

KEY TELEPHONE SETS
STANDARD FEATURES AND OPTIONS
BASIC WIRING REQUIREMENTS

1. GENERAL

1.01 This section has been issued to present standard configurations of the various service features available in key telephone systems and note the conditions or limitations in their application.

1.02 For clarity, the schematics show only that portion of the circuit involved and in some instances, such as the TOUCH-TONE® dial or a network, in an abbreviated form. Detached contact format is used throughout.

1.03 In addition, terminals, lead colors, contacts, etc. have been designated only where there is assurance the designation is common in all cases. Where designations are not shown, variations exist and it will be necessary to refer to the Bell System Practice, SD, or other related data of the telephone set or apparatus involved.

1.04 Note should be taken that some leads, for instance A1 or AG ground, perform functions in more than one of the features making it necessary to interrelate some of the figures to avoid wiring errors.

1.05 Additional information on the various features can be found in the following:

- Multiline Exclusion—CD- and SD-69489-01
- 3-Type Speakerphone—CD- and SD-69403-01
- Station Busy Lamp—CD- and SD-69241-01, CD- and SD-69580-01
- Supplementary Hold—CD- and SD-69530-01
- Signaling—CD- and SD-69203-01
- Combining 1A and 1A1 or 1A2 KTS Line Circuits—CD- and SD-69495-01, CD- and SD-69497-01

For telephone set connections, refer to the section covering the specific set involved.

2. FEATURES

Exclusion

2.01 Two types of exclusion are available—single line (Fig. 1) using the exclusion switch in the telephone set and multiline (Fig. 2) using a 428A or 405A (MD) KTU. The KTU will handle two CO or PBX lines associated with 1A1 or 1A2 KTS.

2.02 Both methods of exclusion are under control of the line switch of the control station eliminating the possibility of the station being accidentally left excluded.

2.03 With either arrangement, A1 ground must be supplied directly to the excluded station(s) rather than under control of the exclusion feature to permit access to other lines that are not excluded.

2.04 Refer to Section 518-220-405 or SD-69489-01 for excluded station connections when furnishing the multiline feature.

Polarity Guard

2.05 Polarity guards should be inserted when authorized by local instructions to prevent reversal of line current in end-to-end signaling.

2.06 Polarity guards should be inserted in the telephone circuit as shown in Fig. 3 to prevent damage to the surge protector if the set dial has been disconnected, for instance for maintenance reasons, and the set is off-hook and connected to a line.

Speakerphone

2.07 Connections shown for speakerphone are divided into those showing transmission leads (Fig. 4 and 5) and control leads (Fig. 6 and 7).

2.08 Certain functions are performed in the dial of a speakerphone set that are not required in nonspeakerphone sets. In a rotary dial set this involves the second set of off-normal dial contacts terminated on the yellow leads which prevent clicks in the loudspeaker during on-hook dialing. In the TOUCH-TONE dial, the s, t contacts connect negative line voltage to the oscillator through the control unit for on-hook dialing and the q, p contacts open to remove the shunt across the level limiting resistor in series with the tip side of the line to the control unit (T1 lead).

2.09 Certain wiring precautions must be observed when multiplying sets wired for speakerphone. The T1, R1, IR or P3, IT or P4, LK and AG leads should be disconnected at or as close as possible to the set in those stations not having speakerphone. Even though none of the multiplied sets have speakerphone the leads involved should be disconnected. Failure to do so may result in:

- Tip and ring cross through the T1 and R1 leads (Fig. 8)
- False operation of an A relay through the AG lead (Fig. 9)
- Shorting the receiver input to the control unit, disabling the loudspeaker through the P3 and P4 leads (Fig. 10).

2.10 Separate speakerphone leads must be supplied between each station and its control unit.

2.11 For full speakerphone connections, refer to Division 512 for the particular telephone set involved.

Station Busy Lamp

2.12 This feature furnishes a visual indication to other locations anytime the station is off-hook or the speakerphone is turned on (Fig. 11).

2.13 A1 ground (1A1 or 1A2 KTS) or SG ground (1A KTS) is supplied to the BL lead under control of the line switch to light the dc lamp

directly or to operate an auxiliary relay (17B KTU) when it is desired to use 10 volt ac to light the lamp. Use of an auxiliary relay makes changing out of a line lamp in key telephone sets unnecessary. In the case of speakerphone operation the ground is returned over the AG lead from the control unit.

2.14 At 1A1 or 1A2 KTS installations, false operation of the busy lamp is possible if the station, though idle, has a line button depressed and another station having access to the same line grounds the A lead. To prevent this, all sets having busy lamp (except headset jack equipped CALL DIRECTOR® telephone sets) must be equipped with a diode as shown in Fig. 11A.

2.15 CALL DIRECTOR sets having headset jacks require the addition of a P-90D033 Printed Wiring Board Assembly instead of the diode (Fig. 12). If the set is not designed for concentrator use, the kit of parts is mounted in the set. Where a concentrator is used, the kit of parts is installed in the 235- or 236-type KTU and connected as shown in Section 518-310-405.

Signaling

2.16 Several forms of signaling are possible using the convertible line pickup buttons on key telephone sets. The first is regular signaling in which the line button is converted to nonlocking, one set of contacts being used as a pushbutton to operate a signal control circuit (Fig. 13). With this arrangement a separate button(s) is required for the intercommunicating circuit.

2.17 Common signaling (Fig. 14) uses one converted line button to signal over several intercom circuits. The A1 or SG ground used to operate the signal circuits should be under control of the line switch to prevent false signaling if the customer is toying with the common signaling key even though on-hook.

2.18 When the A1 ground is used for signaling arrangements, it cannot be used to directly operate an ac or dc buzzer. Instead the ground should be used to operate a signal control relay whose contacts in turn control the device.

Supplementary Hold

2.19 In 1A1 or 1A2 key systems, the standard hold is operated by removing the A1 ground at the hold key, giving a steady lamp or lamp wink visual signal. The supplementary hold requires a 429A or 406A (MD) KTU and a 430A or 408A (MD) KTU, and furnishes a distinctive lamp flutter signal which interrupts the lamp circuit 12 times per second.

2.20 Two versions of supplementary hold can be furnished:

(a) Priority hold (Fig. 15A) which is supplied per line so that all station appearances receive the distinctive lamp signal on hold. Priority hold requires a 599H key at all stations initiating the special hold and is therefore limited to sets using a 598- or 599-type key in the first module.

(b) "I" hold is supplied on a station basis so that only that station initiating the special hold receives the distinctive lamp signal. Any telephone set whose hold key can be rewired to transfer the A lead from ground to -24 volt dc on the SP lead as shown in Fig. 15B can be used for "I" hold. The 599H key is not required for this function but can be used. A separate detector circuit (one-half of the 429A or 406A (MD) KTU) must be supplied for each station having "I" hold.

Cutoff

2.21 Some telephone sets are equipped with a two position turnbutton as part of the 6-button key which has two sets of transfer contacts. The key can be used in any application requiring

circuit connection, cutoff, or transfer, some samples of which are shown in Fig. 16. The key is not self-restoring therefore cutoff circuits stand the chance of being accidentally disconnected if the control key is not manually restored. For this reason it may be better to use the exclusion key to perform these functions.

2.22 Some CALL DIRECTOR sets do not have all the cutoff key contacts wired to mounting cord conductors limiting its use. In this case it may be necessary to use the cutoff key to operate an auxiliary relay (Fig. 16D) with sufficient contacts to perform the desired functions.

Combining 1A and 1A1 or 1A2 KTS Line Circuits

2.23 Sets equipped with a single 6-button key cannot have 1A KTS line circuits intermixed on the key with 1A1 or 1A2 KTS because of the different hold operation.

2.24 General purpose CALL DIRECTOR sets, however, are wired to permit mixing of circuits within the set (Fig. 17) but only under the following conditions:

- 1A line circuits cannot be mixed with 1A1 or 1A2 on the same 6-line key unit.
- With mixed line circuits, the 1A1 or 1A2 circuits must appear on the first key units (from left to right as required) and the 1A circuits on succeeding key units.
- 1A1 KTS circuits should not be mixed with 1A2 circuits on the same CALL DIRECTOR set because of the difference in time-out functions.

SECTION 502-110-100

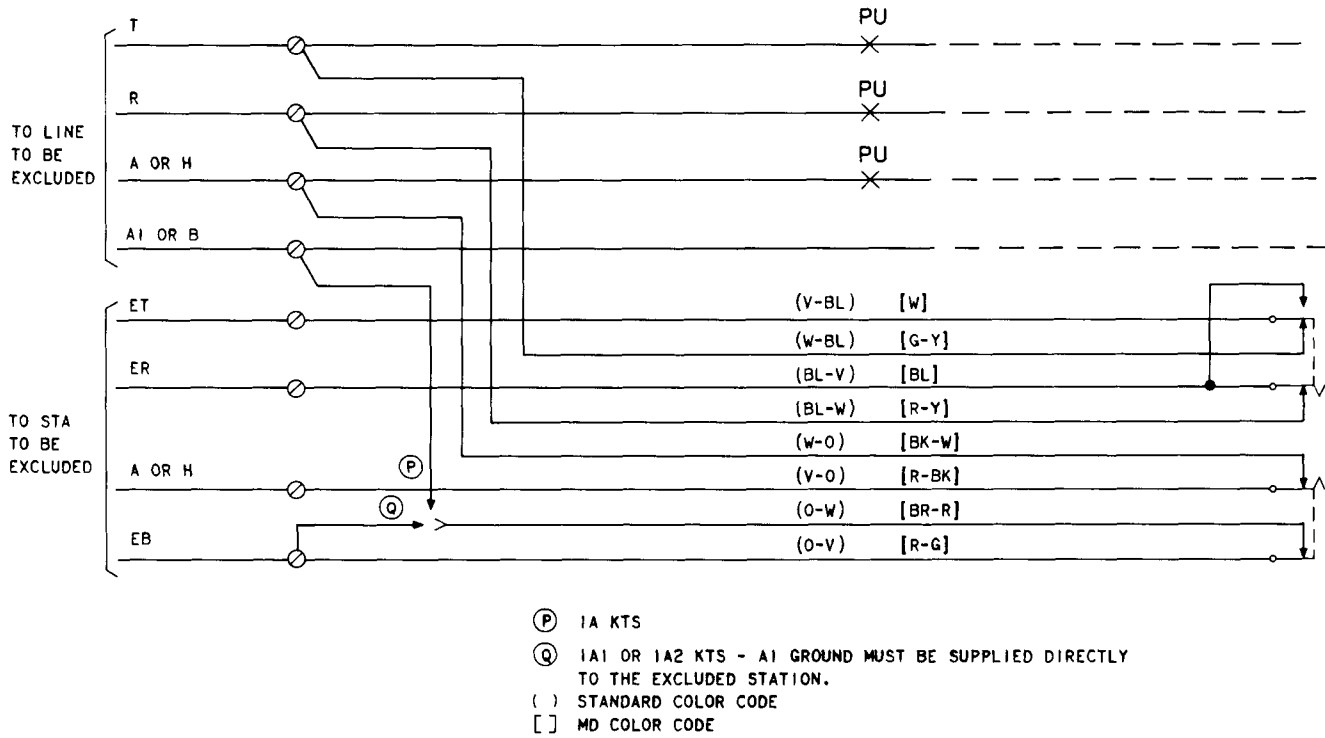


Fig. 1—Single Line Exclusion Using Switch in Telephone Set

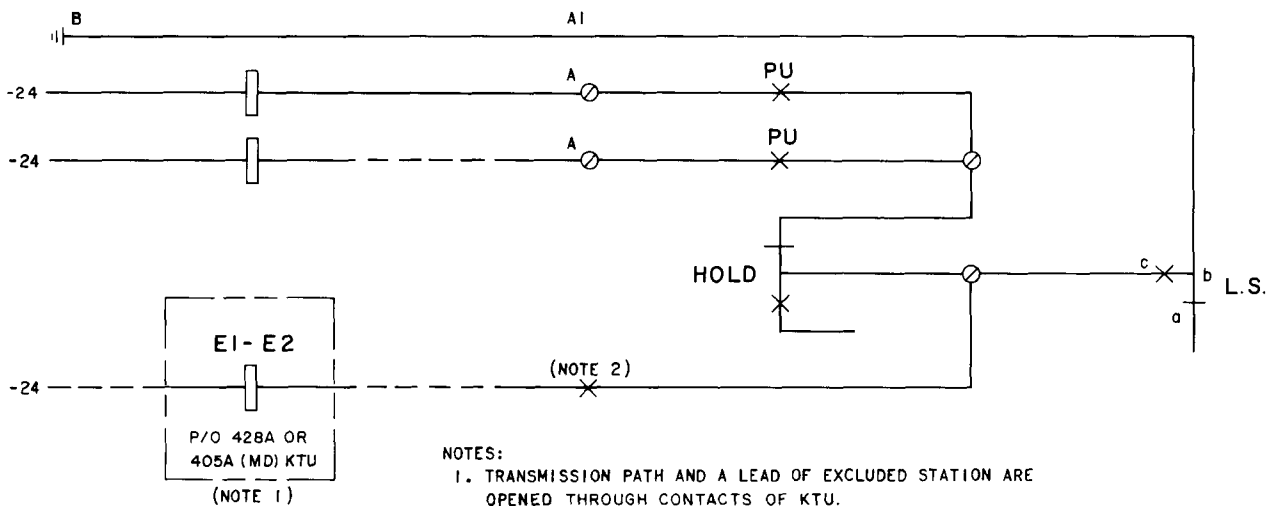
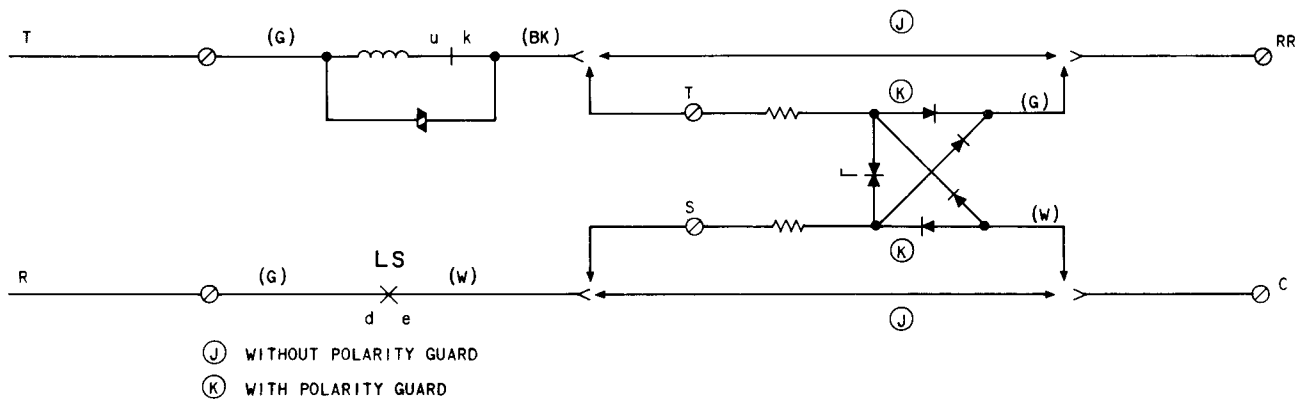
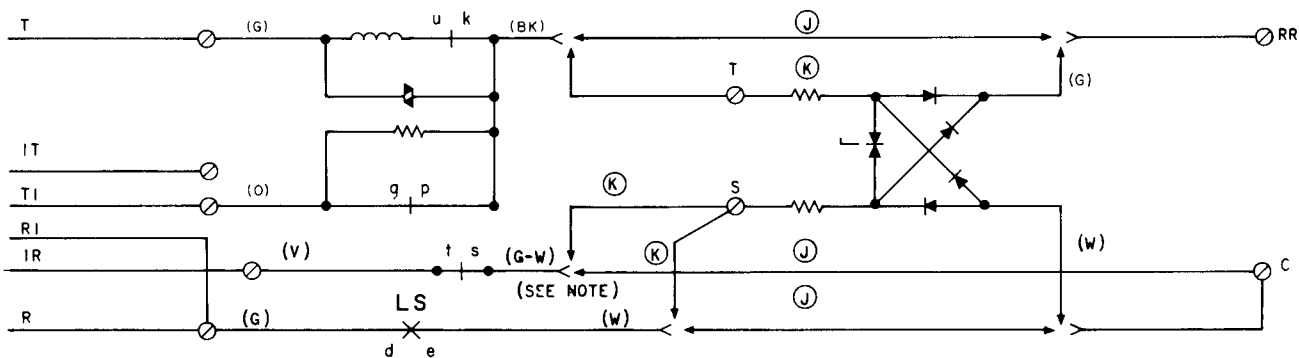


Fig. 2—Multiline Exclusion, Control Station for 1A1 or 1A2 KTS



A- WITHOUT SPEAKERPHONE



B- WITH SPEAKERPHONE

Fig. 3—Polarity Guard Connections

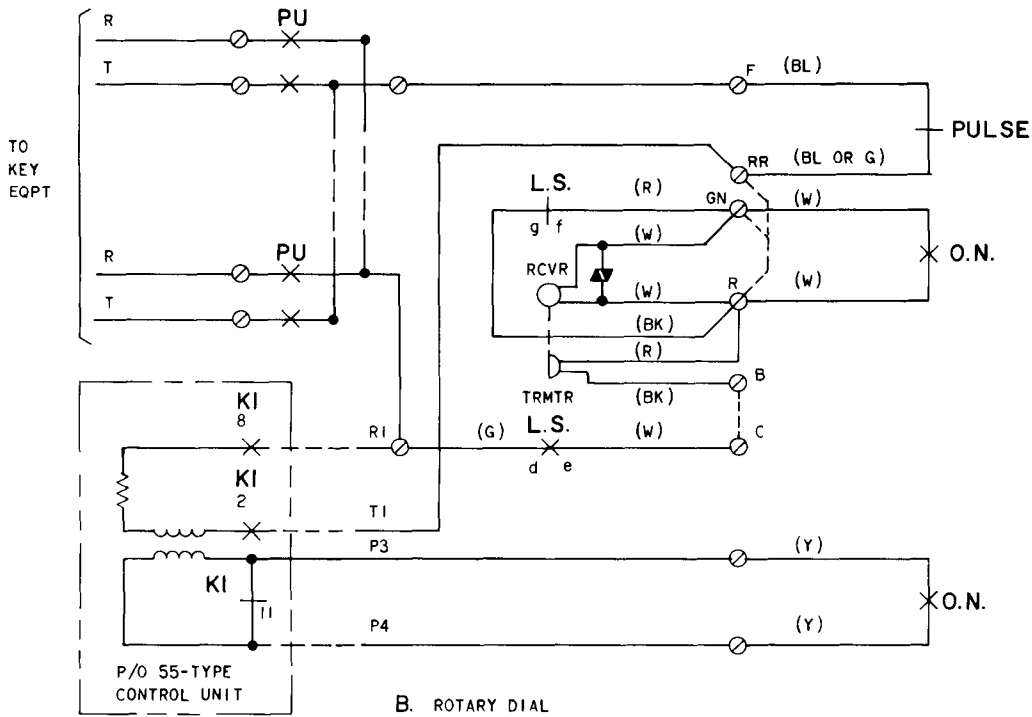
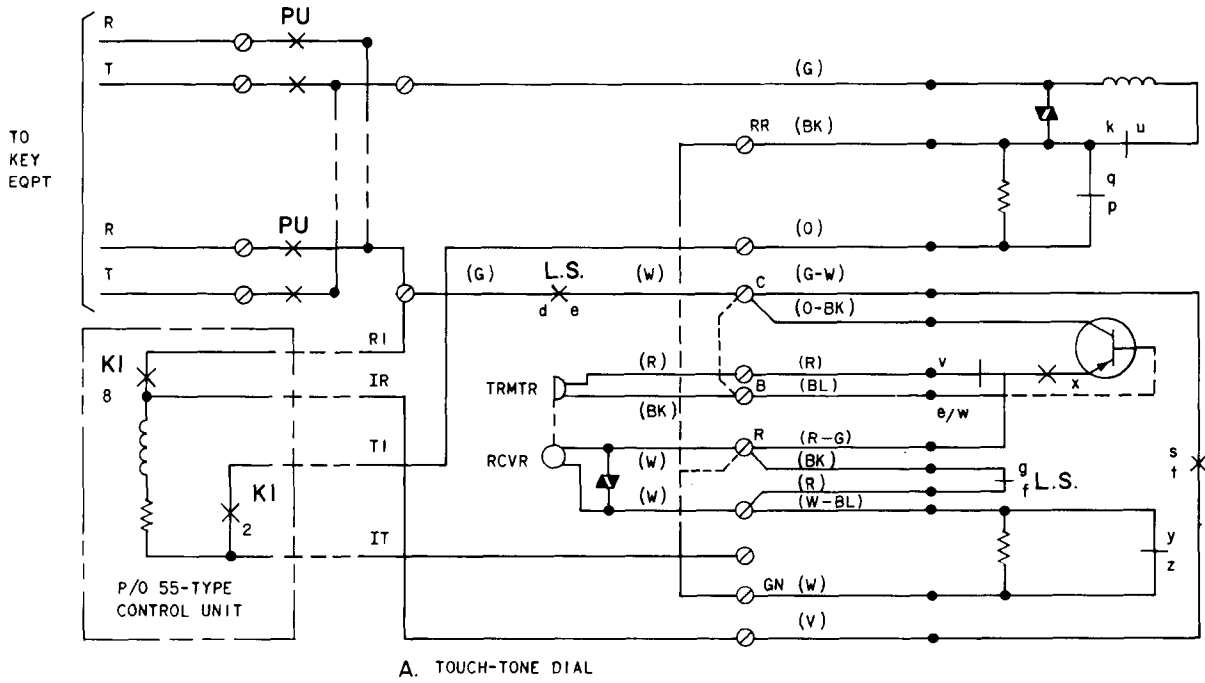


Fig. 4—Transmission Path, with Speakerphone, 1A1 or 1A2 KTS

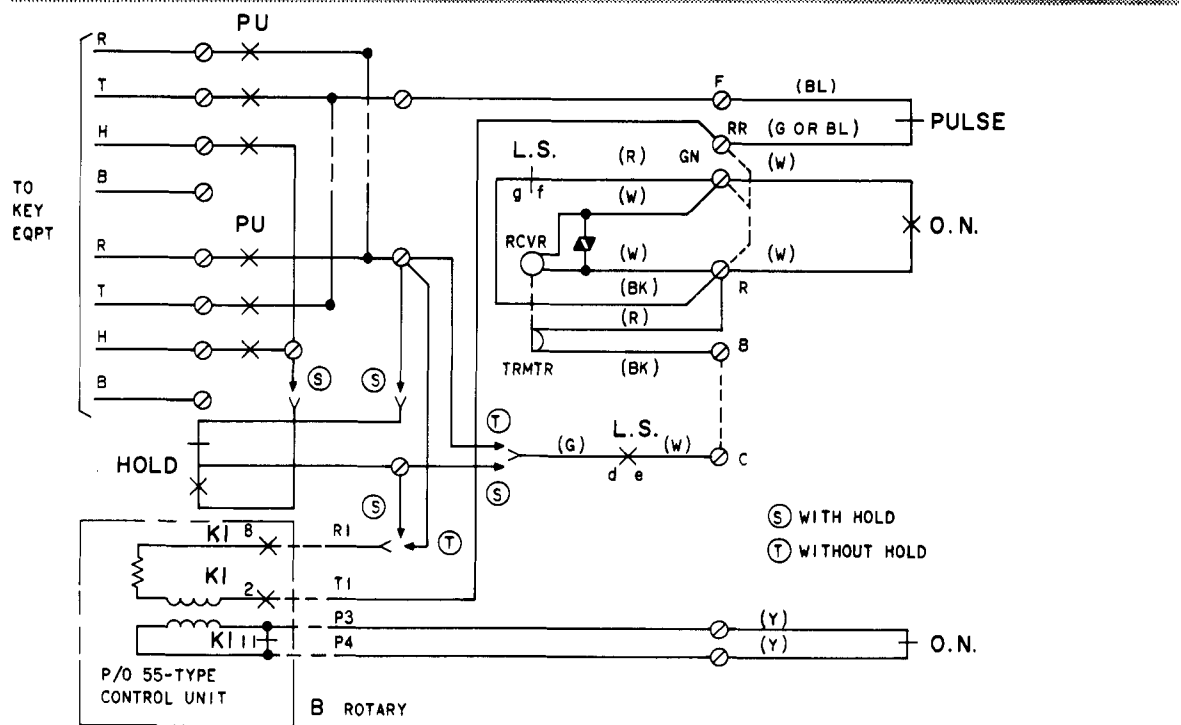
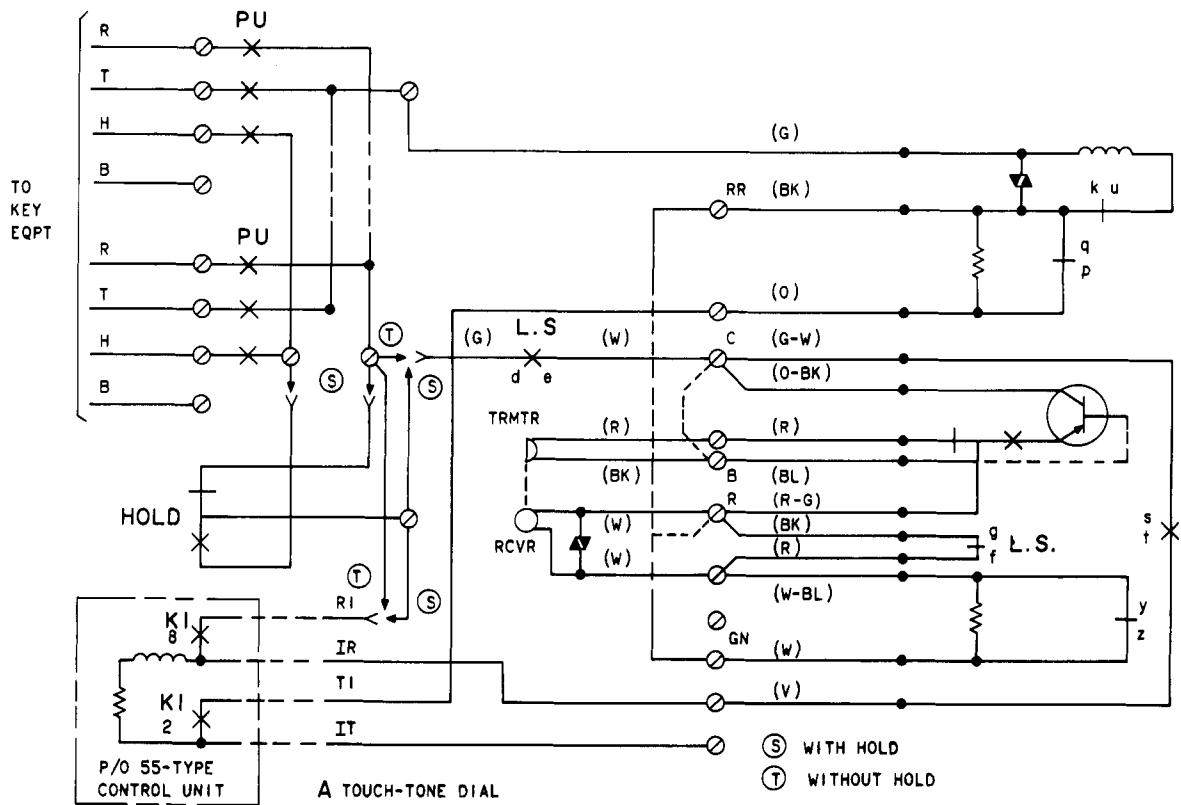


Fig. 5—Transmission Path with Speakerphone, 1A KTS

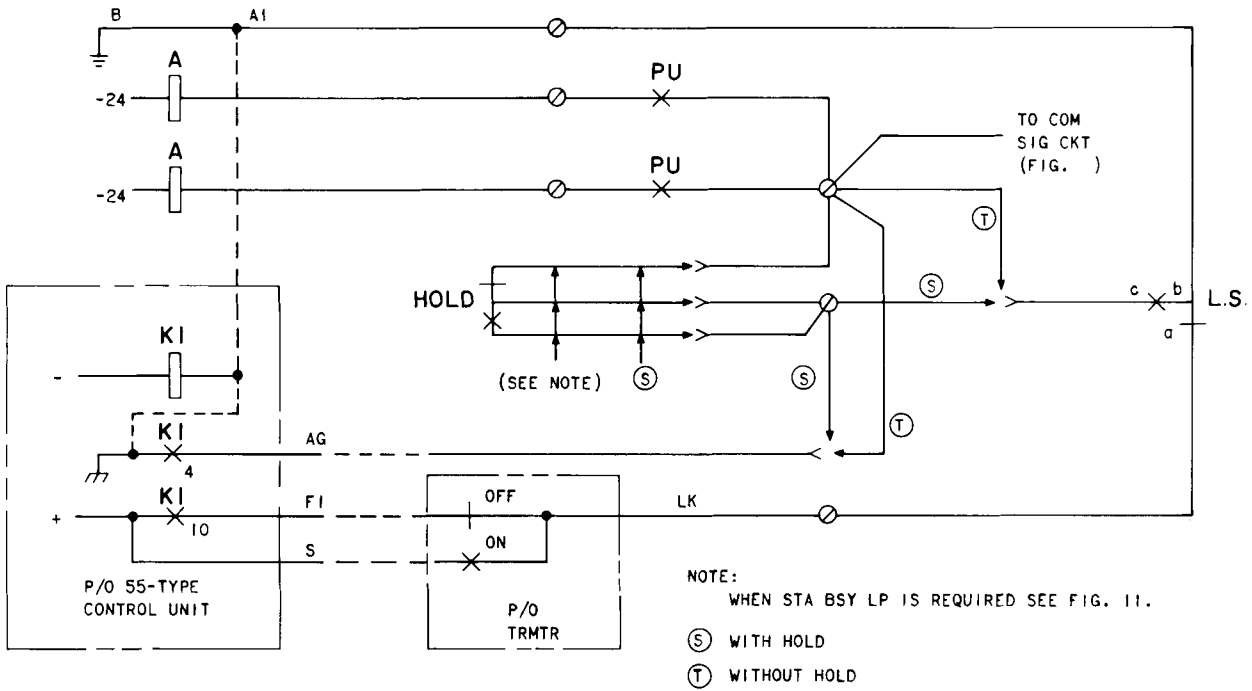


Fig. 6—A Lead and Speakerphone Control-1A1 or 1A2 KTS

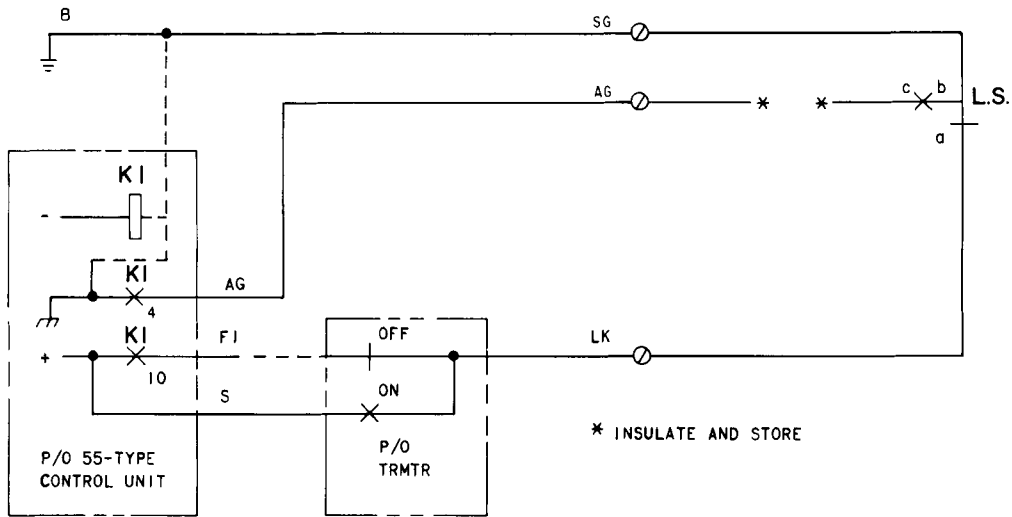


Fig. 7—Speakerphone Control, 1A KTS

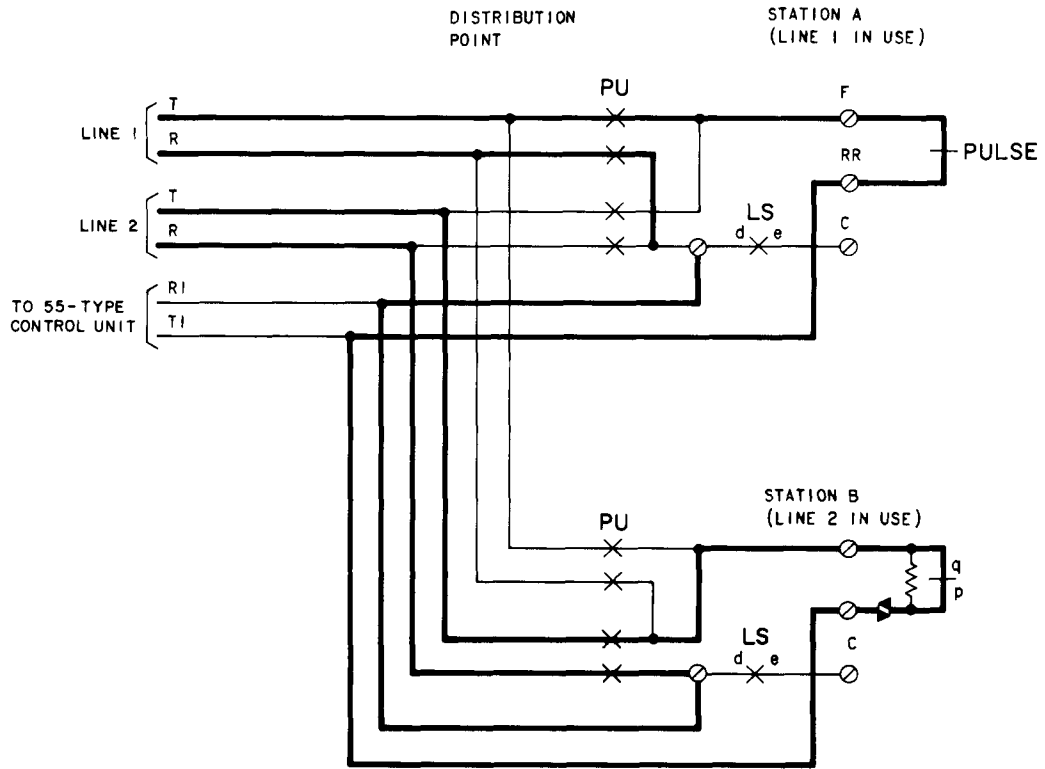
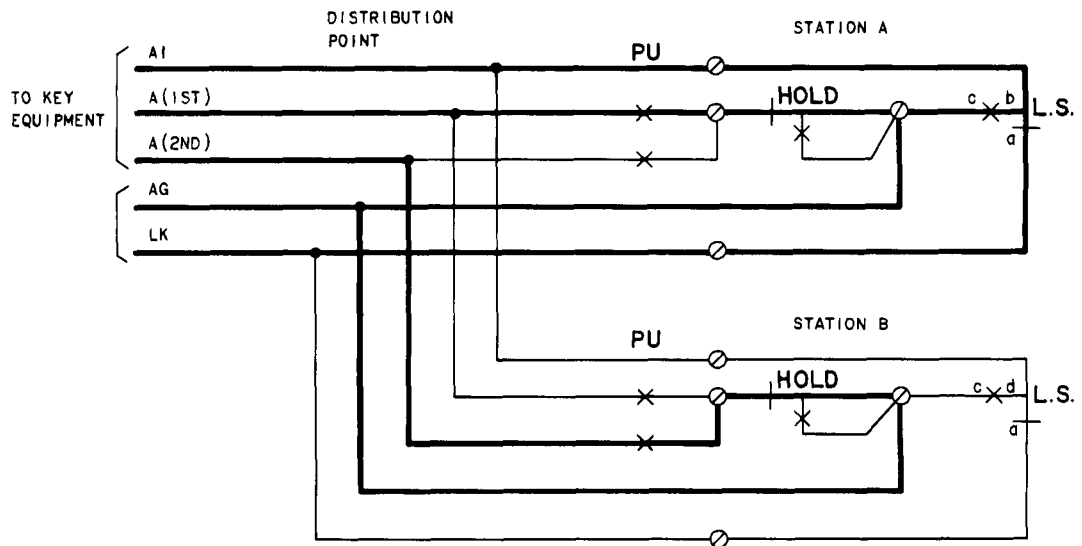
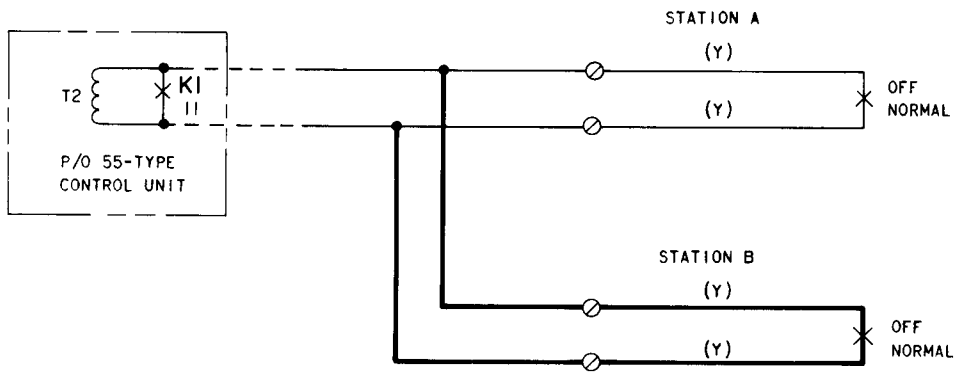


Fig. 8—Trouble Encountered When Speakerphone Transmission Leads are Multiplied



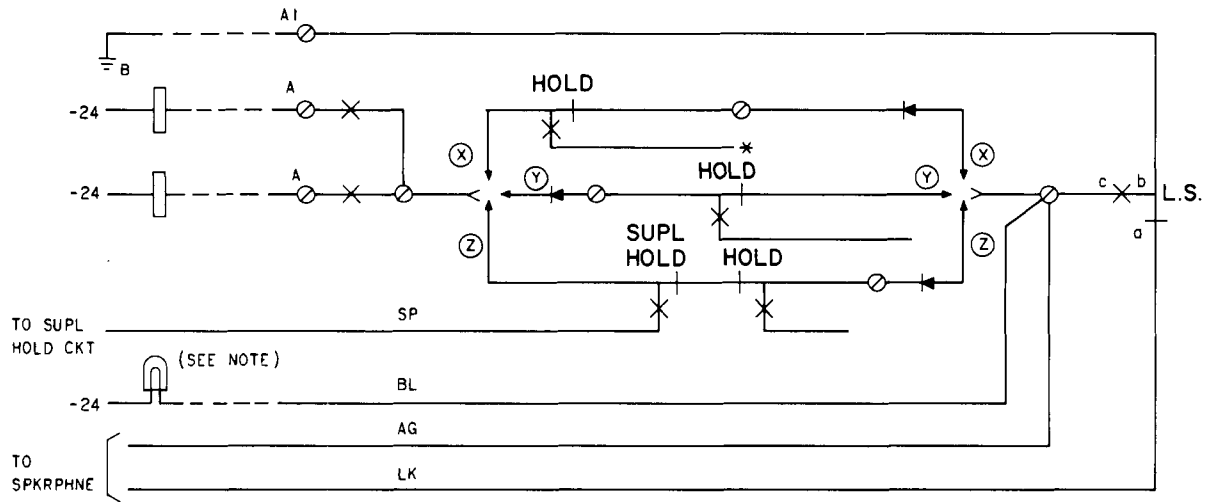
NOTE:
FALSE OPERATION OF 2ND LINE A RELAY CAUSED BY AI GRD FROM STATION A OVER AG LEAD OR AG GRD IF STATION A IS ON SPEAKERPHONE.

Fig. 9—Trouble Encountered When AG and LK Leads are Multiplied



NOTE:
RECEIVER INPUT OF SPEAKERPHONE SHUNTED OUT AT STATION A
WHILE STATION B IS DIALING.

Fig. 10—Trouble Encountered When P3 and P4 Leads are Multiplied

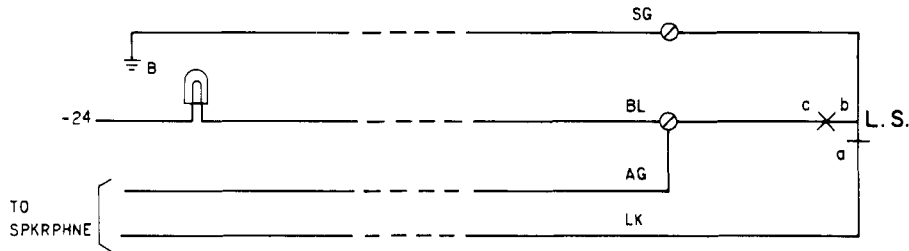


NOTE:

BL LEAD MAY BE WIRED DIRECTLY TO LAMP OR TO LAMP CONTROL RELAY (SD-69580-01)

- * CONNECT TO SP LEAD FOR "I" HOLD
- (X) AND (Y) ELECTRICALLY EQUIVALENT DIFFER ONLY IN ORDER DIODE AND HOLD KEY ARE WIRED. (X) WIRING MUST BE USED IF FURNISHING "I" HOLD. USE KS-15724, LI DIODE.
- (Z) SUPPLEMENTARY HOLD (599H KEY)

A- 1A1 OR 1A2 KTS



B- 1A KTS

Fig. 11—Station Busy Lamp, With Speakerphone

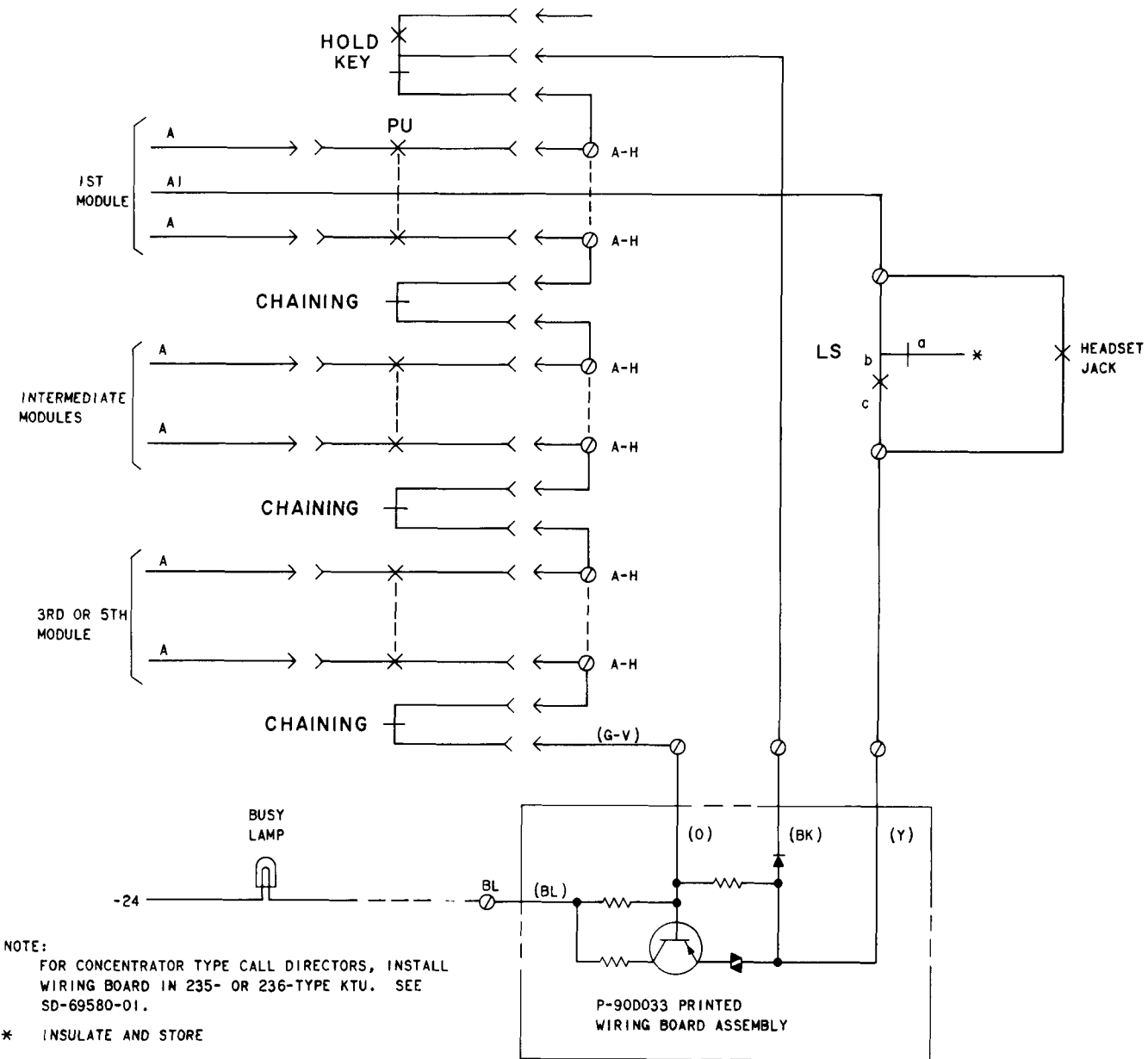
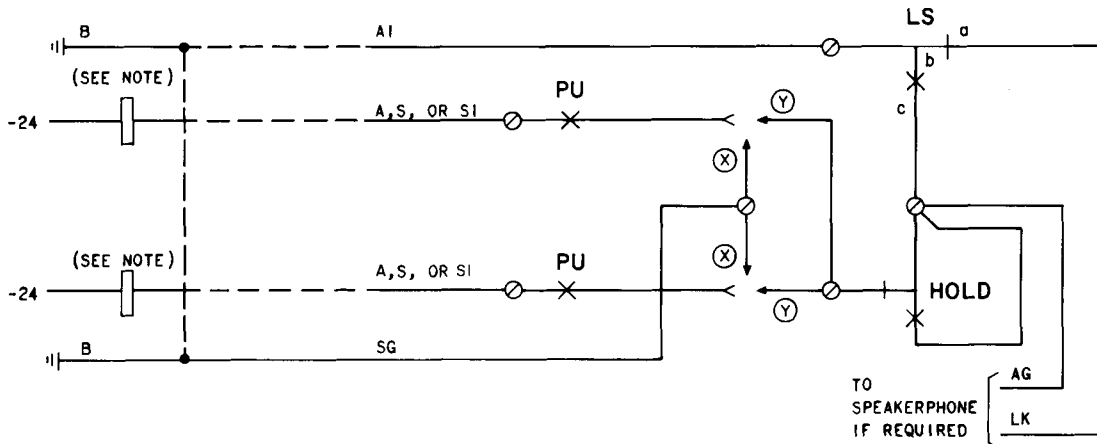


Fig. 12—Station Busy Lamp Circuit for Headset Jack Equipped CALL DIRECTOR Sets

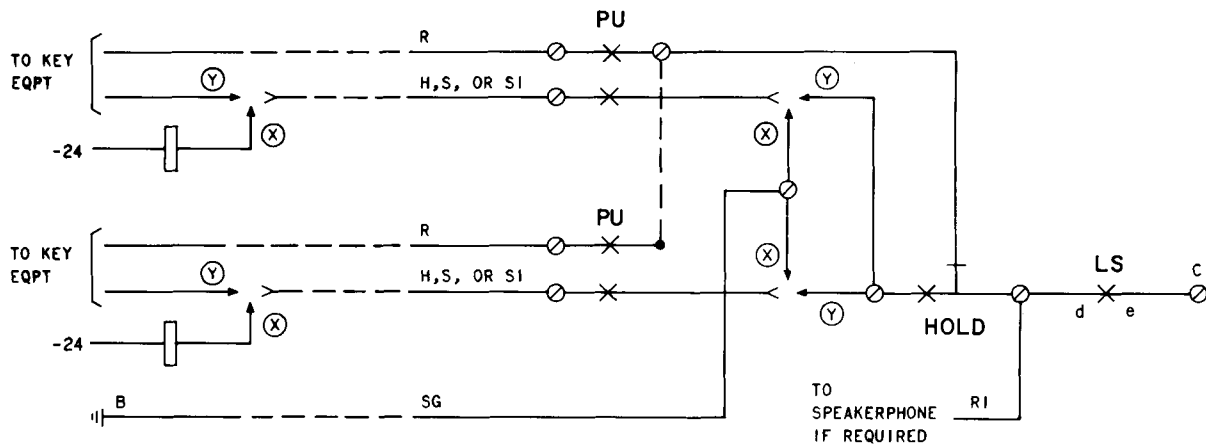


NOTE:
A RELAY IN LINE CIRCUIT OR SIGNAL CONTROL RELAY (SD-69203-01)

(X) SIGNALING-CONVERT KEY INVOLVED TO NON-LOCKING
(USE SIGNAL CONTROL RELAY)

(Y) A LEAD CONTROL

A. 1A1 OR 1A2 KTS



(X) SIGNALING-CONVERT KEY INVOLVED TO NON-LOCKING

(Y) HOLD

B. 1A KTS

Fig. 13—Signaling, Using Converted Line Pickup Buttons

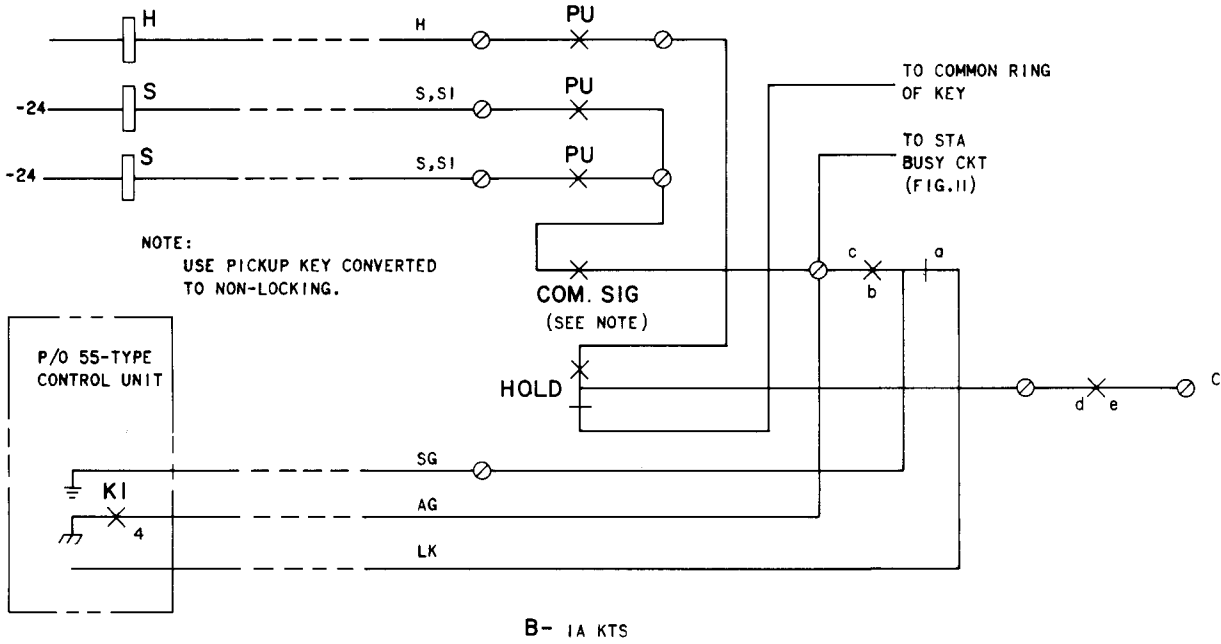
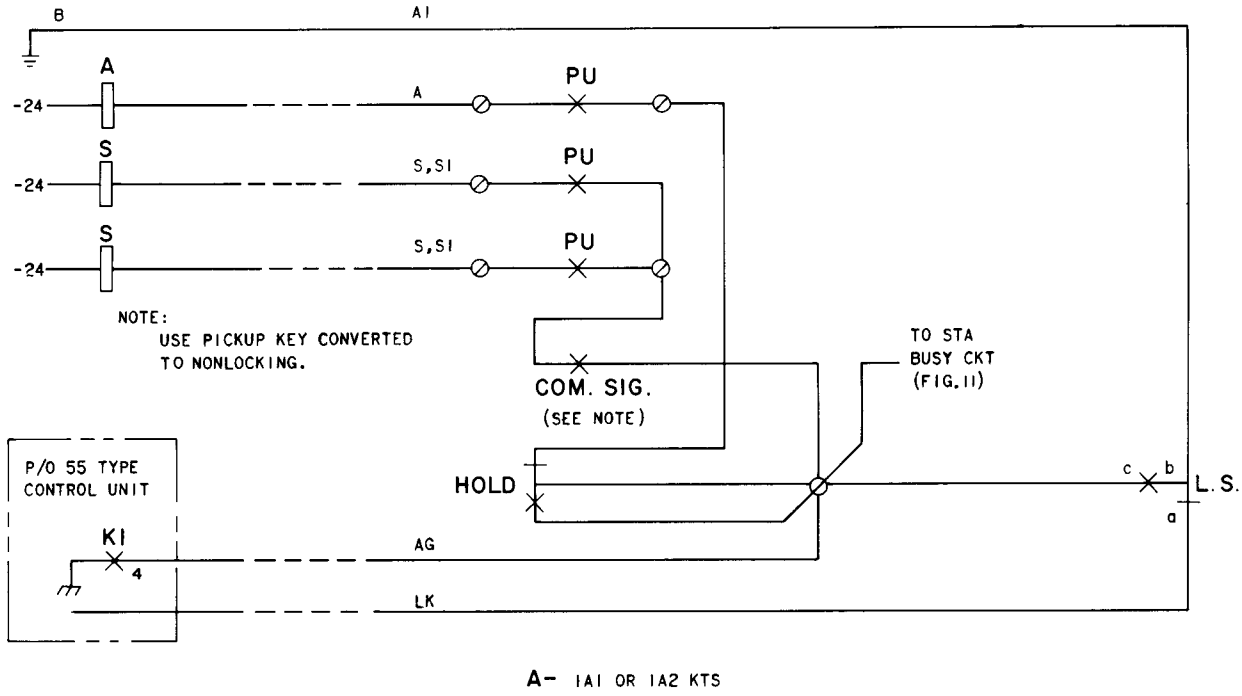
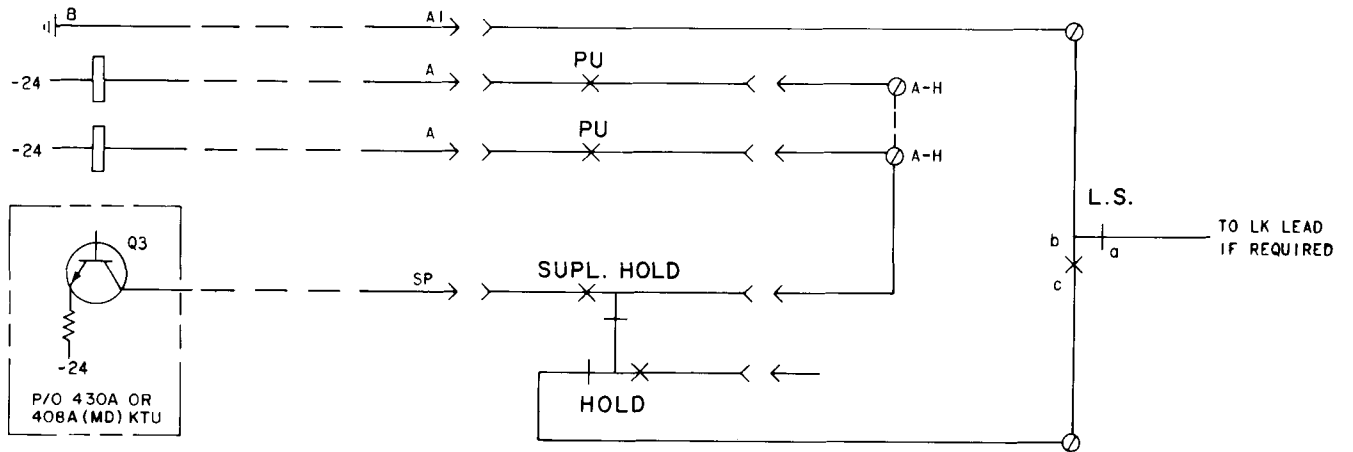
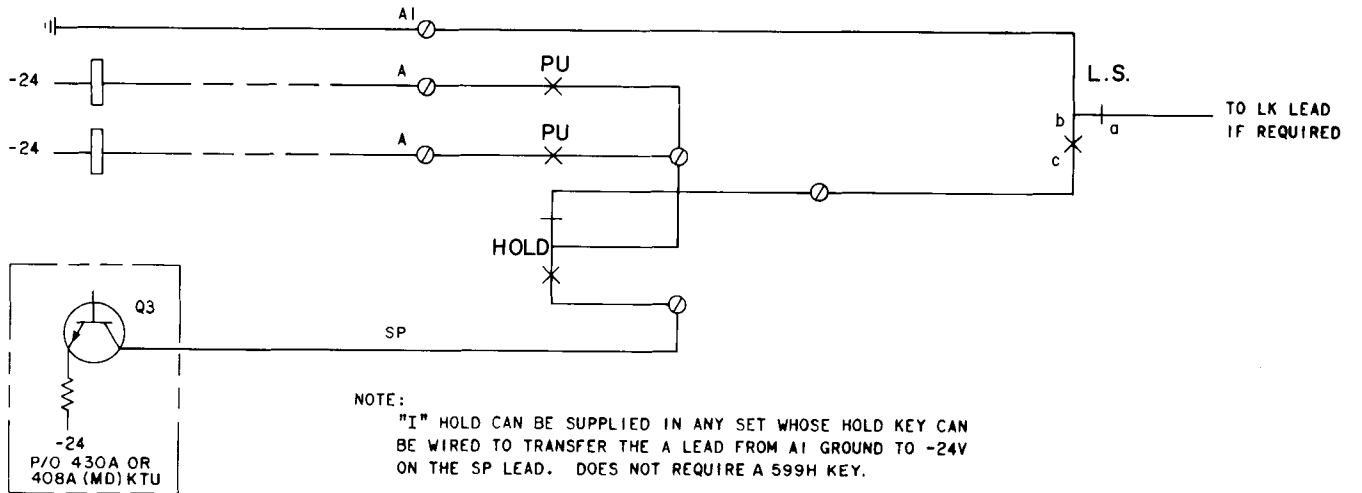


Fig. 14—Common Signaling Key Arrangements



NOTE:
 PRIORITY HOLD CAN BE SUPPLIED ONLY IN SETS EQUIPPED IN THE FIRST MODULE WITH A 598 OR 599 KEY WHICH MUST BE REPLACED WITH A 599H KEY.

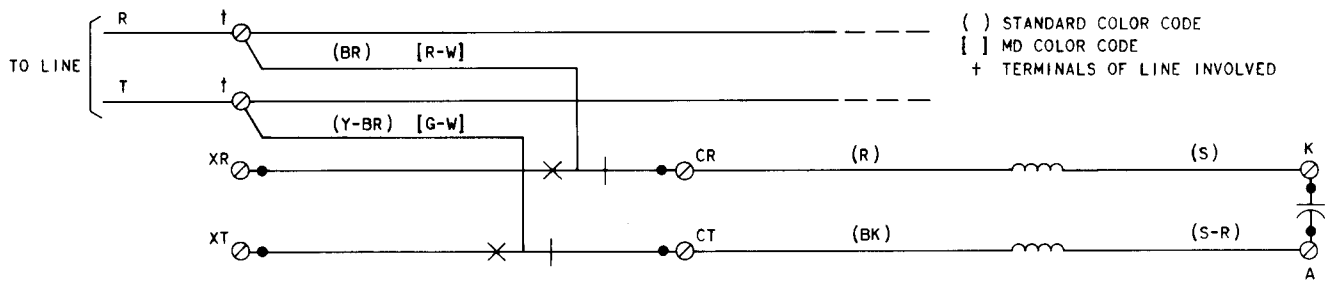
A. PRIORITY HOLD



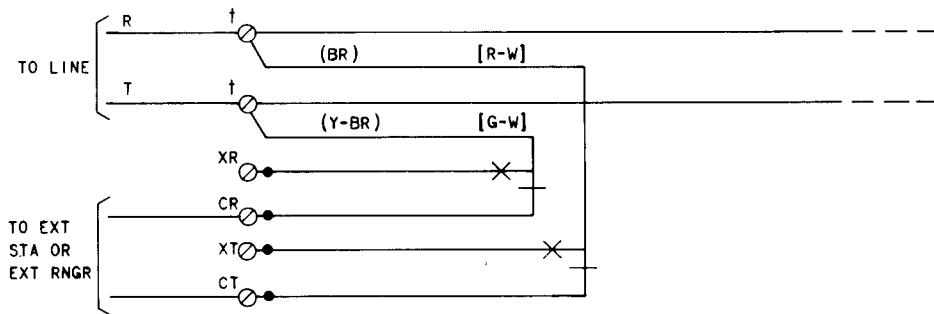
NOTE:
 "I" HOLD CAN BE SUPPLIED IN ANY SET WHOSE HOLD KEY CAN BE WIRED TO TRANSFER THE A LEAD FROM AI GROUND TO -24V ON THE SP LEAD. DOES NOT REQUIRE A 599H KEY.

B. "I" HOLD

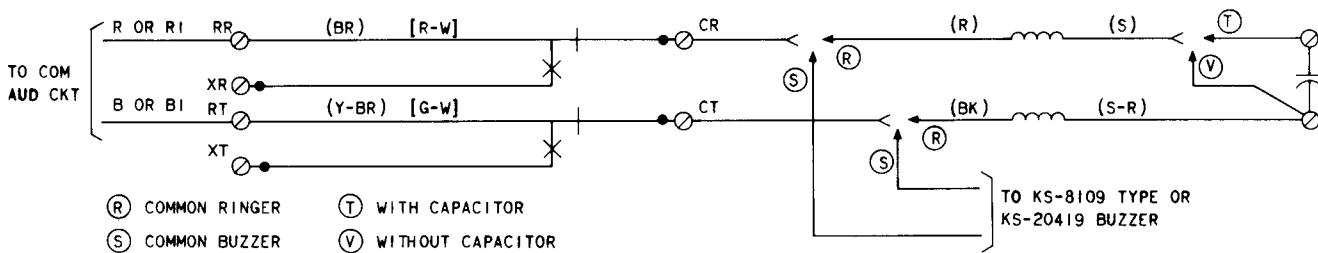
Fig. 15—Supplementary Hold Options for Use with 1A1 or 1A2 KTS



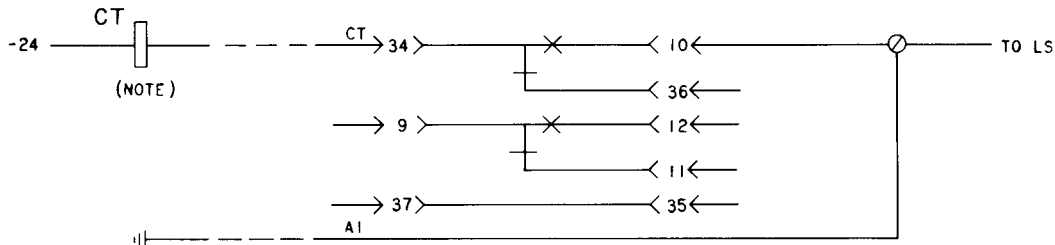
A. CUTOFF OF RINGER IN SET WHEN USED AS A LINE RINGER



B. CUTOFF OF EXTENSION STATION OR EXTENSION RINGER



C. CUTOFF OF COMMON AUDIBLE RINGER OR BUZZER IN SET



NOTE:
 USE AUX RELAY SUCH AS 29A, 227- TYPE, OR 421A KTU, CONNECT
 LEADS FROM BUZZER OR BELL AND KTS TO CONTACTS OF KTU.

D. TURNBUTTON (599B) IN CALL DIRECTOR USED AS CUTOFF

Fig. 16—Typical Turnbutton Circuit Arrangements

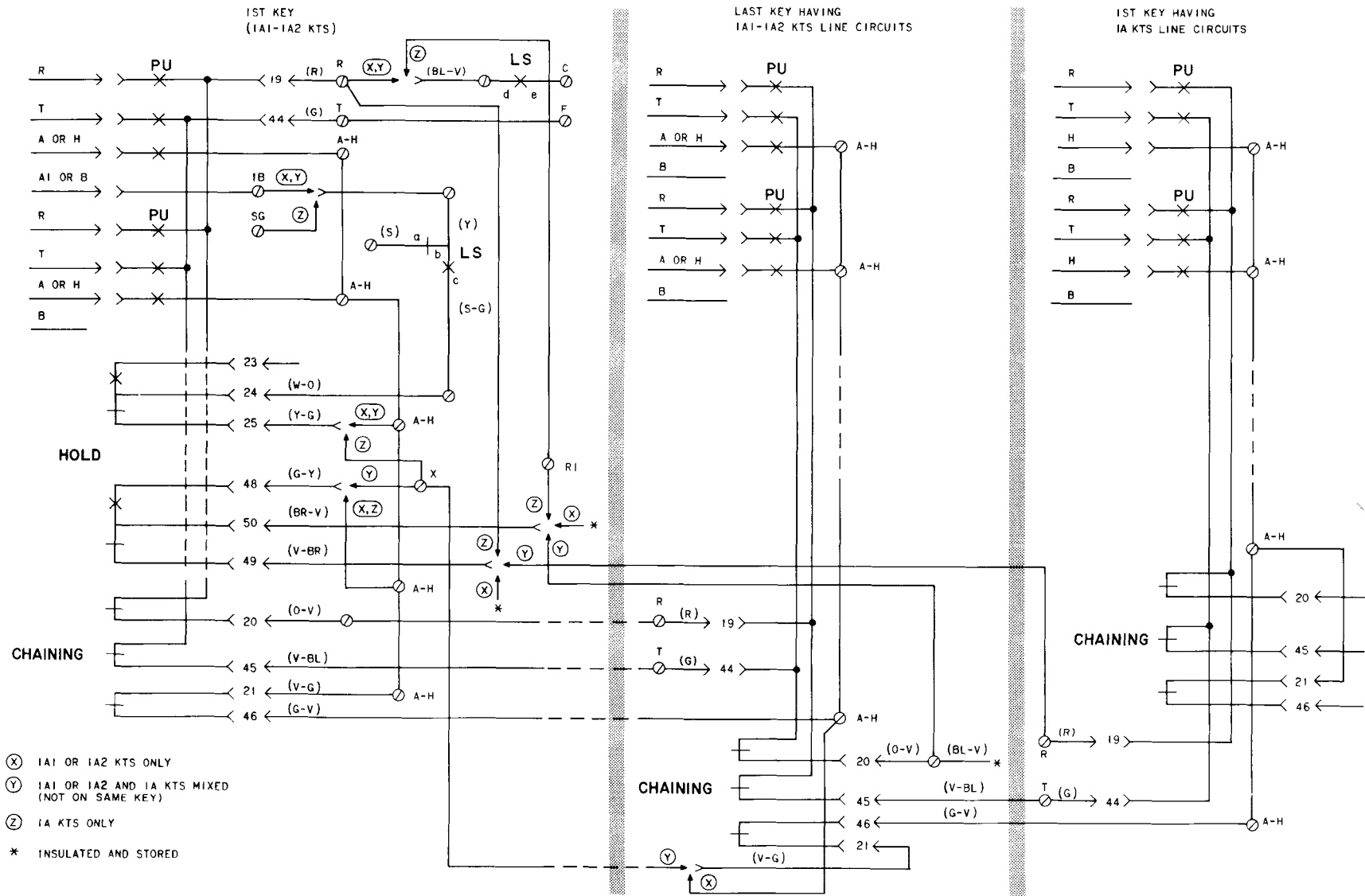


Fig. 17—Combining 1A and 1A or 1A2 KTS Line Circuits in CALL DIRECTOR Sets