M1A AND N1A RINGER

IDENTIFICATION AND MAINTENANCE

1.00 INTRODUCTION

This section covers identification and maintenance of the M1A and N1A ringer.

2.00 IDENTIFICATION

2.01 These ringers are high-impedance ringing bridges designed for internal use in telephone sets only.

2.02 The M1A (Fig. 1) and N1A (Fig. 2) ringers are single-coil, single-gong ringers. The coil is tapped, making party identification possible. The ringers are designed to operate in series with an 0.45-mf capacitor.

2.03 These ringers differ only in their mounting and volume-control facilities. There are three positions of volume control; high, low, and off. The off position is blocked by a factory placed machine screw. Remove the screw for ringercutoff feature. (See Fig. 3 and 4)



When replacing blocking screw, be sure volume control is in high-volume position to avoid breaking volume-control arm.

2.04 The 61A gong is eccentric. Clearance between gong and clapper shall be 0.010 to 0.020 inch. Resonator is built-in and needs no adjusting.

2.05 Bias spring is factory set in the high notch. It can be repositioned, as required, to either high or low notch with long-nose pliers.



Fig. 1 - M1A Ringer

Fig. 2 - N1A Ringer



Fig. 3 - N1A Ringer, Rear View



LOW TENSION



3.00 MAINTENANCE

- 3.01 When ringer fails to operate, check that:
 - Volume control is not in off position.
 - All leads are dressed away from movable parts or ringer gong.
 - All leads are tight and on their proper terminals.
 - Bias spring is correctly positioned.
 - Armature airgap is free of dirt or foreign material.
 - Ringer coil is not open or shorted. (See Fig. 5.)



Fig. 5 - Schematic of M1A and N1A Ringer