069-000 | 155A. | 3.55 |
| 800072-000 | 156. | 2.00 |
| 802597-000 | 157. | 2.10 |
| 802598-000 | 158. | 2.55 |
| 802599-000 | 159. | 2,70 |
| 802600-000 | 160. | 1.90 |
| 802601-000 | 161. | 2.50 |
| 201562-000 | 165. | 1.60 |
| 202488-000 | 166. | 2.25 |
| 203015-000 | 167. | 1.50 |
| 204251-000 | 167A. | 1.65 |
| 203016-000 | 168. | 1.35 |
| 204252-000 | 168A. | 1.35 |
| 204308-000 | 170. | 2.30 |
| 204309-000 | 171. | 2.30 |
| 209147-000 | 172. | 3.45 |
| 209212.000 | 173. | 1.55 |
| $\dagger 213971.000$ | 174. | 1.60 |
| Jacks-Wall Outlet Type |  |  |
| 25856-000 |  | \$ 3.35 |
| 25960-000 |  | 2.20 |

NOTE: When ordering 27-D or No. 31 type in oplor add . 60

## PRICE INFORMATION

| Jacks-Strip Type |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801089-000 | 109-60. | \$17.05 |
| 801090-000 | 109-61 | 29.95 |
| 801091-000 | 109.62. | 19.35 |
| 801092-000 | 109-63. | 32.05 |
| 801097-000 | 113-60. | 23.25 |
| 44464-000 | 114-60. | 21.55 |
| 801100-000 | 114.61. | 34.15 |
| $801101-000$ | 114.62. | 32.95 |
| 801102.000 | 114.63. | 34.10 |
| 801137-000 | 127-89. | 16.70 |
| 42996-000 | 127-90. | 29.95 |
| 801139-000 | 127-90A. | 30.55 |
| 801140-000 | 127-90B. | 32.05 |
| 801141-000 | 127-90C. | 30.55 |
| 801138-000 | 127-91. | 18.80 |
| 48368-000 | 130-99. | 15.55 |
| 48371-000 | 130-100. | 22.95 |
| 200721.000 | 130-100A | 23.45 |
| 200730-000 | 130-100B | 25.55 |
| 48372-000 | 132-100.. | 27.30 |
| 200722-000 | 132-100A | 27.85 |
| 200731-000 | 132-100B | 29.95 |
| 48373-000 | 133-100.. | 27.30 |
| 200723-000 | 133-100A | 27.85 |
| 200732-000 | 133-100B | 29.95 |
| 48367-000 | 134.99. | 19.10 |
| 48366-000 | 135-99. | 17.20 |
| $48374-000$ | 135-100.. | 27.30 |
| $200724-000$ | 135-100A | 27.85 |
| 200733-000 | 135-100B | 29.95 |
| 48364-000 | 137-99. | 20.00 |
| 48376.000 | 137-100. | 31.50 |
| 200726-000 | 137-100A | 32.05 |
| 200735-000 | 132-100B | 34.15 |
| 48363-000 | 138.99. | 20.00 |
| 48377-000 | 138-100.. | 31.50 |
| 200727-000 | 138-100A | 32.05 |
| 200736-000 | 138-100B | 34.15 |
| 48360-000 | 162-99. | 17.95 |
| 48378-000 | 162-100.. | 27.30 |
| 200728-000 | 162-100A | 27.85 |
| 200737-000 | 162-100B | 29.95 |
| $48361-000$ | 163-99. | 17.95 |
| 48379-000 | 163-100.. | 27.30 |
| 200729.000 | 163.100A | 27.85 |
| 200738-000 | 163-100B. | 29.95 |
| 48362-000 | 164.99. | 20.05 |
| 203851-000 | 169-99. | 20.05 |
| 203852-000 | 169-100. | 31.50 |

NOTE: Add $\$ .10$ per Jack for numbering of above strip type jacks.

| Jack Mountings |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Price |
| 13930-000 | 86. | \$ 3.55 |
| 200966.000 | 93. | 22.50 |
| 204271.000 | 93A. | 25.90 |
| 200967.000 | 94. | 17.95 |
| 204272-000 | 94A. | 22.15 |



## PRICE INFORMATION



## PRICE INFORMATION

## Keys-Individual Plunger Type (Cont'd)

| Stock No. | Code | Price | Stock No. | Code | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 49526-000 | 337C. | \$ 2.40 | 49538-000 | 339C. | \$ 2.40 |
| 49527-000 | 337D. | 2.55 | 49539-000 | 339D. | 2.55 |
| $49528-000$ | 337E. | 2.55 | 49540-000 | 339E. | 2.55 |
| 49529-000 | 337H. | 2.55 | 49541-000 | 339H. | 2.55 |
| 211082-000 | 3371. | 3.00 | 209018-000 | 339]. | 3.00 |
| 211083-000 | 337X. | 3.00 | 211740-000 | 339L. | 3.40 |
| 211132000 | 337L. | 3.40 | 212699-000 | 339M. | 3.40 |
| 49530-000 | 338A. | 2.10 | 211760000 | 339N. | 3.55 |
| 49531-000 | 338B. | 2.10 | 211947-000 | 339P. | 3.55 |
| 49532-000 | 338C. | 2.40 | 213104-000 | 3390. | 3.70 |
| 49533-000 | 338D. | 2.55 | NOTE: Add 30c per Key for engraving if specifled |  |  |
| 49534-000 | 338E. | 2.55 |  |  |  |
| 201122-000 | 338G | 2.55 | 212745-000 | 352. | \$31.20 |
| 49535-000 | 338H. | 2.55 | 212746-000 | 352A. | 38.70 |
| 49536-000 | 339A. | 2.10 | 212747-000 | 352B. | 38.70 |
| 49537-000 | 339B. | 2.10 | 212569-000 | 361A. | 4.65 |


| Keys, Party Line-Indicating Type |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Codes 200 thru 209. | .each \$ | 16.05 |
| Codes 210 thru 219. | .each | 16.05 plus 1 Cam Key -priced below |
| Codes 220 thru 229. | .each | 16.05 plus 1 Cam Key -priced below |
| Codes 230 thru 239. | .each | 16.05 plus 2 Cam Keys-priced below |
| Code 252. | .each | 17.15 |
| Codes 260 thru 269. | .each | 16.45 |
| Codes 270 thru 274. | .each | 16.05 plus 2 Cam Koys-priced bolow |
| Codes 275 thru 279. | .each | 17.15 plus 2 Cam Koys-priced below |
| Code 280. | .each | 16.05 plus 1 Cam Key -priced below |
| Code 283. | .each | 16.05 plus 2 Cam Keys-priced below |
| Code 291. | . .each | 16.05 plus 1 Cam Key -priced below |
| Code 292. | . .each | 18.35 plus 2 Cam Koye-priced below |
| Code 293. | . .each | 18.35 plus 2 Cam Koyk-priced bolow |

In pricing above keys, add cam keys as follows:

| Combination A. | . .each \$3.55 |  | Combination P. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .each $\$ 4.20$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Combination B. | .each | 3.20 | Combination | each | 4.55 |
| Combination C. | .each | 4.20 | Combination A | each | 5.30 |
| Combination D. | .each | 3.55 | Combination S | each | 4.55 |
| Comblnation H. | . aach | 3.55 | Combination | each | 4.20 |
| Combination I. . | .each | 3.55 | Combination | each | 4.85 |
| Combination J. . | .each | 3.55 | Comblnation | each | 4.85 |
| Combination K . | .each | 3.55 | Combination | .each | 4.85 |
| Combination L. | .each | 4.55 | Combination | .each | 4.85 |
| Combination M. | . each | 3.90 | Comblnation | .each | 4.85 |
| Comblnation N. | . each | 4.85 | Combination | each | 4.55 |


| Stock No. | Code | Price | Stock No. | Code | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 216770-000 | 13-1 | \$10.50 | 216775-000 | 132-1. | \$10.50 |
| 216721.000 | 13A.1 | 10.05 | 216776-000 | 137-1. | 11.60 |
| 216722.000 | 13B-1 | 9.50 | 216771-000 | 13FA-1 | 11.60 |
| 216773.000 | 13C-1 | 9.50 | 216778-000 | 13G-1. | 10.50 |
| 216774-000 | 13D-1 | 10.50 | 216779000 | 13F-1. | 12.85 |

## PRICE INFORMATION

| Keys-Strip Mounfed, Plunger Type |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Price |
| 42491-000 | 62-122 Mtg. | \$29.95 |
| 42979-000 | 62-123 Mtg. | 29.95 |
| 42980-000 | 69-122 Mtg. | 29.95 |
| 42981-000 | 69-123 Mtg. | 29.95 |
| Key Mountings |  |  |
| 801264-000 | 55......... | \$ . 70 |
| 801270-000 | 66. | . 70 |
| 801285-000 | 82. | 2.00 |
| 801286-000 | 83. | 2.25 |
| 801287-000 | 84. | 2.50 |
| 207331-000 | 88. | 2.00 |
| 207332-000 | 89 | 2.25 |
| 207333-000 | 90. | 2.50 |
| 801294-000 | 91 | 12.55 |
| 801295-000 | 92. | 2.00 |
| 801296-000 | 93. | 2.25 |
| 801297.000 | 94. | 2.50 |
| 801298-000 | 95. | 1.05 |
| $801304-000$ | 104. | 9.40 |
| 801311.000 | 111. | 2.00 |
| 801312-000 | 112. | 2.25 |
| 801313-000 | 113. | 2.50 |
| 801314-000 | 114. | 2.00 |
| 801315-000 | 115. | 2.25 |
| 801316-000 | 116. | 2.50 |
| 801319-000 | 119. | 2.50 |
| 801320-000 | 120. | 13.60 |
| 801321-000 | 121. | 1.05 |
| 801325-000 | 125. | 2.00 |
| 801326-000 | 126. | 2.25 |
| 801327-000 | 127. | 2.50 |
| 801328-000 | 128. | 2.00 |
| 801329-000 | 129. | 2.35 |
| 801330-000 | 130. | 2.60 |
| 801331-000 | 131. | 2.60 |
| 801332-000 | 132. | . 75 |
| 801333-000 | 133. | . 75 |
| $801334-000$ | 134. | 2.00 |
| 205649-000 | 138. | 2.10 |
| 205650-000 | 139. | 2.35 |
| 203773-000 | 150. | 2.25 |
| 203774-000 | 151. | 2.25 |
| 203775-000 | 152. | 2.00 |
| 203776-000 | 153. | 2.50 |
| 206771-000 | 154. | 2.00 |
| 206772-000 | 155. | 2.25 |
| 206773-000 | 156. | 2.50 |
| 206174-000 | 157. | 2.25 |
| 205651-000 | 158. | 1.05 |
| 205652-000 | 159. | 2.00 |
| 205653-000 | 160. | 2.25 |
| 205654-000 | 161. | 2.50 |
| 204950-000 | 162. | 13.80 |
| 205047-000 | 163. | 14.55 |
| 208444.000 | 164. | 2.00 |
| 208655-000 | 165. | 1.60 |
| 208656-000 | 166. | 1.85 |


| Stock No. | Code |  | Price |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801363.000 | 4-A-2. |  | See | elow |
| 801364.000 | 6-A-2. |  | See | elow |
| 801365-000 | 8-A-2 |  | See | elow |
| 801366-000 | 12-A.2 |  | Soe | elow |
| 801367-000 | 16-A |  | See | elow |
| 801368-000 | 18-A-2 |  | Seo | elow |
| 801369-000 | 24-B-2 |  | See | elow |
| 801370-000 | 24-C-2 |  | See | elow |
| 209569-000 | 24-H-2 |  | See | elow |
| 801371-000 | 30-B-2 |  | See | elow |
| 801372-000 | 44-A-2 |  | Soe | elow |
| 801374.000 | 48-B-2 |  | See | elow |
| $42201-000$ | 48-C-2 |  | See | elow |
| 201737-000 | 48-D-2 |  | See | elow |
| 801375-000 | 55-C-2 |  |  | elow |
| 45271.000 | 60-A-2 |  |  | elow |
| Switchboard Lamp Prices are as follows: |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 100. |  |  | .\$ . 45 | each |
| 100. 499. |  |  |  | each |
| 500. 999. |  |  |  | each |
| 1000-4999. |  |  |  |  |
| 5000 and over |  |  |  | aach |
| Lamp Caps |  |  |  |  |
| 801388-000 | 23A. |  | \$ | . 65 |
| 801389-000 | 23B. |  |  | . 65 |
| 801390-000 | 23C. |  |  | . 65 |
| 801391-000 | 23D. |  |  | . 65 |
| 207824-000 | 23E. |  |  | . 90 |
| 207825-000 | 23 F . |  |  | . 90 |
| 207826-000 | 23G. |  |  | . 90 |
| 207827-000 | 23H. |  |  | . 90 |
| 209428-000 | 23J. |  |  | . 90 |
| 801392-000 | 27A. |  |  | . 20 |
| 801393-000 | 27B. |  |  | . 20 |
| 801394-000 | 27C. |  |  | . 20 |
| 801395-000 | 27D. |  |  | . 20 |
| 801396-000 | 27E. |  |  | . 20 |
| 801400-000 | 29A. |  |  | . 45 |
| 801401-000 | 29B. |  |  | . 20 |
| $801402-000$ | 29C. |  |  | . 20 |
| 801403-000 | 29D. |  |  | . 20 |
| 801404.000 | 29E. |  |  | . 30 |
| 801405-000 | 29F. |  |  | . 30 |
| 801406-000 | 29G. |  |  | . 30 |
| 801407.000 | 30A. |  |  | . 45 |
| 801408-000 | 30D. |  |  | . 30 |
| 801409-000 | 30J. |  |  | . 30 |
| 801410-000 | 30K. |  |  | . 30 |
| 801411-000 | 30L. |  |  | . 45 |
| 801412000 | 31A. |  |  | . 20 |
| 801413-000 | 31B. |  |  | . 20 |
| 801414-000 | 31C. |  |  | . 20 |
| 207177-000 | 31 D. |  |  | . 30 |

## PRICE INFORMATION

| Stock No. Code Lamp Sockets |  |  | Number Plates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Price |  |  |  |  |
| 801417.000 | 9. | \$ 1.25 | Stock No. | Code | Blank | Engraved |
| $801418-000$ | 10. | 10.70 | 7005-000 | 13. | \$ . 20. | \$ . 50 |
| 801419.000 | 11. | 12.70 | 9573-000 | 17. | . 20 | . 50 |
| 801420-000 | 12. | . 70 | 15373-000 | 17A. | . 20. | . 50 |
| $801421-000$ | 13. | . 70 | 15374-000 | 17B. | . 20. | . 50 |
| $801422-000$ | 14.. | 16.40 | 15375-000 | 17 C. | . 20. | . 50 |
| $801431-000$ | 121.60 Mtg . | 10.00 | 15376-000 | 17D. | . 40. | . 70 |
| $801432-000$ | 121-61 Mtg. | 16.40 | 13062-000 | 19A. | .30. | . 80 |
| $801424-000$ | 121-80 Mtg. | 9.15 | 13063-000 | 19B.. | . 30. | . 80 |
| 801425-000 | 121-81 Mtg. | 14.45 |  |  |  |  |
| 801427-000 | 121-83 Mtg. | 14.45 | Operators Headsets |  |  |  |
| 801429-000 | 121-89 Mtg. | 9.15 |  |  |  |  |
| 801440-000 | 121-91 Mtg. | 9.50 | 205701-000 | "W. |  | \$27.70 |
| 801439-000 | 121-92 Mtg. . | 14.45 | 205826-000 | "W.E |  | 26.15 |
|  |  |  | 205827-000 | "W.E | Plug. . | 27.70 |

## PRICE INFORMATION

## P.X. and Convenience Systems

| Stock Na. | Code | Description | Rochester and Chicago | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aflanta } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Kansas City } \end{gathered}$ | San Frandsco |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 801714000 | 2-6 or 1-7 | Relay Cabinet. | \$227.25. | \$229.25. | \$231.75 |
| 801718-000 | 2-10 or 1-11 | Relay Cabinet. | 378.75. | 381.25. | 383.75 |
| 49700-000 | 3-9 | Relay Cabinet. | 449.10. | 452.10 | 455.10 |
| 801715-000 | 2-M-6 | Rolay Cabinet. | Prices on |  |  |
| 801716-000 | 3-5 | Relay Cabinet. | Prices on |  |  |
| 801719.000 | 2-M10 or 1-M11 | Relay Cabinet. | Prices on |  |  |
| 486137-000 | 6K | Trunt Relay Strip. | 43.95. | 44.20. | 44.45 |
| 486872 -000 | 6E | Transtormor. | 7.85 | 8.10 | 8.35 |
| 212870-000 | 6K | Key Box. | 10.55. | 10.70 | 10.85 |
| $489684-000$ | 6K | Automatic The Line Unit Mid. (6K). | 88.00 | 88.35. | 88.55 |
| 489840000 | 6K | Dial Selective Unit Mtd. (10 station). | 78.80. | 79.15. | 79.50 |
| 489679-000 | 6K1 | Basic Cabinet Aswembly (3 trunks). | 252.70 | 254.70. | 256.15 |
| 489687.000 | 6K1 | Trunk Relay Plate. | 47.60. | 47.85. | 47.95 |
| $212764-000$ | 6K1 | Bumer Package Assembly. | 4.60 | 4.70 . | 4.80 |
| 202132.749 | 6K1 | Power Supply Unit. | 86.95. | 88.95. | 90.45 |
| 493737-000 | 6K1 | Dial Selective (10 station) Plate Mtd. | 68.65. | 68.90 | 69.15 |
| 493738.000 | 6K1 | Dial Seleotive ( 15 station) Unit Mtd. . | 142.35. | 142.70 | 142.95 |
| 489683-000 | 6K1 | Antomatic Tie Line Plate Mtd. (6K1). | 43.90. | 44.15. | 44.40 |
| 216721-000 | 6K1 | Manual Exclusion Cct. Assembly. | 19:15. | 19.30. | 19.45 |
| 216853-000 | 6K1 | Exclusion Plunger Assembly. | 2.20. | 2.30 | 2.40 |
| 216719-000 | 6K1 | Signal Mashing Unit. . | 20.40. | 20.65. | 20.90 |
| 489827-000 | 6K1 | No. 1-C Coil Package Assembly. | 4.80 . | 4.90 . | 5.00 |
| 489828-000 | 6K1 | Power Fail Relay Package. | 4.40 | 4.50 . | 4.60 |
| 484862-000 | 2.10 | RELAFDIAL PX. . | 730.45 | 734.45. | 738.95 |
| 485794-000 | $2-10$ | Mounting Stand and Cabinet. | Included |  |  |
| 893721-000 | Recifiliter | (2-10 System). | 186.90. | 188.90 | 191.40 |
| 485650-000 | 420 | RELA PDIAL PX. | 1466.30. | 1474.30. | 1484.30 |
| $485832-000$ | 420 | Mounting Stand and Cabinet. | Included |  |  |
| 485833-000 | Recifilter | (4-20 system). | 304.05. | 306.05. | 308.55 |
| 24726-000 | 1 | Relay Cabinet. | 243.50. | 245.50. | 248.00 |
| 63006-000 | D-3006 | Relay Cabinet. | 272.70. | 274.70 | 277.20 |
| 801450-000 | 1A | Sey Turret. | 92.50 | 93.25. | 94.05 |
| 801451-000 | 1B | Key Turret. | 128.15. | 129.20. | 130.30 |
| 801452-000 | 1 C | Key Turret. | 163.90. | 165.25. | 166.65 |
| 24807-000 |  | Top. | 4.75. | 4.90. | 5.05 |
| 24808-000 |  | Key Section. | 35.70. | 36.00 | 36.30 |
| 24809-000 |  | Base. | 51.95. | 52.25. | 52.50 |
| 26004-000 |  | §Top with 5 buttons and buzzer. | 16.25. | 16.50 | 16.75 |
| 54576-000 |  | §Top with 10 buttons and buzzer. | 21.00 | 21.30. | 21.60 |
| Additional Line Equipment for relay cabinet Intercepting Servioe-Per Line. . . . . . . . . . . |  |  | 18.45. | 18.90. | 19.40 |
|  |  |  | 6.05 | 6.15 | 6.25 |

§NOTE: When above tope are equipped with cord and terminal blocks, add $\$ 3.20$ for No. $\mathbf{2 6 0 0 4 - 0 0 0}$ top, and $\$ 3.70$ for No. 54576-000 top.

MANUAL and DIAL P.B.X. SWITCHBOARDS
Prices on Application

# PRICE INFORMATION 



| Plugs, Service <br> No. 7 Type <br> per C |  |  |  | No. 14 Type <br> per C |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| No. 15 Type |  |  |  |  |
| per C |  |  |  |  |


| Plug, Trouble Sleeves |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. |  | Less Than 1000 Per | 1000 \& Over Por C |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Code | C |  |
| 16582-000 | 1. | \$15.50 | \$11.85 |
| 16583-000 | 2. | 12.35 | 9.90 |
| 16631-000 | 3. | 15.50 | 11.85 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Stock No. | Code |  | Price |
| 801592-000 | 29. |  | \$10.20 |
| 801593-000 | 30 les |  | 5.30 |


| vers (Cont'd) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. | Code | Price |
| 801595-000 | 30B with cord. | \$ 6.15 |
| 34230-000 | 31. | 3.95 |
| 210278-000 | 32. | 3.60 |
| 211881-000 | 33. | 4.60 |
| Type A, B, and C Relays |  |  |
| Type "A" Relays |  |  |
| To figure price on Type " $A$ " relays, add to the price of frame and armature assembly, spring combinations and coils listed below: |  |  |
|  |  | Price |
| "A" Type Fr | me and Armature Assembly | \$ 2.80 |
| "A" Spri | Combination. | . 40 |
| "B" Spri | Combination. | . 40 |
| "C" Spri | Combination. | . 50 |
| "D" Spri | Combination. | . 60 |
| "F" Spri | Combination. | 1.35 |
| "G" Spri | Combination. | . 85 |
| "J" Spri | Combination. | 1.15 |
| "K" Spri | Combination. | . 60 |
| "Z" Spri | Combination. | 1.15 |
| "IC" Spri | Combination. | . 60 |
| "XA" Spri | Combination. | . 40 |
| "XB" Spri | Combination. | . 40 |
| "XC" Spri | Combination. | . 60 |
|  | Type "B" Relays |  |
| Prices on Application |  |  |
| Type "C" Relays |  |  |
| To figure price on Type " C " relays, add to price of frame and armature assembly spring combinations listed under Type " A ," and 2 coils listed below: |  |  |
| Type "C" -Frame and Armature Assembly......... \$3.45 |  |  |
| Relay Coils |  |  |
| Type A, B, and C Relays |  |  |
|  |  | Price |
| 36200-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ 2.80 |  |  |
| 36201.000 |  | 2.90 |
| 36202-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.25 |  |  |
| 36203-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.55 |  |  |
| 36204-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.70 |  |  |
| 36205-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.70 |  |  |
| 36206-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.10 |  |  |
| 36207-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.85 |  |  |
| 36208-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {2,80 }}$ |  |  |
| 36209-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.95 |  |  |
| 36215-000. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.80 |  |  |
| 36218-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.65 |  |  |
| 36219-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.10 |  |  |
| 36220-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.55 |  |  |
| 36221-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.90 |  |  |
| 36222-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.15 |  |  |
| 36223-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.95 |  |  |
| 36224-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.25 |  |  |
| 36225-000 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.30 |  |  |

## PRICE INFORMATION

Relay Coils-Type A, B, and C Relays (Cont'd)

| Stock No. | Price | Stock No. | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36226-000. | \$ 3.20 | 36832-000. | \$ 2.80 |
| 36227-000. | 3.00 | 36833-000. | 2.85 |
| 36228-000. | 3.10 | 36834,000 | 2.90 |
| 36229-000. | 3.65 | 36835-000. | 2.85 |
| 36230-000. | 3.60 | 36836-000 | 3.00 |
| 36231-000. | 3.25 | 36837-000 | 2.70 |
| 36232-000. | 3.45 | 36838-000. | 3.30 |
| 36233-000. | 3.45 | 36839-000 | 2.80 |
| 36234-000. | 3.35 | 36840-000. | 3.95 |
| 36235-000. | 3.40 | 36841.000 | 2.90 |
| 36236-000. | 3.40 | 36842-000. | 2.80 |
| 36237-000. | 3.10 | 36843-000 | 3.25 |
| 36238-000. | 3.15 | 36844-000 | 2.65 |
| 36239-000 | 3.25 | 36845-000 | 3.00 |
| 36470-000. | 1.45 | 36846-000. | 3.60 |
| 36471-000. | 1.15 | 36851.000. | 3.10 |
| 36473-000 | 1.15 | 36852-000 | 2.90 |
| 36474-000 | 1.20 | 36853-000. | 2.90 |
| 36475-000 | 1.10 | 36854-000. | 2.75 |
| 36476-000. | 1.15 | 36855-000. | 2.30 |
| 36477-000. | 1.15 | 36851-000 | 3.15 |
| 36478-000. | 1.10 | 36858-000 | 3.25 |
| 36479-000. | 1.85 | 36859-000. | 3.25 |
| 36480-000 | 1.95 | 36860-000. | 3.35 |
| 36801-000. | 2.20 | 36861.000 | 2.70 |
| 36802-000. | 1.95 | 36862-000 | 2.95 |
| 36803-000 . | 2.00 | 36863-000 | 2.65 |
| 36804-000 | 2.00 | 36864-000 | 2.55 |
| 36805-000 | 2.25 | 36865-000. | 2.60 |
| 36806-000. | 2.20 | 36870-000. | 1.60 |
| 36807-000. | 2.25 | 36871.000 | 1.85 |
| 36808-000 | 2.35 | 36872-000. | 1.95 |
| 36809-000. | 2.35 | 36873-000. | 1.75 |
| 36810-000. | 2.05 | 36874-000 | 2.20 |
| 36811-000 | 2.00 | 36875-000 | 2.00 |
| 36812-000. | 1.90 | 36876-000. | 1.75 |
| 36813-000 | 1.90 | 36877-000 | 1.85 |
| 36814-000. | 2.15 | 36878-000 | 3.35 |
| 36815-000. | 2.25 | 36879-000. | 3.10 |
| 36816-000. | 2.40 | 36880-000. | 2.45 |
| 36817-000. | 2.35 | 36881-000 | 3.40 |
| 36818-000. | 2.50 | 36882-000. | 3.25 |
| 36819-000. | 2.75 | 36883-000. | 3.10 |
| 36820-000 | 3.15 | 36884-000. | 3.60 |
| 36821-000. | 3.75 | 36885-000. | 3.00 |
| 36822-000. | 2.35 | 36886-000. | 2.90 |
| 36823-000 | 2.20 | 36887-000. | 3.30 |
| 36824-000. | 2.80 | 36888-000 . | 3.30 |
| 36825-000. | 2.85 | 36889-000. | 2.85 |
| 36826-000 . | 2.55 | 36890-000. | 2.80 |
| 36827-000 | 2.55 | 36891-000. | 2.90 |
| 36828-000 | 2.95 | 36892-000. | 3.15 |
| 36829-000 | 2.55 | 36893-000. | 3.10 |
| 36830-000 | 2.65 | 36894-000. | 2.95 |
| 36831-000 . | 2.80 | 36895-000. | 3.35 |

## PRICE INFORMATION

Relay Coils-Type A, B, and C Relays (Cont'd)

| Stock No. | Price | Stock No. | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36896-000. | \$ 3.25 | 36941-000. | \$ 3.85 |
| 36897-000. | 3.00 | 36942-000. | 4.00 |
| 36898-000 | 2.95 | 36943-000 | 4.10 |
| 36899-000. | 2.90 | 36944 -000. | 3.80 |
| 36900-000. | 2.90 | 36945-000. | 3.75 |
| 36901-000. | 2.65 | 36946-000. | 3.60 |
| 36902-000. | 2.70 | 36949.000. | 3.50 |
| 36903-000. | 3.30 | 36950-000. | 3.85 |
| 36904-000. | 3.50 | 36951 -000. | 2.35 |
| 36905-000 | 2.90 | 36952-000. | 2.75 |
| 36906-000. | 2.70 | 36953-000. | 2.55 |
| 36907-000. | 3.10 | 36954-000. | 2.95 |
| 36908-000. | 2.95 | 36955-000. | 2.35 |
| 36909-000. | 3.60 | 36956-000. | 2.90 |
| 36910-000. | 3.00 | 36957-000. | 2.55 |
| $36911-000$. | 3.10 | 36958-000. | 3.80 |
| 36912-000. | 2.85 | 36959-000. | 2.50 |
| 36913-000. | 2.90 | 36961-000. | 2.80 |
| 36914-000. | 3.50 | 36962.000. | 4.15 |
| 36915-000. | 3.60 | 36963-000. | 2.65 |
| 36916-000. | 1.40 | 36965-000. | 3.70 |
| 36917-000 . | 2.95 | 36967-000. | 2.40 |
| 36918-000 . | 3.25 | 36969-000. | 2.80 |
| 36919-000. | 3.75 | 36971.000. | 4.00 |
| 36920-000. | 1.45 | 36972-000. | 4.10 |
| 36921-000 . | 2.80 | 36973-000. | 4.00 |
| 36922-000. | 3.25 | 36974-000. | 3.85 |
| 36923-000. | 2.85 | 36975-000. | 3.70 |
| 36925-000 . | 2.90 | 36976-000. | 3.40 |
| 36926-000. | 3.80 | 36971-000. | 3.55 |
| 36927-000. | 3.60 | 36978-000. | 5.20 |
| 36928-000. | 3.40 | 36979-000. | 4.60 |
| 36929-000. | 3.85 | 36980-000. | 4.30 |
| 36930-000. | 3.30 | 36986-000. | 2.25 |
| 36931-000. | 3.80 | 36987-000. | 1.90 |
| 36932-000. | 3.25 | 36988-000. | 1.95 |
| 36933-000. | 3.45 | 36989-000. | 2.25 |
| 36834-000. | 3.40 | 36990-000. | 2.45 |
| 36935-000. | 3.35 | 208536-000. | 3.10 |
| 36936-000. | 3.25 | 211002.000. | 3.00 |
| 36937-000 . | 3.45 | 211428-000. | 1.40 |
| 36938-000. | 3.55 |  |  |


| Relays Only |  | 190 Type Relays |  | Coils Only | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stock No. | Code | Price | Stock No. |  |  |
| 802772.000 | 192A. | \$ 4.45 | 12233-000 |  | 2.50 |
| 802773-000 | 193A. | 4.00 | 12234-000 |  | 1.50 |
| 802774-000 | 193BB | 4.30 | 12234-000. |  | 1.50 |
| 802775-000 | 194A. | 3.65 | 12235-000. |  | 1.65 |
| 802776.000 | 194C. | 3.85 | 12235-000. |  | 1.65 |
| $803052-000$ | 194-1-BB. | 4.35 | 12235-000. |  | 1.65 |
| 802777-000 | 195A. | 4.10 | 12265-000. |  | 2.20 |
| 200580-000 | 197BB. | 4.20 | 19075-000 |  | 1.40 |
| 802950-000 | 198A. | 4.40 | 21587-000 |  | 2.50 |
| 802778-000 | 199BB | 4.30 | 12234-000. |  | 1.50 |

## PRICE INFORMATION

## 200 Type Relays

The prices specified for the 200 type relays cover relay lome cach appring comblination as follows:

| Stock No. | Code | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12504.000 | A. | \$ . 40 |
| 12505-000 | B. | . 40 |
| 12506.000 | C. | . 60 |
| 12507-000 | D. | . 80 |
| 12510-000 | G. | 1.05 |
| 12895-000 | H. | . 70 |
| 208011-000 | J. | . 80 |
| 12749-000 | K. | . 65 |
| 12900-000 | L. | . 70 |
| 13953-000 | M. | . 80 |
| 13954.000 | N. | . 95 |
| 13796-000 | O. | 1.20 |
| 28794.000 | Q | . 70 |
| 30214-000 | R. | . 85 |
| 49149-000 | U. | 1.20 |
| 13624-000 | AY. | . 50 |
| 13409-000 | BY. | . 50 |
| 14042-000 | CY. | . 70 |
| 12508.000 | EY. | . 70 |
| 12509-000 | FY. | . 85 |
| 29381-000 | HY. | . 80 |
| 28873-000 | NY.. | . 90 |
| 19359-000 | PY.. | . 95 |
| 35270-000 | QY. | . 90 |
| 202345-000 | SY.. | . 80 |
| 31082-000 | TY. | . 90 |

NOTE: These prices on Spring Combinations apply only when assombled with complote relays. When sold separataly, add $50 \%$ to above pricen.
When relaya are mounied in factory, add $\$ .30$ per relay.
When used as a restoring relay in combination with 300 X type relays, the letter $X$ should be added to code number. Regular armature in then replaced with epecial armature (Sik. No. 12901). Add $\$ .35$ per relay.

| Code | Prices Rollay | Coll Only |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | lese Springs | Stock No. | Price |
| 201. | . . $\$ 3.50$ | 12276-000. | . $\$ 2.05$ |
| 202. | 3.50 | 12277-000. | 2.05 |
| 203. | 3.60 | 12278-000. | 2.15 |
| 204. | 3.60 | 15491-000. | 2.15 |
| 205. | 3.70 | 12280-000. | 2.25 |
| 206. | 3.80 | 12266-000. | 2.35 |
| 207. | 3.80 | 12261-000. | 2.45 |
| 208. | 3.90 | 12281-000. | 2.45 |
| 209. | 4.00 | 12282000. | 2.55 |
| 210. | 4.30 | 12283-000. | 2.85 |
| 212. | 5.00 | 30005-000. | 3.60 |
| 213. | 3.70 | 15435-000. | 2.25 |
| 214. | 4.00 | 15436-000. | 2.65 |
| 215. | 5.00 | 32846-000. | 3.60 |
| 218. | 4.45 | 201054000. | 3.15 |
| 219. | 4.40 | 34947-000. | 2.95 |
| 221. | 4.00 | 12286-000. | 3.30 |
| 222. | 4.90 | 12287-000. | 3.50 |


| Code | Price Relay | Coll Only |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | less Springs | Stock No. | Price |
| 223. | . . $\$ 5.00$ | 12288-000. | \$ 3.60 |
| 224. | 5.15 | 12289-000. | 3.70 |
| 225. | 5.30 | 12290-000. | 3.80 |
| 226. | 4.70 | 12291-000. | 3.30 |
| 227. | 5.00 | 12292-000. | 3.60 |
| 228. | 4.70 | 12293-000. | 3.30 |
| 229. | 5.30 | 12294-000: | 3.80 |
| 231. | 5.15 | 12293-000. | 3.70 |
| 232. | 5.00 | 12296-000. | 3.60 |
| 241. | 4.45 | 12297-000. | 3.00 |
| 241.1 | 4.45 | 33856-000. | 3.00 |
| 242. | 4.65 | 12298-000. | 3.25 |
| 242-1. | 4.65 | 33857-000. | 3.25 |
| 243. | 4.35 | 15197-000. | 2.90 |
| 243.1. | 4.65 | 37012-000. | 3.25 |
| 244. | 4.45 | 15198-000. | 3.00 |
| 245. | 4.75 | 15199-000. | 3.35 |
| 246. | 4.25 | 15200-000. | 2.80 |
| 247. | 4.55 | 15201-000. | 3.15 |
| 248. | 4.55 | 15202-000. | 3.15 |
| 249. | 4.85 | 29743-000. | 3.45 |
| 251. | 5.15 | 15203-000. | 3.70 |
| 251-1. | 5.15 | 39351-000. | 3.70 |
| 251-2. | 5.30 | 211883-000. | 3.80 |
| 252. | 4.80 | 15204-000. | 3.40 |
| 252.1 | 4.90 | 42782-000. | 3.50 |
| 253. | 4.90 | 15205-000. | 3.50 |
| 254. | 5.30 | 17809-000. | 3.80 |
| 2541. | 5.30 | 202006-000. | 3.80 |
| 255. | 5.40 | 15207-000. | 3.90 |
| 255-1 | 5.40 | 203192-000. | 3.90 |
| 256. | 4.90 | 15208-000. | 3.50 |
| 257. | 4.90 | 15209-000. | 3.50 |
| 258. | 5.15 | 15210000. | 3.60 |
| 259. | 4.70 | 15211-000. | 3.30 |
| 261. | 4.10 | 15429-000. | 2.65 |
| 262. | 4.20 | 15430-000. | 2.75 |
| 263. | 4.30 | 15431-000. | 2.85 |
| 264. | 4.40 | 15432-000. | 2.95 |
| 265. | 3.80 | 15433-000. | 2.45 |
| 266. | 4.00 | 202167.000. | 2.55 |
| 267. | 4.50 | 202453-000. | 3.10 |
| 274. | 5.40 | 15217-000. | 3.90 |
| 275. | 5.40 | 16480.000. | 3.90 |
| 276. | 5.40 | 202007-000. | 3.90 |
| 277. | 5.50 | 202008.000. | 4.00 |
| 278. | 5.60 | 202009-000. | 4.10 |
| 279. | 5.50 | 201174-000. | 4.00 |
| 281. | 5.40 | 15218000. | 3.90 |
| 291. | 5.05 | 15219-000. | 3.65 |
| 292. | 5.20 | 33757-000. | 3.75 |
| 293. | 5.35 | 33855-000. | 3.85 |
| 295. | 4.50 | 28366-000. | 3.10 |
| 296. | 4.60 | 28365-000. | 3.20 |
| 297. | 4.70 | 28367-000. | 3.30 |
| 298. | 5.00 | 32845-000. | 3.60 |
| 299. | 4.70 | 38501-000. | 3.30 |

## PRICE INFORMATION

## 300 Type Relays


#### Abstract

The prices specified for the 300 type relays cover relay less springs and to arrive at the price of complete relay, add for each spring combination as follows:


| Stock No. | Code | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13253-000 | A. | \$1.15 |
| 13258-000 | B. | 1.00 |
| 13260-000 | C. | 1.35 |
| 13265-000 | X. | . 65 |


| Code No. | Price Relay less Springs | Slock No. | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 306. | . \$ 5.05 | 15220-000 | \$ 2.30 |
| 307. | 5.40 | 15221.000 | 2.65 |
| 313. | 5.85 | 15222-000 | 2.90 |


| 340 Type Relays |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Code No. |  | Price Complefe |
| 343CC. |  | . 21.00 |
| 344C. |  | 21.00 |
| 345C. |  | 21.00 |
| 346C. |  | 21.00 |
| 347CC. |  | 21.00 |
| 348CC. |  | 21.00 |
| 349 C . |  | 21.00 |

360 Type Relays


370 Type Relays
372. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Prices on Application

## 375 Type Relays

Prices on Application


## PRICE INFORMATION



## PRICE INFORMATION

Ringers (Cont'd)

| Stock No. | Code | Price | Stock No. | Code | Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 803478-000 | 62J. | \$ 5.40 | 201754-000 | 65C. | \$ 5.65 |
| 803481-000 | 62K | 5.40 | 201755-000 | 657. | 5.65 |
| 803482.000 | 62 L . | 5.40 | 207690-000 | 71A. | 4.55 |
| 803483-000 | 62M. | 5.40 | 202100-122 | 718. | 4.55 |
| 803480-000 | 62N. | 5.40 | 207728-000 | 72R. | 5.20 |
| 803484-000 | 629. | 5.40 | 207730-000 | 72F.. | 5.20 |
| 205984-000 | 620. | 5.40 | 207731-000 | 72G. | 5.20 |
| 803485-000 | 62R. | 5.40 | 207732-000 | 72H. | 5.20 |
| 206726-000 | 62 Mr . | 5.40 | 207738-000 | 721. | 5.20 |
| 206727-000 | 62MG. | 5.40 | 207740-000 | 72J. | 5.20 |
| 206728-000 | 62MH. | 5.40 | 207734-000 | 72k. | 5.20 |
| 206729-000 | 62MJ. | 5.40 | 207735-000 | 72L. | 5.20 |
| 206730-000 | 62MK. | 5.40 | 207736-000 | 72M. | 5.20 |
| 206731-000 | 62ML. | 5.40 | 207729-000 | 72N. | 5.20 |
| 206732-000 | 62MM | 5.40 | 207737-000 | 72P. | 5.20 |
| 206733-000 | 62MP. | 5.40 | 207739-000 | $72 Q$. | 5.20 |
| 206734-000 | 62MQ. | 5.40 | 207733-000 | 72R. | 5.20 |
| 47417-000 | 64 E . | 5.70 | 202100.117 | 73E. | 5.20 |
| 47416-000 | 647. | 5.70 | 202100.133 | 73F.. | 5.20 |
| 47415-000 | 64G. | 5.70 | 202100-150 | 73G. | 5.20 |
| 47413-000 | 64H. | 5.70 | 202100-167 | 73H. | 5.20 |
| 47418-000 | 641. | 5.70 | 202100-120 | 731. | 5.20 |
| 47414-000 | 64J. | 5.70 | 202100-160 | 73 J. | 5.20 |
| 47423-000 | 64K. | 5.70 | 202100-130 | 73x. | 5.20 |
| 47422-000 | 64L. | 5.70 | 202100-142 | 73L. | 5.20 |
| 47421.000 | 64M. | 5.70 | 202100-154 | 73M. | 5.20 |
| 47412 -000 | 64N. | 5.70 | 202100-125 | 73N. | 5.20 |
| 47420-000 | 64 P . | 5.70 | 202100.166 | 73P. | 5.20 |
| 209429-000 | 64Q. | 5.70 | 202100.140 | 732. | 5.20 |
| 47419-000 | 64R. | 5.70 | 202100-116 | 73R. | 5.20 |
| 201753-000 | 65A. | 5.65 | $202100-188$ | 74A. | 4.55 |
| 202880-000 | $65 B$. | 5.65 | 202100-177 | 74B. | 4.55 |

NOTE: The above ringers do not include gongs. If ringers are ordered with gongs, add $\$ .50$ for all types, except the No. 35 type ringer, in which case $\$ 1.50$ should be added to the above prices.

| Stock No. | PRICE INFORMATION |  |  | Issue Date: 7-13-59 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Code Tele | s, Common Bo |  |  |
| Suspended Ty | pe Tolephones | Rochestor, Chleago | Aflanta, Kansas City | San francisco |
| 210957-000 | 1532. | \$ 21.50 . | \$ 21.75. | \$ 22.00 |
| 210958-000 | 1532-M. | 18.75. | 19.00 | 19.25 |
| 210959-000 | 1533. | 27.50. | 27.75 | 28.00 |
| 210960-000 | 1533-M. | 24.00. | 24.25. | 24.50 |
| 210932-000 | 1533-MK. | 26.30. | 26.55 | 26.80 |
| 210961-000 | 1534.... | 16.70 | 16.95. | 17.20 |
| 210962-000 | 1534-M. | 15.40. | 15.65. | 15.90 |
| Special Type Telephones |  |  |  |  |
| 211749-000 | 1544. | 16.30. | 16.60. | 16.90 |
| 211750-000 | 1544-B. | 17.90. | 18.20. | 18.50 |
| 211758-000 | 1544-C. | 25.90. | 25.50. | 25.80 |
| 211759-000 | 1544-K Lers Ringer. | 21.25. | 21.55. | 21.85 |
| 211751-000 | 1544-P Less Ringer... | 14.70 | 15.00. | 15.30 |
| 212573-000 | 1574W with Desk Dial. | 28.60. | 28.90. | 29.20 |
| Wall Type Telephone |  |  |  |  |
| 200791-409 | I553W With Ringer as Specified. | 22.95. | 23.25. | 23.55 |
| To the above price for wall telephone |  |  |  |  |
| ADD: For color \$2.00 |  |  |  |  |
| For dial (Blaok) \$6.15 |  |  |  |  |
| For dial (Color) \$6.25 |  |  |  |  |
| For two-step operation \$1.10 |  |  |  |  |
| For super-imposed ringing tube $\$ 3.75$ |  |  |  |  |
| DEDUCT: for Less Ringer \$3.45 |  |  |  |  |
| Desk Type Telephones |  |  |  |  |
| 200830-288 | 1543-WAK. | 23.10. | 23.40. | 23.70 |
| 200830-277 | 1543-WBK. | 23.10. | 23.40 . | 23.70 |
| 200830-217 | 1543-WEK. | 23.10. | 23.40 . | . 23.70 |
| 200830-233 | 1543-WFK. | 23.10. | 23.40 . | 23.70 |
| 200830-250 | 1543-WGK | 23.10. | 23.40 . | 23.70 |
| 200830-267 | 1543-WHK. | 23.10. | 23.40 . | 23.70 |
| 200830-220 | 1543-WIK. | 23.10 . | 23.40 . | 23.70 |
| 200890-260 | 1543-WJK. | 23.10. | 23.40 . | 23.70 |
| 200830-230 | 1543-WKK. | 23.10. | 23.40 . | . 23.70 |
| 200830-242 | 1543-WLK. | 23.10. | 23.40. | . 23.70 |
| 200830-254 | 1543-WME | 23.10. | 23.40 . | 23.70 |
| 200830-223 | 1543-WNK. | 23.10. | 23.40 . | . 23.70 |
| 200830-266 | 1543-WPK. | 23.10. | 23.40. | 23.70 |
| 200830-240 | 1543-WQK. | 23.10. | 23.40 . | 23.70 |
| 200830-216 | 1543-WRS. | 23.10. | 23.40 . | . 23.70 |
| 219328-000 | 1573WA. | 56.90. | 57.20. | . 57.50 |
| 200792-209 | 1576-W. | 46.95. | 47.25. | 47.55 |
| To the above prices for Desk type Telephones |  |  |  |  |
| ADD: For color \$2.00 |  |  |  |  |
| For dial (Black) \$6.15 |  |  |  |  |
| For dial (Color) \$6.25 |  |  |  |  |
| For two-step operation \$1.10 |  |  |  |  |
| For super-imposed ringing tube $\$ 3.75$ |  |  |  |  |
| DEDUCT: For Less Ringer \$3.45 |  |  |  |  |

## PRICE INFORMATION

## Telephones, Convenience Systems

| Stock No. | Code | Rochestor and Chicago | Kansas City and Atlanta | San Francisco |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 202298-000 | 1270. | \$ 33.10. | \$ 33.60. | \$ 34.00 |
| 202299-000 | 1271. | 38.95. | 39.45. | 39.85 |
| 202300-000 | 1272. | 40.50. | 41.00 | 41.40 |
| 211117-000 | 1575-A Less Dial. | 63.40. | 64.05. | 64.70 |
| 219323-000 | G-1575-WAl Less Dial available in standard colors. | 67.40. | 68.00. | 68.65 |
| 211143-000 | 1575-B Less Dial. | 65.45. | 66.10. | 66.75 |
| 219325-000 | G-1575.WB1 Less Dial |  |  |  |
|  | available in standard colors. | 69.45. | 70.05. | 70.70 |



|  |  | Telephones, Ironclad | F.O.B. Rochester |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 802017-000 | 8901 |  | \$106.25 |
| 802018-000 | 8901 |  | 106.25 |
| 207657-000 | 950C. |  | 80.45 |
| $\dagger 202133-476$ | 950-D |  | 86.00 |

NOTE: On above telephones plunger lock is standard. For No. 8468-000 Key Lock, add \$3.35.

## PRICE INFORMATION

*Telephone-Exfension Ringer Boxes

| Stock No. | Code | Rochestor and Chicago | Kansas City and Atlanta | San Francisco |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 209959-000 | 1561 Less Ringer. | \$ 5.30. | . 5.50 | \$ 5.70 |
| 209973-000 | 1561-A. | 8.75 | 8.95. | 9.15 |
| 210900-000 | 1561-AH. | 8.75 | 8.95 | 9.15 |
| 210901-000 | 1561-AL. | 8.75 | 8.95 | 9.15 |
| 210923-000 | 1561-C. | 8.75 | 8.95 | 9.15 |
| 209961-000 | 1561-E. | 8.75 | 8.95 | 9.15 |
| 209962-000 | 1561-F. | 8.75 | 8.95 | 9.15 |
| 209963-000 | 1561-G. | 8.75 | 8.95 | 9.15 |
| 209965-000 | 1561.H. | 8.75 | 8.95 | 9.15 |
| 209960-000 | 1561-I. | 8.75 | 8.95 | 9.15 |
| 209964-000 | 1561-J. | 8.75 | 8.95 | 9.15 |
| 209967-000 | 1561-K. | 8.75 | 8.95. | 9.15 |
| 209968-000 | 1561-L. | 8.75 | 8.95 | 9.15 |
| 209969-000 | 1561-M. | 8.75 | 8.95 | 9.15 |
| 209966-000 | 1561-N. | 8.75 | 8.95 | 9.15 |
| 209970-000 | 1561-P. | 8.75. | 8.95. | 9.15 |
| 209972-000 | 1561-Q. | 8.75 | 8.95 | 9.15 |
| 209971-000 | 1561-R. | 8.75 | 8.95 | 9.15 |

*The above ringer boxes are also available in gray at an additional cost of $\$ 1.00$ each.

Telephone, Desk Set Ringer Boxes

| 210883-000 | 1560 Less Ringor. | \$ 8.50 . | 8.70 | \$ 8.90 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 210897-000 | 1560-A. | 11.95 | 12.15 | 12.35 |
| 210885-000 | 1560.E. | 11.95. | 12.15. | 12.35 |
| 210886-000 | 1560.7. | 11.95. | 12.15. | 12.35 |
| 210887-000 | 1560-G. | 11.95. | 12.15. | 12.35 |
| 210889-000 | 1560-H. | 11.95. | 12.15 . | 12.35 |
| 210884-000 | 1560-I. | 11.95. | 12.15. | 12.35 |
| 210888-000 | 1560-J. | 11.95. | 12.15. | 12.35 |
| 210891-000 | 1560-K | 11.95. | 12.15. | 12.35 |

## PRICE INFORMATION

| Terminal Blocks |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stock No. |  | Price |
| 202300-106 | Less than 25. | \$ . 45 each |
|  | 25 and over. | . 40 each |
| 11046-000 | 1-A. | . 50 each |
| 11058-000 | 7-A. | 1.50 each |
| 802384-000 | 18-A | . 50 each |
| 201339-000 | 16-A | 1.10 each |



| Terminal Strips |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 802400-000 | 44. |  | \$ 7.85 |
| 802401-000 | 45. |  | 8.80 |
| 802402-000 | 46.. |  | 10.15 |
| 802403.000 | 49. |  | 7.70 |
| 802418-000 | 68. |  | 4.65 |
| 802420000 | 70.. |  | 3.25 |
| 802421-000 | 71. |  | 4.50 |
| 802422-000 | 72.. |  | 2.00 |
| 802423-000 | 73.. |  | 2.75 |
| 802424-000 | 74.. |  | 3.55 |
| 802425-000 | 75. |  | 4.10 |
| 802426-000 | 76.. |  | 4.95 |
| 802427-000 | 77. |  | 3.90 |
| 802428-000 | 78. |  | 4.90 |
| 802429-000 | 79.. |  | 5.85 |
| 802430-000 | 80. |  | 6.20 |
| 802431-000 | 81. |  | 7.25 |
| 802432-000 | 82. |  | 8.65 |
| 802438-000 | 88. |  | 10.35 |
| 207089-000 | 92.. |  | 5.30 |
| 207090-000 | 93.. |  | 7.85 |
| 207091-000 | 94. |  | 9.80 |
| 207092-000 | 95.. |  | 11.15 |
| 203311-000 | 101. |  | 1.95 |
| 203312-000 | 102. |  | 2.60 |
| 203313-000 | 103. |  | 3.15 |
| 203314-000 | 104. |  | 3.70 |
| 203315-000 | 105. |  | 4.20 |
| 203316-000 | 106. |  | 5.00 |
| 203317-000 | 107. |  | 4.80 |
| 203318-000 | 108. |  | 5.95 |



## PRICE INFORMATION

| Terminal Strips (Cont'd) |  |  |  | Tools (Cont'd) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Stock No. | Code |  | Price |
| 203340-000 | 160. |  | \$23.50 | 29372-000 | 64. |  | \$ 30 |
| 203351-000 | 161. |  | 6.15 | 34048-000 | 65. |  | 2.75 |
| 203352-000 | 162. |  | 8.90 | 34049-000 | 66. |  | 2.70 |
| 203353-000 | 163. |  | 11.15 | 212477-000 | 69. |  | 4.80 |
| 203354.000 | 164. |  | 14.20 | 201092-000 | 70 |  | 4.55 |
| 203355-000 | 165. |  | 16.60 | 36372-000 | 72. |  | 3.85 |
| 203356-000 | 166. |  | 20.15 | 36371-000 | 73. |  | 3.35 |
| 203357.000 | 167. |  | 22.40 | 36377-000 | 74. |  | 3.75 |
| 203358-000 | 168. |  | 24.35 | 203401-000 | 75. |  | . 50 |
| 203359-000 | 169. |  | 25.65 | 204742-000 | 76. |  | 4.50 |
| 203350-000 | 170. |  | 29.35 | 204954-000 | 77. |  | 6.65 |
| 212800-000 | 180. |  | 5.50 | 205683-000 | 78. |  | 2.70 |
| 212801-000 | 181. |  | 6.95 | 207625-000 | 79. |  | . 95 |
| 212802-000 | 182. |  | 8.50 | 207628-000 | 82. |  | . 10 |
| 212803-000 | 183. |  | 10.40 | 207629-000 | 83. |  | 2.25 |
| 212804-000 | 184. |  | 12.05 | 892499-000 | 84. |  | 2.75 |
| 212805-000 | 185. |  | 13.60 | 209441-000 | 85. |  | 4.75 |
| 212806-000 | 186. |  | 15.20 | 209442-000 | 86. |  | 7.45 |
| 212807-000 | 187. |  | 16.55 | $209444-000$ | 88. |  | 8.50 |
| 212808-000 | 188. |  | 18.30 | 209445-000 | 89. |  | 3.75 |
| 212809-000 | 189. |  | 19.60 | 209446-000 | 90. |  | 18.75 |
| 212810-000 | 190. |  | 21.00 | 209447-000 | 91. |  | 6.40 |
| 212811-000 | 191. |  | 5.00 | 209449-000 | 93. |  | 1.65 |
| 212812-000 | 192. |  | 6.30 | 210187-000 | 95. |  | 25.00 |
| 212813-000 | 193. |  | 7.70 | 210188-000 | 96. |  | 25.00 |
| 212814-000 | 194. |  | 10.30 | 210189-000 | 97. |  | 6.00 |
| 212815-000 | 195. |  | 10.75 | 211712-000 | 98. |  | 15.00 |
| 212816-000 | 196. |  | 12.20 | 212013-000 | 99. |  | 2.80 |
| 212817.000 | 197. |  | 13.45 | 802498-000 | 100. |  | 2.70 |
| 212818-000 | 198. |  | 14.55 | 213803-000 | 102. |  | 4.80 |
| 212819.000 | 199. |  | 16.05 | 212756-000 | 103. |  | 12.00 |
| 212820-000 | 200. |  | 17.20 | 213818.000 | 104. |  | 1.30 |
| 212821-000 | 201. |  | 18.40 | 213819-000 | 105. |  | 1.60 |
|  |  |  |  | 218169-000 | 107 |  | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  | 211209-000 | 265C |  | 3.75 |
| Tools 3.15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 802456-000 | 2. |  | 1.25 |  |  | Transmitters |  |
| 802457-000 | 7. |  | 6.95 | 802522-000 |  |  |  |
| 802465-000 | 24. |  | 2.85 | 802523.000 | 21. |  | 8.60 8.30 |
| 10438-000 | 36. |  | 2.70 | 802525-000 | 22. |  | 6.50 |
| 12077-000 | 42. |  | 2.85 | 28920-000 | 23. |  | 2.65 |
| 802474.000 | 44. |  | 5.90 | 205784-000 | 27. |  | 2.65 3.50 |
| 802475-000 | 45. |  | 2.25 | 210279-000 | 29. |  | 3.50 1.75 |
| 13372-000 | 47. |  | . 30 | 211969-000 | 30 |  | 1.70 |
| 802482-000 | 53. |  | 1.05 | 211909-000 | 30 |  | 1.20 |
| 802483-000 | 54. |  | 6.95 |  |  |  |  |
| 802485-000 | 56. |  | . 65 |  |  |  |  |
| 16646-000 | 62. |  | 3.25 |  |  | Visual Signals |  |
| 23877-000 | 63. |  | 1.40 | Prices on app | ication. |  |  |

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[^0]:    The Sub-Base Assembly, showing generator, coil-capacitor unit and ringer. Used commonly on the 1248,1258 and 1268 instruments.

[^1]:    Steel Relay Cabinet for relays, fuses, and terminals

[^2]:    Base Section, No. 24809-000, Multiple Line Key Turret

[^3]:    Transmit Impedance
    600 ohms (Frequencies at 10.750 cycles per second and below are unbalanced. All others are balanced input \& output.)
    Output Level (Maximum). ......-1 dbm
    Space Requirement. . . . . . . . . . $37 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ of $19^{\prime \prime}$ rack

[^4]:    *Includes the resistance drop across the standard inter-cell connectors in series with the cell.

[^5]:    Other sizes obtainable upon request.

